100% OPEN SOURCE

EU GDPR COMPLIANT

PEN Test Passed

Powered by FIWARE

SNAP4CITY on EUROPEAN OPEN SCIENCE CLOUD MARKETPLACE

Node-RED

SNAP4CITY

KM4CITY

SNAP4 Appliances and Dockers Installations



Be smart in a SNAP!

LIVING LAB

Data Ingestion Processes and Tools



09 October 2021, Course

https://www.snap4city.org/577

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DEPARTMENT OF INFORMATION ENGINEERING | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

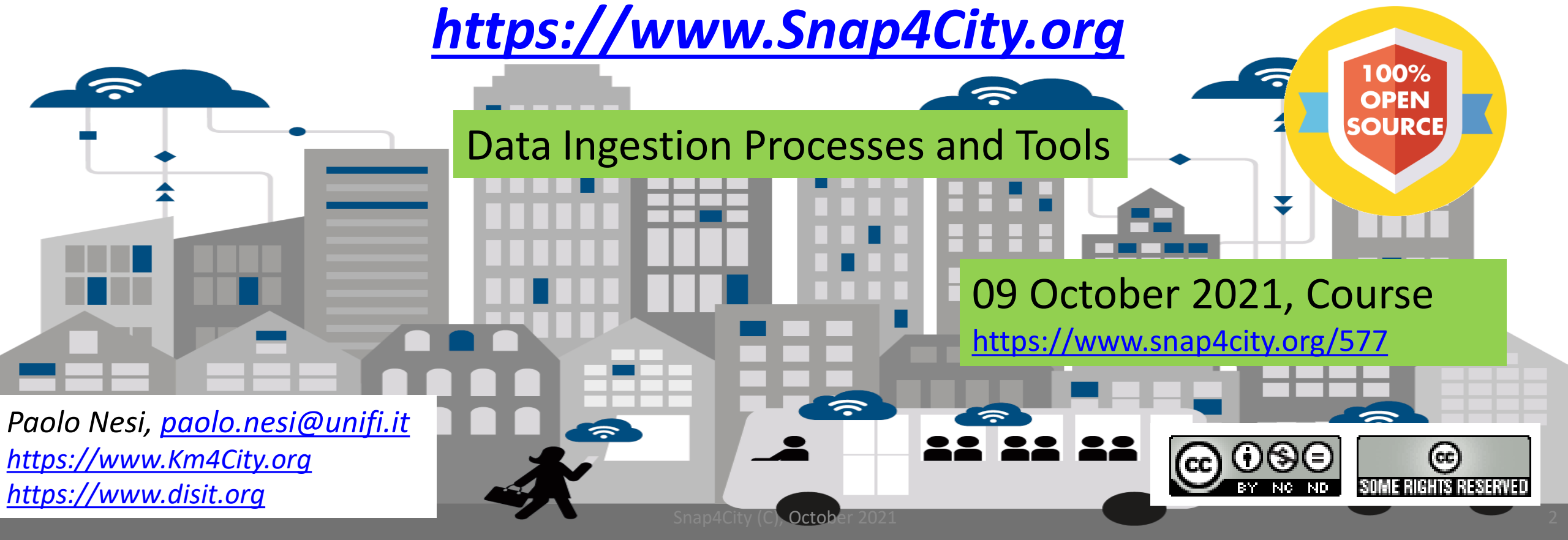
UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

SNAP4CITY

Powered by KM4CITY

scalable Smart aNalytic APplication builder for sentient Cities: for Living Lab and co-working with Stakeholders

https://www.Snap4City.org



Data Ingestion Processes and Tools

09 October 2021, Course
https://www.snap4city.org/577

Paolo Nesi, paolo.nesi@unifi.it
https://www.Km4City.org
https://www.disit.org

CC BY NC ND SOME RIGHTS RESERVED

Tools for rapid implementation of sustainable Smart Solutions and Decision Support Systems

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTELLIGENT TECHNOLOGIES LAB | SNAP4CITY | KM4CITY

www.snap4city.org

100% OPEN SOURCE

Powered by FIWARE

FREE TRIAL

PEN Test Passed

EU GDPR COMPLIANT

SNAP4 Appliances and Dockers Installations

EUROPEAN OPEN SCIENCE CLOUD

Node-RED

JS Foundation

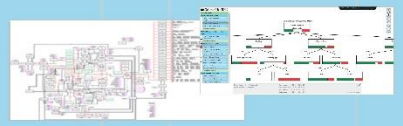
EØ15 digital ecosystem

NVIDIA



DASHBOARDS AND APPS - CONTROL ROOMS - DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS - WHAT-IF ANALYSIS - VISUAL ANALYTICS

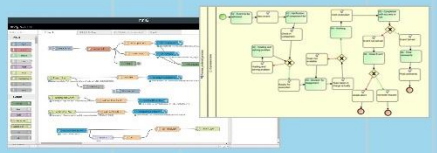
PREDICTION - ANOMALY DETECTION - ENVIRONMENTAL MODEL - 3D MODEL
KPI - SIMULATION - EARLY WARNING - SYNOPTIC - DIGITAL TWIN - VIRTUAL REALITY



EXPERT SYSTEM
KNOWLEDGE BASE
STORAGE



BIG DATA ANALYTICS
EXPLAINABLE ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE
BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE
MACHINE LEARNING



DATA FLOWS, DATA DRIVEN
WORKFLOWS, MICROSERVICES
PARALLEL DISTRIBUTED PROCESSING



METHODOLOGIES
COURSES AND COMMUNITY
LIVING LABS
DEVELOPMENT TOOLS



Snap4City/Industry structure

- The **Snap4xxxx** solution is released in Open Source, VM and Docker with fully support of MultiTenant/multiple-Organizations
  - Each Organization may be configured for a separate environment with a set of Maps, Menus, Users, Data, Dashboards, IOT Apps, MicroApplications, Custom Widgets, Models, resources, open data, etc.
- **Https://www.Snap4City.ORG** is the main instance of Snap4xxxx solution managed by DISIT Lab. The main documentation is located and updated on Snap4City.org, GitHUB, dockerHub and Node-Red Library. Snap4City.org is where the last tools are tested and news published.
  - Organizations on Snap4City.org have been created with contracts as for *Platform as a Service*, for testing and for providing *SmartCity as a Service* as well as *Industry 4.0 as a Service*

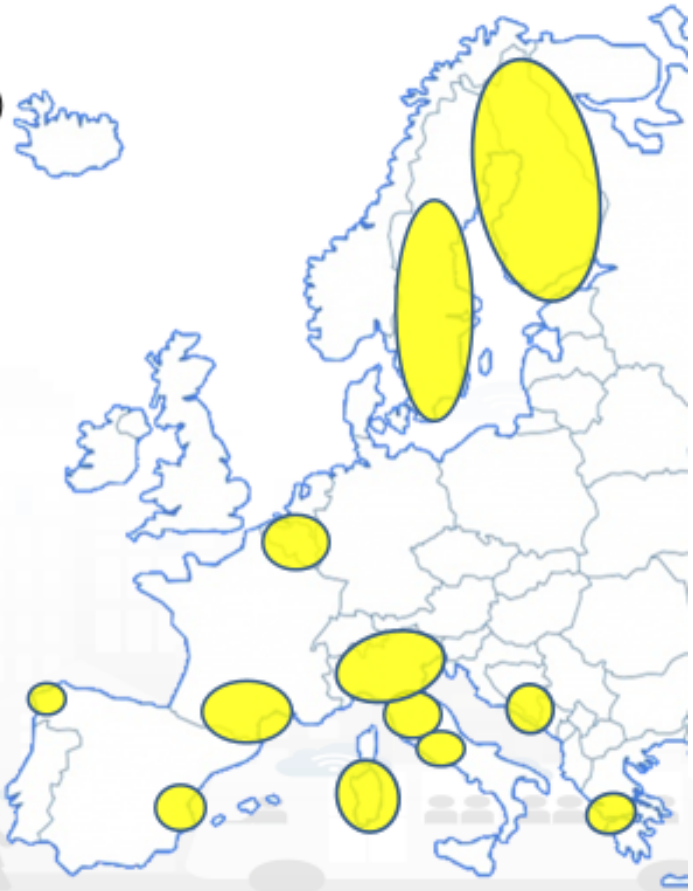
Snap4City/Industry Community

- Most of Organizations on Snap4City.org also correspond to companies or institutions that have an installation of Snap4City tools on their Premise,
  - such as: Pisa, SmartGarda Lake, Snap4, ALTAIR, etc.
- This double way allows them to:
  - test the news,
  - share experiences with other groups,
  - get visibility,
  - work in the collaborative environment, and
  - be better supported by Snap4City.org and DISIT Lab personnel.
- Each instance of Snap4xxxx solution ***can decide to join the federation*** of SmartCity API to exploit shared data.
  - This allows to exploit regional data for city installations applications (web, mobile, dashboards, etc.) without reloading them for example.

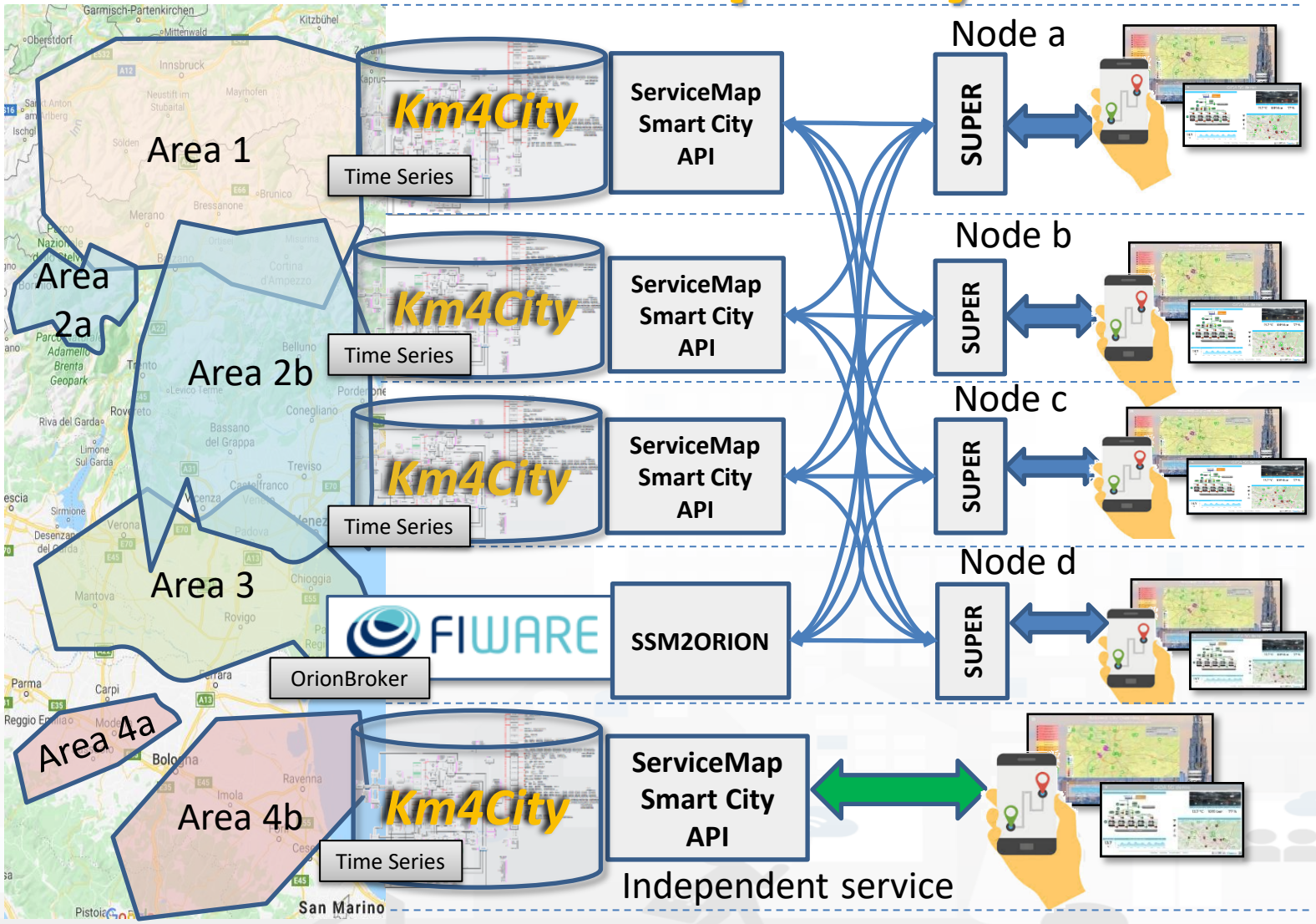
Main Organizations/areas

- Antwerp area (Be)
- Capelon (Sweden: Västerås, Eskilstuna, Karlstad)
- DISIT demo (multiple)
- Dubrovnik, Croatia
- Firenze area (I)
- Garda Lake area (I)
- Helsinki area (Fin)
- Livorno area (I)
- Lonato del Garda (I)
- Modena (I)
- Mostar, Bosnia-Herzegovina
- Pisa area (I)
- Pont du Gard, Occitanie (Fr)
- Roma (I)
- Santiago de Compostela (S)
- Sardegna Region (I)
- SmartBed (multiple)
- Toscana Region (I), SM
- Valencia (S)
- Venezia area (I)
- WestGreece area (Gr)

Snap4City (C), October 2020



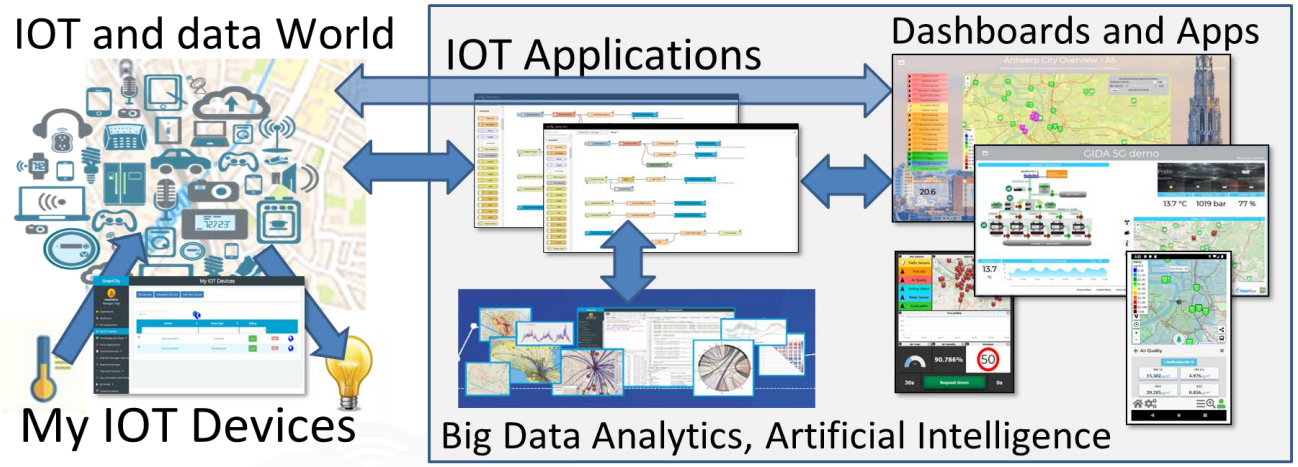
Federation of Snap4City Services



- A Mobile App may refer to one Smart City API Server (for Area 1) via SUPER and receive data from the Federated SUPERS (Area 2) if navigation, queries, etc. are leading to discover out of the addressed KB.
  - SUPER can be used for creating redundant and/or balanced distributed solutions for Federated KB. See Area 2, the two KB in the front.
  - Federated SUPER ServiceMap can have overlapped KB even totally.
  - A Mobile App can be developed to support multiple Smart City API servers, for balancing and
- The usage of Super (ServiceMap) is not mandatory so that separate services can be produced as well
- SuperServiceMap and ServiceMap presents the same Smart City APIs.

Free Trial

- Register on WWW.snap4city.org
  - Subscribe on **DISIT Organization**
- **You can:**
  - Access on basic Tools
  - Access to a large volume of Data
  - Create Dashboards
  - Create IOT Applications
  - Connect your IOT Devices
  - Exploit Tutorials and Demonstrations



IF you need to go more in deep you can ask us to pass at the next Role becoming full AreaManager with full rights of development, also for Data Analytics, machine learning, etc.

https://www.snap4city.org/577

On Line Training Material (free of charge)

	1st part (*)	2nd part (*)	3rd part (*)	4th part (*)	5th part (*)	6th part (*)	7th part (*)
what	General	Dashboards	IOT App, IOT Network	Data Analytics	Data Ingestion processes	System and Deploy Install	Smart City API: Web & Mob. App
PDF							
Inter active							
Video1							
Video2							
Video3							
Video4				none		none	none
duration	2:55	3:16	3:41	2:00	2:48	2:35	1:47

General Overview of the full Course 2021

- ***1st part:*** *General Overview*
- ***2nd part:*** *Dashboards Creation and Management*
- ***3rd part:*** *IOT Applications development, IOT Devices, IOT Networks*
- ***4th part:*** *Data Analytics, in R Studio, in Python, how to Exploit and Manage Data Analytics in IOT Applications*
- ***5th part:*** *Data Ingestion, Data Warehouse, Data Gate, IOT Device Data ingestion, IOT App for Data Ingestion, Interoperability, etc.*
- ***6th part:*** *Snap4City Development, Extension, Administration, and Installation*
- ***7th part****: Smart city API (internal and external) Web and Mobile App development tool kit*

A number of the training sections include exercitations

Updated versions on: https://www.snap4city.org/577

See also courses in ITALIANO: https://www.snap4city.org/485

Agenda

- GO • **Solution Analysis and Design**
- GO • **Data Model Capabilities and Architecture**
  - Data modeling, data type dictionary
- GO • **Data Ingestion Strategy and Orientation**
- GO • **Automated Data Ingestion**
  - Loading POI, Data Table Loader, Verification of Data Ingestion,
- GO • **Verification of Data Ingestion**
  - Usage of: ServiceMap, Data Inspector, Digital Twin, DevDash My Data Dashboard Dev Kibana,
- GO • **Technical Ingestion of Structural Data**
  - Set up of the road map
  - Loading POI via IoT Apps
  - Loading triples on Knowledge Base
- GO • **Technical Data Ingestion Tools**
  - Data Ingestion architecture and Processes, IOT Apps
  - Data ingestion of static data: POI and GIS, KB
- GO • **Data Ingestion of Time Series Devices via IOT Brokers**
  - IOT Directory, IOT Broker Registration, IOT Device Model, IOT Device Registration
- GO • **Real Time Data Ingestion via IOT Applications**
  - Real Time Data Ingestion for Industry 4.0 Cases
  - Data Ingestion via API: External Services, using HTTP MicroService on IOT Applications
  - Data Ingestion via IOT Applications towards MyKPI, Web Scraping
- GO • **Data Streams from Smart City API, participatory**
- GO • **Data Streams from Mobile Devices**
- GO • **Data Streams from Dashboards**
- GO • **GIS Data Import and Export**
- GO • **Integration with CKAN, open data manager and portal**
- GO • **Integration with Copernicus Satellite Data**
- GO • **Social Media data collection and exploitation**
- GO • **Data Ingestion and Transformation via ETL processes (only for former versions of Snap4City)**
- GO • **Acknowledgements**

Challenges: Requests and Deductions

Public Admin.



Pub. Admin: detection of critical conditions, improving services

Mobility Operators





Tune the service, reselling data and services , prediction





Commercial: customers prediction and profiles, promotions via ads



Tourism Museums



Tune the service, prediction

API for SME

Smart City Engine

User profiling
Collective profiles
User segmentation

Services & Suggestions
Transport, Mobility, Commercial (retail), Tourism, Cultural



Personal Time Assistant
dynamic ticketing, whispers to save time and money, geoloc information, offers, etc.







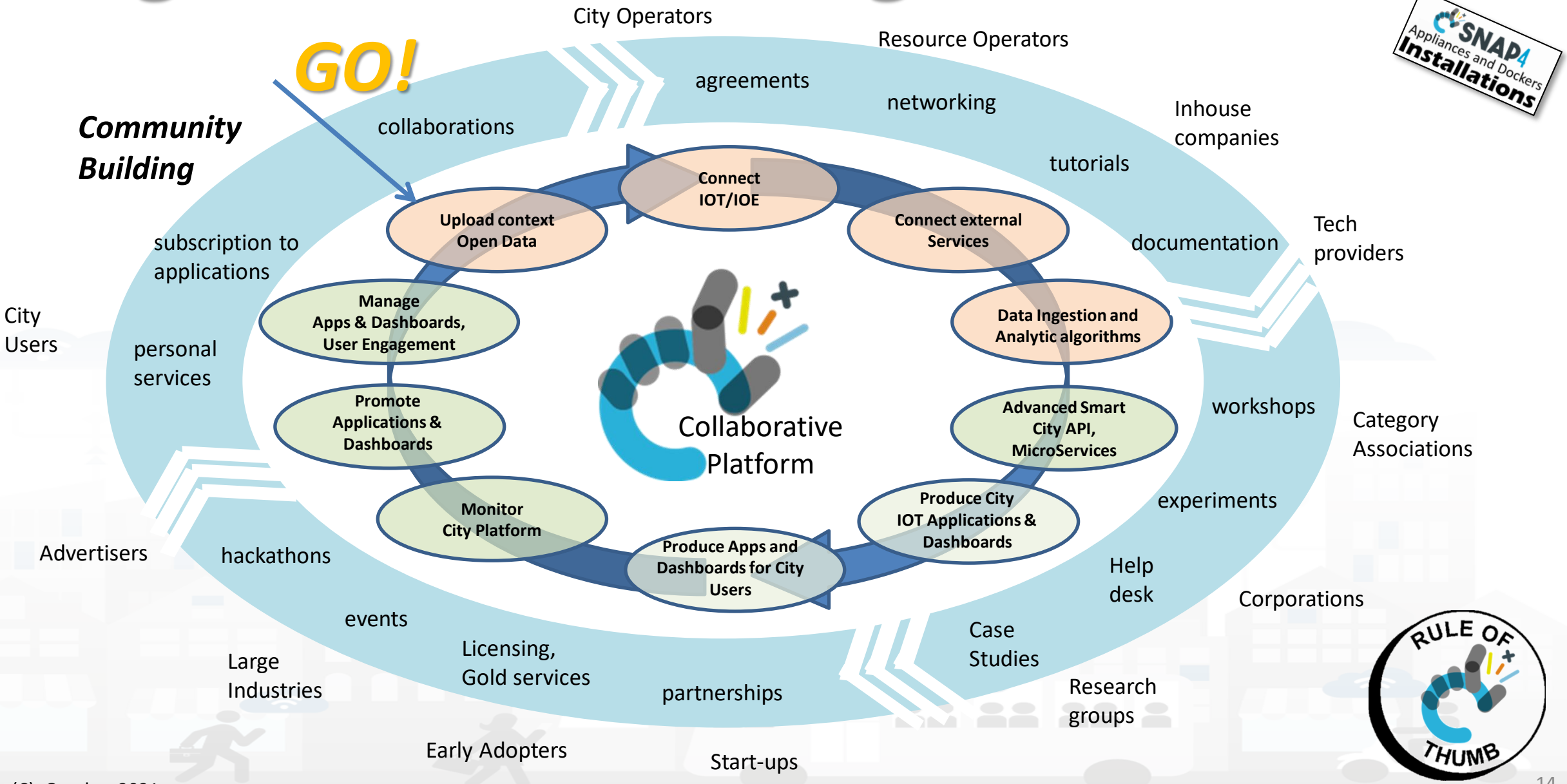
User Behavior
Crowd Sources



Data: Public and Private, Static and Real Time

Private: user movements, social media, crowd sources, commercial (retail)
Public: infomobility, traffic flow, TV cameras, flows, ambient, weather, statistic, accesses to LTZ, services, museums, point of interests, …

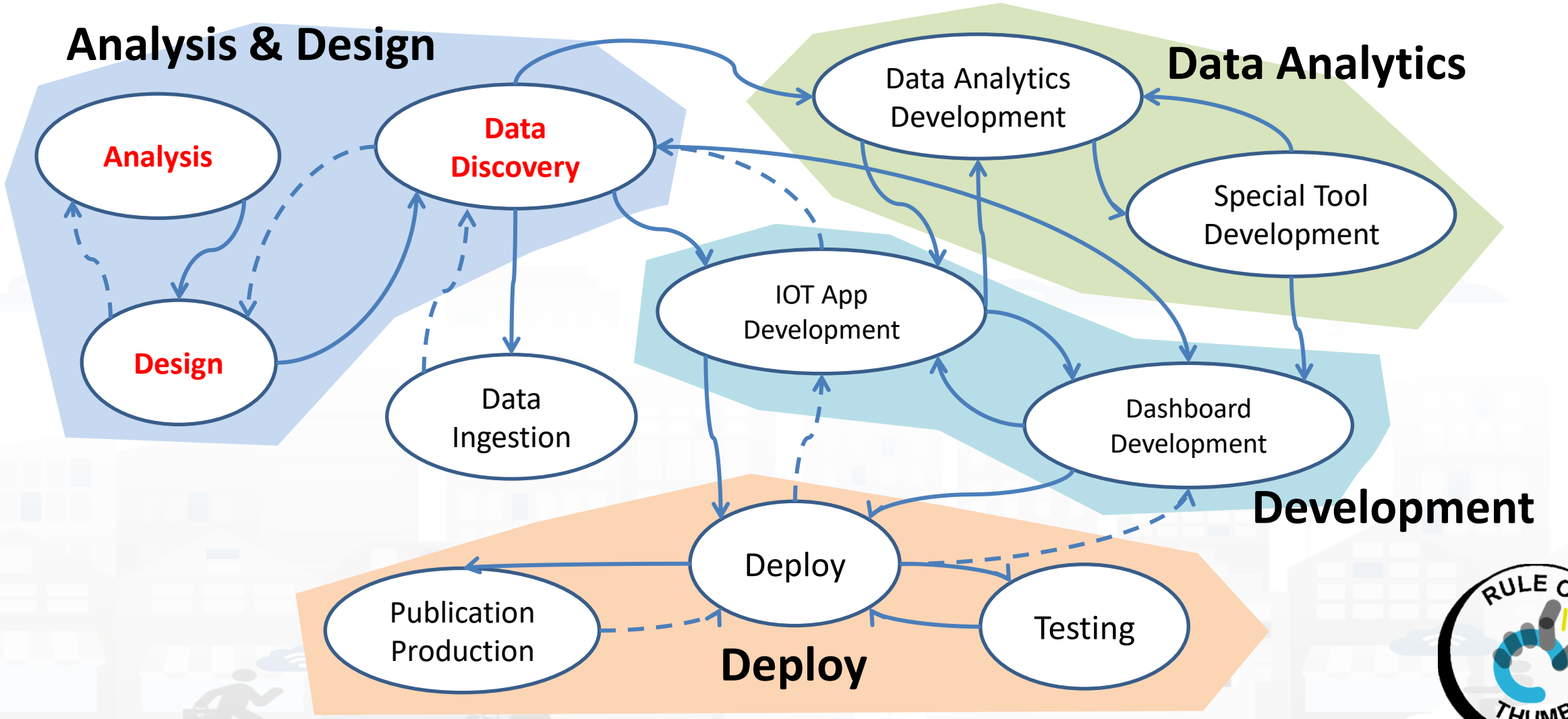
Living Lab Accelerating



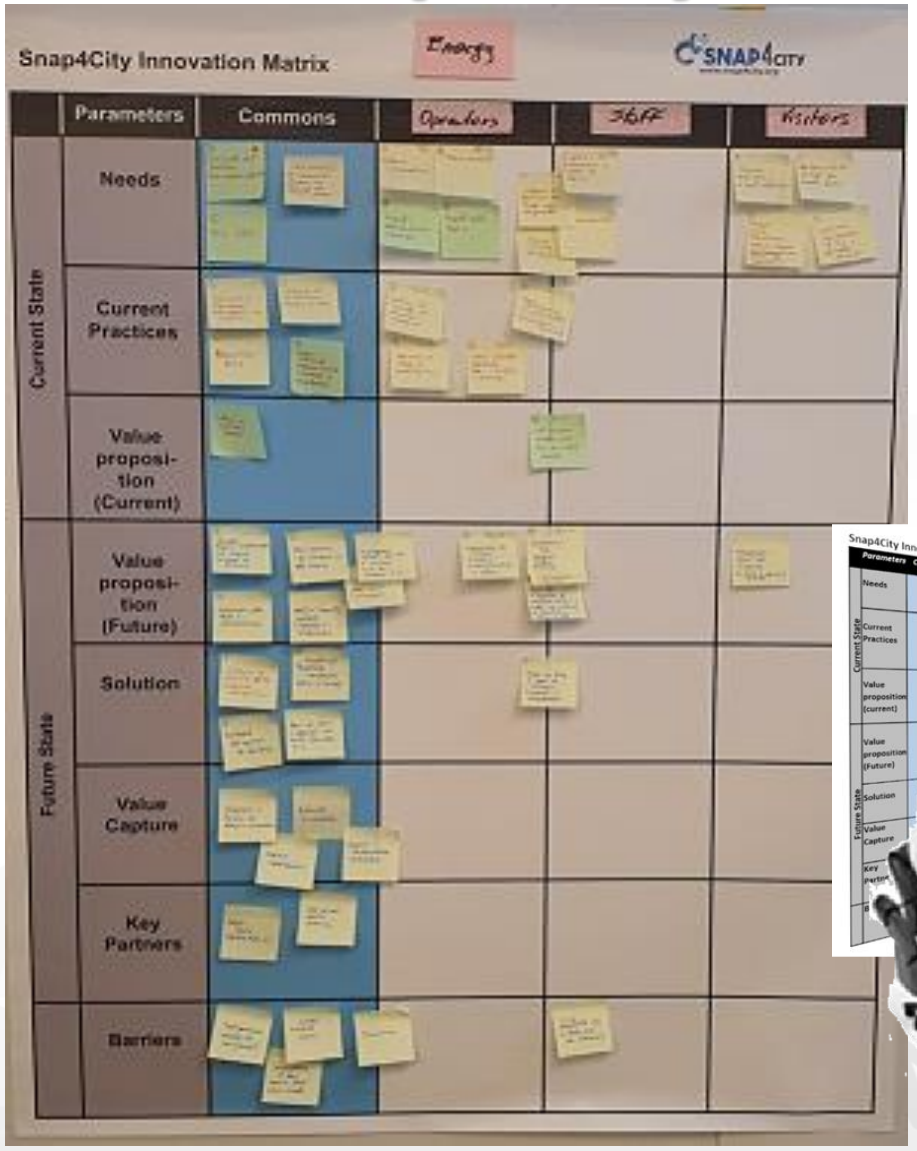


Solution Analysis and Design

Development Life Cycle Smart City Services

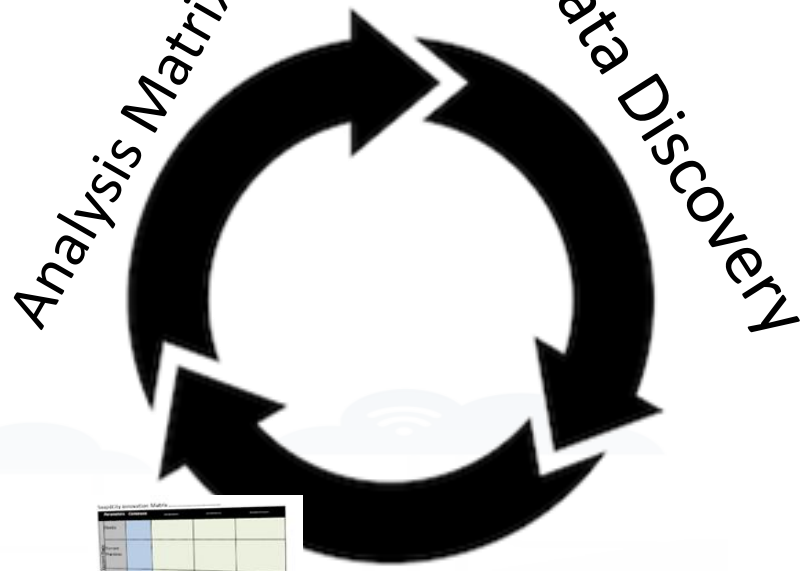


Snap4City Innovation Matrix and Process









see Course Part 6

Data vs Smart Services enabling on Snap4City

- **Public Transportation and mobility activated services in some where with Snap4City**
  - **Smart parking** (parking locations, real time parking data, traffic, meteo) → predictions
  - **Smart Fuel pricing** (fuel station locations and real time prices)
  - **Routing** (detailed GIS information, text indexing of streets, POI, etc.)
    - **Quite routing, perfect shopping, etc. etc**. (more data in needed….)
  - **multimodal routing** (detailed GIS information, Public transport time schedule)
  - **Info traffic** (traffic flow sensors, real time Traffic events, their localization, etc.)
  - **Dense info traffic** (traffic flow sensors and traffic flow reconstruction algorithm)
  - **Car/Bike/Scooter Sharing** (position and availability of Cars/Bikes, Scooters) … predictions
  - **Smart Biking** (cycling paths, environmental data) → predictions
  - **E-vehicles** (position, status of recharging stations,. …) … predictions vs booking
  - **Smart river crossing** (position and status of Underpass, Ferry) … prediction
  - **Quality of Public Transport** (actual time of arrival at the bus stops, wrt planned time schedule**)**
  - **Early Warning vs Resilience** (combination of several data including mobility, events, Social to perform early warning…)

Data vs Smart Services enabling on Snap4City

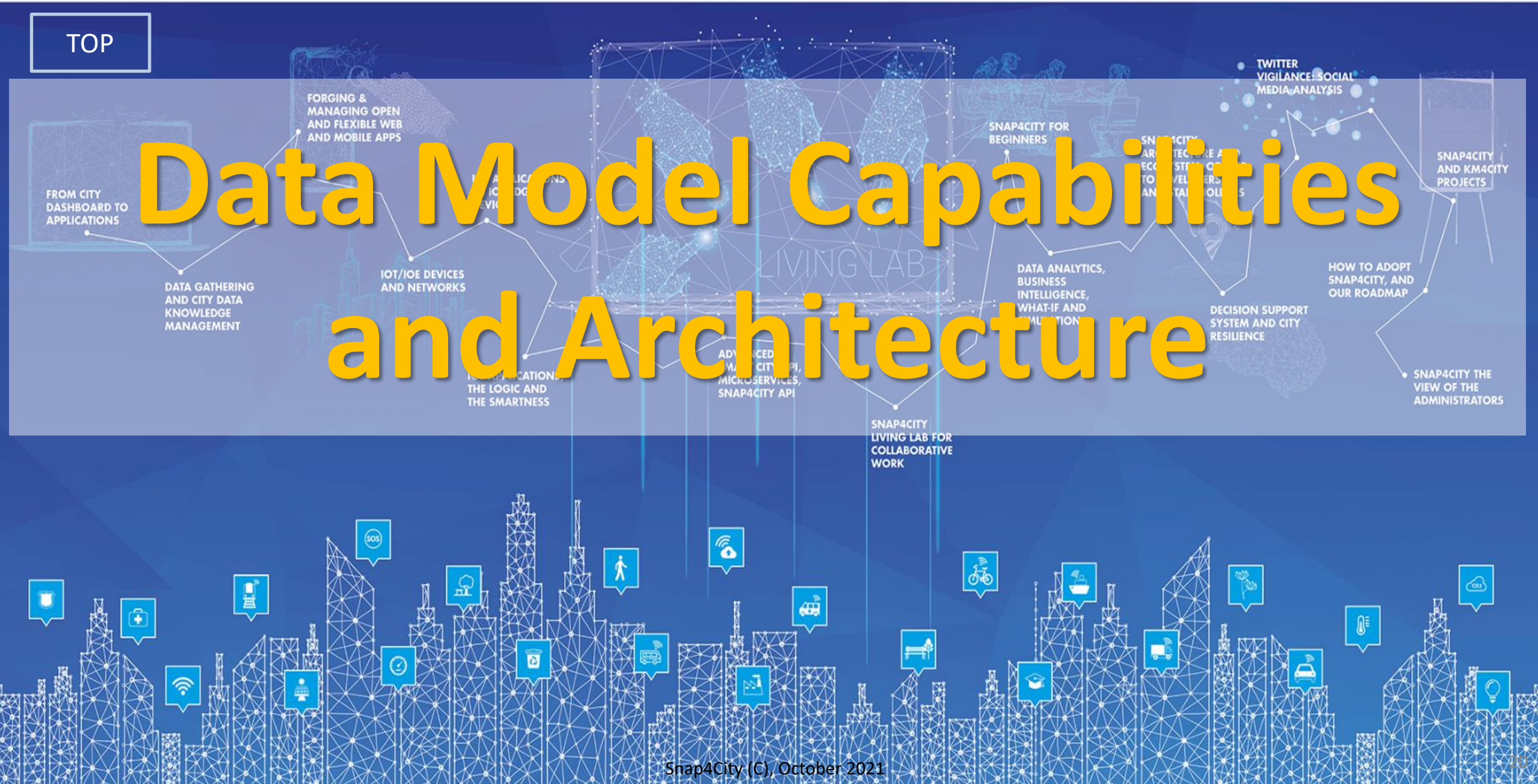
- **Social and Users Behaviour**
  - **Smart First Aid** (Location of First AID, real time status of triage)
  - **search for POI and public transport services** (POI geolocalized, spatial queries, along paths)
  - **Social Media Monitoring and acting** (Identification of dysfunction, quality of service perceived)
  - **Information to Tourists** (Entertainment Events)
  - **Early Warning, prediction of audience** (Twitter data, social media)
  - **Improvement of services for Tourists** (people flow, usage of services)

    (Origin Destination Matrices, trajectories, heatmaps)
    (People Monitoring, via App, Wifi, PAX Counter)
    (Twitter Data, social mea,….)

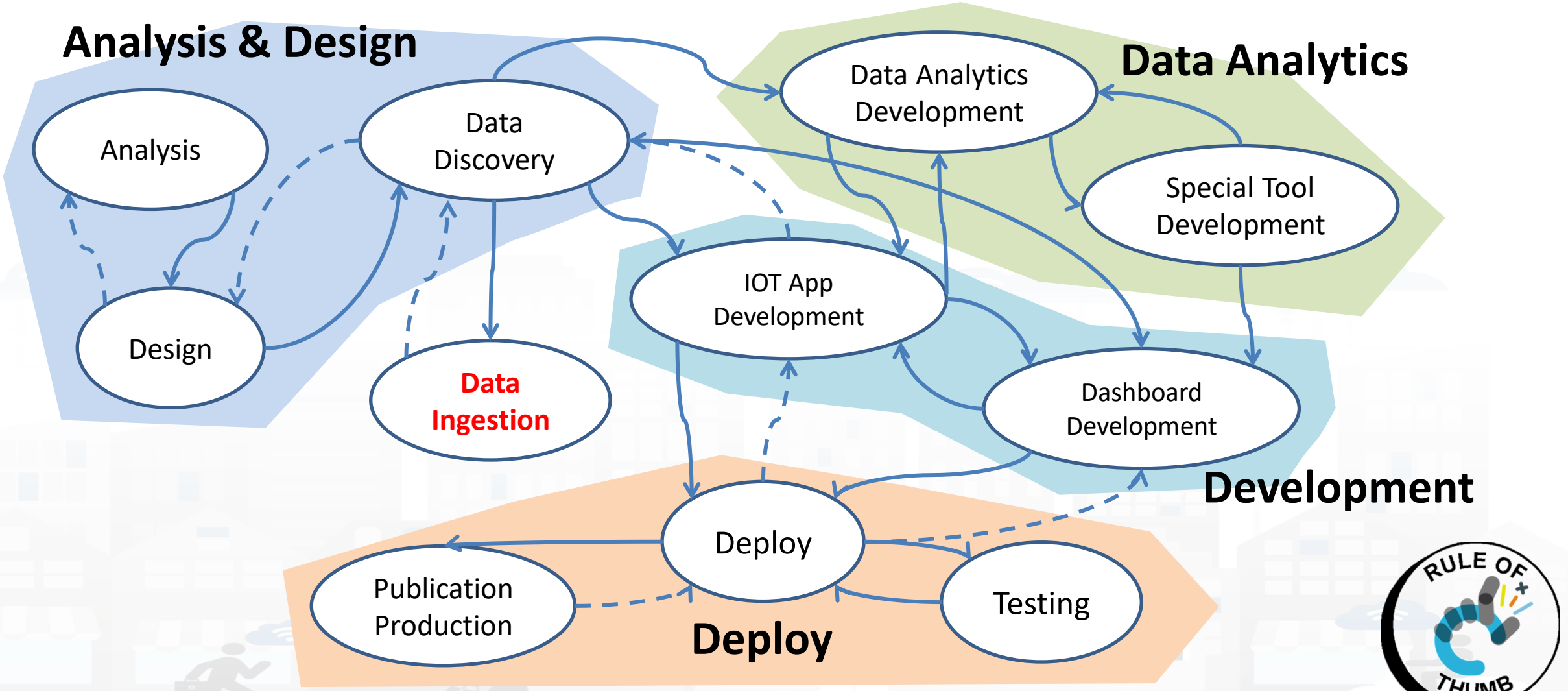
- **Weather and environment, quality of life**
  - **Weather forecast/condition** (Weather forecast)
  - **Air quality Pollution** (pollution sensors, PM10, PM2.5, NOX, etc.)
  - **Pollination** (Pollination sensors)
  - **Alerting on Air quality for multiple parameters** (Prediction of parameters time slots, notification)
  - **Information Heatmaps for weather and air quality** (air quality sensors, heatmaps, prediction)
  - **Air quality indexes, and forecast** (…….

TOP

Data Model Capabilities and Architecture



Development Life Cycle Smart City Services



URBAN PLATFORM: SMART CITY IOT AS A SERVICE AND ON PREMISE

100% OPEN SOURCE

APPLIANCES CONTAINERS



- LOCAL GOVERN
- STAKEHOLDERS
- CITY USERS
- IN-HOUSE
- ENERGY OPERATORS
- MOBILITY OPERATORS
- COMMERCIAL OPERATORS
- SECURITY OPERATORS
- INDUSTRIES
- RESEARCHERS
- START-UPS
- ASSOCIATIONS

- GDPR
- SECURITY
- PRIVACY
- ASSESSMENT
- AUDITING
- PENTESTED

- OPEN IOT DEVICES
- IOT EDGE
- IOT GATEWAY
- PAX COUNTERS
- IOT BUTTONS

- TEST CASES, SCENARIOUS, VIDEOS, HACKATHONS
- OPEN SOURCES, COMMUNITY OF CITIES
- TRAINING TUTORIALS, COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT

IOT APPLICATIONS - INSTANT APPS



DATA DRIVEN APPLICATIONS • REAL TIME PROCESSING • BATCH PROCESSING • ANY PROTOCOL & FORMAT

DASHBOARDS & APPLICATIONS



CONTROL ROOM • SITUATION ROOM • OPERATOR DASHBORDS • BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE • WHAT-IF ANALYSIS • DECISION SUPPORT • SIMULATIONS • RISK ANALYSIS • RESILIENCE ANALYSIS

MOBILE & WEB APPLICATIONS



DEVELOPMENT KIT • SUGGESTIONS • MOBILE APPS • MONITORING PANELS • PLATFORM UTILITIES • READY TO USE SMART APPLICATIONS

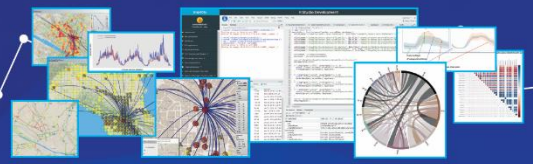
MICROSERVICES & ADVANCED SMART CITY API

LIVING LAB - DEV TOOLS - COWORKING

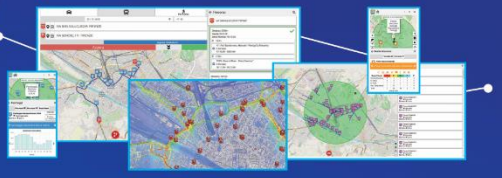


IOT DIRECTORY • SERVICE MAP • RESOURCE MANAGER • DATA GATE • R STUDIO • ETL

BIG DATA - DATA ANALYTICS



DATA ANALYTICS TOOLS - MICRO-APPLICATIONS



PREDICTIONS • ANOMALY DETECTION • WHAT-IF ANALYSIS • TRAFFIC FLOW RECONSTRUCTION • ORIGIN-DESTINATION MATRICES • SOCIAL MEDIA ANALYSIS • OFFER VS DEMAND ANALYSIS • ENVIRONMENTAL DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS • REAL TIME HEATMAPS • ROUTING • ALERTING • EARLY WARNING • PERSONAL AND VIRTUAL ASSISSTANTS • SMART SOLUTIONS • SMART SHARING • PARTECIPATORY

KM4CITY DATA AGGREGAT KNOWLEDGE BASE - EXPERT SYSTEM OF THE CITY – BIG DATA STORE

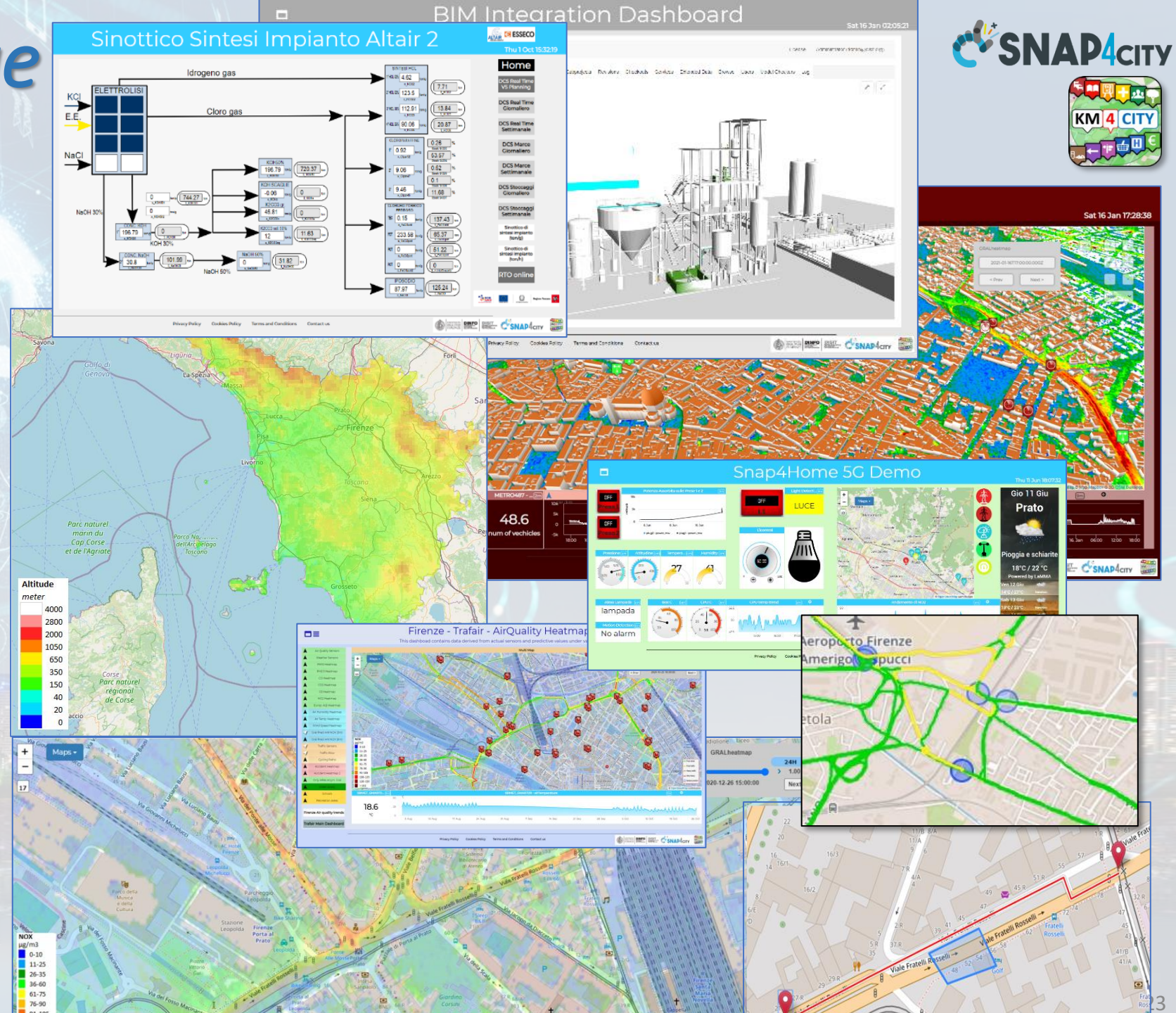
IOT MNG - DATA MNG - DATA INSPECTOR – PROCESS MNG – USER ENGAGEMENT – GDPR MNG ...

GIS	CITY UTILITIES	OPEN DATA	LEGACY & EXTERNAL SERVICES	PERSONAL DATA	IOT / IOE	BROKERS	KPI	INDUSTRY 4.0	SOCIAL MEDIA



Data Type Coverage

- POI, IOT, shapes,..
- maps, orthomaps, GTFS, GIS WFS/WMS, GeoTiff, ..
- calibrated heatmaps, ..
- traffic flow, typical trends, ..
- trajectories, events, ..
- 3D, BIM, Workflow, ..
- Dynamic icons/pins, ..
- OD Matrices, scenarios, ..
- prediction models, ….
- decision support, ….
- Synoptics, animations, ..
- social media, Routing, ..
- Satellite data, ..
- KPI, personal KPI,..
- etc.

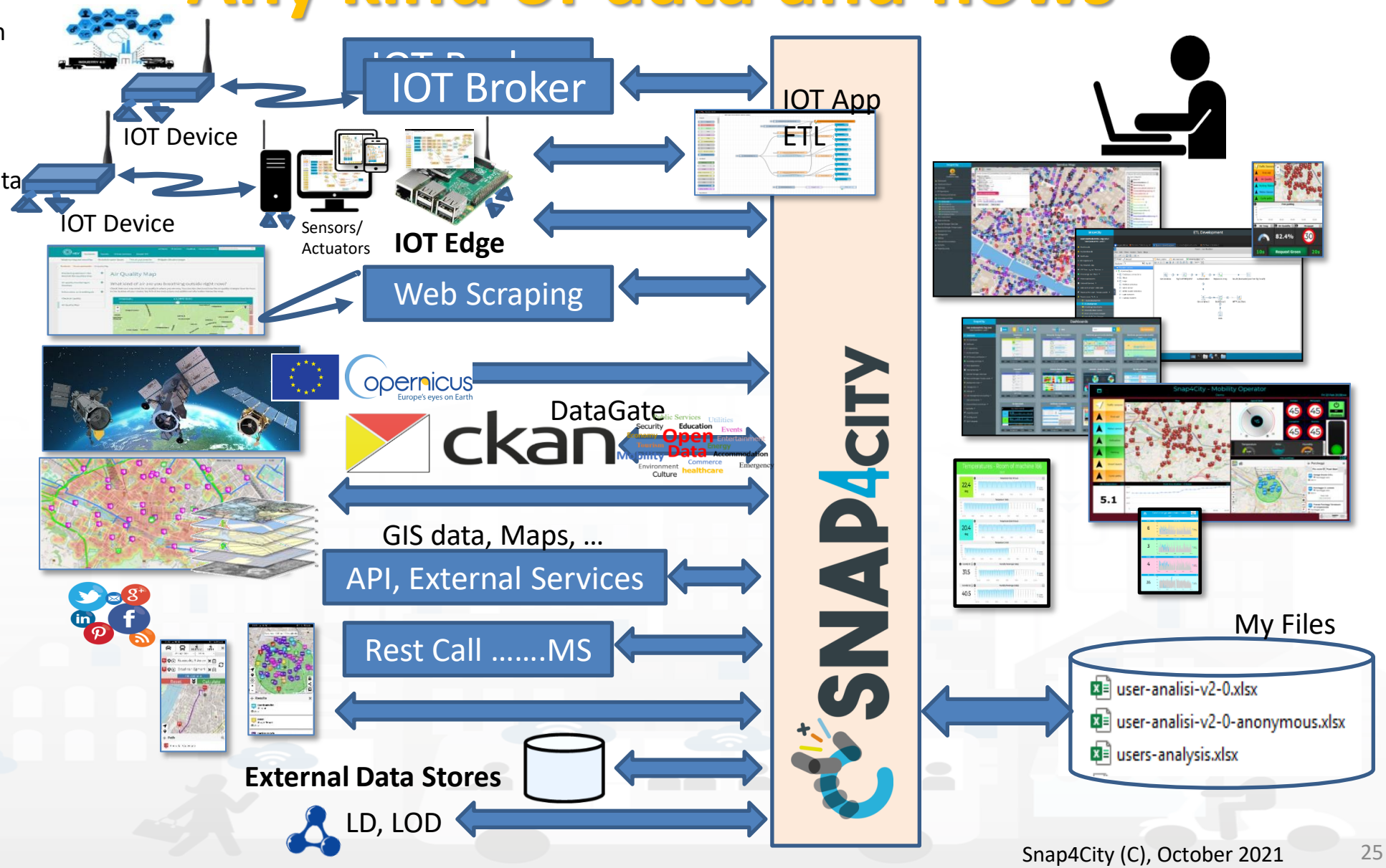


Snap4City vs Formats

- ***Snap4City is capable to ingest*** and work with ***any format***:
  - Data **exchange**: JSON, GeoJSON, XML, HTML, HTML5, DATEX, **GTFS**, binary, etc.
  - **GIS formats:** WMF, WFS, heatmaps, ….
  - **Table**: CSV, XLSX, XLS, database, …
  - **graphics:** IFC, Shape, SVG, …
  - **archive** file formats: zip, rar, 7z, tgz, pdf, …
  - **image** formats: png, gif, tiff, ico, jpg, …
  - **video** formats: mp4, avi, mov, …
- Search the format you need to cope on the search box of Snap4City portal!: **Snap4City Supported Protocols, adding new protocols**

Any kind of data and flows

- **Open Data:**
  - Data gate, federation of Open Data Portals
  - IOT App, ETL proc(PULL)
- **IOT Networks:**
  - IOT Application processes, data driven or PULL
  - IOT Brokers (Push) → IOT Shadow
- **Web Pages:**
  - Web scraping, crawling processes
- **Satellite data**
- **Social media: Twitter, Facebook,..**
  - Twitter Vigilance, IOT App
- **Mobile Apps**
  - Smart City API
- **Files upload: CSV, Excel, etc.**
  - IOT Applications, ETL
- **REST API, WS, FTP, LD, LOD, etc.**
  - IOT Applications, ETL
- **Data base accesses**
  - GIS: WFS, WMS
  - ETL, IOT Application



Standards and Interoperability (2021)

Compliant with: AMQP, COAP, MQTT, OneM2M, HTTP, HTTPS, TLS, Rest Call, SMTP, TCP, UDP, NGSI, LoRa, LoRaWan, TheThingsNetwork, SigFOX, DATEX II, SOAP, WSDL, Twitter, FaceBook, Telegram, SMS, OLAP, MySQL, Mongo, HBASE, SOLR, SPARQL, EMAIL, FTP, FTPS, WebSocket, WebSocket Secure, ModBUS, OPC/OPC-UA, GML, RS485, RS232, WFS, WMS, ODBC, JDBC, Elastic Search, Phoenix, XML, JSON, CSV, GeoTIFF, OWL, WKT, KML, SHP, db, GeoJSON, Enfuser FMI, Android, Raspberry Pi, Local File System, ESP32, Libelium, IBIMET/IBE, OBD2, SVG, XLS, XLSX, TXT, HTML, CSS, KNX, Enocean, Zigbee, DALI, ISEMC, Alexa, Sonoff, HUE Philips, Tplink, BACnet, TALQ, Copernicus, Protocol Buffer, IFC, XPDL, etc.

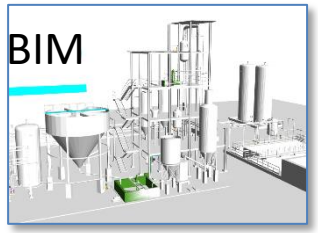
https://www.snap4city.org/65

Data Inspector (Digital Twin info)

- **Digital Twin (local/global)**
  - 3D shapes
  - Device and sensors data
  - Values
  - Healthiness criteria and values
    - Machine learning tools
  - Images and physical world
  - Licensing
  - Users
- **Users**
  - Defined the Data and Devices
  - Defined the processes, IoT App
  - Created the dashboards
  - Etc.
- **Process Views**
  - Device Management tool
  - Data ingestion processes
    - ETL, IoT Apps
  - Data storage access views
    - Index views
    - Relationships view
  - Data Analytics and Transformation
    - IoT App, R Studio, Python
  - Data Rendering Dashboards
    - Synoptics
  - Processes' Developers

Concept

BIM

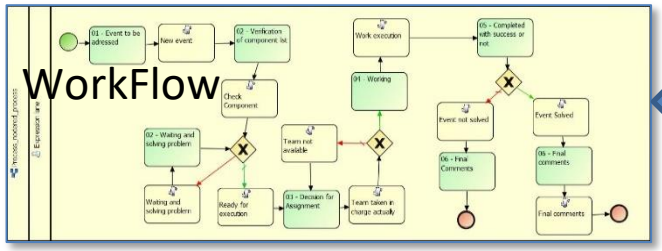


KPI, POI, MyKPI, …

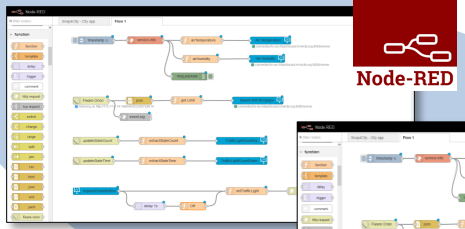
API, External Services

Web Scraping

WorkFlow









Data Analytics,
Artificial Intelligence



IOT Brokers

IOT Broker

IOT Broker

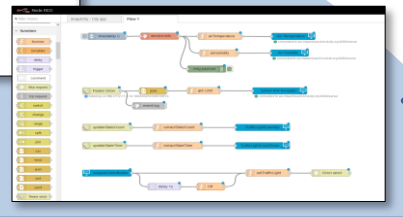


FIWARE

ckan



IOT Apps



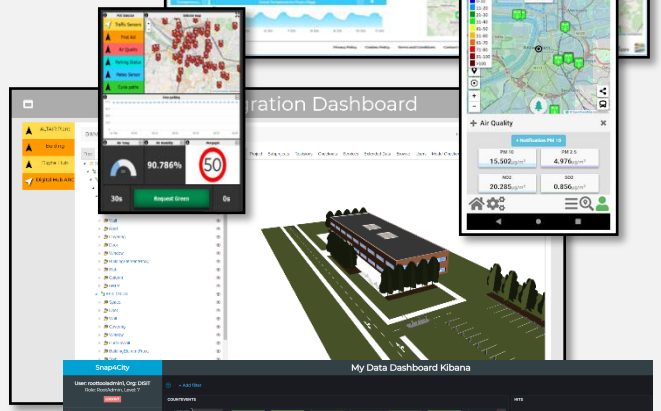
Big Data

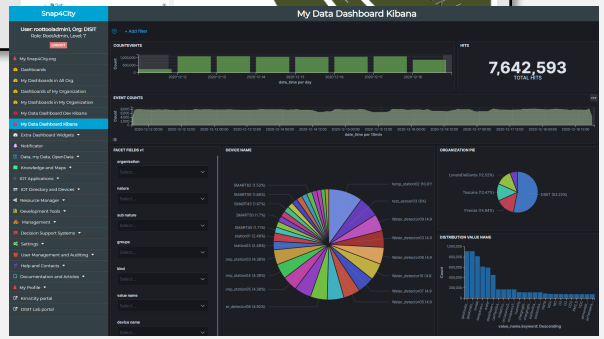
KB

LD, LOD









Dashboards and Apps

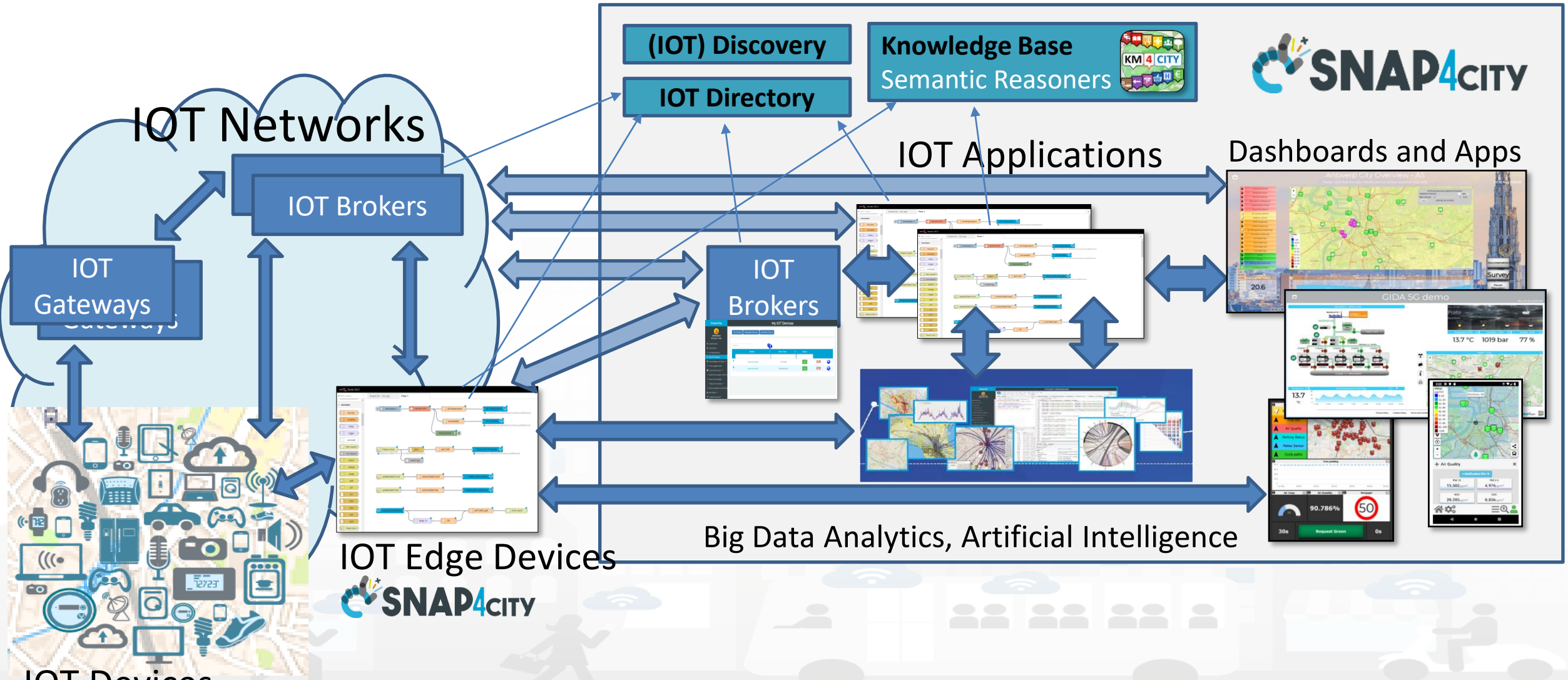
The usage of IOT Applications

- IOT Applications = Node-RED + Snap4City Libraries
- Used for:
  - **Data Ingestion, Transformation, Extract, Load, and Adaptation** (format and protocol), See Part 5 of the Course (this part)
  - **IOT Edge Devices logic**, for implementing logic on IOT Edge, including **IOT Device control** (see on Part 3 of the course)
  - **Business Logic** control of Dashboards, via Web Sockets secure
    - see Part 2 of the Course
  - **Control and schedule of Data Analytic**, and Machine Learning (see part 4 of the Course)
  - **Firing and condition identification and alerting**.

Modalities and Strategies for data ingestion

- **Road Graphs**: from GIS, and/or OSM (see Snap4City tool for that),.. → Km4City KB
- **Data** of any format via any protocol
- **Structured and non-structured** data (tables and free text, mixt)
- **Static data/**metadata descriptors ingested as: a file or manually via user interface:
  - POIs which have to be transformed in POIs by the Administrator
  - Open Data: Data Gate, a module of CKAN, allows to process files as POI, Sensors, etc.
  - IoT Devices to be registered on
    - IOT Directory from user interface, ingesting them as Sensors
    - IOT Directory from file, ingesting them as a set of Sensors
- **Simple data and complex data as:** GIS data, heatmaps, tracks, etc.
- **Real Time Event Driven data** can be ingested by:
  - Automatically ingested from IoT Devices, via IoT Brokers
  - Dashboards, user events, etc.
  - Producing
    - IOT App/ETL processes for data adaptation, ingestion, gathering, harvesting, etc.
    - WebScraping processes

Snap4City: IOT Directory and data/device Discovery



Further readings

- HOW TO: create a Dashboard in Snap4City
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- HOW TO: Develop Smart Applications, Snap4City development Life Cycle
- HOW TO: HLT vs Ingestion, and HLT vs Widgets
- HOW TO: Develop an IOT Application for Data Ingestion
- HOW TO: Upload data into Knowledge Base, ServiceMap (triple upload)
- HOW TO: Create as set of Devices with BulkProcessing
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Model
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Instance from IOT Directory tool
- HOW TO: save / export a MyKPI data into a CSV file
- HOW TO: produce heatmaps, custom heatmaps on any data

Further readings

In Yellow alternative & legacy solutions

- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add IOT Device data source from external broker to the platform.
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into your IOT Application
- TC9.16 Web Scraping to get data from web pages
- TC6.3. Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation
- TC9.2. Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards
- TC6.1. Managing DataSets via DataGate: ingest, search, download, upload, annotate, share
- TC6.2. Search on DataGate for Data Sets
- TC2.25. Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications

Data Gathering and Knowledge Management

- Data ingestion can be performed by using multiple tools:
  - We suggest:
    - IOT App for static and real time data and flow, from IOT Brokers/Devices
    - DataGate for Static Data, upload them as files, or collected from other CKAN
    - WebScraper for scraping data from Web Pages, when authorized!
    - ETL for static / periodic data in PULL

In Yellow alternative & legacy solutions

- See how to test cases:
  - **HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform**
  - **HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device**
  - **US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation**
  - **TC6.1 - Managing DataSets via DataGate: ingest, search, download, upload, annotate, share**
  - **TC6.3 - Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation**
  - **TC6.5 - Managing Heterogeneous File Ingestion via ETL processes**
  - **TC6.9 - ETL processes for multiprotocol and format data ingestion, see on GITHUB for library**
  - **TC9.2 - Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards**

Data Concepts, HLT High Level Types



What happen to data into the platforms

- **Static** information should be collected in advance
  - The maps, the kpi, the past historical data can be also static
  - **collection of IoT devices (device), data sources, etc.**
  - **Supporting and facilitating the search of relationships among entities**
- **Dynamic** information to be connected to Static one at the ingestion time
  - Data updates, measured values, etc.

- **PLUS**: when data enter into the platform a wide number of information is added/created such as:
  - Internal technical identification, modalities to access to the information
  - Historical data storage
  - Eventual derived data: date and time of ingestion, average, quality level, etc.
  - Rights to access at the data: who can access and to do what ?
  - Visual representation of data, may be an image of the Device how it has been installed and where, by who, telephone number for maintenance, etc.
  - Process ID used to ingest the data, possible IOT Applications that are using the data, …

Static vs Dynamic Information

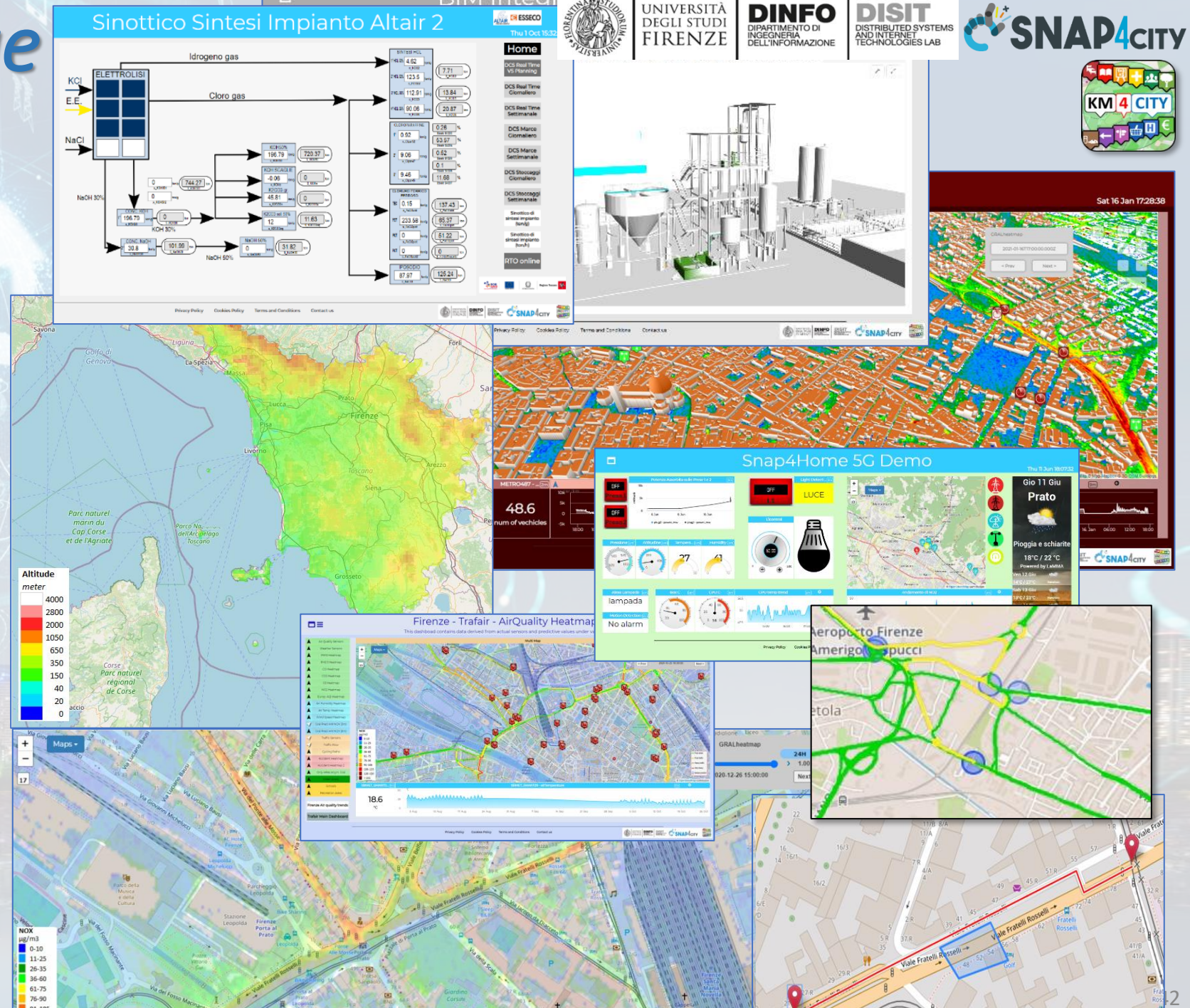
- Most of the valuable data are **Real Time/Dynamic data**, based on **Static** info.
- **For example**, data coming from Smart Park or a Smart Light solution
  - They are composed of:
    - **One or more IoT Device models, types, kinds…..** common information such as: licensing, gateway access, gateway credentials, description of provider, time of update, etc.
      - **The set/collections of Devices is produced from the model as a template**
    - **each** IoT **Device** has **Static** information such as:
      - data structure: device ID, Current consumption, temperature, ……
      - GPS coordinates… (if the devices is not a moving one)
      - Classification: nature, subnature, Healthiness criteria, MTTF, etc.
    - **Each Device** produces a data package/message according to minimum data Structure as **Dynamic** information, in PUSH towards the Gateway, including real time data
  - The Gateway in turn can be:
    - a sort of IoT Broker sending data to other consumer in Push or
    - can provide also data in PULL when requested by some consumer via some API, for example.
- This means that data fully describing the situation is composed by **Static** and **Dynamic** aspects that have to described into the platform and reconnected when one access to the device…

Data are **not** so Simple as one can imagine

- Data to be managed into the Smart City IOT are not so simple as one may imagine, and not limited to take into account only IOT Devices.
- THUS, a large number of data TYPES and sources have also to be addressed:
  - E.g.: external services, heatmaps, trajectories, maps, OD matrices, actuators, personal data, KPI, API descriptors, special widgets, events, predictions, Tweets, posts, GIS, mobile devices, etc.
  - With their complexity of managing data, licensing, etc…
- THEY are called **High Level Types: how and which tool / process can cope with them into the Smart City Platform?... See next!**
  - **Thus a unified model is needed.**
- **In 2nd part we have shown how to show specific types of data**

Data Type Coverage

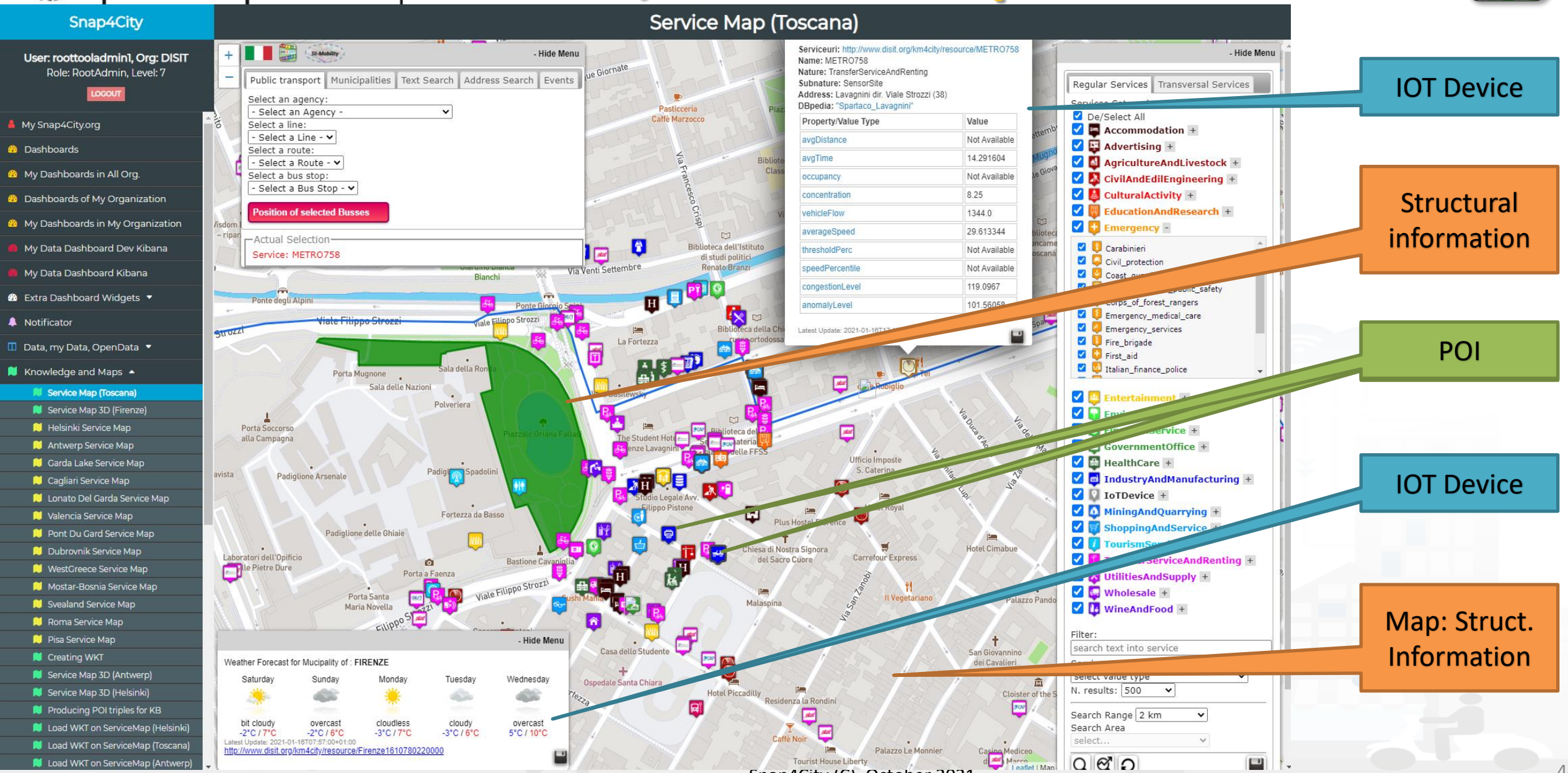
- POI, IOT, shapes,..
- maps, orthomaps, GTFS, GIS WFS/WMS, GeoTiff, ..
- calibrated heatmaps, ..
- traffic flow, typical trends, ..
- trajectories, events, ..
- 3D, BIM, Workflow, ..
- Dynamic icons/pins, ..
- OD Matrices, scenarios, ..
- prediction models, ….
- decision support, ….
- Synoptics, animations, ..
- social media, Routing, ..
- Satellite data, ..
- KPI, personal KPI,..
- etc.



The main High Level Types, HLT

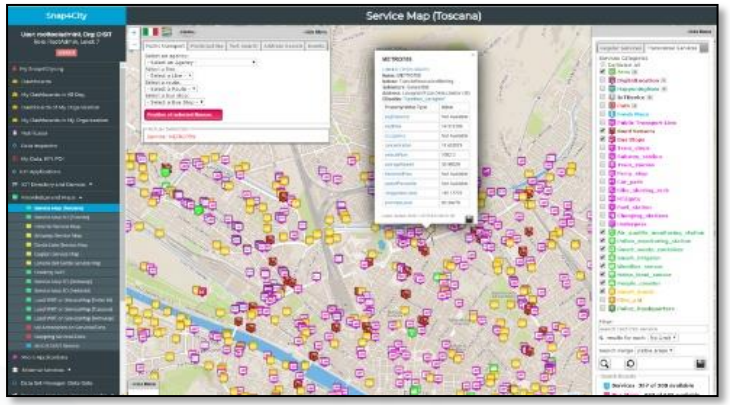
- **IoT Device Mobile**: dynamic GPS, Info, variable data, Time Series
  - Sensors and actuators
- **IoT Device**: static GPS, Info, variable data, Time Series
  - Sensors and actuators
- **MyKPI**: dynamic GPS, info, single variable, Time Series
- **POI**: static GPS, info
- **Heatmaps**: matrices on some area, Time Series
- **Traffic Flow**: road segments with flow density, Time Series
- …

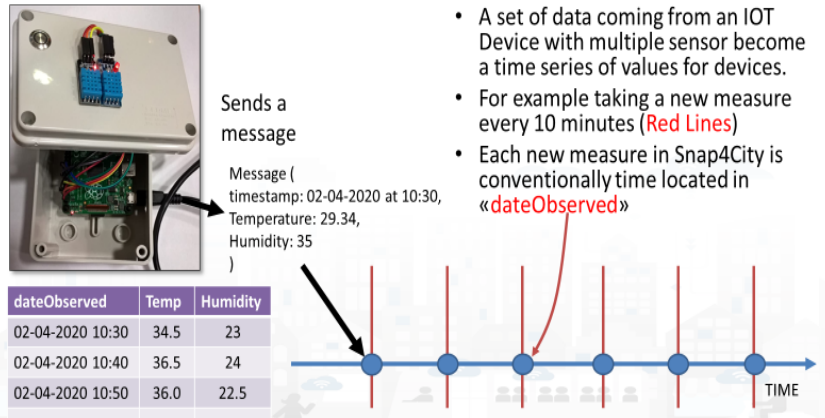
KB, ServiceMap



Data Ingestion Stragey

- **Structural Data**: Maps, orthomaps, geolocations, roads, etc.
  - Typically arrive as database, GIS data, etc.
  - **Suggested approaches**: IoT App, OSM → SM, ETL
- **POI (point of interest):** info point with geolocation as services, museums, restaurants, banks, email, urls, etc.
  - Typically arrive as: excel files, GIS data, etc.
  - **Suggested approaches**: POI Loader, IoT App, ETL
- **IoT Devices (Devices and Virtual Devices/KPI), including**
  - Description, including geolocations, etc.
  - Time Series: measures that change over time,
  - They can also move → **IoT Device Mobile**
  - Typically arrive as:
    - description and real time values or additional values
    - Excel files with description and data all together
  - **Suggested approach**: Data Table Loader, IoT App, ETL
    - IoT Brokers also send data in real time





ETL: deprecated approach in V2

POI: Point of Interest vs Classification

- A POI is defined as an **element of a set (collection)** and with general info:
  - **Nature**: ……..
  - **Subnature**: ….
- Specific infor for each POI
  - **Location**: lat, lon
  - A set of **Attributes**
    - www, email, opening time, phone, cap, address, city, etc.
  - Eventually a link to data

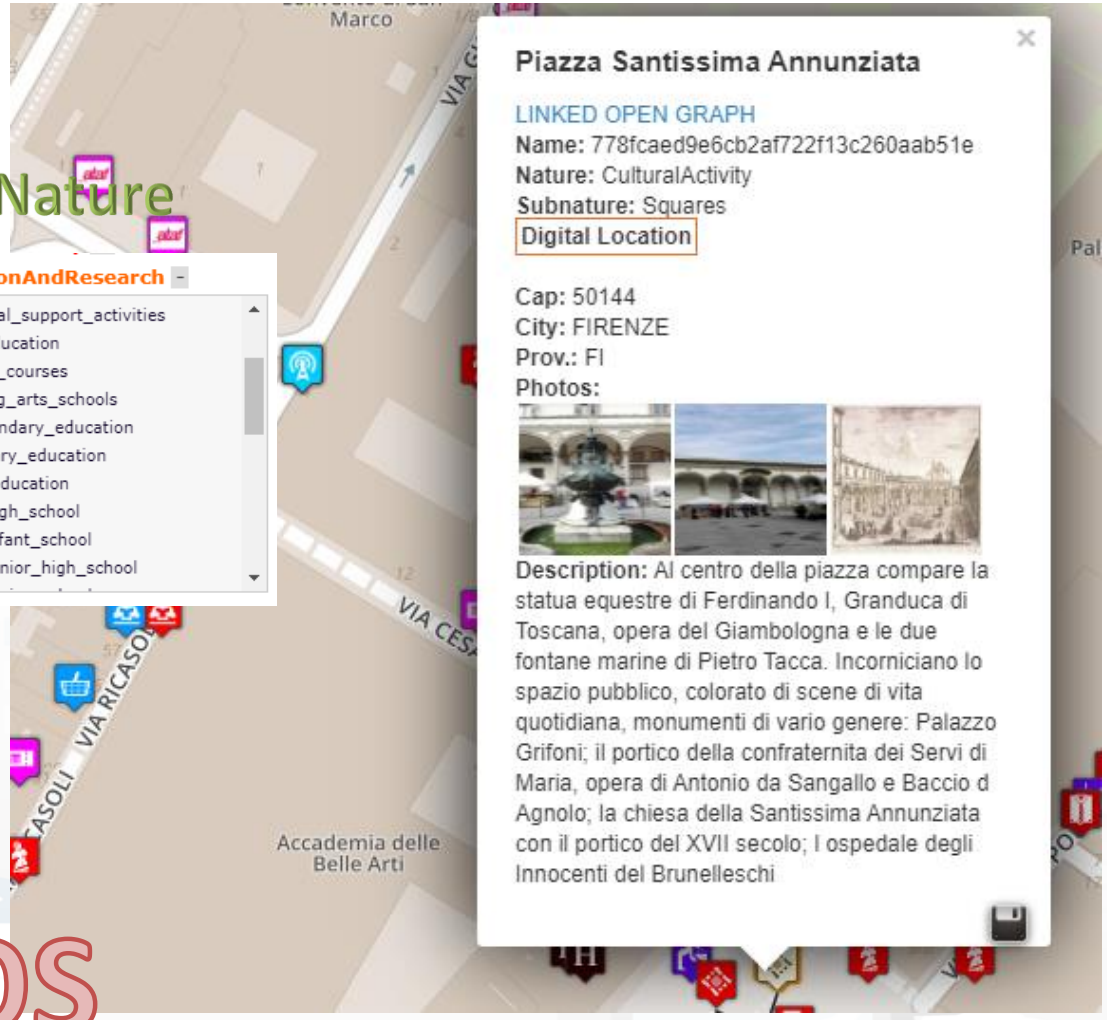
Nature

- Accommodation +
- Advertising +
- AgricultureAndLivestock +
- CivilAndEdilEngineering +
- CulturalActivity +
- EducationAndResearch +
- Emergency +
- Entertainment +
- Environment +
- FinancialService +
- GovernmentOffice +
- HealthCare +
- IndustryAndManufacturing +
- IoTDevice +
- MiningAndQuarrying +
- ShoppingAndService +
- TourismService +
- TransferServiceAndRenting +
- UtilitiesAndSupply +
- Wholesale +
- WineAndFood +

SubNature

EducationAndResearch -

- Educational_support_activities
- Higher_education
- Language_courses
- Performing_arts_schools
- Post_secondary_education
- Pre_primary_education
- Primary_education
- Private_high_school
- Private_infant_school
- Private_junior_high_school



SKOS

Main HLT diff.

- **HLT: MyKPI**
- **Nature: Industry and manufacturing**
- **Subnature: Chemical**
- **Value Name**: CloroParaffine
- **Value Type: Density percentage**
- **Value Unit: %**
- **Data Type**: float mykpi
- **Last Date**: 2019-02-25 *«DateTime»*
- **Last Value**: 87.0
- **Healthiness**:
- **Last Check**: 2020-04-03 10:28:12
- **Ownership**: private for xyz…
- **Organization**: Firenze

Single Variable for MyKPI

- **HLT: Sensor (an element of an IoT Device)**
- **Nature: From IOT Device to KB**
- **Subnature: IOT Sensor**
- **Value Name**: Irrigator fioriera Gag
- **Value Type: Battery Level**
- **Value Unit: V**
- **Data Type**: float
- **Last Date**: 2020-04-01 12:59:00 *«dateObserved»*
- **Last Value**: 5.18
- **Healthiness**:
- **Last Check**: 2020-04-03 03:28:12
- **Ownership**: public/private
- **Organization**: Firenze

This Section is repeated for each variable

an IoT Device may have multiple Sensors/variables

What About IoT Devices, Time Series

IOT Device



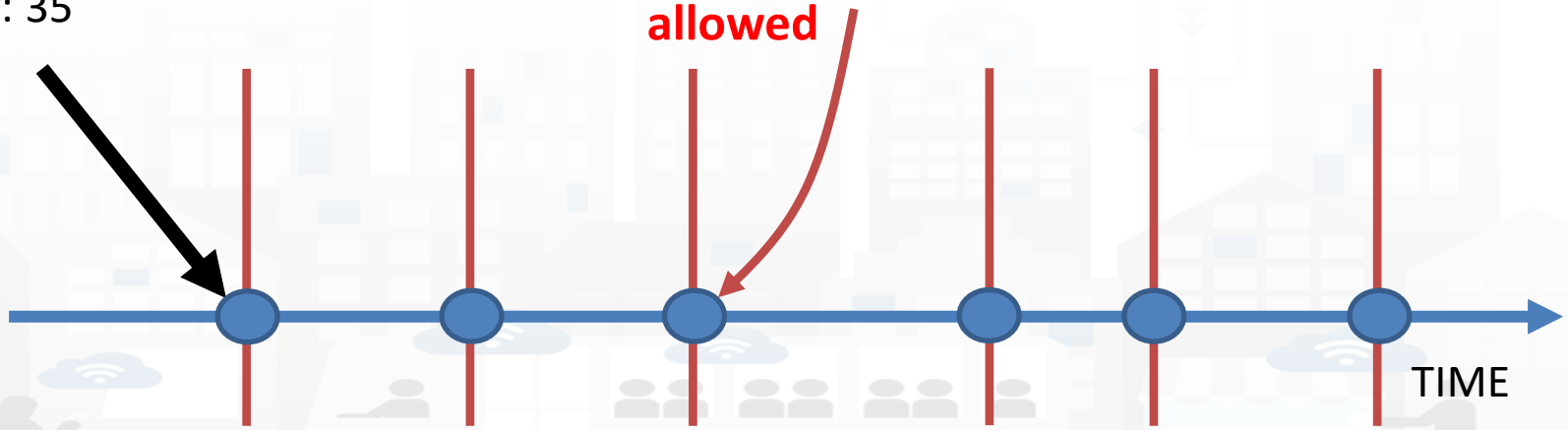
IOT Device

Sends a message

Message (
timestamp: 02-04-2020 at 10:30,
Temperature: 29.34,
Humidity: 35
)

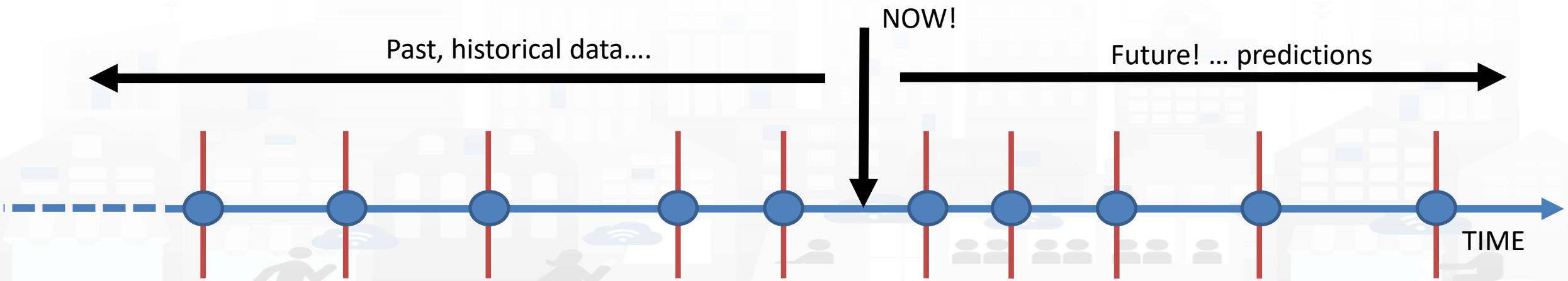
dateObserved	Temp	Humidity
02-04-2020 10:30	34.5	23
02-04-2020 10:40	36.5	24
02-04-2020 10:50	36.0	22.5

- A set of data coming from an IoT Device with multiple sensor become a time series of values for devices.
  - For example: taking a new measure every 10 minutes (Red Lines)
  - Non regular rates can be valid data as well.
- Each new measure in Snap4City is conventionally time located in «dateObserved», which has to be **Unique.**
  - **Only one message per dateObserved is allowed**



Time Series: they are data streams

- As soon as you have registered an IoT Device
  - You are ready to get Future data, may be arriving in PUSH
  - Recall and store historical data as well, but they have to be
    - recalled in PULL with some IoT App.
    - Loaded in PULL with some File or Data Table Loader



KPIs, Key Performance Indicators

- **Typically associated with**
  - **City or infrastructure, so that the GPS can be city center**
  - Some date: 2019, march 2019, etc.
- **For example:**
  - Number of Arrivals from France in March 2019
  - Average price for **** hotels in 2019, downtown
  - Net income of the region
  - CO2 saved in the April 2020
  - Total number of vehicles sold in 2020
  - Stock option value of Airport
- **Note that in most cases:**
  - they can be managed as ***Virtual IoT Devices***

Data from INSETE

Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism

Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism of the Region of Western Greece 2019							
Regions	Countries Origin	Visits (in thousands)	Receipts (in € million)	Nights (in thousands)	Expenditure / Visit (in €)	Cost / Night (in €)	Average Le Sta
West Hellas	Albania	132.9	26.5	225.8	199.7	117.5	1.7
	United Kingdom	47.7	17.9	345.8	375.2	51.8	7.2
	Germany	70.3	36.4	672.4	517.9	54.1	9.6
	France	55.4	16.5	321.6	298.1	51.4	5.8
	Other	510.7	160.0	2,964.9	313.3	54.0	5.8
	Total	**817.0**	**257.4**	**4,530.4**	**315.0**	**56.8**	**5.5**
	% of the total	**2.2%**	**1.5%**	**1.9%**			

Source: BoG Border Research, INSETE Intelligence Editing

Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism of the Region of Western Greece 2018							
Regions	Countries of Origin	Visits (in thousands)	Receipts (in € million)	Nights (in thousands)	Expenditure / Visit (in €)	Cost / Night (in €)	Average Le Sta
West Greece	Albania	138.7	29.0	222.9	209.2	130.1	1.6
	United Kingdom	42.6	13.5	180.6	317.6	74.9	4.2
	Germany	71.3	26.0	466.5	365.1	55.8	6.5
	France	44.2	13.5	262.9	304.7	51.2	6.0
	Other	402.5	129.8	2,050.7	322.4	63.3	5.1
	Total	**699.2**	**211.8**	**3,183.5**	**302.9**	**66.5**	**4.6**
	% of the total	**2.0%**	**1.4%**	**1.4%**			

Unified Data and Services Model/Classification

MyKPI	All selected (8)	All selected (15)	All selected (30)		All selected (3)	6 selected			true		All selected (2)	
High-Level Type	Nature	Subnature	Value Type	Value Name	Data Type	Value Unit	Last Date	Last Value	Healthiness	Last Check	Ownership	Organizations
MyKPI	Environment	Weather_sensor	Gradi Centigradi	BatteryTemperatureGalaxyTabS4	float-mykpi	°C	2019-11-21 15:51:25	28		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	Firenze,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	Environment	Weather_sensor	Gradi Centigradi	BatteryTemperatureS6Edge	float-mykpi	°C	2020-01-23 12:37:34.25	299999237060547		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	DISIT
MyKPI	Environment	Weather_sensor	Gradi Centigradi	BatteryTemperatureSamsungS9	float-mykpi	°C	2019-04-23 05:54:21	24.399999618530273		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	Firenze,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	Environment	Smart_waste_container	Level_percentage	Bin_001	percentage-mykpi	%	1970-01-01 01:00:00			2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	DISIT,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	Environment	People_counter	Battery Percentage	borrowed_tbeam_pax_green BATTERY	percentage-mykpi	%	2019-03-13 20:24:52	4.202		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	Firenze,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	Environment	People_counter	Battery percentage	borrowed_ttgov21new_pax_black BATTERY	percentage-mykpi	%	2019-05-06 10:03:55	4.132		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	Firenze,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	Environment	People_counter	Battery Percentage	borrowed_ttgov21new_pax_green BATTERY	percentage-mykpi	%	2019-11-19 08:56:56	4.072		2020-04-03 10:23:02	private	Firenze,dc=ldap,dc=disit,dc=org,
MyKPI	HealthCare	Health_district	tassodicrescita	corkpimemilia	float-mykpi	%	1970-01-01 01:00:00			2020-03-24 13:13:24	private	DISIT

Hide columns | Reset filters | Selected rows: 0 | Previous 1 2 3 4 5 ... 35 Next | Search

High Level Types

Nature

SubNature

Value Type

Value Name

Data Type

Value Unit

Last Date/Time

Last Value

Healthiness

Last Check

Ownership

Organization

Semantic

Technical meaning

RealTime

Status

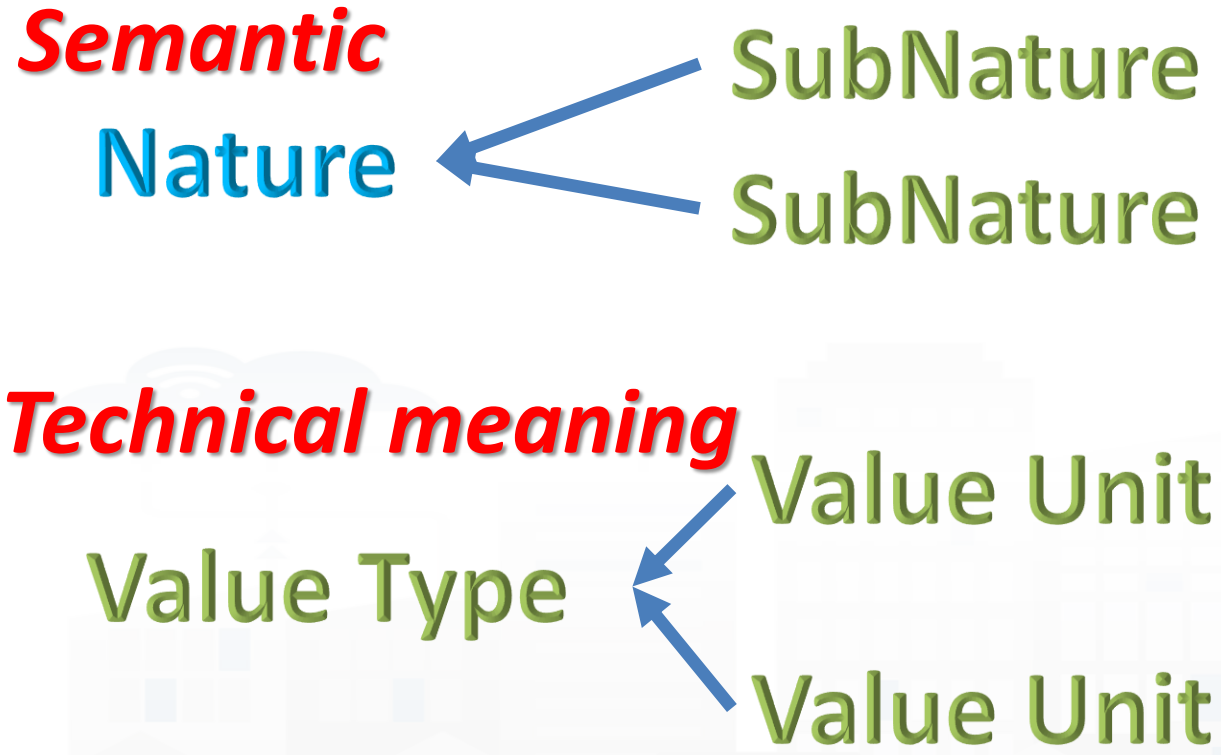
For Admin

Dictionary for Data Fields

Semantics and Technical Meaning



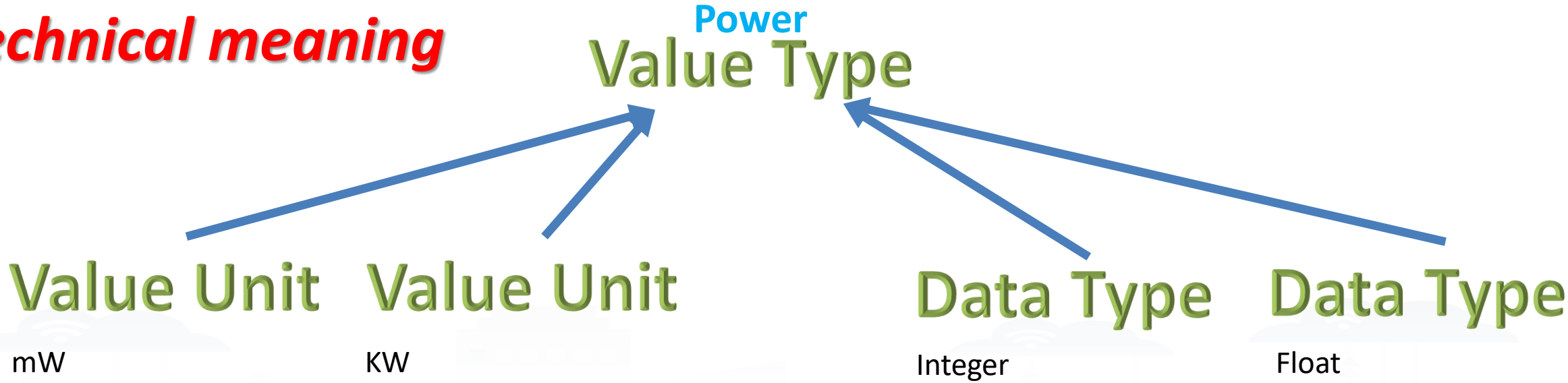
Unified Data and Services Model/Classification



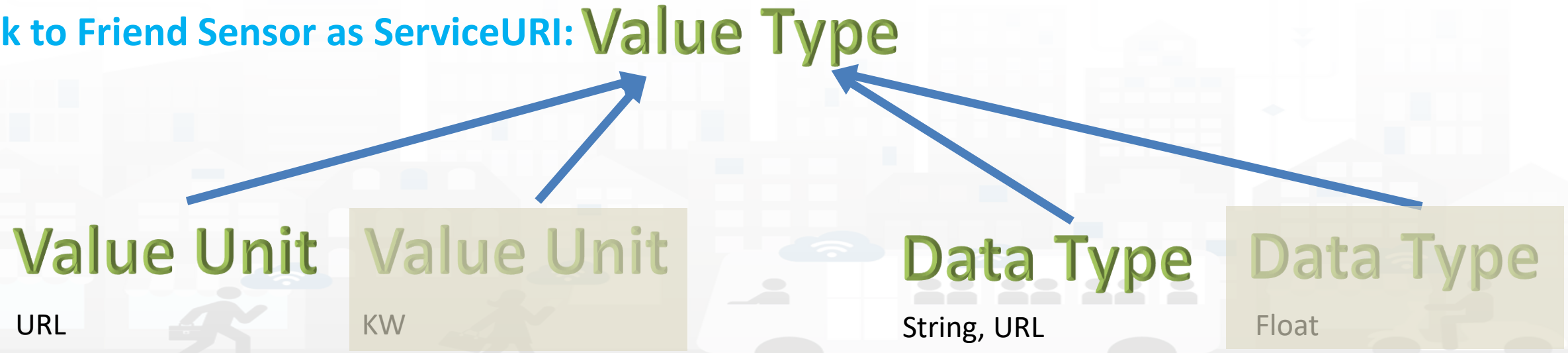
- Exists a Dictionary for the 4 categories
- They are related each other and not all values are possible
- Right setting lead to right rendering on graphs and automated combinations and processing
- The Disctionary is used by many tools

For example

Technical meaning



Link to Friend Sensor as ServiceURI:



Example of Energy and its Value Units



Value Type: Energy

Value Units:
- Watt per hour
- KiloWatt per hour
- MegaWatt per hour

TOP

Data Ingestion Strategy and Orientation



The main High Level Types

- **IoT Device Mobile**: dynamic GPS, Info, variable data, Time Series
  - Sensors and actuators
- **IoT Device**: static GPS, Info, variable data, Time Series
  - Sensors and actuators
- **MyKPI**: dynamic GPS, - info, single variable, Time Series
- **POI**: codified metadata, static GPS, + info, no time series
- **Heatmaps**: matrices on some area, Time Series
- **Traffic Flow**: road segments with flow density, Time Series
- …

Data Ingestion Strategy

HLT	GPS & Geo References	Info Meta Data	Variables Value Name	Time Serie, Seq.	In/Out Read/Write	Manual Ingestion Tool	Automated Loading tools	Technical IoT App management
IoT Device Mobile	Yes Moving	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)	IoT Brokers	Yes (IoT App..)
IoT Device	Yes only once	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)	Yes (Data Table Loader)	Yes (IoT App..)
MyKPI	Yes Moving	yes	1	yes	yes	Yes (MyKPI editor)		Yes (IoT App..)
POI	Yes	yes	No, only static	No	Write 1, read	No / Yes via MicroApplication	Yes (POI Loader)	Yes (IoT App..), CKAN, etc.
Heatmaps	Area, matrix	yes	1 on the matrix	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Heatmap Manager	Yes via Rstudio, Python, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)
Traffic Flow	roads	yes	1-4: traffic flow density, velocity,..	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Traffic Flow Manager	Special tools	Yes (IoT App..)
OD Matrix	Flow, mat	yes	1 on the matrix	Yes	Write 1, read	Load on OD Manager	Special tools, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)

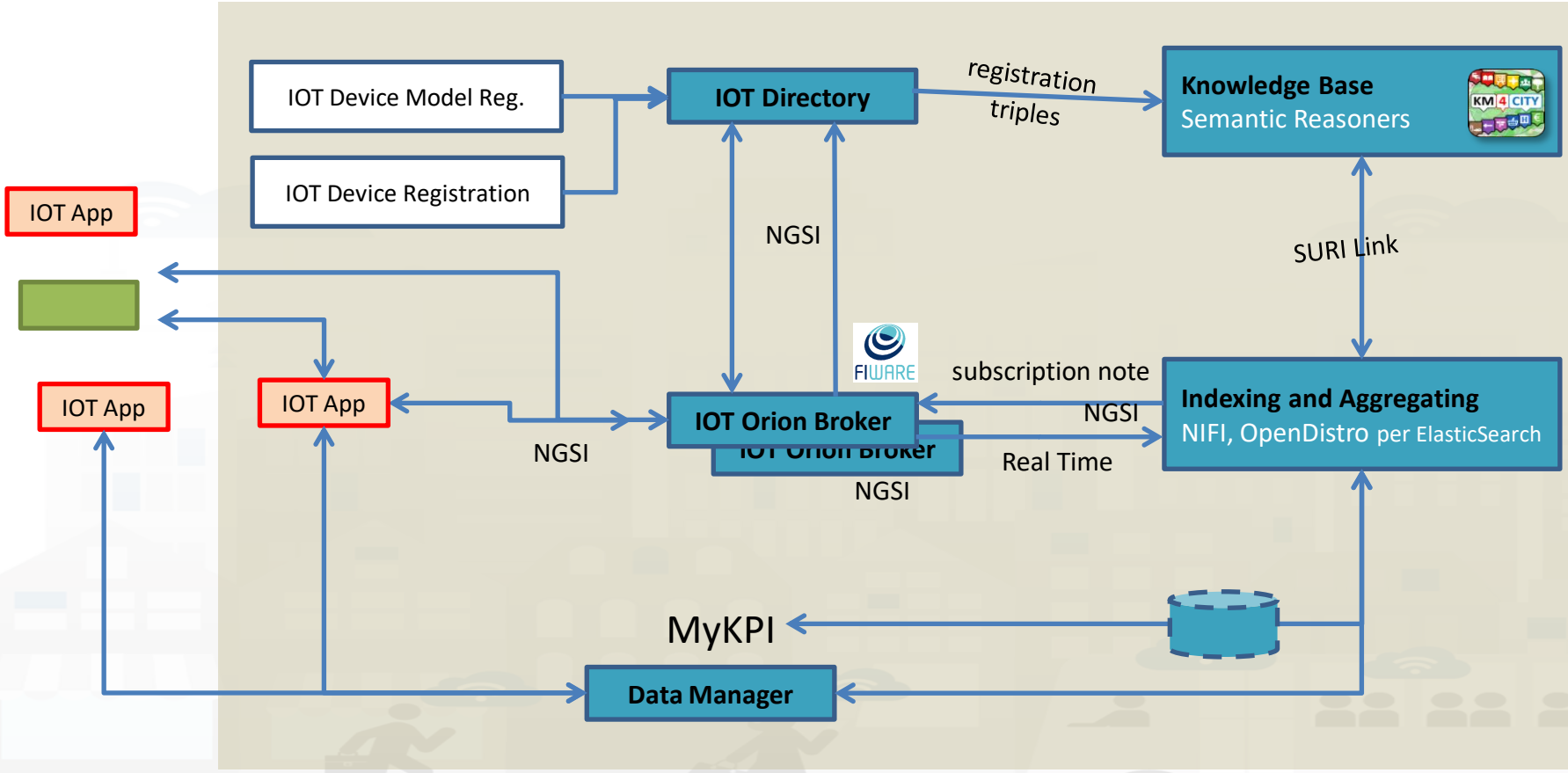
How they can be ingested

- **Main Concepts**
  - **If it is NOT A TIME SERIES**
    - We have only to perform the static/quasi static registration
    - **POI → POI Loader, also a MyKPI, or a MyPOI, or an IoT Device…**
  - **If it is Time Series: (IoT Device, IoT Device Mobile, MyKPI, Heatmaps, etc.)**
    - the static information has to be registered ONCE
    - At each time instant (dateObserved) time varying data is stored
    - In the next slides the difference cases are presented
    - Multiple Solutions are needed for their ingestion

Data Ingestion via Excel Files

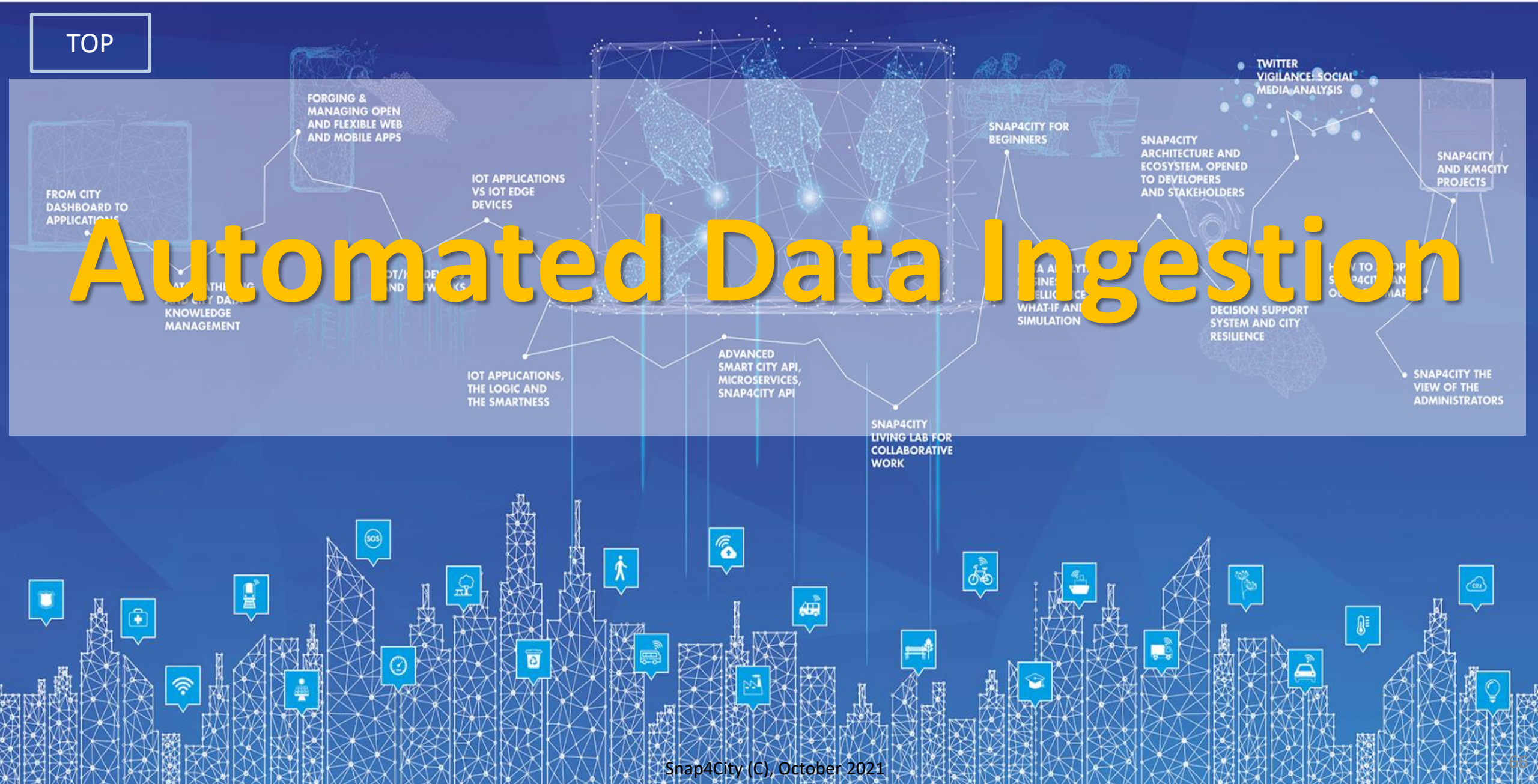
- ***TWO main factors:***
  - **dateObserved (Yes/no)** is the date/time at which the data refers / are measured (not the date of loading which is always automatically set):
    - YES → they may be the
      - **Single:** Year (2019), or month (March 2019), or full time stamp in ISO standard with year, month, date: HH:MM:SS, ms
      - **Time series**: one or many samples along time, for the same device, for the same structure
    - NO → they are static information, may be a POI
  - **GPS (yes or no), (lat, lon)**
    - YES → data is geolocalized or refer to a certain point of the city,
      - thus GPS coordinates of the point of the city/area center can be taken
    - NO
      - A) May be assigned to the center of the city if it is a KPI or an Origin Destination matrix (by grid, by shapes, by administrative structured/shapes)
      - B) If not possible to map it is better to manage them as MyKPI

Main IoT Data In/Out flows





TOP

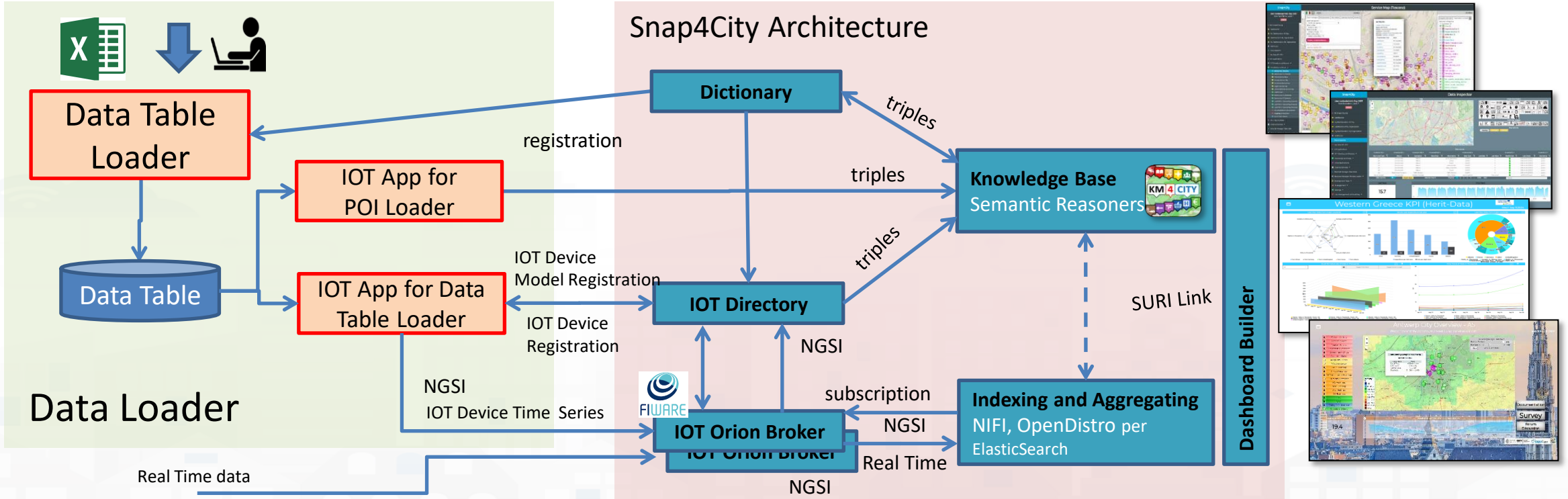


Automated Data Ingestion

Data Ingestion Strategy

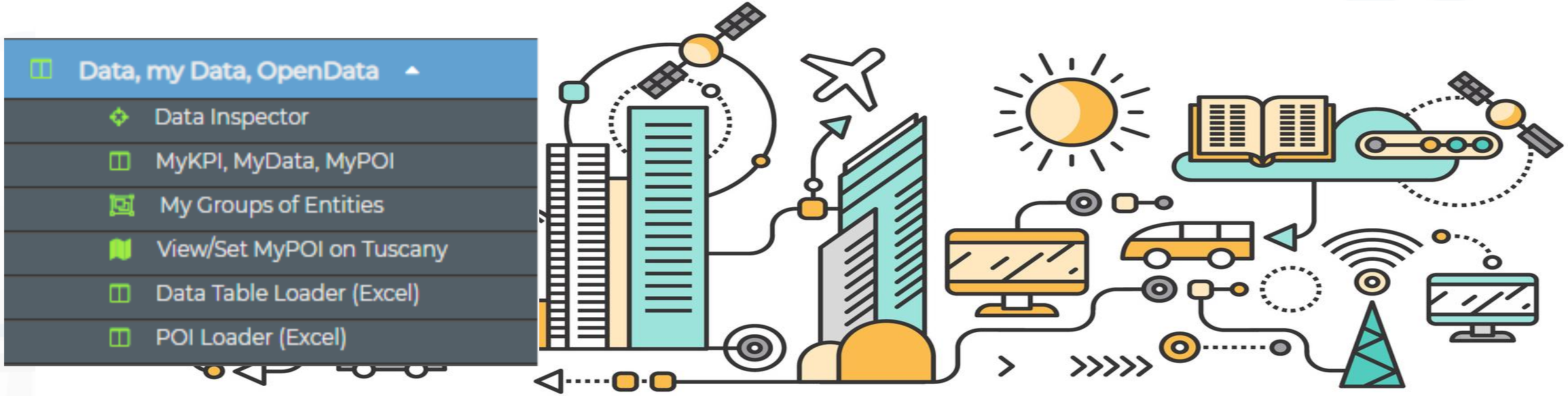
HLT	GPS & Geo References	Info Meta Data	Variables Value Name	Time Serie, Seq.	In/Out Read/Write	Manual Ingestion Tool	Automated Loading tools	Technical IoT App management
IoT Device Mobile	Yes Moving	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)	IoT Brokers	Yes (IoT App..)
IoT Device	Yes only once	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)	Yes (Data Table Loader)	Yes (IoT App..)
MyKPI	Yes Moving	yes	1	yes	yes	Yes (MyKPI editor)		Yes (IoT App..)
POI	Yes	yes	No, only static	No	Write 1, read	No / Yes via MicroApplication	Yes (POI Loader)	Yes (IoT App..), CKAN, etc.
Heatmaps	Area, matrix	yes	1 on the matrix	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Heatmap Manager	Yes via Rstudio, Python, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)
Traffic Flow	roads	yes	1-4: traffic flow density, velocity,..	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Traffic Flow Manager	Special tools	Yes (IoT App..)
OD Matrix	Flow, mat	yes	1 on the matrix	Yes	Write 1, read	Load on OD Manager	Special tools, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)

Short cut Data Ingestion from Excel file



POI Loader, from Excel Files

(for authorized AreaManagers)



https://www.snap4city.org/731

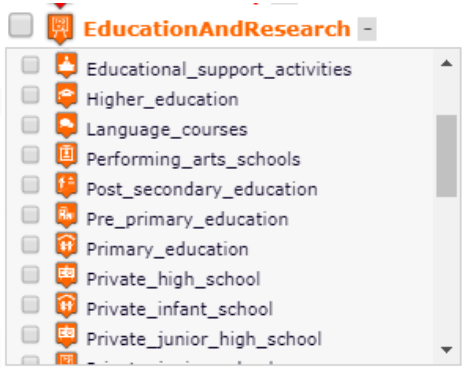
Fast POI loading into Knowledge Base

- **POI: Points of Interest,**
  - Are relevant services with codified metadata to simplify the massive management of huge amount of POIs
  - Are mapped on Knowledge Base on specific GPS location
    - Do not move over time
  - Are represented as PIN
  - Are classified with: Nature and Subnature
  - Do not have Time Series for variable over time
  - May sporadically change over time

Nature

- Accommodation
- Advertising
- AgricultureAndLivestock
- CivilAndEdilEngineering
- CulturalActivity
- EducationAndResearch
- Emergency
- Entertainment
- Environment
- FinancialService
- GovernmentOffice
- HealthCare
- IndustryAndManufacturing
- IoTDevice
- MiningAndQuarrying
- ShoppingAndService
- TourismService
- TransferServiceAndRenting
- UtilitiesAndSupply
- Wholesale
- WineAndFood

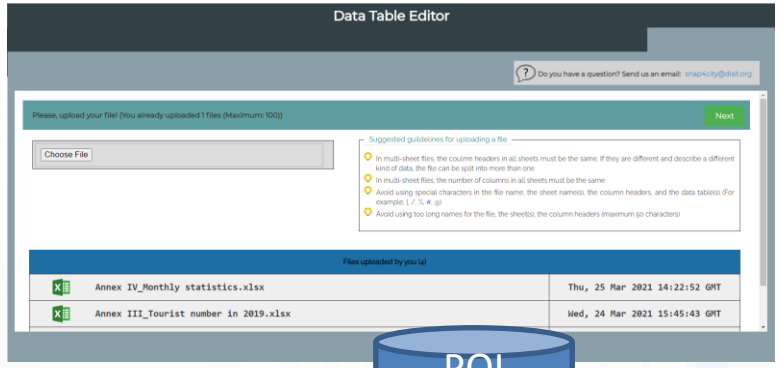
SubNature



POI Loader

- To help you to **upload POI data in short/zero time** https://www.snap4city.org/731
  - **Start from Excel Files, they should be formatted some how or well formatted according to our guidelines (model provided)**
    - **https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/system/files/private/POI_loader_template.zip**
  - Custom upload for each Organization is possible on the provided IOT App
- To **enable you** to
  - create dashboards from them according to different views and nature





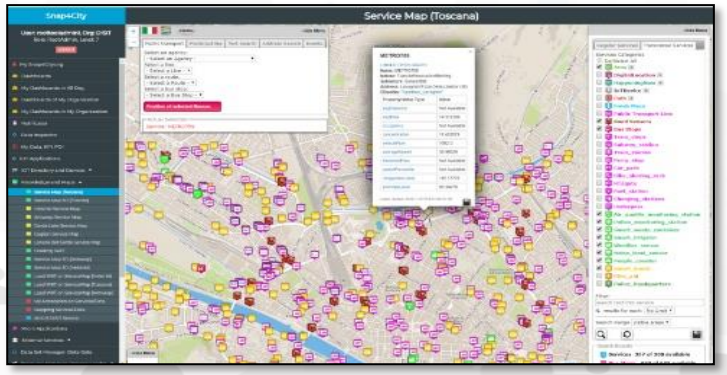


POI Table

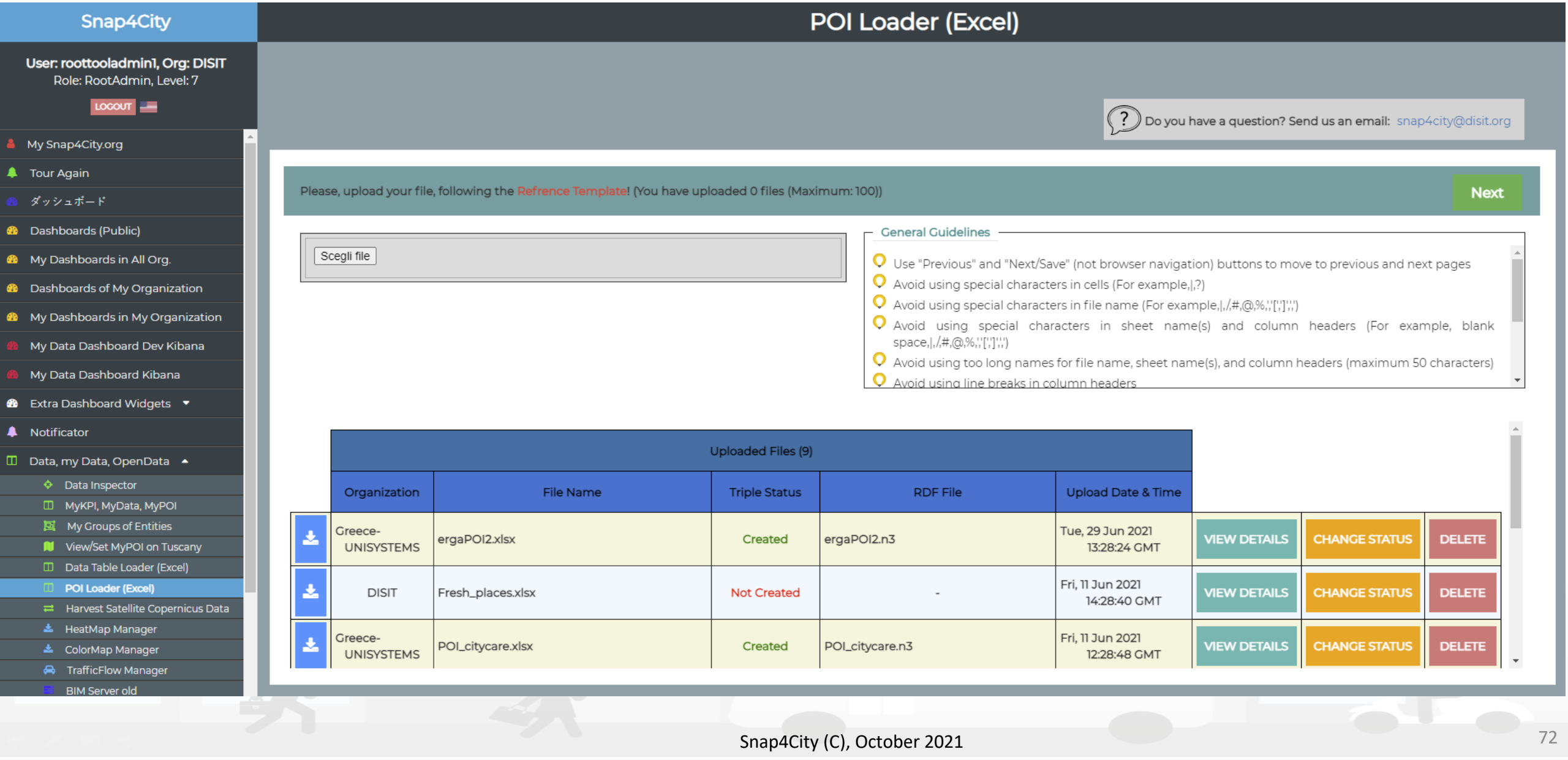
IOT App

File with Triples

The Administrator can load on KB



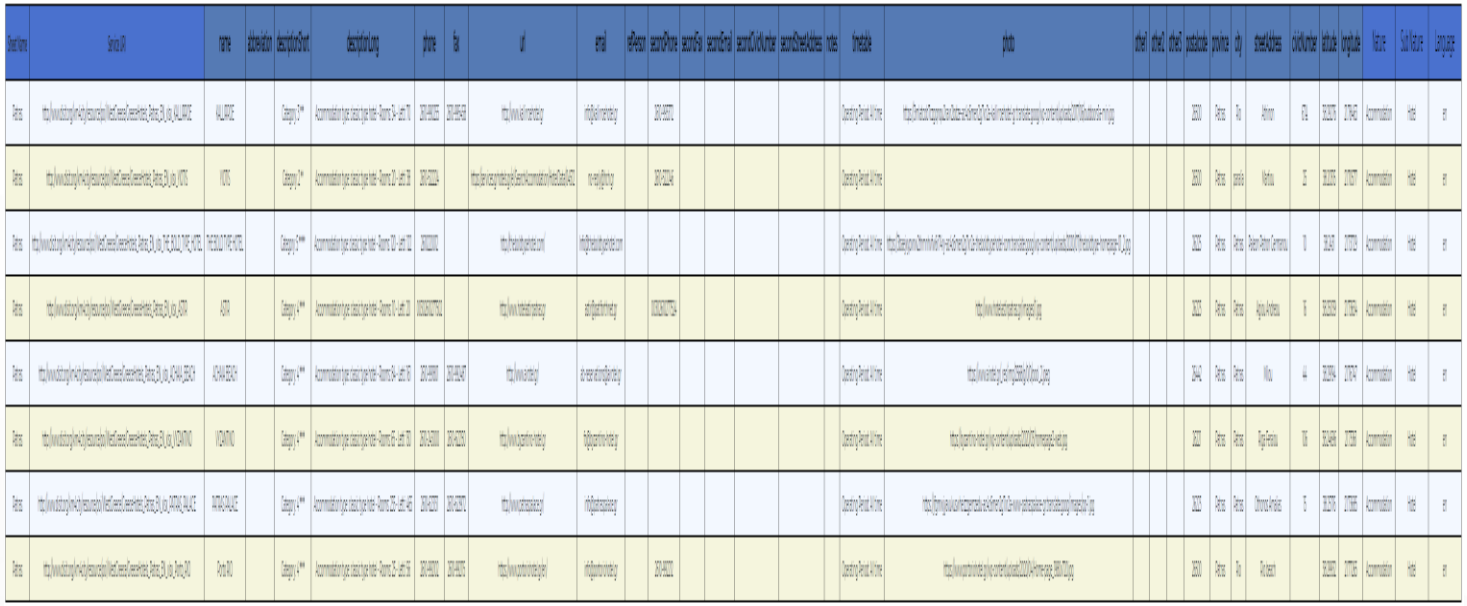
POI Loader


Snap4City
User: roottooladmin1, Org: DISIT
Role: RootAdmin, Level: 7
LOGOUT
My Snap4City.org
Tour Again
ダッシュボード
Dashboards (Public)
My Dashboards in All Org.
Dashboards of My Organization
My Dashboards in My Organization
My Data Dashboard Dev Kibana
My Data Dashboard Kibana
Extra Dashboard Widgets
Notificator
Data, my Data, OpenData
Data Inspector
MyKPI, MyData, MyPOI
My Groups of Entities
View/Set MyPOI on Tuscany
Data Table Loader (Excel)
POI Loader (Excel)
Harvest Satellite Copernicus Data
HeatMap Manager
ColorMap Manager
TrafficFlow Manager
BIM Server old
POI Loader (Excel)
Do you have a question? Send us an email: snap4city@disit.org
Please, upload your file, following the Refrence Template! (You have uploaded 0 files (Maximum: 100))
Next
Scegli file
General Guidelines
Use "Previous" and "Next/Save" (not browser navigation) buttons to move to previous and next pages
Avoid using special characters in cells (For example,|,?)
Avoid using special characters in file name (For example,|,/,#,@,%,'',[',],',')
Avoid using special characters in sheet name(s) and column headers (For example, blank space,|,/,#,@,%,'',[',],',')
Avoid using too long names for file name, sheet name(s), and column headers (maximum 50 characters)
Avoid using line breaks in column headers
Uploaded Files (9)
Organization
File Name
Triple Status
RDF File
Upload Date & Time
Greece-UNISYSTEMS
ergaPOI2.xlsx
Created
ergaPOI2.n3
Tue, 29 Jun 2021 13:28:24 GMT
VIEW DETAILS
CHANGE STATUS
DELETE
DISIT
Fresh_places.xlsx
Not Created
-
Fri, 11 Jun 2021 14:28:40 GMT
VIEW DETAILS
CHANGE STATUS
DELETE
Greece-UNISYSTEMS
POI_citycare.xlsx
Created
POI_citycare.n3
Fri, 11 Jun 2021 12:28:48 GMT
VIEW DETAILS
CHANGE STATUS
DELETE

POI Structure, EXCEL

- nameENG, abbreviationENG, descriptionShortENG, descriptionLongENG
- Phone, Fax,
- url (web page), email
- refPerson
- secondPhone, secondFax, secondEmail, secondCivicNumber, secondStreetAddress
- notes
- timetable
- photo
- Other1, other2, other3
- Postalcode, Province, city
- streetAddress, civicNumber
- Latitude, longitude

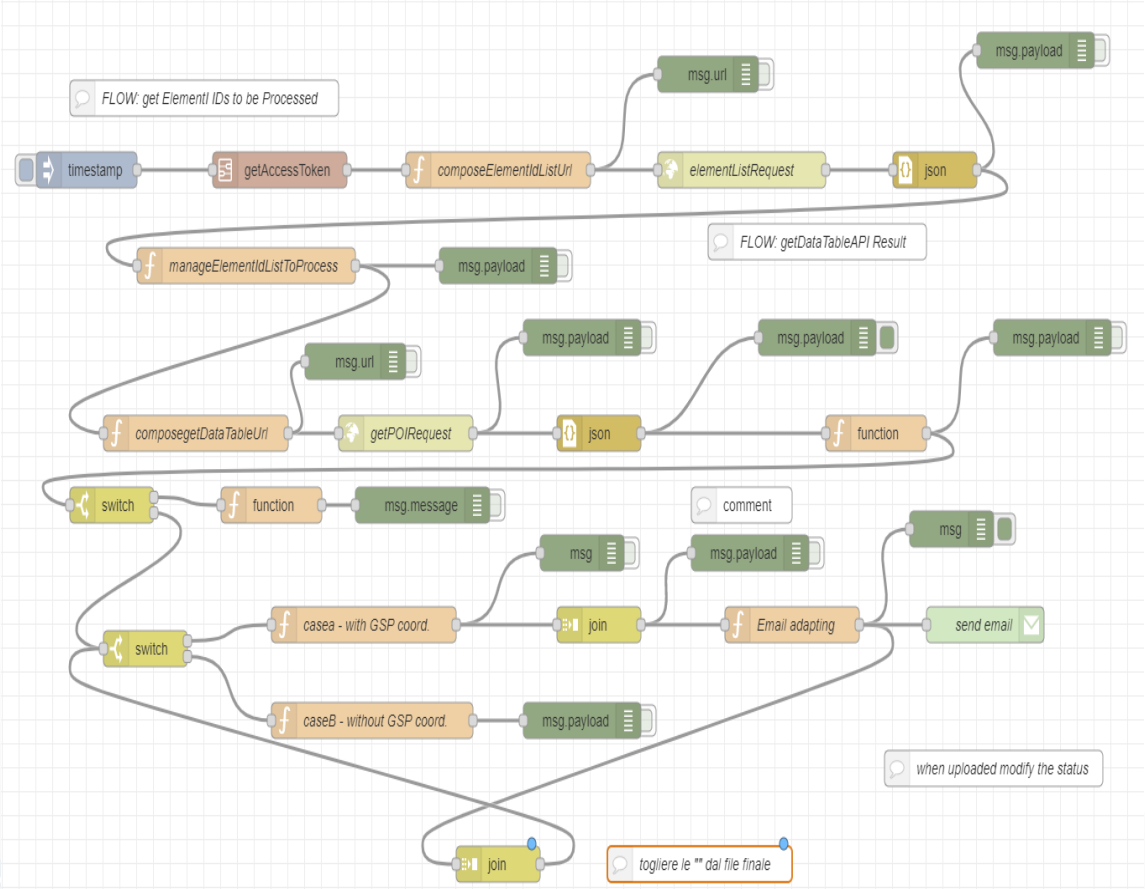
https://www.snap4city.org/731 Manual



https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/system/files/private/POI_loader_template.zip

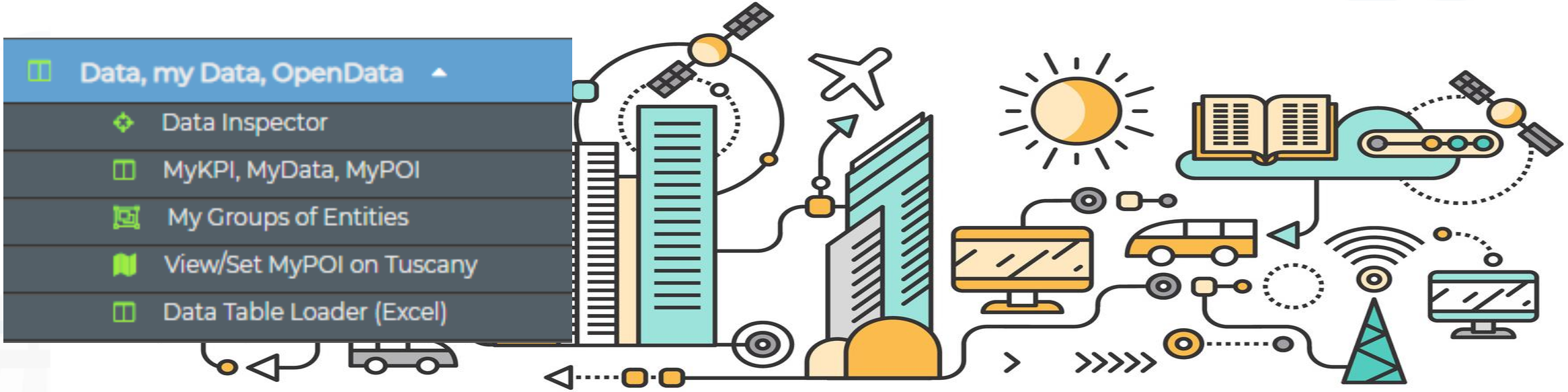
Note on POI Loader

- The structure of Excel File is fixed
- UTF8 characters can be used into the values and not in the device name neither on field names
- Follow the guidelines in the first page and the instruction during the upload
- POI Loading is performed via an IoT App which produces triples
  - They are verified and loaded by some administrator
- Any AreaManager can upload POI data sets but only specific dedicated responsible for data upload can actually load being owners and responsible of the IOT App process, which can be customized also.

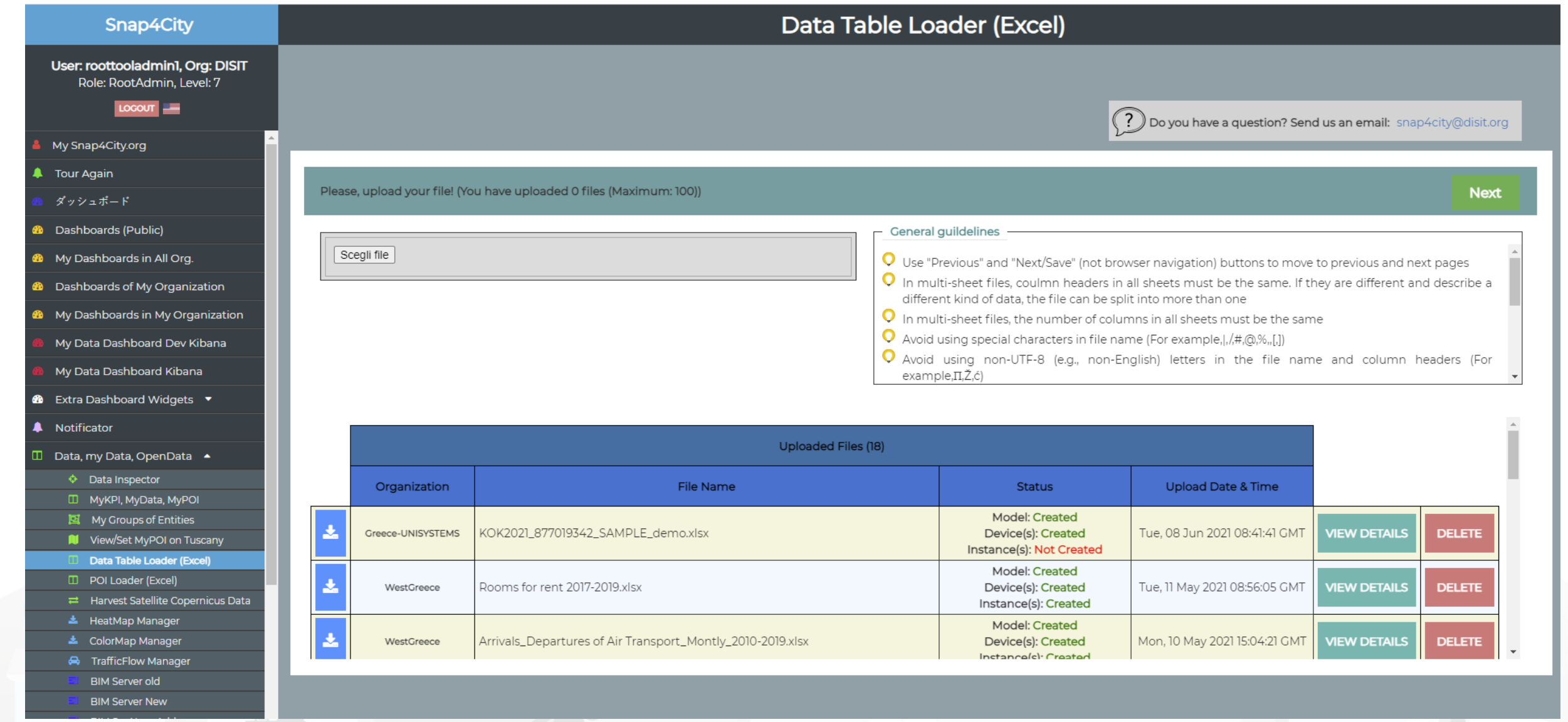


Data Table Loader: Upload IoT Device data via Excel Files

(for Authorized AreaManagers)



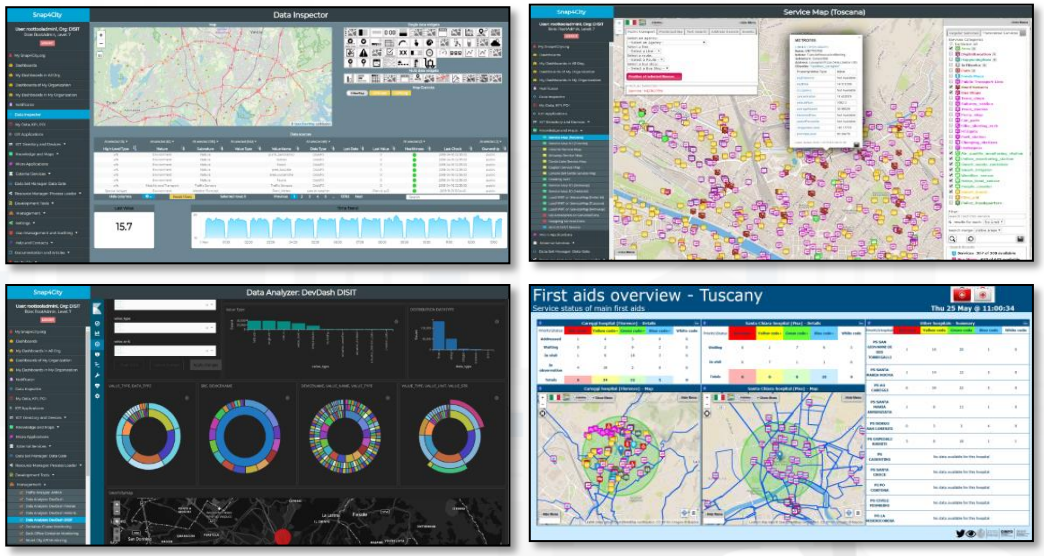
Data Table Loader



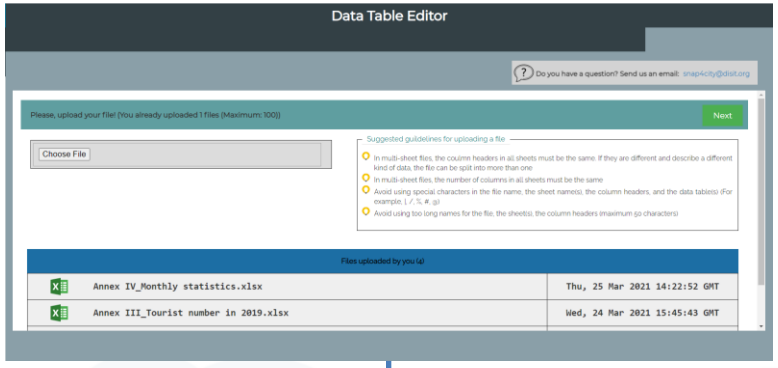
Data Table Loader

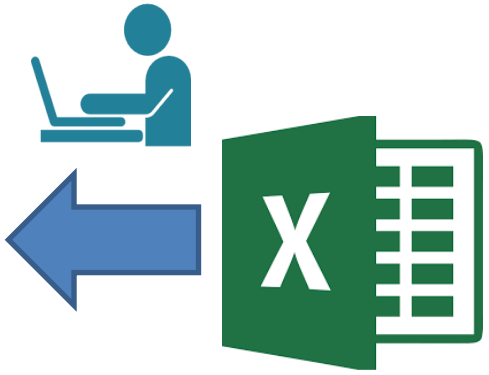
- For: IoT Devices, KPI as devices, OD as devices, time Series …
- To help you to **upload data in short/zero time**
  - **Start from Excel Files, they should be formatted some how or well formatted according to our guidelines (models are provided)**
  - Custom upload for each Organization is possible
- To **enable you** to
  - create dashboards from them according to different views and nature



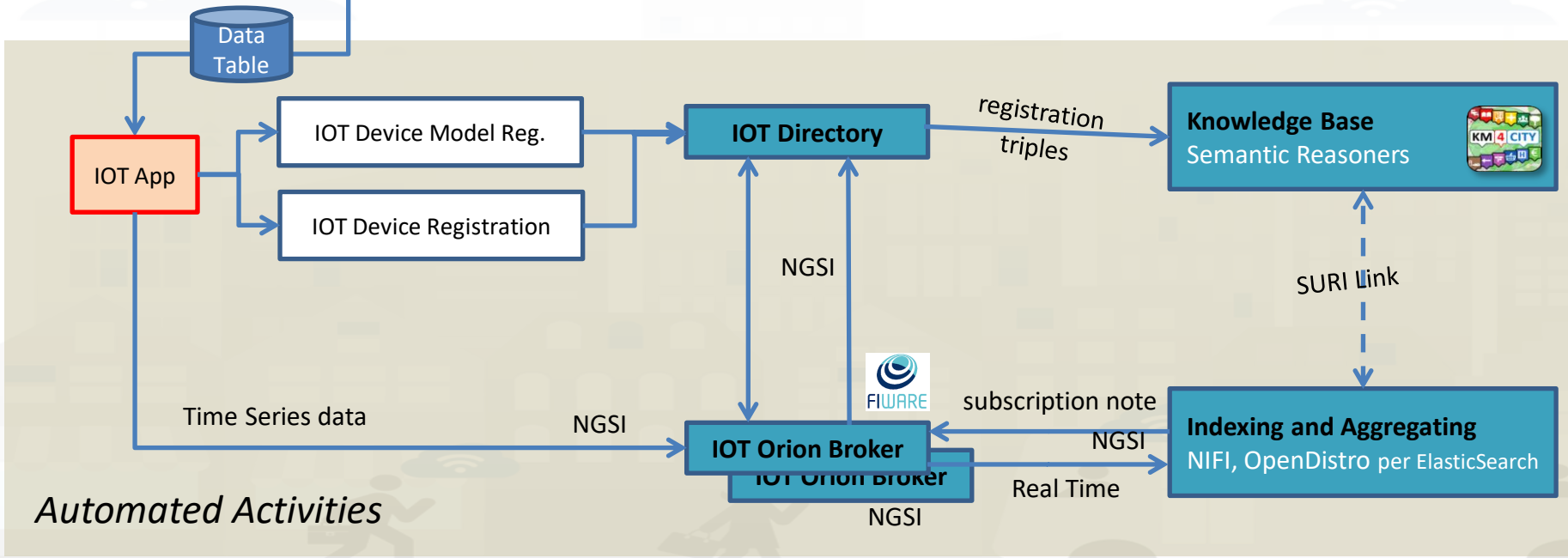


Short cut Data Ingestion from Excel file





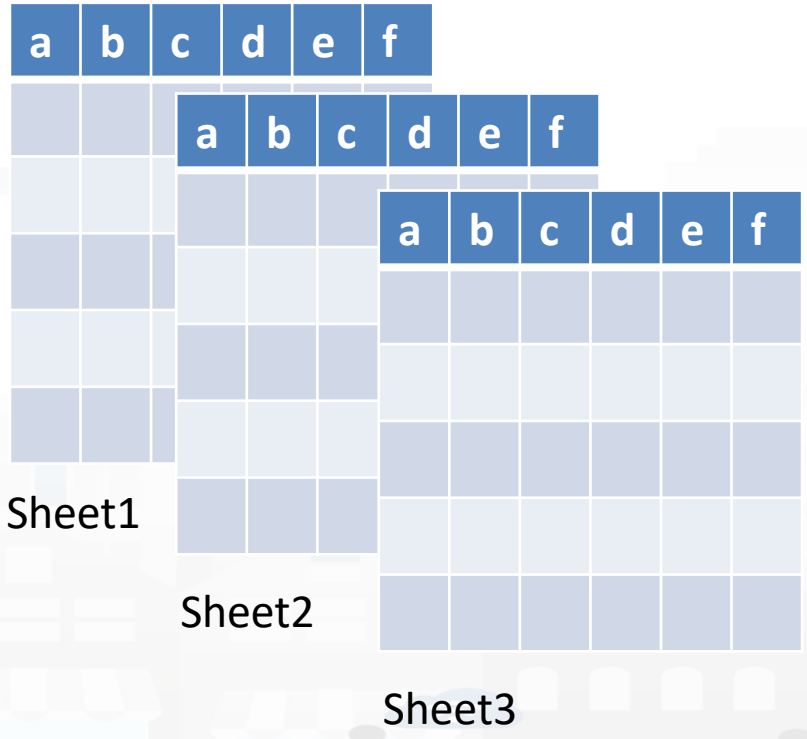
1) Upload the file on **Data Table Loader**
2) Follows the instructions and guidelines
   -- the dirty work will be done in a Snap
   -- wait! –
3) See data on your Data Inspector ☺
4) Use Data Into Dashboards ☺





Row Case

Assuming an Excel file with 1 or more Sheets all of them with the same structure



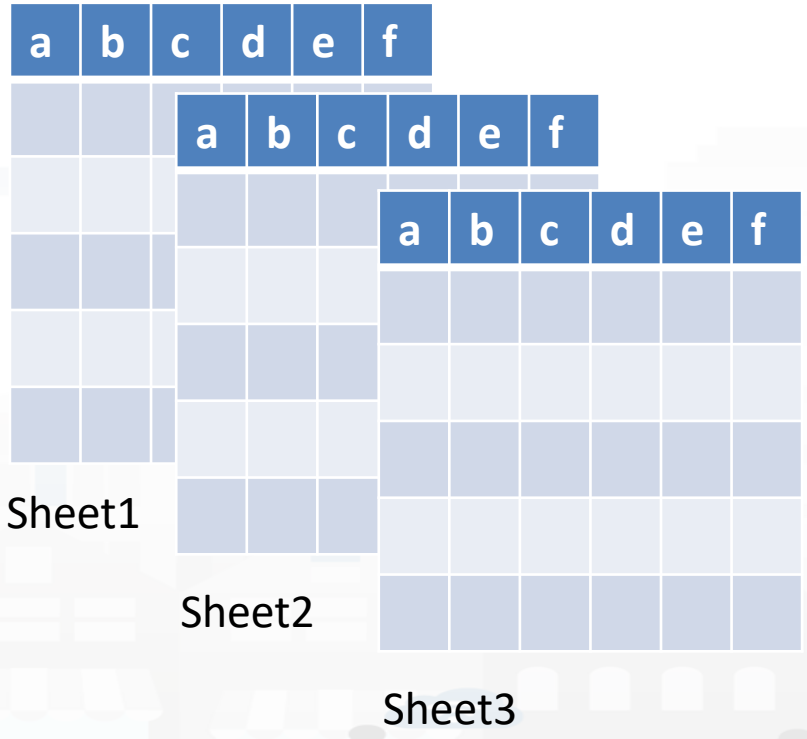
If this is not the case!

- Columns in the sheets are different AND *it is not possible to regularize them (by editing: adding empty columns, change names, etc.)*

→ split the excel file in multiple files

Row Case

Assuming an Excel file with 1 or more Sheets all of them with the same structure

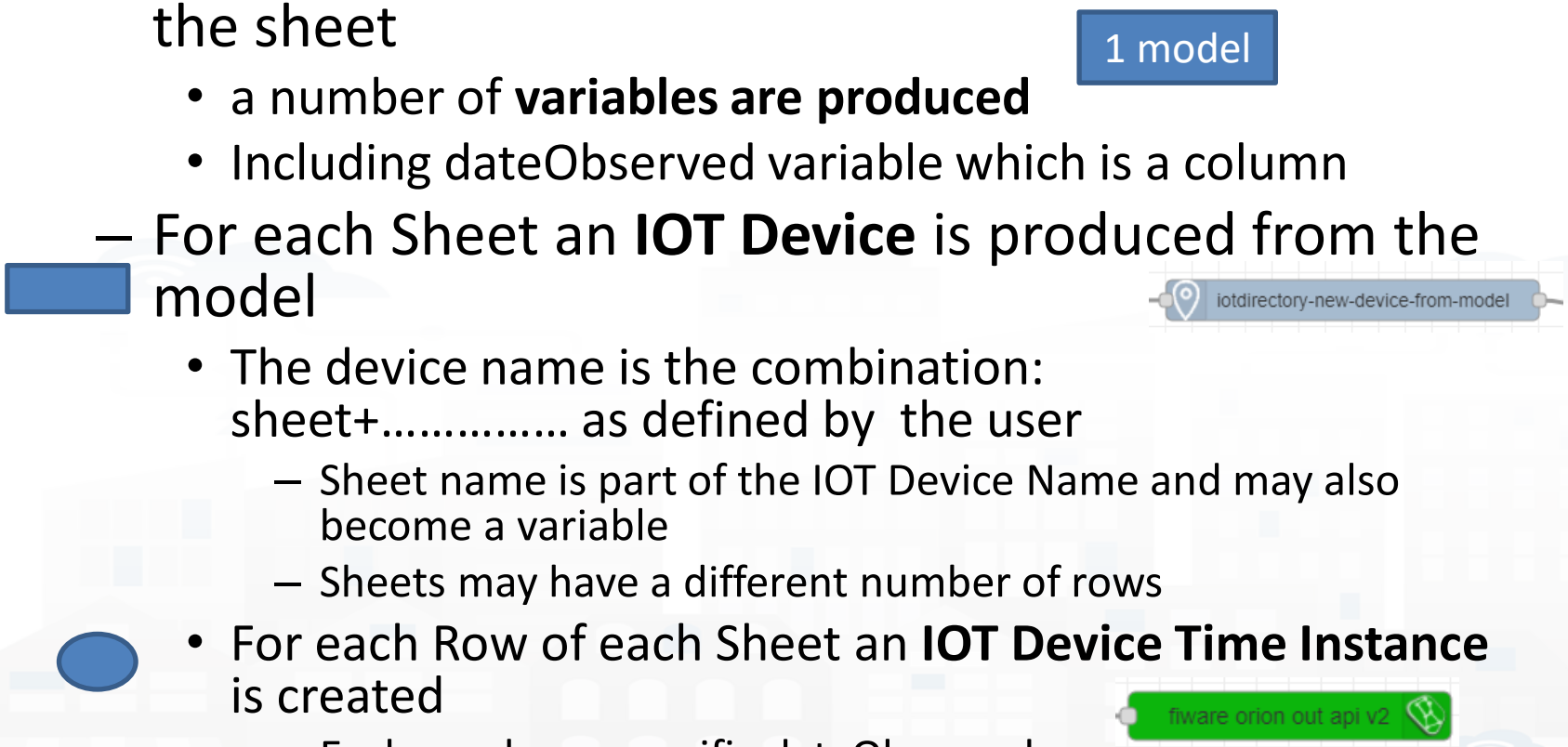


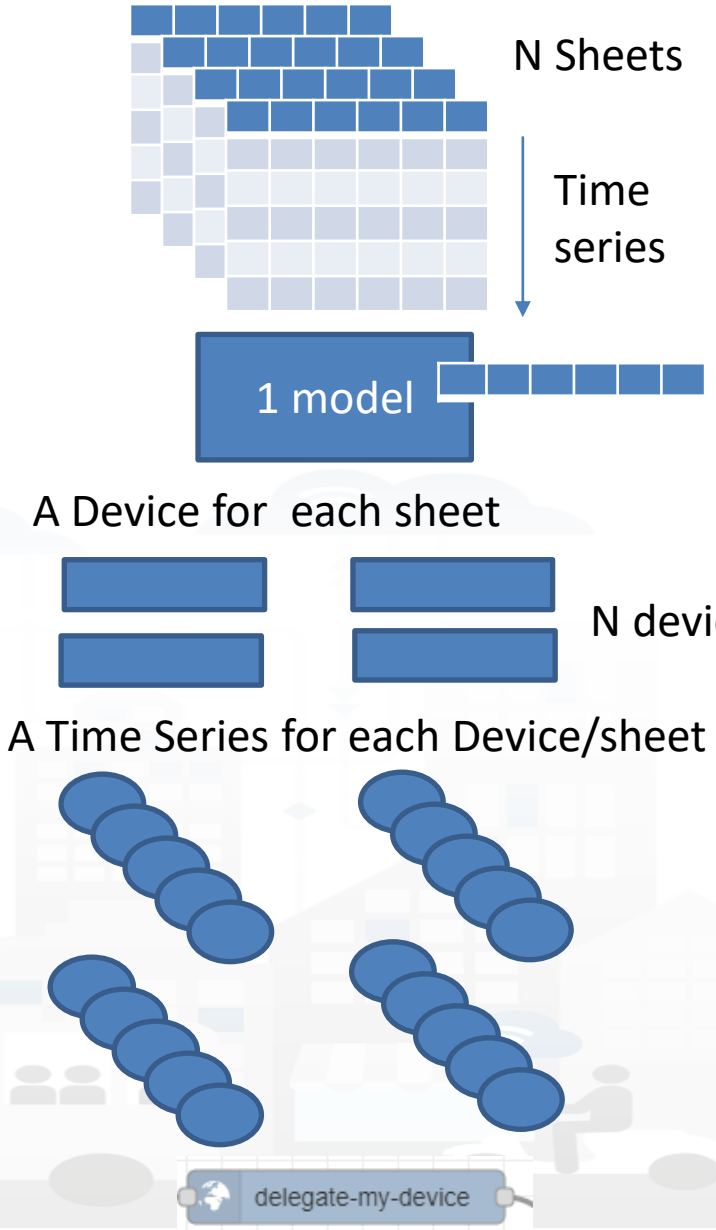
If this is the case!

1) The Schema of the sheet**s** is becoming an IoT Device Model
2) Each single Sheet is becoming a single IoT Device
3) The row in the single Sheet are becoming instances of the corresponding IoT Device

Row Case

- One **dateObserved for each Row of each Sheet**, multiple sheets with the same structure
  - An **IOT Device Model** is created for the structure of the sheet
    - a number of **variables are produced**
    - Including dateObserved variable which is a column
  - For each Sheet an **IOT Device** is produced from the model
    - The device name is the combination: sheet+…… as defined by the user
      - Sheet name is part of the IOT Device Name and may also become a variable
      - Sheets may have a different number of rows
    - For each Row of each Sheet an **IOT Device Time Instance** is created
      - Each row has a specific dateObserved
      - Each row has … other attributes as well





Example

Data from INSETE

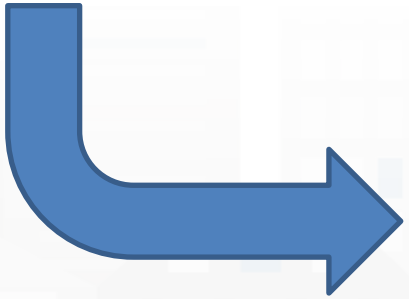
Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism

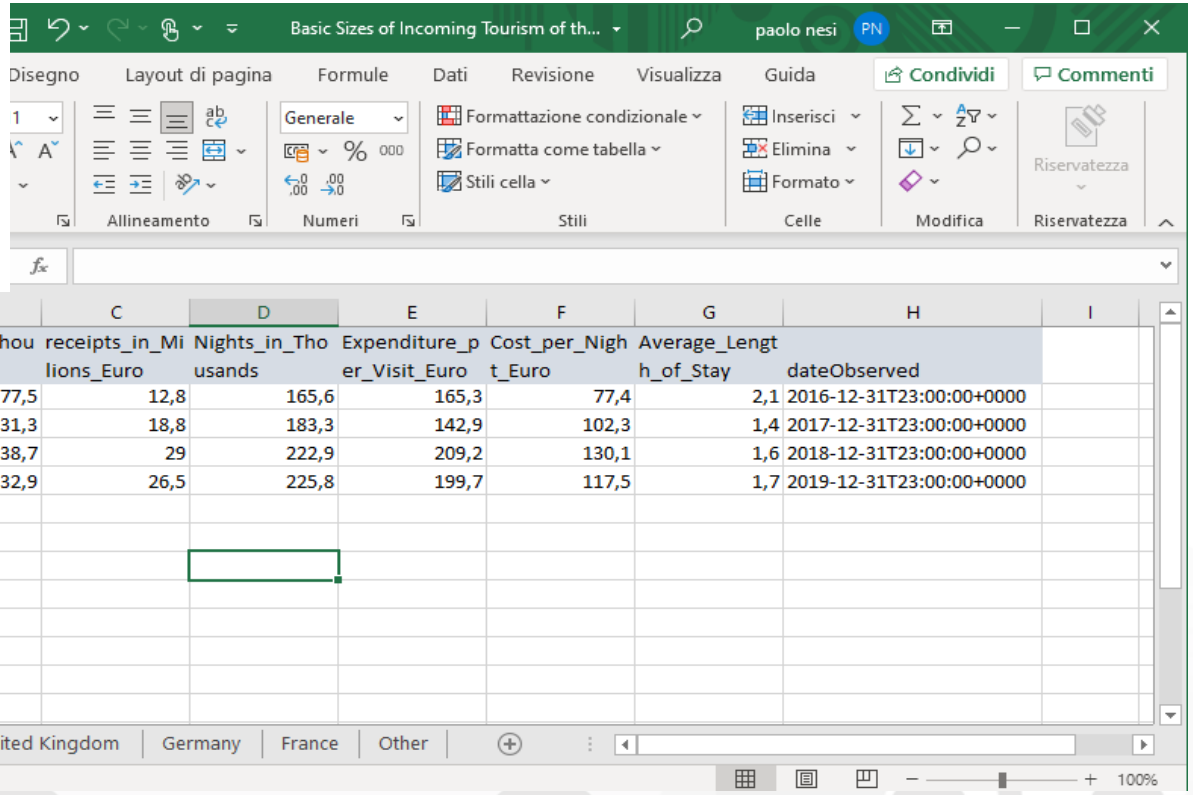
Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism of the Region of Western Greece 2019							
Regions	Countries Origin	Visits (in thousands)	Receipts (in € million)	Nights (in thousands)	Expenditure / Visit (in €)	Cost / Night (in €)	Average Length of Stay
West Hellas	Albania	132.9	26.5	225.8	199.7	117.5	1.7
	United Kingdom	47.7	17.9	345.8	375.2	51.8	7.2
	Germany	70.3	36.4	672.4	517.9	54.1	9.6
	France	55.4	16.5	321.6	298.1	51.4	5.8
	Other	510.7	160.0	2,964.9	313.3	54.0	5.8
	Total	**817.0**	**257.4**	**4,530.4**	**315.0**	**56.8**	**5.5**
	% of the total	**2.2%**	**1.5%**	**1.9%**			

Source: BoG Border Research, INSETE Intelligence Editing

Basic Sizes of Incoming Tourism of the Region of Western Greece 2018							
Regions	Countries of Origin	Visits (in thousands)	Receipts (in € million)	Nights (in thousands)	Expenditure / Visit (in €)	Cost / Night (in €)	Average Length of Stay
West Greece	Albania	138.7	29.0	222.9	209.2	130.1	1.6
	United Kingdom	42.6	13.5	180.6	317.6	74.9	4.2
	Germany	71.3	26.0	466.5	365.1	55.8	6.5
	France	44.2	13.5	262.9	304.7	51.2	6.0
	Other	402.5	129.8	2,050.7	322.4	63.3	5.1
	Total	**699.2**	**211.8**	**3,183.5**	**302.9**	**66.5**	**4.6**
	% of the total	**2.0%**	**1.4%**	**1.4%**			







	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I
1	Region	Visits_in_Thousands	receipts_in_Millions_Euro	Nights_in_Thousands	Expenditure_per_Visit_Euro	Cost_per_Night_Euro	Average_Length_of_Stay	dateObserved	
2	West Greece	77,5	12,8	165,6	165,3	77,4	2,1	2016-12-31T23:00:00+0000	
3	West Greece	131,3	18,8	183,3	142,9	102,3	1,4	2017-12-31T23:00:00+0000	
4	West Greece	138,7	29	222,9	209,2	130,1	1,6	2018-12-31T23:00:00+0000	
5	West Greece	132,9	26,5	225,8	199,7	117,5	1,7	2019-12-31T23:00:00+0000	
6									
7									
8									
9									
10									
11									
12									
13									

Albania | United Kingdom | Germany | France | Other

Resulted Data Table Loaded by Row Model

		Value Type												
		geolocation	Count	price	Count	price	price	duration	timestamp					
		Value Unit												
		text	K#	Meuro	K#	euro	euro	day	timestamp					
		Data Type												
		string	float	float	float	float	float	float	time					
Device Name	Sheet Name	Region	Visits_in_Thousands	receipts_in_Milions_Euro	Nights_in_Thousands	Expenditure_per_Visit_Euro	Cost_per_Night_Euro	Average_Length_of_Stay	dateObserved	Latitude	Longitude	Nature	Sub-Nature	Context Broker
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Albania	Albania	West Greece	77.5	12.8	165.6	165.3	77.4	2.1	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Albania	Albania	West Greece	131.3	18.8	183.3	142.9	102.3	1.4	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Albania	Albania	West Greece	138.7	29	222.9	209.2	130.1	1.6	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Albania	Albania	West Greece	132.9	26.5	225.8	199.7	117.5	1.7	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__UnitedKingdom	United Kingdom	West Greece	48.1	17.4	373.1	362.6	46.8	7.8	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__UnitedKingdom	United Kingdom	West Greece	49.7	20	290.5	402.5	68.8	5.8	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__UnitedKingdom	United Kingdom	West Greece	42.6	13.5	180.6	317.6	74.9	4.2	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__UnitedKingdom	United Kingdom	West Greece	47.7	17.9	345.8	375.2	51.8	7.2	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Germany	Germany	West Greece	42.5	13.6	237.9	319.2	57	5.6	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Germany	Germany	West Greece	46.5	15	320.3	323.6	47	6.9	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Germany	Germany	West Greece	71.3	26	466.5	365.1	55.8	6.5	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Germany	Germany	West Greece	70.3	36.4	672.4	517.9	54.1	9.6	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__France	France	West Greece	36.3	12.1	173.3	334.7	70.1	4.8	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__France	France	West Greece	34.7	14.7	213.7	424.8	69	6.2	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__France	France	West Greece	44.2	13.5	262.9	304.7	51.2	6	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__France	France	West Greece	55.4	16.5	321.6	298.1	51.4	5.8	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Other	Other	West Greece	308.9	89.5	1791.9	289.8	50	5.8	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Other	Other	West Greece	301.3	90.3	1810.8	299.7	49.9	6	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__Other	Other	West Greece	402.5	129.8	2050.7	322.4	63.3	5.1	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00	38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI

Requested information if not provided

GeoLocation to assign at the city or area

- Latitude
- Longitude

Classification to simplify the search

- Nature
- Subnature

Broker is assigned automatically on the basis of Organization / tenant

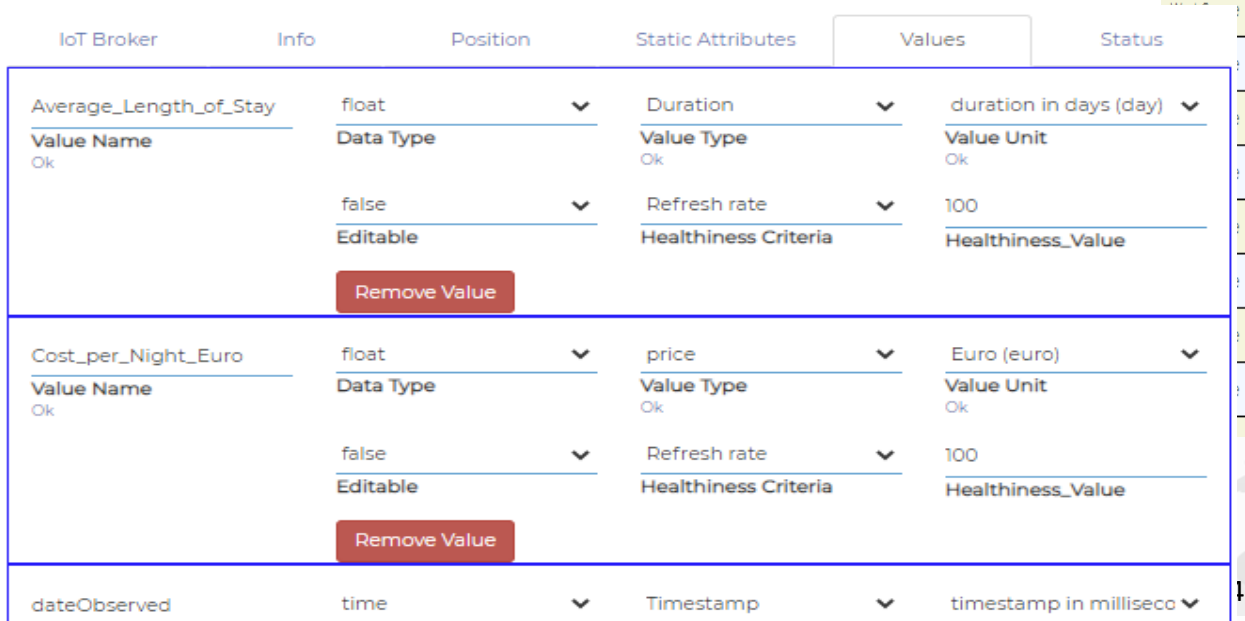
Latitude	Longitude	Nature	Sub-Nature	Context Broker
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI
38.2384	21.7385	TourismService	Travel_information	orionWestGreece-UNIFI

Variables of the Device

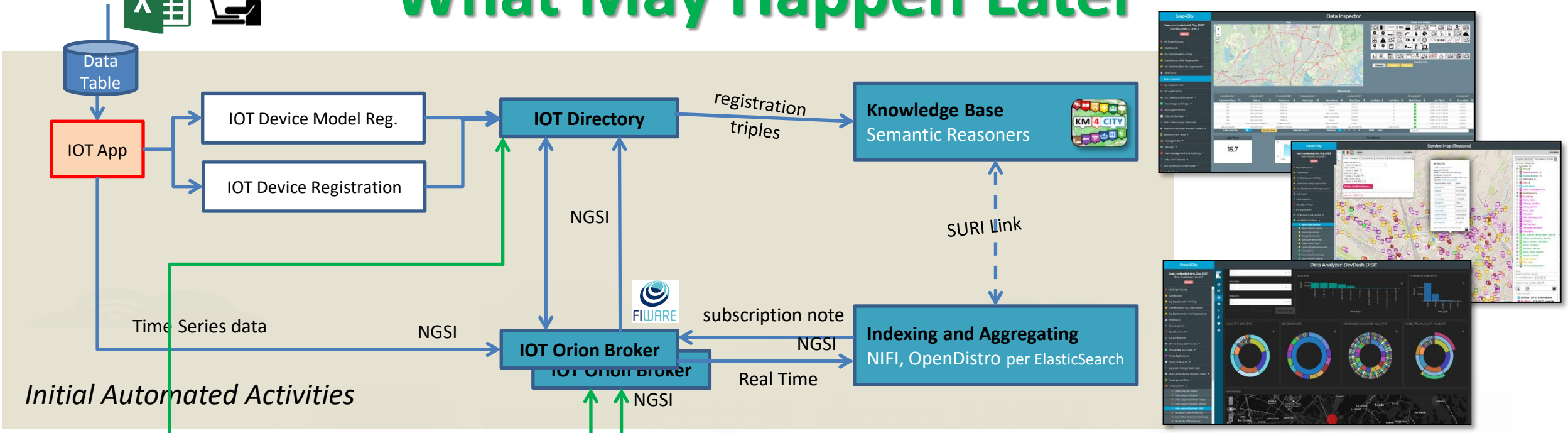
- dateObserved for Time Series, UNIQUE!
- Variables have to be assigned to:
  - Value Type, Value Unit, Data Type
- For example for Device

BasicSizesofIncomingTourismoftheRegionofWesternGreece.xlsx__UnitedKingdomb

Value Type							
geolocation	Count	price	Count	price	price	duration	timestamp
Value Unit							
text	K#	Meuro	K#	euro	euro	day	timestamp
Data Type							
string	float	float	float	float	float	float	time
Region	Visits_in_Thousands	receipts_in_Milions_Euro	Nights_in_Thousands	Expenditure_per_Visit_Euro	Cost_per_Night_Euro	Average_Length_of_Stay	dateObserved
West Greece	77.5	12.8	165.6	165.3	77.4	2.1	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	131.3	18.8	183.3	142.9	102.3	1.4	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	138.7	29	222.9	209.2	130.1	1.6	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	132.9	26.5	225.8	199.7	117.5	1.7	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	48.1	17.4	373.1	362.6	46.8	7.8	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	49.7	20	290.5	402.5	68.8	5.8	2017-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	42.6	13.5	180.6	317.6	74.9	4.2	2018-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	47.7	17.9	345.8	375.2	51.8	7.2	2019-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00
	42.5	13.6	237.9	319.2	57	5.6	2016-12-31T12:00:00.000+02:00



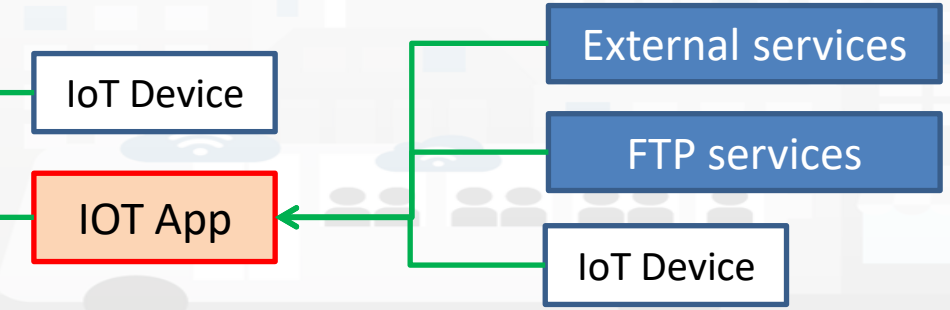
What May Happen Later



A) User may Add data on IoT Directory Tool (time series)

B) IoT Device may send additional data (time Series) on Broker

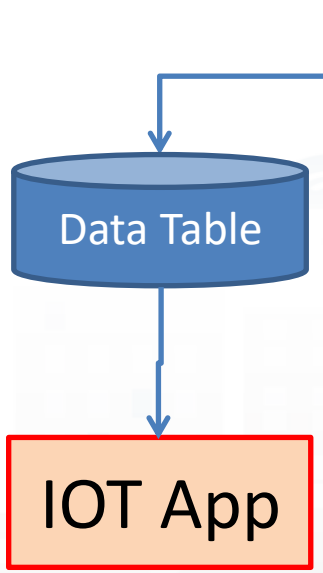
C) Other IoT Apps may get / produce and load additional Data (time Series)

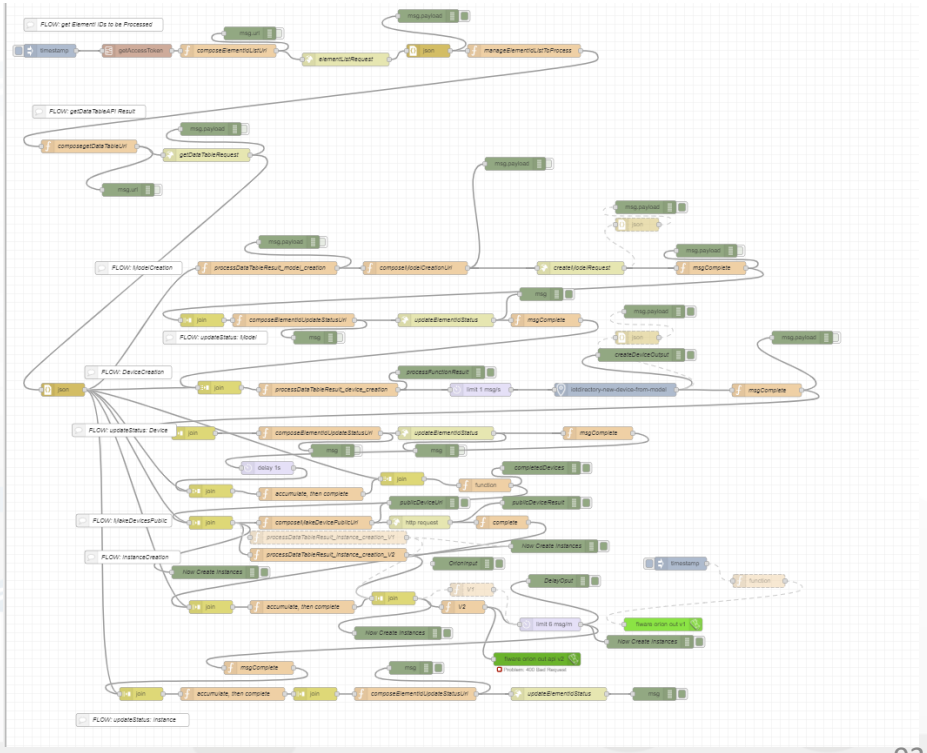


Notes on the implementation

- The Data Table Loader has been developed in PHP to interact with the user to regularize data in ingestion, request missing information, etc., and finally to save this information on a **DataTable** in MySQL
  - A Status for data ingestion is defined, managed, evolved
- **The IoT App** gets the data and when possible and needed: creates the IoT Device Modes, IoT Devices, and IoT Device Instances (time series)
- Any AreaManager can upload DataTable sets but only specific dedicated responsible users for data upload can actually load. We suggest one.
  - Each of them is becoming the owner and responsible of the IOT App process, which can be customized also, and of the IoT Device Model, IoT Device.

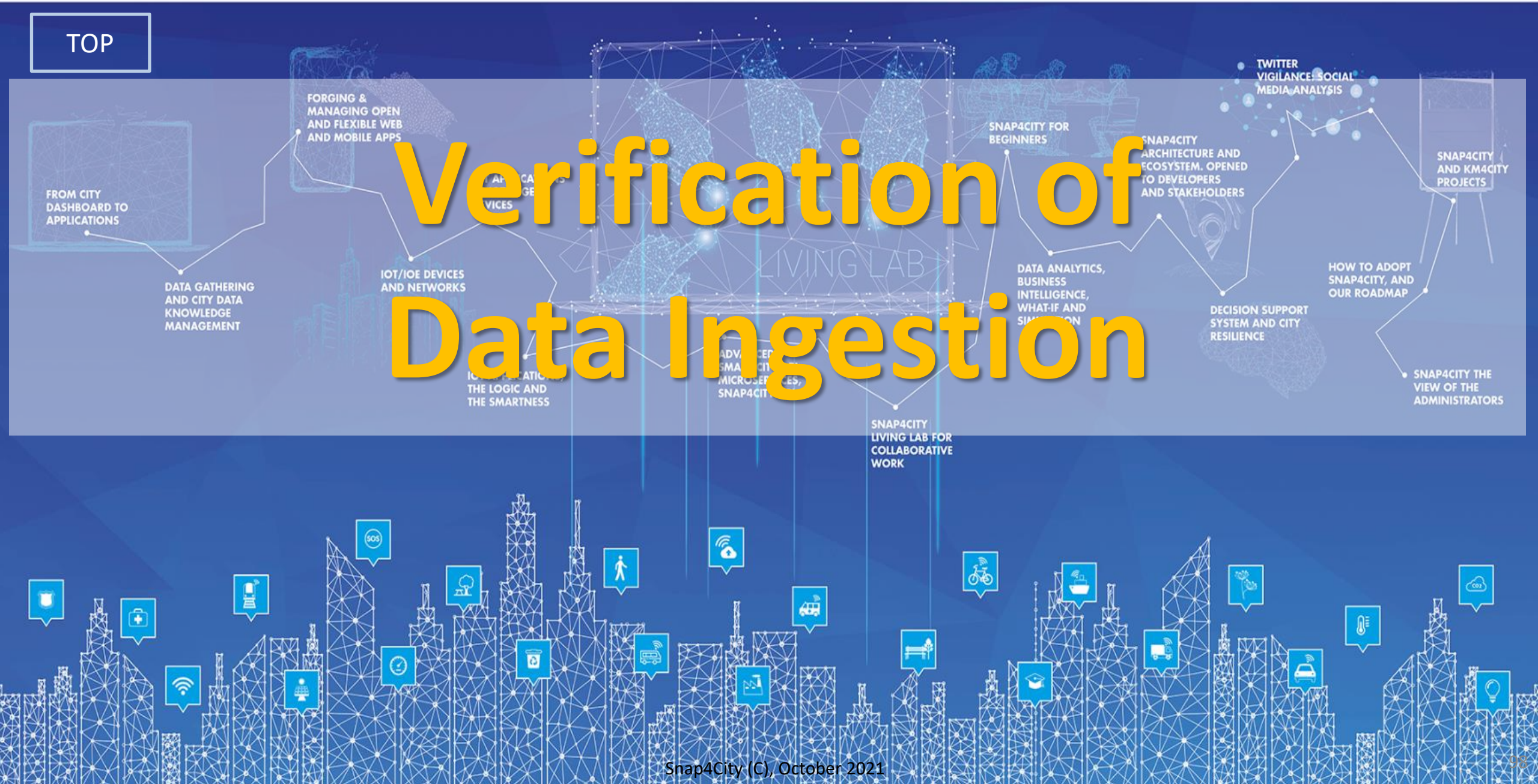




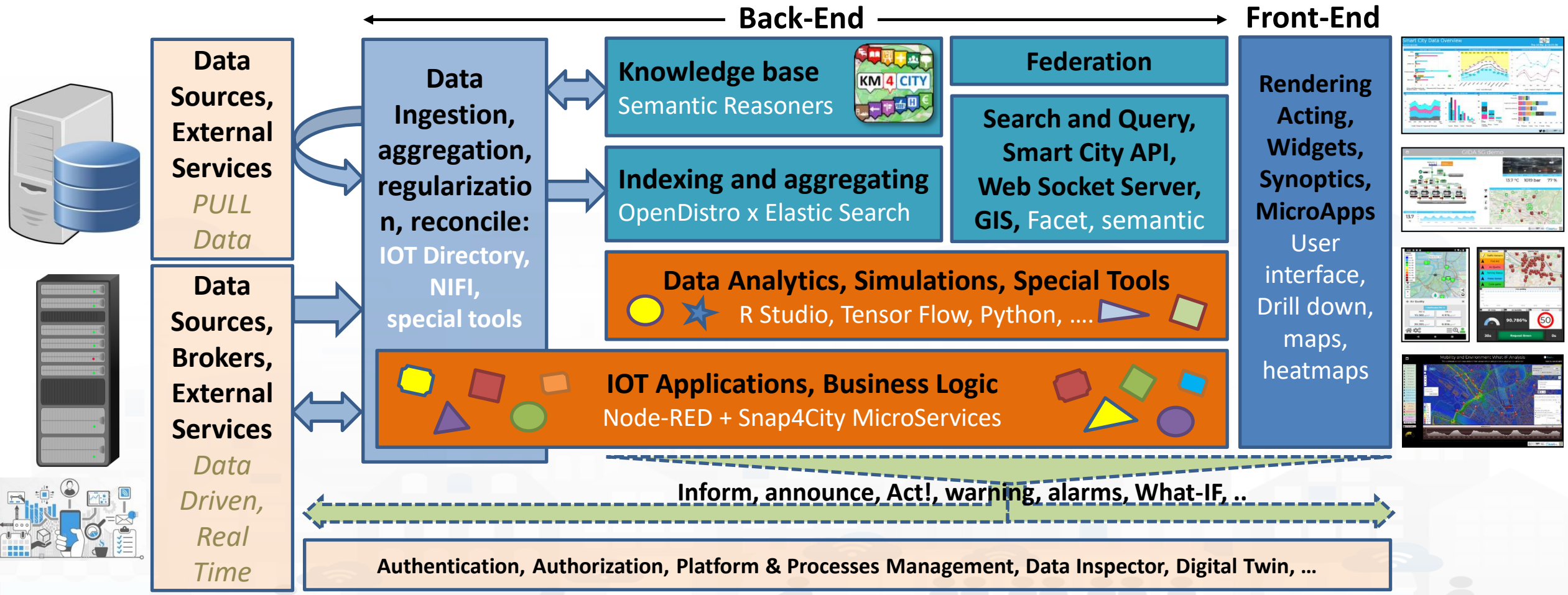


TOP

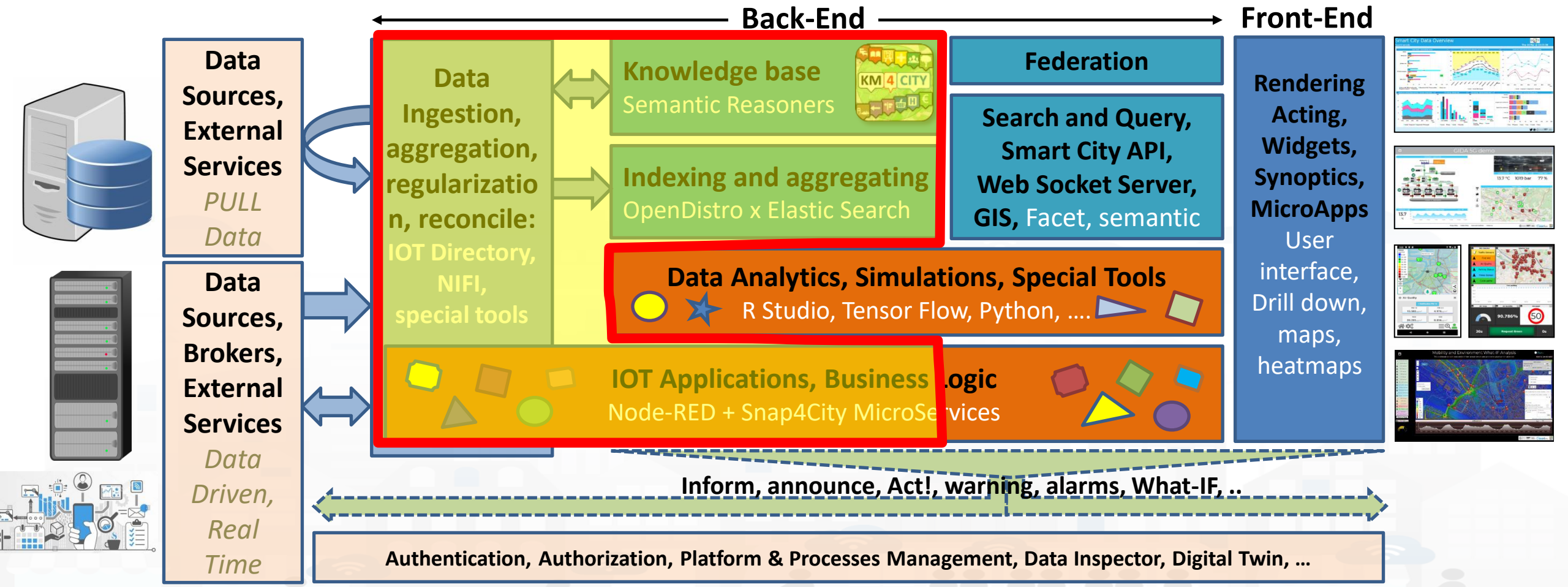
Verification of Data Ingestion



Snap4City, Snap4Industry Architecture, V2



Snap4City, Snap4Industry Architecture, V2

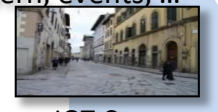


Smart City Functional Architecture

Transport systems
Mobility, parking



Public Services,
Govern, events, …



Sensors, IOT Cameras,
Wi-Fi



Environment, Water,
energy

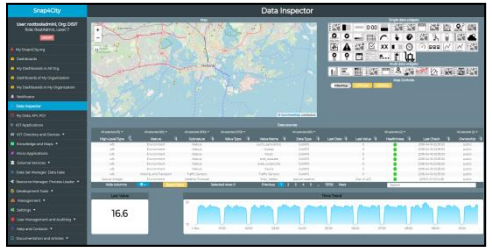


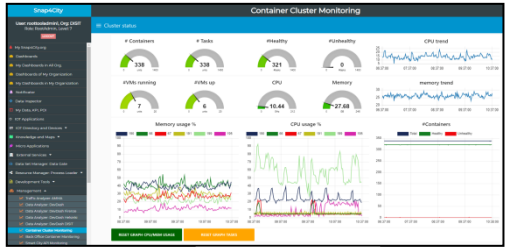
Shops, services,
operators

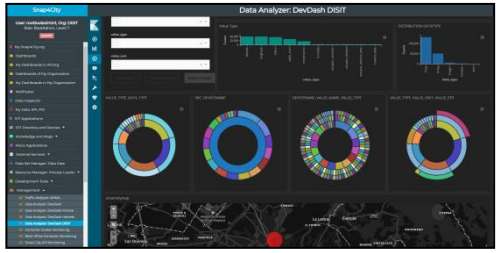


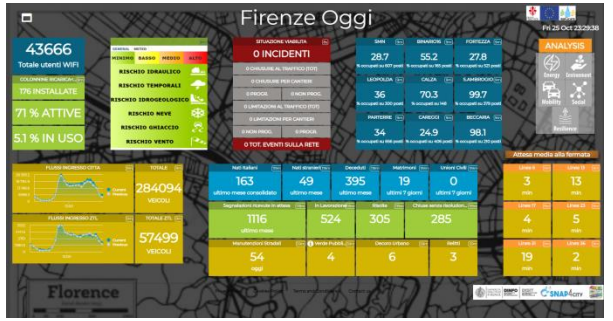
Social Media

Social Media Crawler and Manager









Back-End ← → Front-End

Data Sources, External Services *PULL Data*

Data Sources, Brokers, External Services *Data Driven, Real Time*

Data Ingestion, aggregation, regularization, reconcile: IOT Directory, NIFI, special tools

Knowledge base Semantic Reasoners

Indexing and aggregating Elastic Search

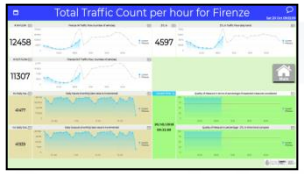
Federation

Search and Query, Smart City API, Web Socket Server, GIS, Facet, semantic

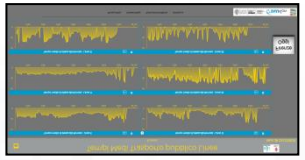
Data Analytics, Simulations, Special Tools R Studio, Tensor Flow, Python, ….

IOT Applications, Business Logic Node-RED + Snap4City MicroServices

Rendering Acting, Widgets, Synoptics, MicroApps User interface, Drill down, maps, heatmaps

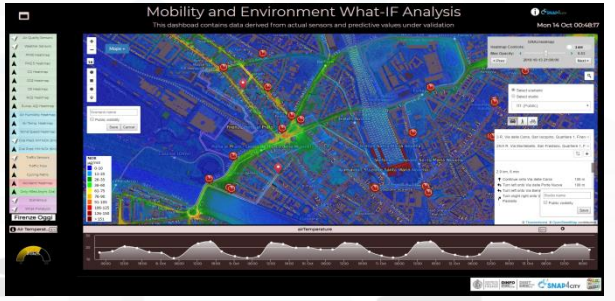








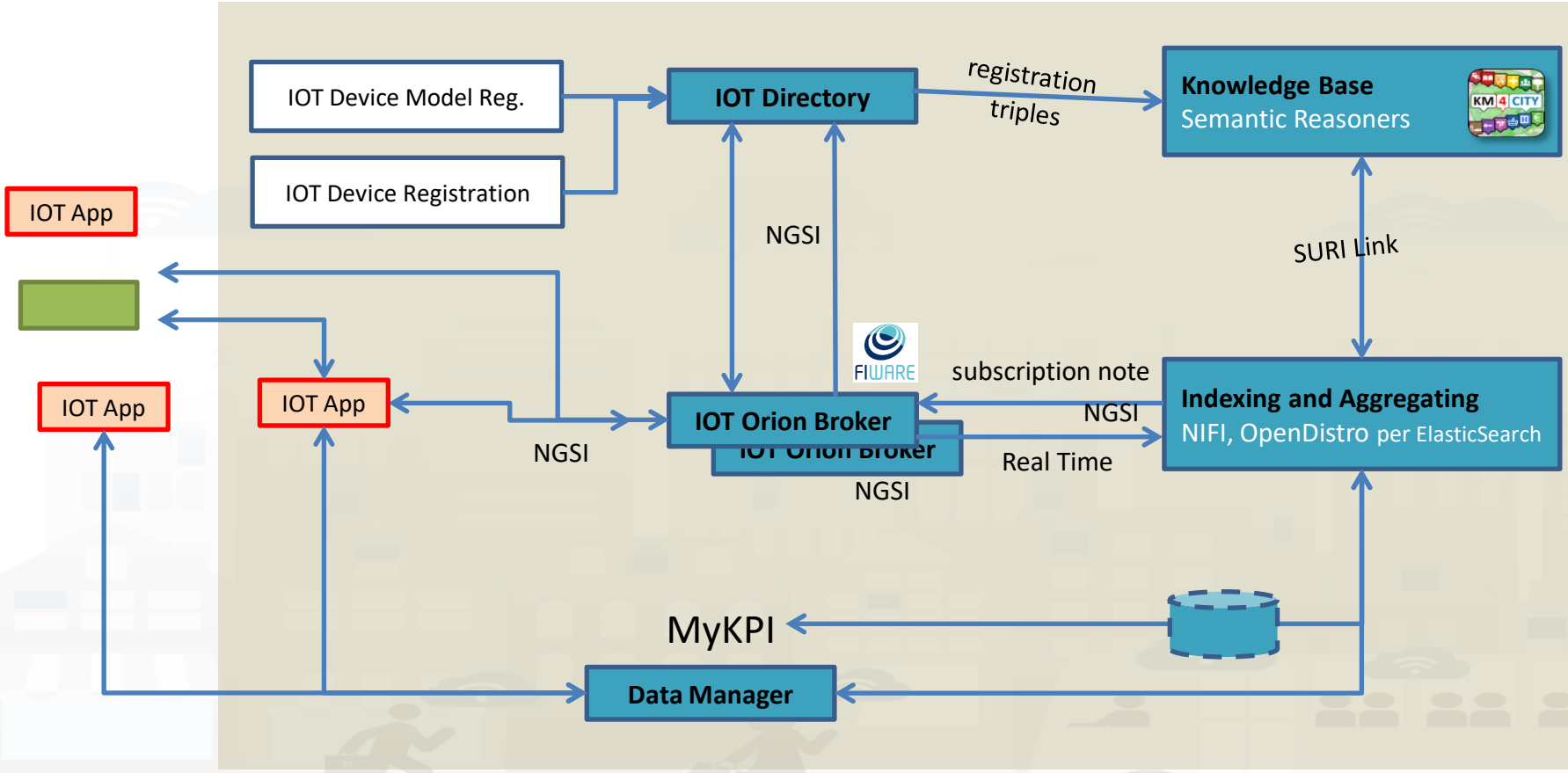




Inform, announce, Act!, warning, alarms, What-IF, ..

Authentication, Authorization, Platform & Processes Management, Data Inspector, Digital Twin, …

Main IoT Data In/Out flows





From FAQ

Which are the mechanisms to send data into the Open Distro Elastic Search?

The in place mechanisms to send data on elastic search are

- (i) passing from an IOT Broker registered on IoT Directory, and thus directly registered on NIFI which will be registered to all the events arriving on the Broker,
- this feeding is automated if the IoT device (physical or virtual) is registered on IoT Broker and thus on IoT Directory and NIFI
- (ii) providing data as MyKPI deciding their storage on ES at level of root admin, also in this case, the feeding is automatic
- (iii) automatically from Data Table Loder that takes info and data from an excel file and generates IoT Devices and data, creating automatically data model, registered IoT Devices, and time series

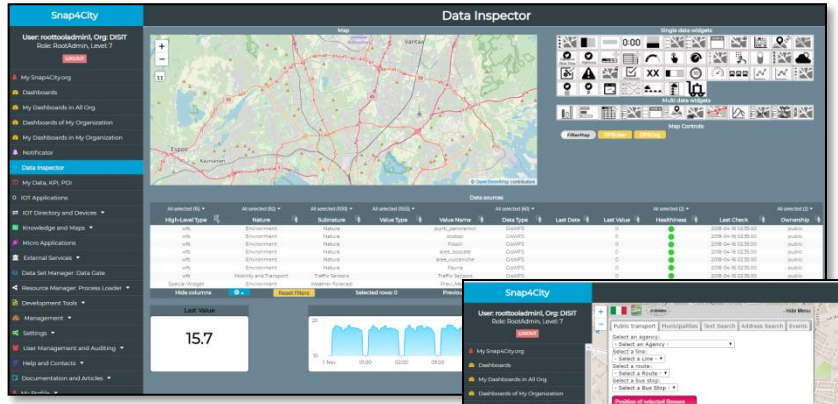
In all cases, the feeding can be performed via IoT App, or via API, or Manually generate the single instance. For IoT Devices via IoT directory, and for MyKPI, via MyKPI manager.

Checking data ingestion results

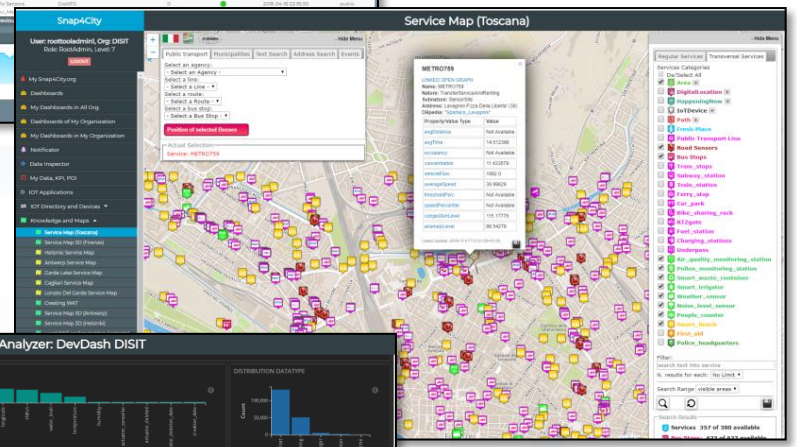
Knowledge base
Semantic reasoners

- All searches
- Metata
- Structure
- Last values of IOT Dev
- GTFS
- Only public IOT Dev

- **Data Inspector**
- **ServiceMap**, SCAPI
  - LOG / LOD viewer
  - Super Service Map
- IOT Directory
- SCAPI: Swagger
- IOT Broker



Data Inspector
Digital Twin view

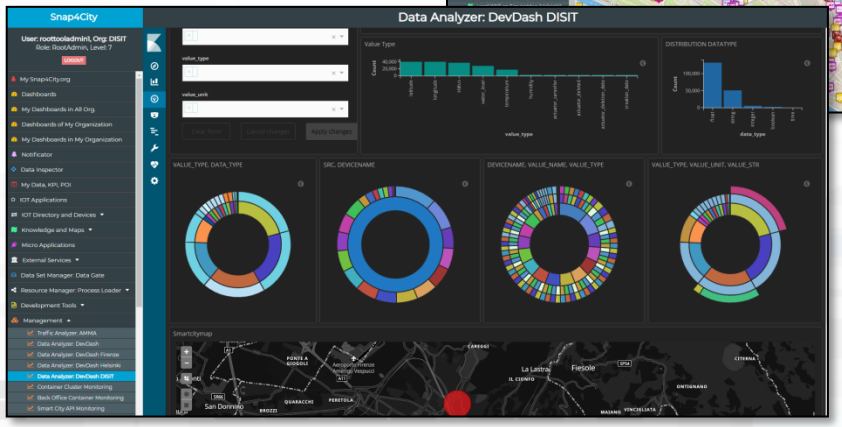


ServiceMap

Indexing and aggregating
OpenDistro x Elastic search

- Faceted search
- Geo search
- Time Series
- Private and Public

- **Data Inspector**
- **ServiceMap**, SCAPI
- **My Data Dashboard** (Kibana), DevDash
- OpenDistro x Elastic Search

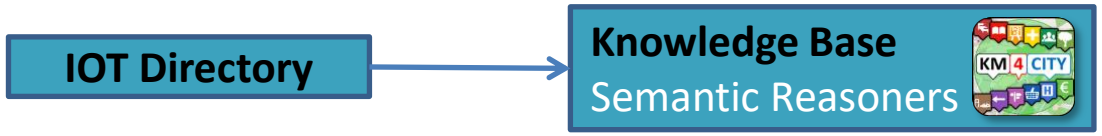


My Data Dashboard
DevDash

Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

Verification of Data Ingestion Process

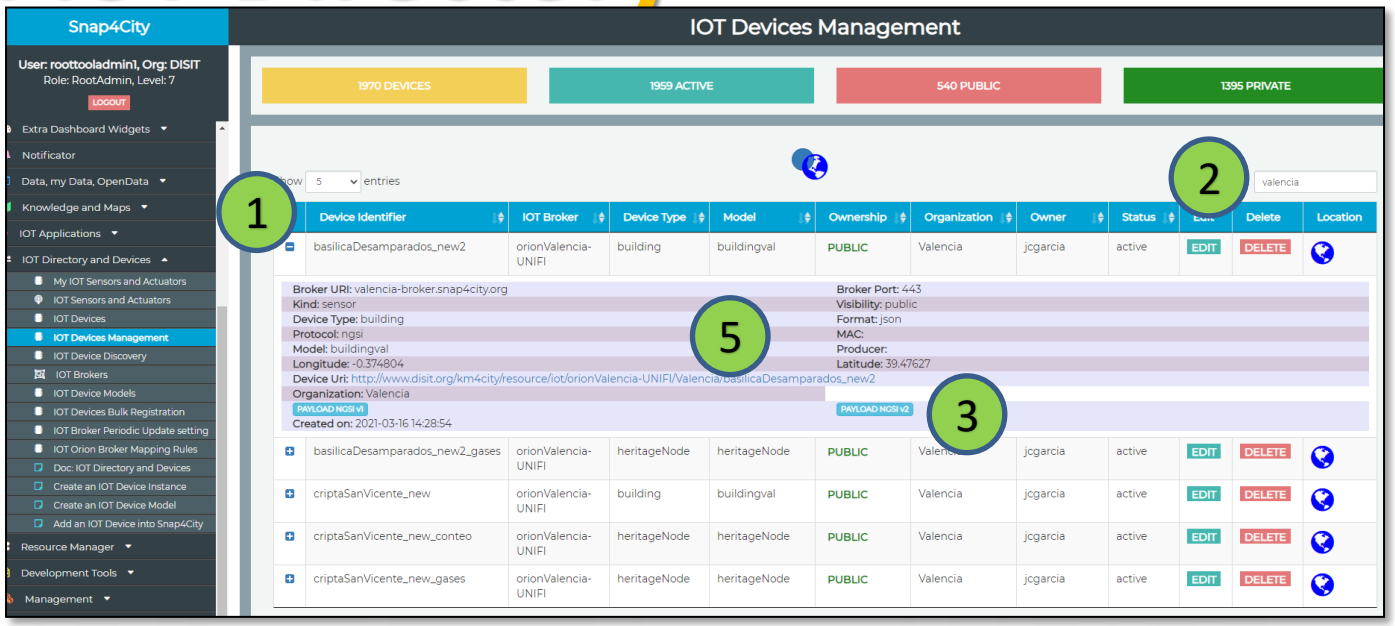
- **Verify that**
  - **IOT Device Creation** see it on
    - IOT Directory, IOT Devices list
    - Service Map if the device is Public
    - Data Inspector if the device is public and/or private
      - You can see the trend to see the time series and last value from the pin on map of the Data Inspector
    - Dashboards…… you can create a specific one using the Dashboard Wizard
  - **IOT Device Data (time series)** see them on
    - IOT Broker, via …… A dedicated services is coming….
    - Service Map if the device is Public
    - Data Inspector, this means that the data are on Storage
      - You can see the trend to see the time series and last value from the pin on map of the Data Inspector
    - Dashboards…… you can create a specific one using the Dashboard Wizard



Verify on IoT Directory

1. Verify the presence of the IoT Device you created
2. Verify the structure of the device by edit tool
3. See the NGSI V2 JSON format to be used on sending data msgs

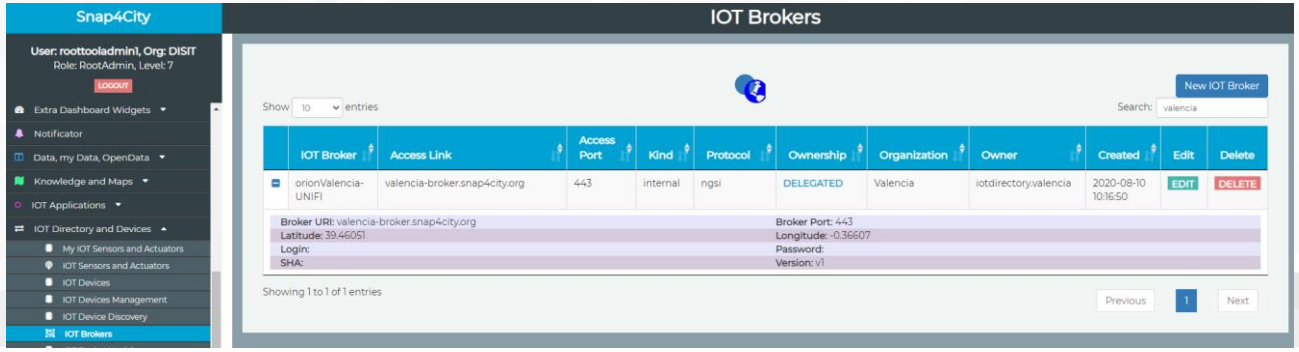
4. Call the IoT Broker to see the last data on it (some user name and Pwd can be needed)
   - Get the Broker Name from the device profile
5. See next slide



Broker service URL such as

-- https://www.snap4city.org/brokername/v2/entities

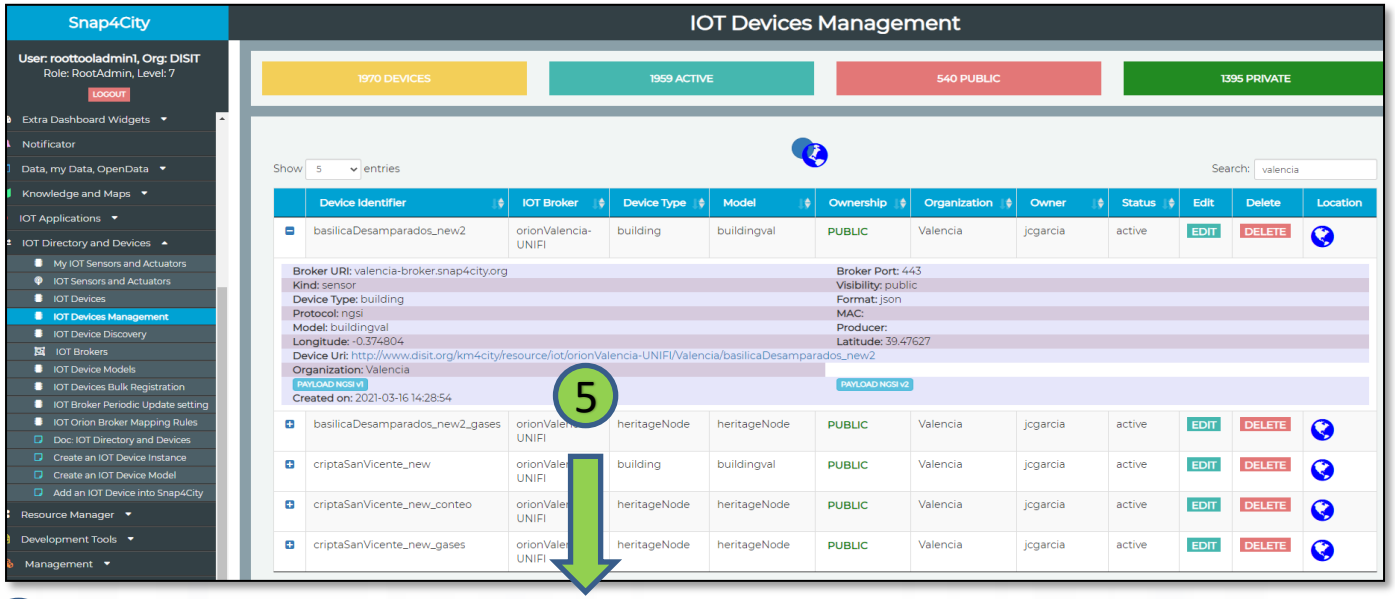
-- http:// brokername.snap4city.org/v2/entities/



Verify on Knowledge Base

5. Click on ServiceURI (device URI) to Open in a new TAB the data sent on the KB

6. If your device is Public and you have sent data → the list of the last data from OpenDistro x Elastic Search querying from KB will appear as:



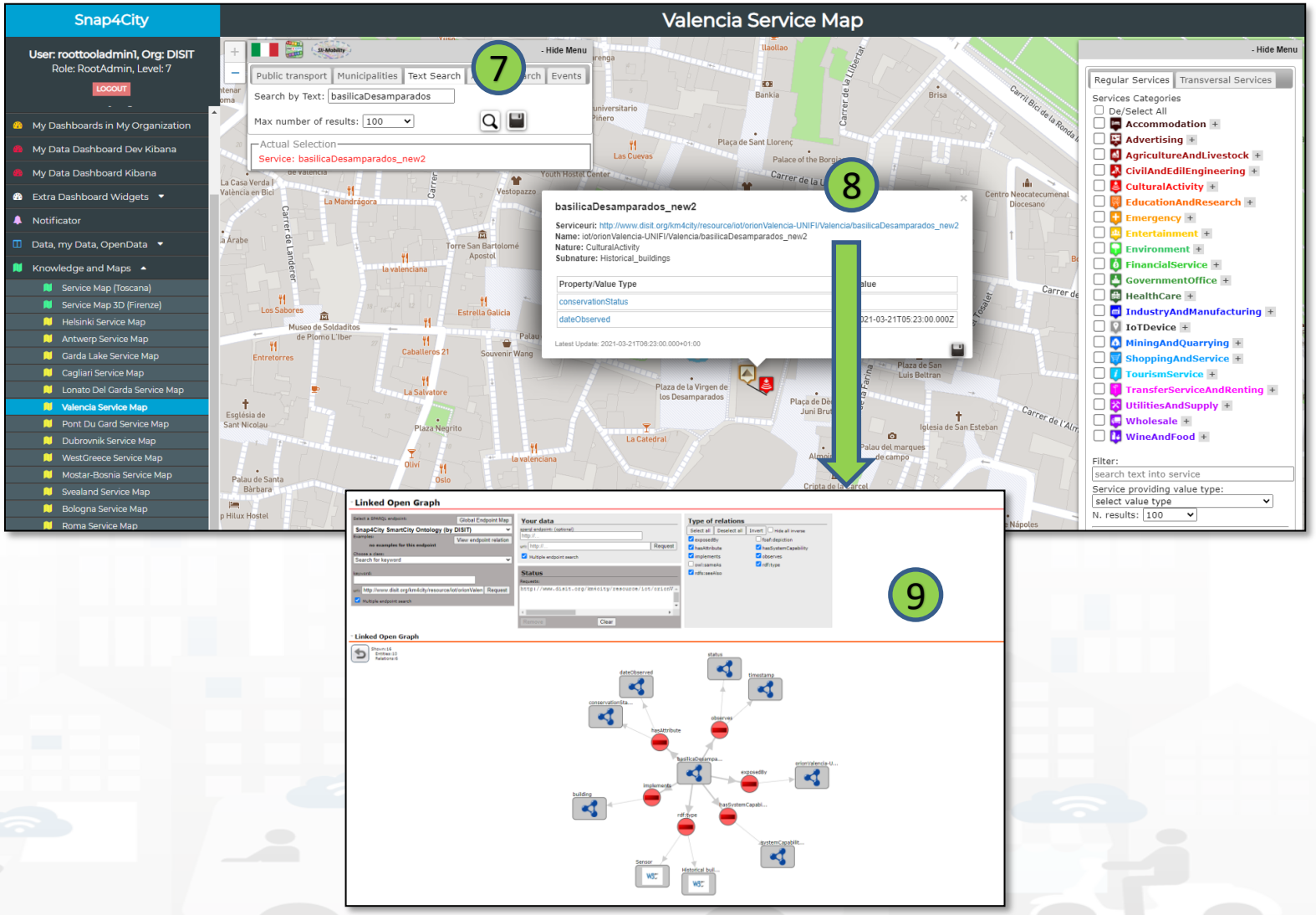
6

Non sicuro | disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionValencia-UNIFI/Valencia/basilicaDesamparados_new2

p	o
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.w3.org/ns/sosa/Sensor
http://www.w3.org/1999/02/22-rdf-syntax-ns#type	http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#Historical_buildings
http://www.w3.org/ns/ssn/implements	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/building
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#hasAttribute	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionValencia-UNIFI/Valencia/basilicaDesamparados_new2/conservationStatus
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#hasAttribute	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionValencia-UNIFI/Valencia/basilicaDesamparados_new2/dateObserved
http://www.w3.org/ns/sosa/observes	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/value_type/status
http://www.w3.org/ns/sosa/observes	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/value_type/timestamp
http://www.w3.org/ns/ssn/hasSystemCapability	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionValencia-UNIFI/Valencia/basilicaDesamparados_new2/systemCapability
http://purl.oclc.org/NET/UNIS/fiware/iot-lite#exposedBy	http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionValencia-UNIFI
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#protocol	"ngsi"
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#format	"json"
http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#long	-0.374804
http://schema.org/name	"basilicaDesamparados_new2"
http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#lat	39.47627
http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#geometry	"POINT(-0.374804 39.47627)"^^<http://www.openlinksw.com/schemas/virtrdf#Geometry>
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#model	"buildingval"
http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#organization	"Valencia"

Very data on KB via ServiceMap

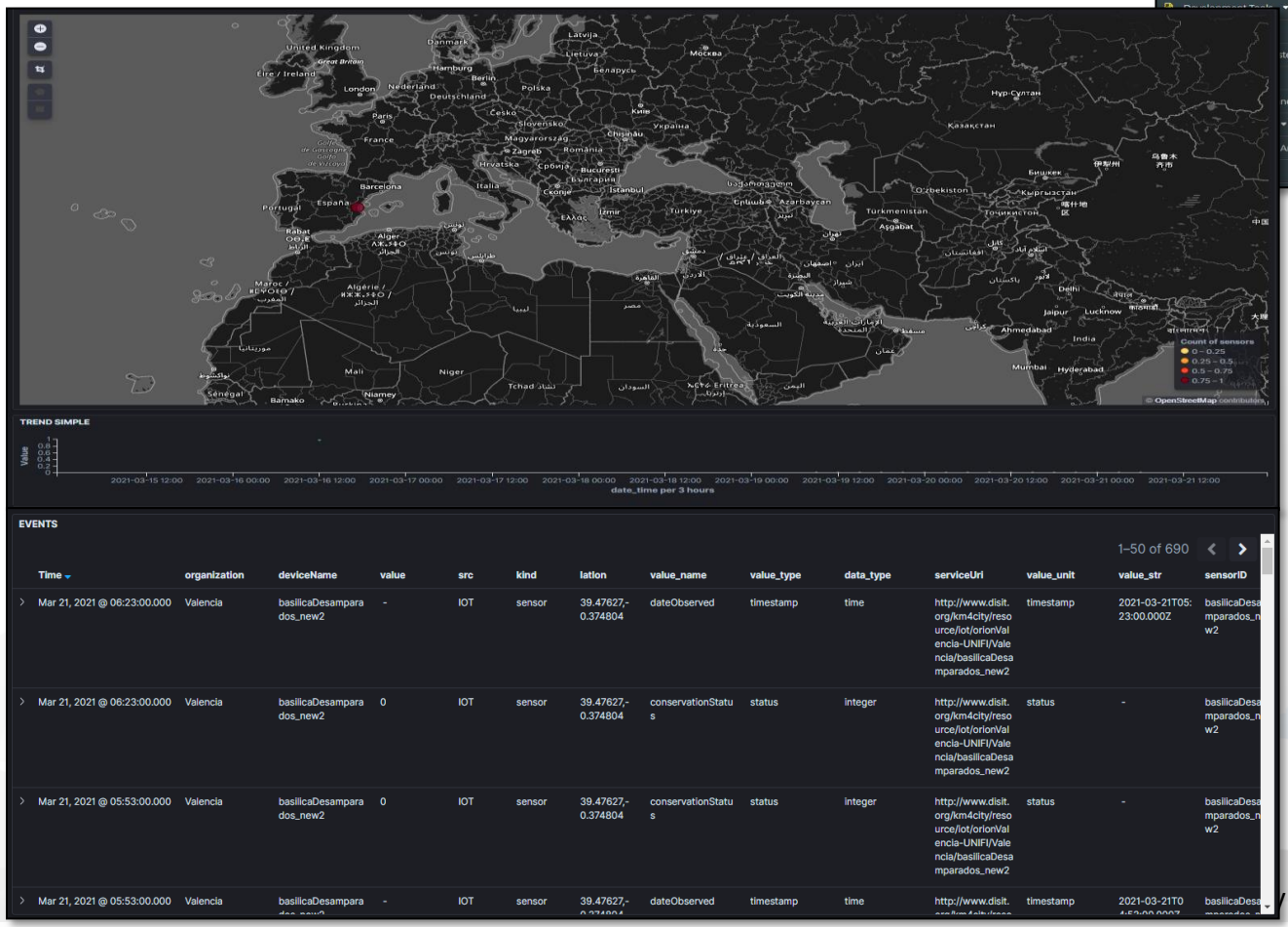
- 7) Verify on ServiceMa by Search on data location or by text name of the device
- 8) click on ServiceURI to jump on LOG.DISIT.ORG to see semantic structure 9

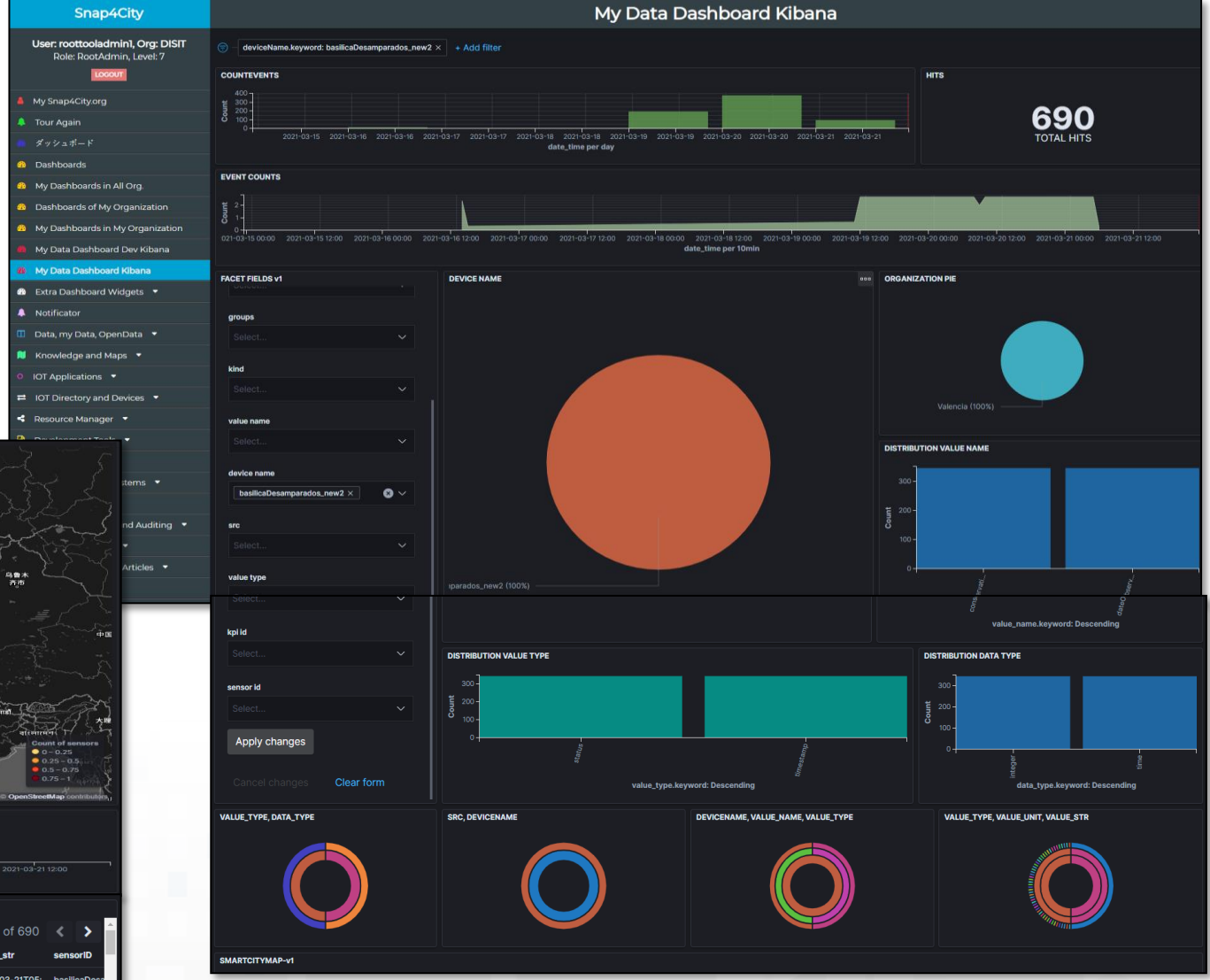


UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

Very data on ES Kibana

- Verify on OpenDistro x ElasticSearch on Kibana, My data Dash:





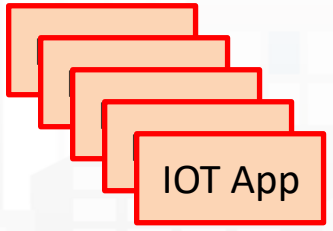
Additional Notes

- The **IOT Orion Brokers** can be feed by means of
  - **IOT App** of Snap4City (to implement Agents and/or Adapters)
  - **IOT Agents** and/or **NGSI Adapters** by FiWare for different protocols
  - **IOT Brokers** of any kind, different protocols and producers, also as Gateways, and they can be located on premise and/or on any cloud





- **IOT App, IOT Agents, Adapters** can
  - be on IOT Edge
  - be implemented as IOT App of Snap4City
  - be on other clouds and services
  - work on a large range of different protocols and kinds
  - have or not Snap4City libraries installed



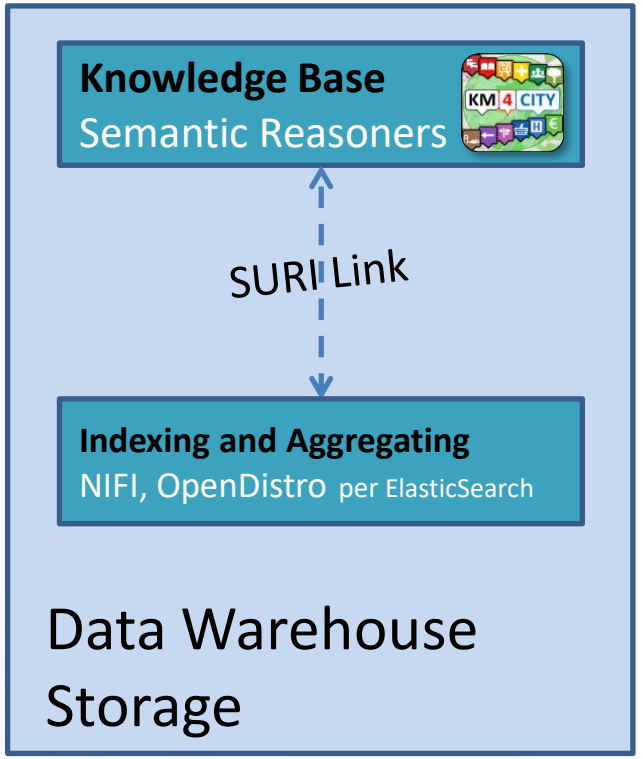
Additional Notes

- The **Internal IOT Orion Brokers** at Snap4City IOT Orion Broker are used as a gate for data ingestion and actuations. Since they are
  - connected with the IOT Directory and discovery of the Knowledge Base to make easy the production of Dashboards by wizard, Data Inspector;
  - Synchronized automatically with NIFI/OpenDistro x ElasticSearch for the Automated Data Shadow and Indexing
  - Ready to be used by IOT App to subscribe for creating even driven IOT Apps, on IOT Edge and Cloud, etc...
  - Compatible and harmonized with FiWare networks

Direct Ingestion

- **Direct Data Ingestion is also possible:**
  - **From data sources to Data Warehouse Storage of Snap4City, Snap4Industry**

- **Data Warehouse Storage includes:** KB, and I&A, reported on right side can be acted via API REST Call
  - for direct feeding data into store and retrieval,
  - which can be exploited by:
    - IOT Applications
    - applications in Python, R Studio, Java



Notation Terminology

WHERE	Are synonymous at level of service which can be IOT device or entity with data	Are synonymous at level of the single attribute of the entity, device, service, etc.
IOT Directory	IOT Device	Sensor, Actuator, Attributes, Values (value name)
Knowledge Base, ServiceMap, SmartCity API, ASCAPI	Service, ServiceURI, SURI	Attribute, Metric, SURI with metric
DataInspector, Wizard, Dashboard	ValueName (Model name, Category)	Sensor, Sensor Actuator, ValueType
IOT Applications, Node-RED	ServiceURI, SURI	SURI and its real time results of the objects into the data structure

How to access at SURI
See Part 3

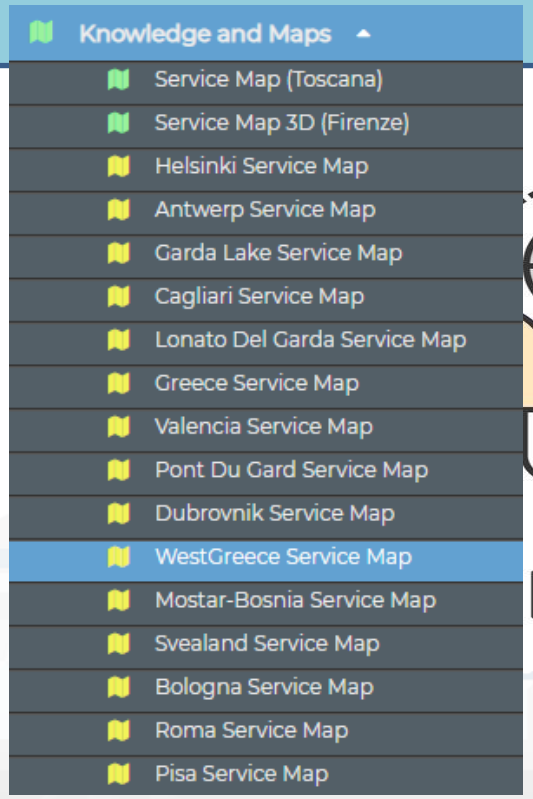
ServiceURI, SURI of a sensor device:

- http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/METRO759

ServiceURI, SURI extended with attribute:

- http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/METRO759&metric=vehicleFlow
- http%3A%2F%2Fwww.disit.org%2Fkm4city%2Fresource%2FMETRO759&metric=vehicleFlow
- In some cases
  - http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/METRO759/vehicleFlow

Usage of the ServiceMap and Knowledge Base Browsing

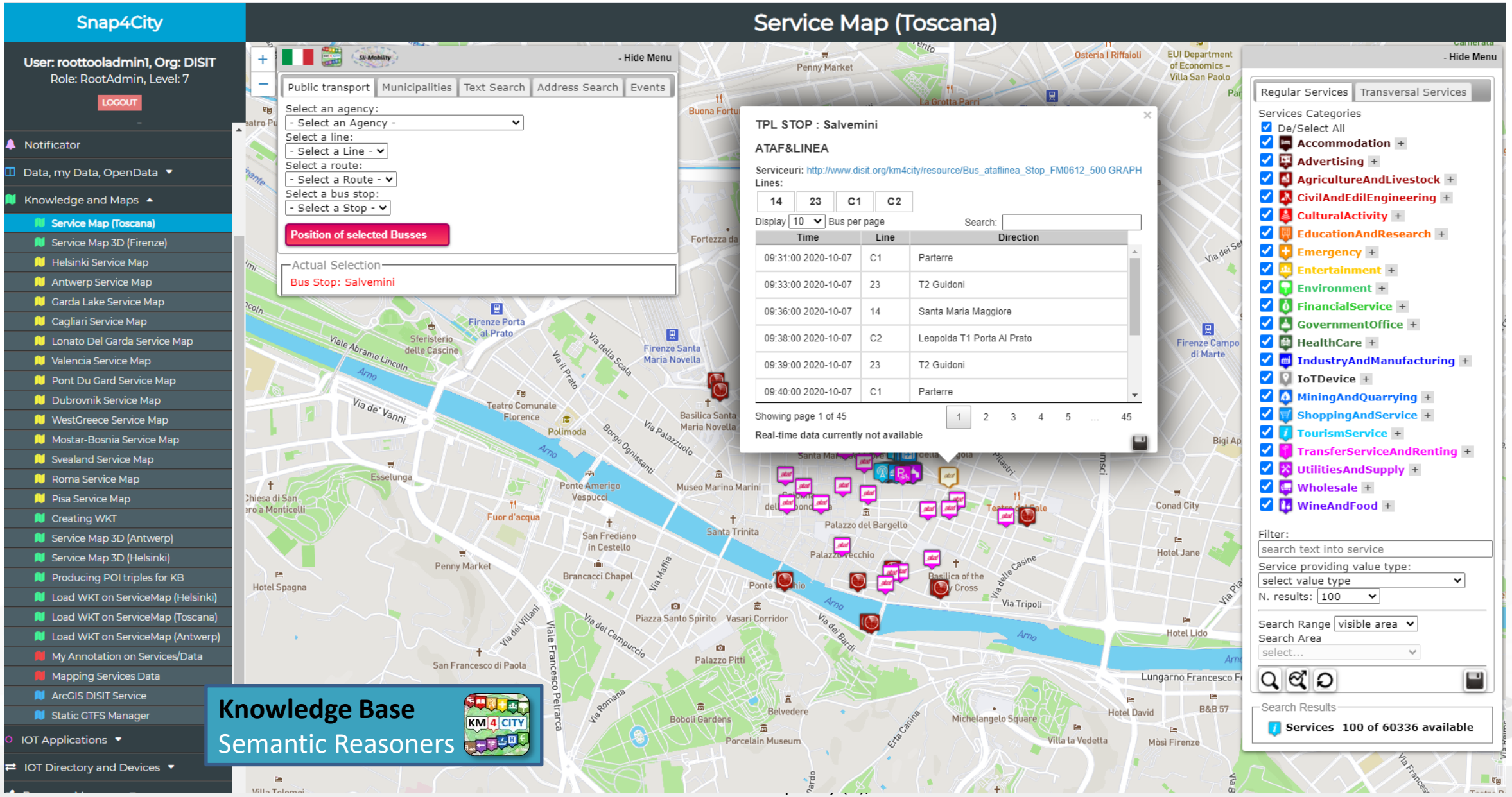




UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

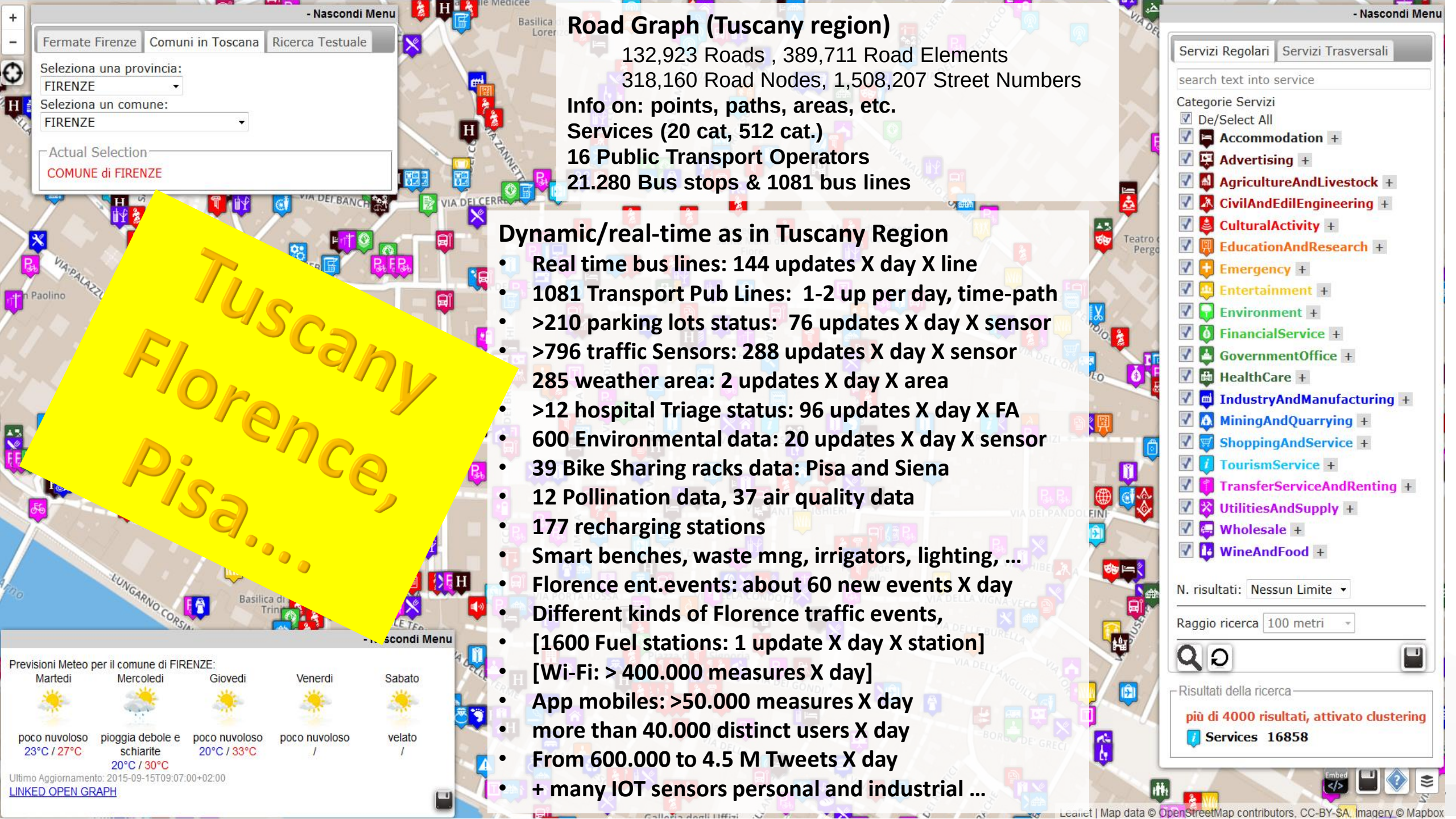
ServiceMaps

SNAP4CITY | KM4CITY



Semantic modeling

- **Km4City is the reference ontology for Snap4City,** It allows to:
  - keep connected city entities each other:
    - Semantic Index, reticular
    - Perform spatial, geo graphic, and temporal reasoning
  - Discover city entities and their relationships via IOT App and Smart City API:
    - IOT devices, IOT sensors, city elements, roads, services, Brokers, etc. etc.
  - Provide access via Advanced Smart City API
  - Federate other Km4City Knowledge Bases, the approach allows to scale geographically and create redundancies, improving performances
- Documentation
  - **TC5.15 - Snap4City Smart City API Collection and overview, real time**
  - **ServiceMap and ServiceMap3D, Knowledge Model, Km4City Ontology**
  - **Knowledge Base Graphs and Queries: browsing and queries into the KB**


- Nascondi Menu
Fermate Firenze
Comuni in Toscana
Ricerca Testuale
Seleziona una provincia:
FIRENZE
Seleziona un comune:
FIRENZE
Actual Selection
COMUNE di FIRENZE
Tuscany
Florence,
Pisa....
Road Graph (Tuscany region)
132,923 Roads , 389,711 Road Elements
318,160 Road Nodes, 1,508,207 Street Numbers
Info on: points, paths, areas, etc.
Services (20 cat, 512 cat.)
16 Public Transport Operators
21.280 Bus stops & 1081 bus lines
Dynamic/real-time as in Tuscany Region
• Real time bus lines: 144 updates X day X line
• 1081 Transport Pub Lines: 1-2 up per day, time-path
• >210 parking lots status: 76 updates X day X sensor
• >796 traffic Sensors: 288 updates X day X sensor
285 weather area: 2 updates X day X area
• >12 hospital Triage status: 96 updates X day X FA
• 600 Environmental data: 20 updates X day X sensor
• 39 Bike Sharing racks data: Pisa and Siena
• 12 Pollination data, 37 air quality data
• 177 recharging stations
• Smart benches, waste mng, irrigators, lighting, …
• Florence ent.events: about 60 new events X day
• Different kinds of Florence traffic events,
• [1600 Fuel stations: 1 update X day X station]
• [Wi-Fi: > 400.000 measures X day]
• App mobiles: >50.000 measures X day
• more than 40.000 distinct users X day
• From 600.000 to 4.5 M Tweets X day
• + many IOT sensors personal and industrial …
- Nascondi Menu
Previsioni Meteo per il comune di FIRENZE:
Martedi
poco nuvoloso
23°C / 27°C
Mercoledi
pioggia debole e schiarite
20°C / 30°C
Giovedi
poco nuvoloso
20°C / 33°C
Venerdi
poco nuvoloso
/
Sabato
velato
/
Ultimo Aggiornamento: 2015-09-15T09:07:00+02:00
LINKED OPEN GRAPH
- Nascondi Menu
Servizi Regolari
Servizi Trasversali
search text into service
Categorie Servizi
De/Select All
Accommodation
Advertising
AgricultureAndLivestock
CivilAndEdilEngineering
CulturalActivity
EducationAndResearch
Emergency
Entertainment
Environment
FinancialService
GovernmentOffice
HealthCare
IndustryAndManufacturing
MiningAndQuarrying
ShoppingAndService
TourismService
TransferServiceAndRenting
UtilitiesAndSupply
Wholesale
WineAndFood
N. risultati: Nessun Limite
Raggio ricerca 100 metri
Risultati della ricerca
più di 4000 risultati, attivato clustering
Services 16858
Leaflet | Map data © OpenStreetMap contributors, CC-BY-SA, Imagery © Mapbox

ServiceMaps

Knowledge Base
Semantic Reasoners

- ServiceMap is the **main Tool** to:
  - monitor the status of the Knowledge Base
  - test queries and produce query and SmartCity API testing calls for developers
    - Any kind of search (semantic, full text, etc.), routing,
  - Access at the specific Graph Data base via LOG.disit.org
- **ServiceMap is showing**:
  - only **public data**. Private data are not shown via ServiceMap but can be accessed via DataInspector
  - data regarding **a single Knowledge Base** of the federated network of KBs. Each KB may contain multiple Organizations.
  - technical views for developers

Discovery

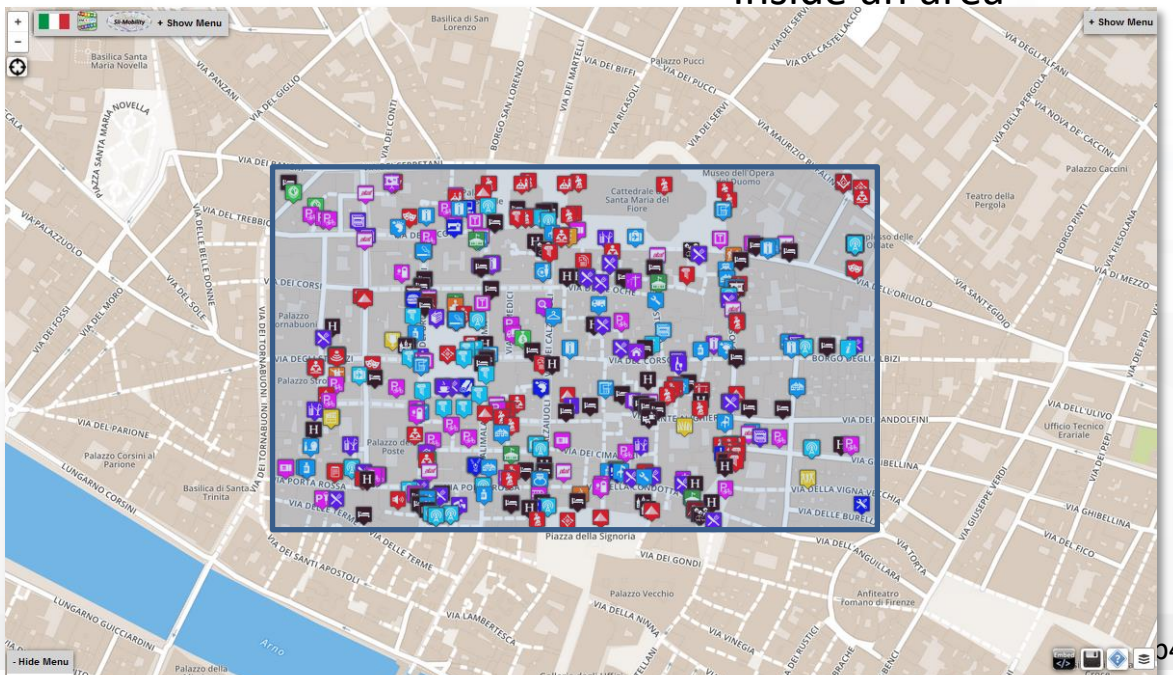
Search by Shape and Distance

Around a point or POI

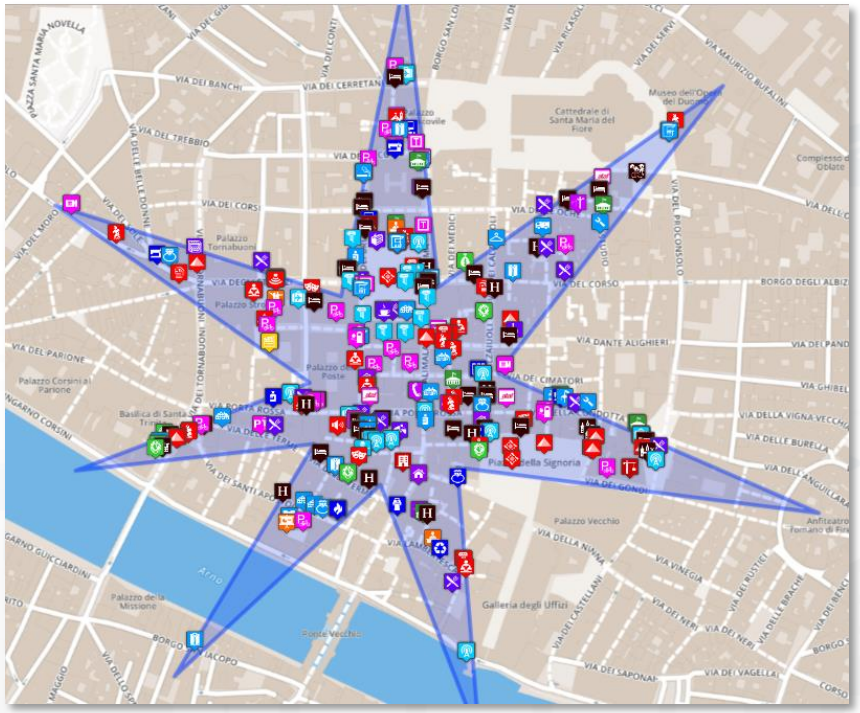


Each request or search in the Km4City model can be referred to a point and a ray, to an area, to a polyline

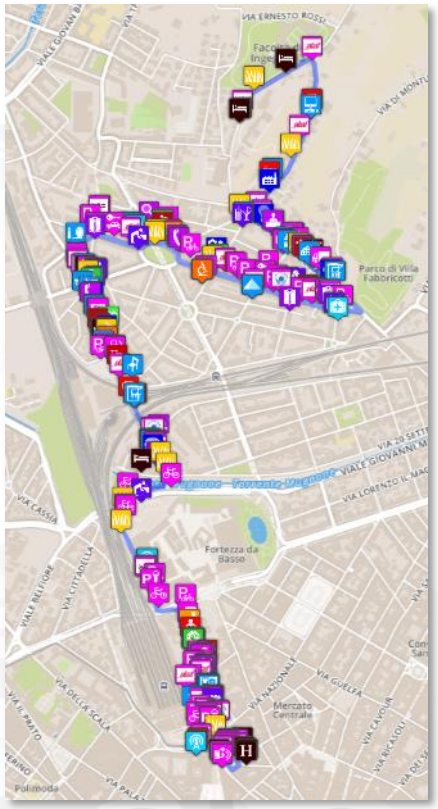
Inside an area



Inside a closed polyline

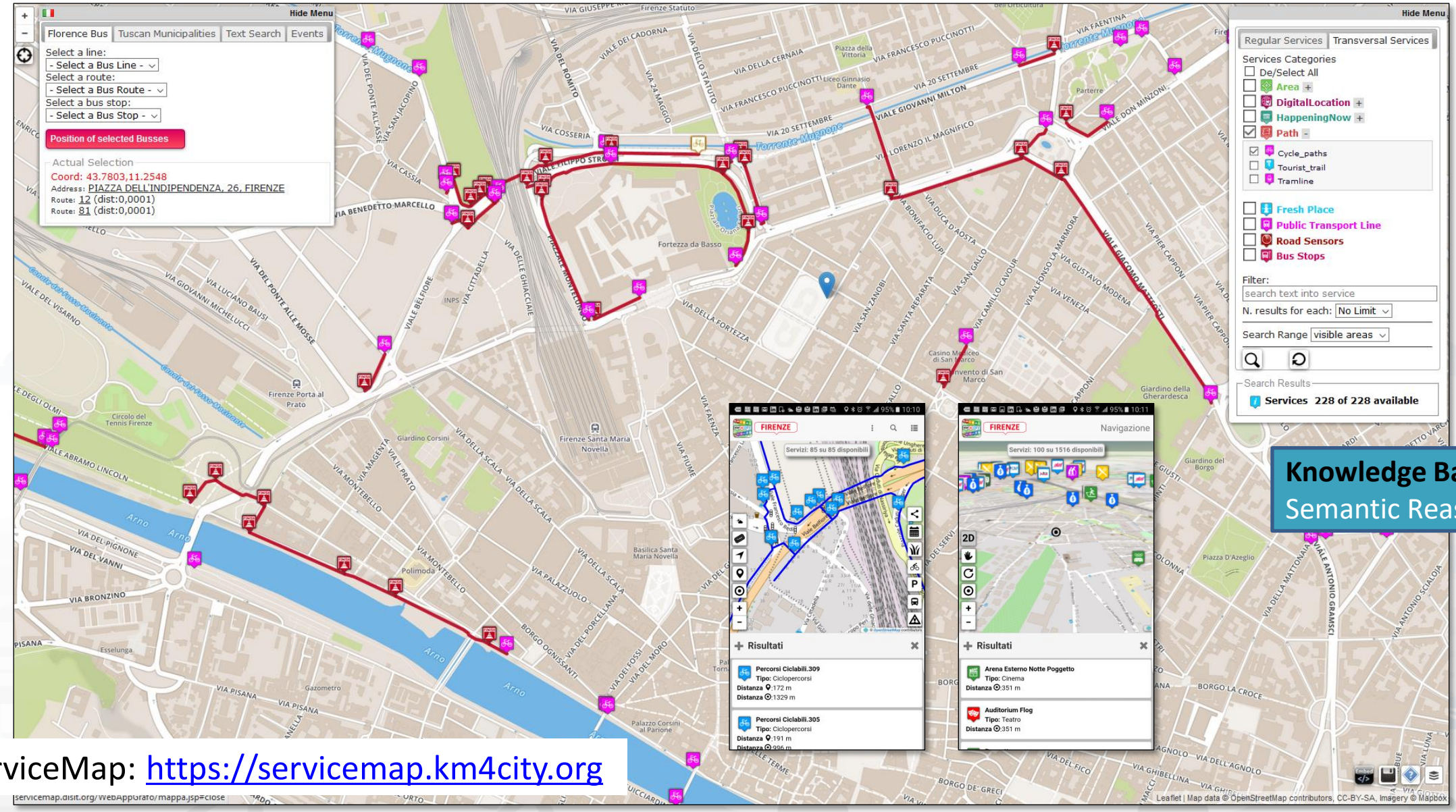


Along a polyline



Knowledge Base
Semantic Reasoners

Cycling Paths

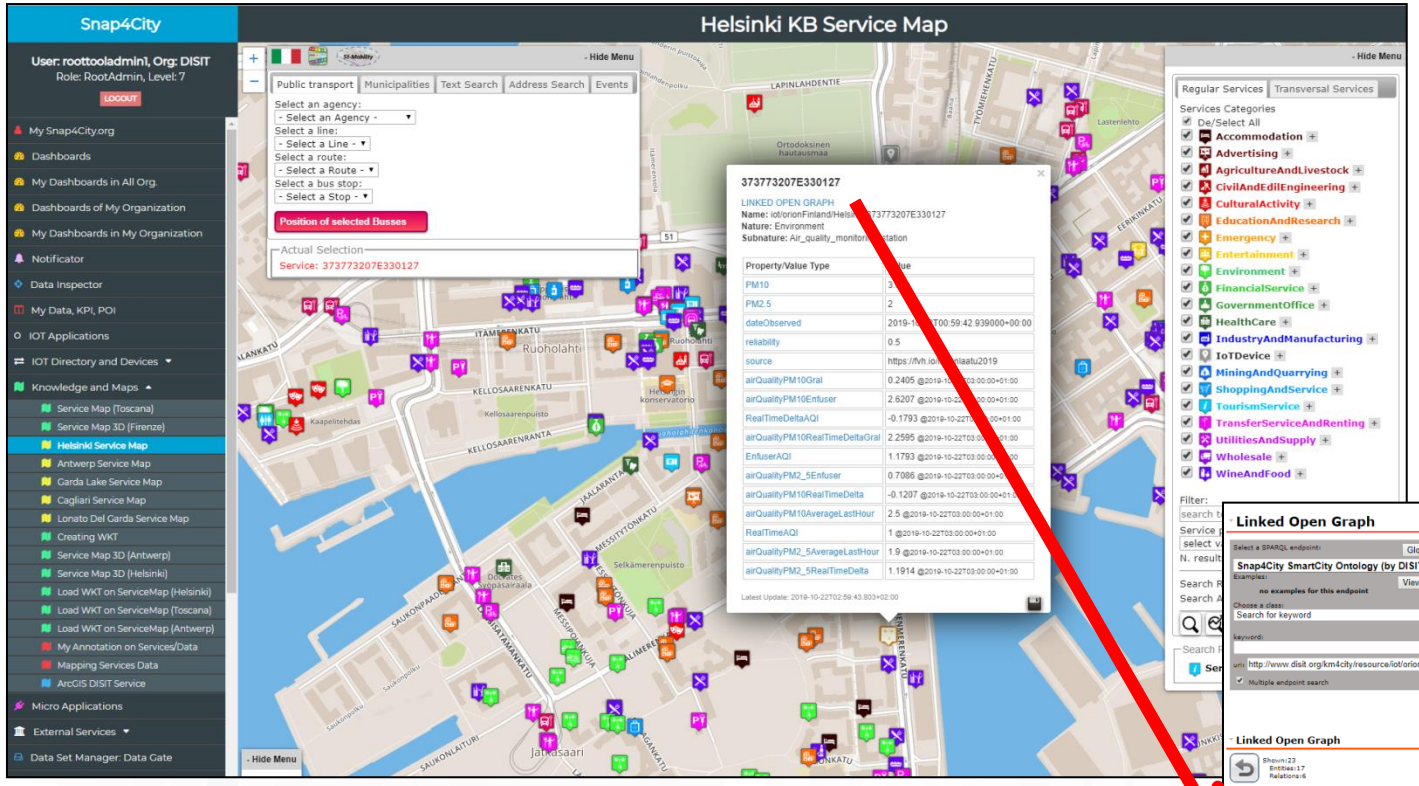


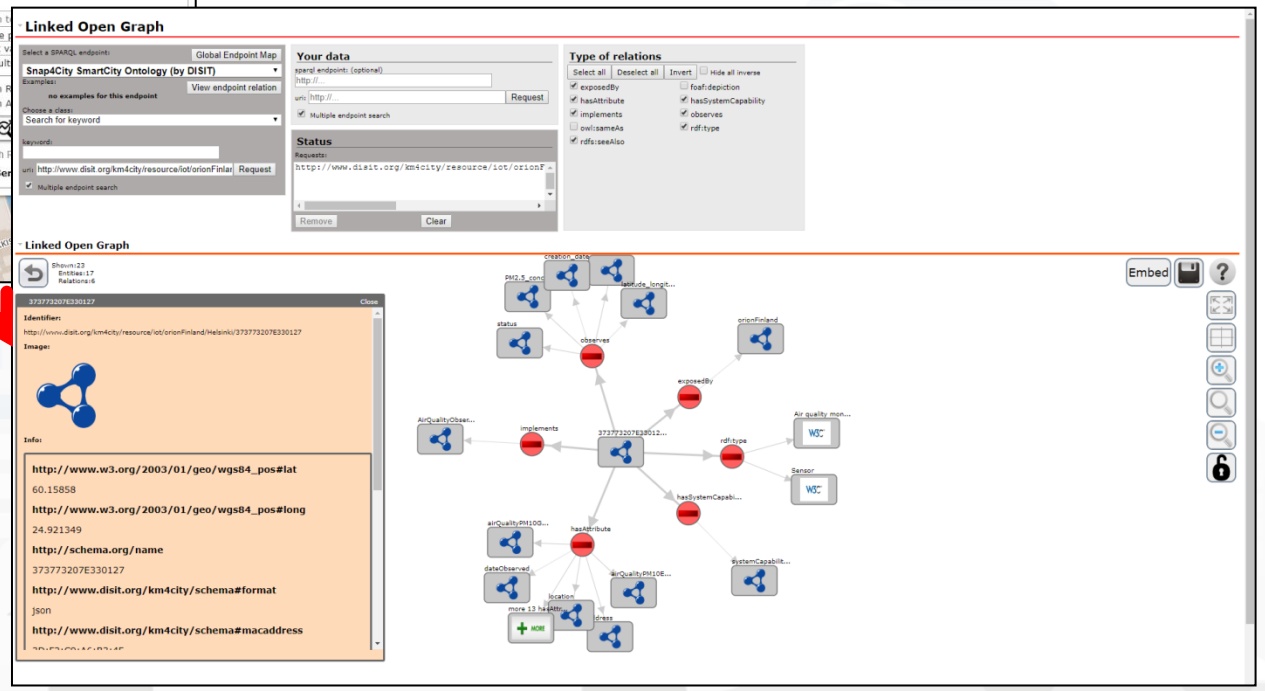
Knowledge Base
Semantic Reasoners

ServiceMap: https://servicemap.km4city.org

Views of the Knowledge Base

Knowledge Base
Semantic Reasoners



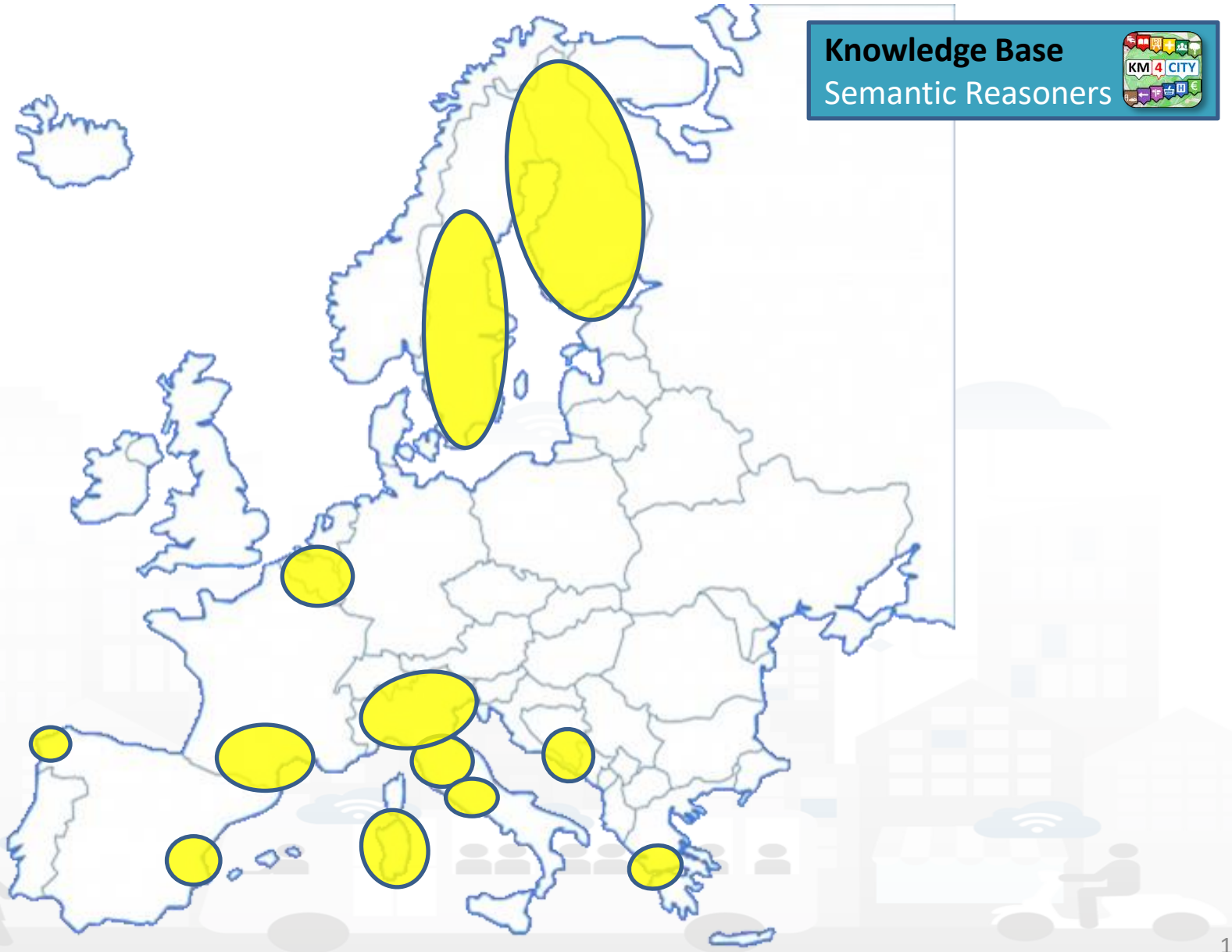


- How pass from ServiceMap to Linked Open Graph, Linket Data view tool

Coverage 2020

Main Organizations/areas

- Antwerp area (Be)
- Capelon (Sweden)
- DISIT demo (multiple)
- Dubrovnik, Croatia
- Firenze area (I)
- Garda Lake area (I)
- Helsinki area (Fin)
- Livorno area (I)
- Lonato del Garda (I)
- Modena (I)
- Mostar, Bosnia-Herzegovina
- Pisa area (I)
- Pont du Gard, Occitanie (Fr)
- Roma (I)
- Santiago de Compostela (S)
- Sardegna Region (I)
- SmartBed (multiple)
- Toscana Region (I), SM
- Valencia (S)
- Venezia area (I)
- WestGreece area (Gr)



UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

Km4City Federation

At different levels:

- Among cities/regions
- Among data providers
- Among Operators

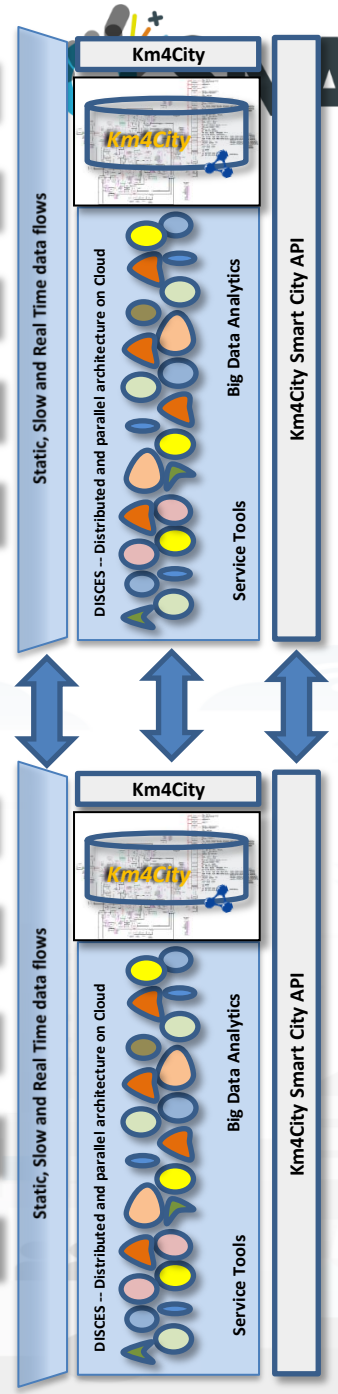
By Means of:

- Smart City API → Apps
- Km4City Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics



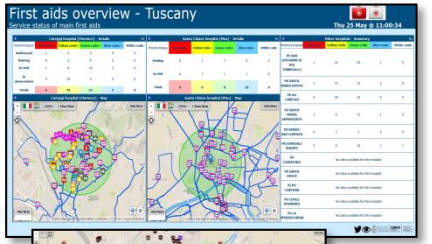


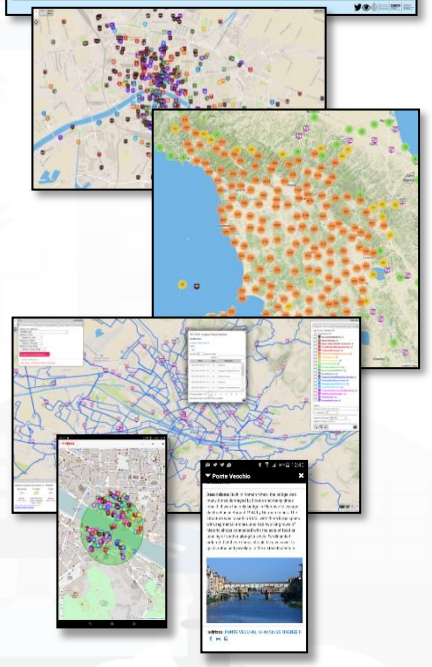




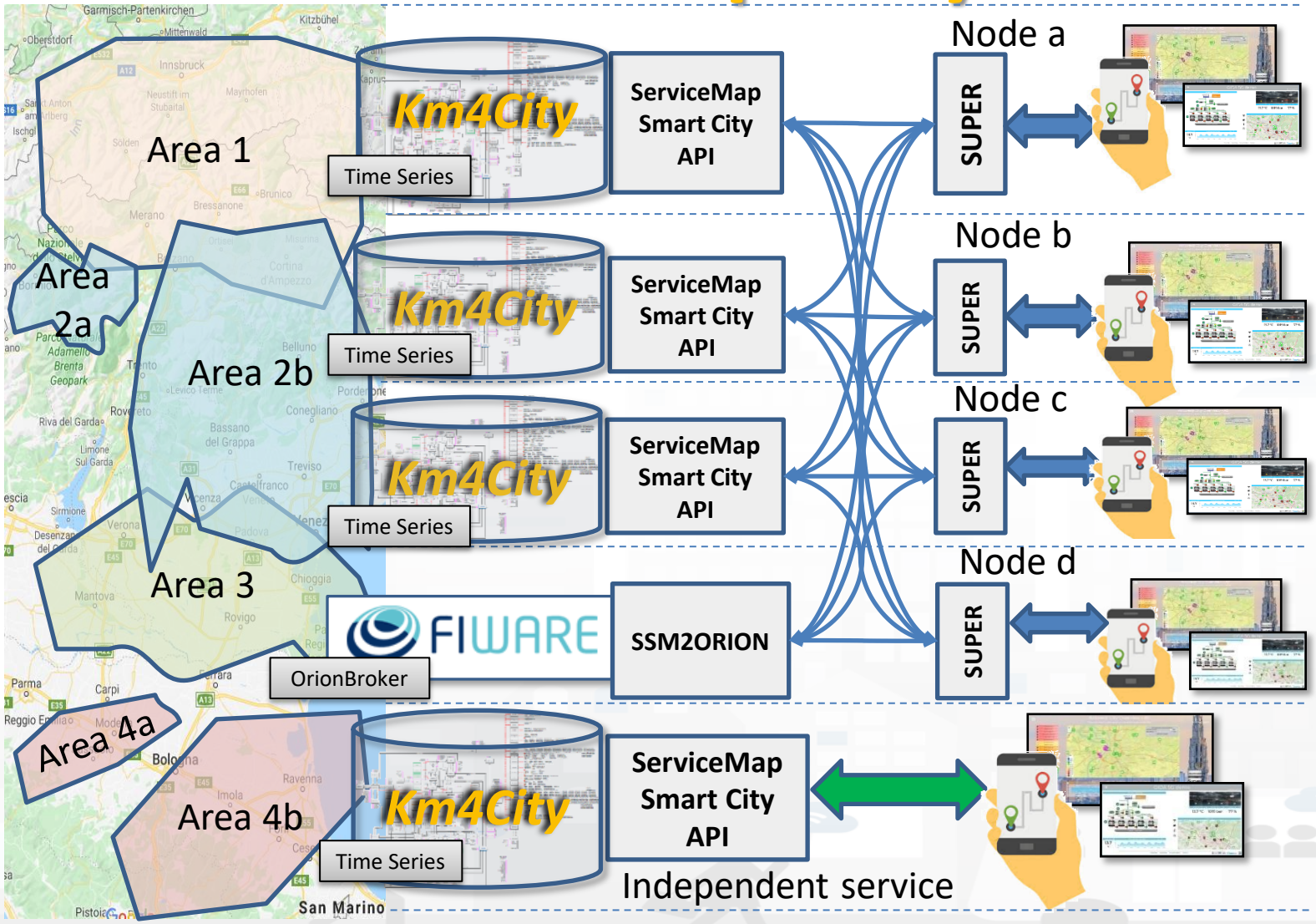








Federation of Snap4City Services



- A Mobile App may refer to one Smart City API Server (for Area 1) via SUPER and receive data from the Federated SUPERS (Area 2) if navigation, queries, etc. are leading to discover out of the addressed KB.
  - SUPER can be used for creating redundant and/or balanced distributed solutions for Federated KB. See Area 2, the two KB in the front.
  - Federated SUPER ServiceMap can have overlapped KB even totally.
  - A Mobile App can be developed to support multiple Smart City API servers, for balancing and
- The usage of Super (ServiceMap) is not mandatory so that separate services can be produced as well
- SuperServiceMap and ServiceMap presents the same Smart City APIs.

Super

- Super, Nodes and SSM2ORION presents the same Smart City APIs.
- The **network of Super** can be reconfigured dynamically
  - Multiple networks of Super can be realized as well
  - Distributed Searches via the Federation of Super are performed with o(1) complexity
  - Results from an API rest calls are provided in real time also when the size of the network is large
  - Dashboard widgets and Mobile Apps are enabled to use the Super
  - Clients can pass from one Super to another transparently: moving devices
- Nodes
  - do not need to permanently share data
  - data can be of any size, the data shared is typically public since users of different KB are different and not refer to the same LDAP/KeyCloak authentication/authorization service.
  - may have different number of services
  - Services can be based on KB as well as on Brokers
  - Services managed as HLT of: Sensors, Sensor-Actuators, POI.
    - Data of other HLTs are managed independently from the other SmartCity API such as: MyKPI, External Services, WFS GIS, Heatmaps, special tools, etc. etc.
- The solution support disjoined nodes, federation and independent services

Federated ServiceMap and Smart City API

To improve scalability, fault tolerance and federation among cities:

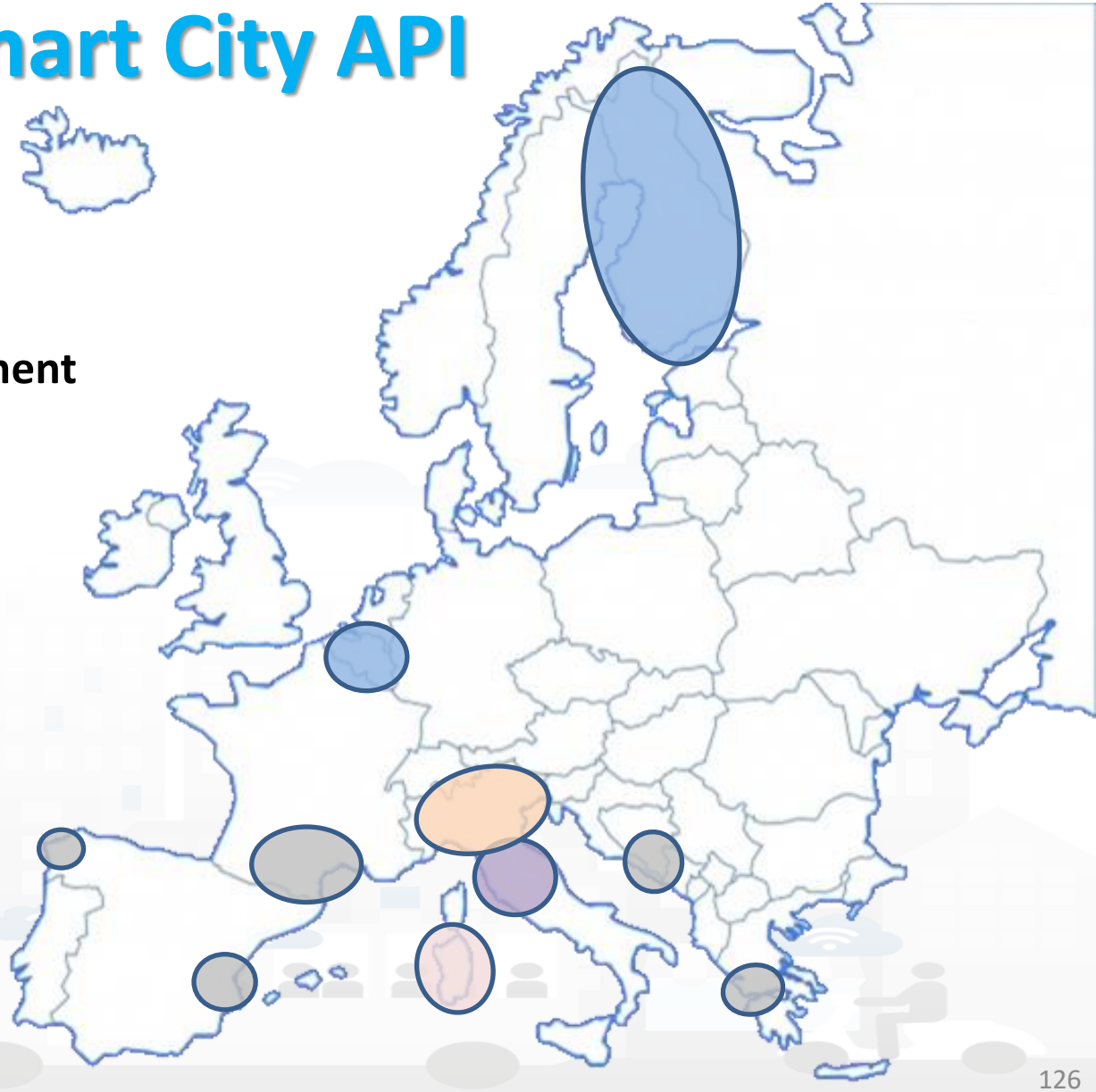
- **One entry point Smart City API for all zones**
- **Multiple Knowledge base See performance assessment**

At different levels:

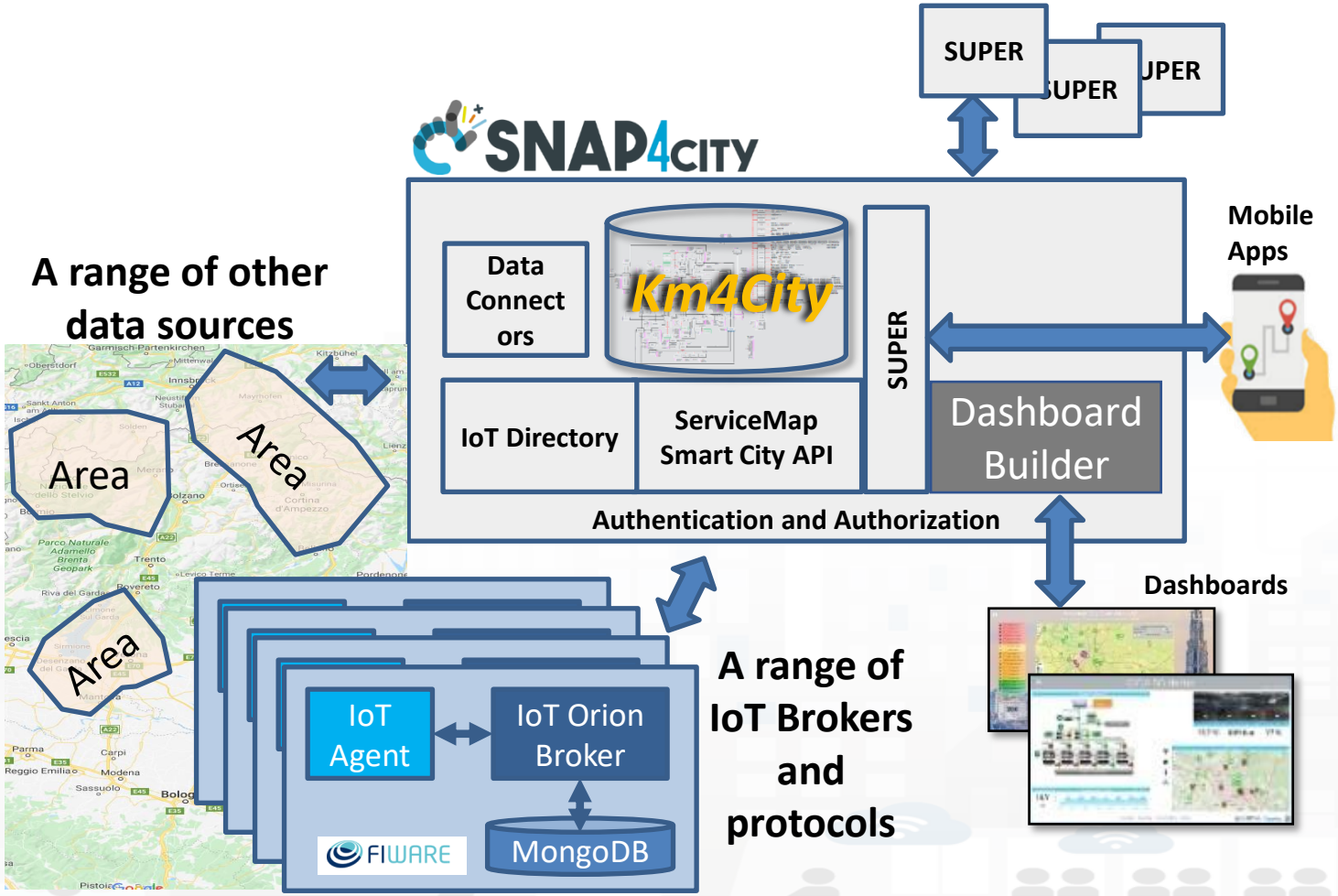
- Among cities/regions
- Among data providers, Operators

By Means of:

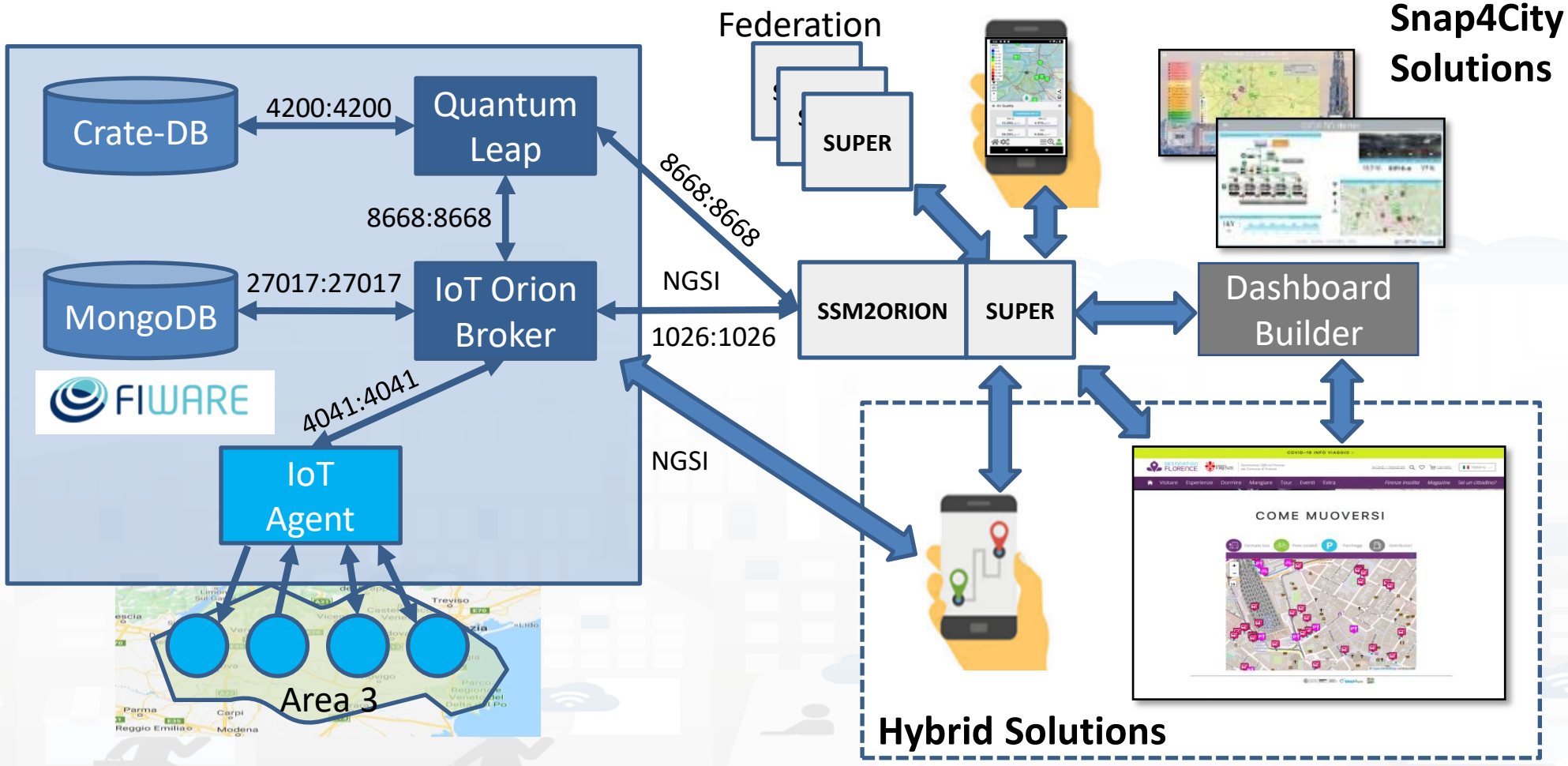
- Smart City API → Apps
- Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics
- Organization independent



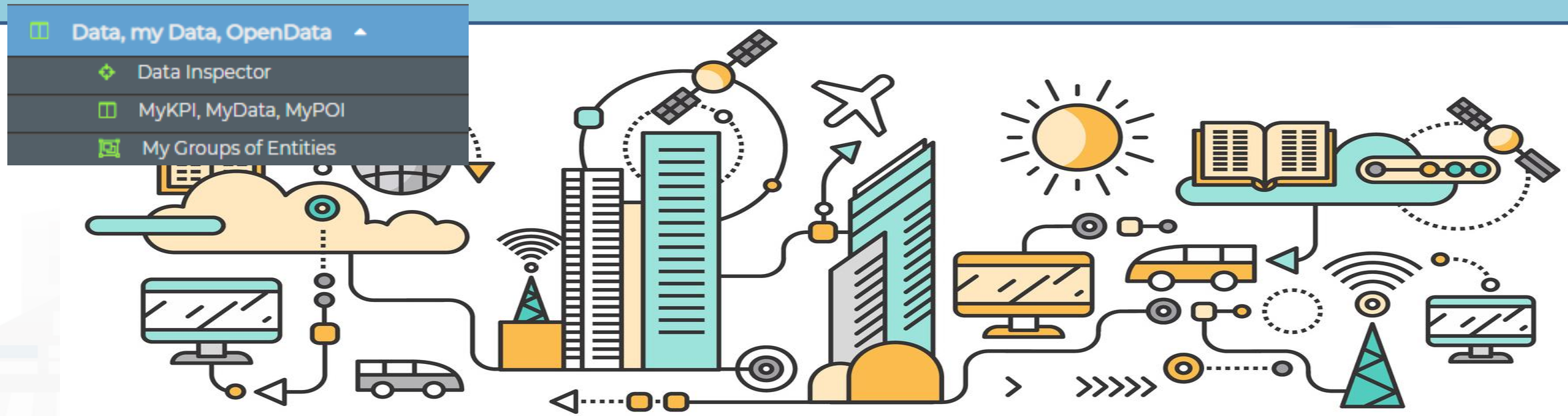
Snap4City IoT Registration and Access



Federation of Snap4City vs IOT ORION Broker



Data Inspector vs Data Processes Details



Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

Context and Problems

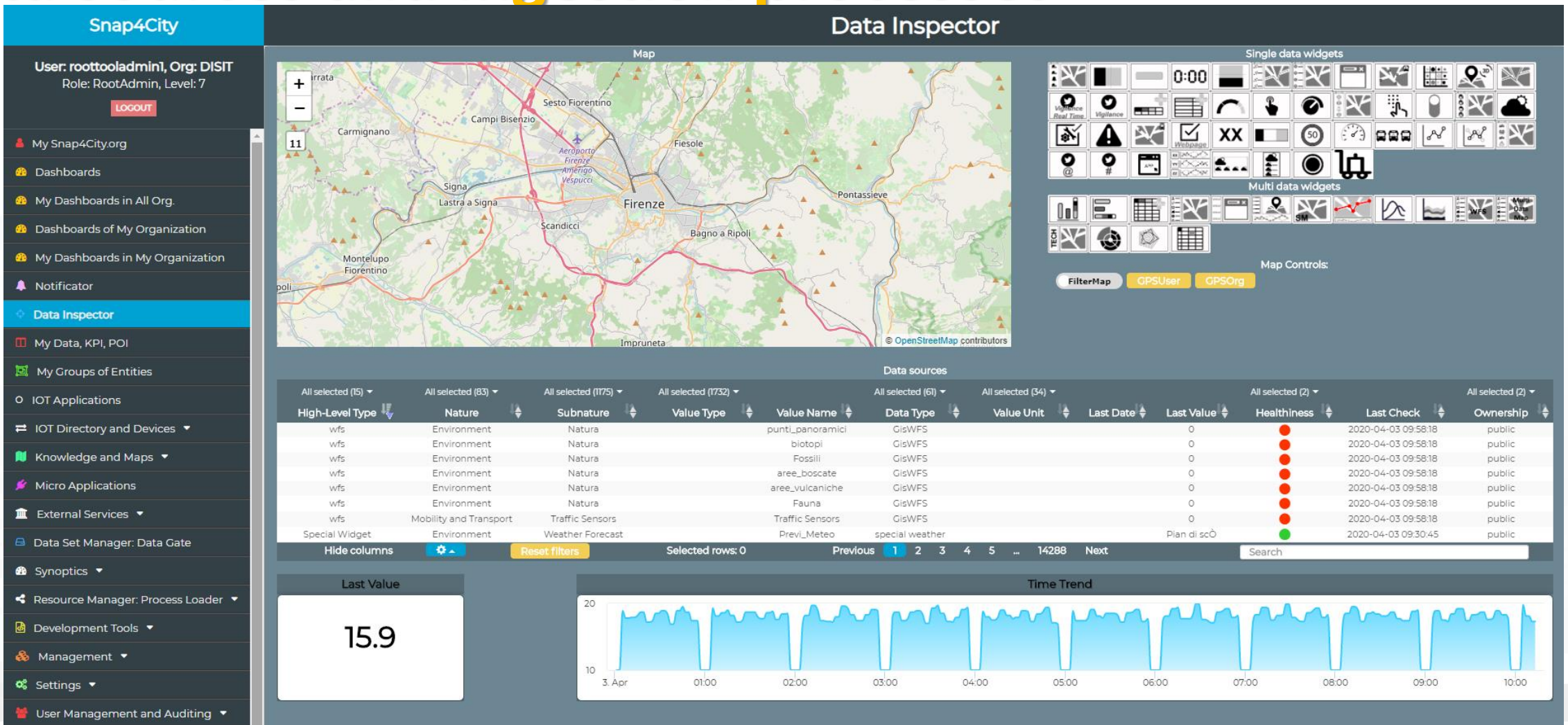
- Smart city context includes solutions that presents
  - **Data**: heterogeneous, large volume, several protocols, legacy data systems, several semantics, real time, multiple domains, etc..
  - **Processes**: several of different kinds, aperiodic, periodic, event driven, ….
  - **Users:** owners, responsibles, developers, final users, etc.
  - **Relationships**: among data, processes, users and mixt
  - **Non Functional Requirements**: security, GDPR, reliability, quality, scalability, etc.
    - Interoperability: legacy, protocols, modularity,

- **Data Ingestion**: the models and mechanism for data gathering
- **Data Inspection**: the model and solution to identify problems, and understand solution

Data Inspector (Digital Twin info) Major Submodels

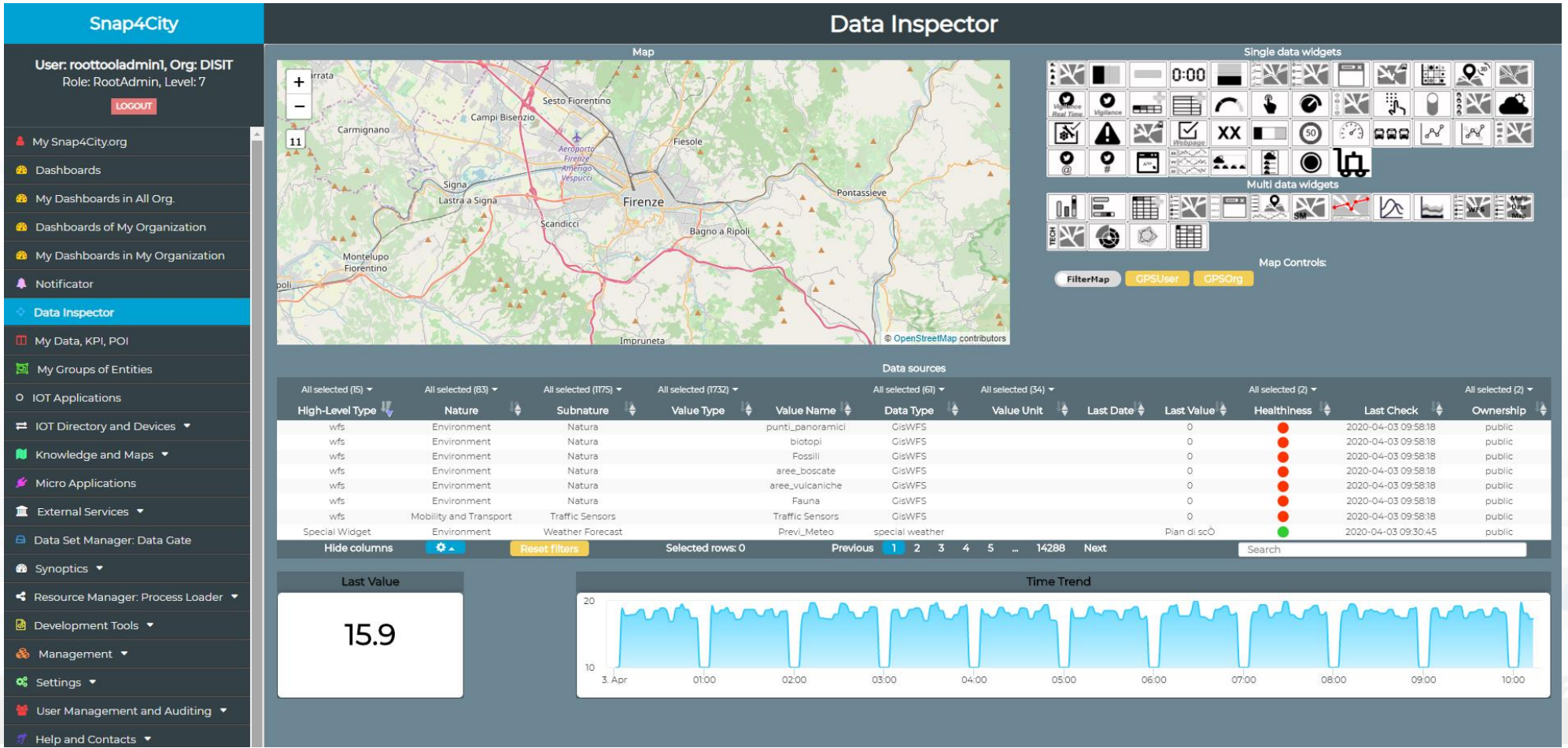
- **Digital Twin**
  - Device and sensors data
  - Values
  - Healthiness criteria and values
    - Machine learning tools
  - Images and physical world
  - Licensing
  - Users
- **Users**
  - Defined the Data and Devices
  - Defined the processes
  - Create dashboards
  - Etc.
- **Process Views**
  - Device Management tool
  - Data ingestion processes
    - ETL, IOT Apps
  - Data storage access views
    - Index views
    - Relationships view
  - Data Analytics and Transformation
    - IOT App, R Studio, Python
  - Data Rendering Dashboards
    - Synoptics
  - Processes' Developers

Data Inspector: all you need to know about data, data sources and ingestion processes



Data Inspector

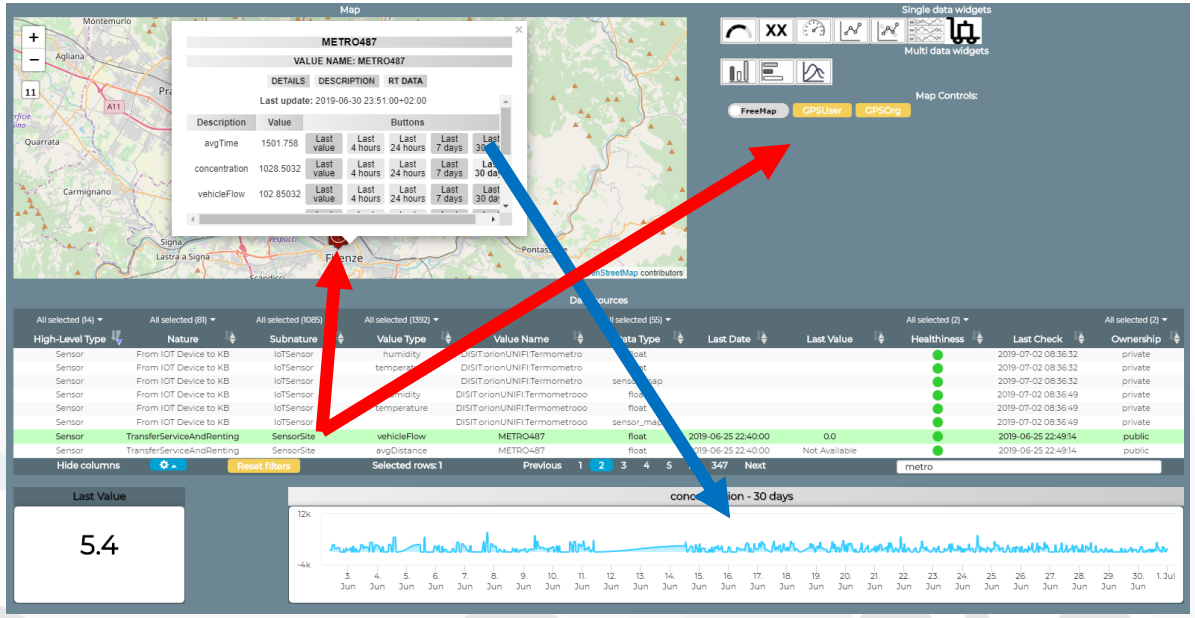
- It is showing data:
  - Listed by High Level Types, and classified as in the **Dashboard WIZARD: see Tutorial Part 2 for details**.
  - of your Organization only, that are public of the organization, your private or those that have been delegated to you some how.

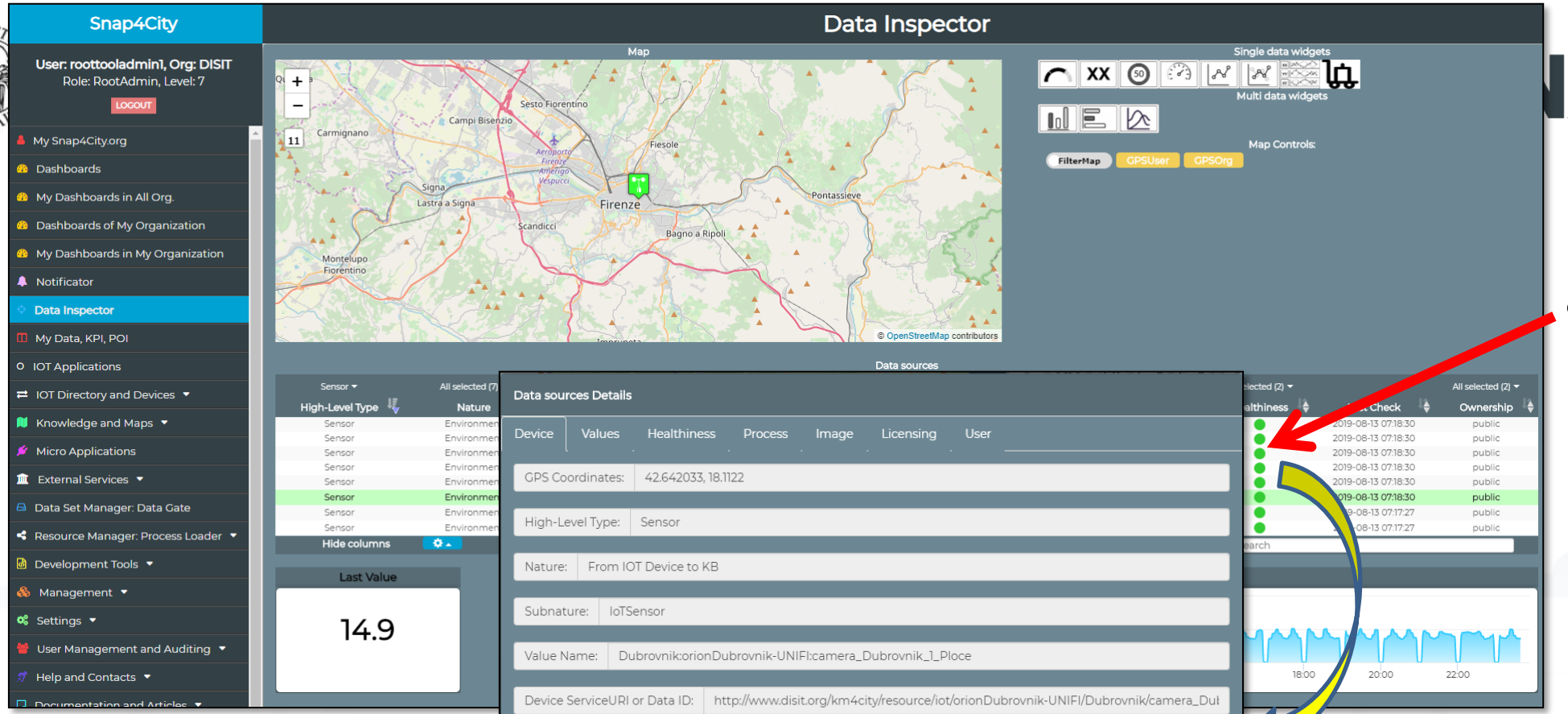


Data Inspector (open on your left side menu)

- **Cross Filtering on the basis of**:
  - **MAP**: pan and zoom → lock , center on GPS coordinates of the user
  - **Data Source Classification**:
    - faceted filtering
    - full text search
  - **Click on data source** to see it on map, and see the graphics representation, just to learn how widgeting it.
  - **Full Text Search** if you remember some desc…

- **Selecting a Data Source on Map**:
  on its Pin you can see:
  - Real time data
  - Time trend: 4 hours, 12 hours, 1 day, 1 week, 30 days.
  - Full status and description (only for Administrators)

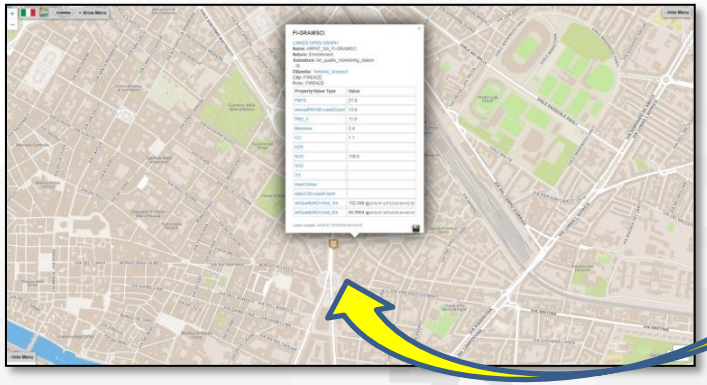


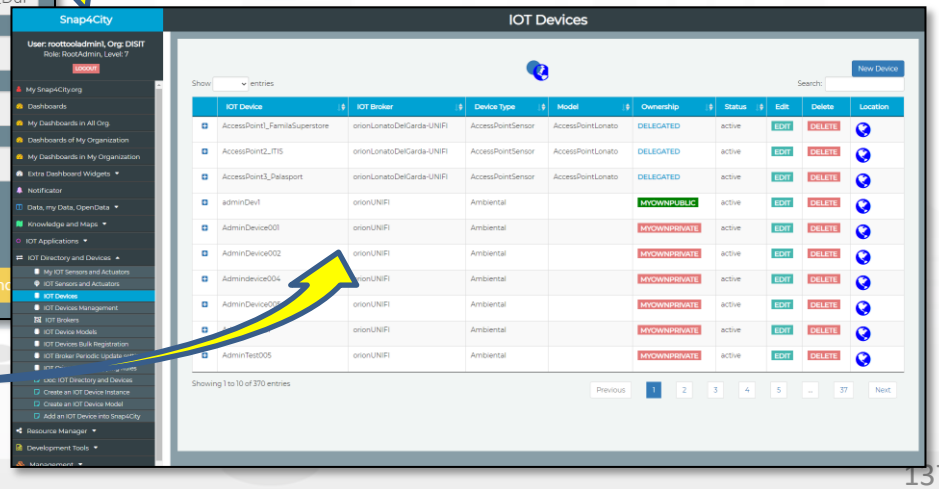


Knowledge Base view

- Click with the mouse on it

HLT: Sensor





Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

HLT: Sensor

- Specific values of selected
- Information of the values of the other sensors on the same device
- View Trends, marking problems, healthiness by point according to a Fuzzy model
- Marking problems for future machine learning processes (separate tool)

Data sources Details

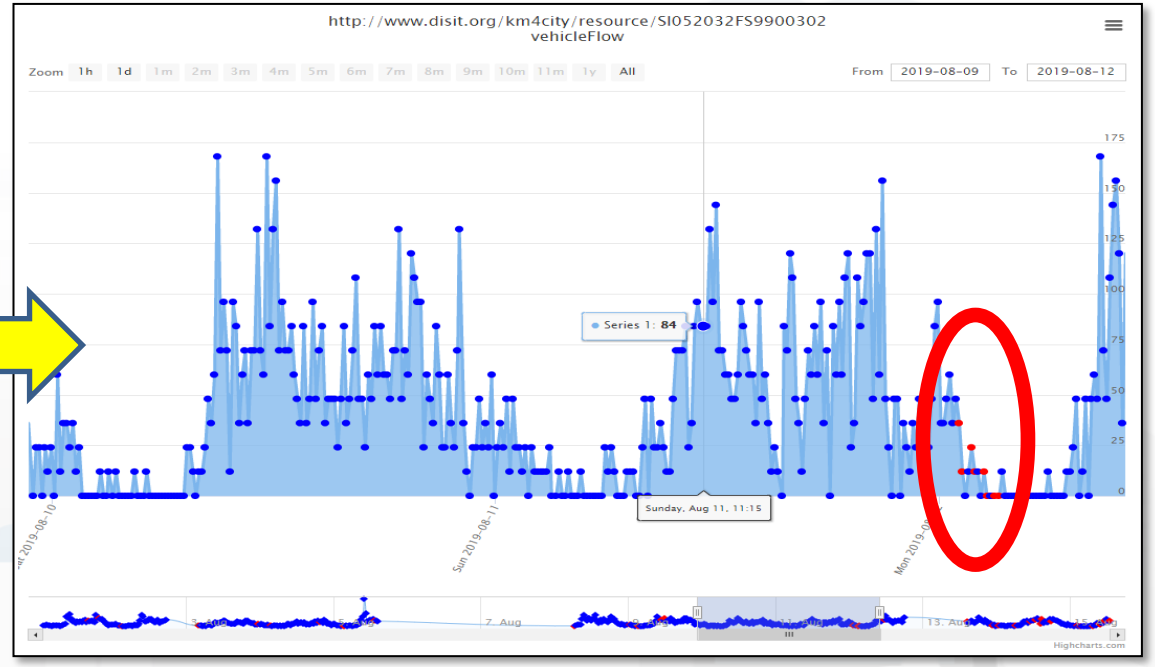
Device | Values | Healthiness | Process | Image | Licensing | User

Last Date: 2020-07-21 19:00:00

Last Value:

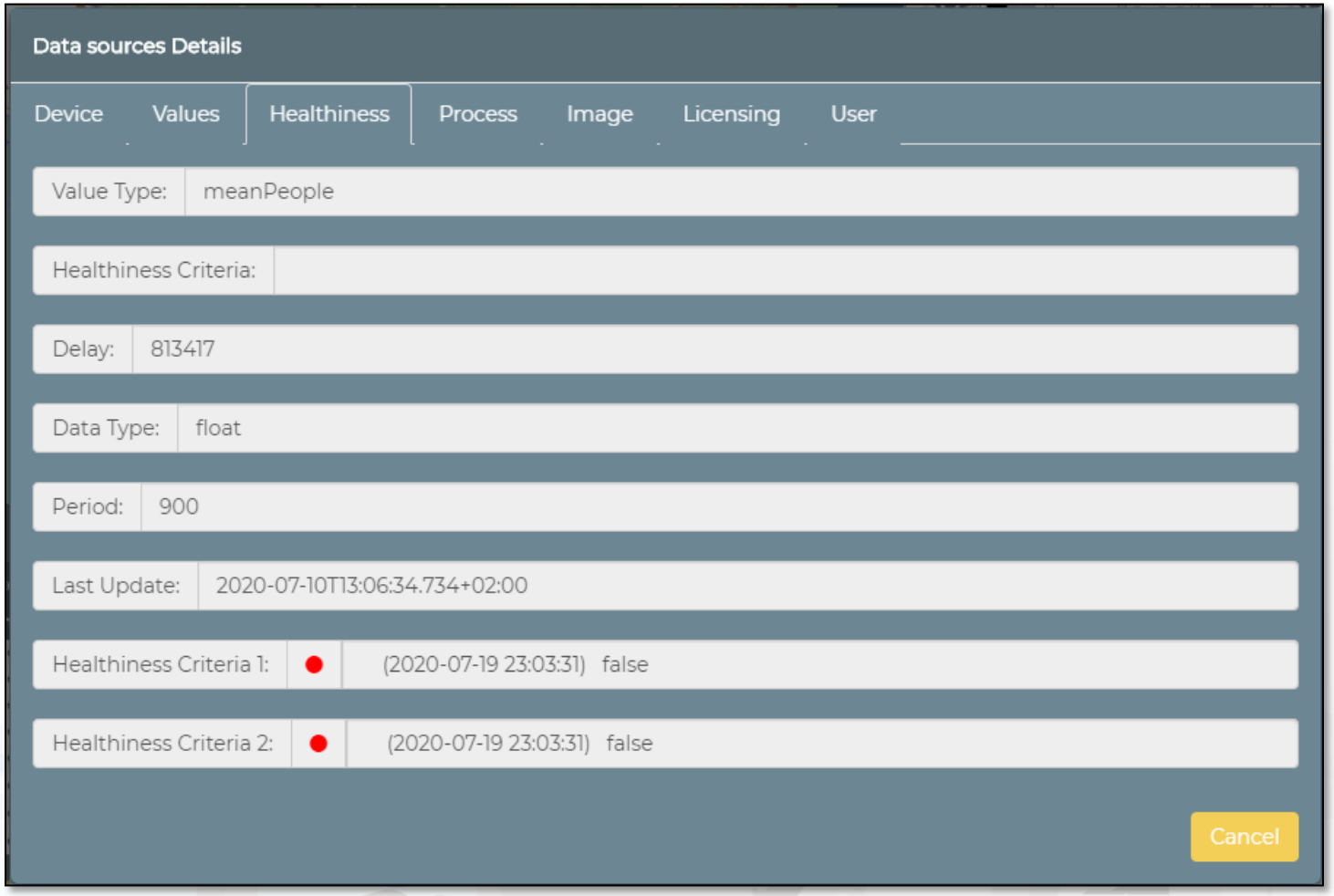
Value Type	Healthy	Delay (s)	Reason	Healthiness Criteria	Refresh Rate (s)	Data type	Unit	Value	Time Trend
dateObserved	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	time	timestamp	2020-07-21T17:00:00.000Z	VIEW
deceduti	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	16797	VIEW
dimessi_guariti	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	71775	VIEW
isolamento_domiciliare	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	6838	VIEW
nuovi_attualmente_positivi	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	-131	VIEW
ricoverati_con_sintomi	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	151	VIEW
stato	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	string	#	ITA	VIEW
tamponi	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	1212468	VIEW
terapia_intensiva	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	21	VIEW
totale_attualmente_positivi	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	7010	VIEW
totale_casi	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	95582	VIEW
totale_ospedalizzati	●	61890	undefined	undefined	300	integer	#	172	VIEW
codice_regione	●	61890	missing value	undefined	300	integer	status		VIEW
denominazione_regione	●	61890	missing value	undefined	300	string	status		VIEW

Cancel



Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

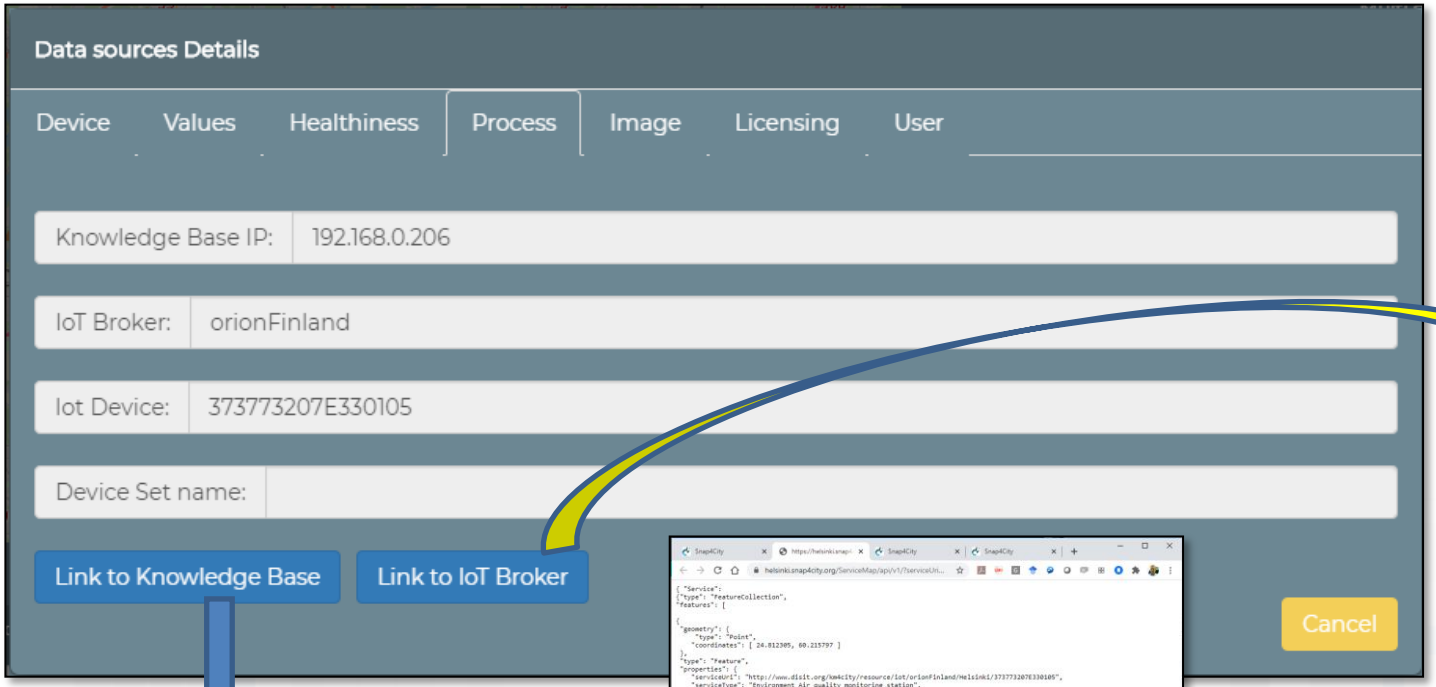
HLT: Sensor Healthiness

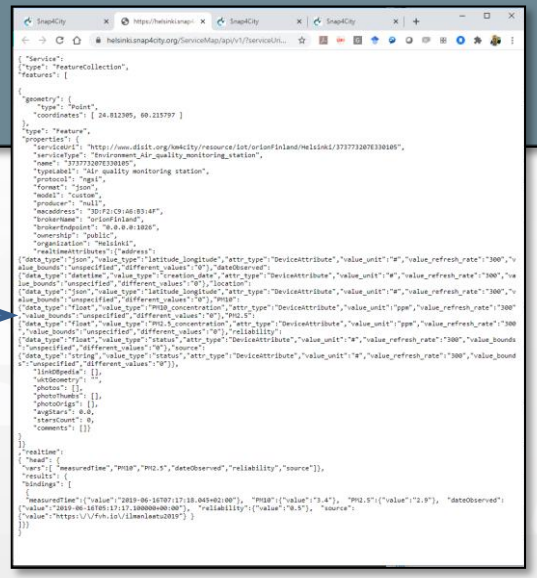


- Two different criteria
  - **H1**: at least an event i nthe last 24 hours
  - **H2**: machine learning for most of Sensors devices

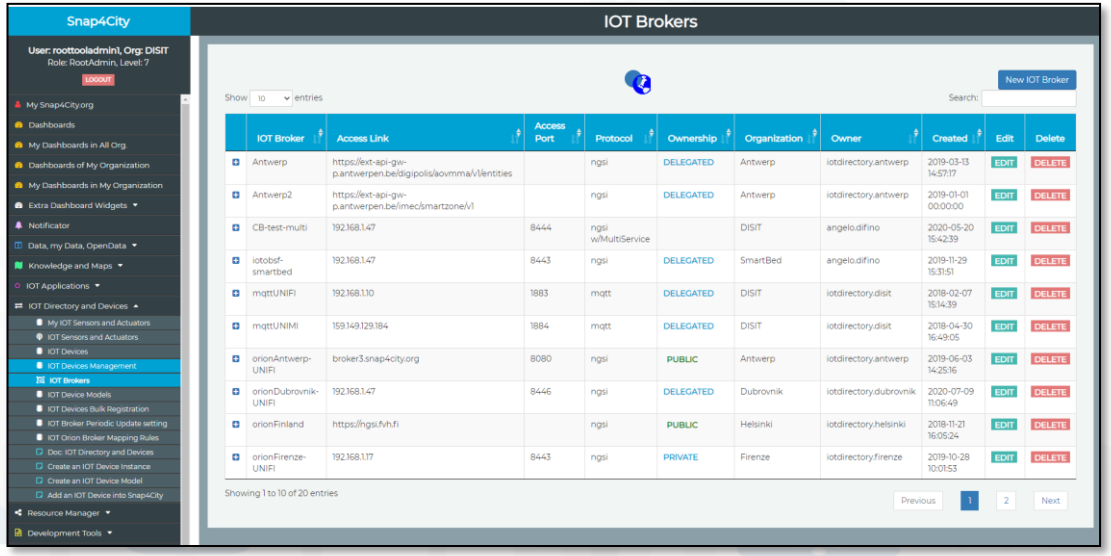
Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

Details regarding the IOT Ingestion process





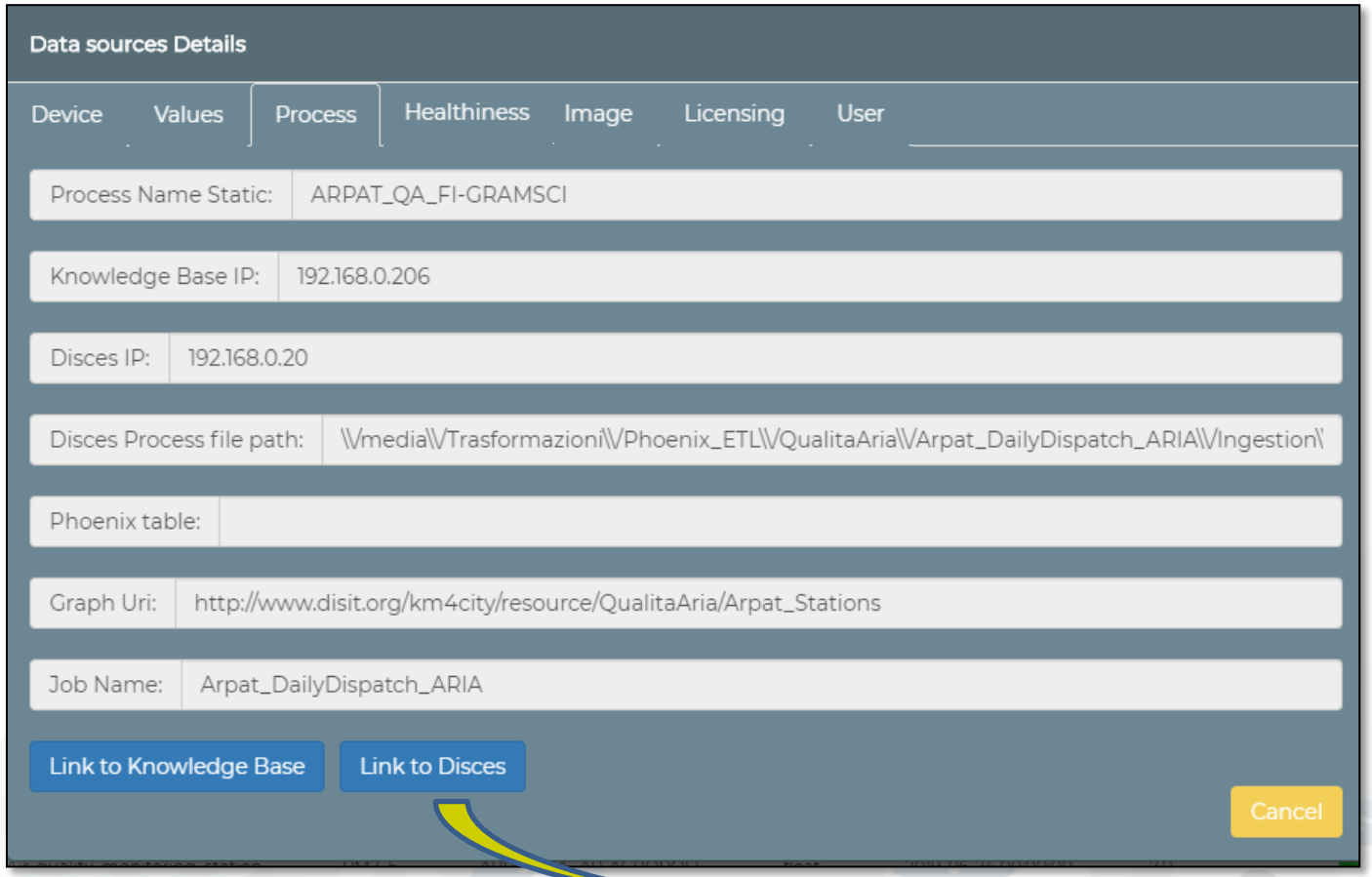
- For IOT Device data
- IOT Broker details



Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

HLT: Sensor

Details regarding the Ingestion process



- For ETL processes
- Scheduling details and status

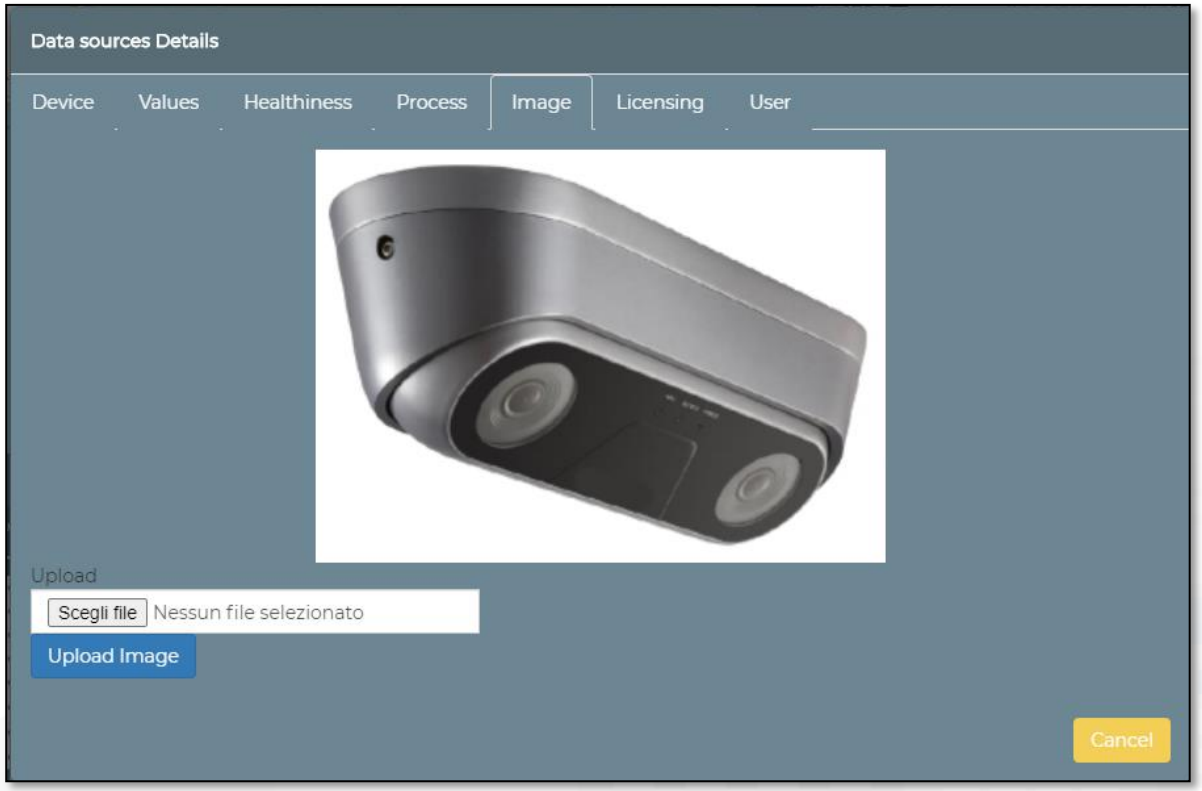
DISCES Process Scheduler view

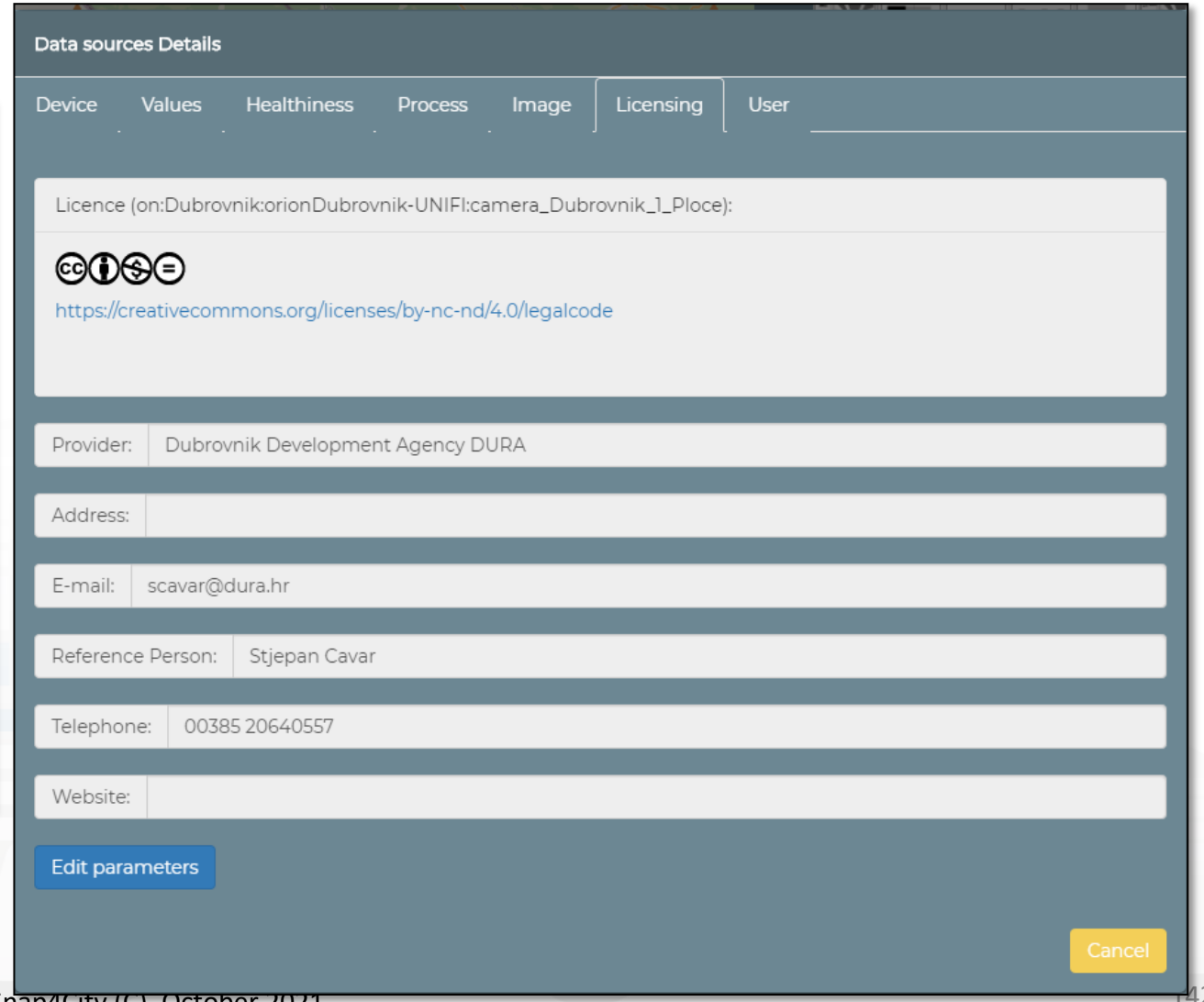


Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

HLT: Sensor

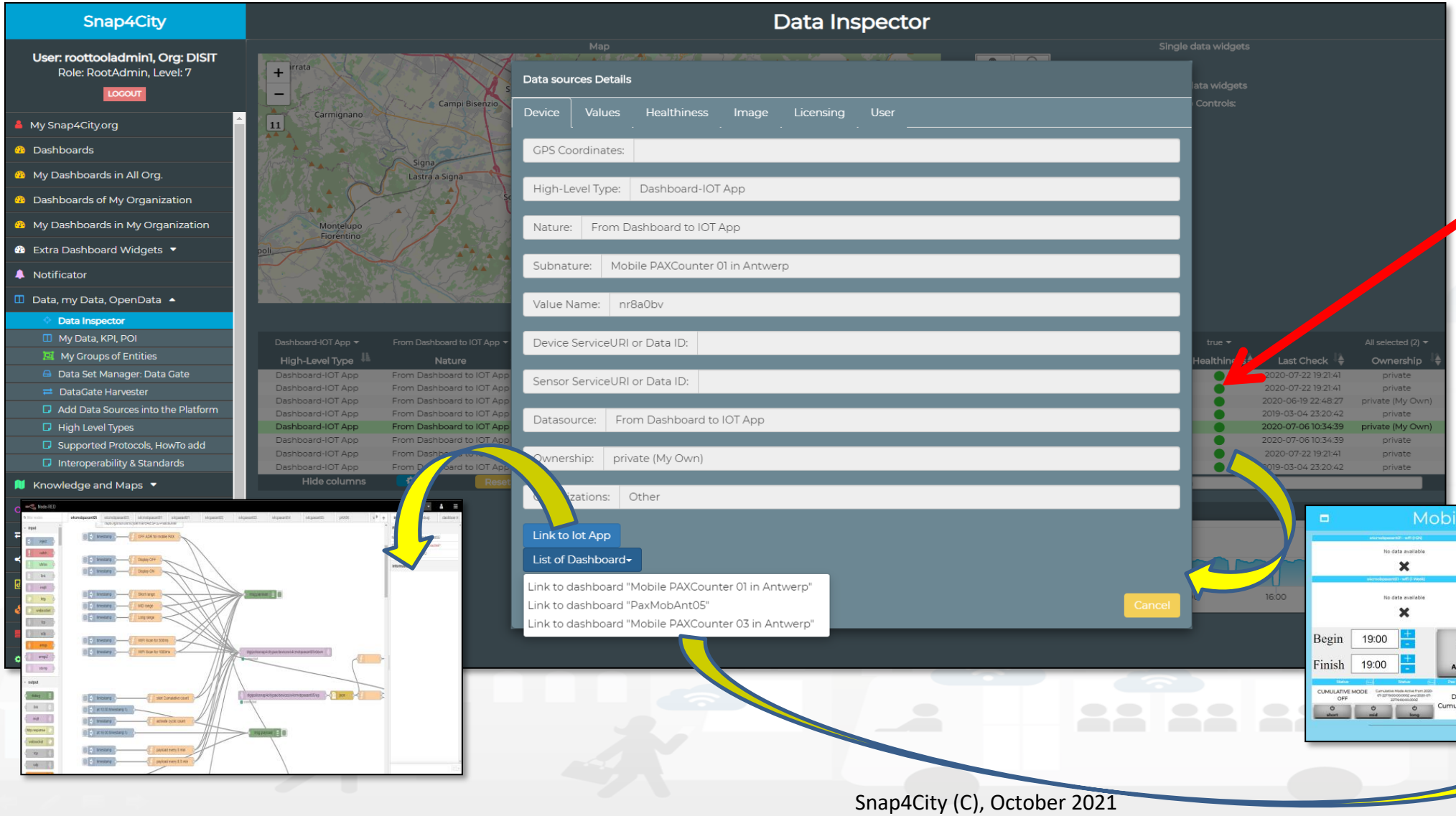
Image of the Devices and Licensing





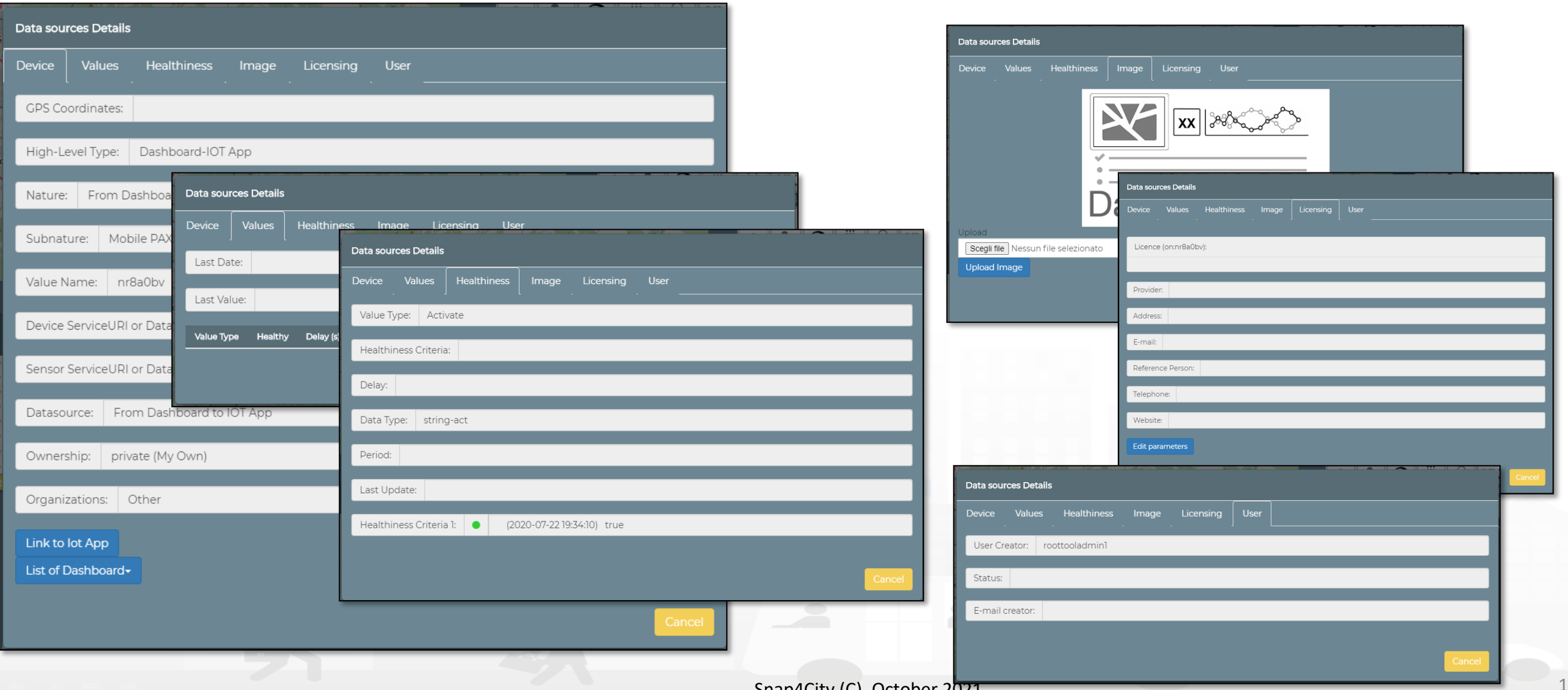
Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

HLT: From Dashboard to IOT APP

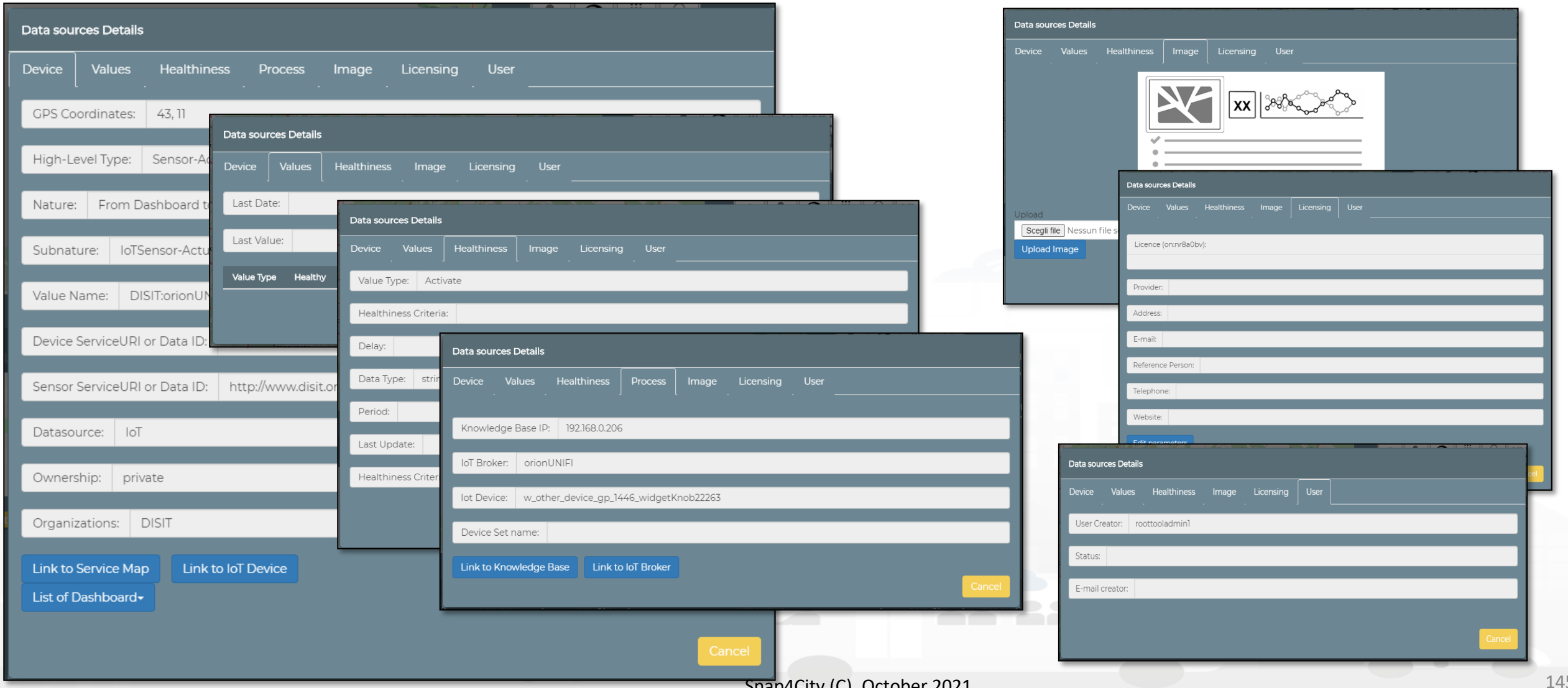


- Click with the mouse on it

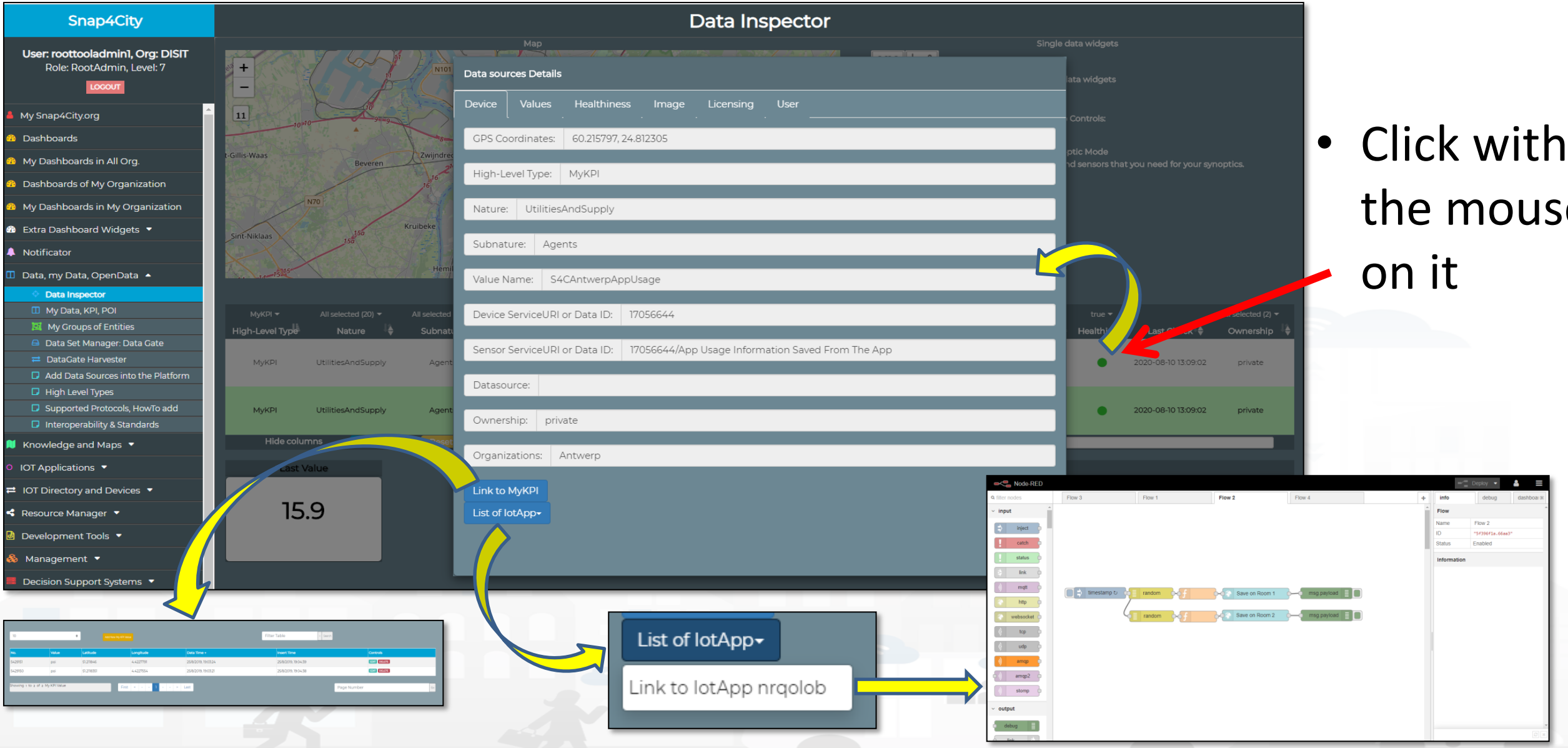
HLT: Dashboard-IOT App (From Dashboard to IOT APP)



HLT: Sensor-Actuator (From Dashboard to IOT Device)



HLT: MyKPI



- Click with the mouse on it

Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

HLT: External Service

Data sources Details

Device | Values | Image | Ownership

GPS Coordinates: 51.222744, 4.405380

High-Level Type: External Service

Nature: Environment

Subnature: Antwerpen (park Spoor Noord) Air Pollution:

Value Name: ExternalContent

Datasource: Special Process

Ownership: public

Organizations: ['DISIT', 'Antwerp', 'Other']

Link to External Service

Data sources Details

Device | Values | Image | Ownership

Value Type:

Data Type: webpage

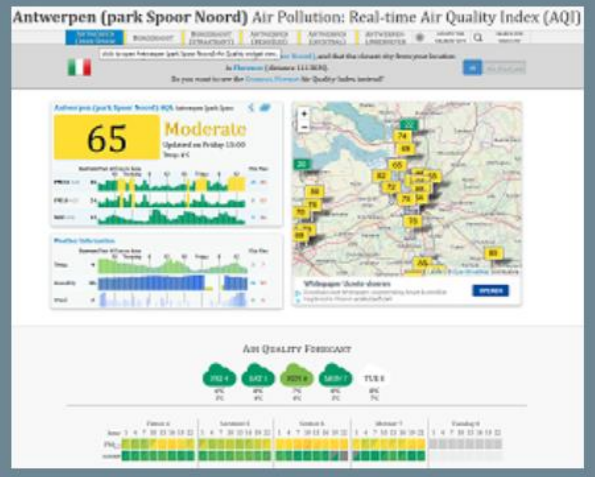
Last Date:

Last Value: Antwerp

Value Type | Healthy | Delay (s) | Reason | Health

Data sources Details

Device | Values | Image | Ownership



Data sources Details

Device | Values | Healthiness | Process | Image | Licensing | User

User Creator: angelo.difino.dubrovnik

Status:

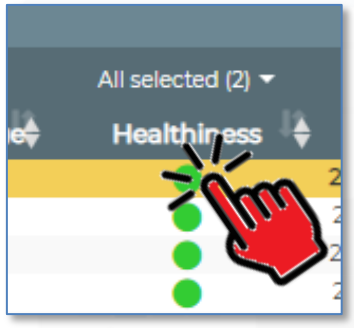
E-mail creator:

Cancel

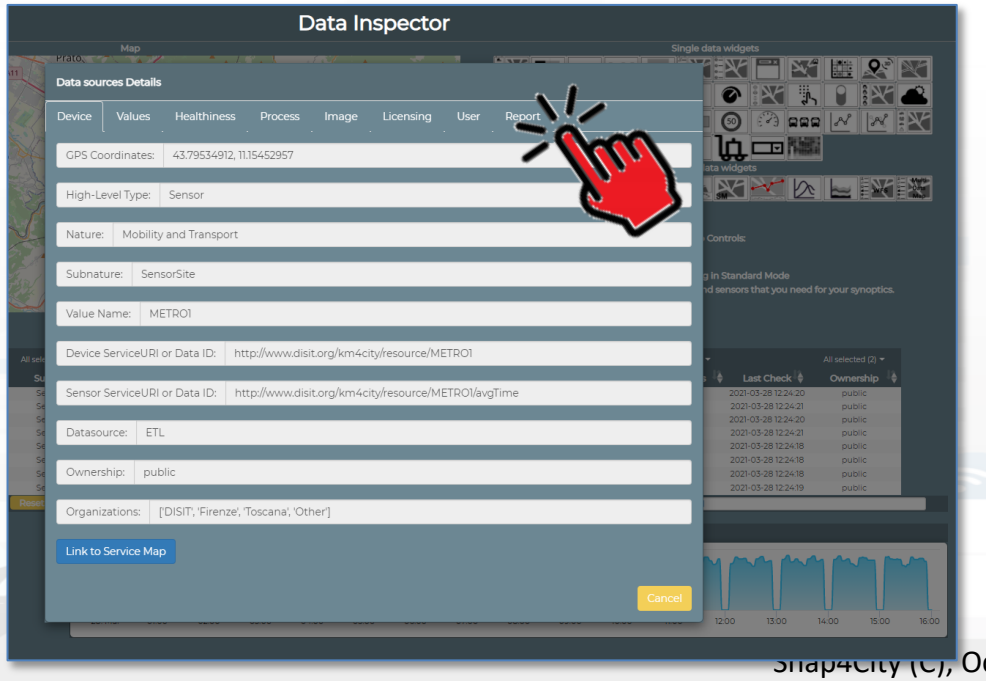
The fields shown may be present or not depending on the HLT and on the information received

Report Generation and Access

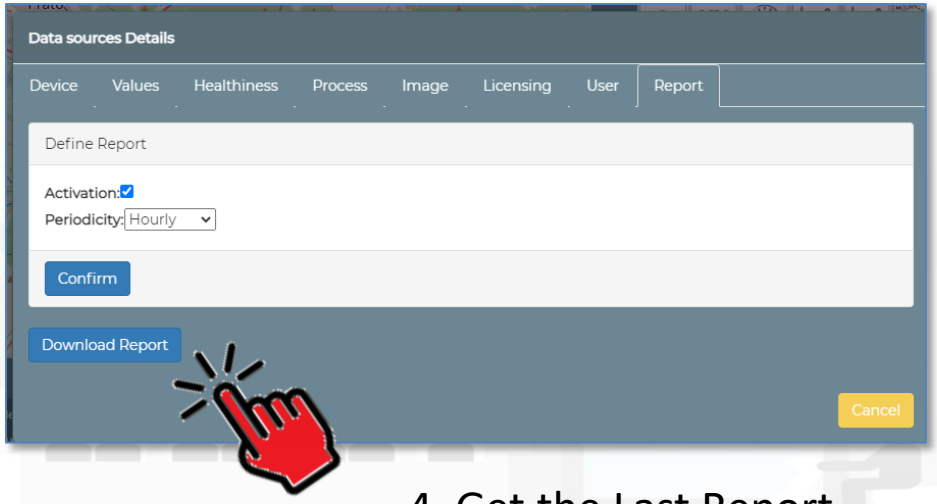
- **Device/data** owner may have their reports: **monthly or 3-monthly**
  - Ready to use reports are available for:
    - Single Device: ETL and IOT
  - Ask to your RootAdmin to activate the production of reports (and also **hourly** report **for testing only**).



1. Open data Inspector
2. Click on Device or sensor



3. Click on report



4. Get the Last Report

Data Inspector recent and future features

- Specific views for the HLT
- Details on Healthiness
- More details on the Ingestion Process
- Capabilities of setting and changing the Healthiness criteria
- For data related to IOT App vs Dashboard, how the link to them
- A view about the data relationships, precisely to show the data used in dashboard, and used in IOT App, etc.
- For Sensors: a link to DevDash to see the time trend and relationships with other sensors and devices on the same Organization (for all in the case of RootAdmin)
- A reverse link from the SmartAppGraph to the Data Inspector data of various kind

DevDash based assessing Elastic Search (OpenDistro) Data via Kibana

Open Distro for Elasticsearch

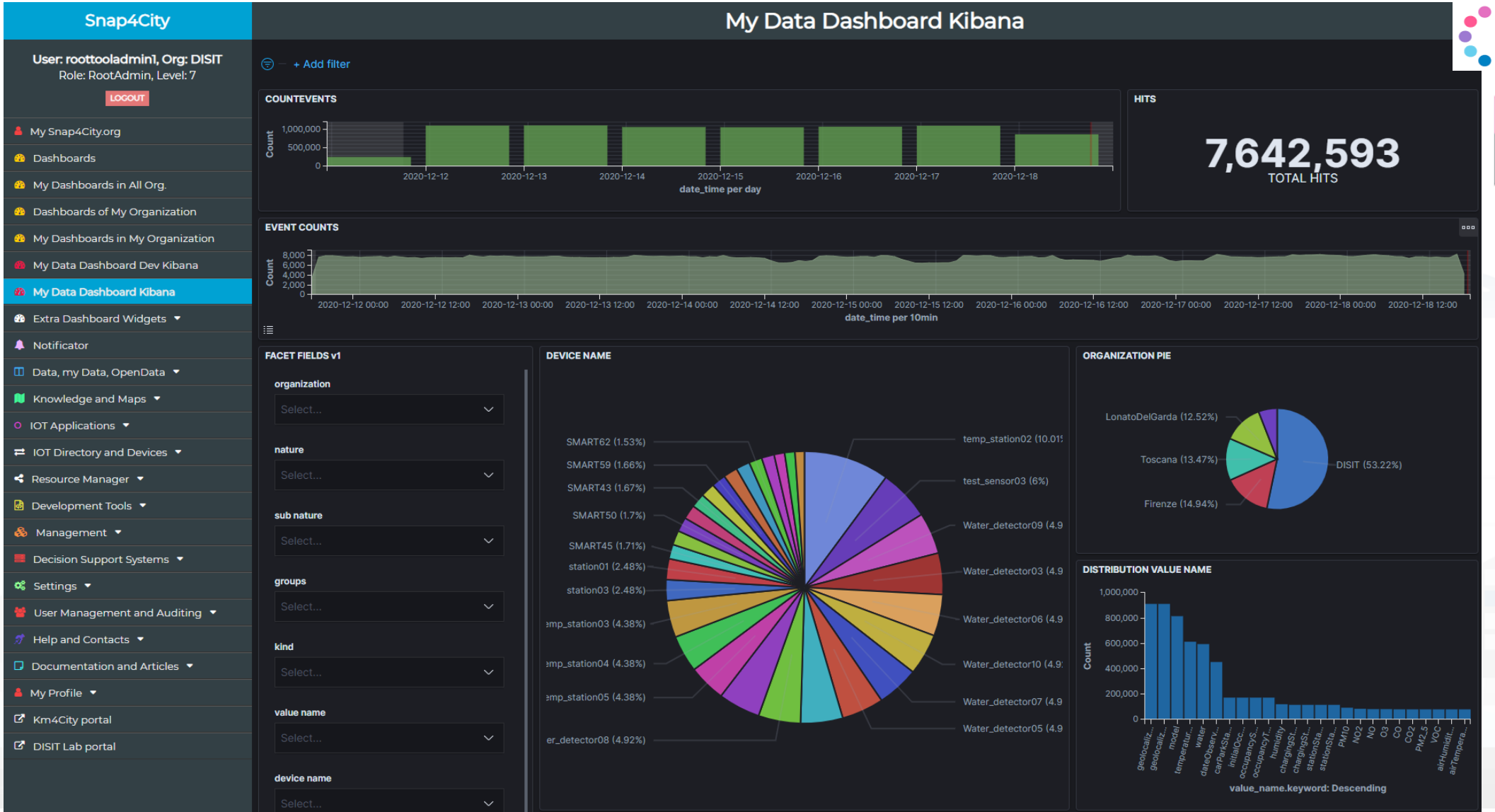
My Data Dashboard Dev Kibana

My Data Dashboard Kibana



Some functionalities are limited to certain roles

DevDash: My Data Dashboard Kibana





Open Distro for Elasticsearch

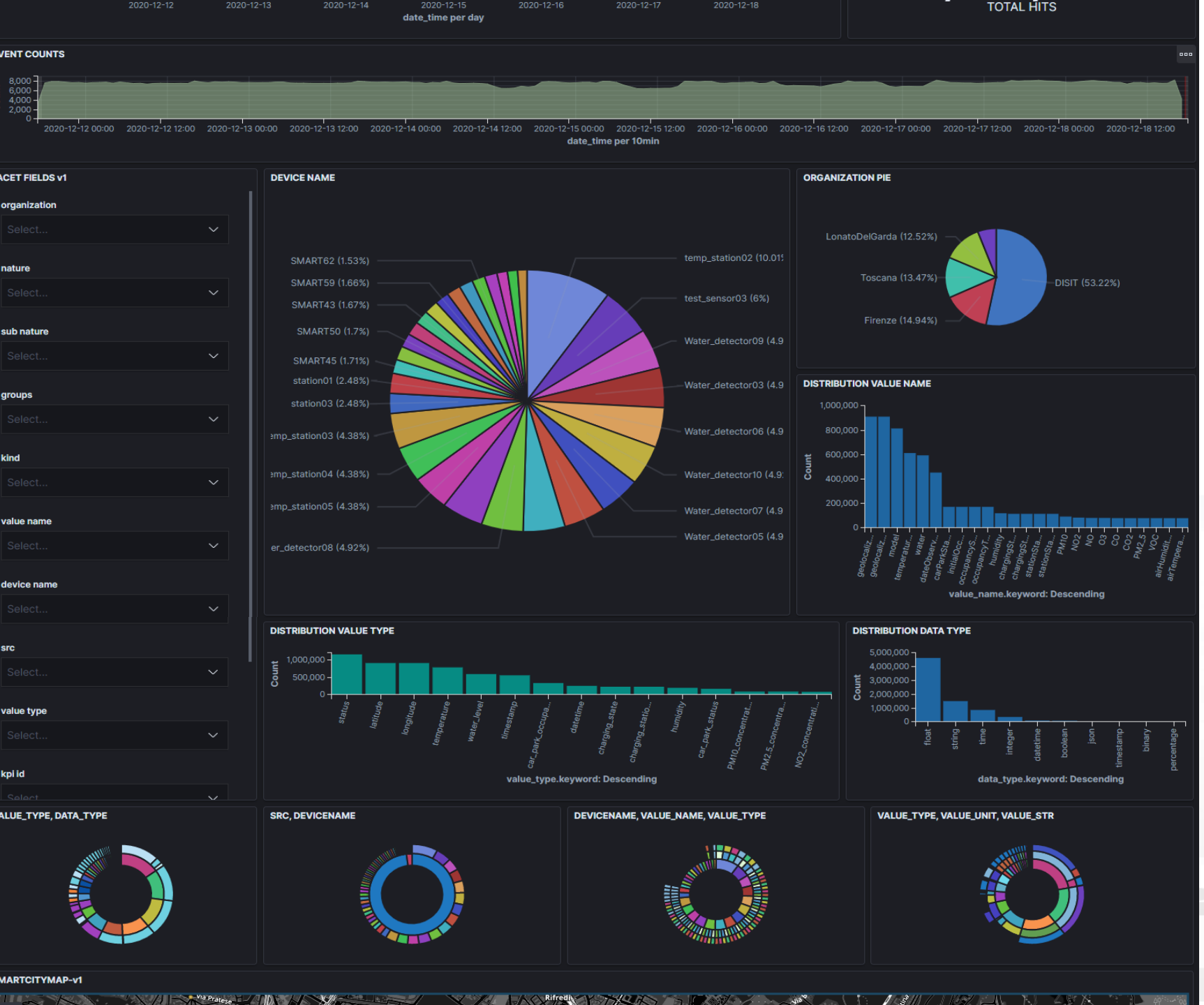
kibana

SNAP4CITY

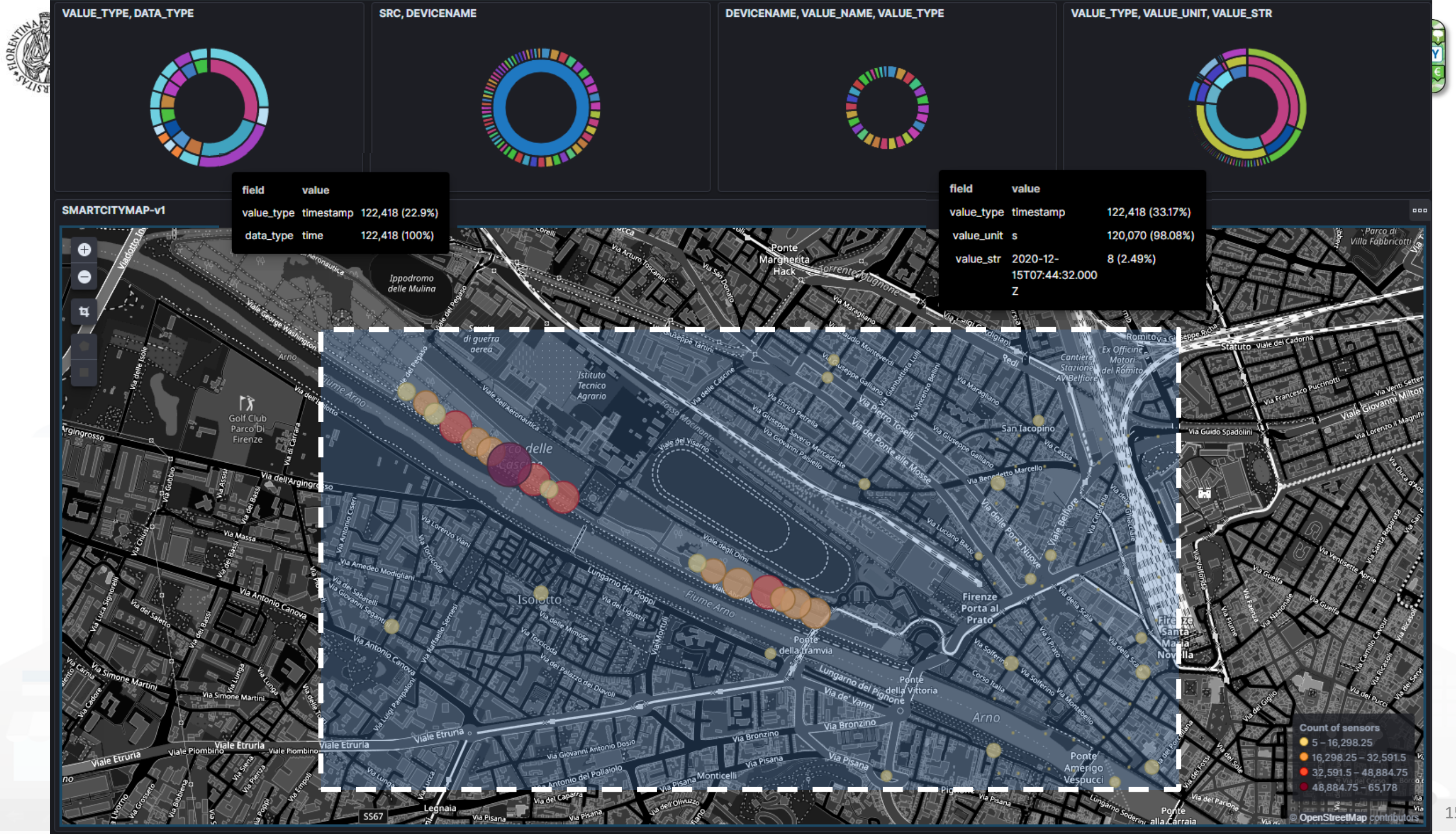
KM4CITY

Business Analysis Dashboards For all kind of users: DevDash

- Dynamic Filtering, Adaptable, …
- Full data details, drill down,…
- Synergic with **Data Inspector** which addresses data relationships, processing and information
- **Only Your Data for**
  - Manager and Area Managers
- **All Accessible Data for**
  - ToolAdmin and RootAdmin

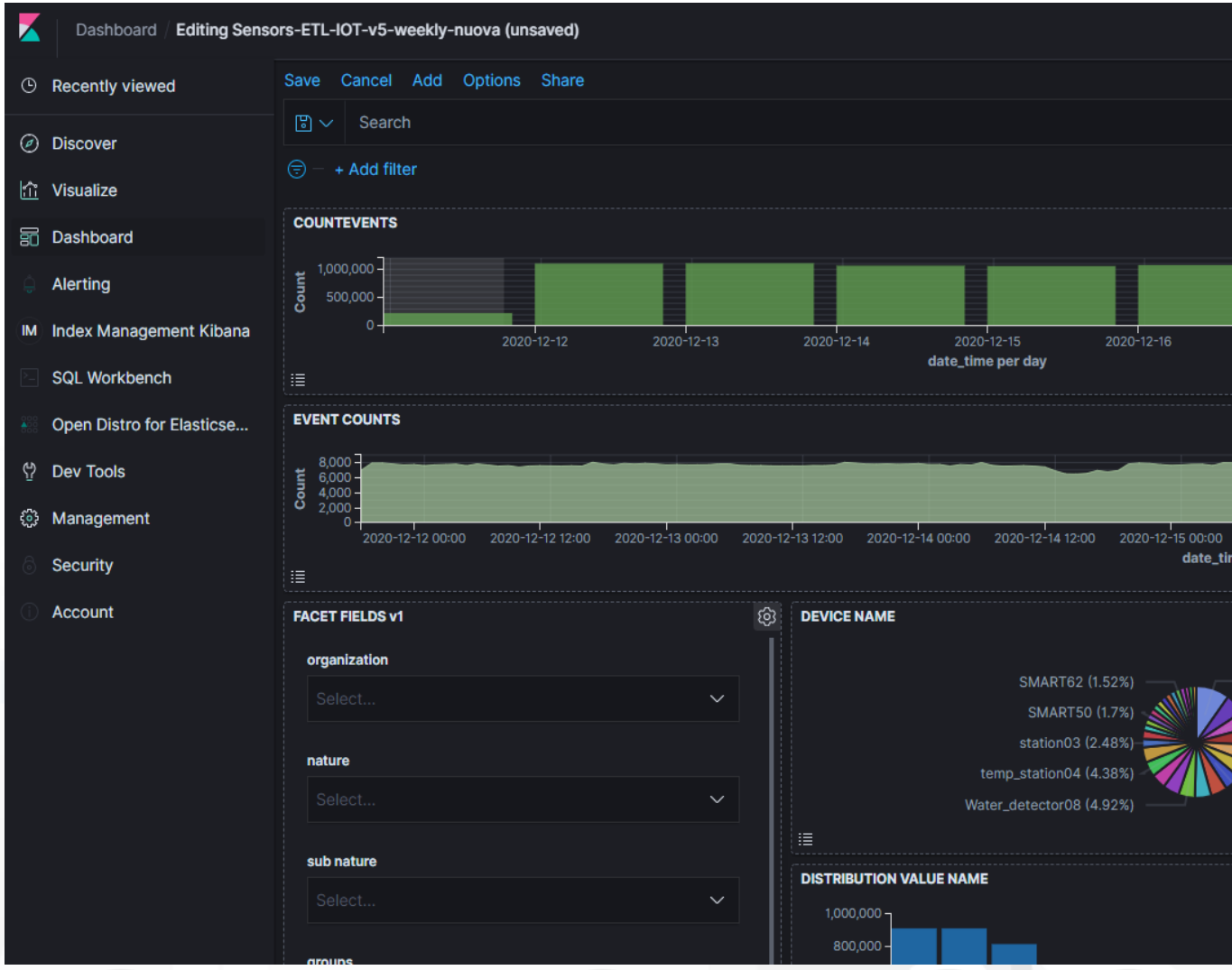


- Multi faceted Search by
  - Devices
  - Organization
  - Drill on Time
  - Drill on Map
  - Value Types
  - Data Type
  - Value name
  - Data table
  - Etc.
- Respect Privacy and GDPR


VALUE_TYPE, DATA_TYPE
SRC, DEVICENAME
DEVICENAME, VALUE_NAME, VALUE_TYPE
VALUE_TYPE, VALUE_UNIT, VALUE_STR
field value
value_type timestamp 122,418 (22.9%)
data_type time 122,418 (100%)
field value
value_type timestamp 122,418 (33.17%)
value_unit s 120,070 (98.08%)
value_str 2020-12-15T07:44:32.000Z 8 (2.49%)
SMARTCITYMAP-v1
Count of sensors
5 – 16,298.25
16,298.25 – 32,591.5
32,591.5 – 48,884.75
48,884.75 – 65,178
© OpenStreetMap contributors

My Data Dashboard Customization

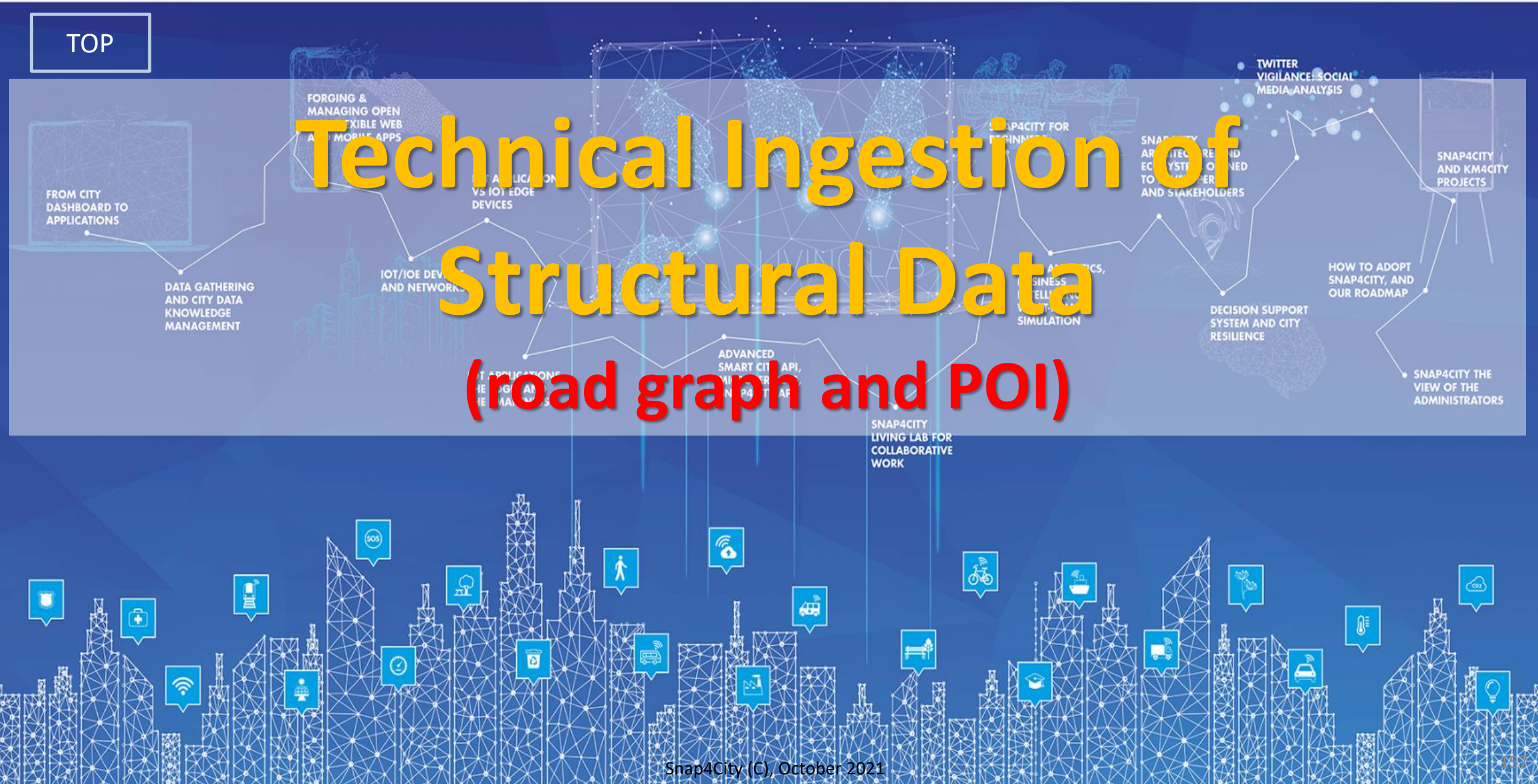
- My Data Dashboards (for Developers and for Managers) can be customized by RootAdmin.
  - Authority for Customizzation can be also extended to other role on Premise solutions
- Customizations is based on Full editing Capabilities of OpenDistro x Elastic Search 7.1 and Kibana, and with multiple indexes of Snap4City



TOP

Technical Ingestion of Structural Data

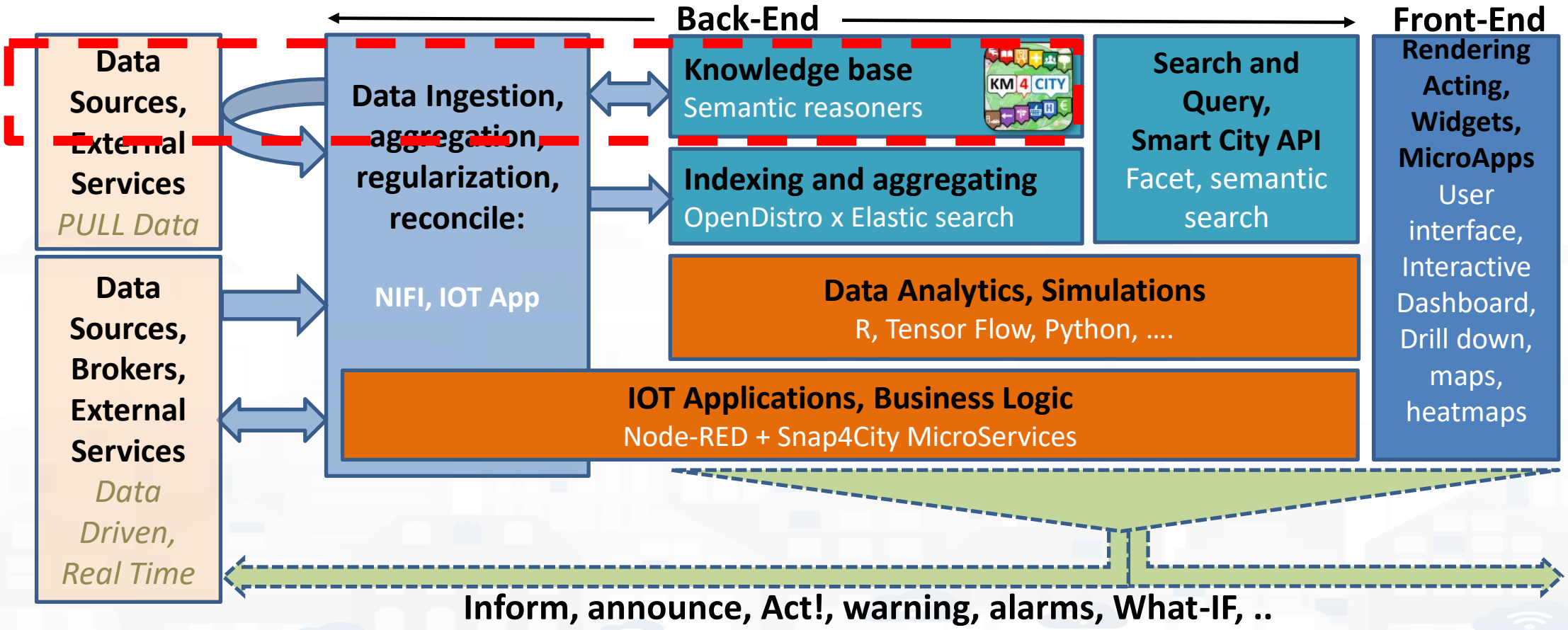
(road graph and POI)



Set up of the Road Graph on Knowledge Base, performed with an open source tool



Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion

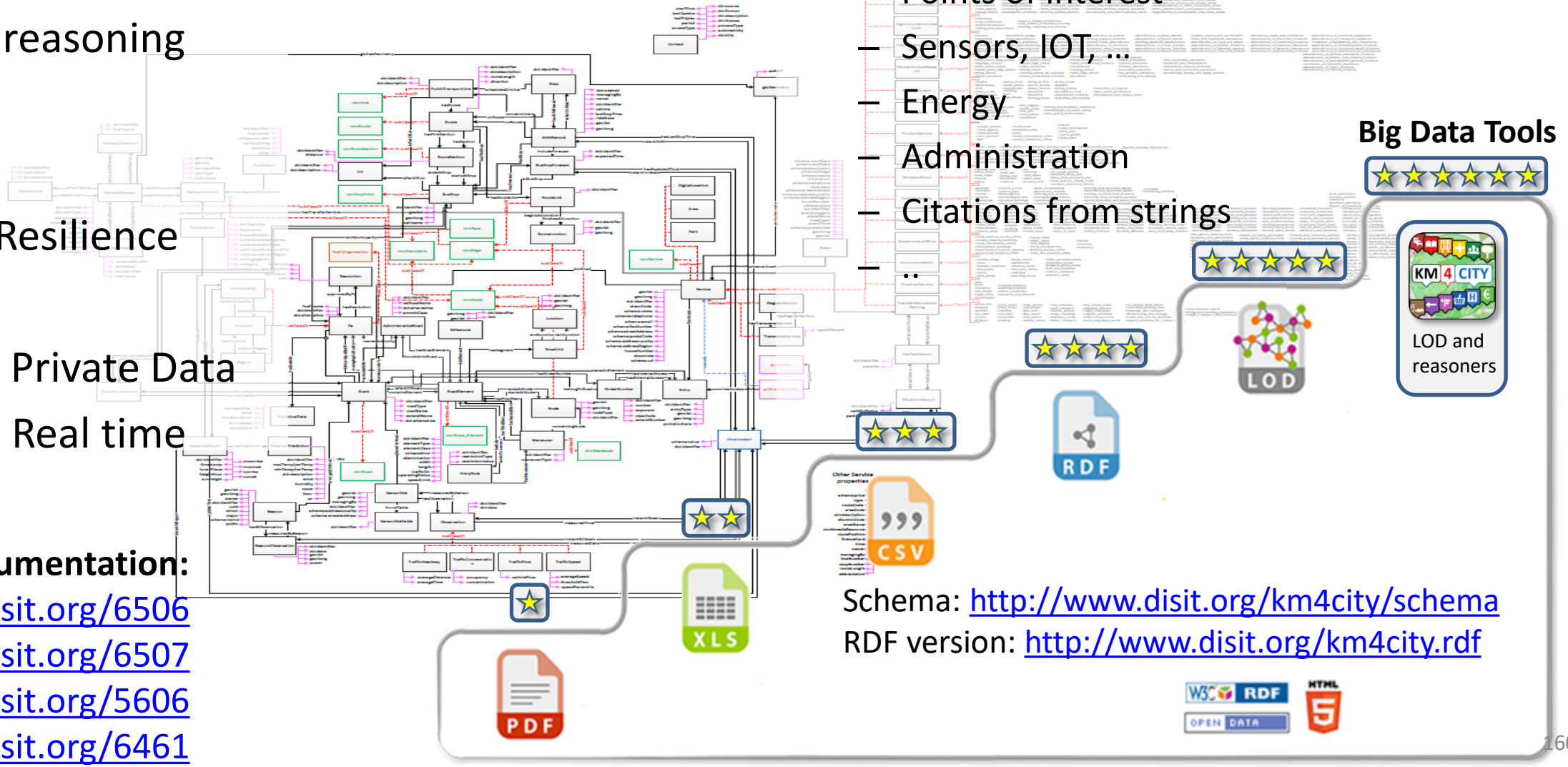


Km4City: Knowledge Base

- **Multiple DOMAINS**
- Geospatial reasoning
- Temporal reasoning
- Metadata
- Statistics
- Risk and Resilience
- Licensing
- Open and Private Data
- Static and Real time
- IOT/IOE

Ontology Documentation:
http://www.disit.org/6506
http://www.disit.org/6507
http://www.disit.org/5606
http://www.disit.org/6461

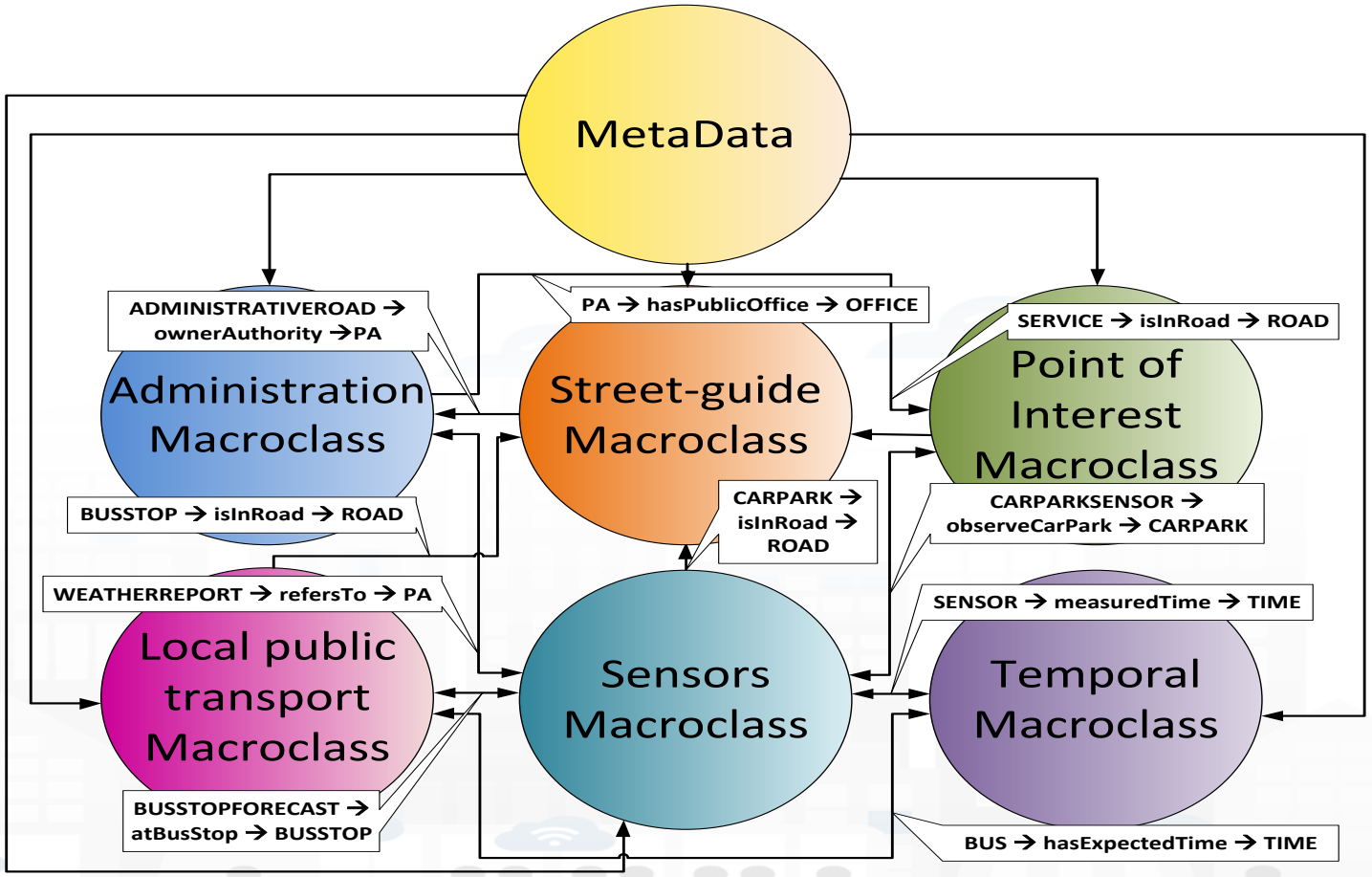
- Street-Guide
- Mobility and transport
- Points of interest
- Sensors, IOT, …
- Energy
- Administration
- Citations from strings
- ..



Schema: http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema
RDF version: http://www.disit.org/km4city.rdf

Smart-city Ontology: 1.6

- covers different aspects:
  - Administration
  - Street-guide
  - Points of interest
  - Local public transport
  - Sensors
  - Temporal aspects
  - Metadata on the data
  - Industry 4.0 structures

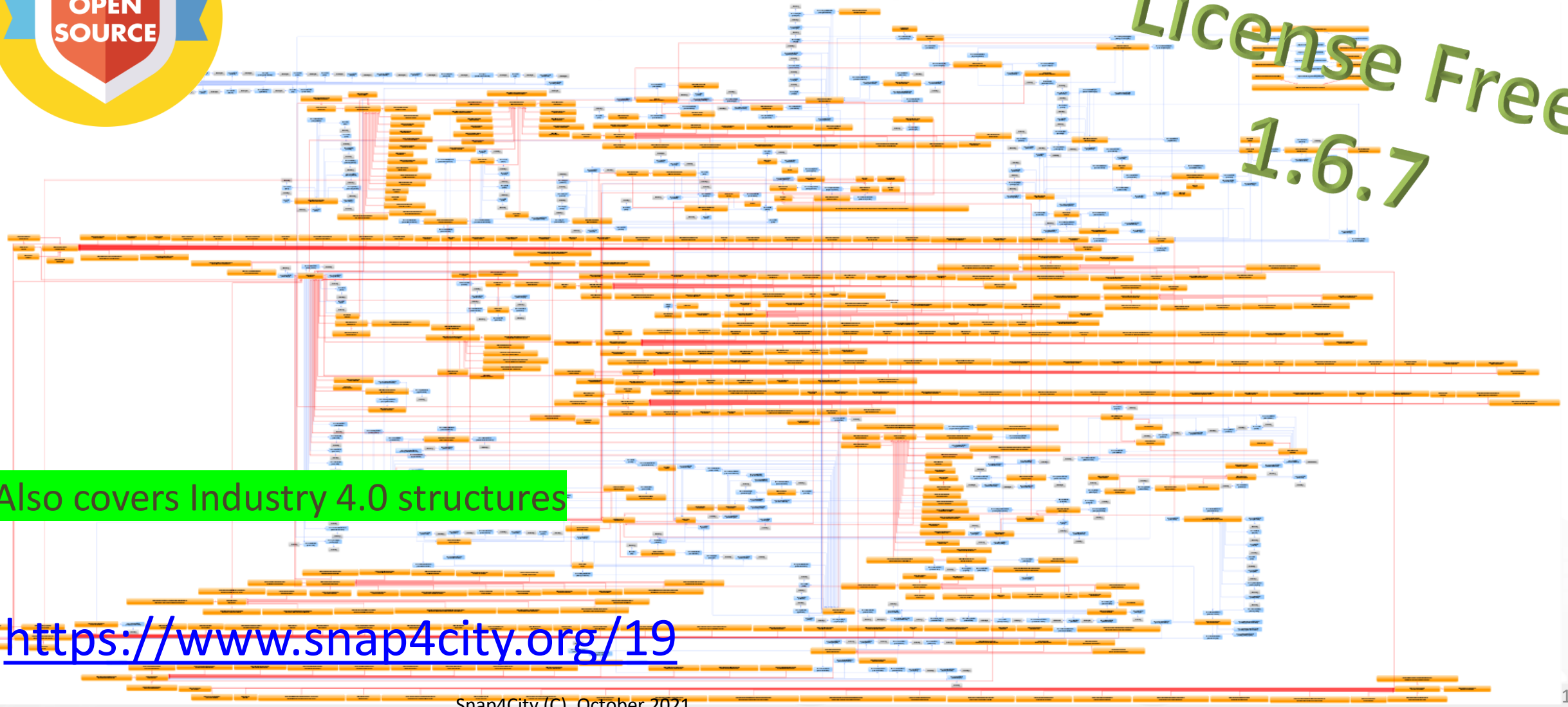


100% OPEN SOURCE

Smart-city Ontology km4city

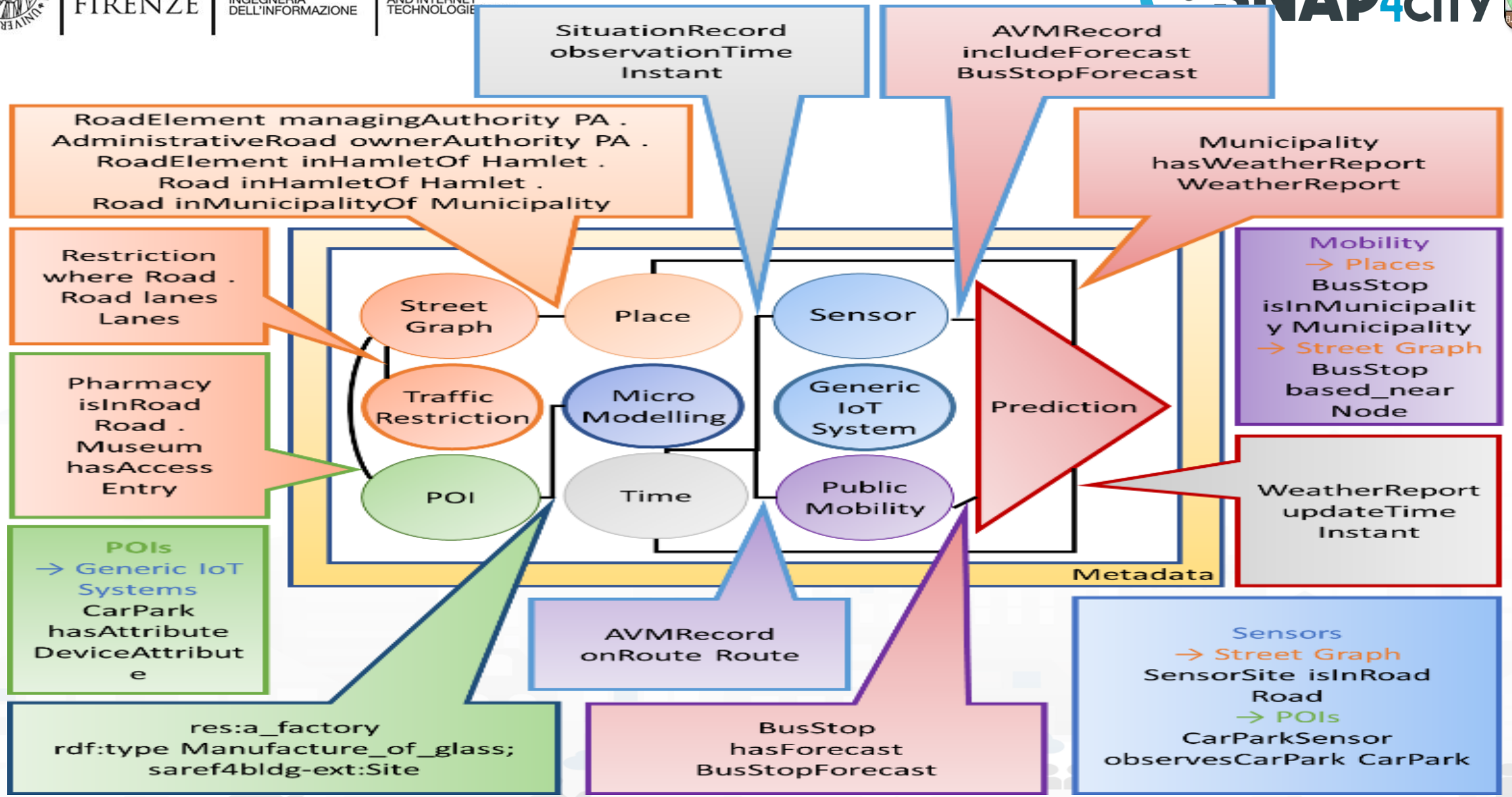
License Free

1.6.7

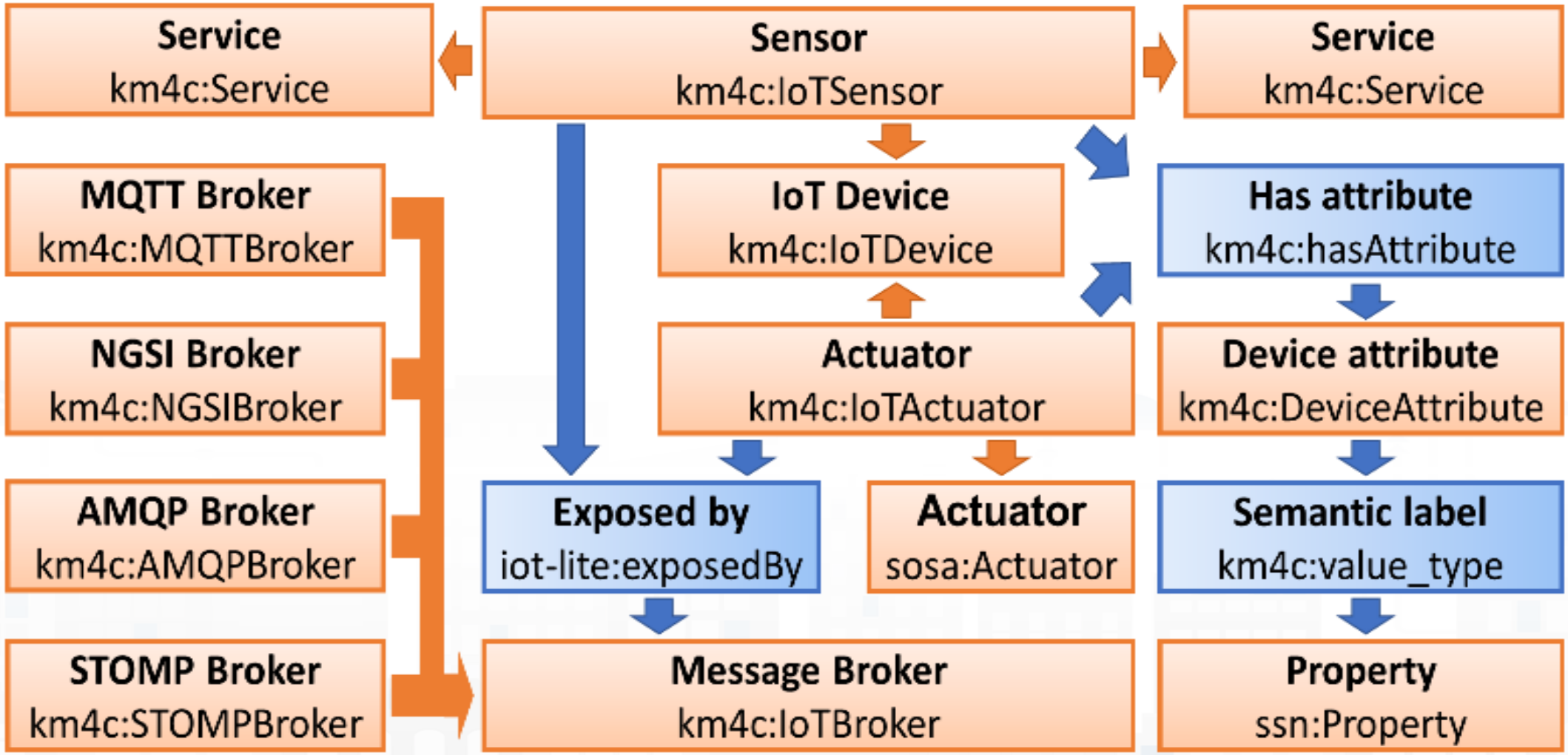


Also covers Industry 4.0 structures

https://www.snap4city.org/19



https://www.snap4city.org/19



https://www.snap4city.org/19

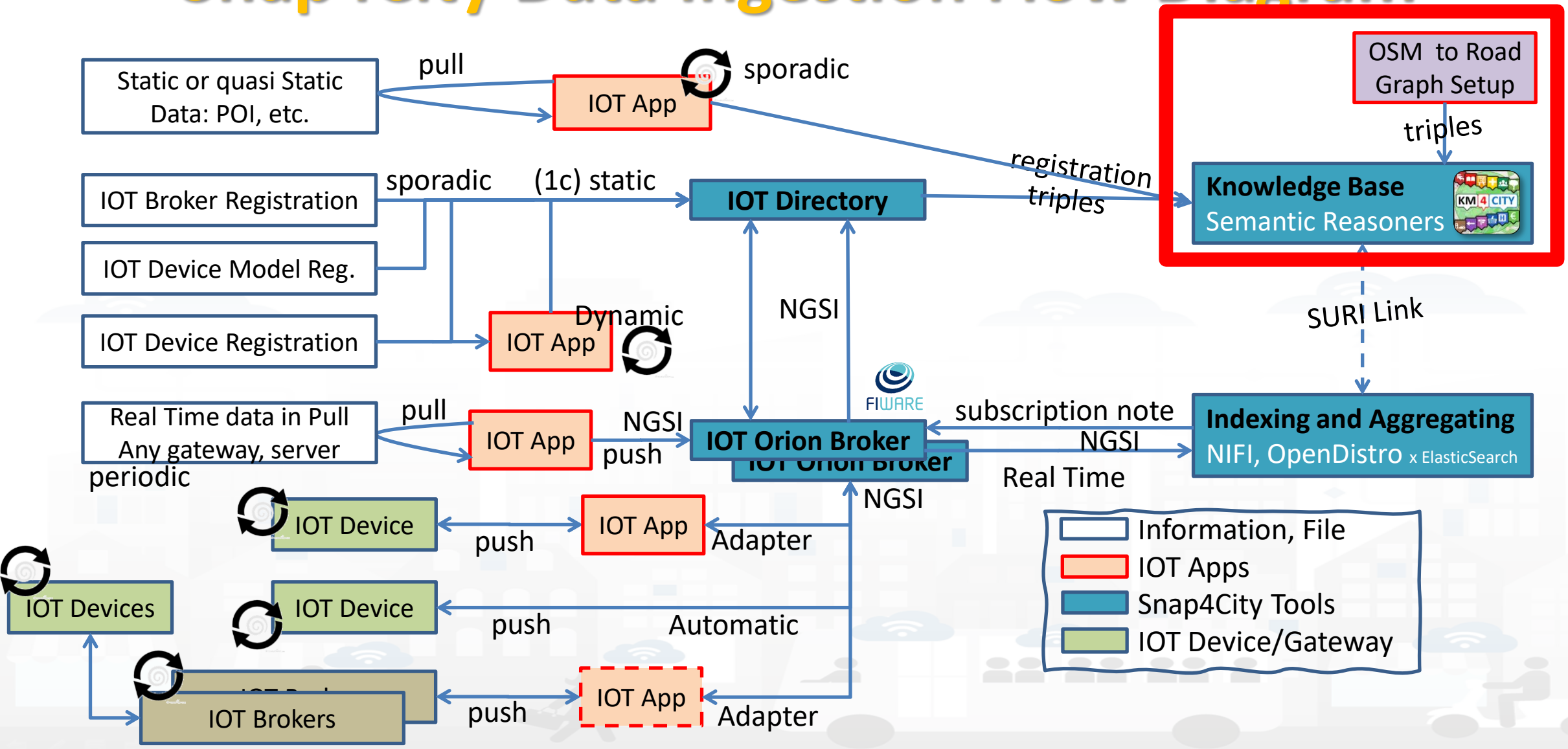
Km4City Ontology elements 1.6.7

- **Km4C**: Km4City 1.6.7
- Using
  - **OTN**: Ontology of Transportation Networks
  - **SSN**: Semantic Sensor Network Ontology (see https://www.w3.org/TR/vocab-ssn/
  - **SAREF** Smart Appliances REFerence extension for building devices available at https://saref.etsi.org/saref4bldg/
  - **iot-lite**: IOT Vocabuary
  - **FOAF**: friends of a friends
  - **DCTERMS**: for metadata Dublin Core Metadata Initiative
  - **Schema.org** for people and organizations
  - **WGS84** Datum of Geo-Objects
  - **OWL-Time**: time reasoning
  - **Good Relation**: entities relationships

Set up of the Knowledge Base, KB

- The **KB starts empty**, it has to be **initialized** with the Road Graph(s) of interest.
- **Road Graphs** can be obtained from:
  - GIS of the municipalities, regional govern, etc.
  - Open Street Map, OSM
  - Etc.
  - See this note on KM vs OSM: https://www.snap4city.org/397
- Snap4City provides a tool for **feeding the KB with OSM**
  - TC5.10- Open Street Map ingestion process
    - From the Open Street Map to the Km4City street graph
      - https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/From%20the%20Open%20Street%20Map%20to%20the%20Km4City%20street%20graph.pdf
  - **OSM2KM4C** tool is included into KBSM, VM and Docker https://www.snap4city.org/471
  - Tool: https://github.com/disit/osm2km4c
- The load of a city of 1 Million of inhabitants can be done in few hours.

Snap4City Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



From FAQ

Which are the mechanisms to send data into the Knowledge Base?

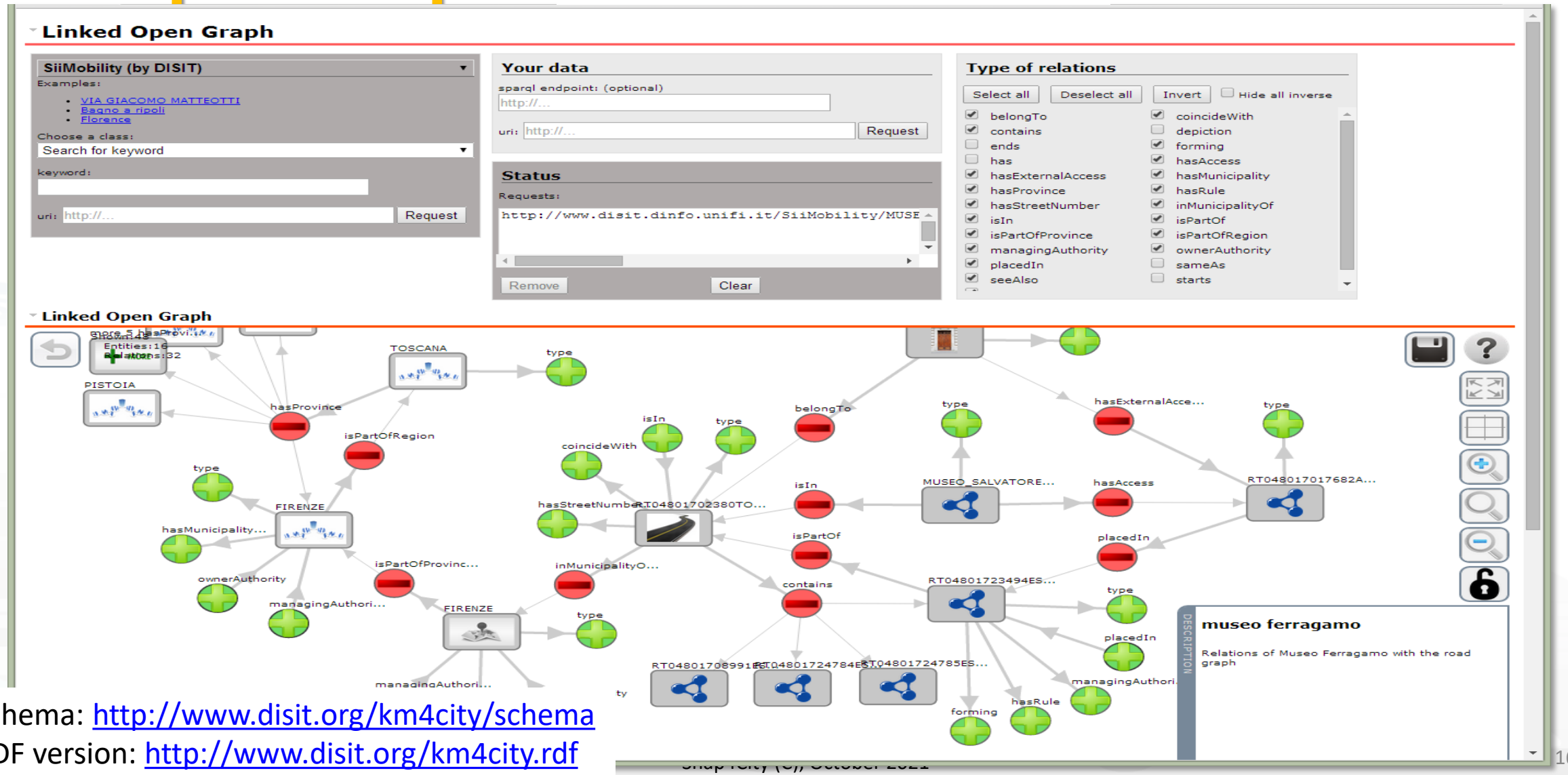
The KB is feed with new concepts and entities, and they are produced by the solution and feed into the KB:

- (i) automatically by the IoT Directory about all the new registered IoT Devices which are registered on some IoT broker which have been already registered on IoT Directory
- (ii) automatically from an IoT App it is possible to generate triples in somehow and poste them in N3 formats into the specific KB you targeted, according to the ORG you have
- (iii) automatically from POI Loader tool that takes Excel file in input and generate triples for a specific your organization
- (iii) manually producing triples and send them to RootAdming for feeding KB, or using an IOT App for feeding KB
- (iv) converting OSM in triples about road graph details by using a tool called
  - From the Open Street Map to the Km4City street graph
  - https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/From%20the%20Open%20Street%20Map%20to%20the%20Km4City%20street%20graph.pdf

Linked Open Data

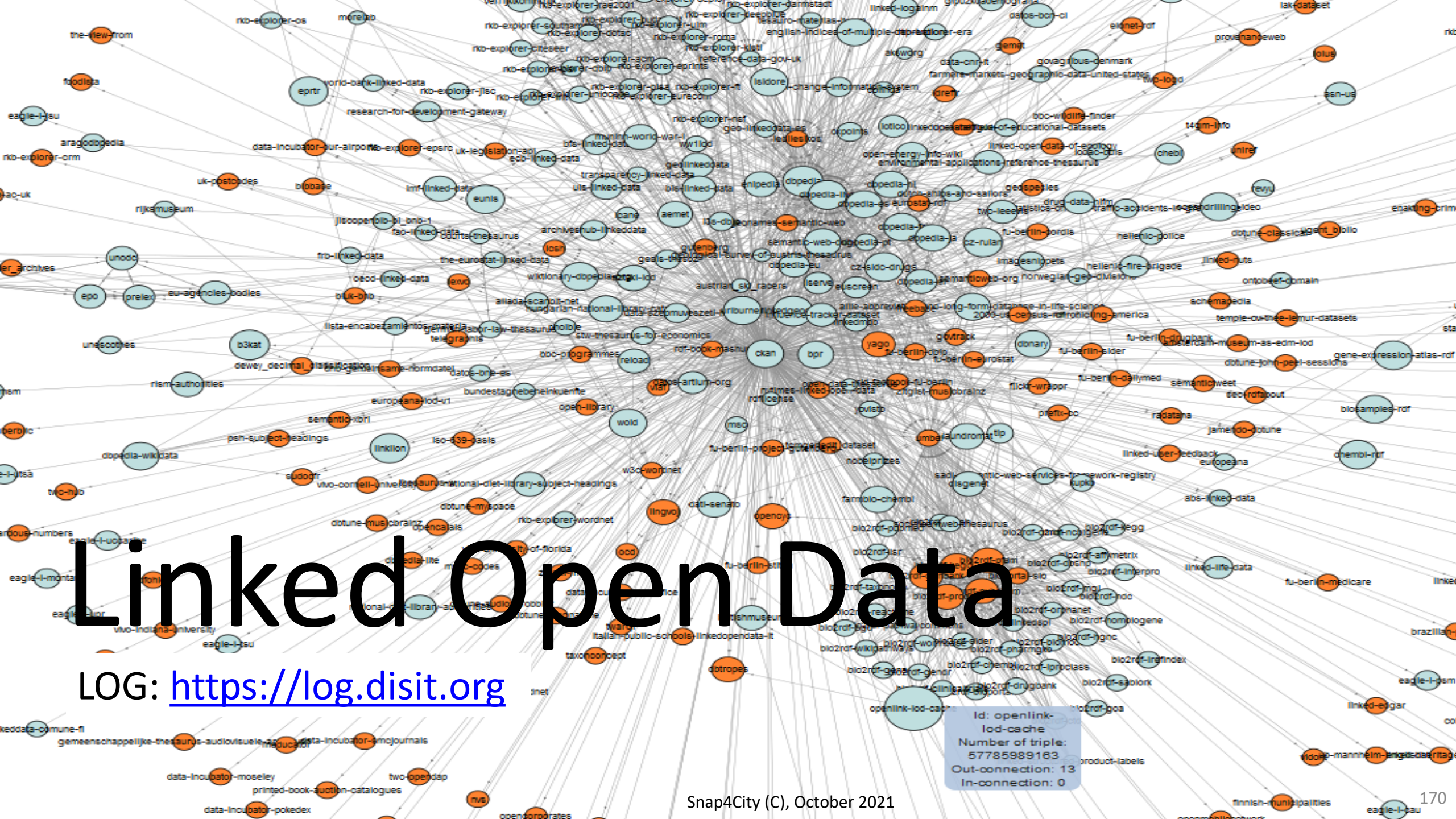
Linked Open Graph

LOG: https://log.disit.org

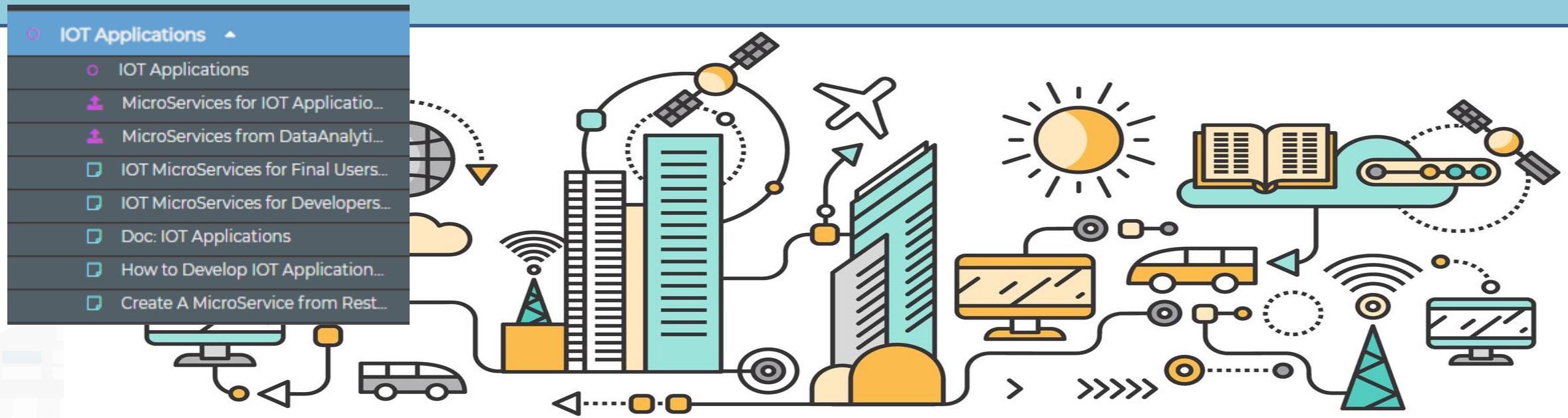


Schema: http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema

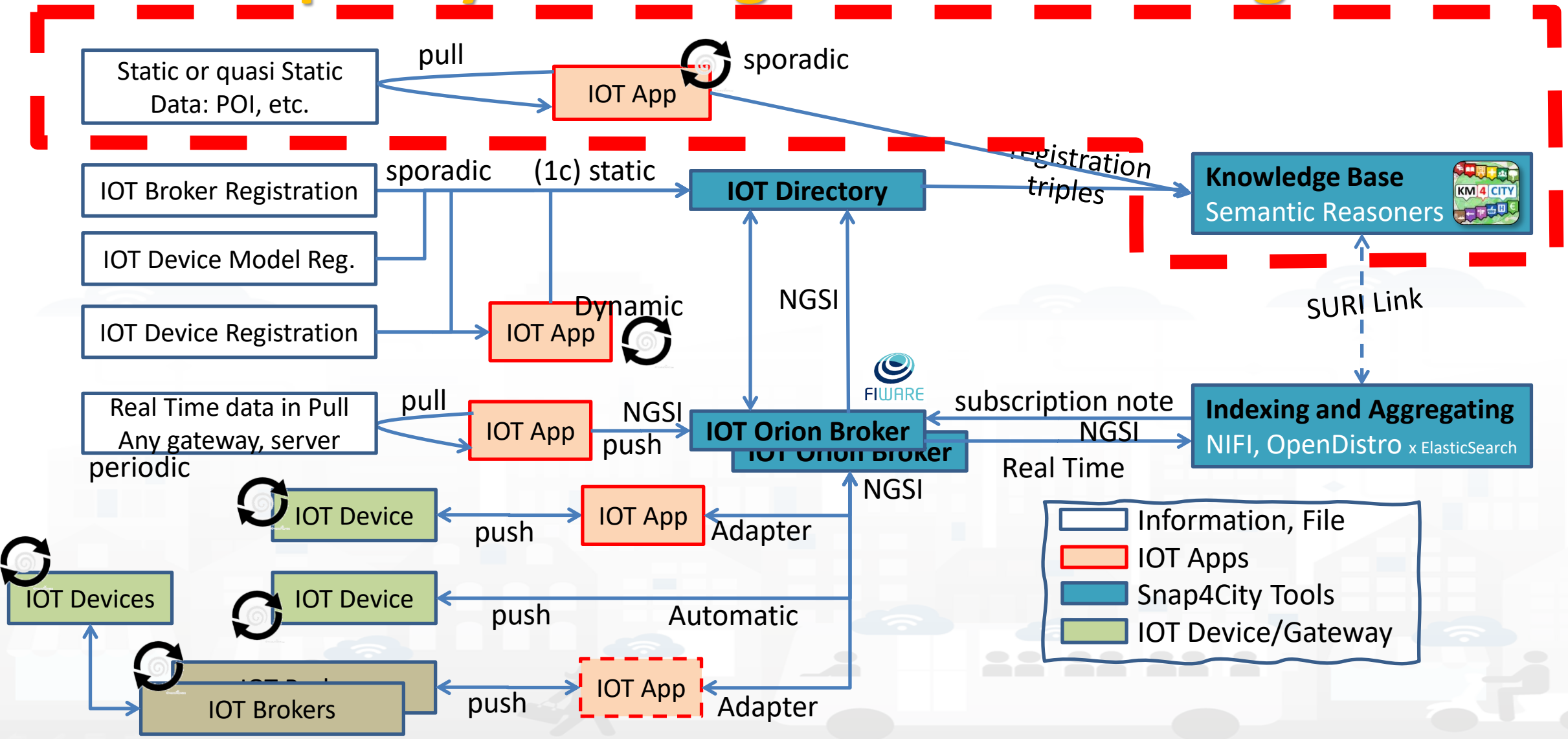
RDF version: http://www.disit.org/km4city.rdf


Linked Open Data
LOG: https://log.disit.org
Id: openlink-lod-cache
Number of triple: 57785989163
Out-connection: 13
In-connection: 0

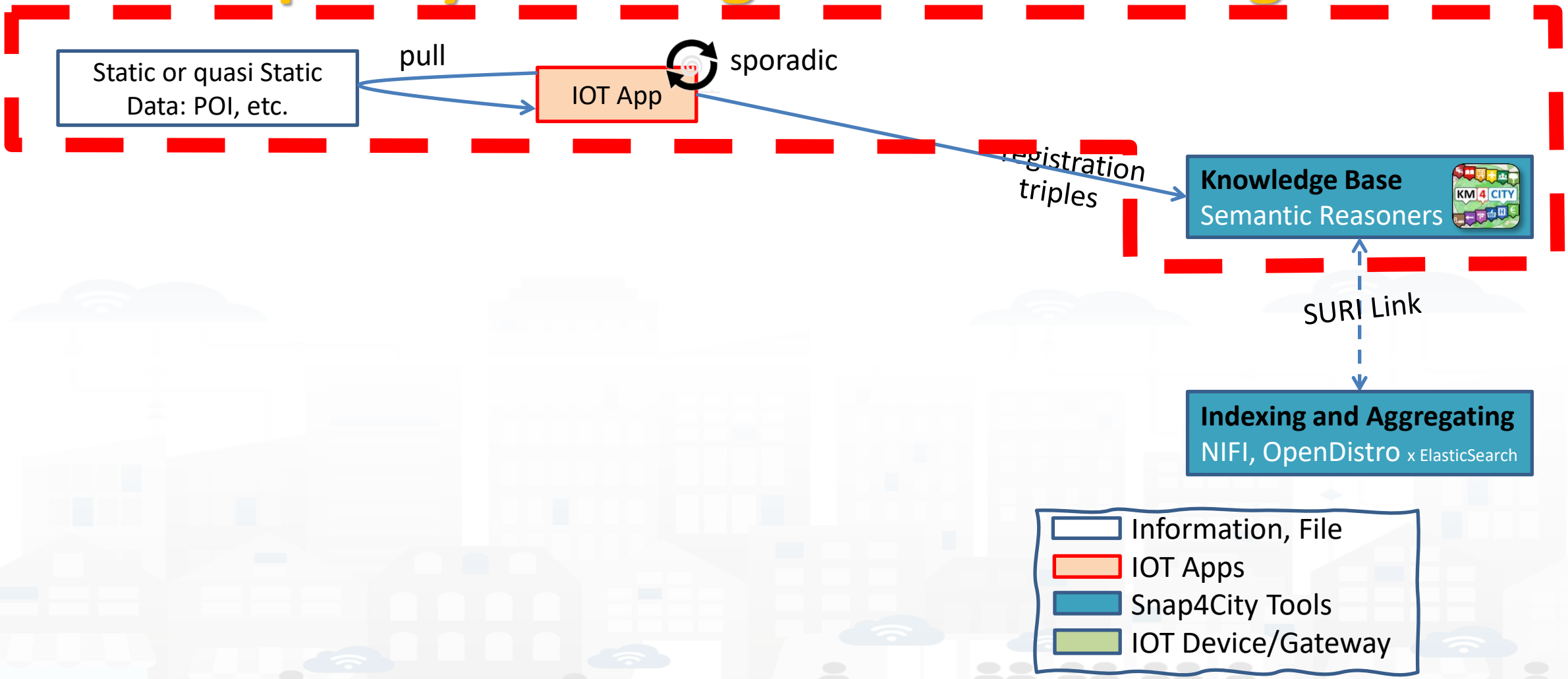
Programming Static Data Ingestion via IOT Apps, API, and Files



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



Regularizing Static data via IOT App

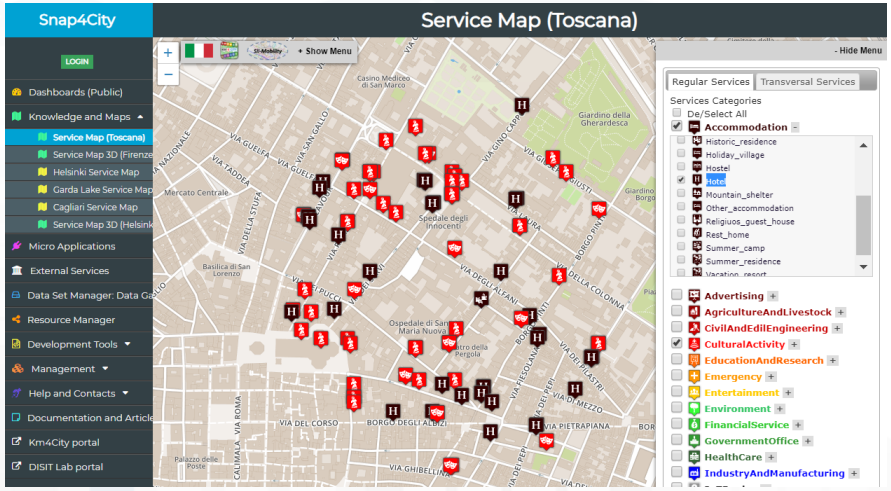
Pre-requirements:

- Knowledge Base main categories (Service Map or)

Register Static Data on Snap4City KB:

1. ‘Regularize’ your data putting them in csv file (possible fields available here: https://www.snap4city.org/589)
2. Create your **IoT App** starting from the sample available here:
   - Description: https://www.snap4city.org/596
   - Source code: https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/sites/default/files/files/iotapp-poi-ingestion.txt
3. Upload your csv containing N rows, each row is a Point of Interest

Snap4City Home > Knowledge and Maps > Services Menu (right)



Static data

Regularization

1. Create your csv (with 33 fields in the header). Here after some of them (M = to be filled Mandatory):
   - id: Unique POI identifier (**R**ecommended, if not present is created starting form the file name)
   - subCategory (**M**): KM4City category (ex: "Museum")
   - latitude (**M**): POI latitude (ex: "43.7936")
   - longitude (**M**): POI longitude (ex: "11.2604")
   - province: (ex.: "FI")
   - nameITA/nameENG: POI name
   - city: (ex.: "FIRENZE")
   - postalcode: (ex.: "50100")
   - streetAddress: (ex.: "via di Santa Marta")
   - civicNumber: (ex.: "3")
   - descriptionShortENG : (ex: "Exhibition... ")
   - url: (ex: "https://www.snap4city.org")
   - … others…here: https://www.snap4city.org/589

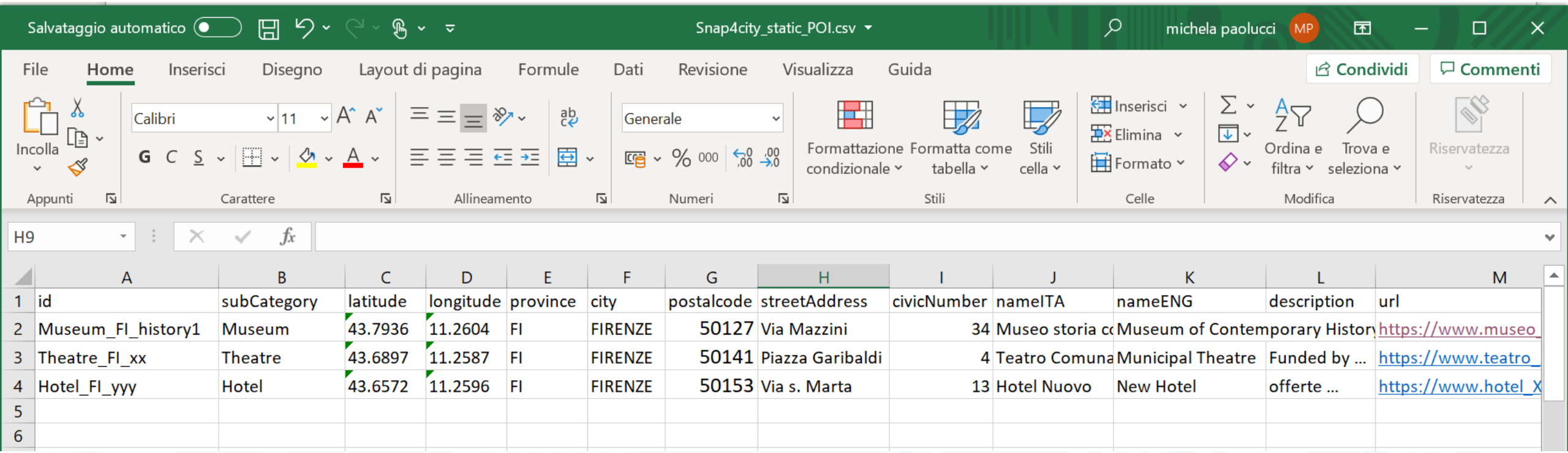
Salvataggio automatico — Snap4city_static_POI.csv

H9

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H
1	id	subCategory	latitude	longitude	province	city	postalcode	streetAddress
2	Museum_FI_history1	Museum	43.7936	11.2604	FI	FIRENZE	50127	Via Mazzini
3	Theatre_FI_xx	Theatre	43.6897	11.2587	FI	FIRENZE	50141	Piazza Garibaldi
4	Hotel_FI_yyy	Hotel	43.6572	11.2596	FI	FIRENZE	50153	Via s. Marta
5								

Snap4city_static_POI.csv

```
1  id;subCategory;latitude;longitude;province;city;postalcode;streetAddress;civicNumber;nameITA;nameENG;description;url;OTHERS…
2  Museum_FI_history1;Museum;43.7936;11.2604;FI;FIRENZE;50127;Via Mazzini;34;Museo storia contemporanea;Museum of Contemporary History;
3  Theatre_FI_xx;Theatre;43.6897;11.2587;FI;FIRENZE;50141;Piazza Garibaldi;4;Teatro Comunale;Municipal Theatre;Funded by …;https://www.
4  Hotel_FI_yyy;Hotel;43.6572;11.2596;FI;FIRENZE;50153;Via s. Marta;13;Hotel Nuovo;New Hotel;offerte …;https://www.hotel_XXX.com;
5
```



Salvataggio automatico — Snap4city_static_POI.csv — michela paolucci MP

File Home Inserisci Disegno Layout di pagina Formule Dati Revisione Visualizza Guida — Condividi — Commenti

Incolla — Calibri 11 — Generale — Formattazione condizionale — Formatta come tabella — Stili cella — Inserisci — Elimina — Formato — Ordina e filtra — Trova e seleziona — Riservatezza

Appunti — Carattere — Allineamento — Numeri — Stili — Celle — Modifica — Riservatezza

H9

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	id	subCategory	latitude	longitude	province	city	postalcode	streetAddress	civicNumber	nameITA	nameENG	description	url
2	Museum_FI_history1	Museum	43.7936	11.2604	FI	FIRENZE	50127	Via Mazzini	34	Museo storia c	Museum of Contemporary Histor		https://www.museo_
3	Theatre_FI_xx	Theatre	43.6897	11.2587	FI	FIRENZE	50141	Piazza Garibaldi	4	Teatro Comuna	Municipal Theatre	Funded by …	https://www.teatro_
4	Hotel_FI_yyy	Hotel	43.6572	11.2596	FI	FIRENZE	50153	Via s. Marta	13	Hotel Nuovo	New Hotel	offerte …	https://www.hotel_X
5													
6													

Snap4city_static_POI.csv

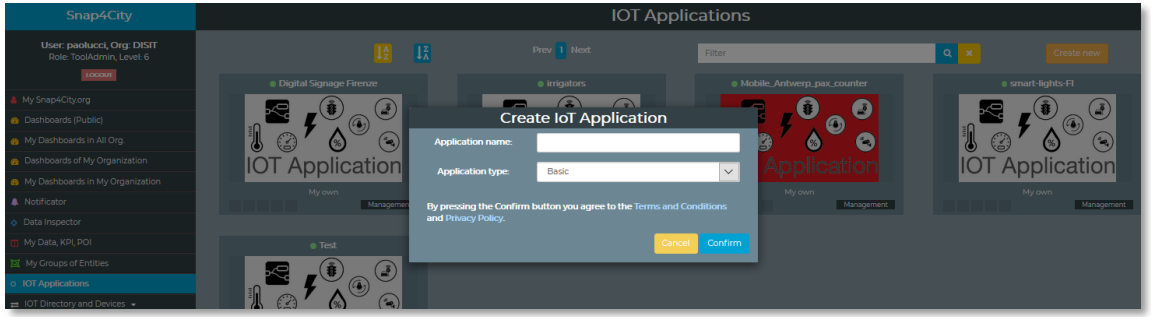
```
1  id;subCategory;latitude;longitude;province;city;postalcode;streetAddress;civicNumber;nameITA;nameENG;description;url;OTHERS…
2  Museum_FI_history1;Museum;43.7936;11.2604;FI;FIRENZE;50127;Via Mazzini;34;Museo storia contemporanea;Museum of Contemporary History;
3  Theatre_FI_xx;Theatre;43.6897;11.2587;FI;FIRENZE;50141;Piazza Garibaldi;4;Teatro Comunale;Municipal Theatre;Funded by …;https://www.
4  Hotel_FI_yyy;Hotel;43.6572;11.2596;FI;FIRENZE;50153;Via s. Marta;13;Hotel Nuovo;New Hotel;offerte …;https://www.hotel_XXX.com;
5
```

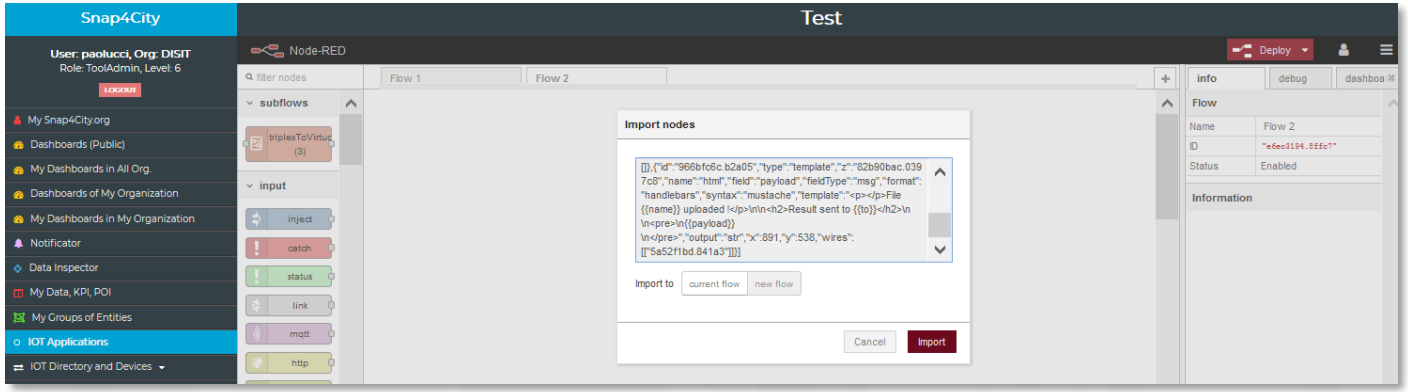
Static data

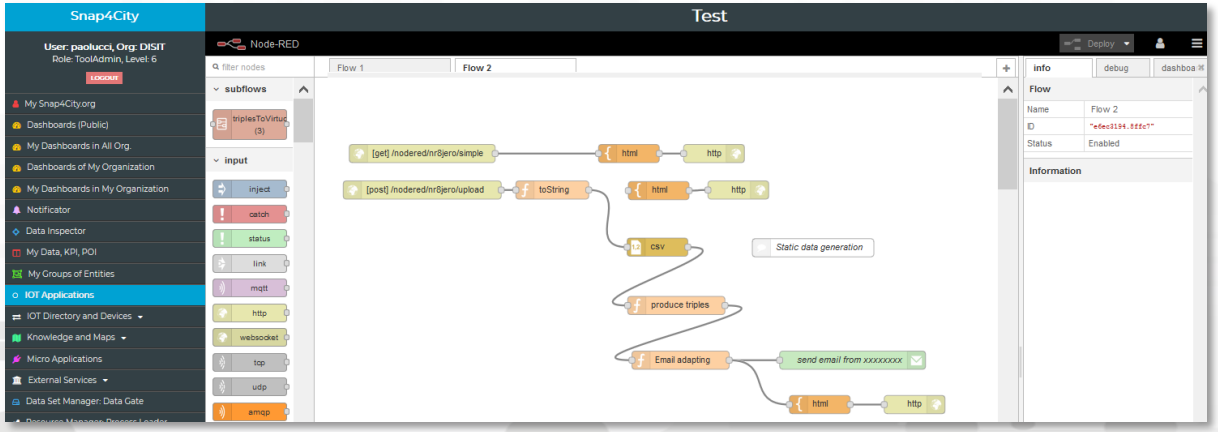
IoTApp

Create your IoTApp:

- Login > IoT Application > 'Create New' button
- Wait some minutes
- Copy the Source code available here: https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/sites/default/files/files/iotapp-poi-ingestion.txt
- Import the code and save ('Deploy' button)





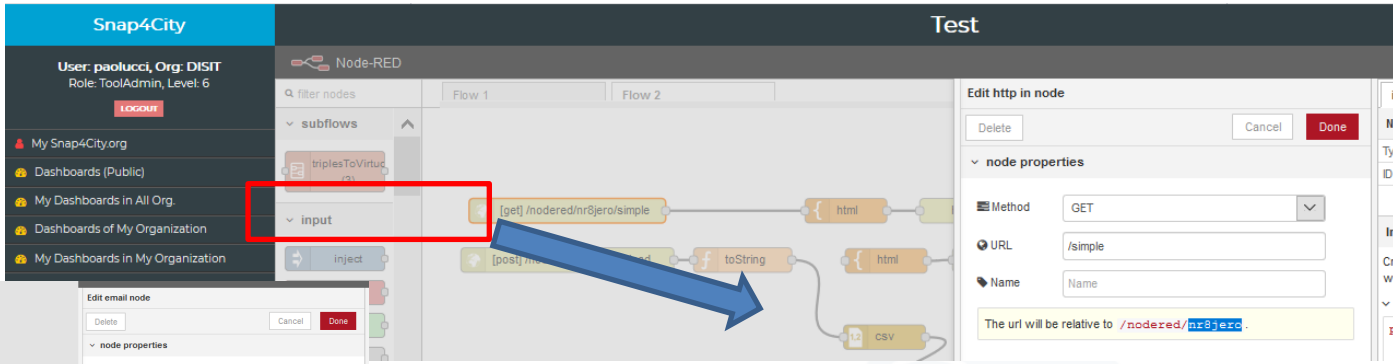


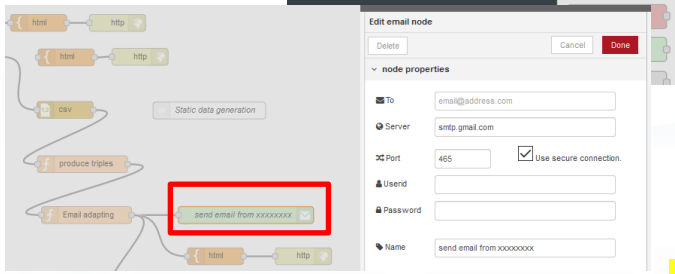
Static data

Upload your csv

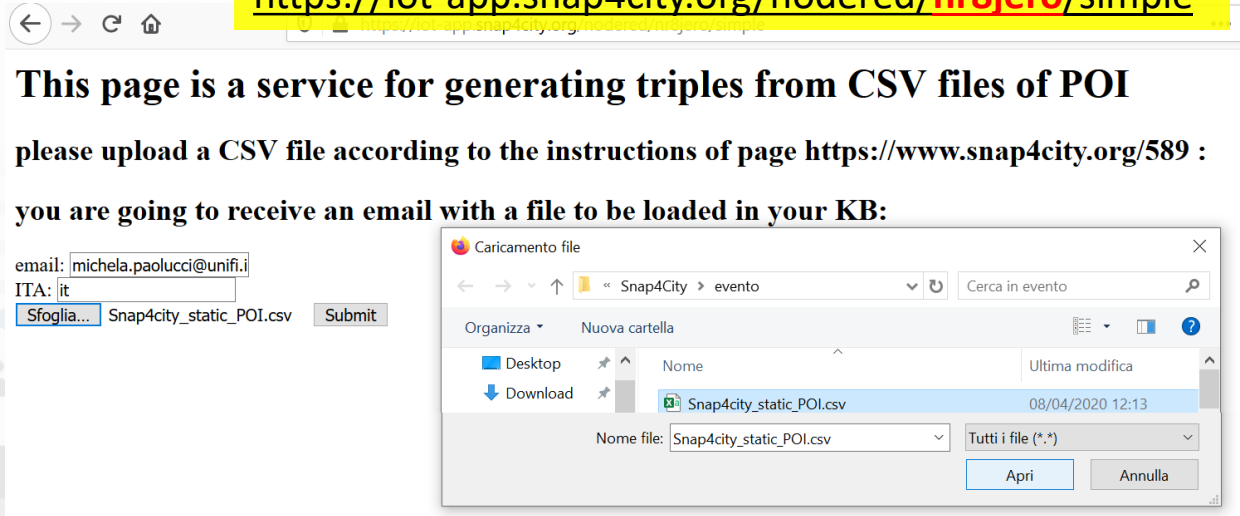
Modify your IoTApp:

- Open the ‘get simple block’ and serach for your App id (ex: ‘**nr8jero**’)
- Put your mail and credentials on the ‘send email form ..’ block
- Go to the page ‘ https://iot-app.snap4city.org/nodered/**nr8jero**/simple ’ and upload you csv file
- Add your e-mail credential





https://iot-app.snap4city.org/nodered/**nr8jero**/simple



https://iot-app.snap4city.org/nodered/nr8jero/simple

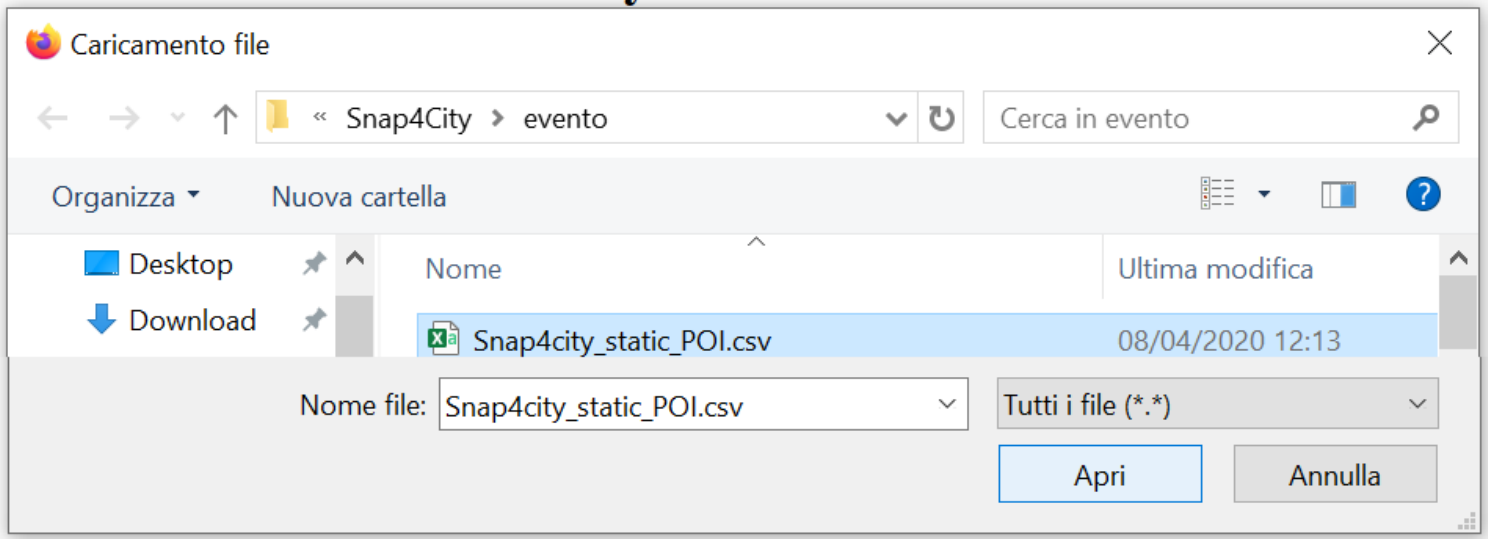
https://iot-app.snap4city.org/nodered/nr8jero/simple

This page is a service for generating triples from CSV files of POI

please upload a CSV file according to the instructions of page https://www.snap4city.org/589 :

you are going to receive an email with a file to be loaded in your KB:

email: michela.paolucci@unifi.i
ITA: it
Sfoglia... Snap4city_static_POI.csv Submit



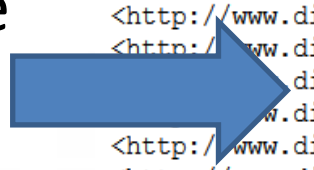
Static data

IoTApp (2)

Modify your IoTApp:

- Send the file you receive to us, or copy in a file the triples available in the web page and send them us
- Reference people:

  snap4city@disit.org



https://iot-app.snap4city.org/nodered/nr8jero/upload

File Snap4city_static_POI.csv uploaded !

Result sent to michela.paolucci@unifi.it

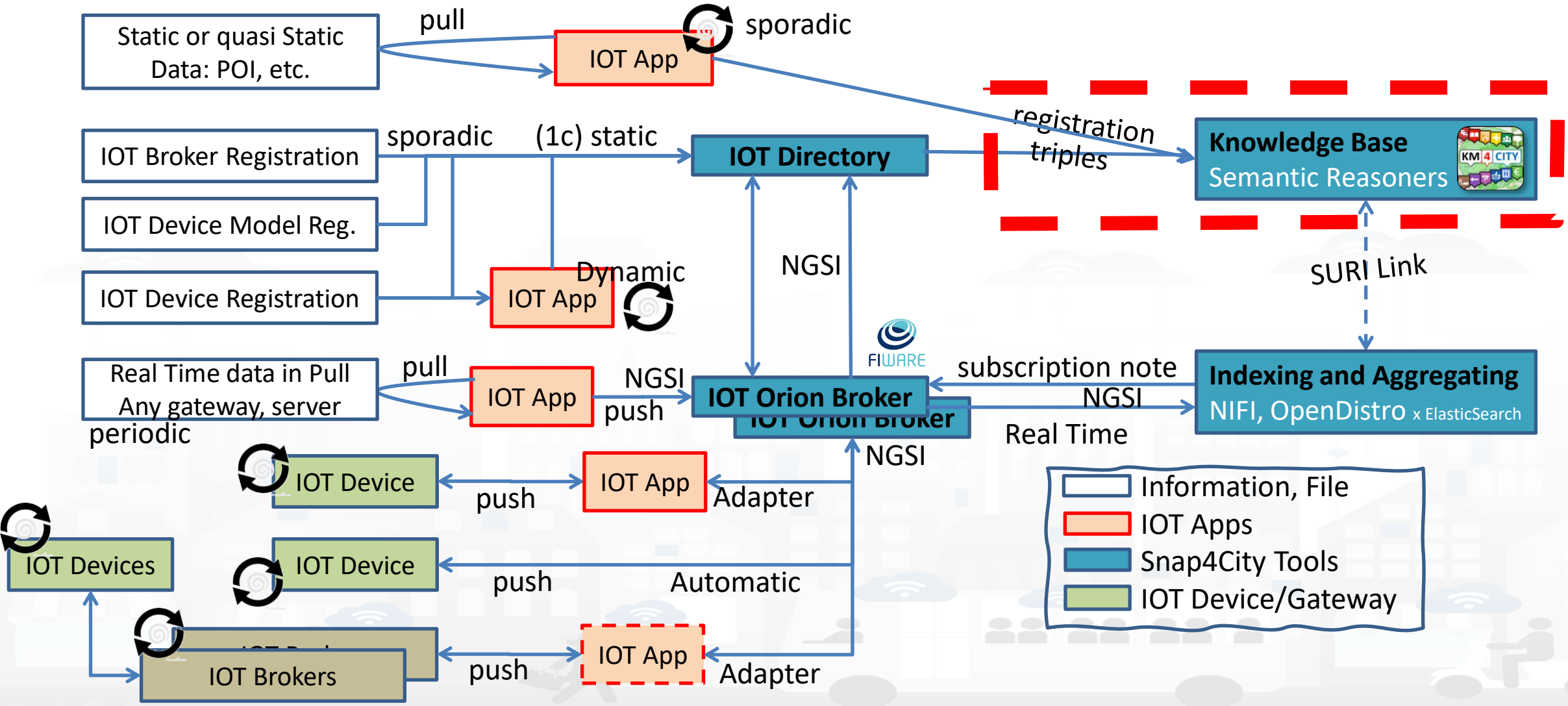
```
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> a <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#Museum> .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://purl.org/dc/terms/identifier> "Museum_FI_histor
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/name> "Museo storia contemporanea"@i
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/name> "Museum of Contemporary Histor
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#lat> "43.7936"
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#long> "11.2604
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#geometry> "POI
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#shortDescription>
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/url> "https://www.museo_XXX.com" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/streetAddress> "Via Mazzini" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#houseNumber> "34"
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/postalCode> "50127" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/addressLocality> "FIRENZE" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Museum_FI_history1> <http://schema.org/addressRegion> "FI" .

<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> a <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#Theatre> .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://purl.org/dc/terms/identifier> "Theatre_FI_xx" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/name> "Teatro Comunale"@it .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/name> "Municipal Theatre"@en .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#lat> "43.6897"^^<ht
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#long> "11.2587"^^<h
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://www.w3.org/2003/01/geo/wgs84_pos#geometry> "POINT(11
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#shortDescription> "Fund
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/url> "https://www.teatro_XXX.com" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/streetAddress> "Piazza Garibaldi" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://www.disit.org/km4city/schema#houseNumber> "4" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/postalCode> "50141" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/addressLocality> "FIRENZE" .
<http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/Theatre_FI_xx> <http://schema.org/addressRegion> "FI" .
```

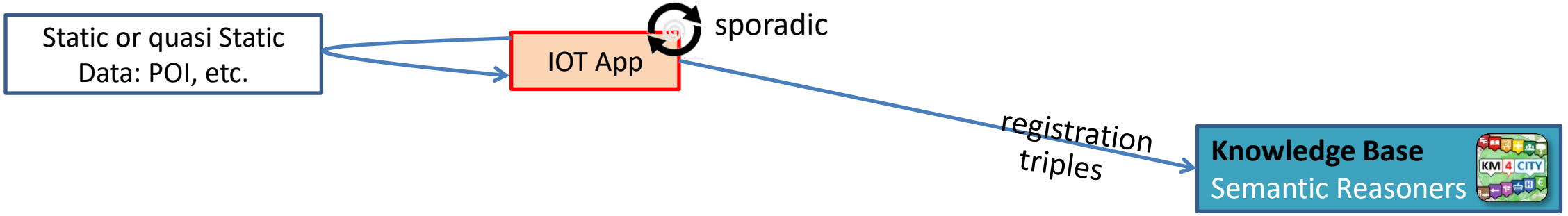
How to load triples into the KB
(Admin and on-premise)



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



Loading Static Data into KB



- The loading is performed via IOT App, with a specific IOT App flow exploiting a MicroService/API of ServiceMap, KB
- Moreover for massing loading of Triples, also files of triples can be used posting them on a shared folder of the ServiceMap, KB
  - This is used for batch loading of triples

Static data

Load Triples in KB

Pre-requirements:

- Available only for your IOT App on premise and for administrators

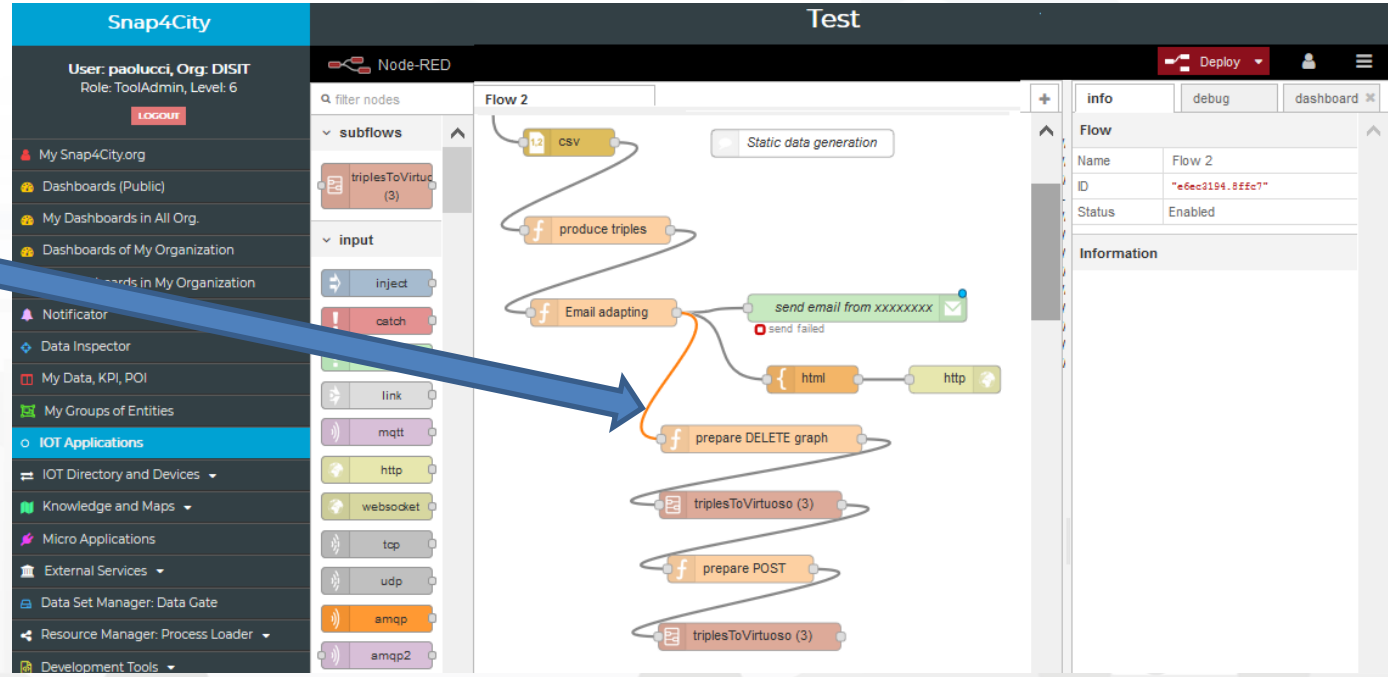
Load Static Data on Snap4City KB:

- Register Static Data on Snap4City KB (point 1 and 2 on the right)
- Connect the additional blocks present in the IOT App and save ('Deploy' button)
- Upload your csv

https://www.snap4city.org/596

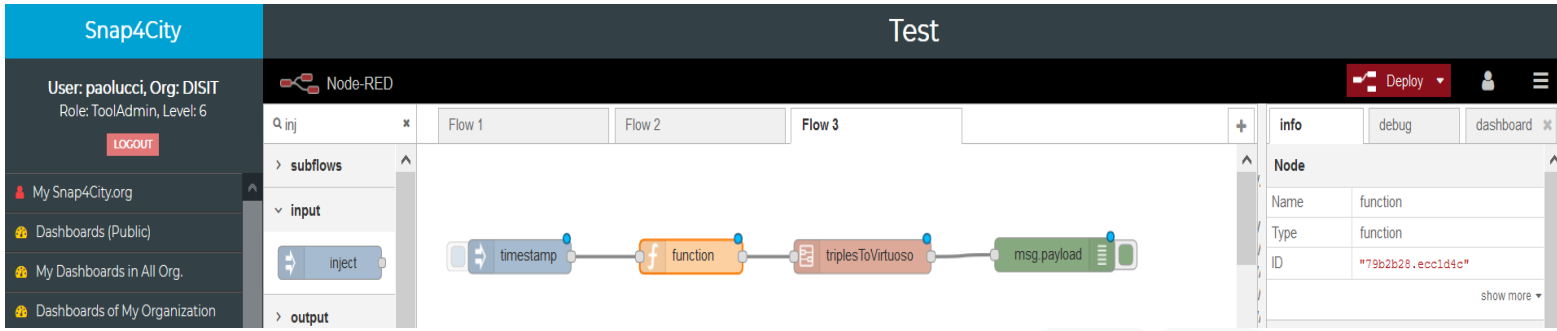
Register Static Data on Snap4City KB:

1. 'Regularize' your data (csv)
2. Create your IoTApp
3. Upload your csv



Load Triples in KB

- Additional Option Only for ONPREMISE Snap4City versions and for administrators
- In case you need to upload ONLY on the Knowledge Base a set of data containing static data and dynamic data all together:
  - Example: Cultural Events or weather predictions
- Use a predefined IoT App available here https://www.snap4city.org/594 (with the copy and past method, you can create your Mobile App)
- Add:
  - Inject block
  - Function block
  - Debug block
- The function block must contain …
- Now you can see the triples to be updated in the Knowledge Base in the Debug Tab

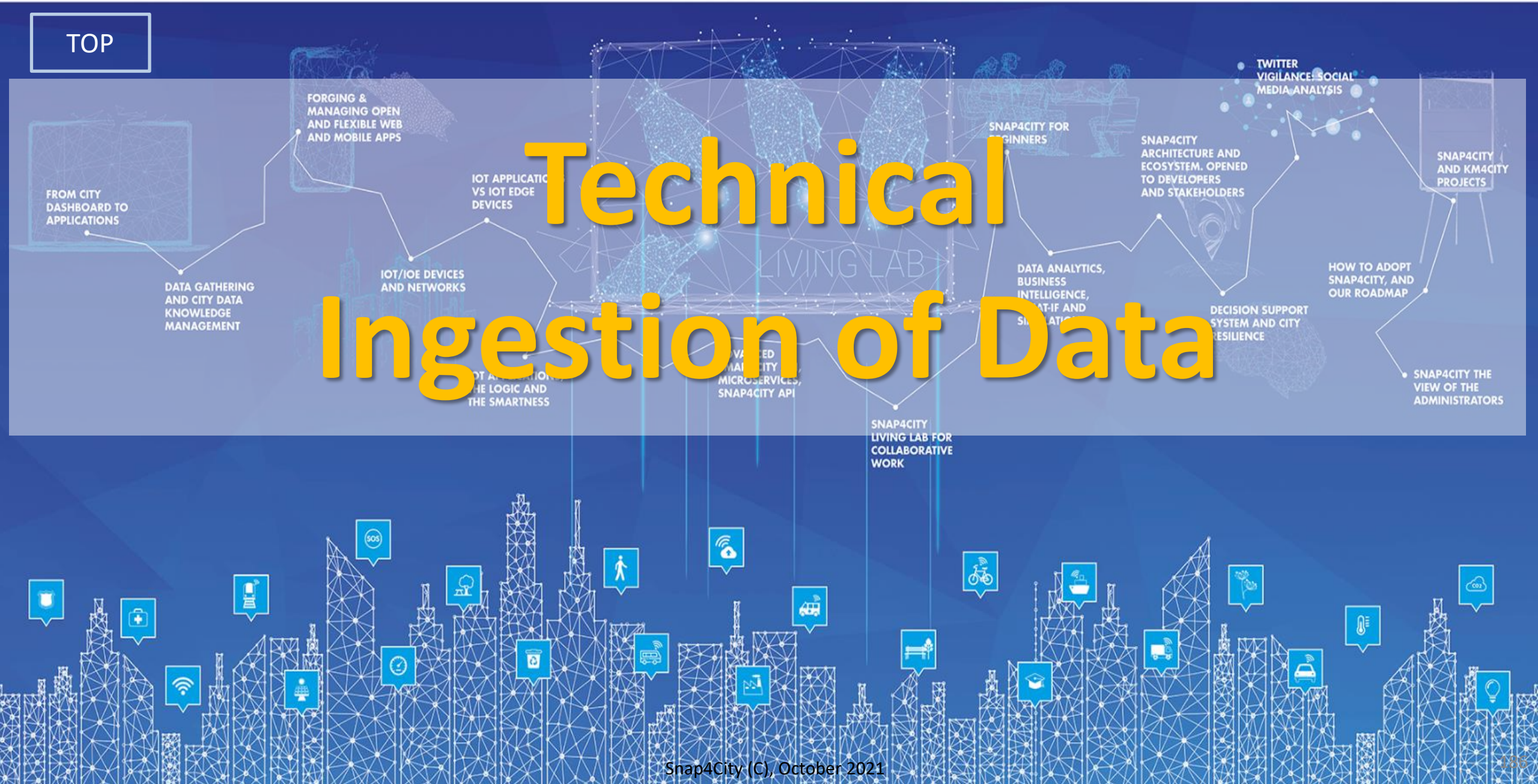


The input message to be provided to *triplesToVirtuoso* has to have the following properties:

msg.user="dba" // the user of virtuoso to be used to access to virtuoso
msg.passw="dba" //the password
msg.method="POST" //the http method: GET, POST, DELETE, PUT
msg.url="http://virtuoso-kb:8890/sparql-graph-crud-auth?graph-uri=urn:graph:POIs"
msg.triples= "..."

TOP

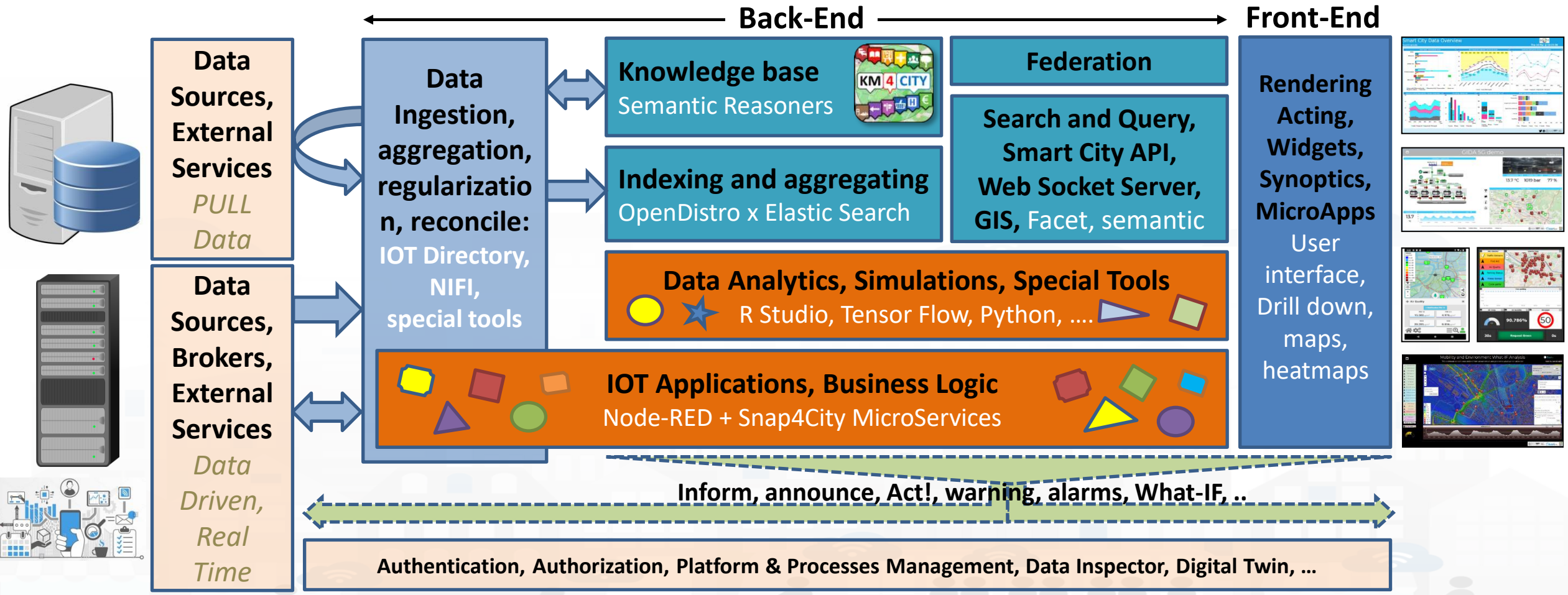
Technical Ingestion of Data



Data Ingestion Strategy

HLT	GPS & Geo References	Info Meta Data	Variables Value Name	Time Serie, Seq.	In/Out Read/Write	Manual Ingestion Tool	Automated Loading tools	Technical IoT App management
IoT Device Mobile	Yes Moving	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)		Yes (IoT App..)
IoT Device	Yes only once	yes	Multiple	yes	yes	Yes (IoT Directory)	Yes (Data Table Loader)	Yes (IoT App..)
MyKPI	Yes Moving	yes	1	yes	yes	Yes (MyKPI editor)		Yes (IoT App..)
POI		yes	No		Write 1, read	No	Yes (POI Loader)	Yes (IoT App..)
Heatmaps	Area, matrix	yes	1 on the matrix	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Heatmap Manager	Yes via Rstudio, Python, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)
Traffic Flow	roads	yes	1-4: traffic flow density, velocity,..	yes	Write 1, read	Load on Traffic Flow Manager	Special tools	Yes (IoT App..)
OD Matrix	Flow, mat	yes	1 on the matrix	Yes	Write 1, read	Load on OD Manager	Special tools, IoT App	Yes (IoT App..)

Snap4City, Snap4Industry Architecture, V2

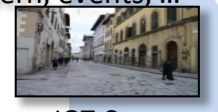


Smart City Functional Architecture

Transport systems
Mobility, parking



Public Services,
Govern, events, …



Sensors, IOT Cameras,
Wi-Fi



Environment, Water,
energy

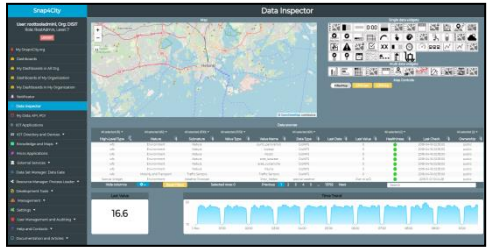


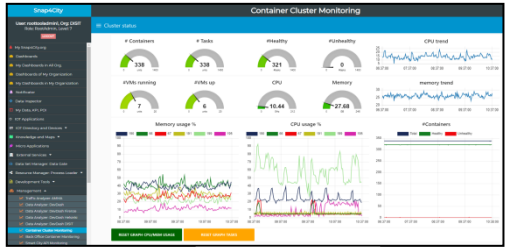
Shops, services,
operators

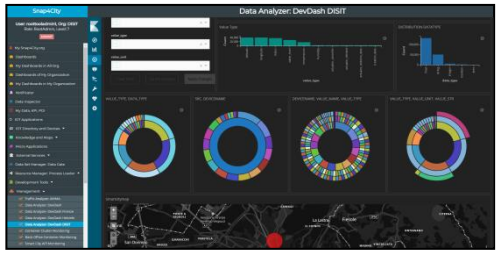


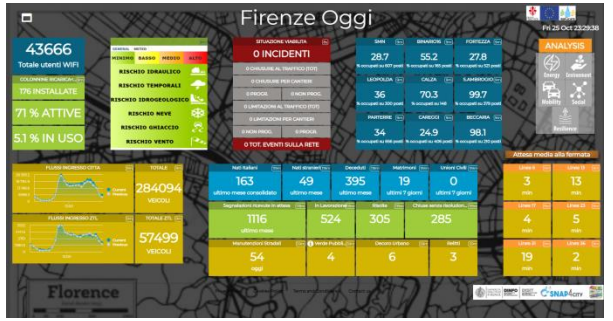
Social Media

Social Media Crawler and Manager









Back-End ← → Front-End

Data Sources, External Services *PULL Data*

Data Sources, Brokers, External Services *Data Driven, Real Time*

Data Ingestion, aggregation, regularization, reconcile: IOT Directory, NIFI, special tools

Knowledge base Semantic Reasoners

Indexing and aggregating Elastic Search

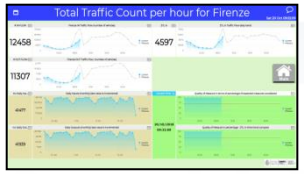
Federation

Search and Query, Smart City API, Web Socket Server, GIS, Facet, semantic

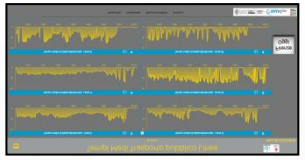
Data Analytics, Simulations, Special Tools R Studio, Tensor Flow, Python, ….

IOT Applications, Business Logic Node-RED + Snap4City MicroServices

Rendering Acting, Widgets, Synoptics, MicroApps User interface, Drill down, maps, heatmaps

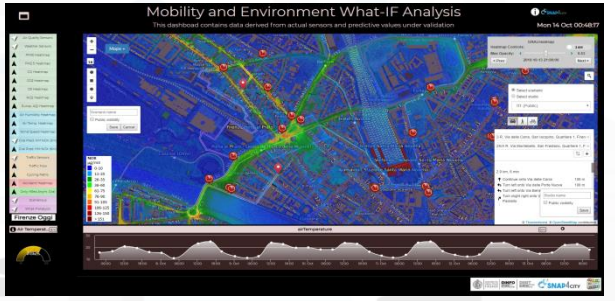








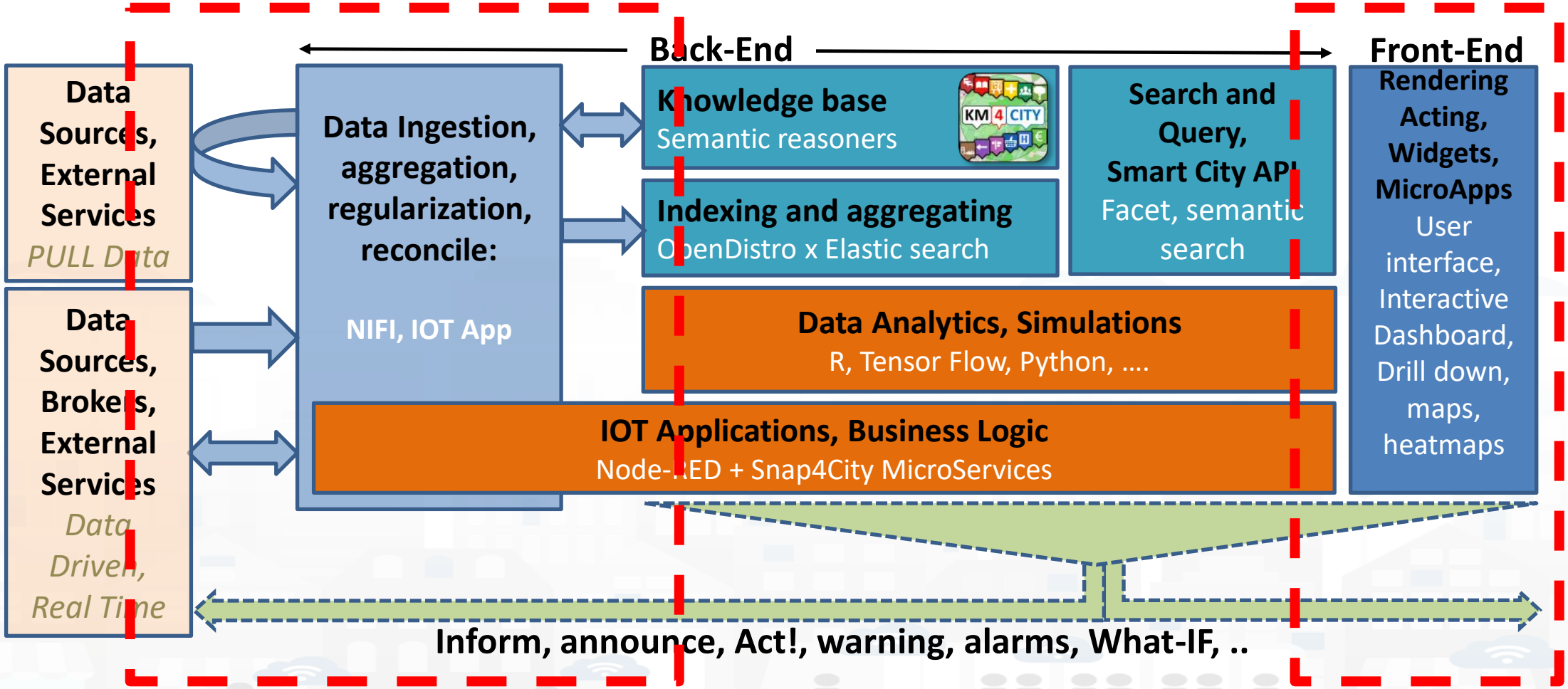




Inform, announce, Act!, warning, alarms, What-IF, ..

Authentication, Authorization, Platform & Processes Management, Data Inspector, Digital Twin, …

Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



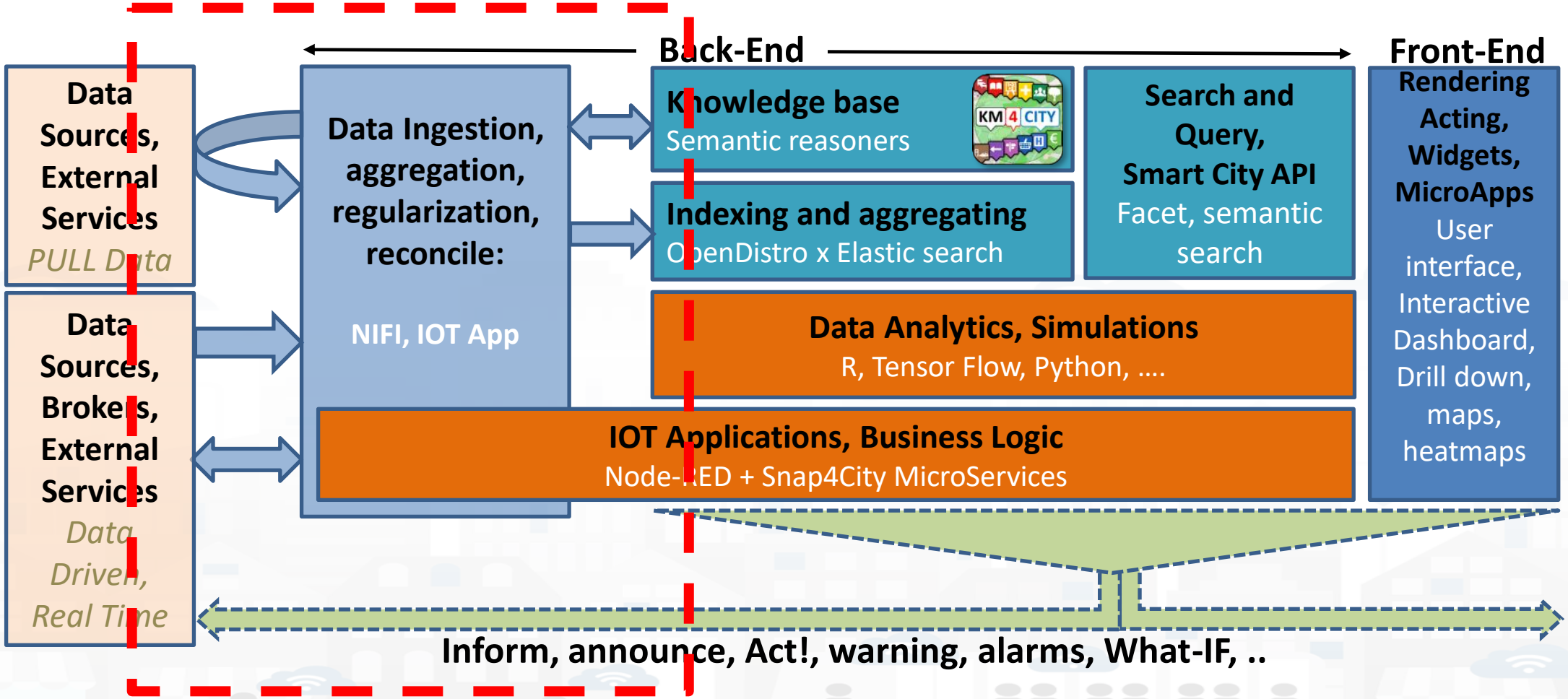
Data Ingestion Architecture and Processes

- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...



- IOT Applications
  - IOT Applications
  - MicroServices for IOT Applicatio...
  - MicroServices from DataAnalyti...
  - IOT MicroServices for Final Users...
  - IOT MicroServices for Developers...
  - Doc: IOT Applications
  - How to Develop IOT Application...
  - Create A MicroService from Rest...

Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



IOT App vs ETL

IOT Applications

- Created on browser
- A huge number of Protocols https://www.snap4city.org/65
- Scheduled internally and managed as Container
- Largely diffused approach as Node-RED
- Large number of Snap4City MicroServices, well documented
- PUSH and PULL models
- Simple mechanism to add new Features
- Very diffused in IOT
- Static and Dynamic data models depending on IOT Broker capabilities
- Scalable on Cloud
- Also present in IOT Edge devices

ETL processes

- Created with Spoon editor on VM (on premise or via remote access to VM)
- A Large number of protocols https://www.snap4city.org/65
- Scheduled by DISCES in the back office
- Well known data warehouse model
- Well documented for the process
- Only PUSH models
- Complex mechanism to add a new functionality
- Very diffused in Data transformation
- Static and Dynamic data models well linked ..

MyKPI vs IOT Device Sensor

- **MyKPI** can be grouped in a Groups of Values. They may have GPS changing
- **Sensors** can be also grouped, but born directly grouped into an **IOT Device** as defined into the IOT Directory. They have GPS static
- Please note that the "dateObserved" has to be in standard ISO to have Time Series

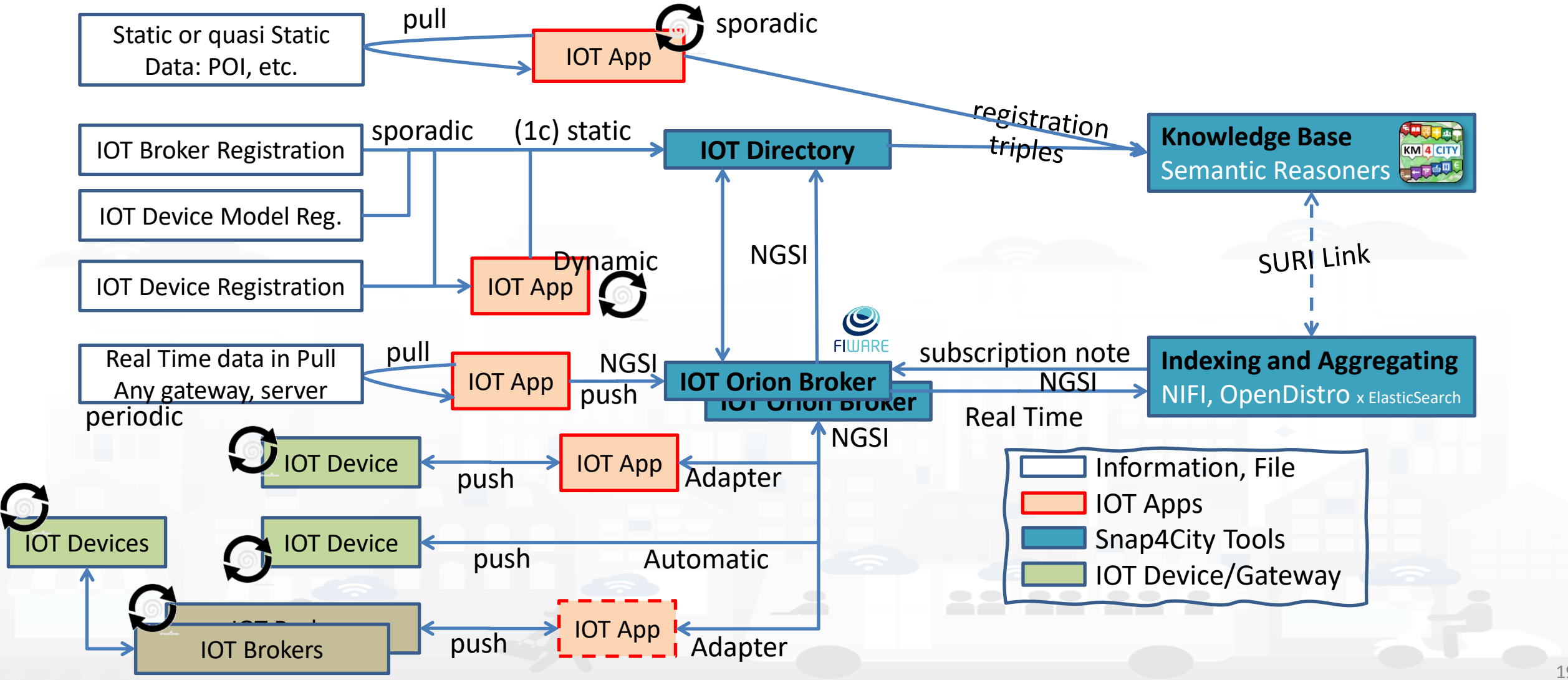
IOT Device may be sending data as:

```
{  "id":"dev45",
   "type":"misura",
   "attributes":[
     { "name":"dateObserved",
       "value":"2020-04-06T17:00:00.000Z",
       "type":"time"   },
     { "name":"temp 1",      "value":28.976,      "type":"float"    },
     { "name":"Hum 1",       "value":35976,       "type":"float"    },
.....
     { "name":"kevi",        "value":721732,      "type":"integer"  }
   ]
}
```

Data Ingestion Methods Comparison

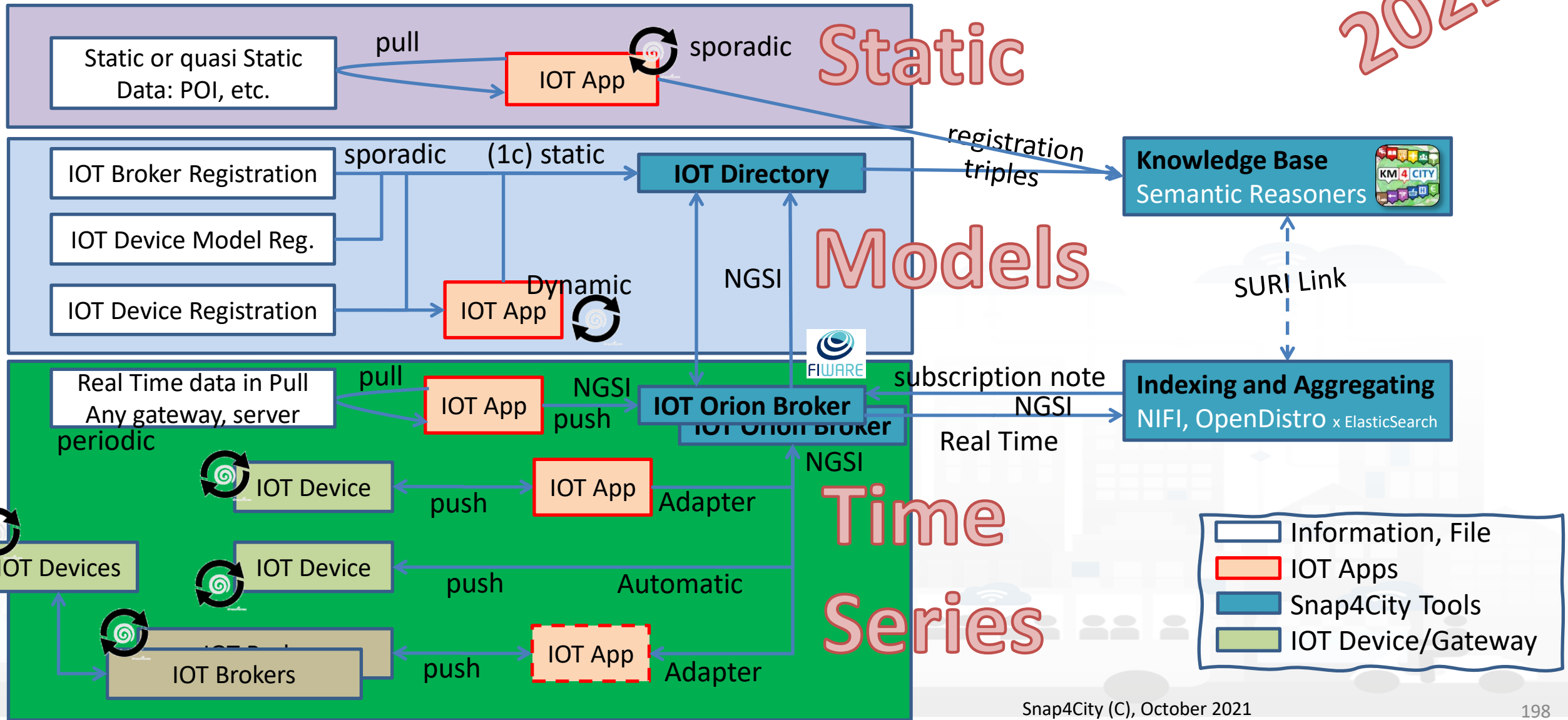
	Datagate	ETL	IoTApp
types of data managed	S	S, P	S, P, RT
Data protocol types managed	PULL	PULL	PULL and PUSH
Scheduling	external	external	internal
Flows to manage N instances of the same dataset	N	N	1
Users' technical level	without	medium/high	low
Development time	1,2 hours	1, 2 weeks	3, 4 days
Semantic (KM4City)	standard template	ad hoc (manual)	ad hoc (semi-automatic)
Developed number	1334 datasets	162	76
Mean number of blocks	0	120.333	27,67
Mean number of lines of code	0	275	229

Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram

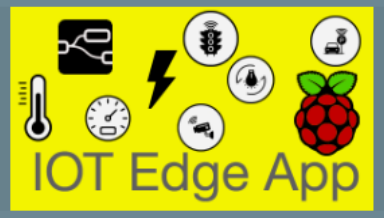
2021



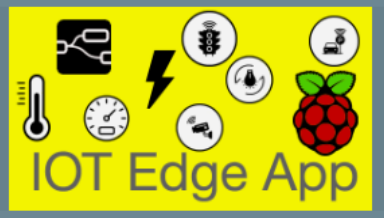
On the Flow Diagram

- **Static** (unified model for multidomain indexing)
  - Geodata, Open Data as POI, Data Bases, records, etc.
  - They change over time sporadically
  - See above POI Loader solution and IOT app
- **Models** (Registration of IOT Device Models, IOT Devices, IOT Brokers), for entities that have multiple instances in time / space
  - Registration of entities with their metadata and data structures
    - Brokers, Devices, structures of real time data, machine models for IOT Industry 4.0, sensor models/structure, etc.
- **Time Series (dynamic data)**
  - Any instance of IOT Devices over time and space with any kind of entity relationship each other and with other city entities

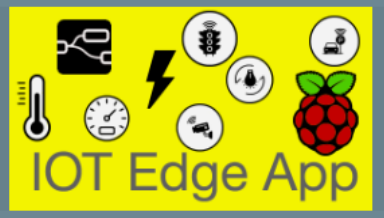
IOT Applications

2018-09-14T04:44


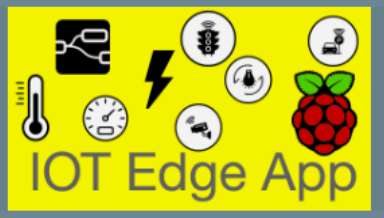
owner: badii
Management

2018-09-21T03:19


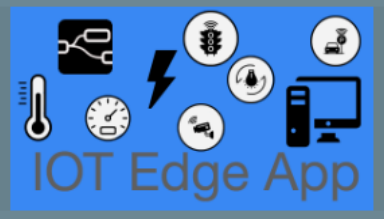
owner: panesi
Management

2018-10-19T16:07


owner: pb3
Management

2018-10-19T17:17


owner: pb3
Management

2018-10-22T11:57


owner: semolarudy
Management

application


owner: tester5
Management

Bib APP


owner: semolarudy
Management

ChargingStations


owner: comunedashres
Management

Deprecated - SiiMobilityControlRoom


owner: badii
Management

SamsungGalaxyS4BarCode


owner: badii
Management

esercitazione


owner: tester2
Management

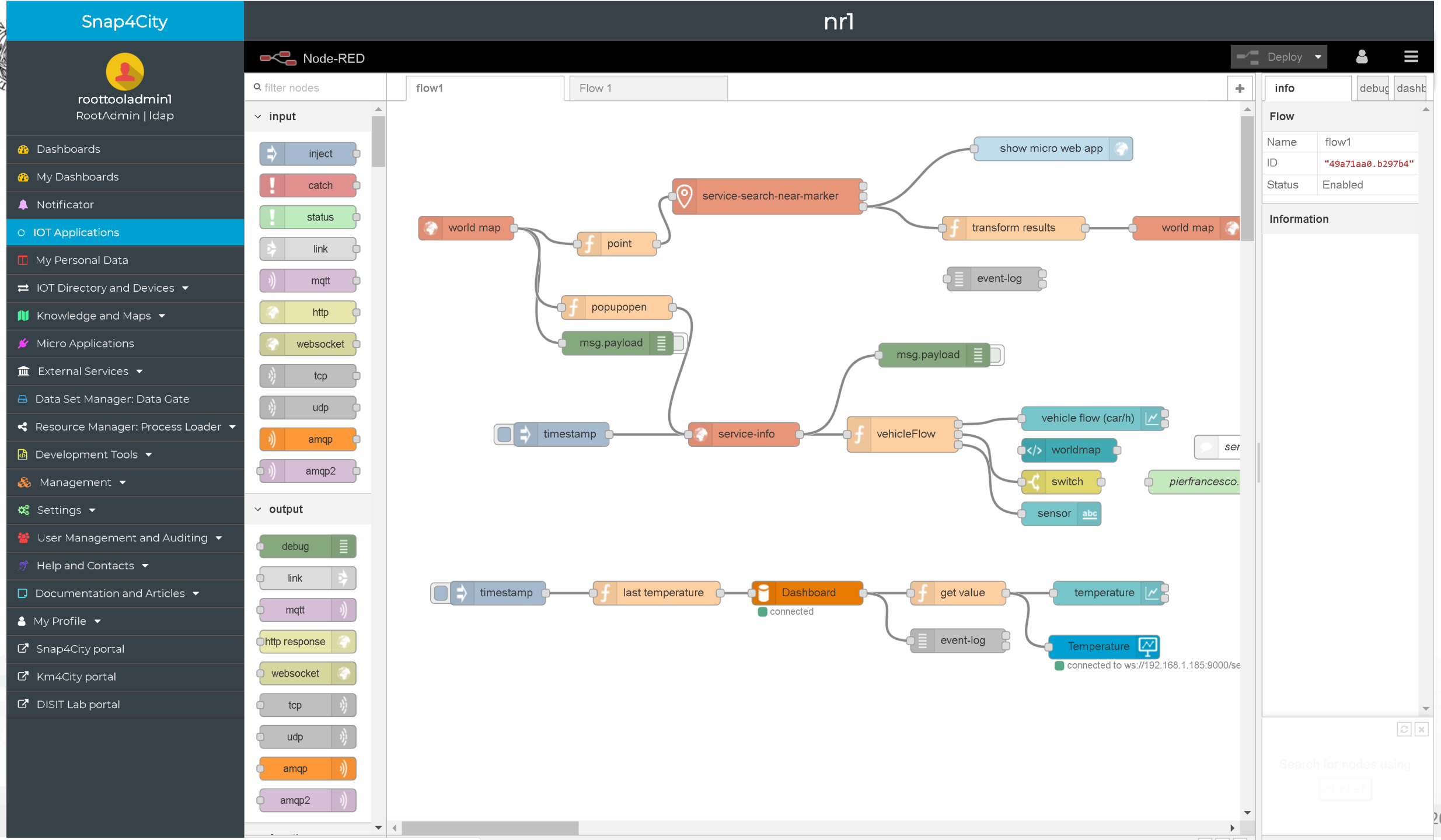
Iot-App


owner: tester14
Management

HOW TO learn creating IOT Applications

- Follow the IOT Application development tutorial from Snap4City
  - 3° Part
  - https://www.snap4city.org/577
  - https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/course2020/iot/

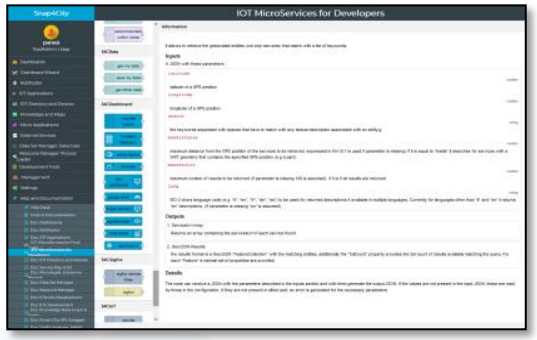



Snap4City
nr1
roottooladmin1
RootAdmin | ldap
Dashboards
My Dashboards
Notificator
IOT Applications
My Personal Data
IOT Directory and Devices
Knowledge and Maps
Micro Applications
External Services
Data Set Manager: Data Gate
Resource Manager: Process Loader
Development Tools
Management
Settings
User Management and Auditing
Help and Contacts
Documentation and Articles
My Profile
Snap4City portal
Km4City portal
DISIT Lab portal
Node-RED
Deploy
filter nodes
input
inject
catch
status
link
mqtt
http
websocket
tcp
udp
amqp
amqp2
output
debug
link
mqtt
http response
websocket
tcp
udp
amqp
amqp2
flow1
Flow 1
world map
point
service-search-near-marker
show micro web app
transform results
world map
event-log
popupopen
msg.payload
msg.payload
timestamp
service-info
vehicleFlow
vehicle flow (car/h)
worldmap
switch
sensor
timestamp
last temperature
Dashboard
connected
get value
temperature
event-log
Temperature
connected to ws://192.168.1.185:9000/se
info
debug
dashb
Flow
Name
flow1
ID
"49a71aa0.b297b4"
Status
Enabled
Information

IOT Applications Development

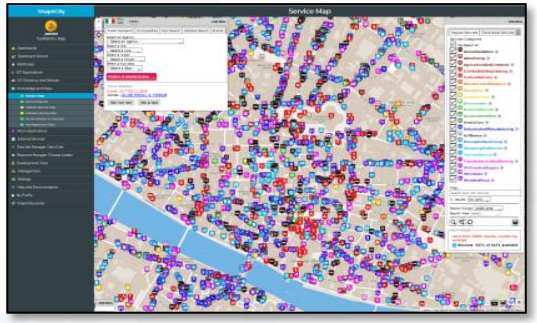
IOT Discovering

MicroServices collections

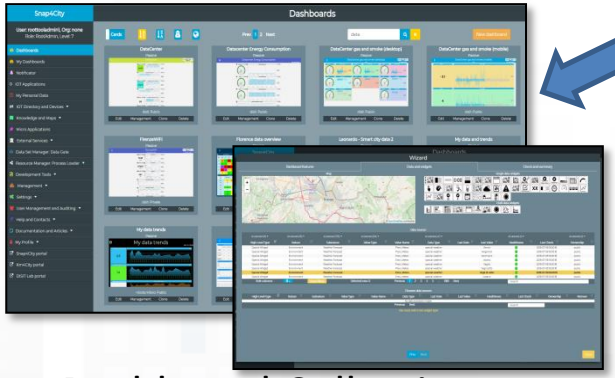


My IOT Applications



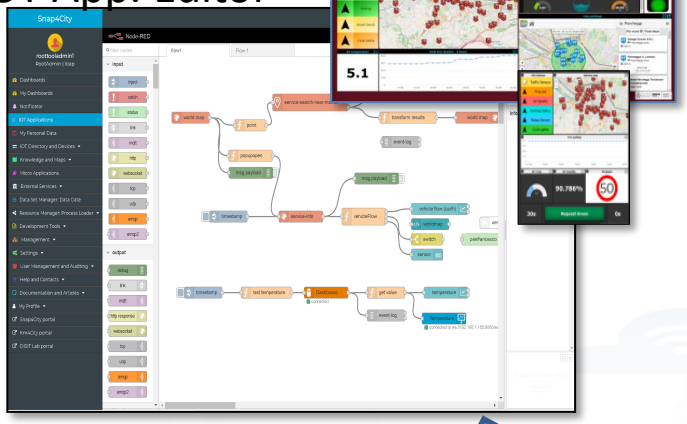


ServiceMap Discovery



Dashboard Collection, Editor and Wizard

IOT App. Editor





Generating IOT App With Dashboard

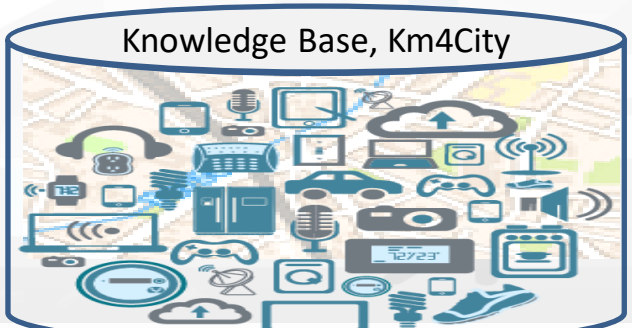


Sharing/saving reusing IOT App



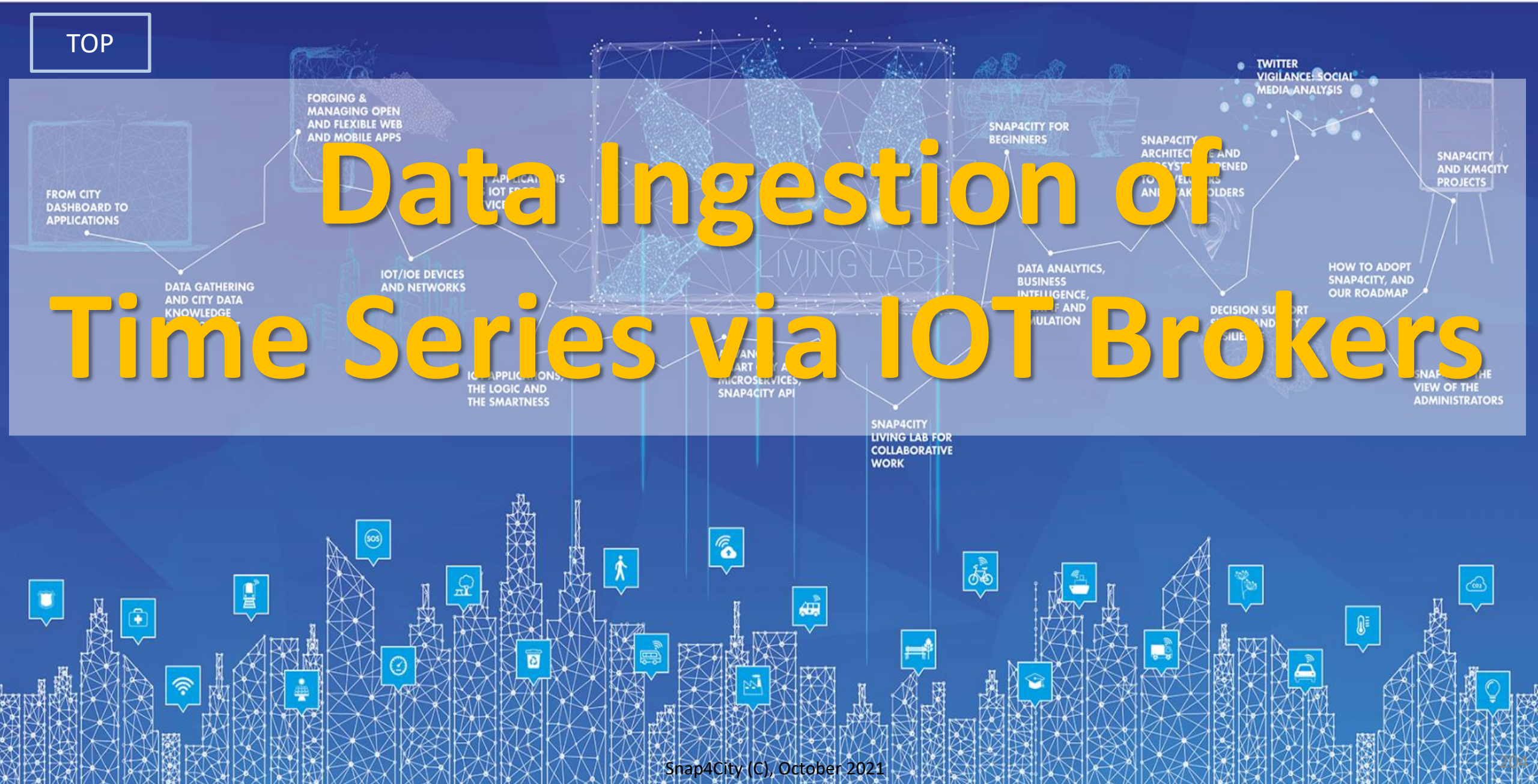
Resource Manager



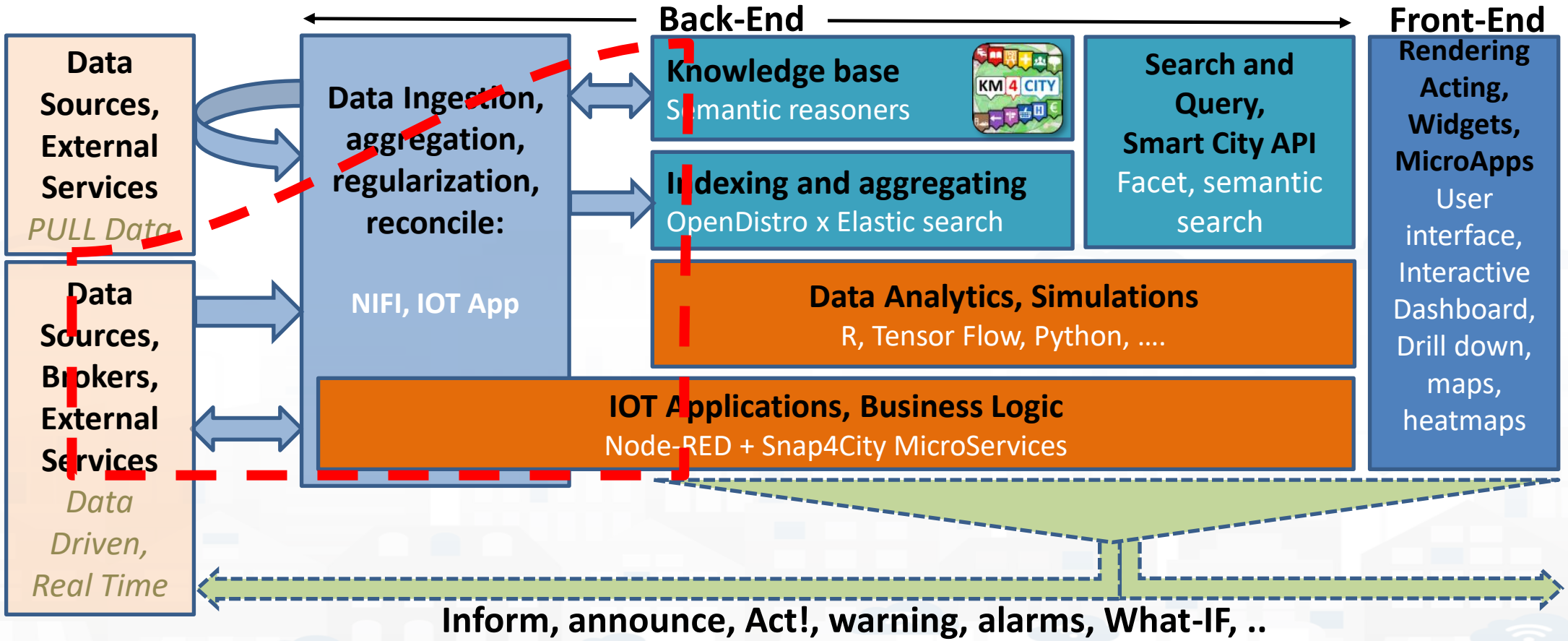


TOP

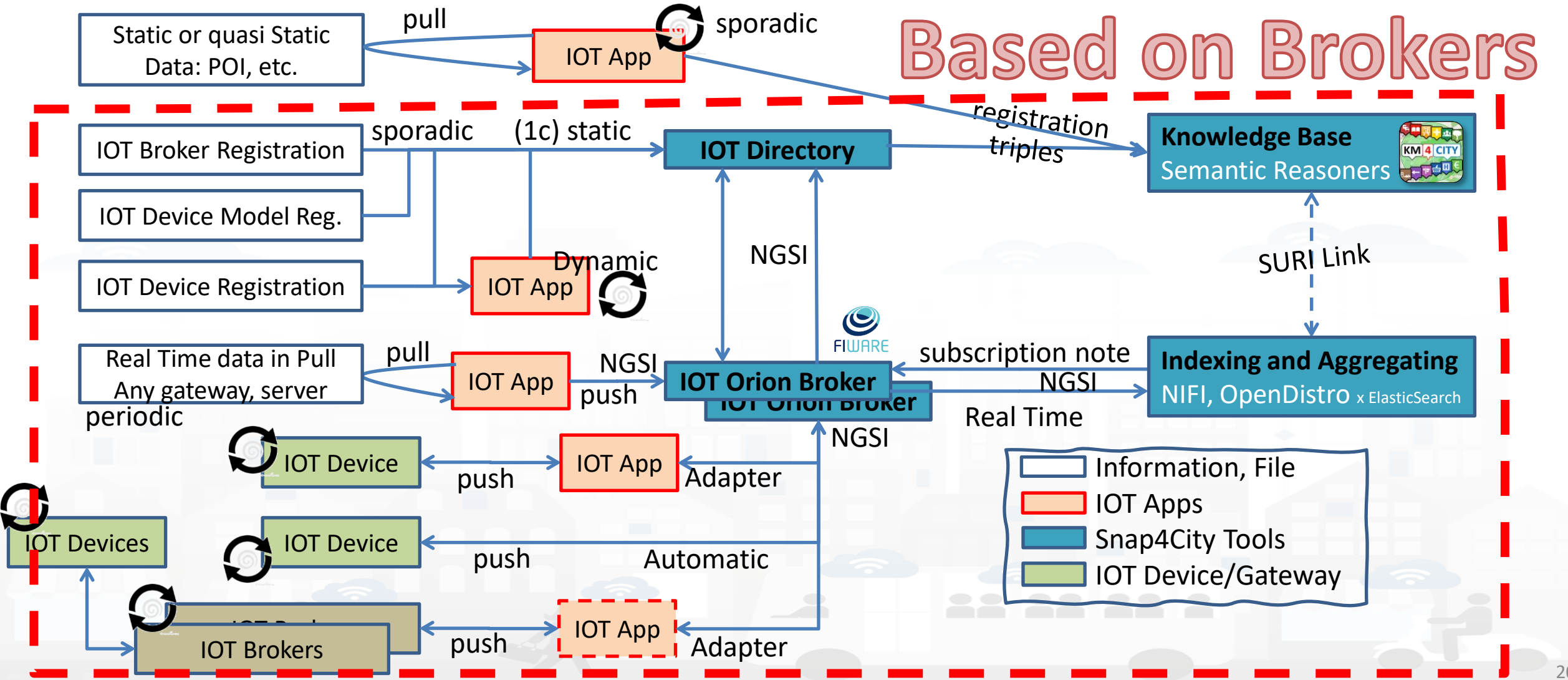
Data Ingestion of Time Series via IOT Brokers



Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion

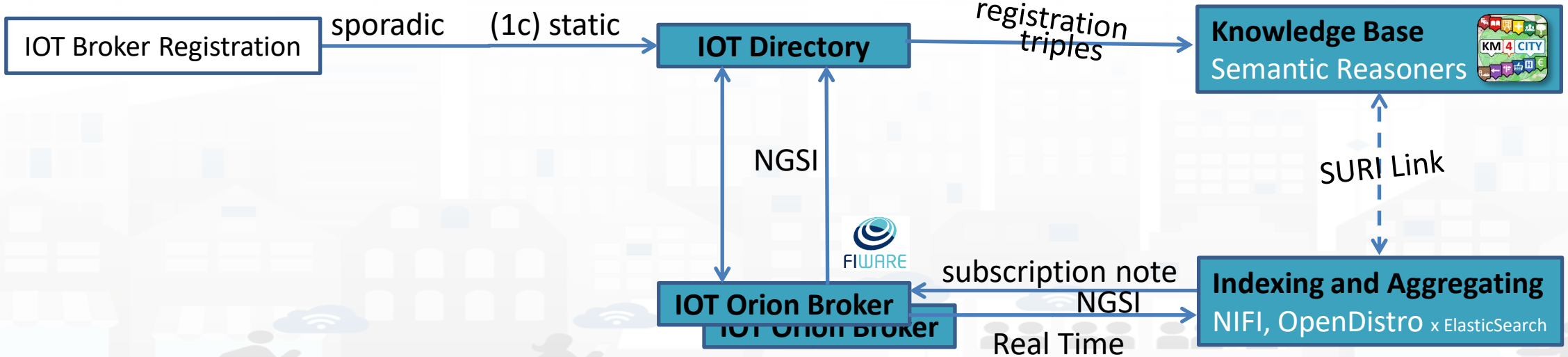


Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



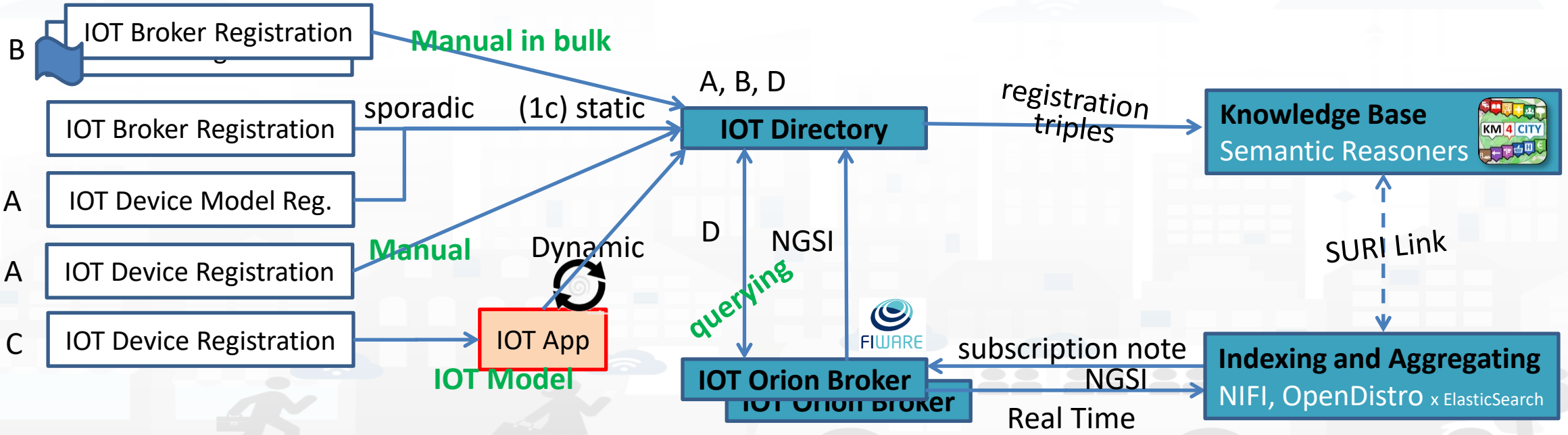
The process

- **IOT Network concepts**, See Course 2020 Part 3
  - IOT Devices, IOT vs Dashboards, etc.
- **IOT Broker registration** if not performed, See Course 2020 Part 3
  - IOT Brokers can be Internal or External (managed by third party)



The process

- **IOT Device registration** on IOT Directory: **concept**
  - the IOT Directory performs the registration on KB and NIFI for automated Data Shadow storage
- **HOW TO: register IOT Device(s)** on IOT Directory:
  A. Single IOT Device **Manually from Zero** or by **IOT Device Model** (via user interface IOT Dir)
  B. in **Bulk** by uploading a File with IOT Devices via the IOT Directory user interface + CSV file
  C. Automatically via an **IOT App using special Block/MicroService having** an IOT Device Model
  D. Automatically by activating a **querying the IOT Broker** from the IOT Directory **(for External)**



IOT Directory

- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...



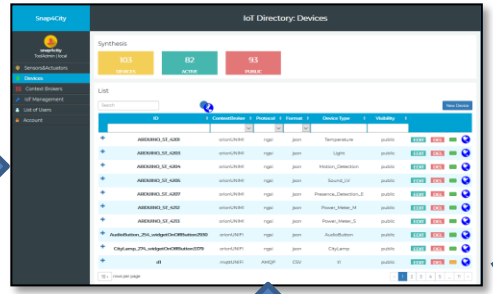
IOT Network Manager vs Final User

Network of IOT Brokers



External
Internal

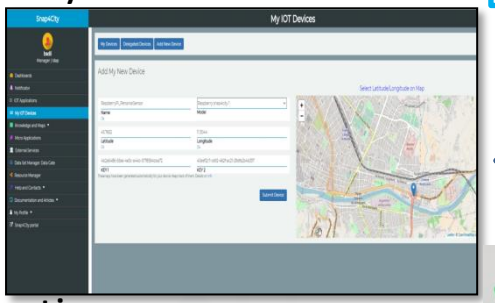
IOT Directory



IOT Network Manager



My IOT Device



Register



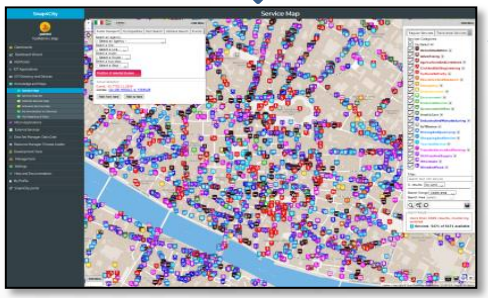
Registering

Discovering



Knowledge and Storage
Data from the Field and
City

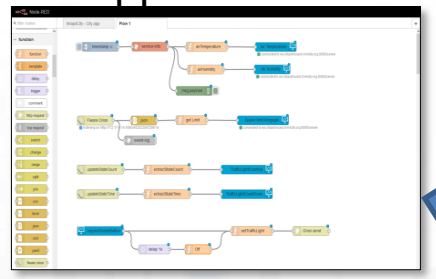
Browsing



ServiceMap
Knowledge Base

Discovering

IOT Application



Final user Manager





Dashboard Wizard



Prepare
Deep Manage

Exploit

Main Features of the Snap4City IOT Directory:

- **IOT Directory is a technology of Snap4City ONLY**
- **Register IOT Brokers**
  - Different kind of Brokers, different kinds of authentications and protocols
  - Registered IOT Orion Brokers can be queried for collecting their managed devices (typically for External IOT Brokers), so that those IOT Devices are registered
  - IOT Brokers/Gateways are registered on NIFI to send messages into the Data Shadow, automatically
- **Register IOT Devices**: singularly or at groups (in Bulk)
  - Registration can be custom or based on IOT Device Model
  - IOT Edge are registered as IOT Devices as well
  - Registered IOT Devices are saved into local DataBase and into the Knowledge Base
- **Provide support for security aspects**:
  - Generation of Certificates, Keys, etc., according to the model
  - Collection of keys when IOT devices are on some IOT Gateway or Second Level IOT Broker.
- **Manage Ownership and Delegation** for
  - IOT Brokers, IOT Devices, IOT Device Values also called Sensors/actuators, IOT Device Models

IOT Directory Features vs Users Roles (10/21)

Entities	what	By using IOT Directory and:	Manager	AreaManager	ToolAdmin/ RootAdmin	IOT App microservices
IOT Sensor/Actuator	Browse, use	Several Tools	X	X	X	Yes
	Delegate	API, ..	X	X	X	
	Discovery	KB, API, ..	X	X	X	Yes
IOT Devices	Browse, use	Several Tools	X	X	X	Yes (use)
	Create, change, delete	API, ..	X	X	X	Yes
	Register in Bulk	API, ..		X	X	Yes
	Delegate, Change Owner	API, ..	X	X	X	Yes
	Discovery	KB, API, ..	X	X	X	Yes
IOT Device Model	Browse, Use		X	X	X	(Yes)
	Create, change, delete			X	X	(Yes)
	delegate, change ownership			X	X	
IOT Broker	Browse, use		use	Browse, use	X	Yes (use)
	Register/change/Delete				X	
	Deploy Orion Broker				ToolAdmin	
	Delegate				X	
	Periodic Update				X	

Get a New Orion Broker

automated deploy of Orion Brokers

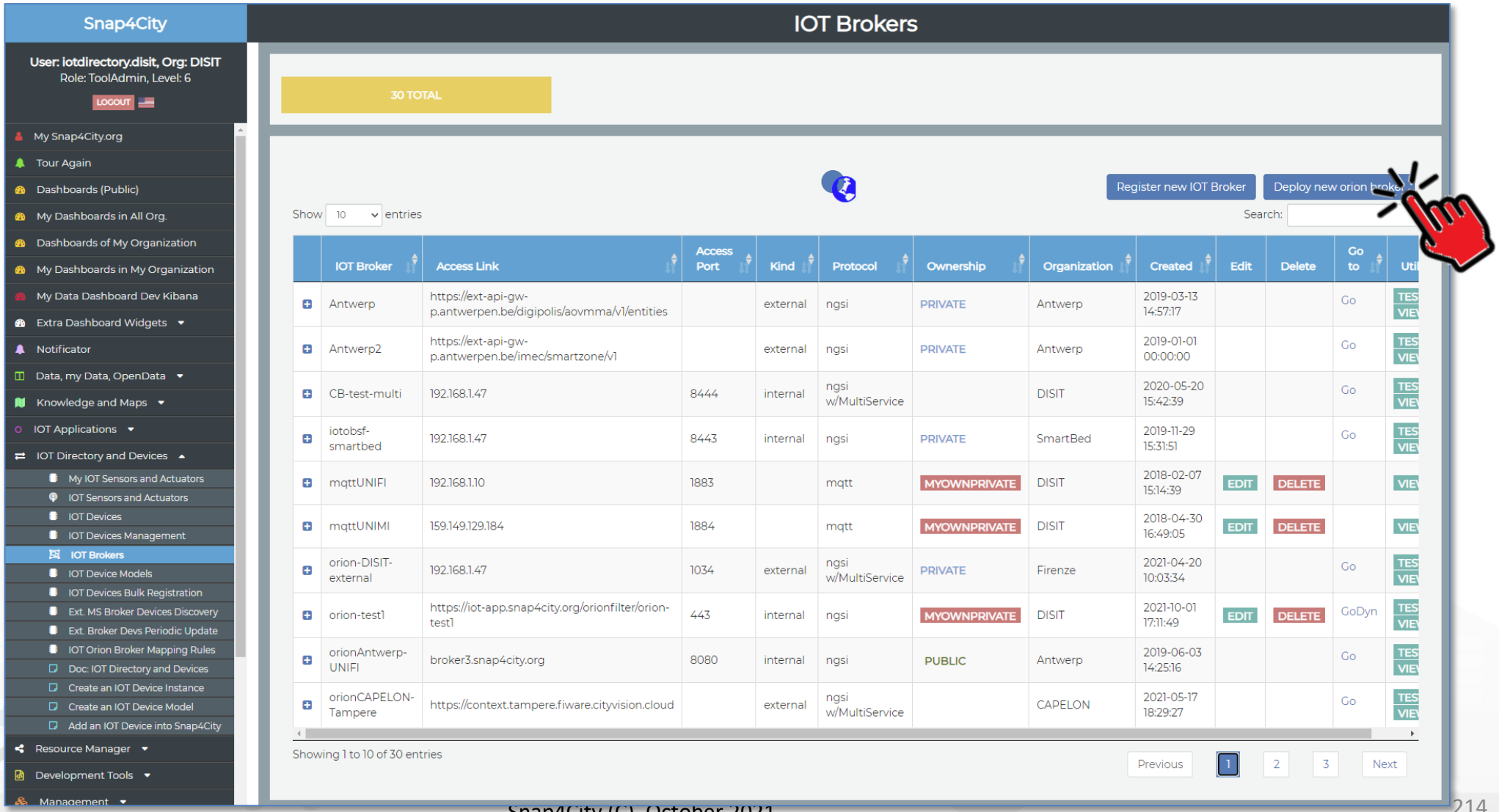
- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...



Automated Deploy of Orion Brokers

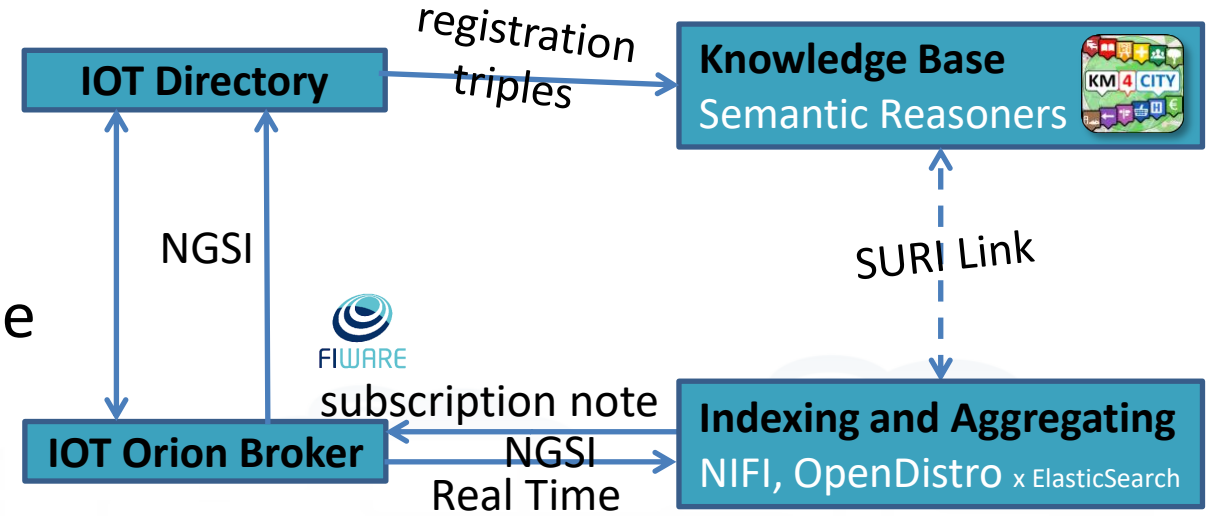
ToolAdmin user access to the button for the automated Deploy of Orion Brokers.

This feature can be provided to large Organizations and on demand to medium and small

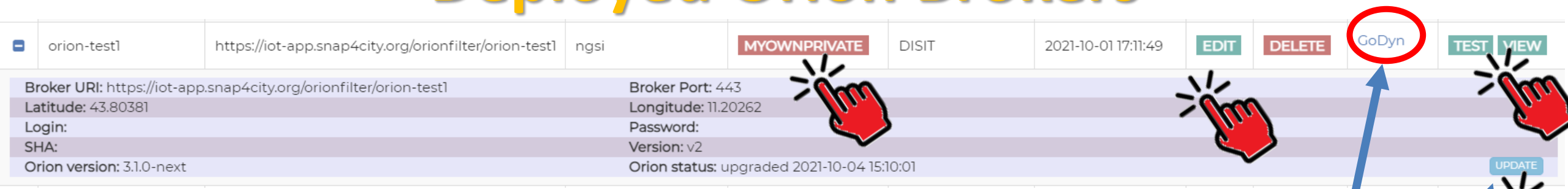


Automated Deploy of Orion Brokers

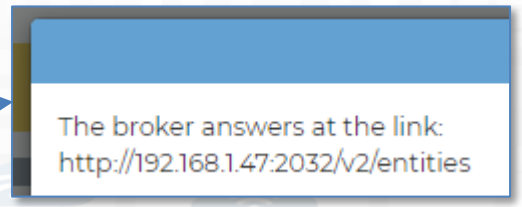
- **You can define**
  - Name/nickname
  - GPS position
  - Accessible from inside and/or outside
- **→ Automatically….**
  - an Orion Broker is deployed in
  - Container for your organization
  - Proxy are set up
  - Registration on data shadow is established (OpenDistro ES)
  - New IoT Device Model and IoT Devices can be registered, etc. (NIFI)



Deployed Orion Brokers

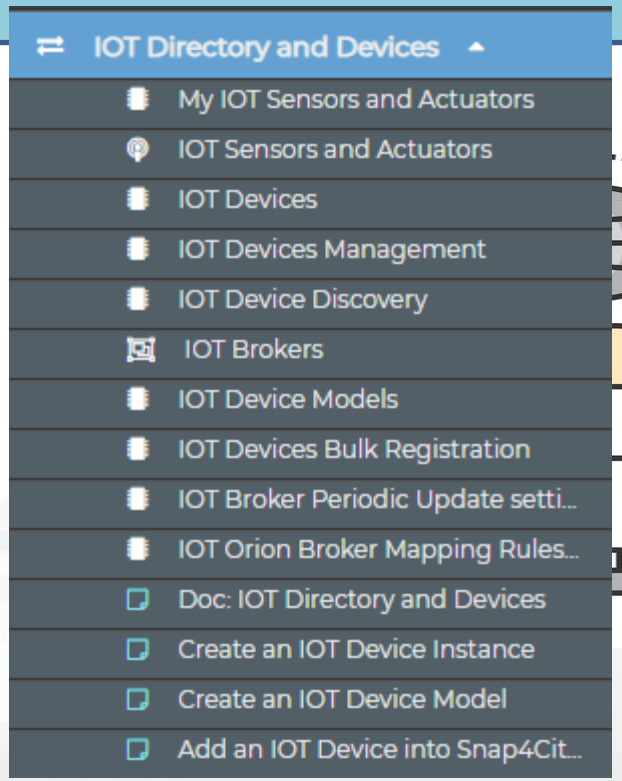


- You can:
  - Delete: undeploy the broker from the cloud
  - Change ownership, delegate access
  - See/View/Edit of config parameters
  - Access: public / private
  - External access test
  - Test on internal registration
  - Update to upgrade the Broker at the last Docker version from FIWARE



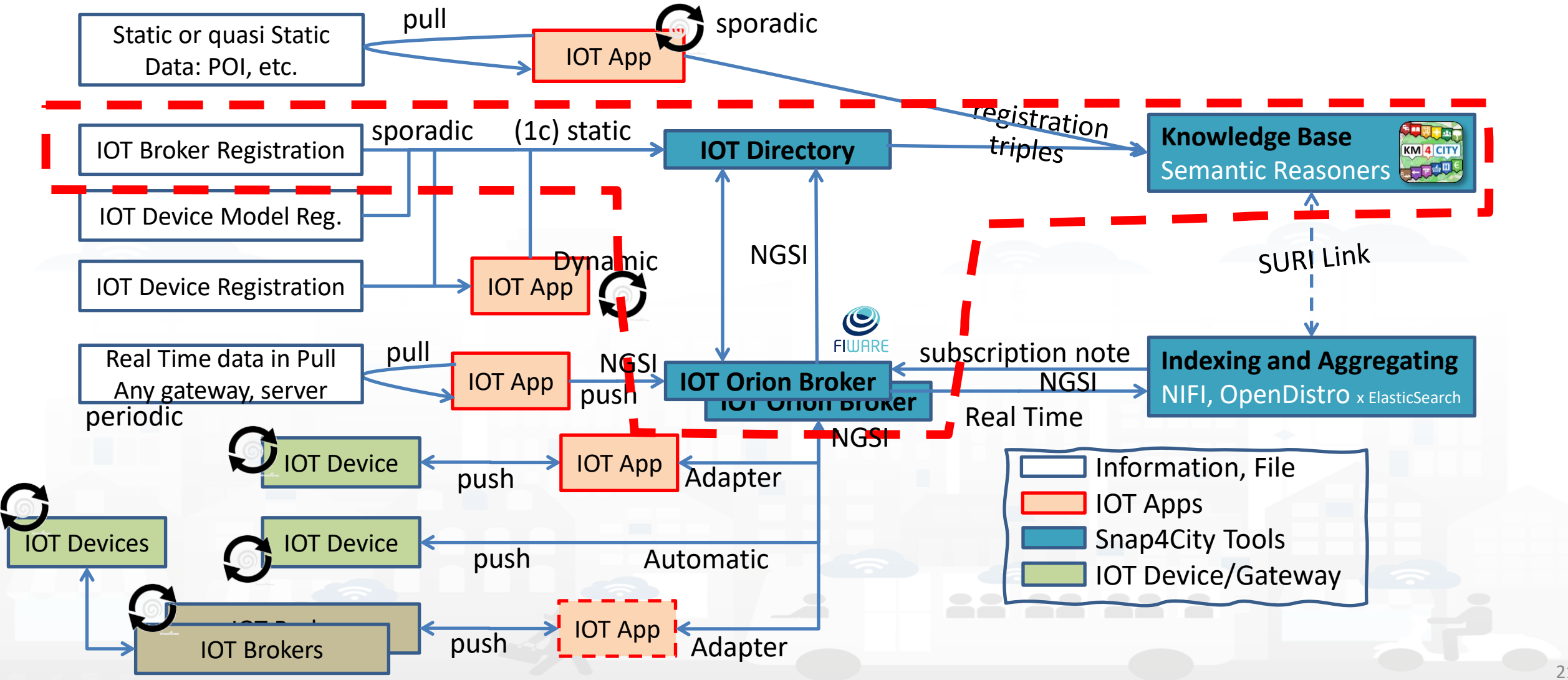
IOT Broker Registration

(for External/Internal Orion Brokers or other Brokers)

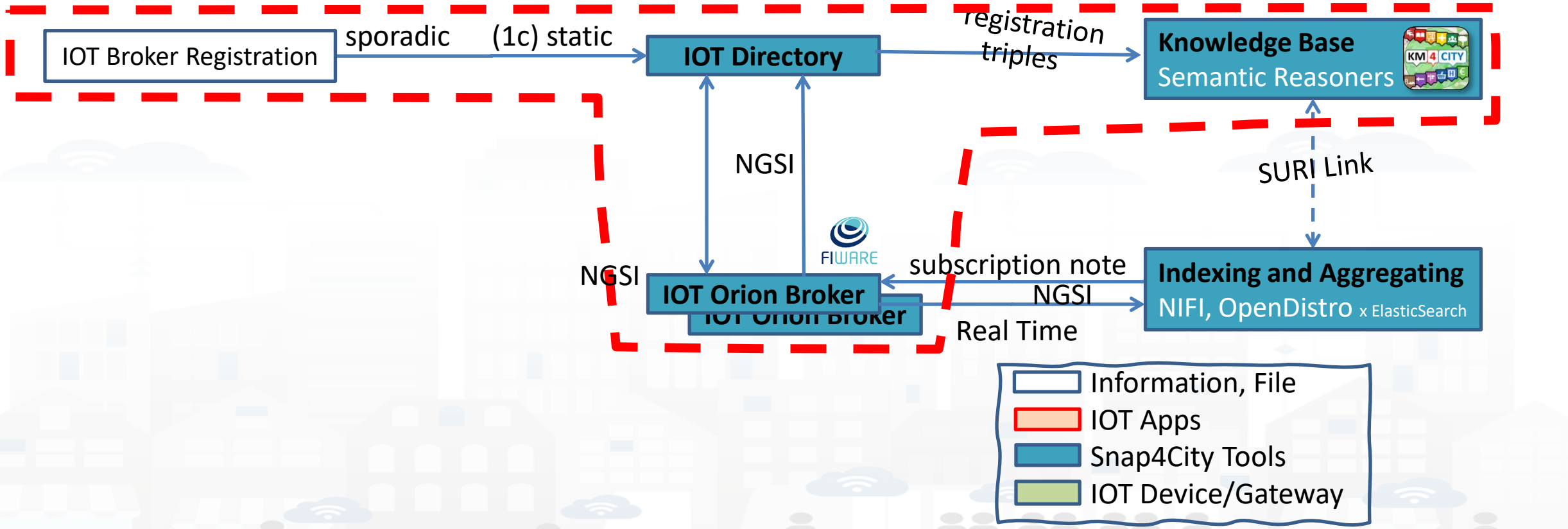




Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



IOT Brokers

Snap4City

User: iotdirectory.disit, Org: DISIT
Role: ToolAdmin, Level: 6
LOGOUT

- My Snap4City.org
- Tour Again
- Dashboards (Public)
- My Dashboards in All Org.
- Dashboards of My Organization
- My Dashboards in My Organization
- My Data Dashboard Dev Kibana
- Extra Dashboard Widgets
- Notificator
- Data, my Data, OpenData
- Knowledge and Maps
- IOT Applications
- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - Ext. MS Broker Devices Discovery
  - Ext. Broker Devs Periodic Update
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4City
- Resource Manager
- Development Tools
- Management
- Decision Support Systems
- Deploy and Installation

IOT Brokers

30

Register new IOT Broker | Deploy new orion broker

Show 10 entries

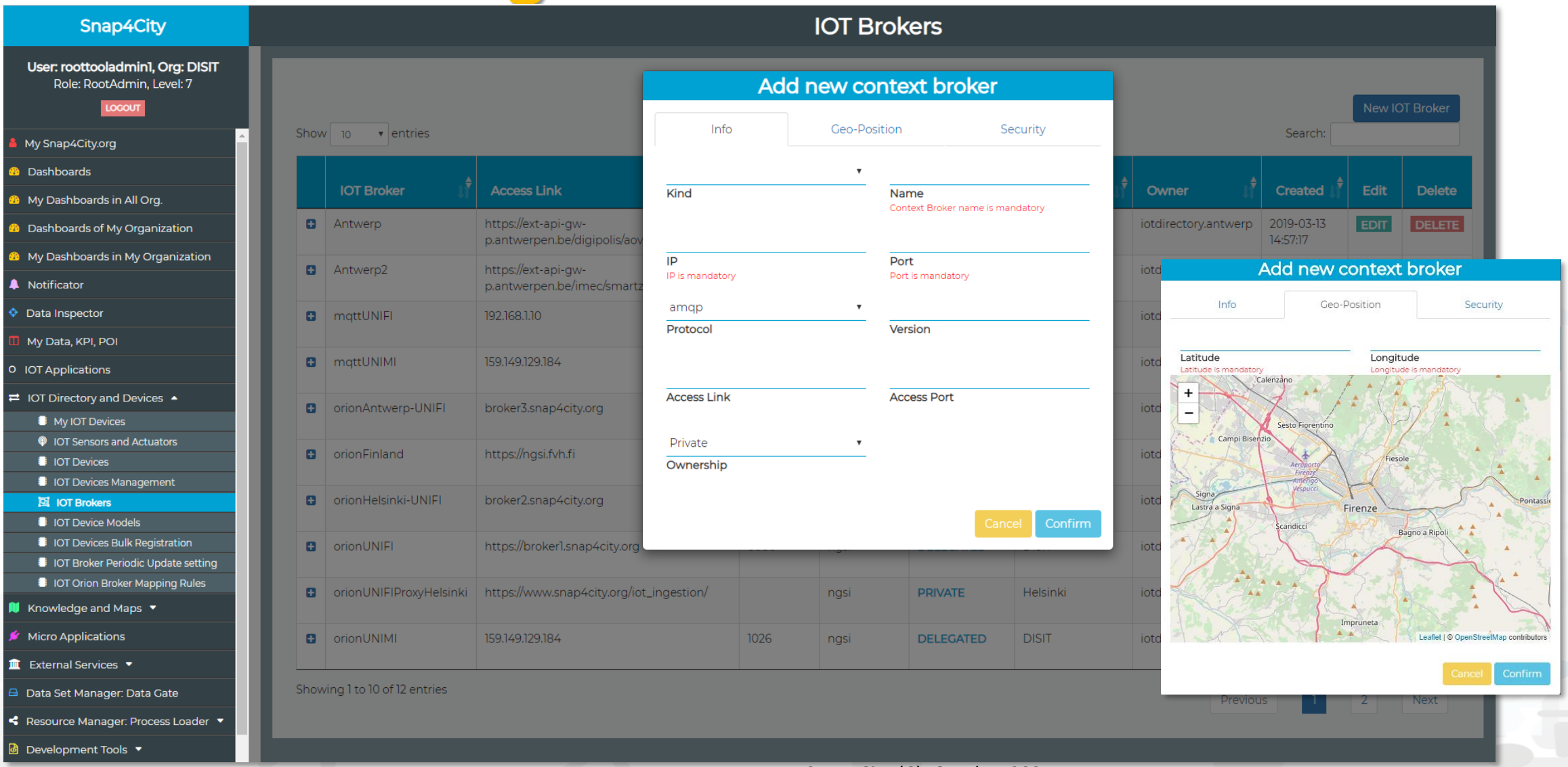
Search:

	IOT Broker	Access Link	Access Port	Kind	Protocol	Ownership	Organization	Created	Edit	Delete	Go to	Utility
+	orionPisa-UNIFI	192.168.1.47	8447	internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	Pisa	2020-08-03 12:55:52			Go	TEST VIEW
−	orionPontDuGard-UNIFI	192.168.1.47	8454	internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	PontDuGard-Occitanie	2021-06-15 11:00:54			Go	TEST VIEW
	Broker URI: 192.168.1.47					**Broker Port:** 8454						
	Latitude: 43.96910					**Longitude:** 4.52808						
	Login:					**Password:**						
	SHA:					**Version:** v2						
+	orionToscana-UNIFI	192.168.1.47	8445	internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	Toscana	2020-05-19 10:00:30			Go	TEST VIEW
+	orionUNIFI	https://broker1.snap4city.org	8080	internal	ngsi	MYOWNPRIVATE	DISIT	2018-02-07 15:14:39	EDIT	DELETE	Go	TEST VIEW
+	orionUNIFIProxyHelsinki	https://www.snap4city.org/iot_ingestion/		internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	Helsinki	2019-04-05 14:31:21			Go	TEST VIEW
+	orionUNIMI	159.149.129.184	1026		ngsi	MYOWNPRIVATE	DISIT	2018-03-12 15:17:11	EDIT	DELETE	Go	TEST VIEW
+	orionValencia-UNIFI	valencia-broker.snap4city.org	443	internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	Valencia	2020-08-10 10:16:50			Go	TEST VIEW
+	orionWestGreece-UNIFI	192.168.1.47	8451	internal	ngsi	PRIVATE	WestGreece	2021-03-23 16:41:55			Go	TEST VIEW
+	rabbitUNIMI	159.149.129.184	5672		amqp	MYOWNPRIVATE	DISIT	2018-02-07 15:14:39	EDIT	DELETE		VIEW
+	sigfox	213.186.33.69	0		sigfox	MYOWNPRIVATE	DISIT	2018-05-28 00:31:53	EDIT	DELETE		VIEW

Showing 21 to 30 of 30 entries

Previous 1 2 3 Next

Register a New IOT Broker



Snap4 technology is broker Agnostic. Most of the features are only accessible for FIWARE Orion Brokers

- **IOT Brokers**
  - You can test, view, and register, and also automatically deploy Orion Brokers
  - are associated with an Organization
    - Each **Organization** has a **Knowledge Base** of reference (KB, ServiceMap)
    - Each **KB** may host multiple **Organizations** and addresses multiple **Geographic areas**
  - can be compliant with
    - **NGSI version**: V1, V2-1, V2, etc…
      - with Snap4City Security or regular NGSI FiWare
    - other protocols as well such as: MQTT, COAP, AMQP, etc.
  - can
    - expose different **authentication methods**: K1/K2, Certificate, etc.
    - be accessible from IOT Devices and IOT App **in Cloud only**
    - be accessible **from Internet to post data from outside, etc.**

IOT Orion Broker Network: NGSI V1 and V2

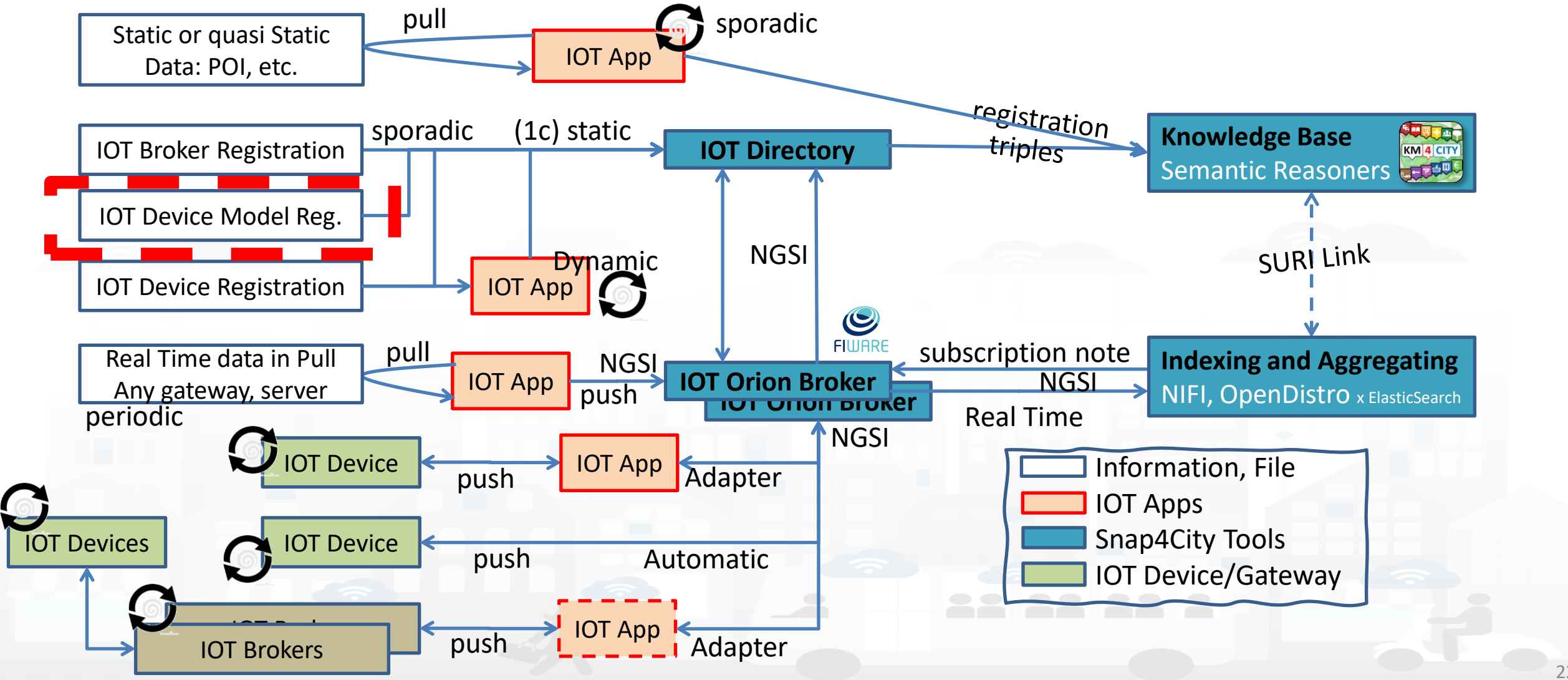
- **IOT Broker can be Internal (on Snap4City Cloud)**
  - Registration of IOT Devices can be performed by the IOT Directory
  - Authentication is automatic, K1 and K2 are not needed since the security is performed via Access Token, M2M secure communication, on the basis of IOT App ownership
  - The **NIFI Cluster** automatically subscribes to all the entities on the Broker, to post data into the Data Shadow enriched with data of the KB
- **IOT Broker can be External (managed by third party)**
  - Registration of IOT Devices is managed by third parties
  - The registered IOT Devices can be collected and queried from the IOT Directory as well
  - The NIFI Cluster **may** automatically subscribes to all the entities on the Broker, to post data into the Data Shadow enriched with data of the KB
- **IOT Brokers can be networked**
  - Services, Service paths: for managing the IOT Broker network
  - Multi-tenant: more than one user/org on the same IOT Broker

IOT Device Model

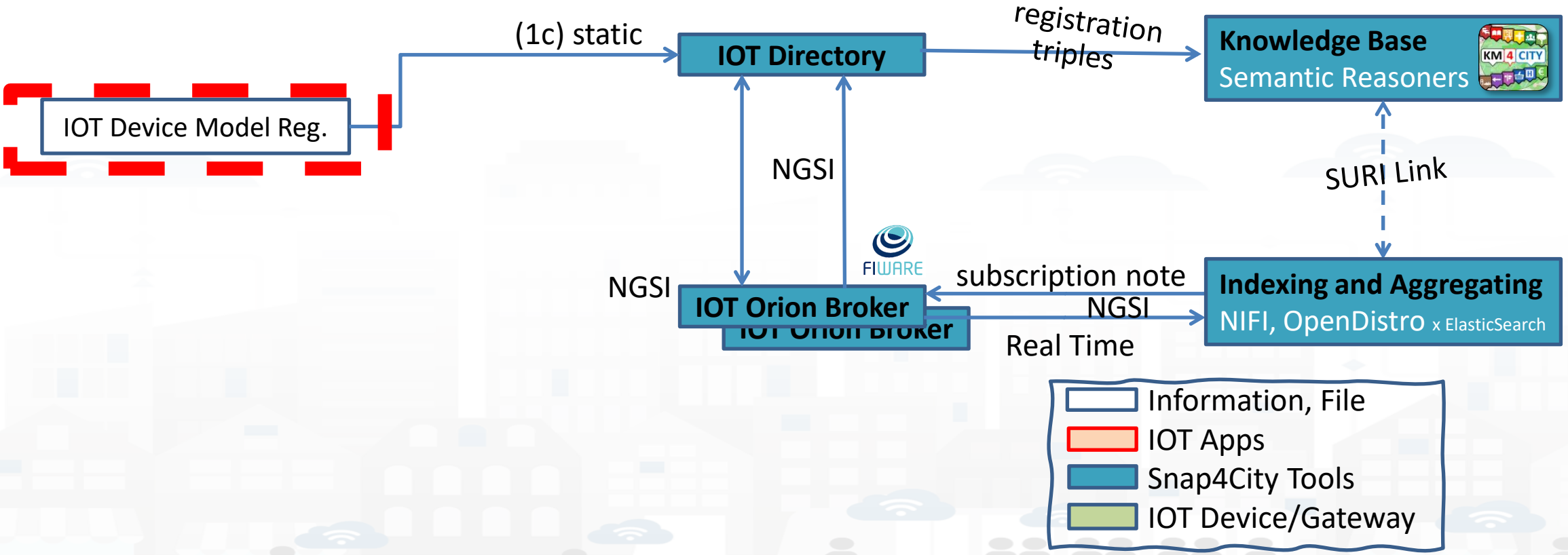
- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram

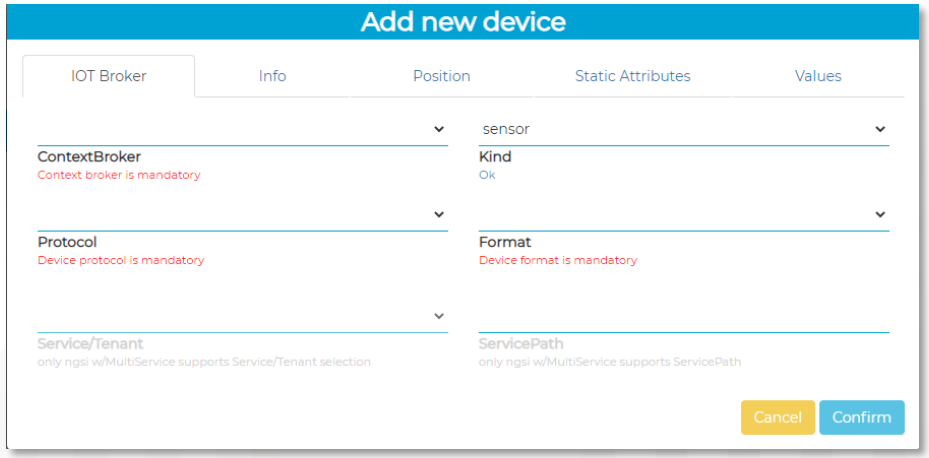


Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram

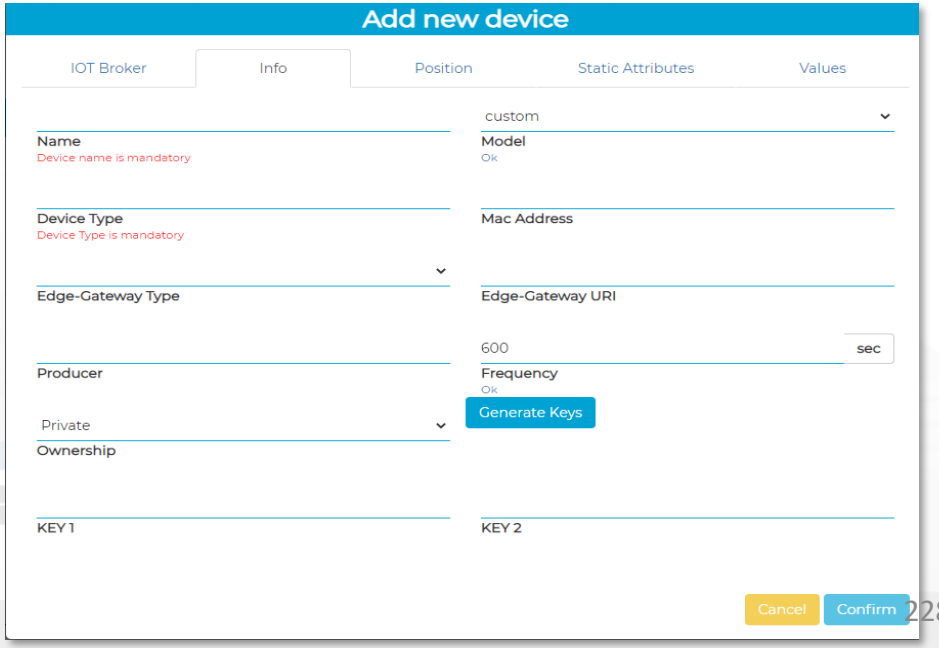


IOT Device Data Model (1)

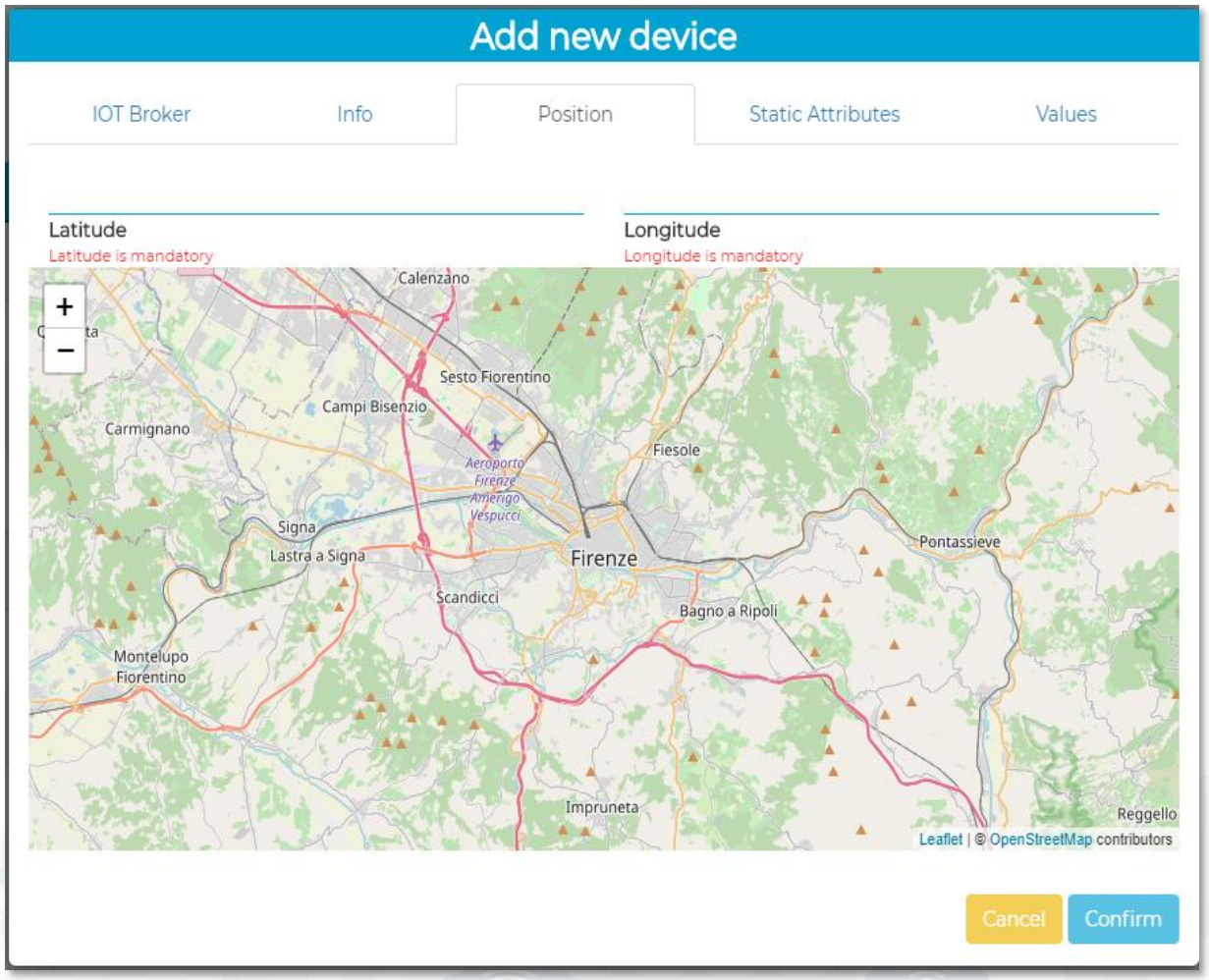
- IOT Broker
  - Name of the Brokers: among those registered
  - Protocol: NGSI, AMQP, MQTT, etc..
  - Format: CSV, JSON, XML.
  - Service/Tenant:…….
  - ServicePath:……

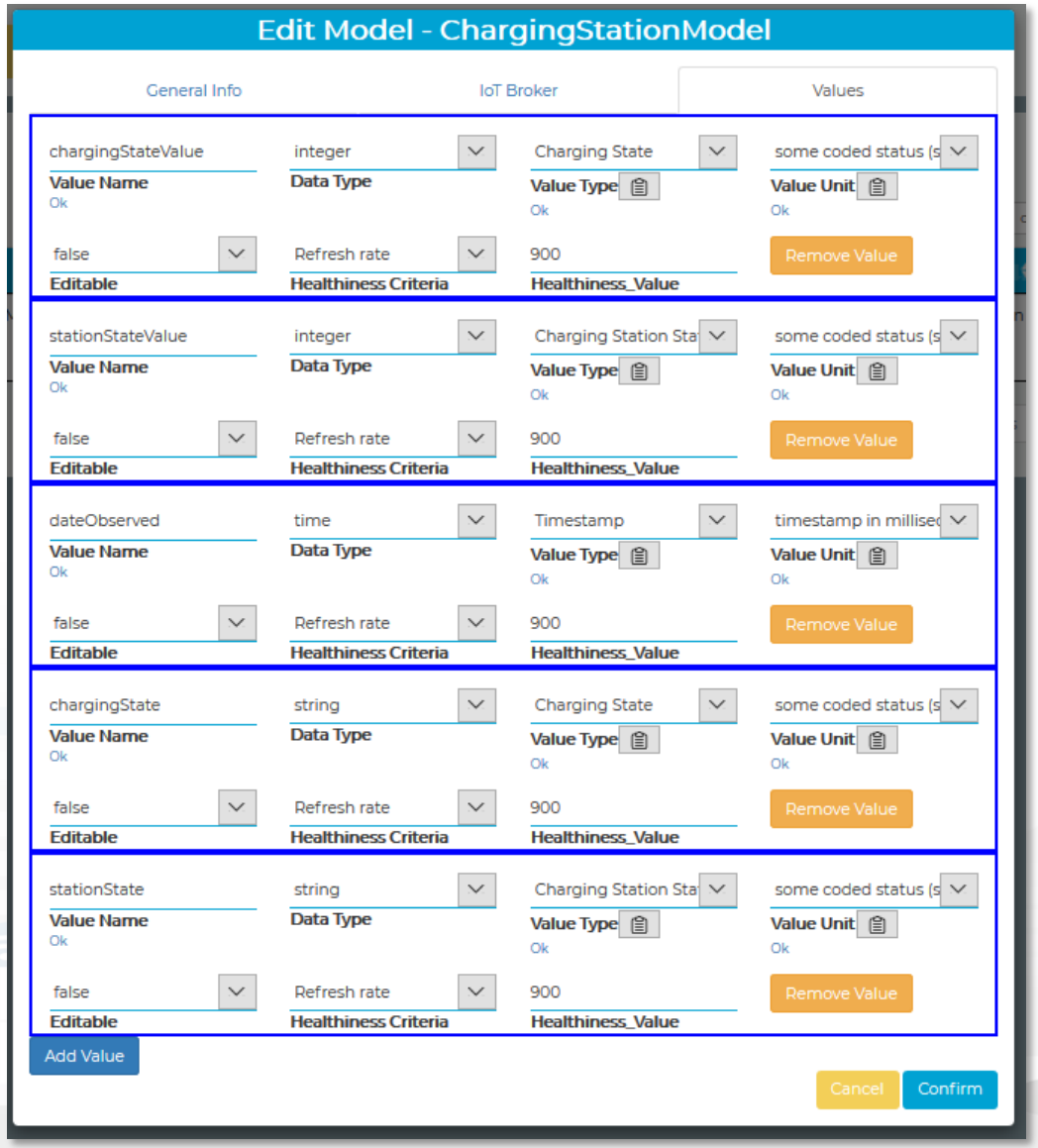


- Info
  - Name (Identifier)
  - Model: Custom or Model ID
  - DeviceType: ..a string..
  - MAC address: …optional…
  - Edge-GW: Raspberry, Android, …
  - Edge-GW: URI
  - Producer
  - Owner
  - Freq: ….. Sec
  - Keys: K1, K2



IOT Device Data Model (2)





IOT Device Model (3): Attributes

Where	IOT Device Model	IOT Device	A Temporal Instance
IOT Broker	**Broker: OrionUNIFI**		
IOT Broker	**Protocol: NGSI**		
Info	**ID: string**	ID: "park45"	**park45**
Position	**GPS: lat, long**	GSP Position: 43.12, 11.34	GSP Position: 44.12, 11.12
Static attribute	**Description: string**	Description: "parking massaia"	
Static attribute	**Location: string**	Location: "Via Massaia"	
Static attribute	**Civic Number: string**	Civic Number: 3	
Static attribute	**MaxCapacity: number, cars**	MaxCapacity: 456	
Values	**dateObserved: Timestamp**		23-12-2019T20:13:12…
Values	**FreeSlots: Integer, #**		345
Values	**Humidity: float, %**		25,5
Values	**Temperature: float, celsius**		34

Model meaning

- **ID:** is the unique identifier for reconnecting Temporal Instances with registered IOT Devices
- **Static Attributes:**
  - Are typically associated with instances of the IOT Device.
    E.g.:, You have a set of parking areas, each of them is located in a specific street, and has its one name, etc.
  - Different kinds of attributes can be set for each SubNature. Their definition has to be prepared into the Knowledge Base ☺ for automated indexing.
- **Values**: they are time varying variables (temporal values/instances)
  - They change over time, the timestamp of the time series is conventionally «dateObserved» in Snap4City
  - In new *SensorMobile* HLT, also GPS can be changing over time as in the MyKPI
- **NOTE for:**
  - **names/IDs**: Spaces or strange characters are not allowed in the. Please use simple alfphanumeric strings, it is a limitation of many solutions including Orion Broker and increase interoperability of your data.
  - **Values of attributes and variables**: can be UTF8, but similarly, they do not accept: () <> “ ‘ ; = into values
  - https://fiware-orion.readthedocs.io/en/master/user/forbidden_characters/index.html

Using the IOT Device Model notes!!!

- Once performed the IOT Device Model, a number of IOT Devices can be produce **using the model as a Template**



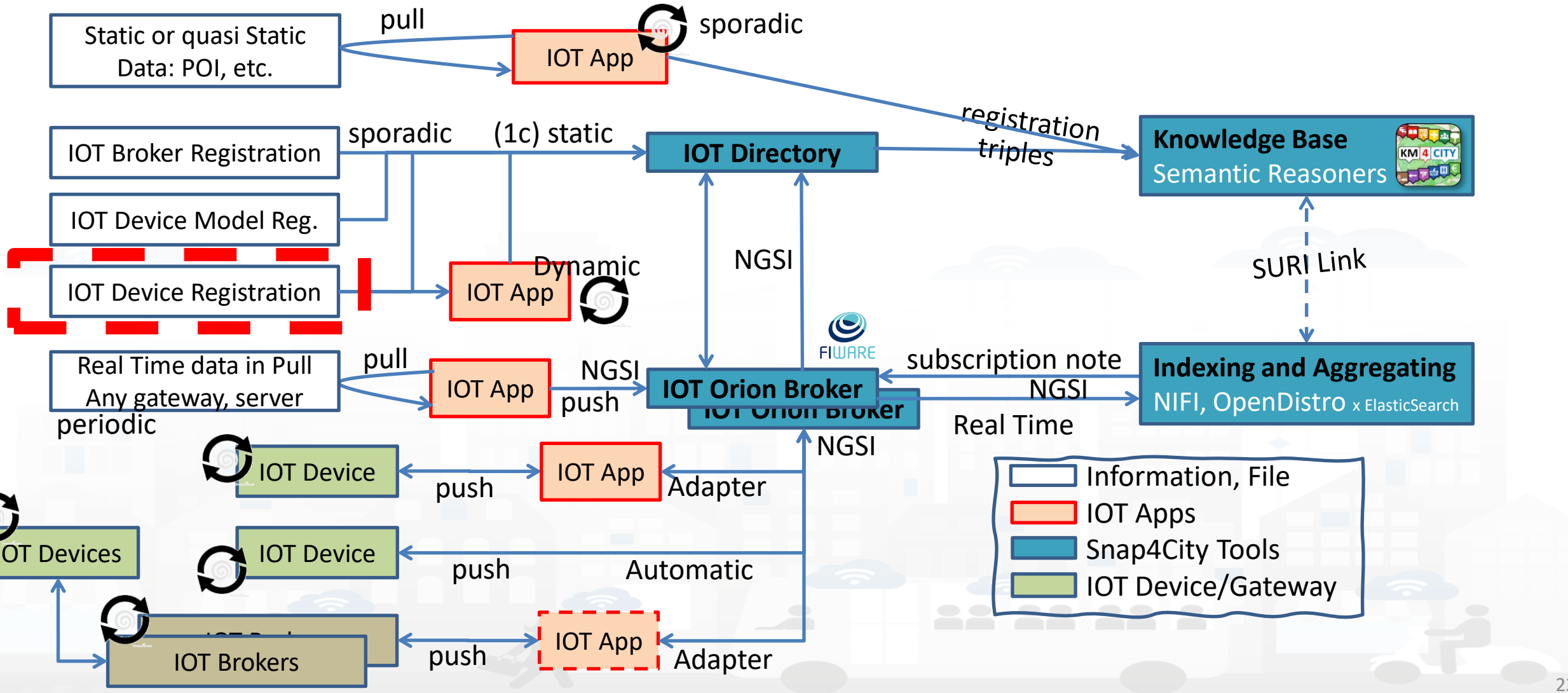
  - **NOTE:** the produced IOT Devices are not going to change if the IOT Device Model is modified.
  - *Your biscuit is not changing if the template is modified after the printout*

IOT Device Registration many possibilities

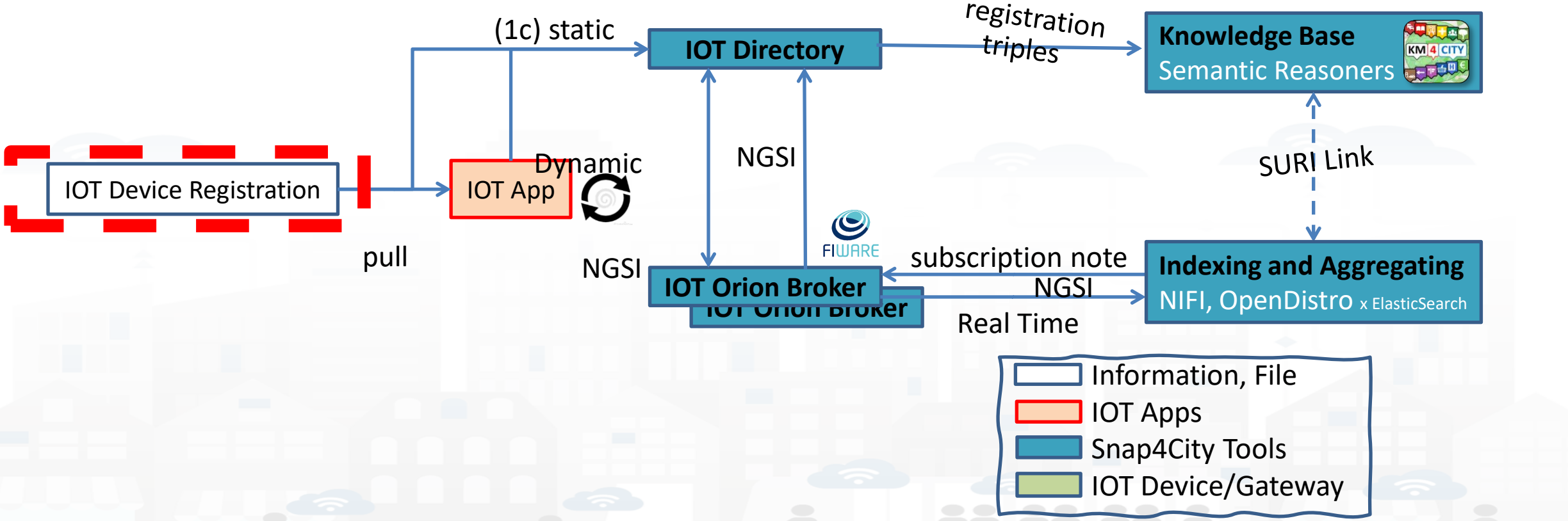
- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



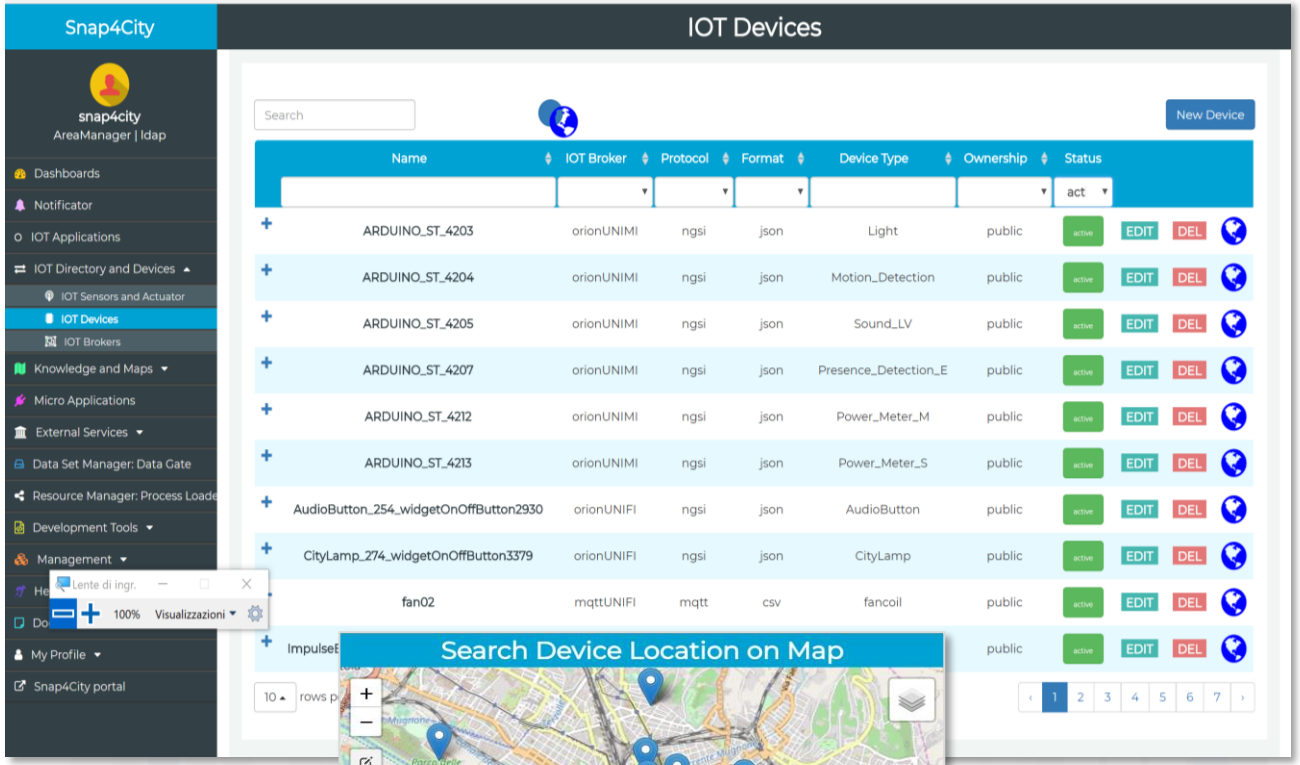
Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



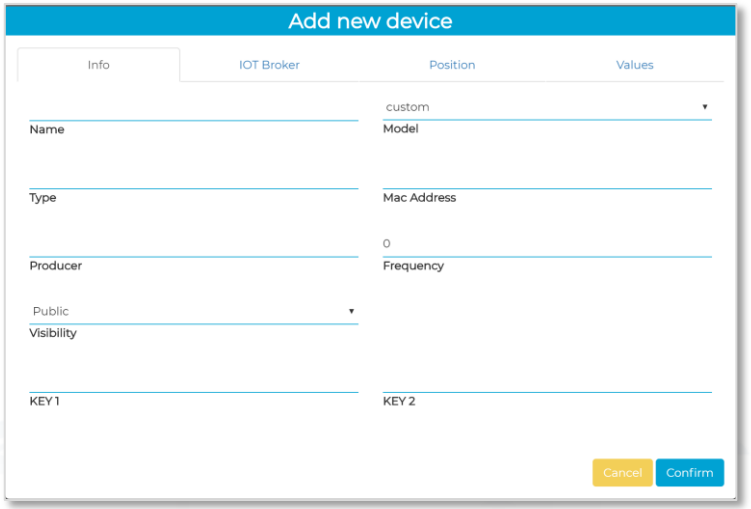
Activities for IOT Device Registration

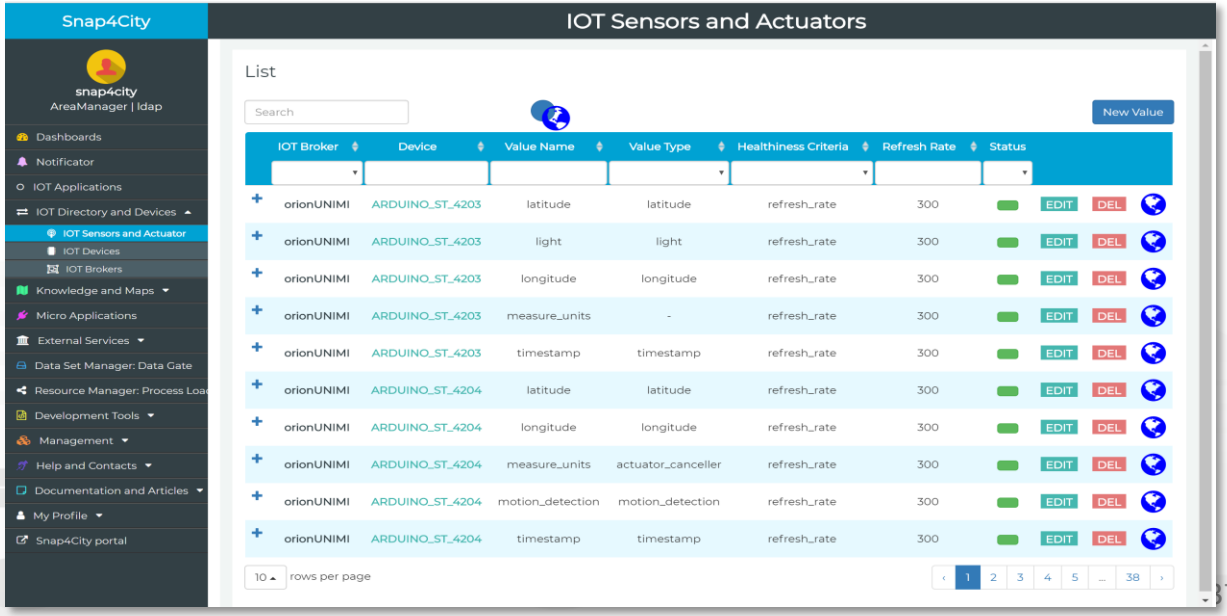
- **Registration of**
  - N IoT Devices and their IoT Device Model via **Data Table Loader**
  - an IOT Device Manually from Zero or from an IOT Device Model
  - a set of IOT Devices with the same IOT Device Model from IOT App
  - a set of IOT Devices in BULK loading a CSV (with or without a reference IOT Model)
- The IOT Device registration implies the **automated production of the Digital Twin Device into the Knowledge Base**, which implies:
  - Activation of the Storage “DataShadow” for historical data access
  - Activation of all the relationships
  - Activation of Discovery mechanisms via IOT Directory, KB
  - Activation of Dashboard Wizard (after a few minutes), and Data Inspector
  - Etc.

IOT Devices/Sensors

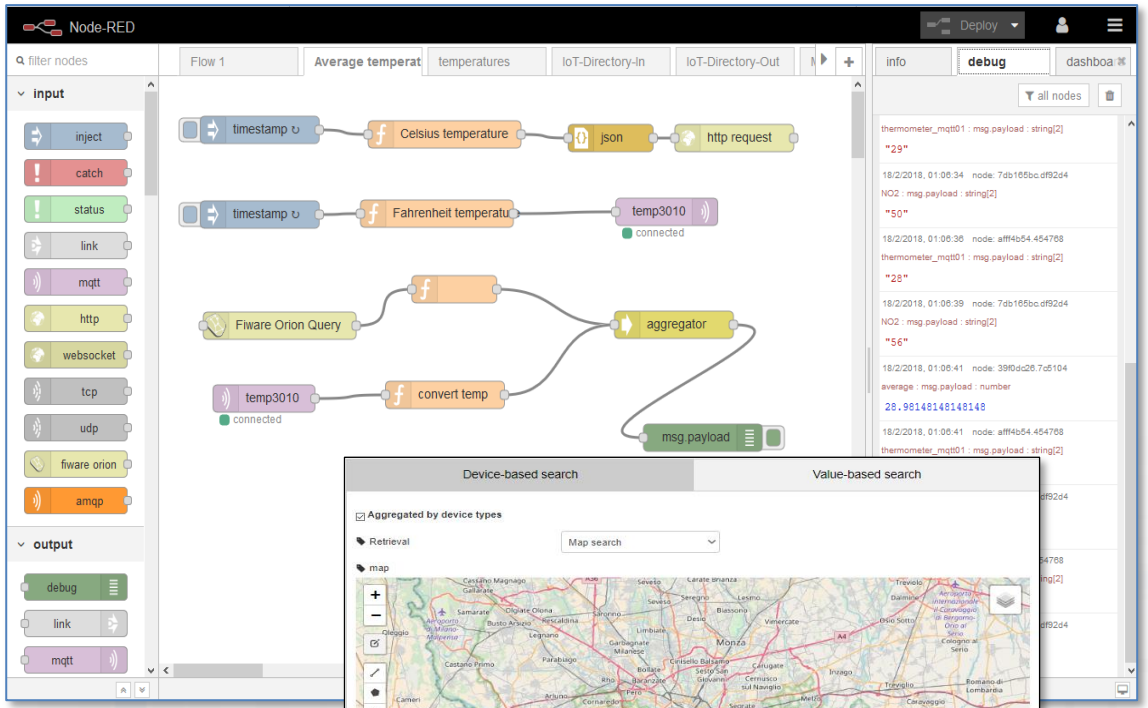


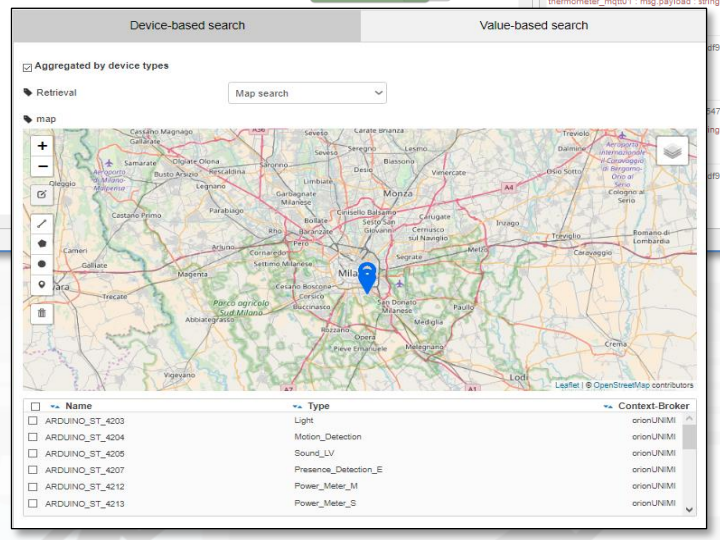


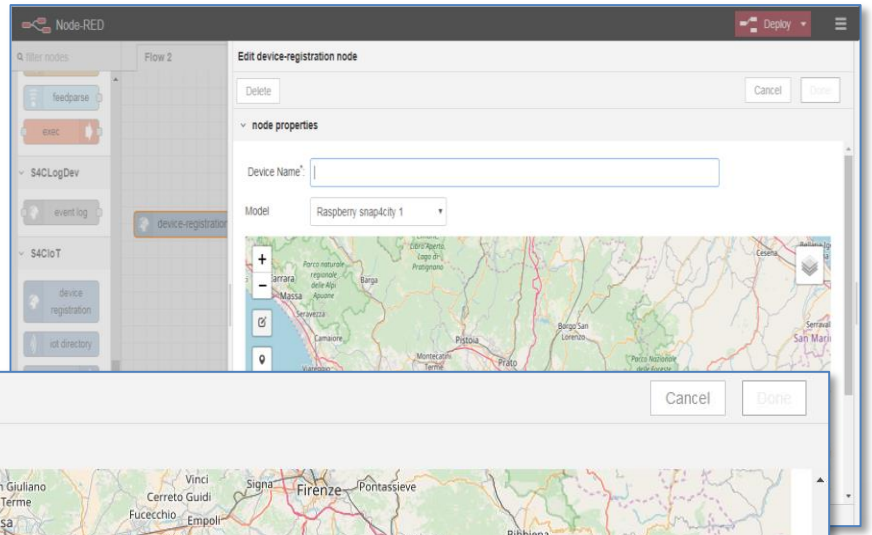


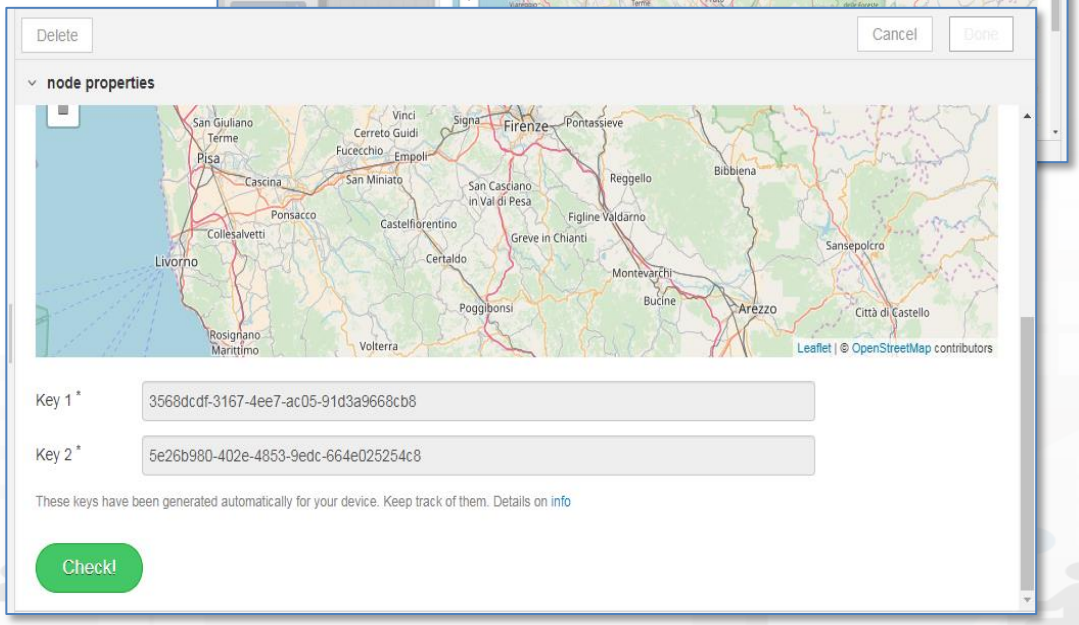


IOT Discovery on IOT Application Development







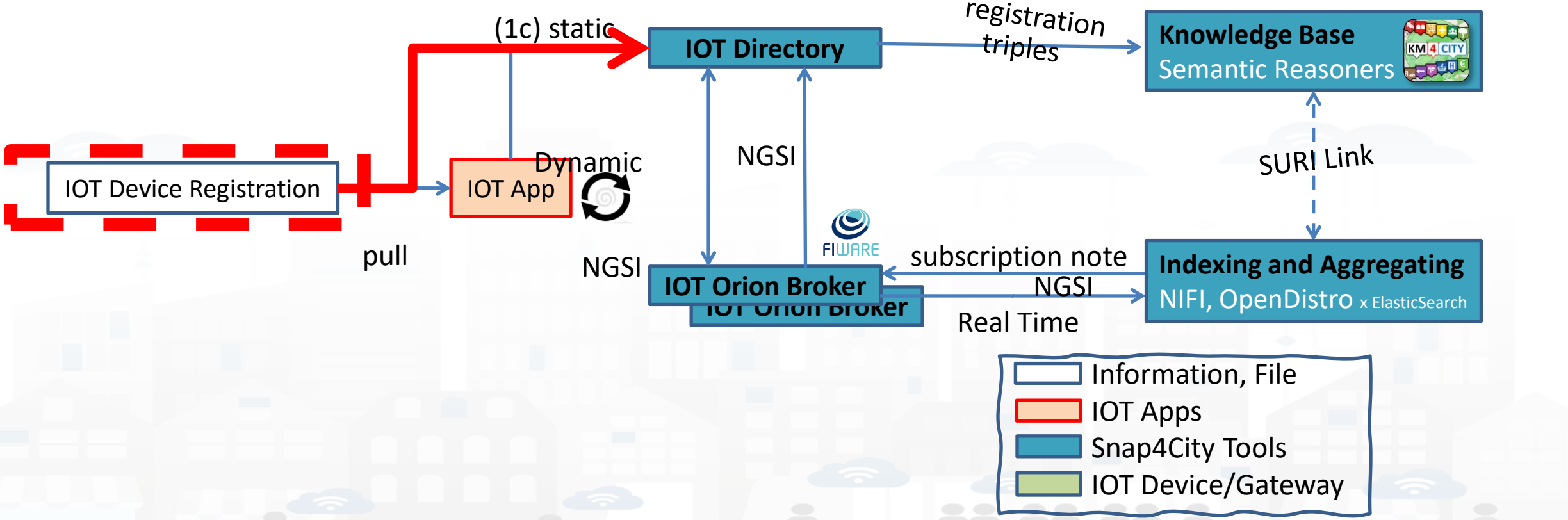


IOT Device Registration from IOT Device Model

- IOT Directory and Devices
  - My IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Sensors and Actuators
  - IOT Devices
  - IOT Devices Management
  - IOT Device Discovery
  - IOT Brokers
  - IOT Device Models
  - IOT Devices Bulk Registration
  - IOT Broker Periodic Update setti...
  - IOT Orion Broker Mapping Rules...
  - Doc: IOT Directory and Devices
  - Create an IOT Device Instance
  - Create an IOT Device Model
  - Add an IOT Device into Snap4Cit...

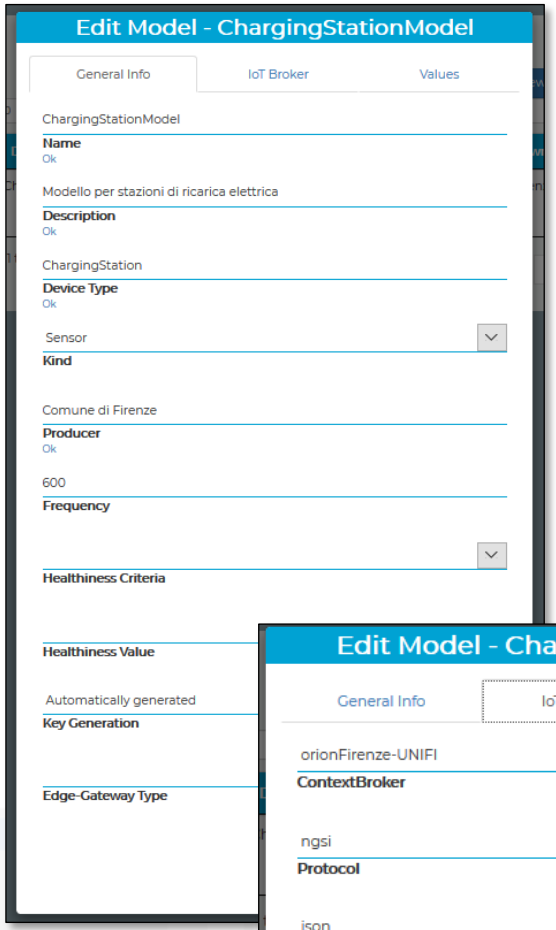


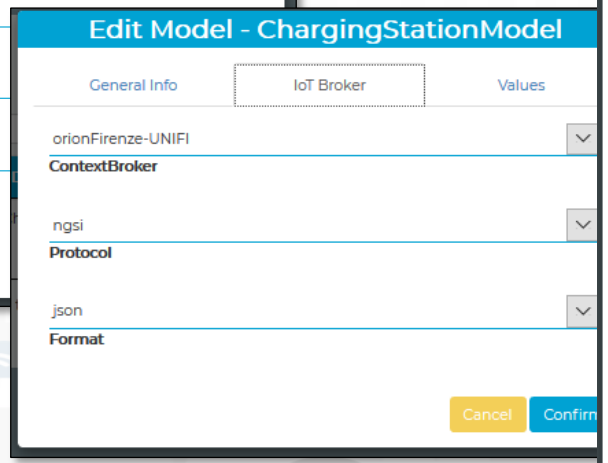
Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



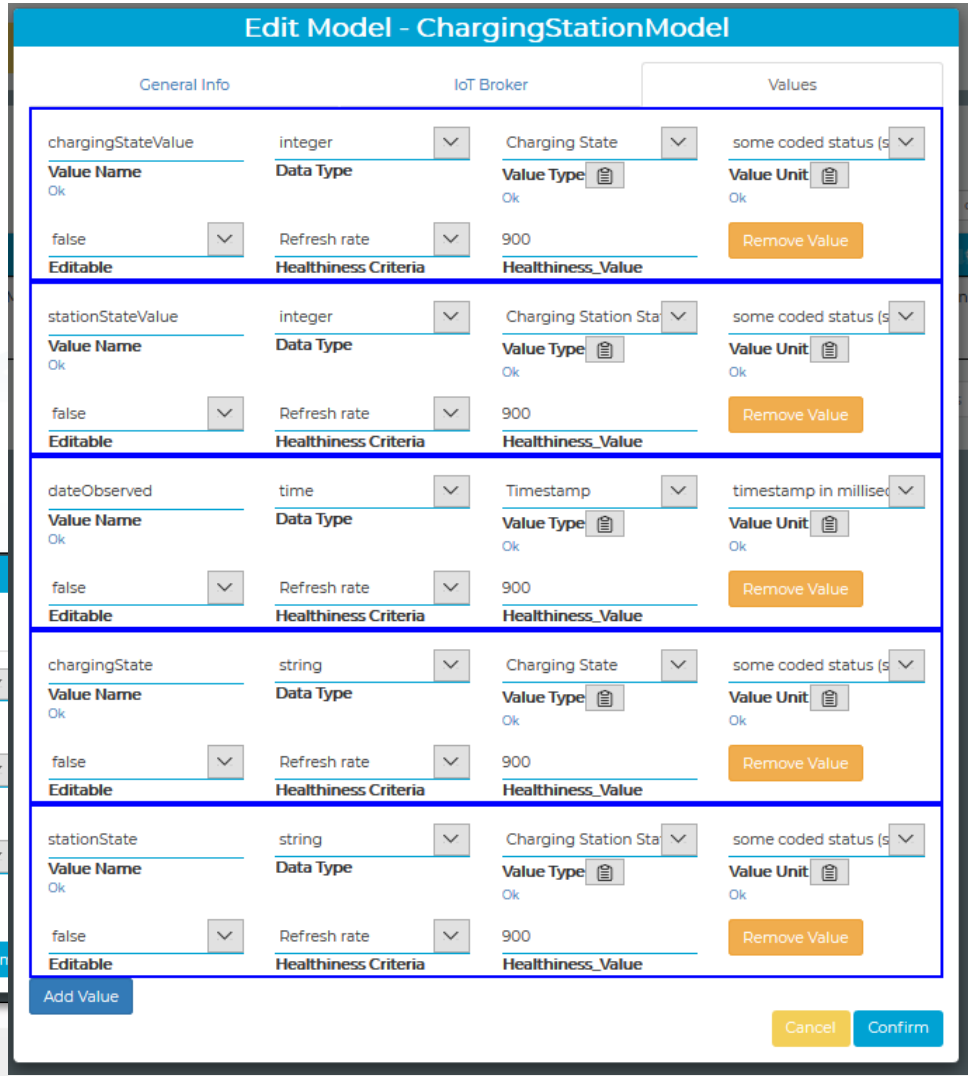
Many IoT Devices? IOT Device Model!!!

- **Prerequirements**: only for AreaManager users
- If you have a set of sensors with the same features,
  - you can create a model and then a set of instances (IoT Devices) in compliance with the model (not time consuming and avoiding errors)
- IoT Directory and Devices > IoT Device Models > ‘New Model’ button

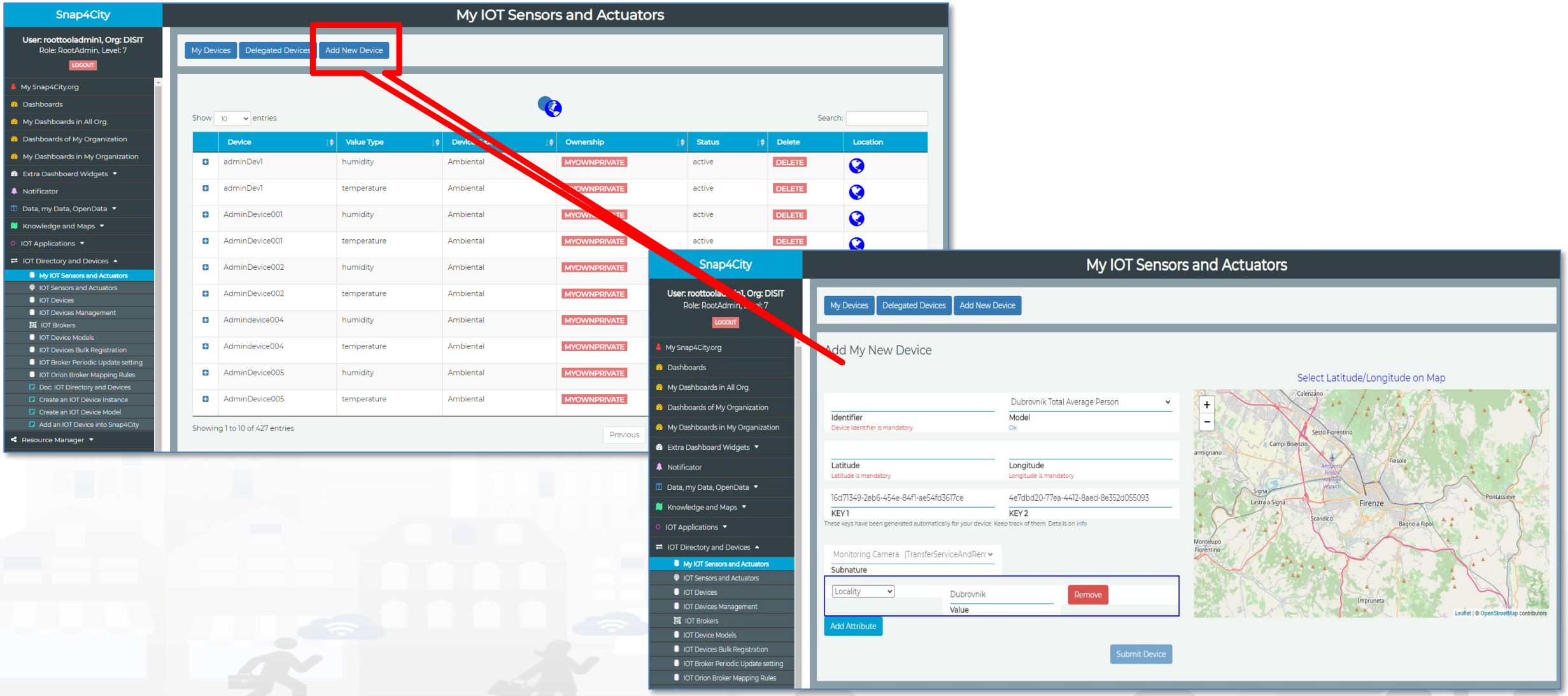




Example: ChargingStationModel



Add IOT/IOE Devices, exploiting an IOT Device Model



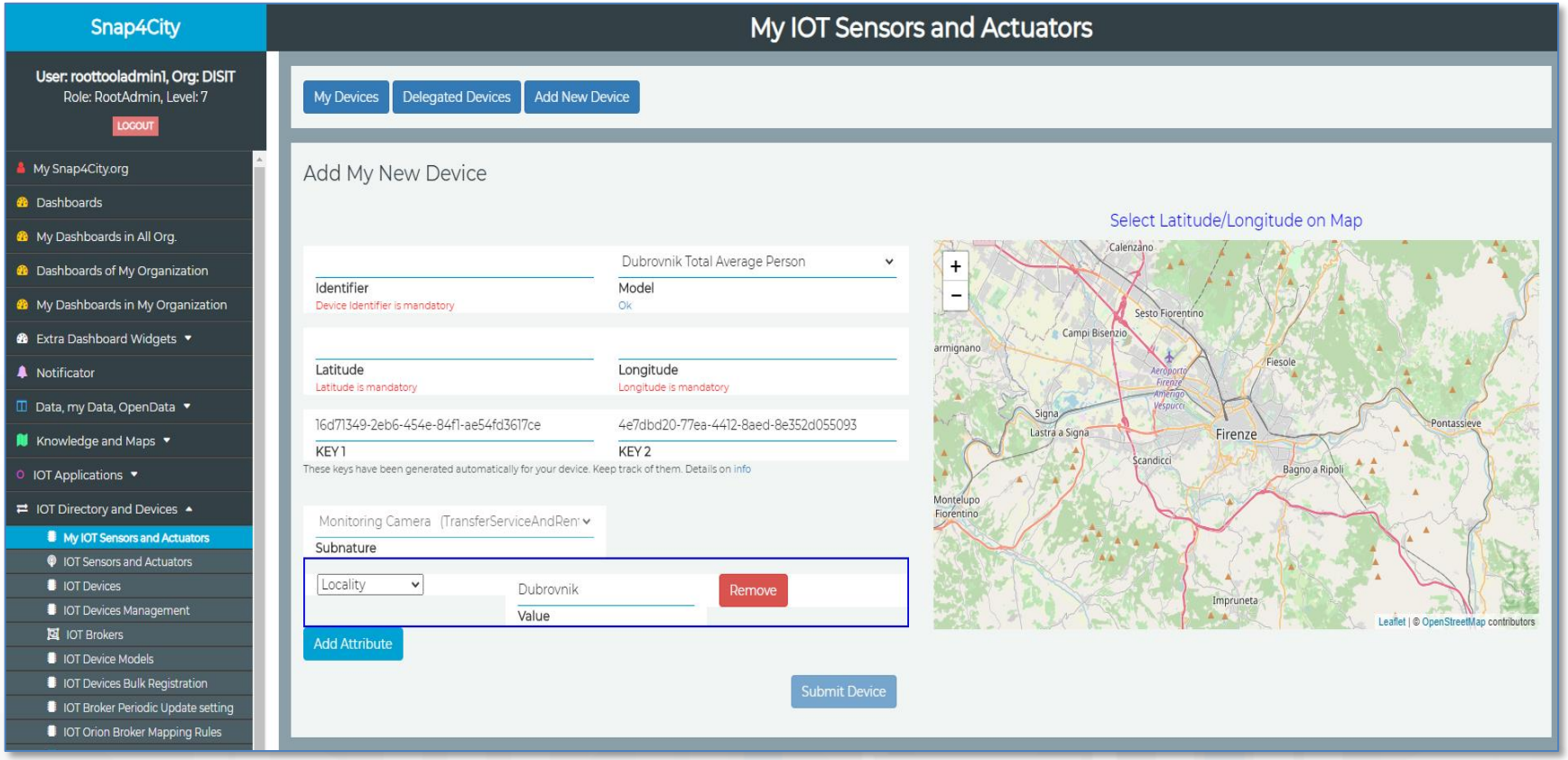
Add IOT/IOE Devices, exploiting an IOT Device Model

Just Buy an IOT Device and register: SigFOX, MQTT, NGSI (FiWare), …

- Attach them by
  - Models
- A range of protocols, formats, approaches

Create your own devices:

- Arduino,
- Raspberry,
- Android,
- LoraWAN + Arduino,
- etc.

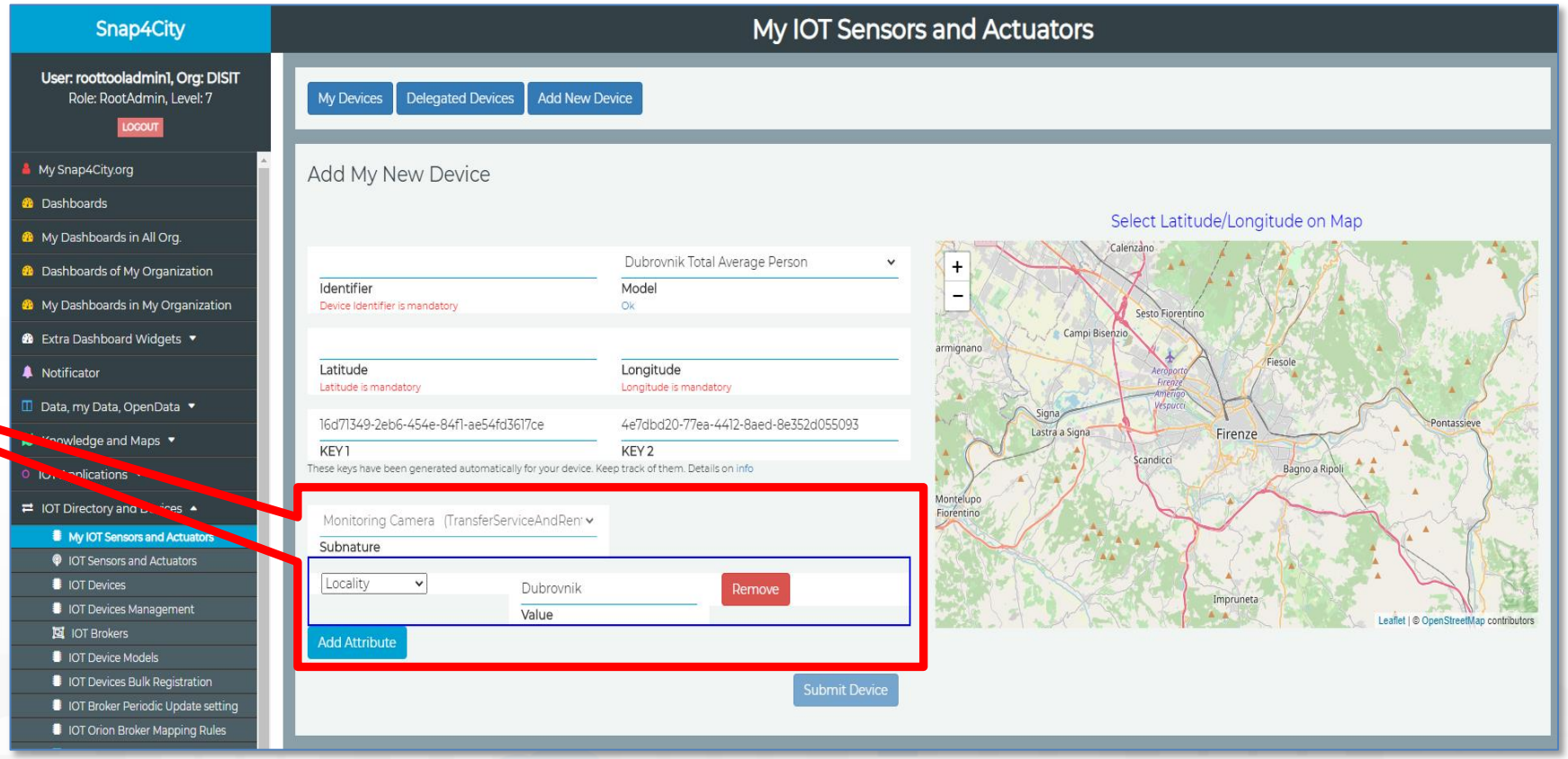


Secure Communication: HTTPS, TLS (K1, K2), Certificates

Add IOT/IOE Devices, exploiting an IOT Device Model

Addition of Static Attributes of the IOT Device

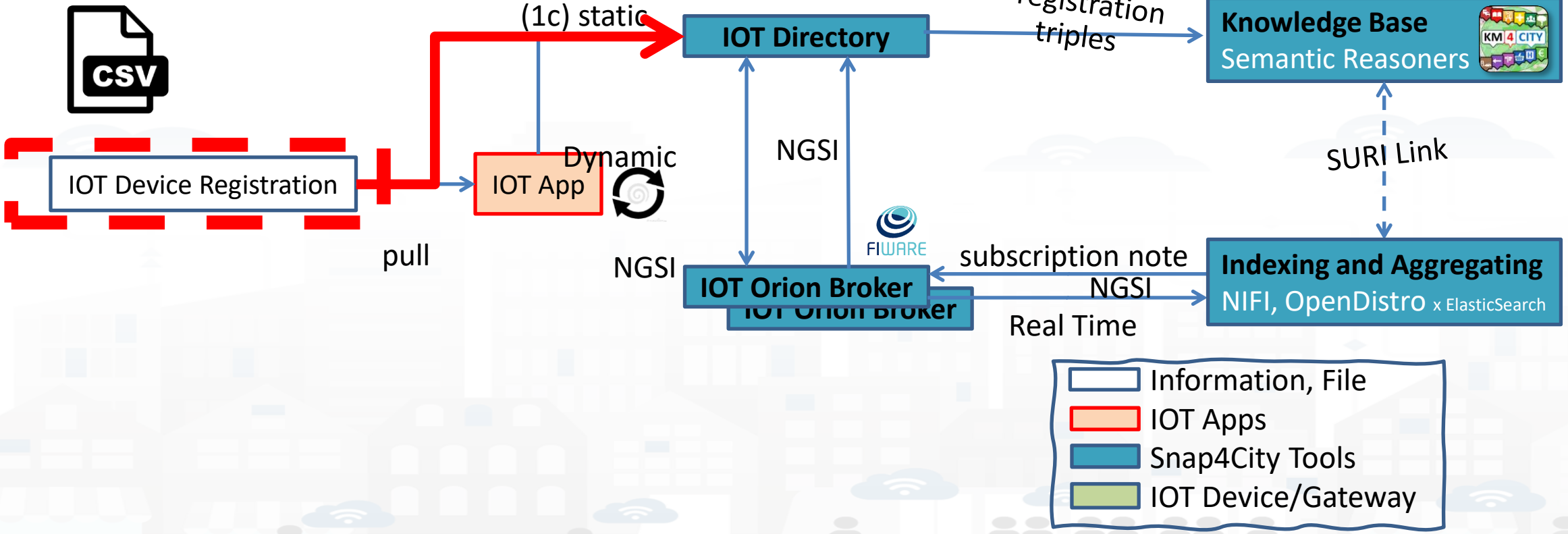
Only if you enabled from model



IOT Device Registration in Bulk from CSV File



Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



See above the Data Table Loader which simplifed this process

From CSV → register IoT Devices in BULK

- Create a CSV from the CSV Model provided
- The columns must respect the CSV Model (every field present in the Model)
- One row of the CSV is one new IOT Device
- You have to create to create two keys (called k1, k2) that are necessary to read and write access to the device. They must be different each other.
- Each group of devices, that has the same IoT Model (data set), could/should have the same K1, K2. In this way, it is easier to read or write all the IOT Devices of the same set at the same time.
- These keys are in the UUID v4 format and can be generated online on this website: https://www.uuidgenerator.net

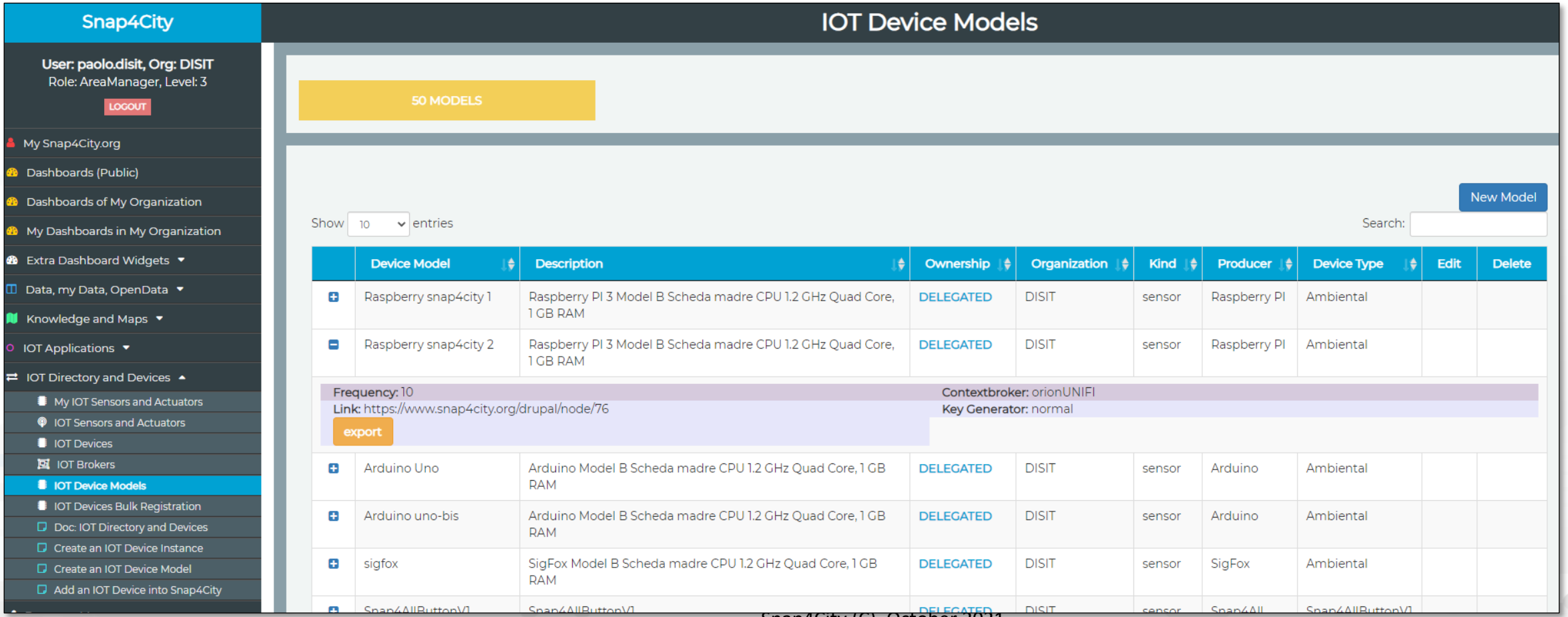
Available example: https://www.snap4city.org/592

File model in https://www.snap4city.org/289

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S
1	name	devicetype	mac	frequency	kind	protocol	format	producer	lat	long	valuename	data_type	value_type	editable	value_unit	health_criteria	healthiness_value	K1	k2
2	eCharging_16ZP22T2AA1S000003	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.222	1.125.338	chargingState	string	charging_state	false	-	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
3	eCharging_16ZP22T2AA1S000003	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.222	1.125.338	chargingStateValue	integer	charging_state	false	#	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
4	eCharging_16ZP22T2AA1S000003	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.222	1.125.338	stationState	string	charging_station_state	false	-	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
5	eCharging_16ZP22T2AA1S000003	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.222	1.125.338	stationStateValue	integer	charging_station_state	false	#	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
6	eCharging_16ZP22T2AA1S000003	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.222	1.125.338	dateObserved	time	timestamp	false	s	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
7	eCharging_15EP22T2AA1S000051	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.483	1.125.993	chargingState	string	charging_state	false	-	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
8	eCharging_15EP22T2AA1S000051	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.483	1.125.993	chargingStateValue	integer	charging_state	false	#	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
9	eCharging_15EP22T2AA1S000051	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.483	1.125.993	stationState	string	charging_station_state	false	-	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
10	eCharging_15EP22T2AA1S000051	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.483	1.125.993	stationStateValue	integer	charging_station_state	false	#	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38
11	eCharging_15EP22T2AA1S000051	ChargingStations	3D:F2:C9:A6:B3:3F	600	sensor	ngsi	json	Comune di Firenze	4.377.483	1.125.993	dateObserved	time	timestamp	false	s	refresh_rate	900	c6f03a41-880e-46f0-879a-993501ca6b50	80466a36-2b5a-4ac9-a7c3-db12c480da38

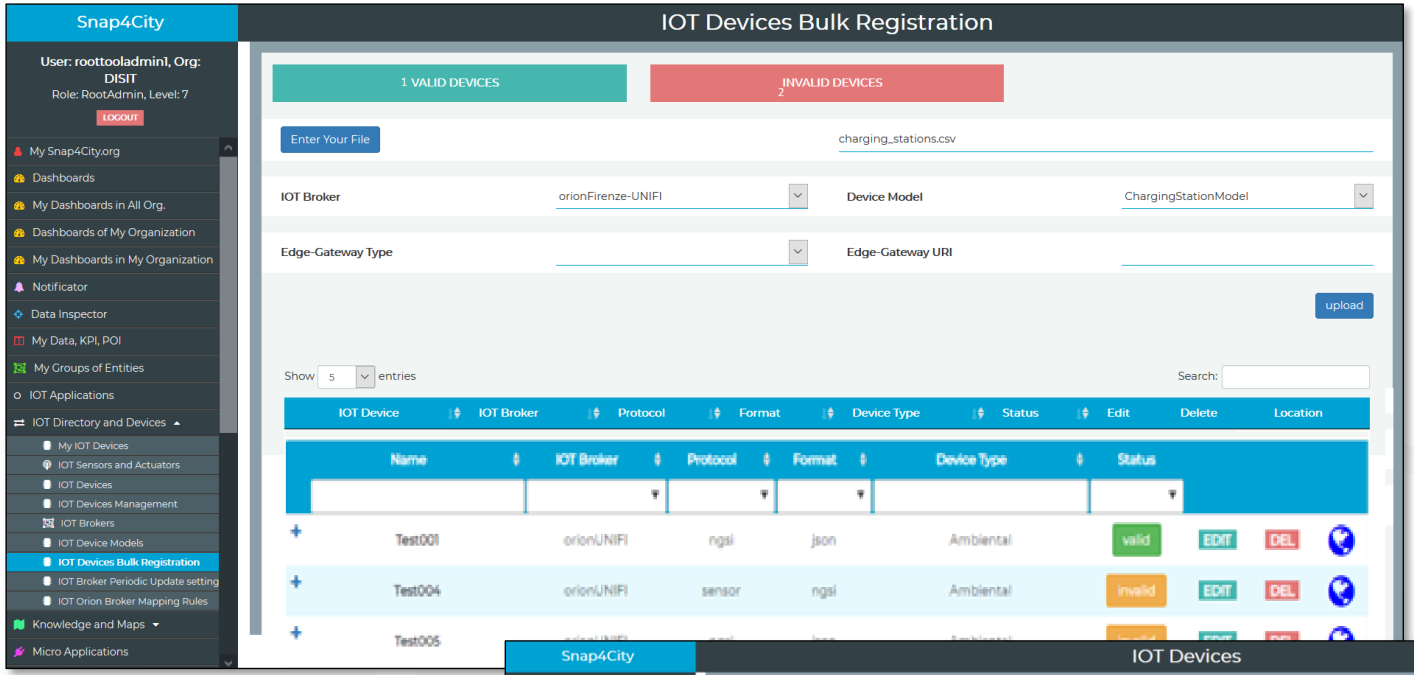
Get a CSV template of your device for filling it

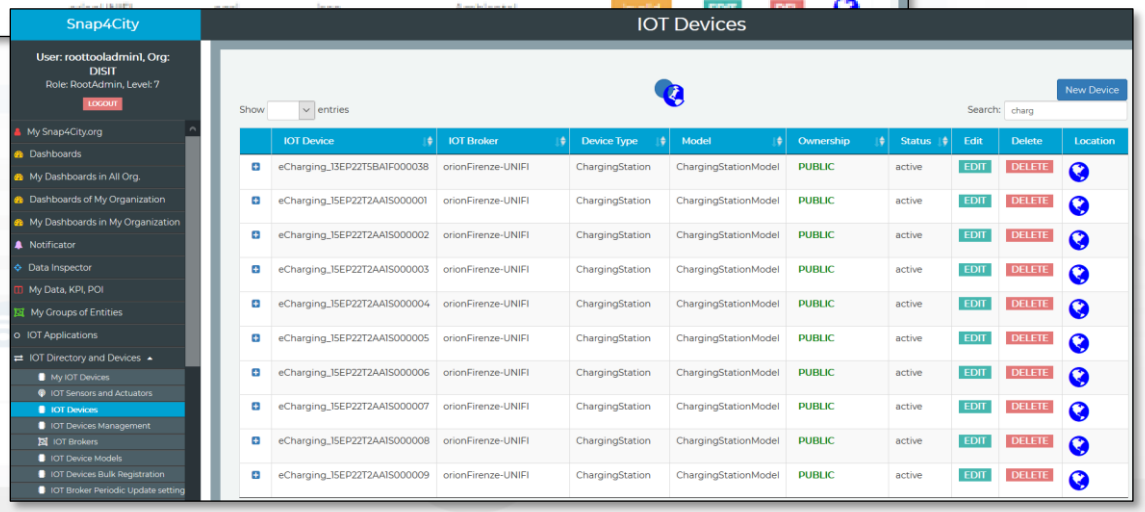
- download a csv template conformant to the IOT Device Model,
  - Go on the IOT Device Model, click on (+) and press the EXPORT button



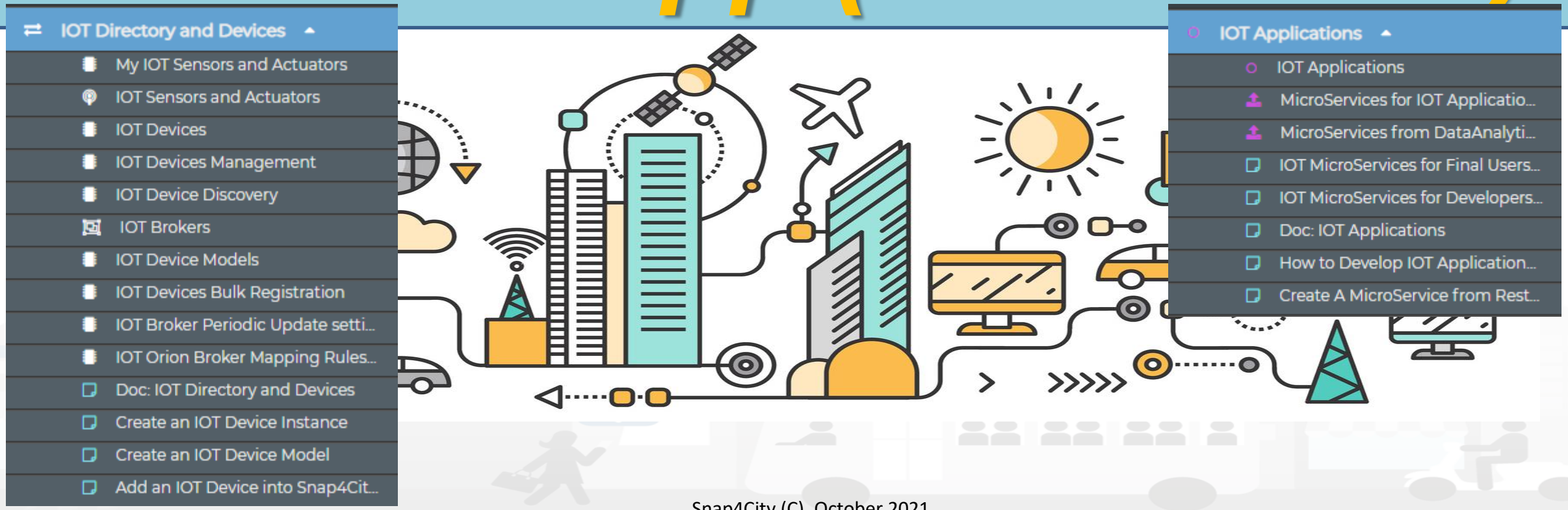
Register IoT Devices in BULK

- IoT Directory and Devices > IoT Devices Bulk Registration
- Select: Model, Broker
- Upload the CSV file
- Wait
- Verify the presence of your Devices in:
  - IoT Directory and Devices > IoT Devices
- https://www.snap4city.org/289

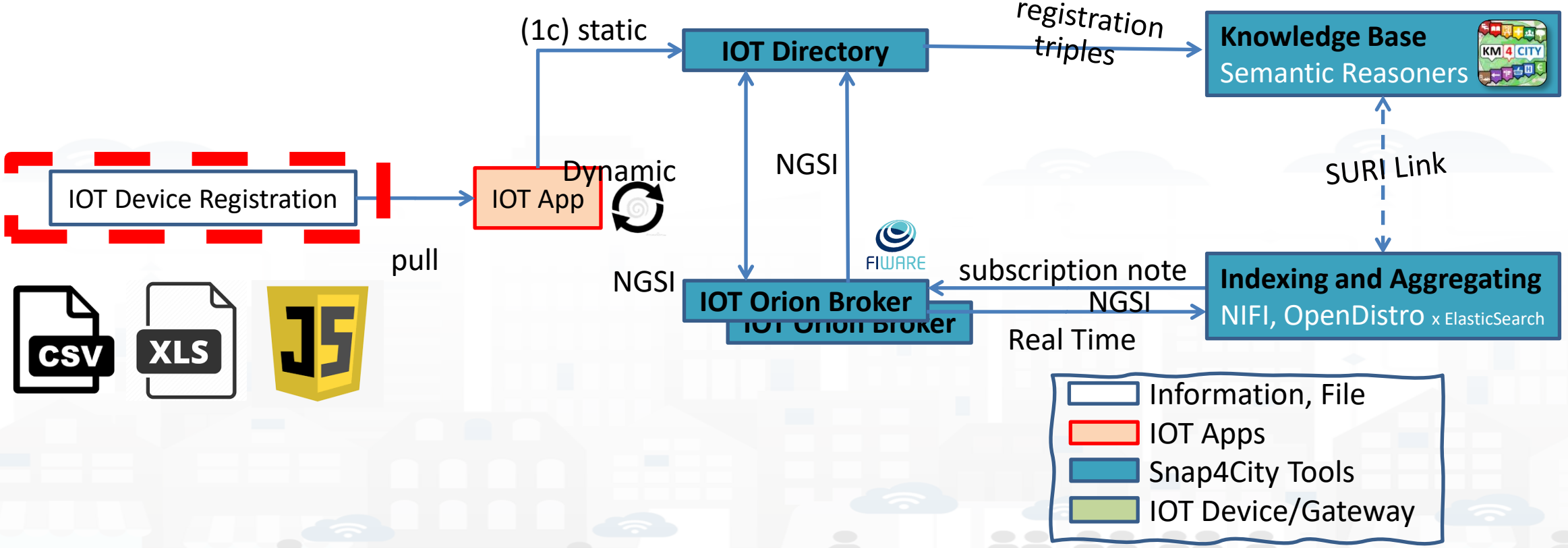




IOT Device Registration from IOT App (automation)

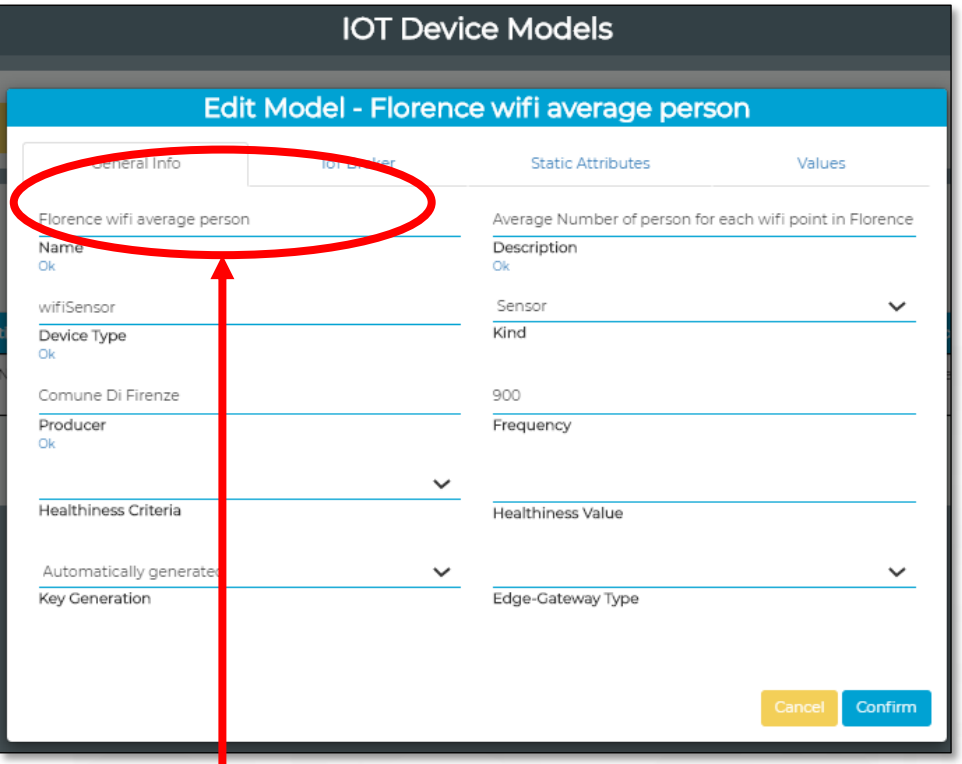


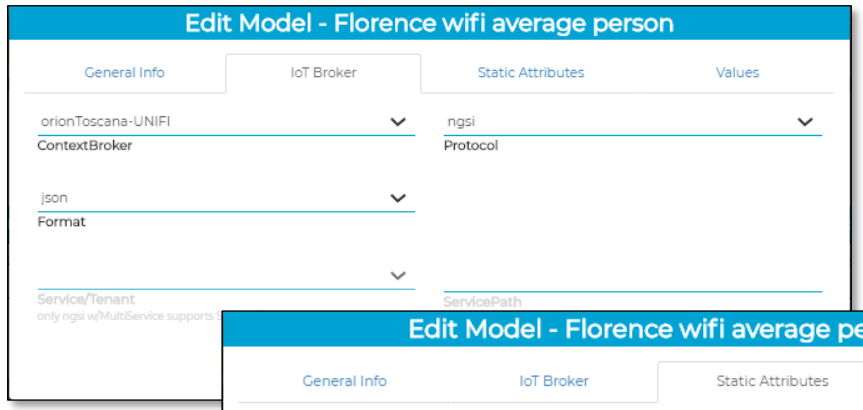
Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram

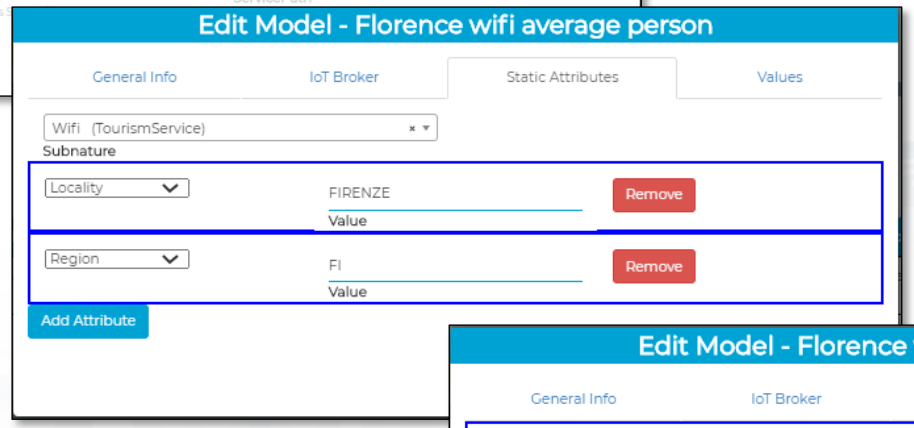


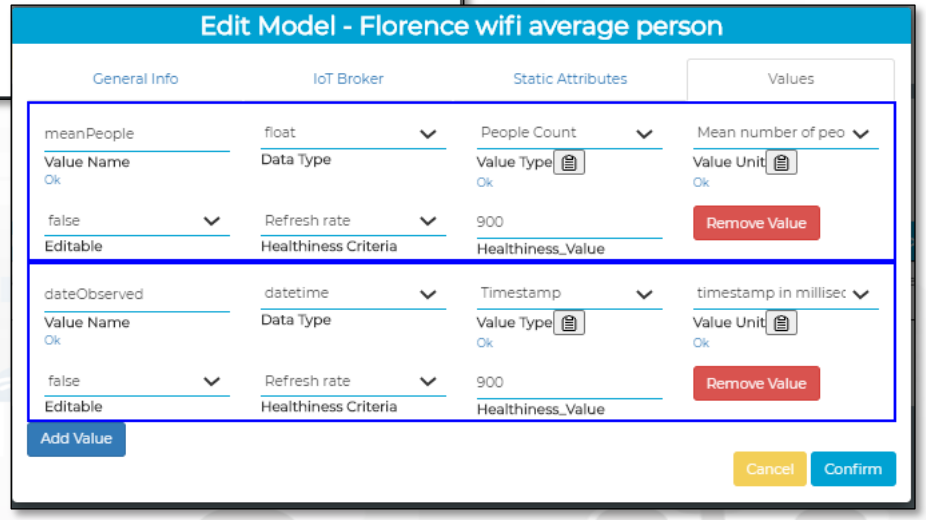
Dataset Creation

1) Model creation



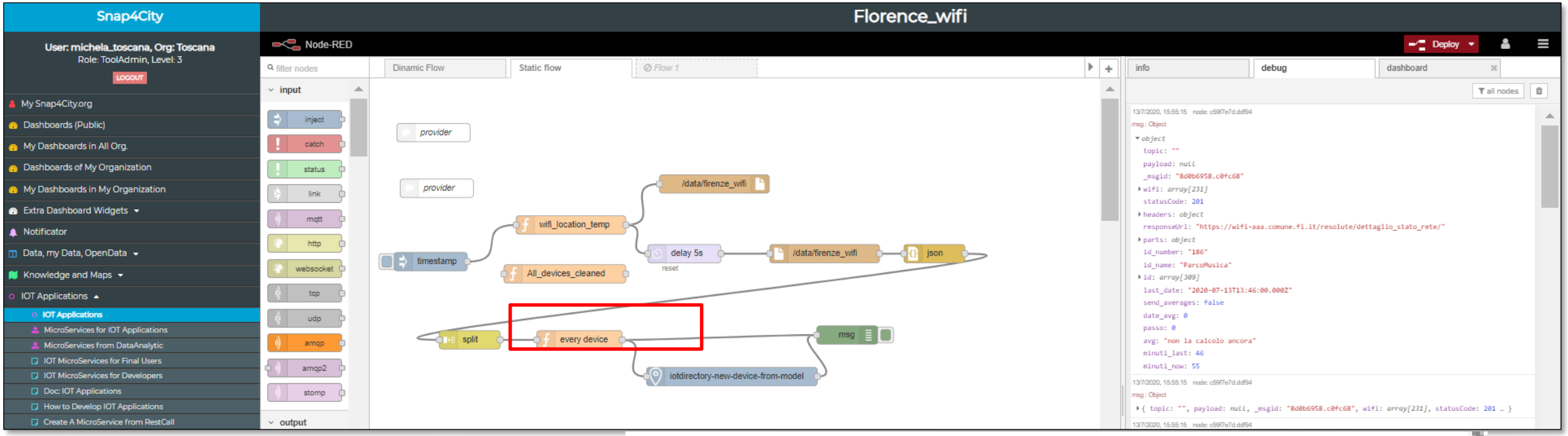






Model name: Florence wifi average person

IoTApp static flow

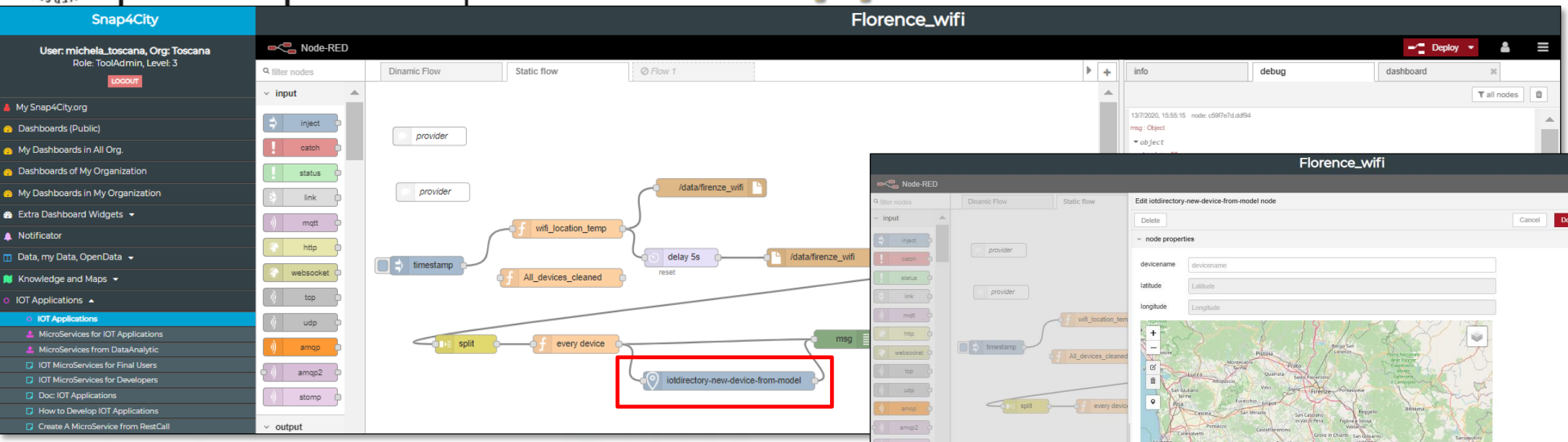


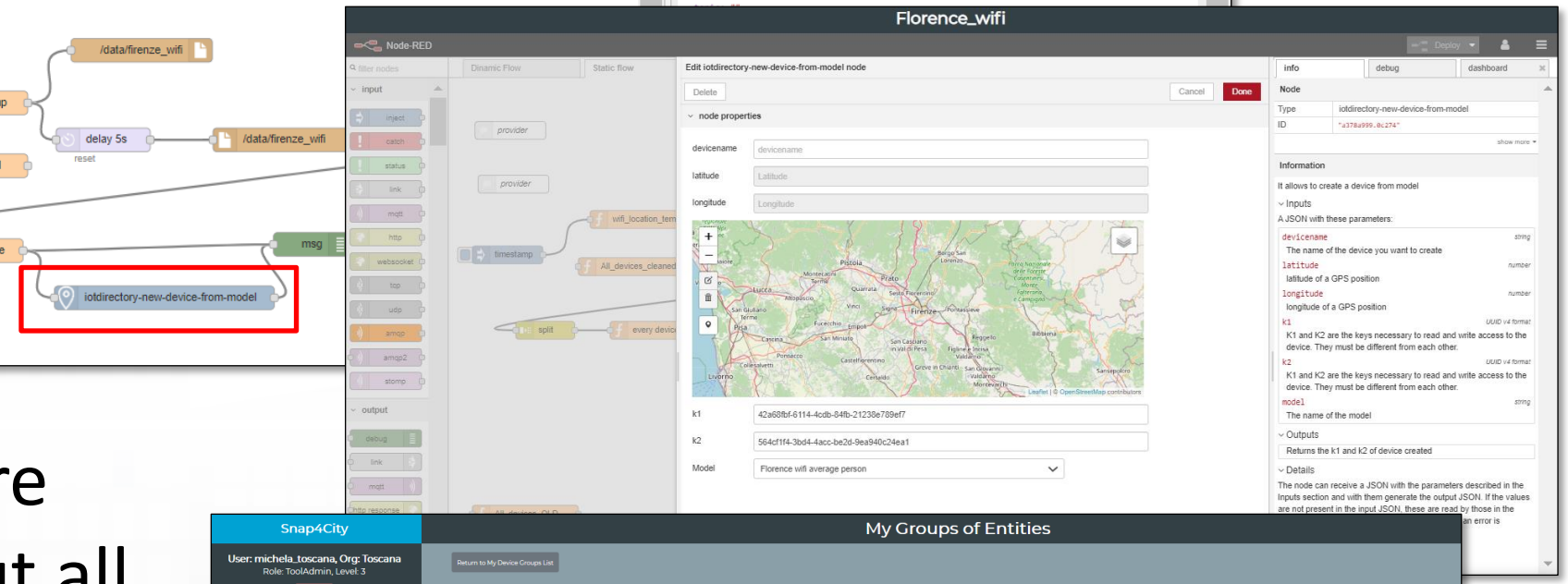
2) IoT Devices Creation from IOT APP

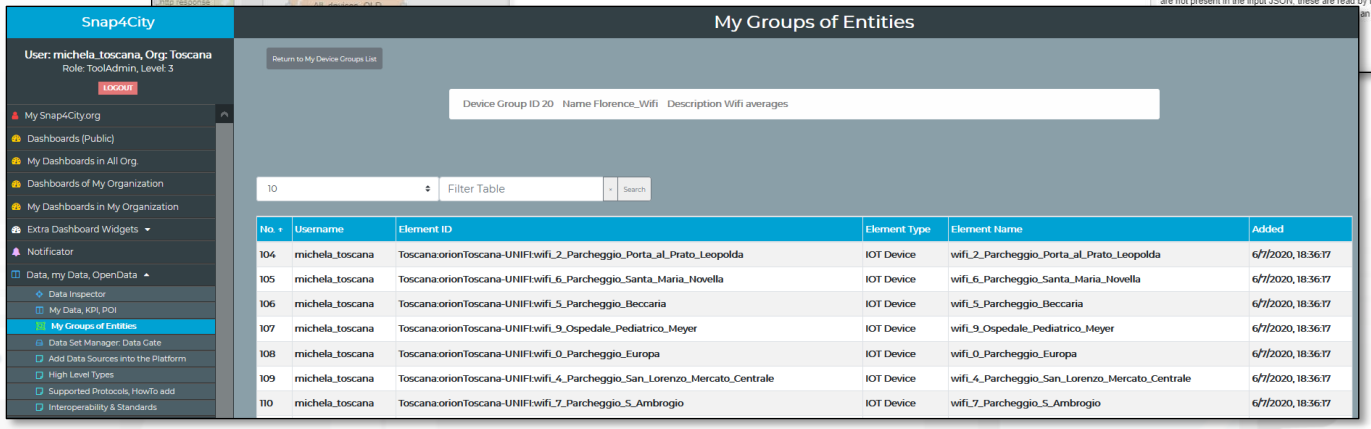


BLOCK: ‘IoTDirectory-new-device-from-model’
Model name: Florence wifi average person

IoTApp static flow

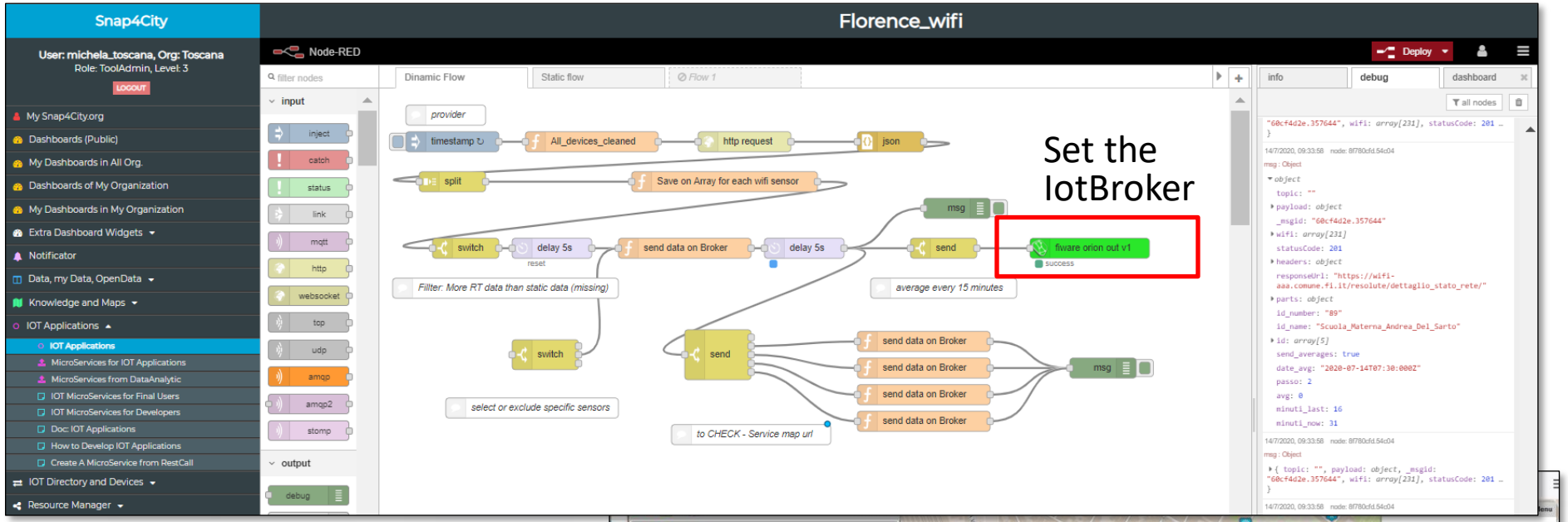


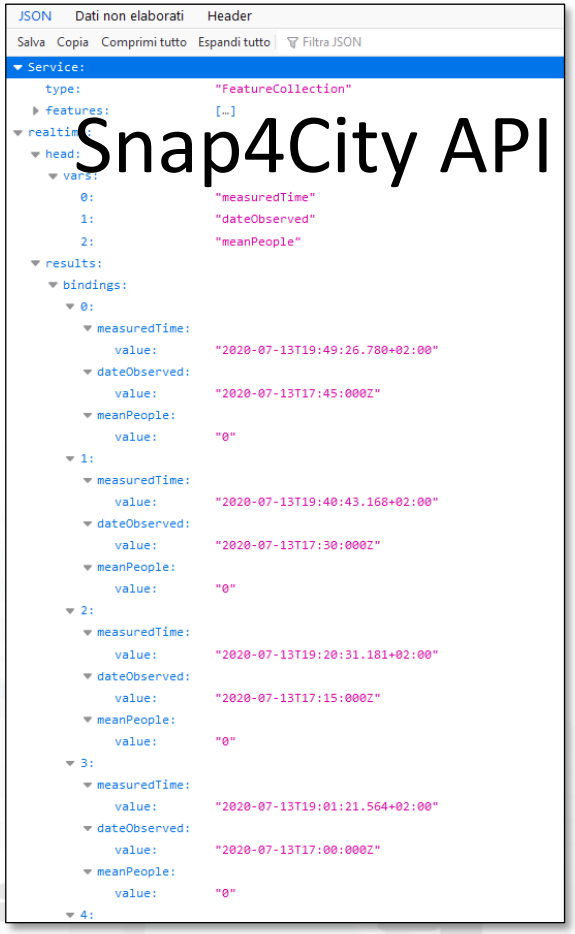


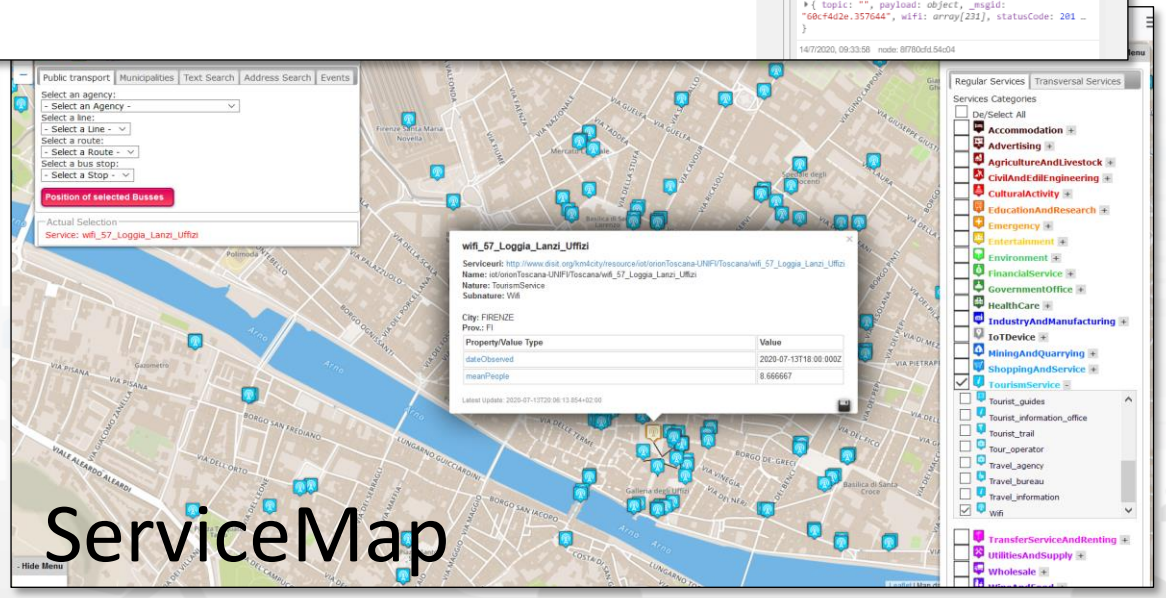


3) Group Creation (more than 200 devices) -> put all the devices in the group and put them as ‘public’ (or they remain private)

IoTApp Dynamic Flow





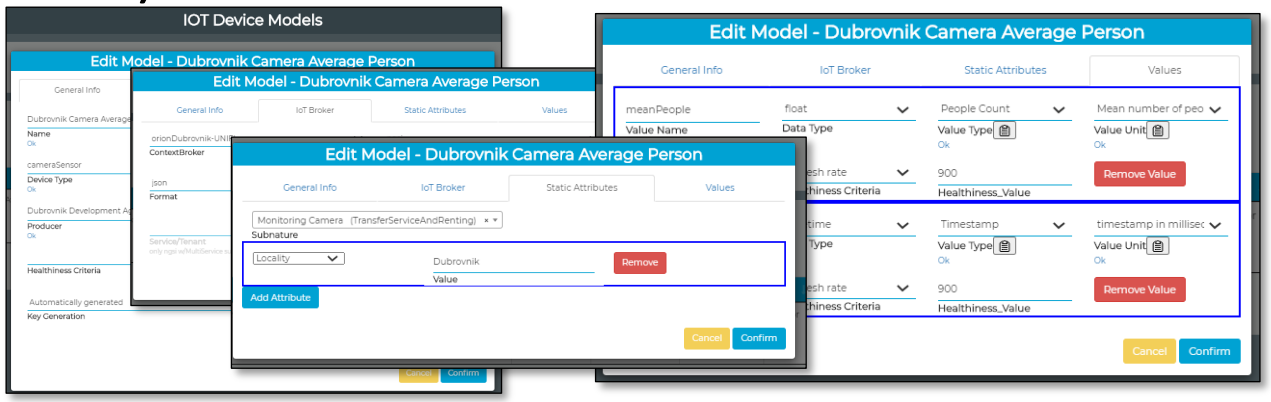


4) Send RT data to the IoTDevices

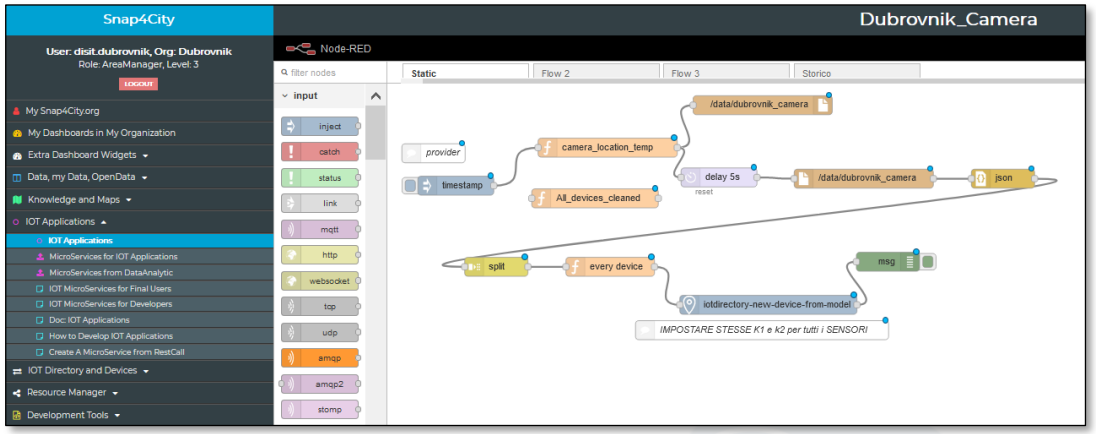
5) Verify RT Data via Snap4City API or via ServiceMap

Work in Progress...

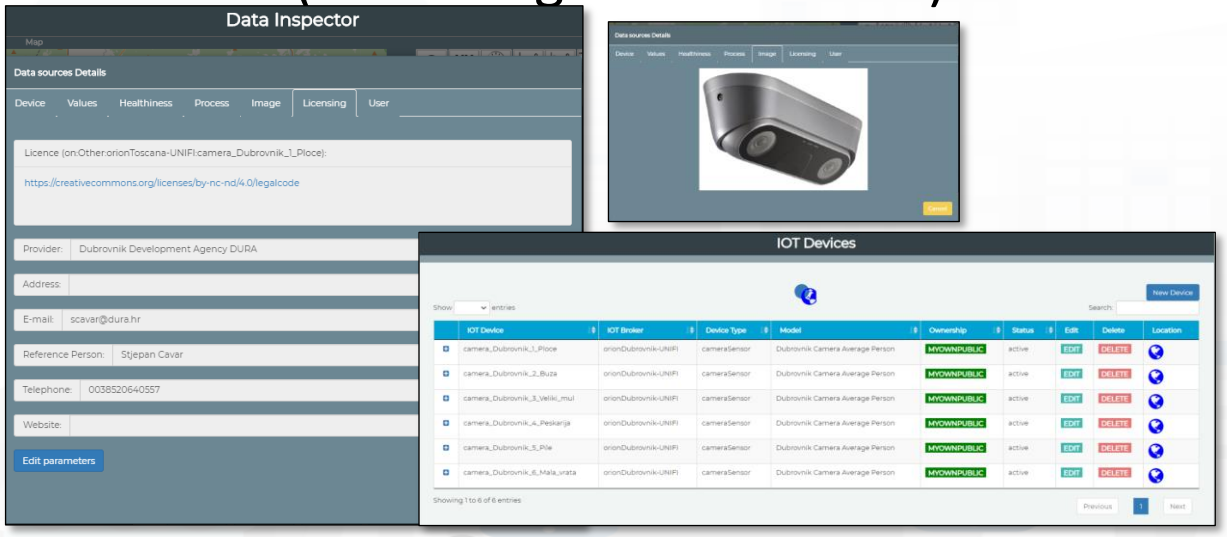
1) IoTModel



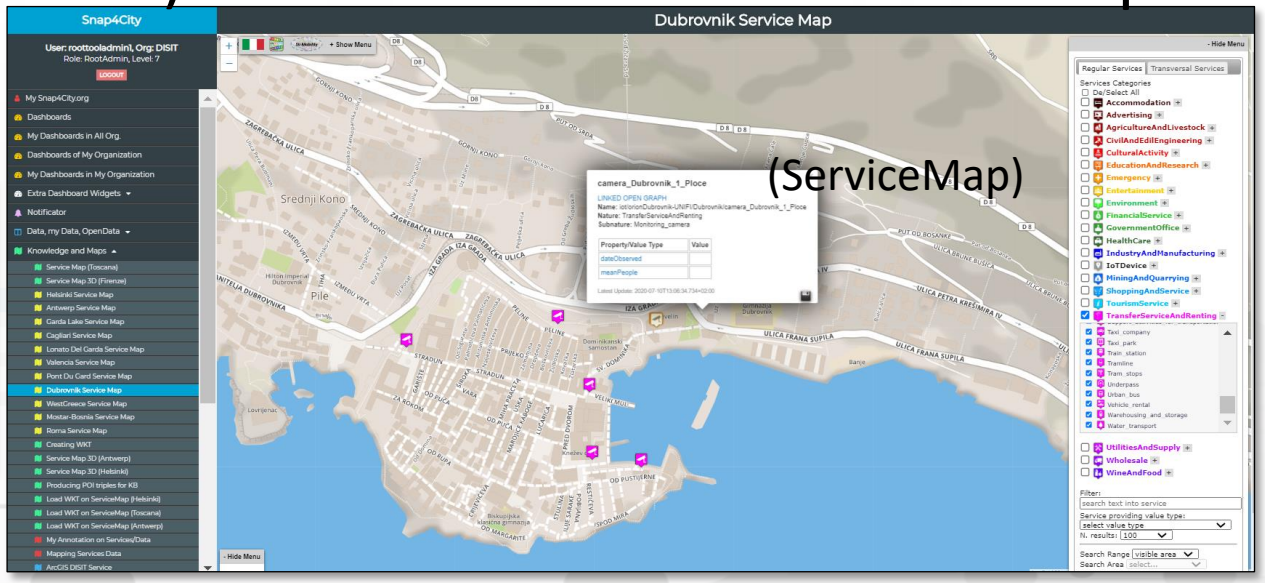
2) Static Flow to create IoTDevices



3) Add the license and Make Public the IoTDevices (according to the license)

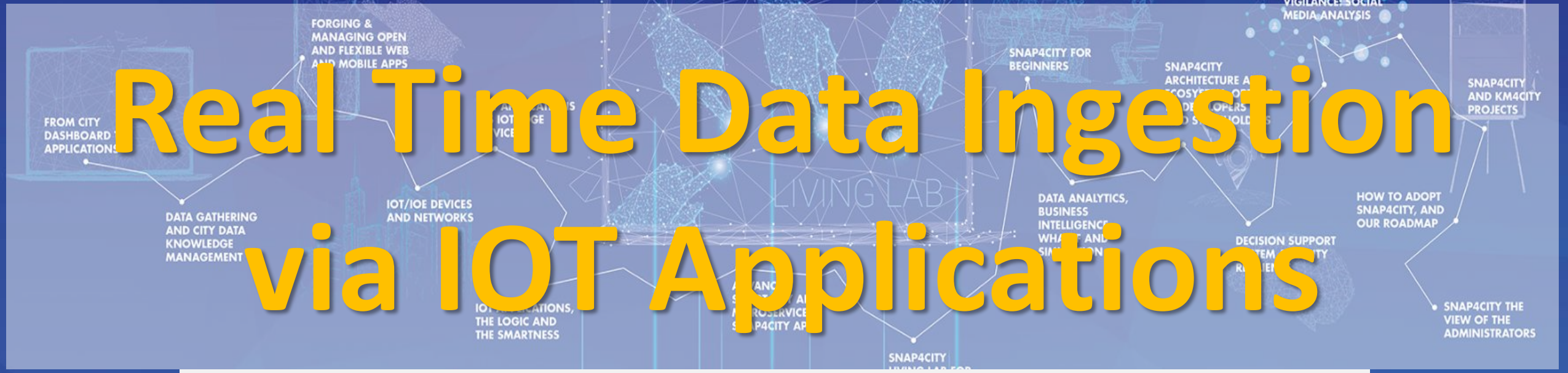


3) Search for the Cameras on Map (ServiceMap)



5) **Working on** Dynamic Flow to save Average #people every 15 minutes for each IoTDevice

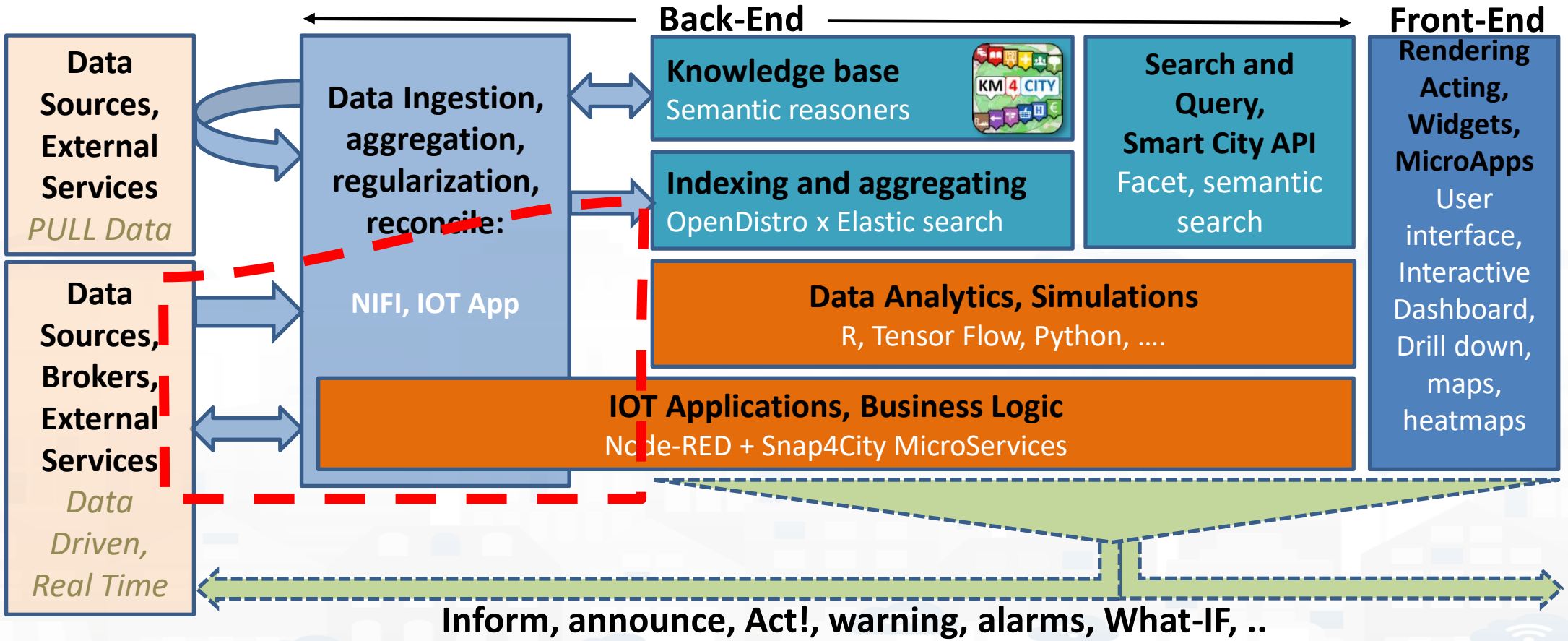
TOP



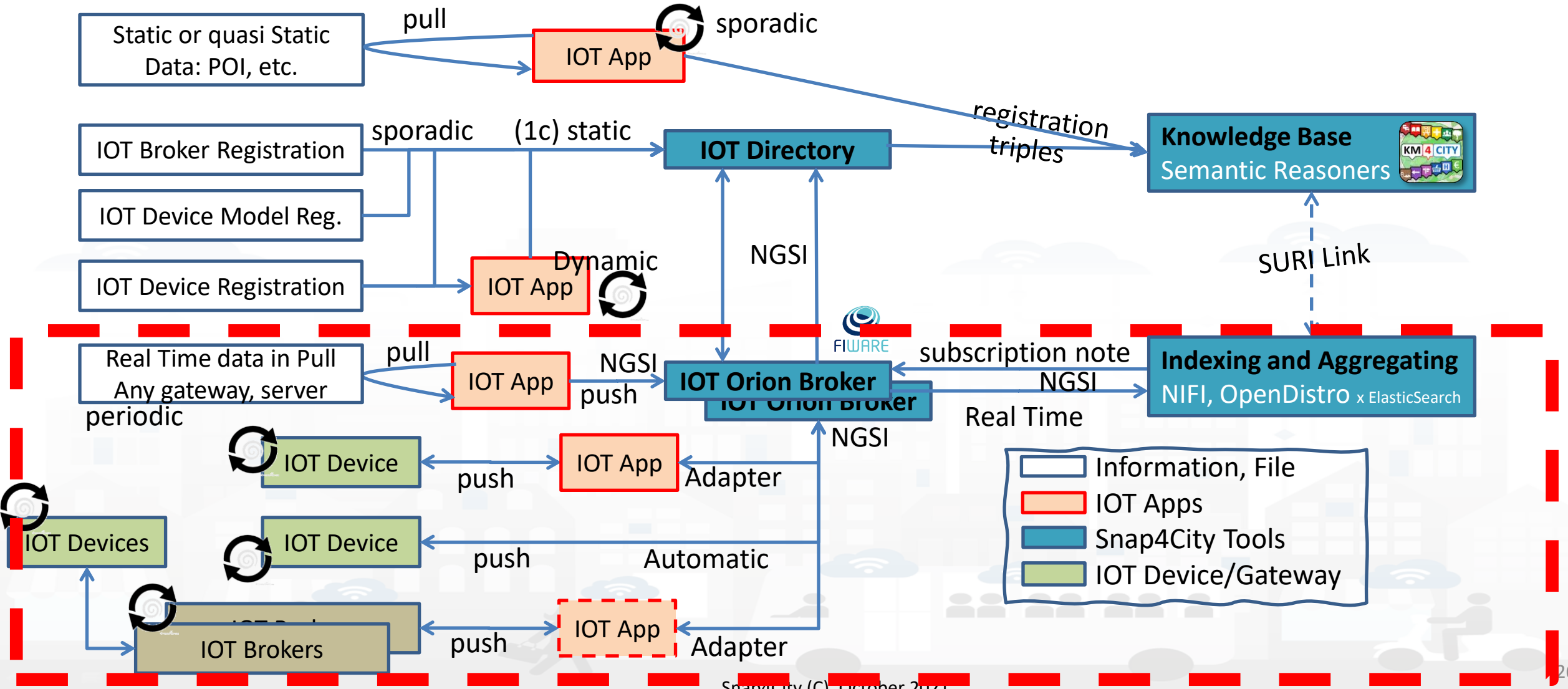
Real Time Data Ingestion via IOT Applications

See Training Course Part 3 for Time Series data coming from several kinds of IoT Devices: mobile devices, Libelium, SigFOX, FIWARE, etc.

Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



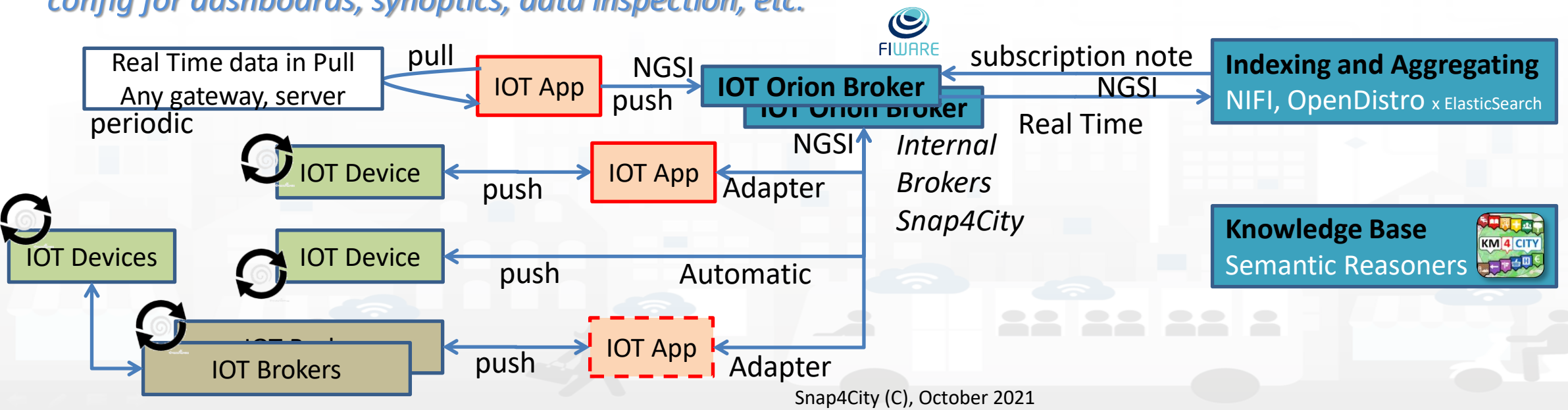
Snap4city Data Ingestion Flow Diagram



A range of Possibilities

- Any Data can be ingested from any kind of service via an IOT App by using any kind of protocol
- IOT Devices NGSI, MQTT, … can push data into *Internal Brokers Snap4City*
- IOT Devices with other protocols can connect with IOT App for adapting their data to the data of the *Internal Brokers Snap4City*
- IOT Devices can be connected to any IOT Broker of any protocol and the IOT Broker can talk with *Internal Brokers Snap4City*, with or without adapter

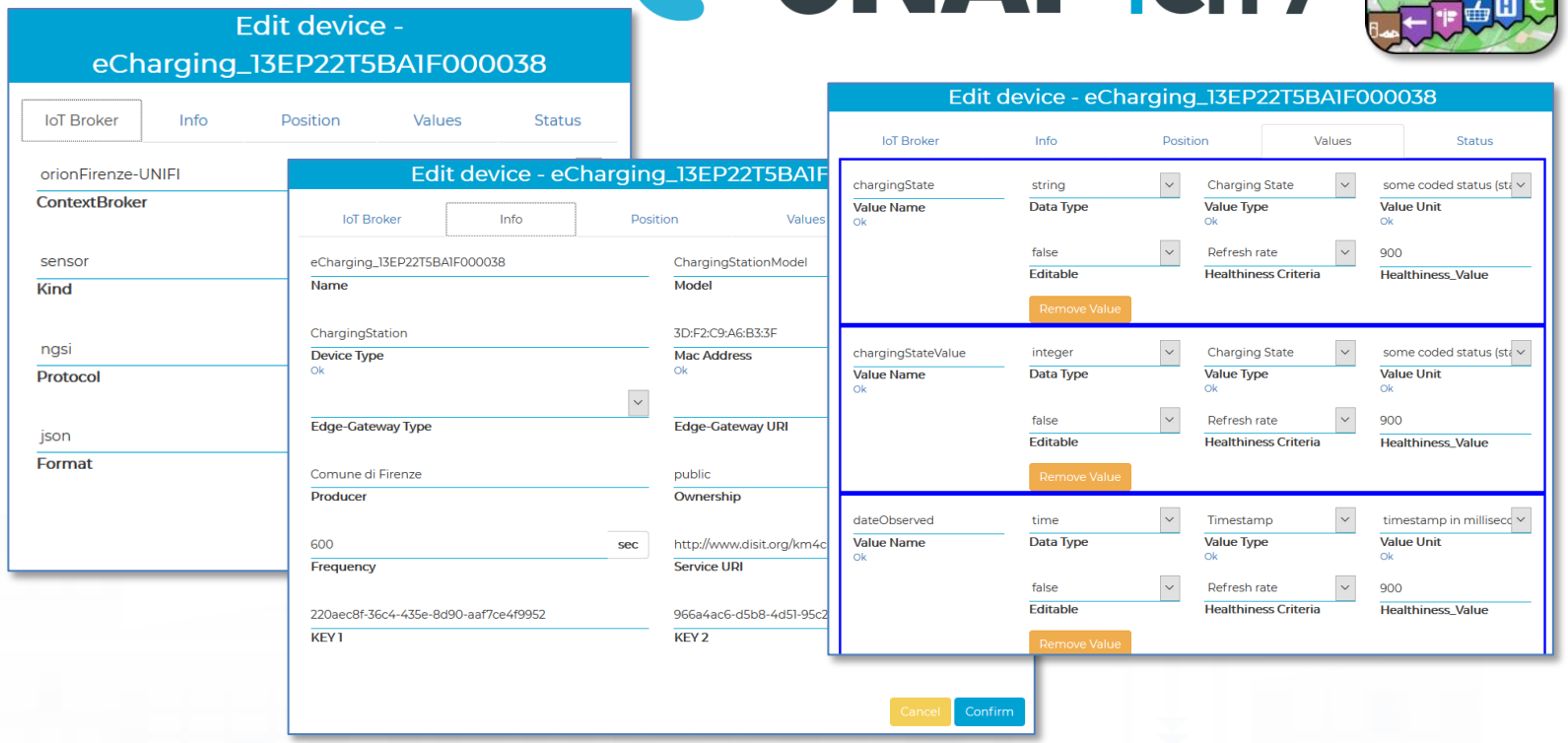
THUS any data passing on our Internal IOT Brokers is automatically indexed into Elastic Search and Knowledge Base creating the full support for query and data shadow, usable immediatly without any config for dashboards, synoptics, data inspection, etc.

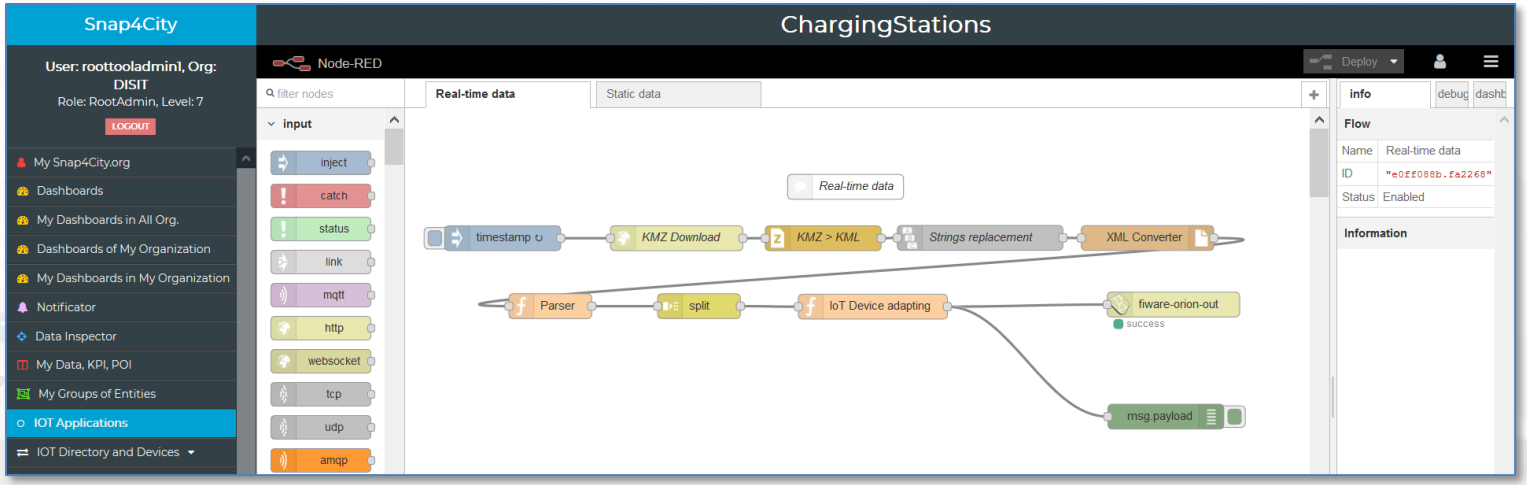


Dynamic Data

- **Hyp**: IOT Device created

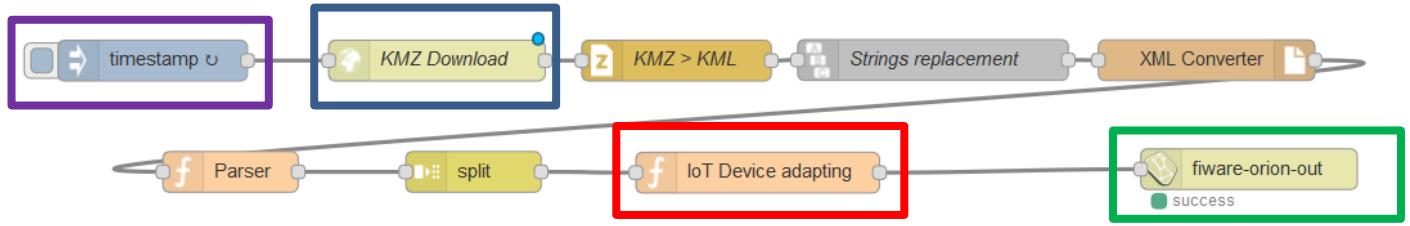
- Create an IOT App to send the dynamic data to your Device/s (in push or Pull)
- The IOT App is based on the data you have:
  - Data ingestion
  - Data transform to a json referring to the IOT Device/s
  - Choose the correct broker

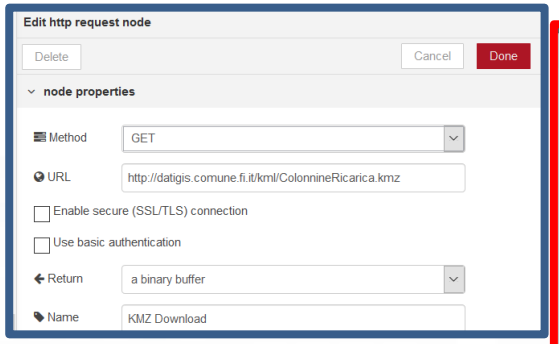




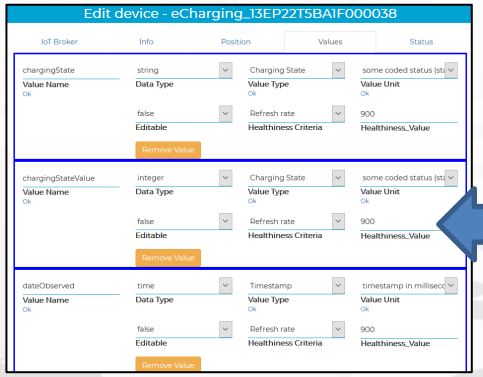
Dynamic Data

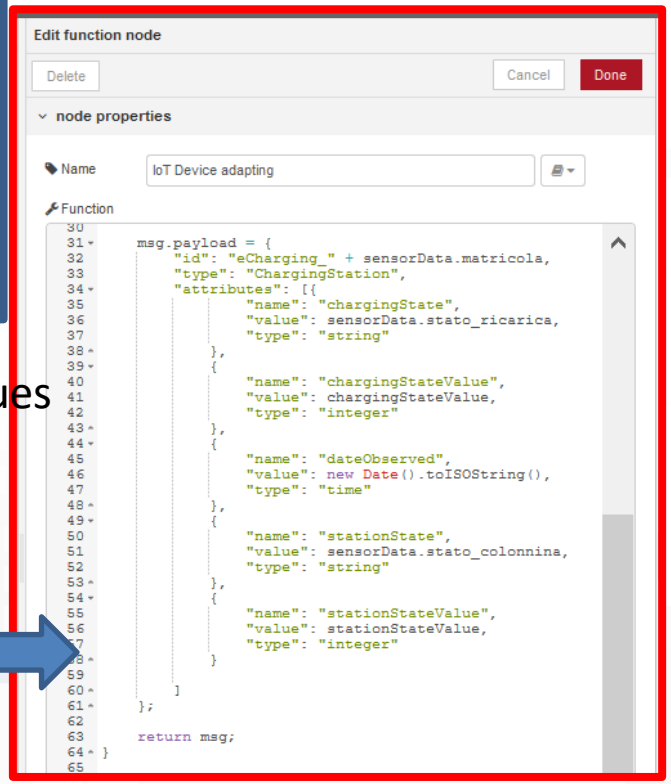
- Charging Station in Florence (Open Data)
  1. Use an **inject** block to chose the frequency of update
  2. Use **http** block to download data
  3. Use a set of blocks to convert data from xml to json
  4. Use a **function** block to create a json referring to your Model and Devices (ChargingStationModel)
  5. Use a **fiware** Orion block to send the dynamic data:
     - selecting the broker
     - Put your K1, K2

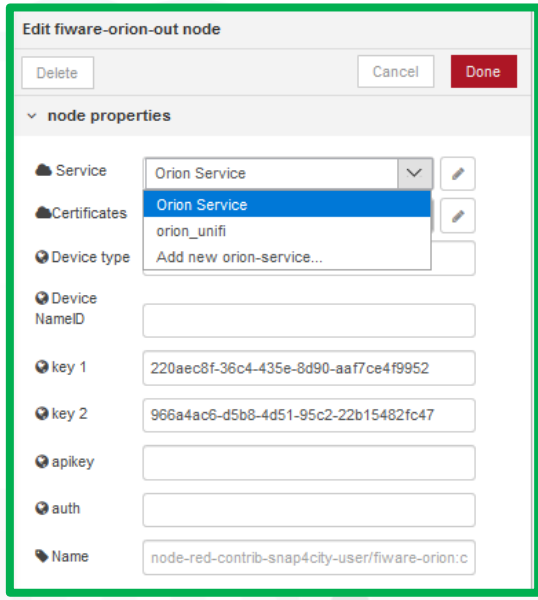




ChargingStationModel: values







Further readings

- HOW TO: create a Dashboard in Snap4City
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- HOW TO: Develop Smart Applications, Snap4City development Life Cycle
- HOW TO: HLT vs Ingestion, and HLT vs Widgets
- HOW TO: Develop an IOT Application for Data Ingestion
- HOW TO: Upload data into Knowledge Base, ServiceMap (triple upload)
- HOW TO: Create as set of Devices with BulkProcessing
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Model
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Instance from IOT Directory tool

Further readings

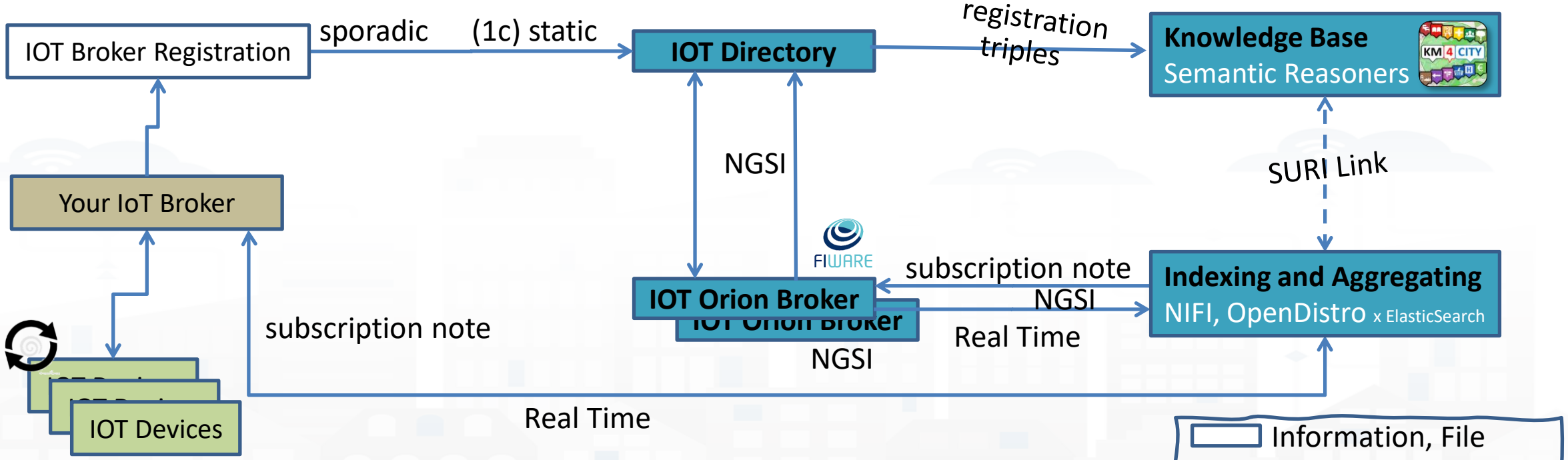
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add IOT Device data source from external broker to the platform.
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into your IOT Application
- TC9.2. Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards
- TC2.25. Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications

An Alternative IoT Data ingestion by using a range of IoT Brokers



Registration and Data Driven with IoT Brokers

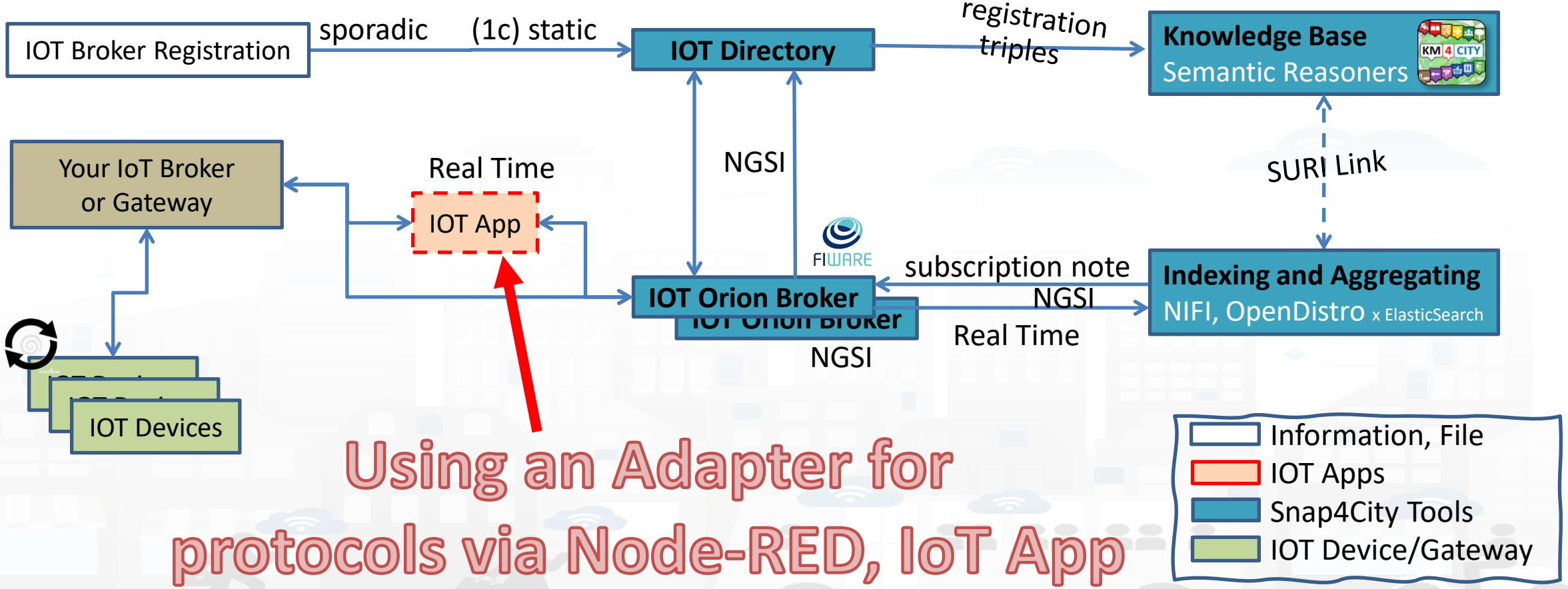
Case A)



Case B)

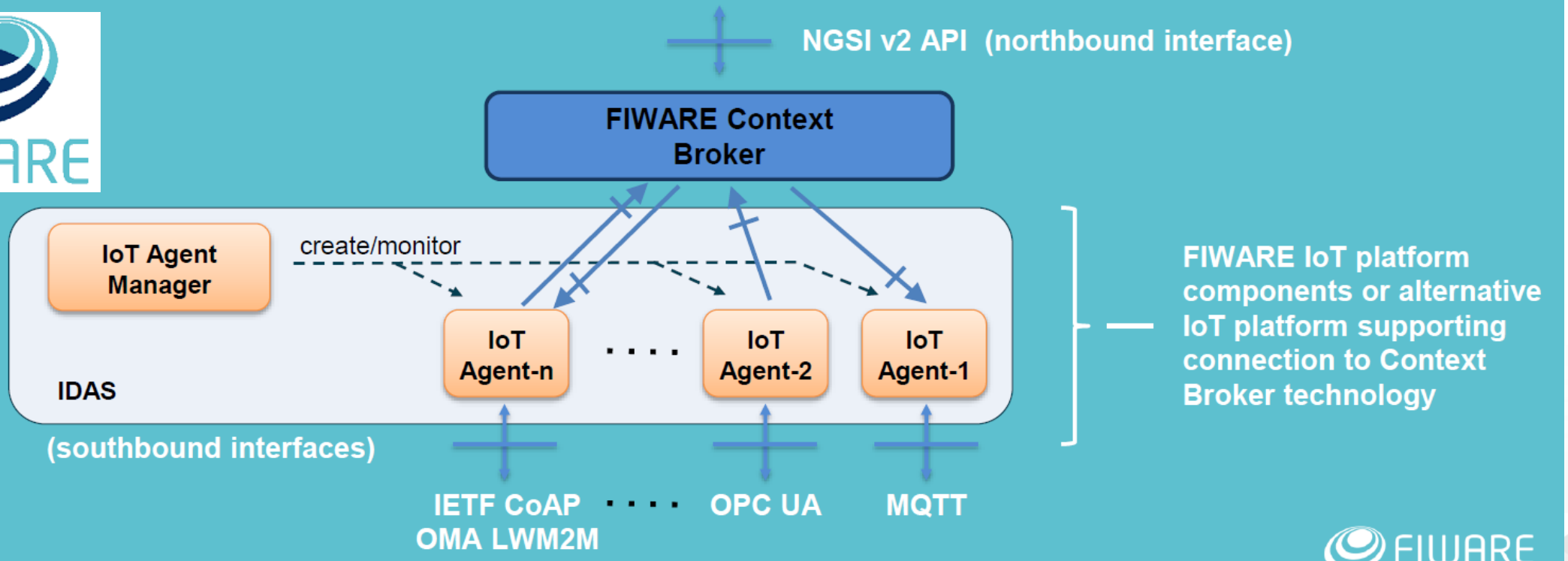
Registration and Data Driven with IoT Brokers

Case B)



IDAS as Agent for connecting other protocols

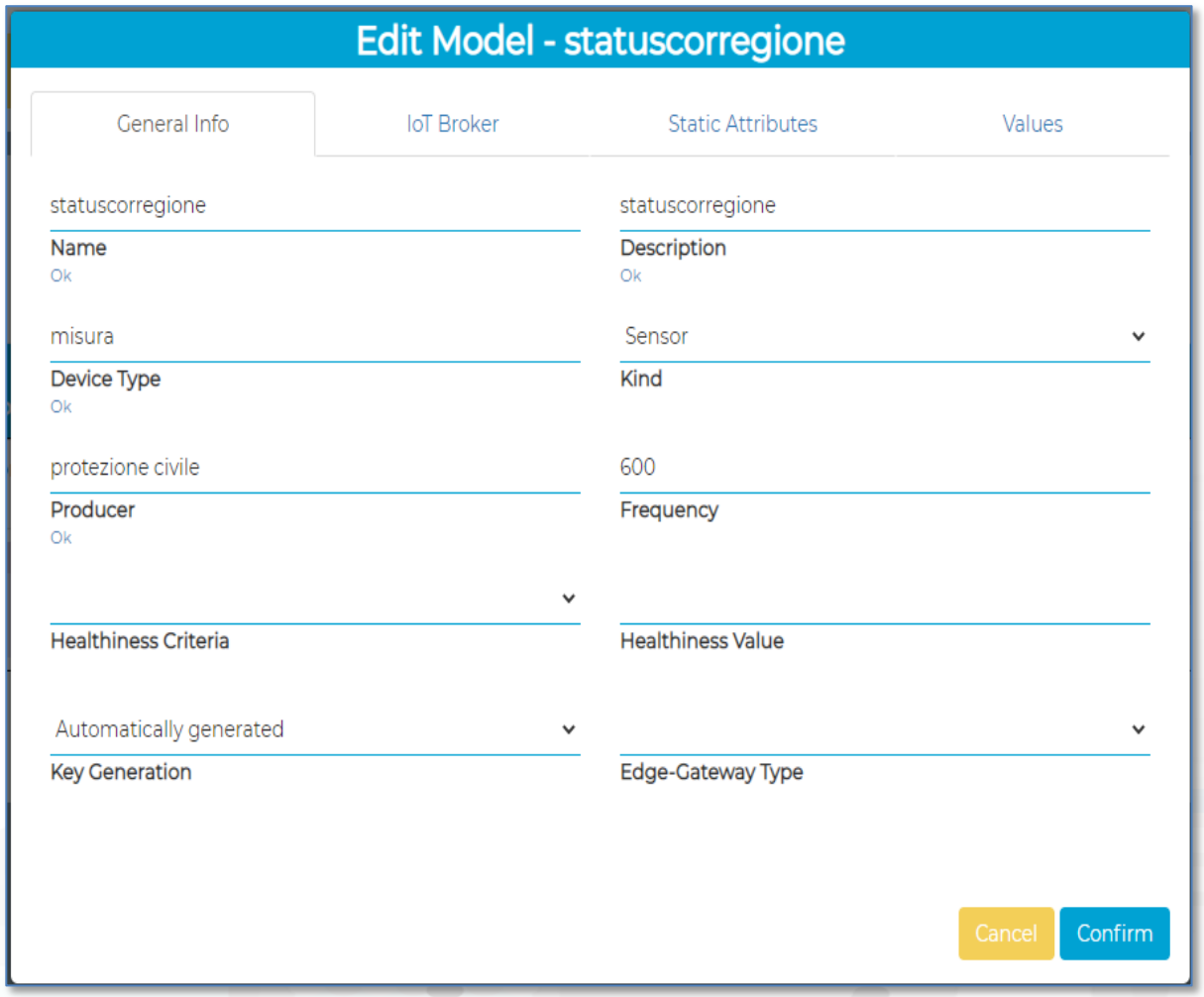
- FIWARE NGSI is capable to deal with the wide variety of IoT protocols today
- Rather than trying to solve the battle of standards at IoT level, it brings a standard where no standard exists today: context information management

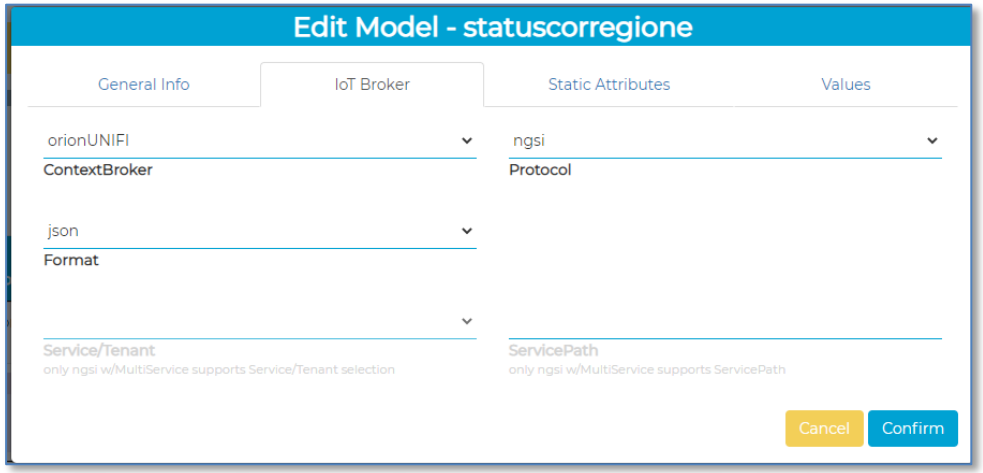


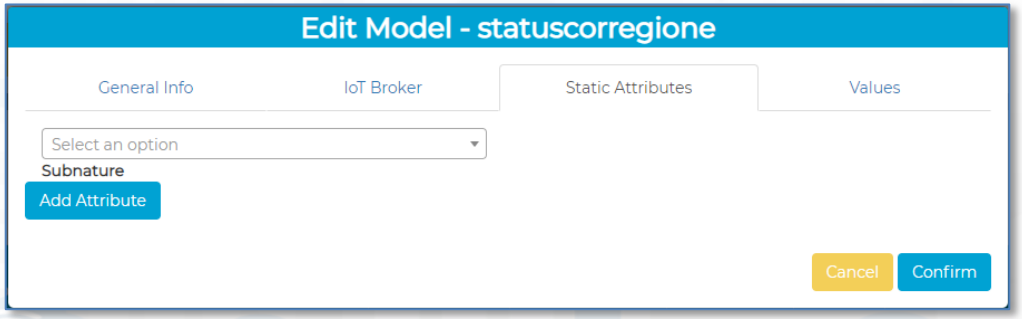
A Complete Example for Time Series: IOT Device Model + IOT Data Ingestion

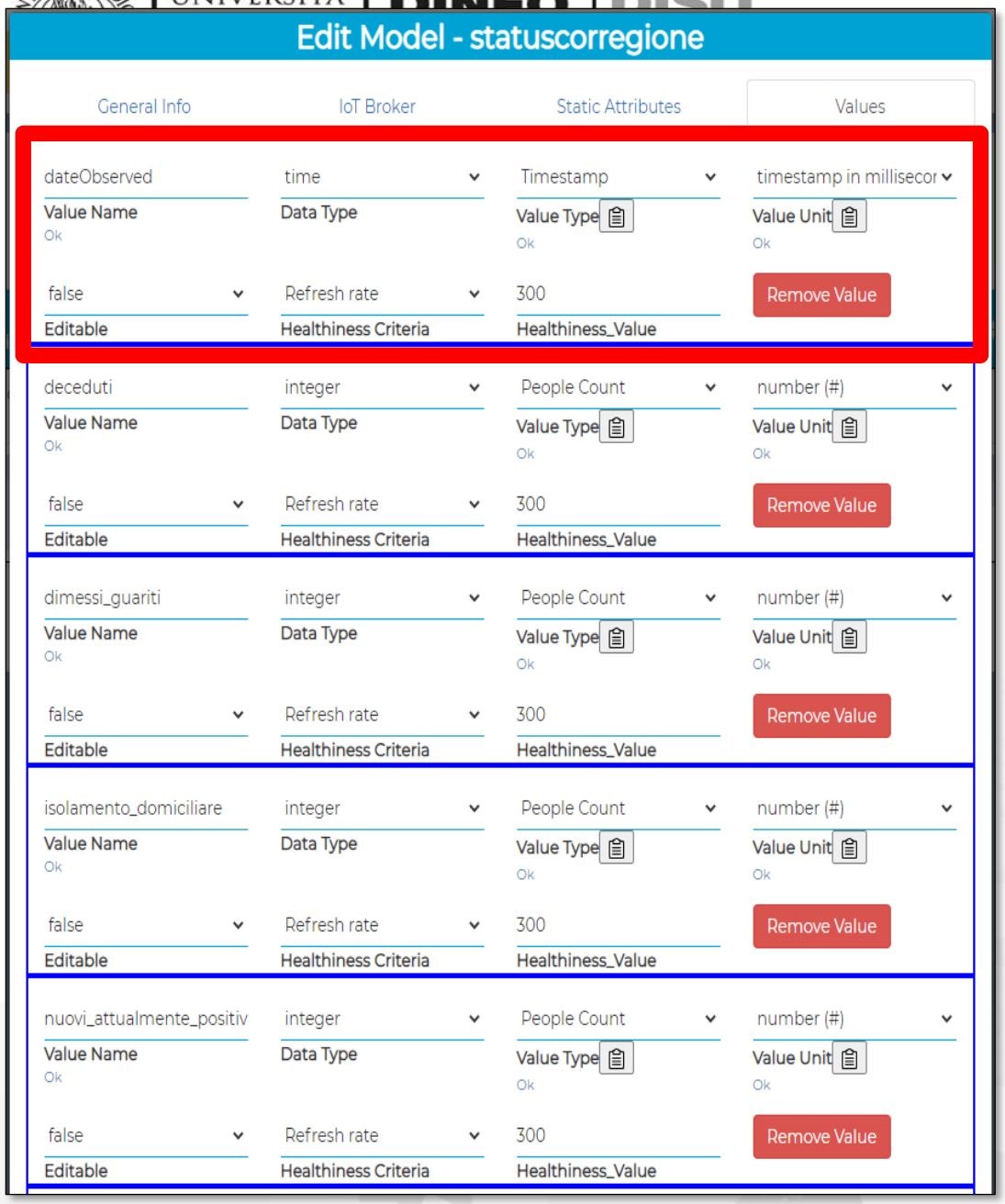


I have created an IOT Device Model as:



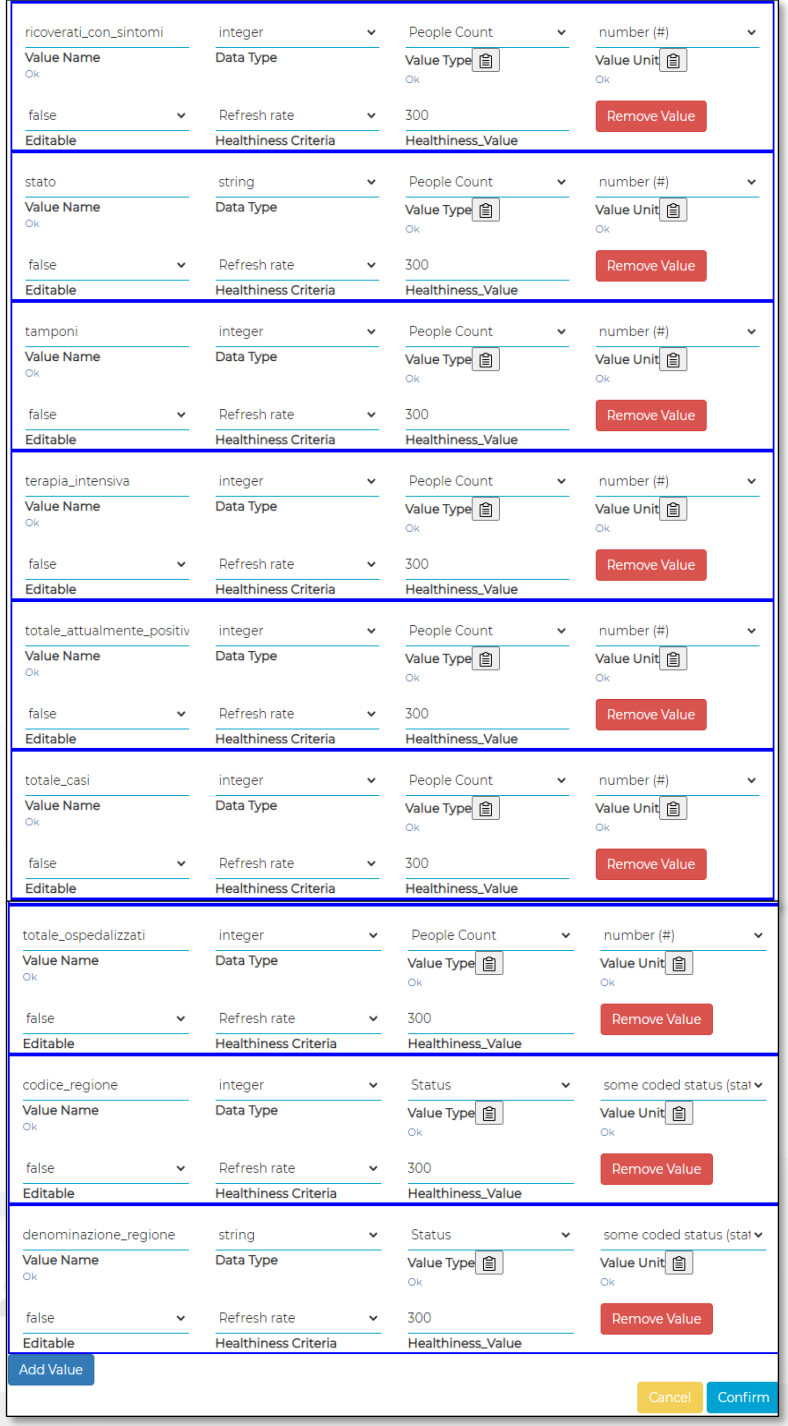




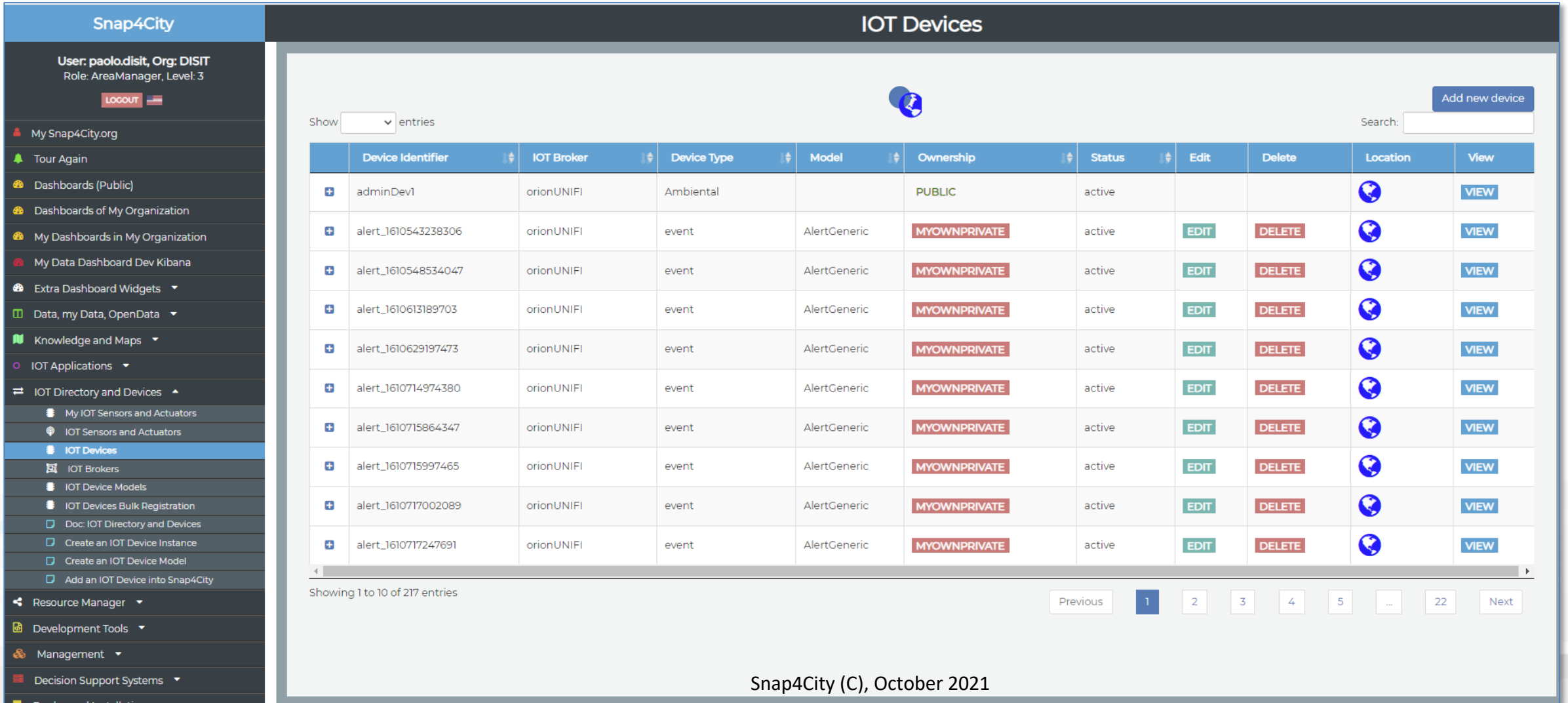


For Time Series

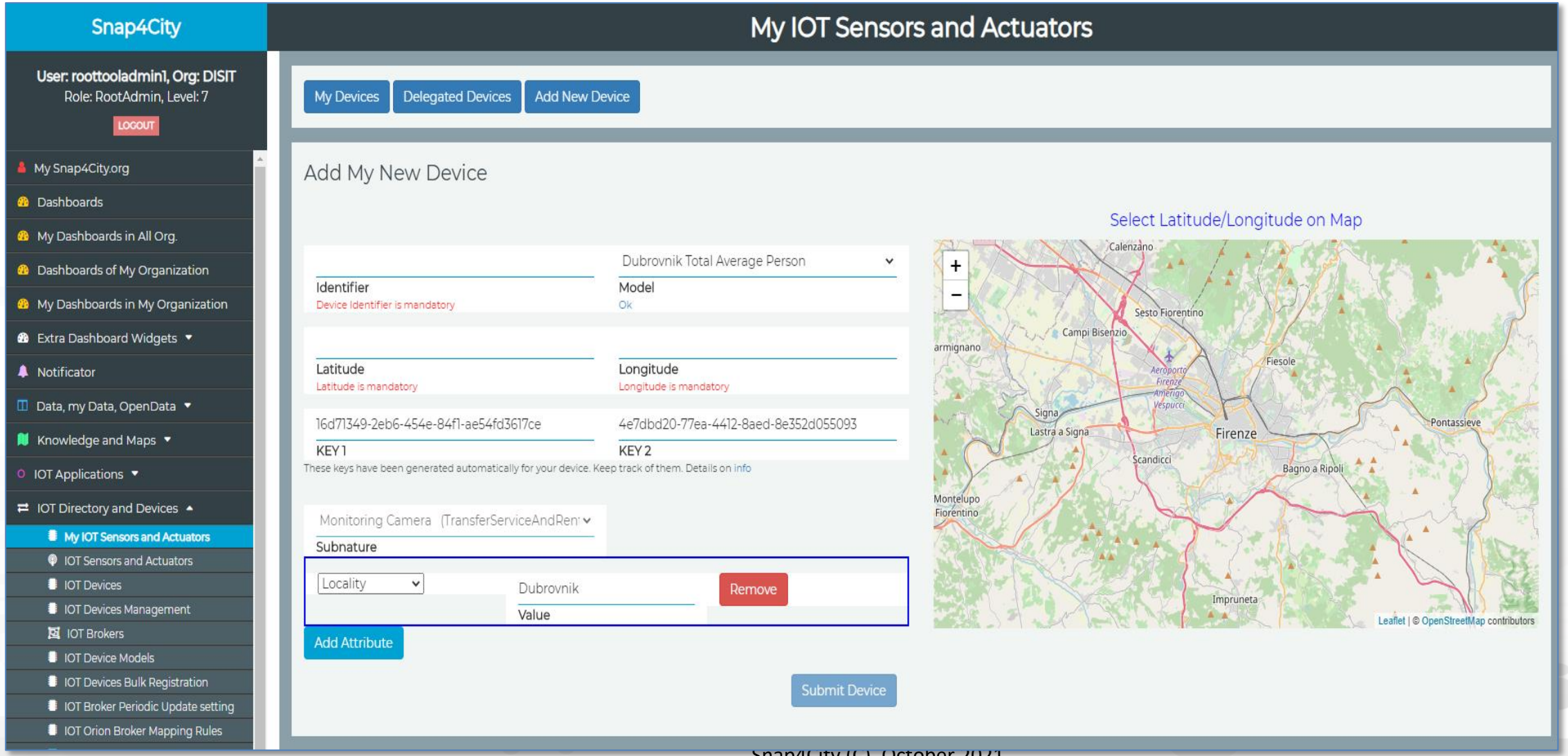
- ValueName: dateObserved
- DataType: time
- ValueType: timestamp
- ValueUnit: timestamp in millisecond
- E.g.: ISO string of the date-time



From IOT Model I have created some instances: the IOT Devices



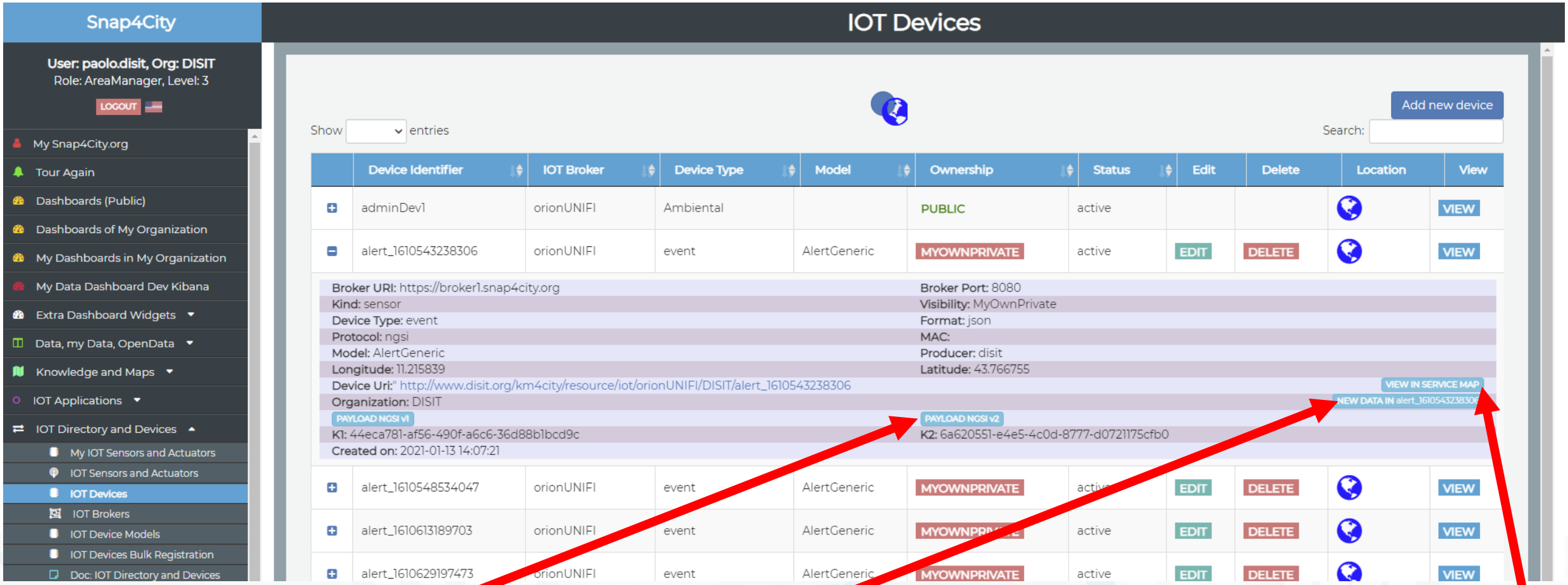
They have been created by «Add new Device»



IOT Device from IOT Model by Providing:

- **NAME (it has to be unique)**
- Select the IOT Model: «**statuscorregione**»
  - Thus the K1, K2 appears since the model is associated to an Orion Broker that needs to have them, the tool generate them for you but you can impose if you like
  - See in previous slide the ID name of the IOT Broker used
- **Lat** and **Lon**, GPS coordinates you can:
  - pick on the map
  - Write the coordinates manually and see the pin on map

Once Created, I may send a new data to it

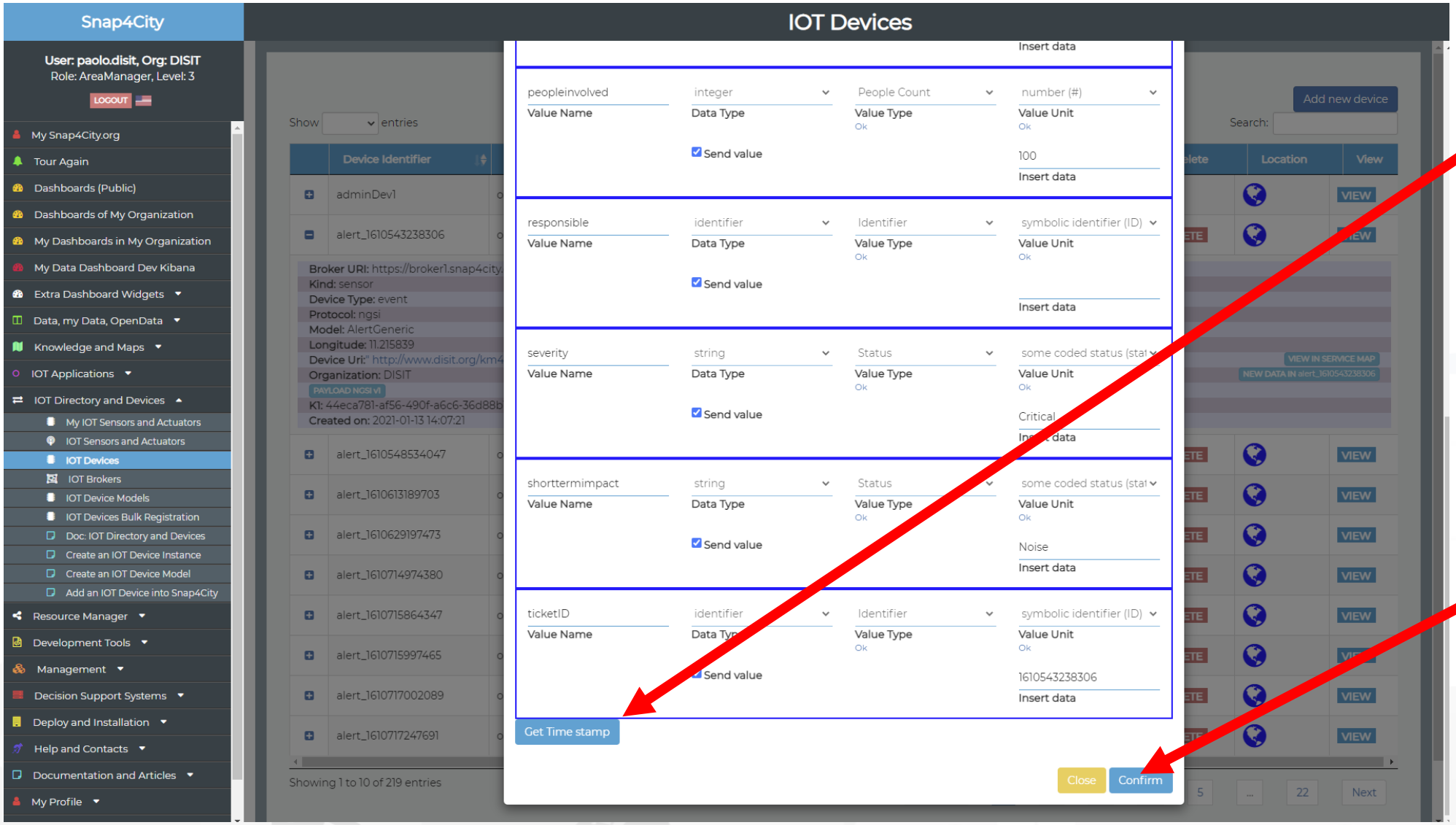


Get/See last message from Broker

Generate a New Message towards the Device, Storage

View IoT Device on map and its last value

Edit Message



Impose current date time on dateObserved

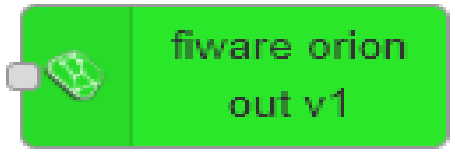
Send the Message to the Device, Storage

Once created the IOT Device you may send data on it

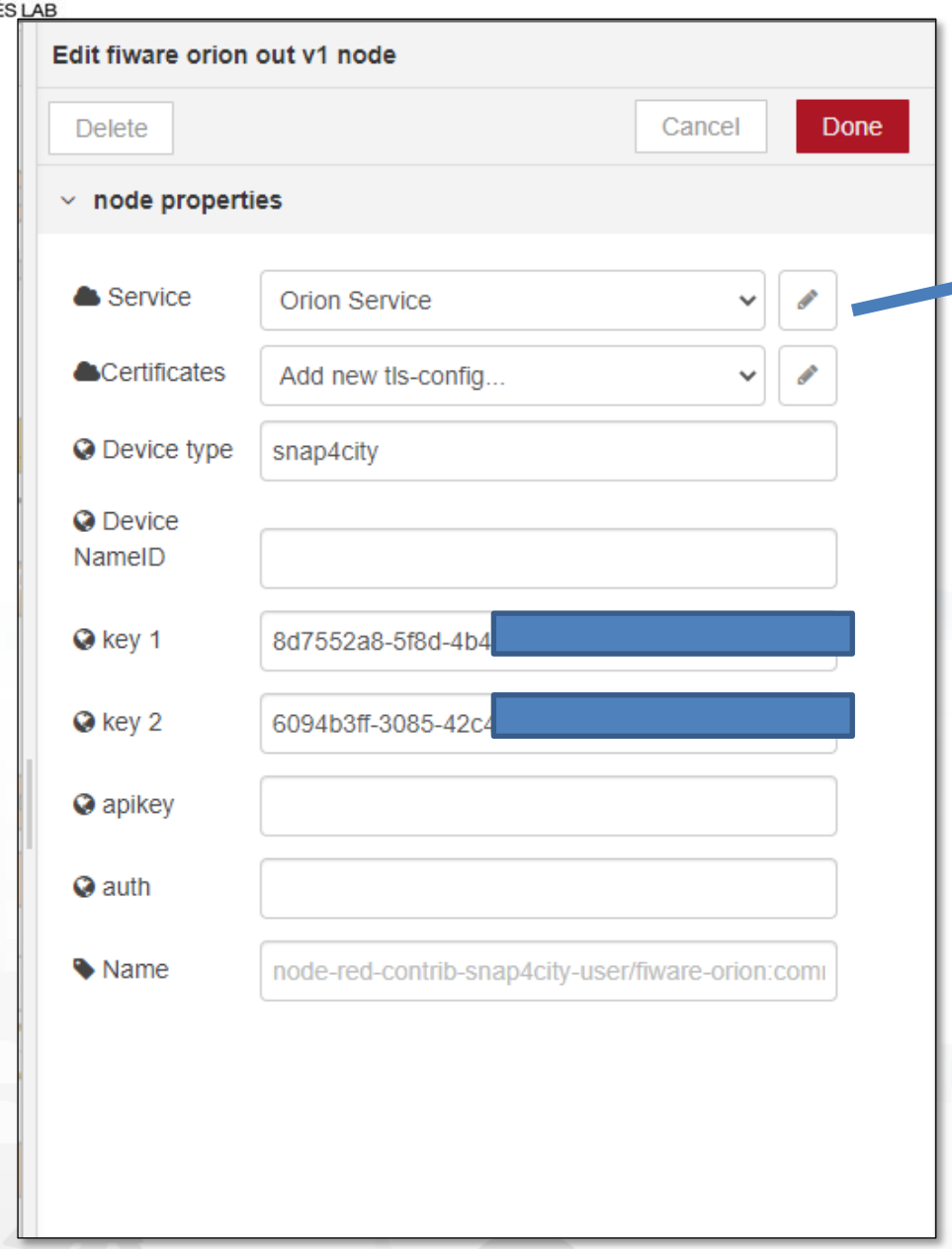


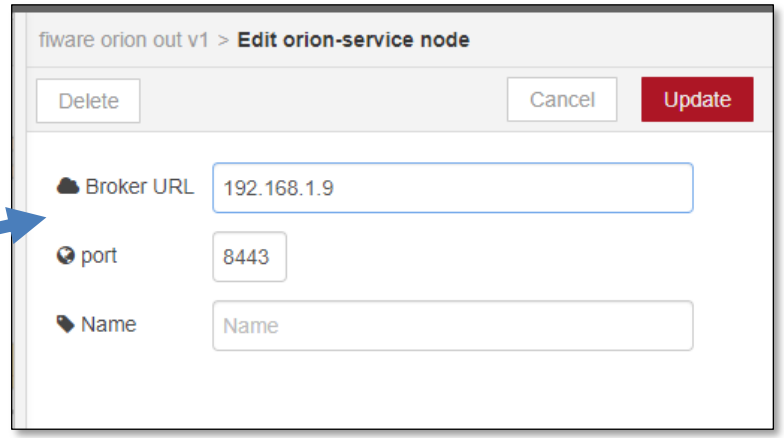
- You may create an IOT App, where:
  - Function: is preparing the JSON package
  - Block «Fi-Ware Orion OUT V1» is sending the data to the Orion Broker. Namely: «OrionUNIFI»
  - Please note that several version of IOT ORION Brokers and protocols exists:
    - So that you have to know which protocols you need to use for your broker

Settings ?



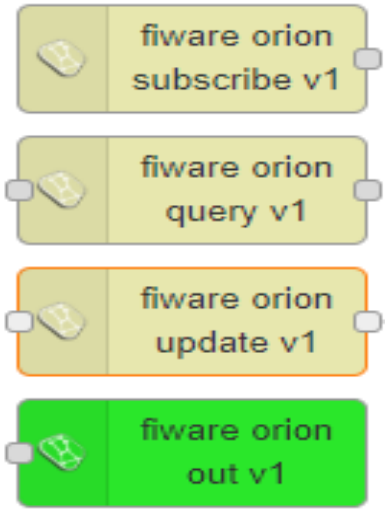
- Certificates are automatically loaded at the first authentication
- Done!!c



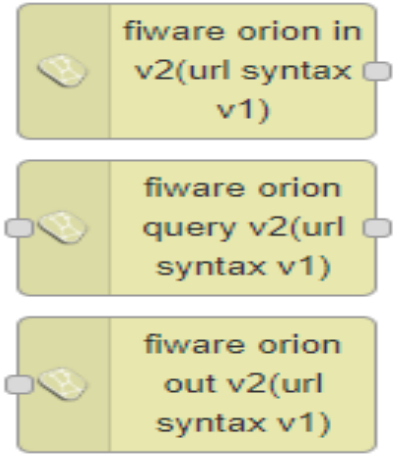


- IP if the Broker is in cloud
- Symbolic address of IOT Broker can be taken from IOT Directory

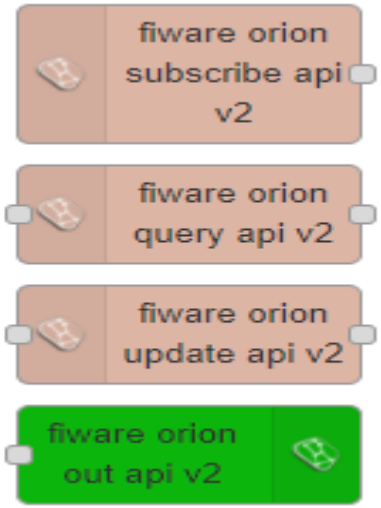
NGSI versions



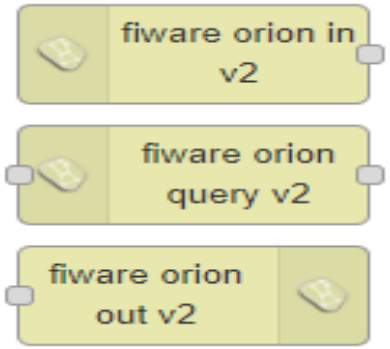
- Orion Broker of V1 with **NGSI syntax of V1** + Secure Filter of Snap4city



- Orion Broker of V2 with NGSI syntax of V1



- Orion Broker of V2 with **NGSI syntax of V2** + Secure Filter of Snap4city



- Orion Broker of V2 with NGSI syntax of V2

- A Json from the IOT App
  - NGSI V1
- **ID**: The Name of the IOT Device: «corveneto»
- **Type** as that defince in the IOT Device when you created
- The **Time stamp**: “dateObserved” to have a time series data
  - “str” is a string with the date and time in standard ISO, such as ,
  - “2020-08-04T04:00:00+02:00”,
  - “2020-08-03T00:00:00.000Z”
- And the **vector** of “**attributes**”

```
msg = { payload : {
  "id": "corveneto",
  "type": "misura",
  "attributes":[
 { "name": "dateObserved",  "value": str,  "type": "time" },
 { "name": "stato",  "value": “active”,  "type": "string" },
 { "name": "ricoverati_con_sintomi",  "value": 12,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "terapia_intensiva",  "value": 34,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "totale_ospedalizzati", "value": 34,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "isolamento_domiciliare",  "value": 334,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "totale_attualmente_positivi",  "value": 12,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "nuovi_attualmente_positivi", "value": 33,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "dimessi_guariti",  "value": 22222,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "deceduti",  "value": 2,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "totale_casi",  "value": 2222,  "type": "integer" },
 { "name": "tamponi",  "value": 222222344,  "type": "integer" }
 ]
}
}
return msg;
```

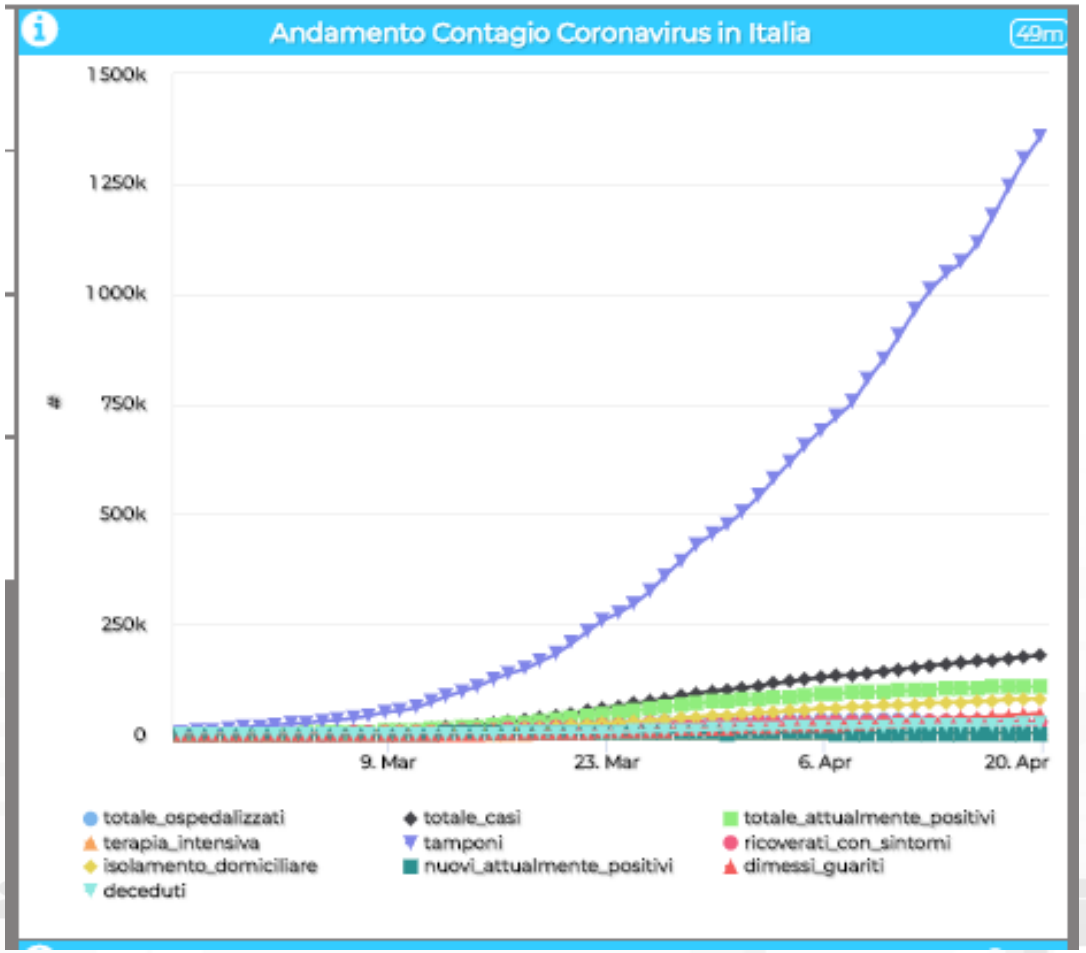
NGSI V2

The differences are mainly on how the variable are provided:


```
{
"id":"MyMobileDeviceTest",
"type":"misura",
"dateObserved":{"type":"time","value":"2021-06-11T16:17:23.425Z"},
"status":{"type":"float","value":25}
}
```

Multi Series Widget coming from the same IOT Device

- Over on the serie label to highlight
- Click on the serie label to on/ok
- Over on the graph to see the values



https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjU2OQ==

Andamenti Nazionali e Regionali infezione COVID-19

Sulla base dei dati della protezione civile, elaborazioni DISITLab

Sun 19 Apr 19:21:39

per evidenziare gli andamenti di vostro interesse: eliminare le curve che non interessano selezionandole in legenda.
Alcuni dati in passato non sono pervenuti alla protezione civile

486 nuovi_att_positivi

108257 Attualmente_positivi

23660 deceduti

47055 dimessi_guariti

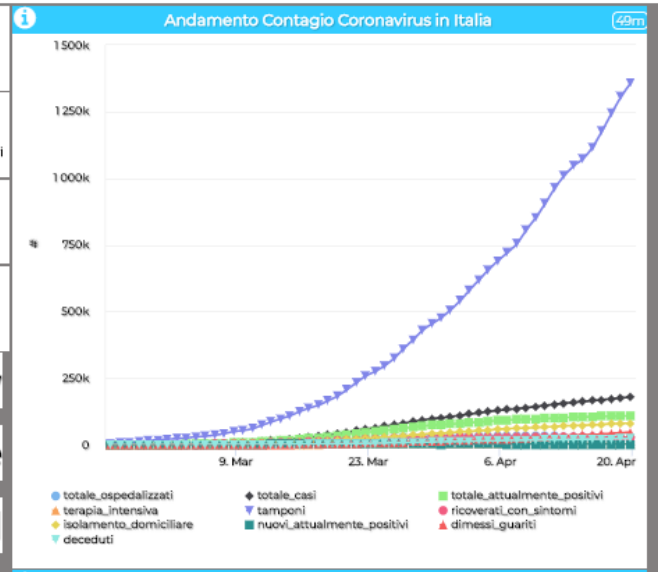
LOG view

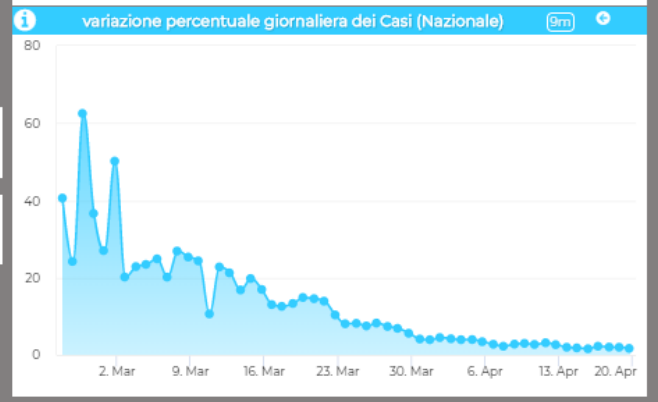
Mobile

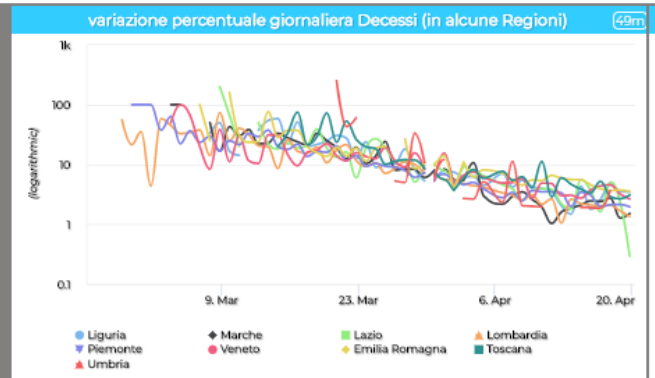
Staked

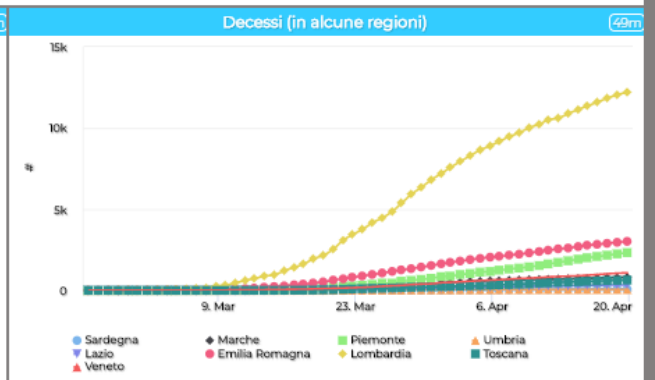
Regione Toscana

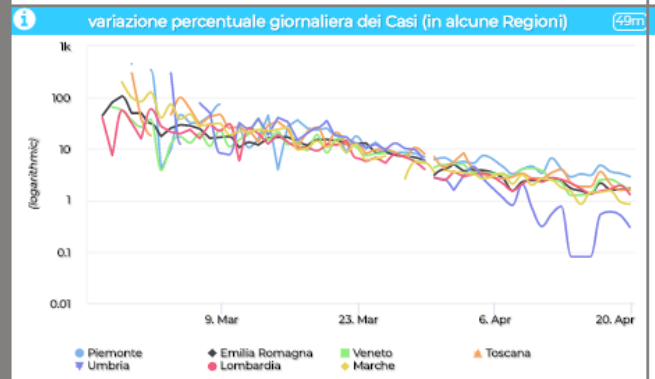
Regione LOG

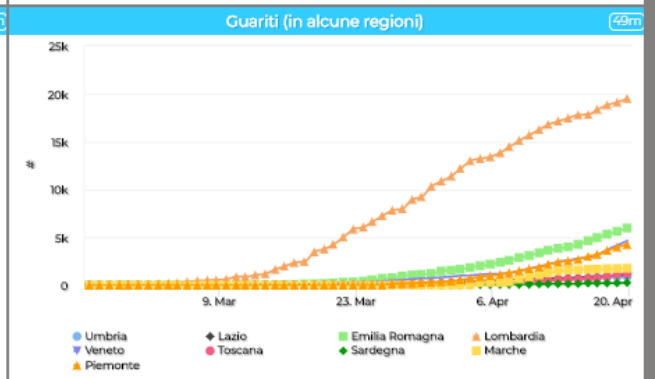


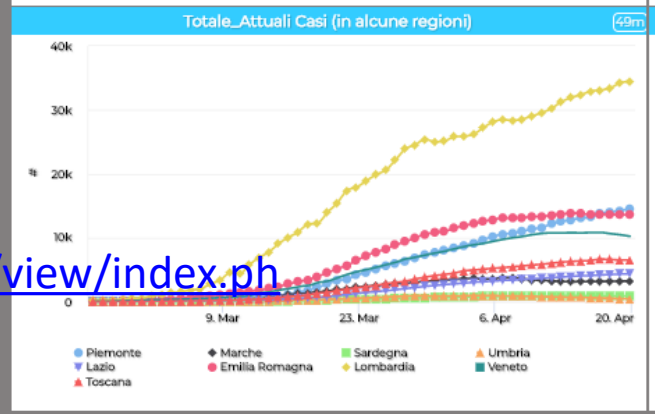


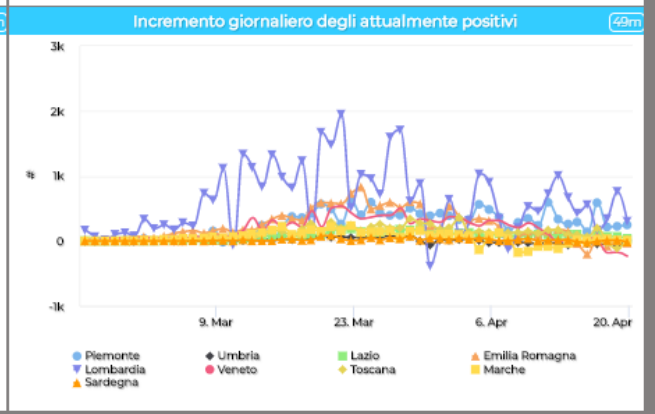












https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjU2OQ==

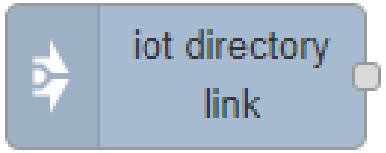
JSON for Authentication as well

```
 msg.auth= {
"k1": "1ef0e5e8-yyyy-xxxx-9462-0aa4cfcf5e19",
"k2": "b2b34425-yyyy-xxxx-818d-2d6cac2314a6",
"apikey":"apikey",
"basicAuth": "basicAuthKey"
};
```

You may use other functions from IOT Directory

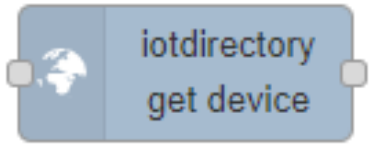




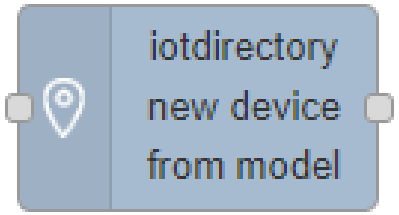


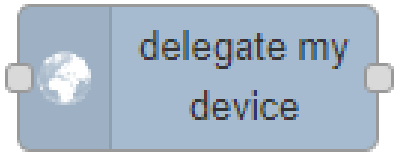


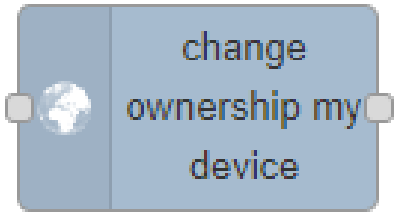
- IOT Discovery in an area
- Query on IOT Directory



- Get IOT Device Info

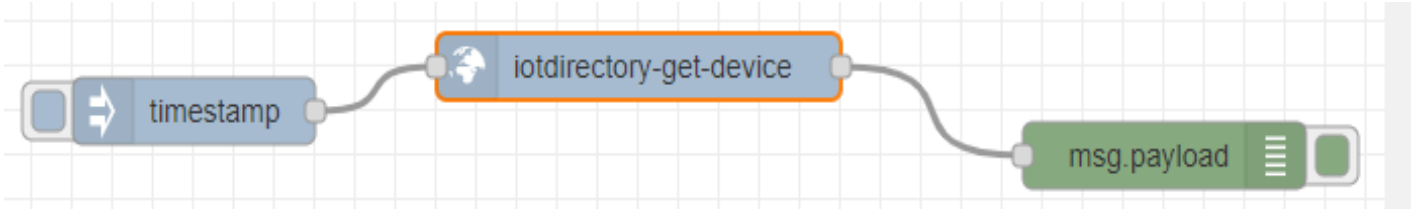






- Registering an IOT Device from model
- Delegate an IOT Device
- Change Ownerhip of an IOT Device

Get IOT Device Info

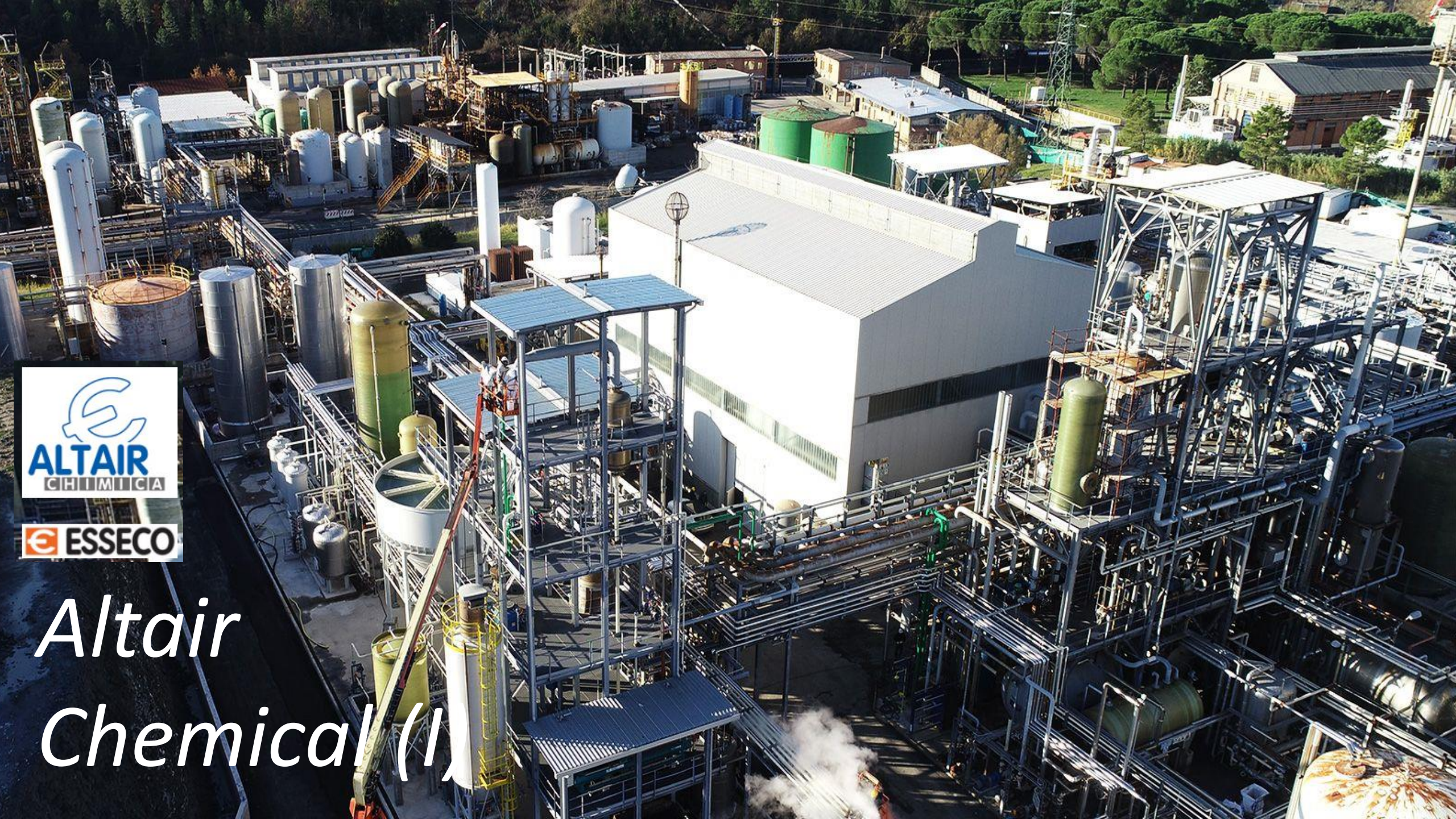


- You can create smart IOT Applications that on t he basis of the list of IOT Devices would request all what you need to load data into **YOUR OWN** IOT Devices including:
  - **Service URI**
  - **K1, K2**
  - Authentication

msg.payload : Object
object
status: "ok"
content: object
uri: "http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/iot/orionUNIFI/DISIT/corarezzo"
devicetype: "misura"
kind: "sensor"
status1: "active"
macaddress: ""
model: "statuscorregione"
producer: "protezione civile"
longitude: "11.88228"
latitude: "43.46642"
protocol: "ngsi"
format: "json"
visibility: "public"
frequency: "600"
created: "2020-03-21 18:34:32"
privatekey: ""
certificate: ""
organization: "DISIT"
accesslink: "https://broker1.snap4city.org"
accessport: "8080"
sha: "C61E32DBFAE7F14C0810177F2D2300843C41C550"
subnature: null
static_attributes: null
k1: "bf739214-f6b4-45fe-85f7-97cd09fe8e57"
k2: "c19e0b6f-8f98-4130-b135-e7a1dfae9273"
error_msg: ""

Real Time Data Ingestion for Industry 4.0 cases





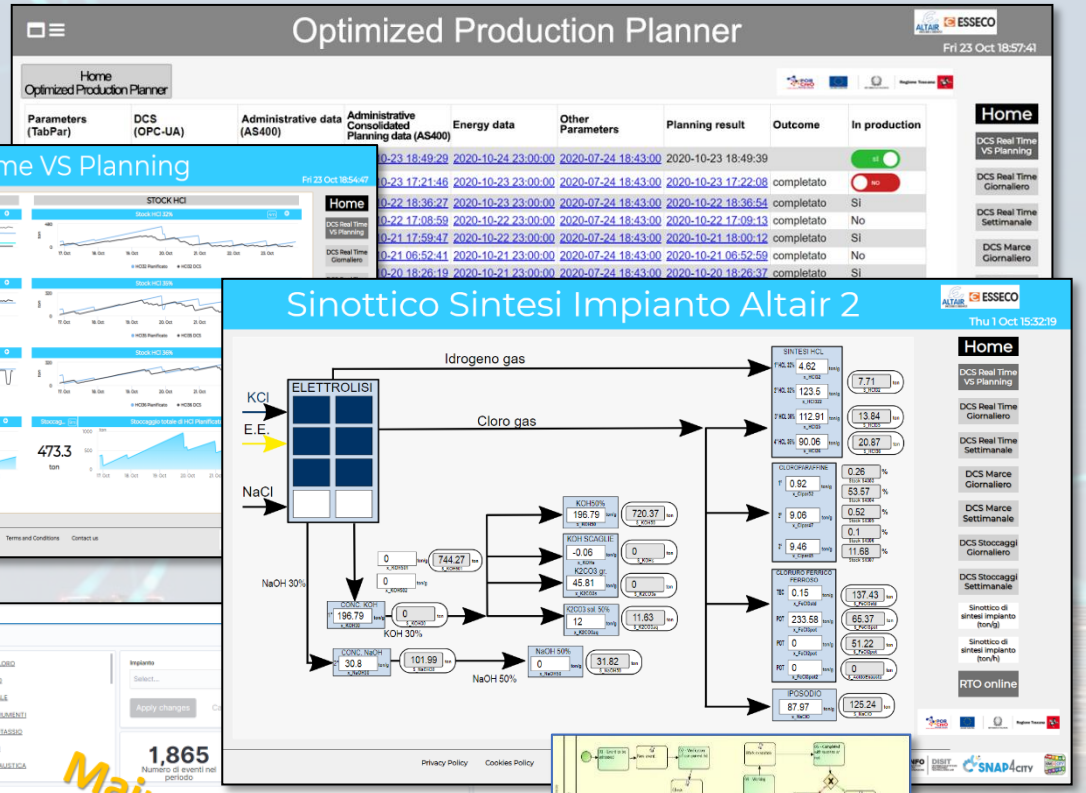
Altair Chemical (I)

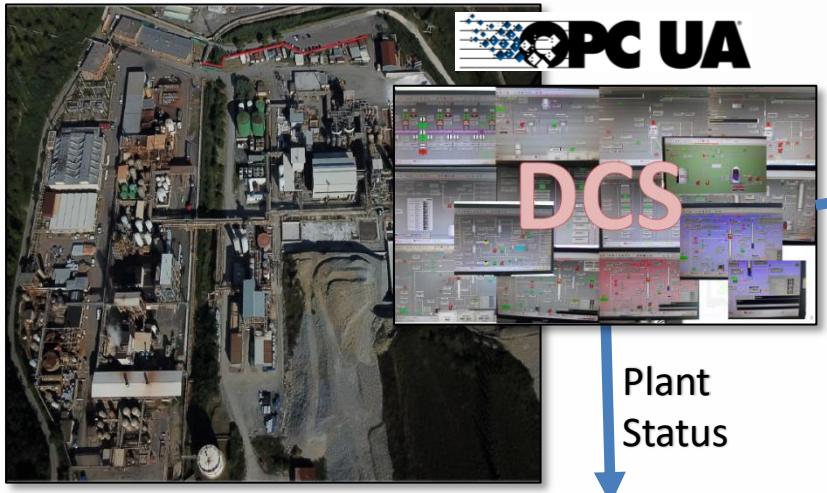
Snap4Altair Decision Support supervision and control, Industry 4.0

reference

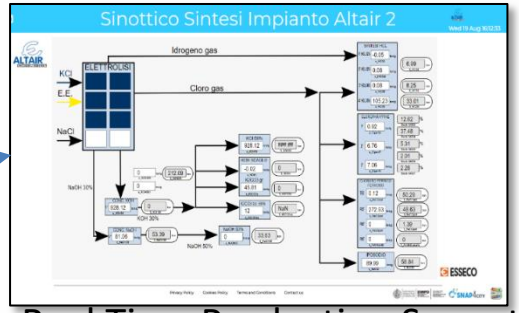
- **Multiple Domain Data**
  - Distributed Control System: energy, flows, storage, chemical data, settings, ..
  - Cost of energy, Orders,
  - Production Parameters
  - Maintenance data
- **Multiple Levels & Decision Makers**
  - Optimized planning on chemical model
  - Business Intelligence on Maintenance data
- **Historical and Real Time data**
  - Billions of Data
- **Services Exploited on:**
  - Multiple Levels, Mobile Apps, API
- **Since 2020**







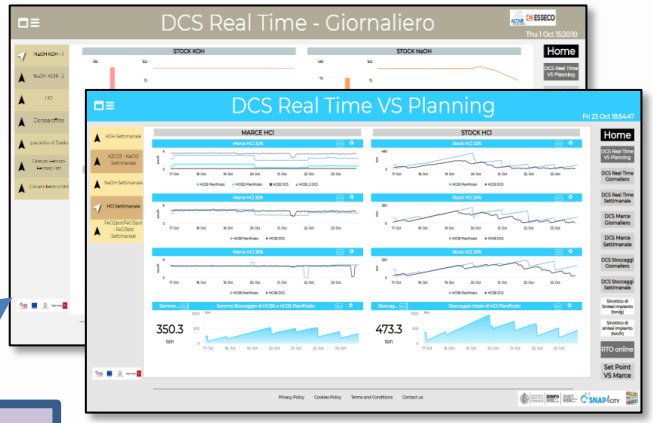
Plant Status



Real Time Production Synoptic

Production Plan

Production vs Planning



Data Storage

Decision Support

Data Ingestion



AS400

Orders

Energy Service

Transportation

Other Costs

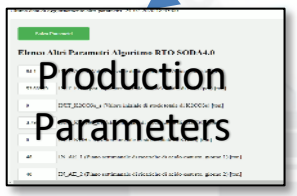
Production Plant Management

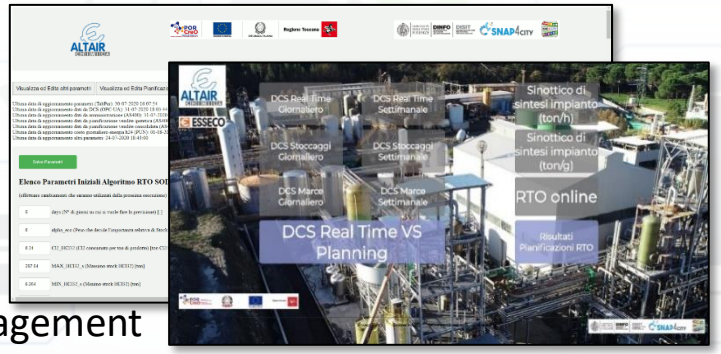
Optimized Production Planner

Possible Plan

Possible Plans

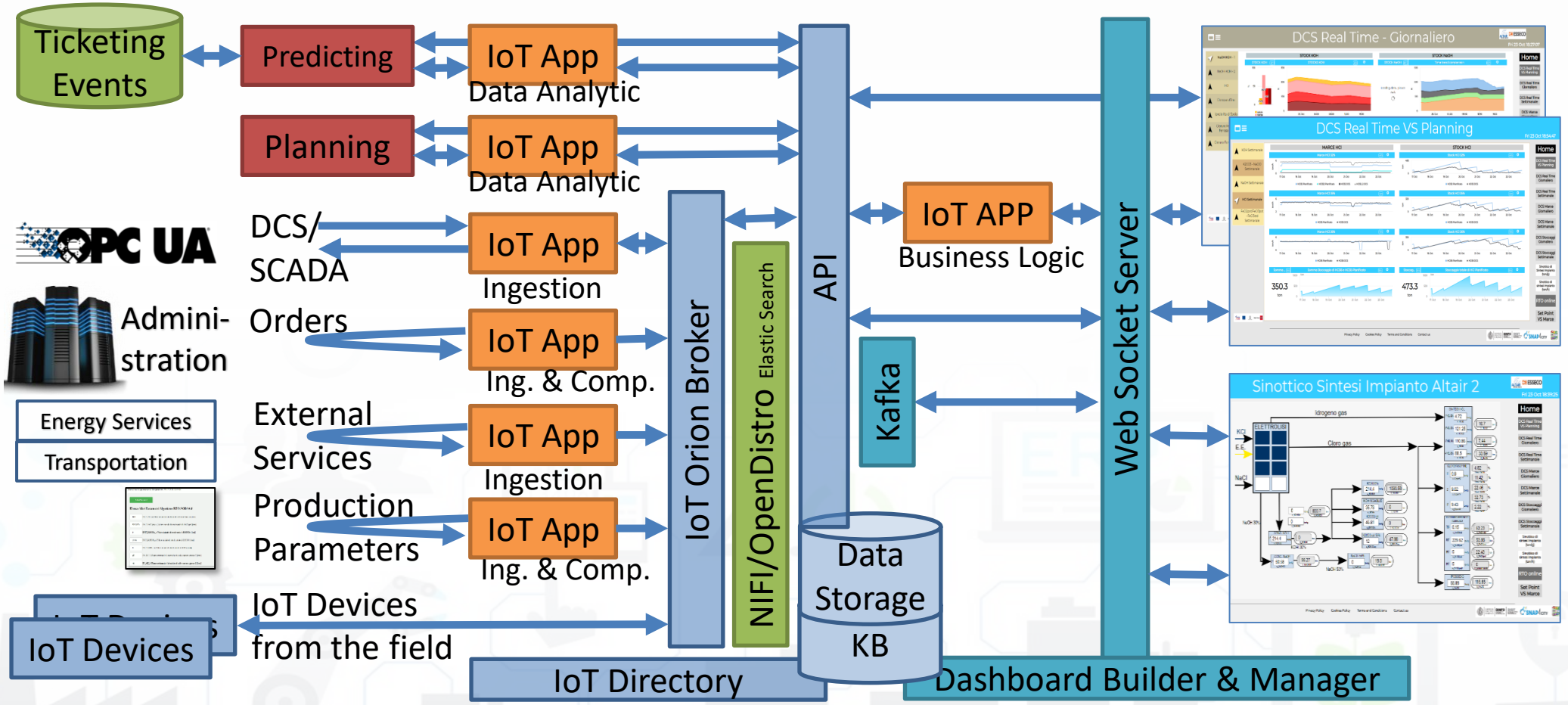


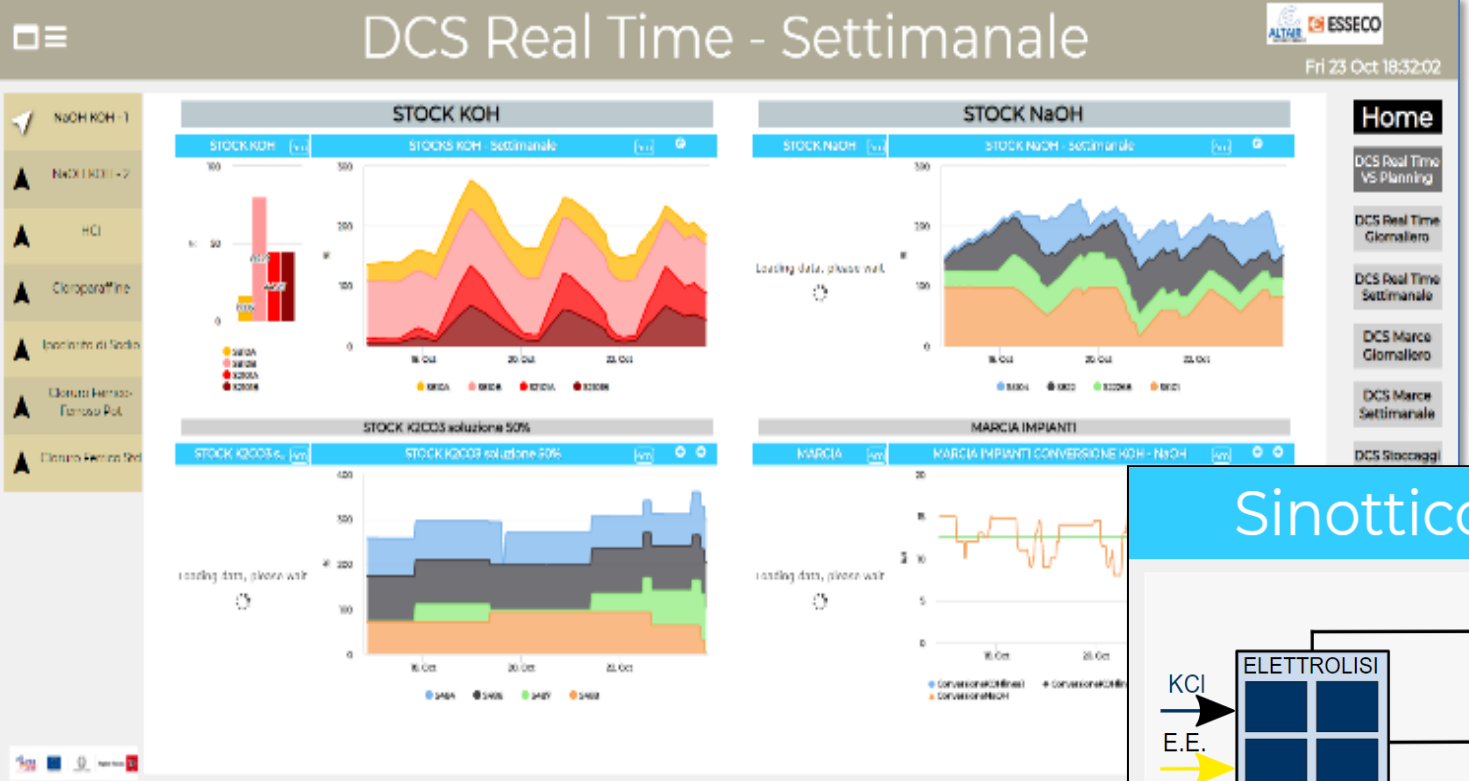


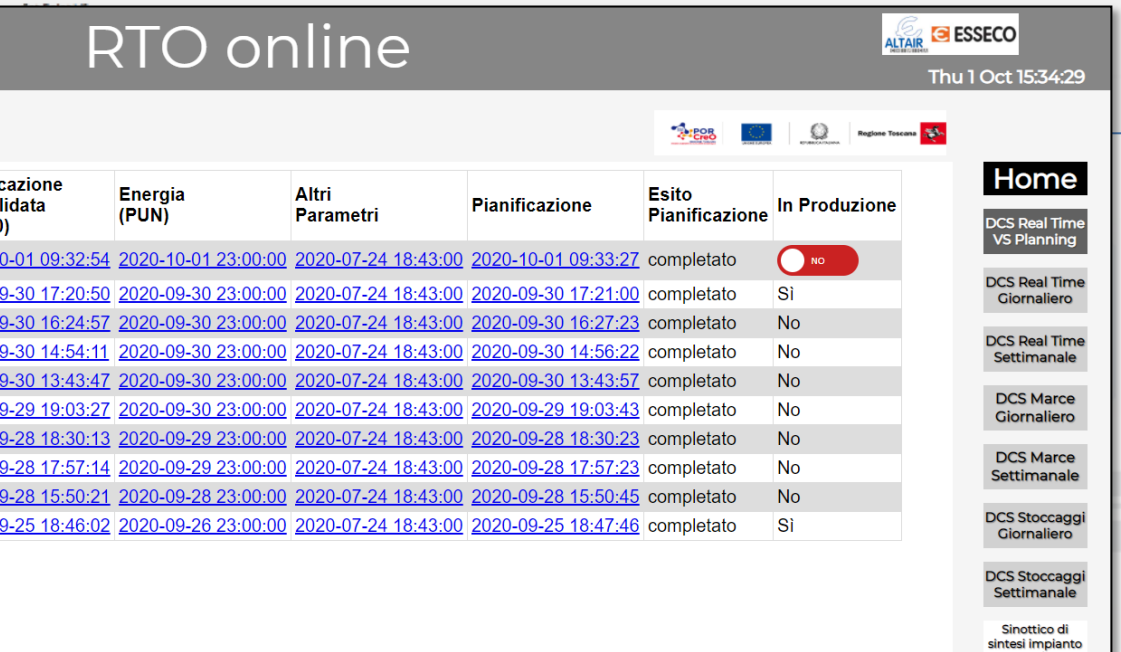


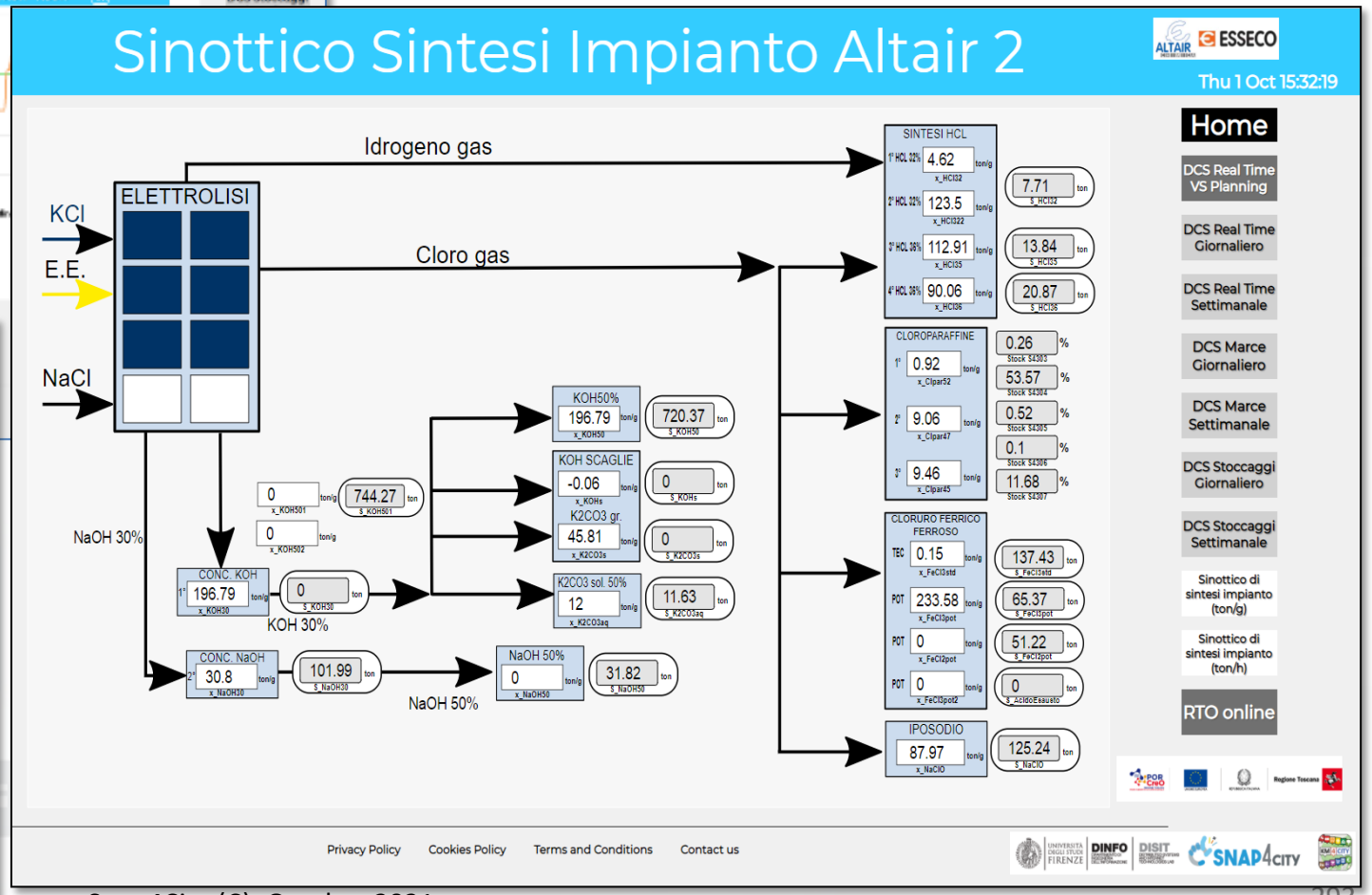
Plant Management

Snap4Industry IOT Architecture




DCS Real Time - Settimanale
Fri 23 Oct 18:32:02
STOCK KOH
STOCK NaOH
STOCK K2CO3 soluzione 50%
MARCIA IMPIANTI
Home
DCS Real Time VS Planning
DCS Real Time Giornaliero
DCS Real Time Settimanale
DCS Marce Giornaliero
DCS Marce Settimanale
DCS Stoccaggi


RTO online
Thu 1 Oct 15:34:29
Energia (PUN)
Altri Parametri
Pianificazione
Esito Pianificazione
In Produzione
2020-10-01 09:32:54 2020-10-01 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-10-01 09:33:27 completato NO
2020-09-30 17:20:50 2020-09-30 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-30 17:21:00 completato Sì
2020-09-30 16:24:57 2020-09-30 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-30 16:27:23 completato No
2020-09-30 14:54:11 2020-09-30 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-30 14:56:22 completato No
2020-09-30 13:43:47 2020-09-30 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-30 13:43:57 completato No
2020-09-29 19:03:27 2020-09-30 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-29 19:03:43 completato No
2020-09-28 18:30:13 2020-09-29 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-28 18:30:23 completato No
2020-09-28 17:57:14 2020-09-29 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-28 17:57:23 completato No
2020-09-28 15:50:21 2020-09-28 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-28 15:50:45 completato No
2020-09-25 18:46:02 2020-09-26 23:00:00 2020-07-24 18:43:00 2020-09-25 18:47:46 completato Sì
Home
DCS Real Time VS Planning
DCS Real Time Giornaliero
DCS Real Time Settimanale
DCS Marce Giornaliero
DCS Marce Settimanale
DCS Stoccaggi Giornaliero
DCS Stoccaggi Settimanale


Sinottico Sintesi Impianto Altair 2
Thu 1 Oct 15:32:19
Idrogeno gas
Cloro gas
KCl
E.E.
NaCl
ELETTROLISI
NaOH 30%
KOH 30%
NaOH 50%
SINTESI HCL
CLOROPARAFFINE
CLORURO FERROSO
IPOSODIO
Home
DCS Real Time VS Planning
DCS Real Time Giornaliero
DCS Real Time Settimanale
DCS Marce Giornaliero
DCS Marce Settimanale
DCS Stoccaggi Giornaliero
DCS Stoccaggi Settimanale
Sinottico di sintesi impianto (ton/g)
Sinottico di sintesi impianto (ton/h)
RTO online
Privacy Policy
Cookies Policy
Terms and Conditions
Contact us

Optimized Production Planner

ESSECO ALTAIR

Fri 23 Oct 18:57:41

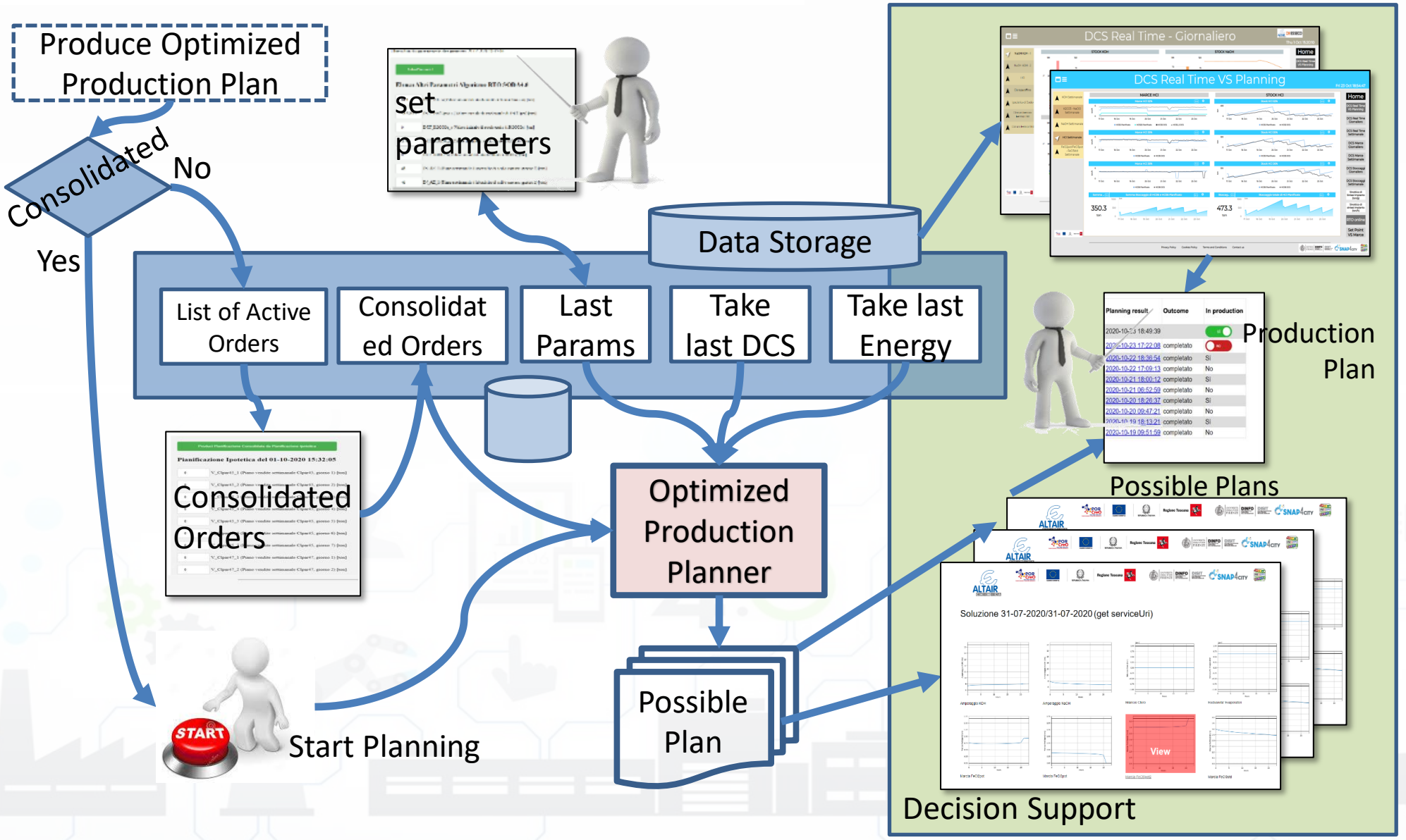
Home
Optimized Production Planner

Parameters (TabPar)	DCS (OPC-UA)	Administrative data (AS400)	Administrative Consolidated Planning data (AS400)	Energy data	Other Parameters	Planning result	Outcome	In production
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-23 18:49:02	2020-10-23 18:49:29	2020-10-23 18:49:29	2020-10-24 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-23 18:49:39		SÌ
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-23 17:22:03	2020-10-23 17:21:46	2020-10-23 17:21:46	2020-10-23 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-23 17:22:08	completato	NO
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-22 18:36:02	2020-10-22 18:36:27	2020-10-22 18:36:27	2020-10-23 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-22 18:36:54	completato	Sì
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-22 17:09:02	2020-10-22 17:08:59	2020-10-22 17:08:59	2020-10-22 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-22 17:09:13	completato	No
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-21 18:00:02	2020-10-21 17:59:47	2020-10-21 17:59:47	2020-10-22 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-21 18:00:12	completato	Sì
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-21 06:52:02	2020-10-21 06:52:41	2020-10-21 06:52:41	2020-10-21 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-21 06:52:59	completato	No
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-20 18:26:02	2020-10-20 18:26:19	2020-10-20 18:26:19	2020-10-21 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-20 18:26:37	completato	Sì
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-20 09:47:03	2020-10-20 09:47:05	2020-10-20 09:47:05	2020-10-20 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-20 09:47:21	completato	No
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-19 18:13:02	2020-10-19 18:13:09	2020-10-19 18:13:09	2020-10-20 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-19 18:13:21	completato	Sì
2020-09-25 18:47:36	2020-10-19 09:51:02	2020-10-19 09:51:08	2020-10-19 09:51:08	2020-10-19 23:00:00	2020-07-24 18:43:00	2020-10-19 09:51:59	completato	No

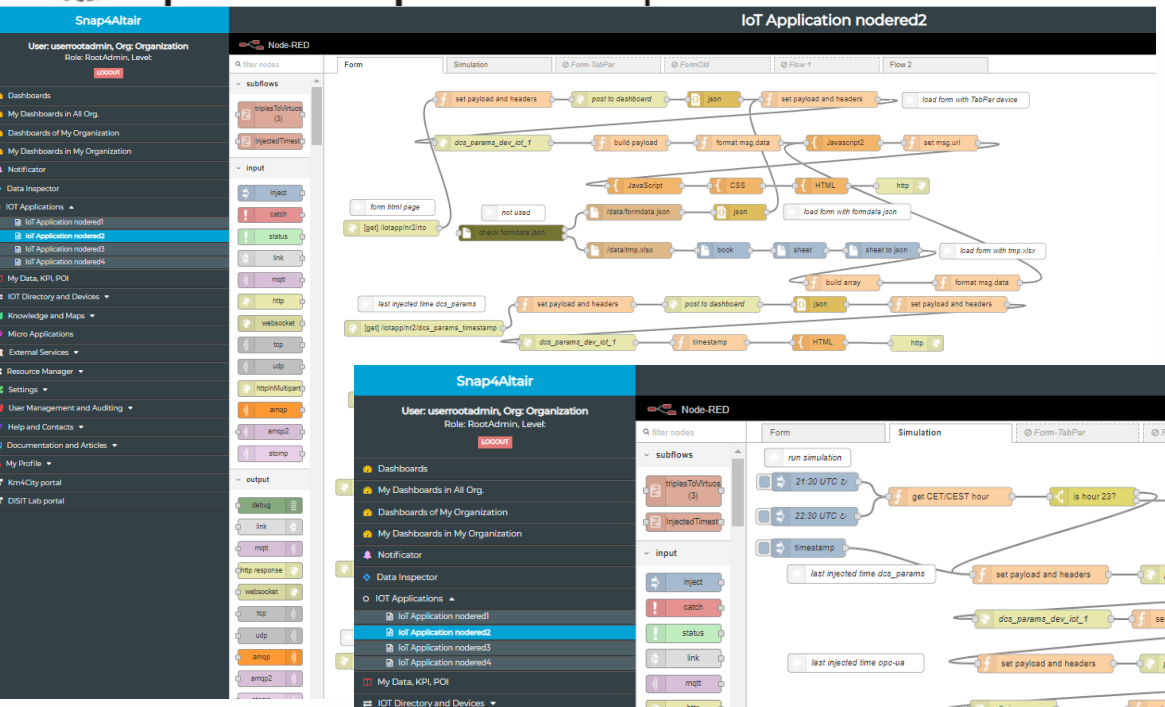
<< 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 >>

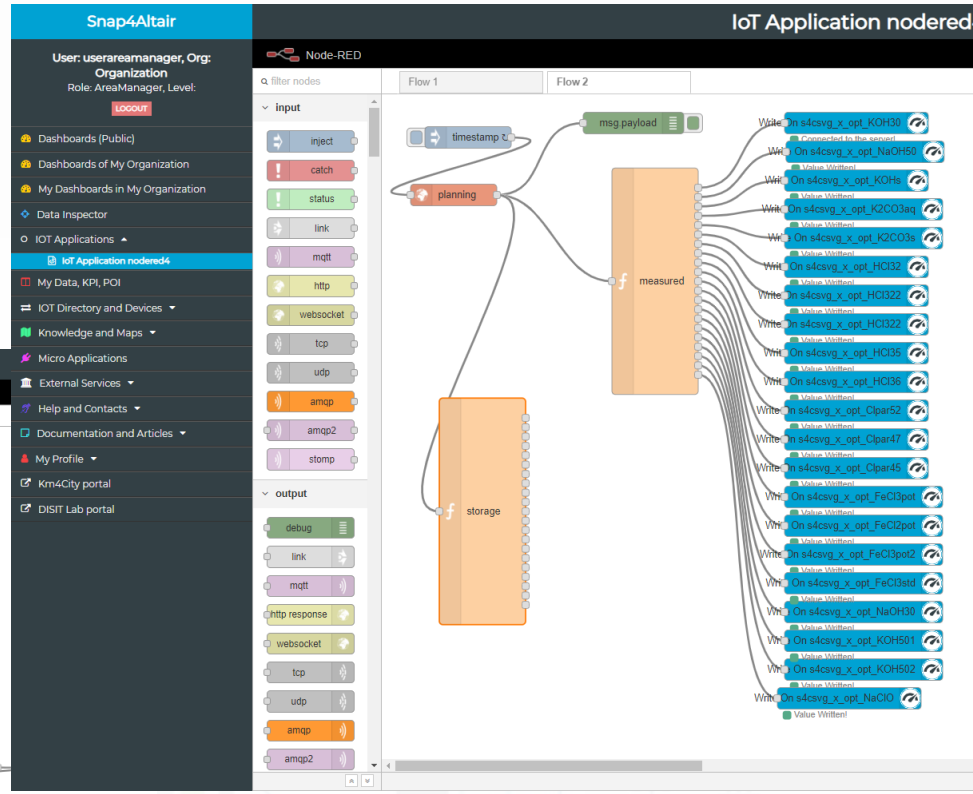
Home
DCS Real Time VS Planning
DCS Real Time Giornaliero
DCS Real Time Settimanale
DCS Marce Giornaliero
DCS Marce Settimanale
DCS Stoccaggi Giornaliero
DCS Stoccaggi Settimanale

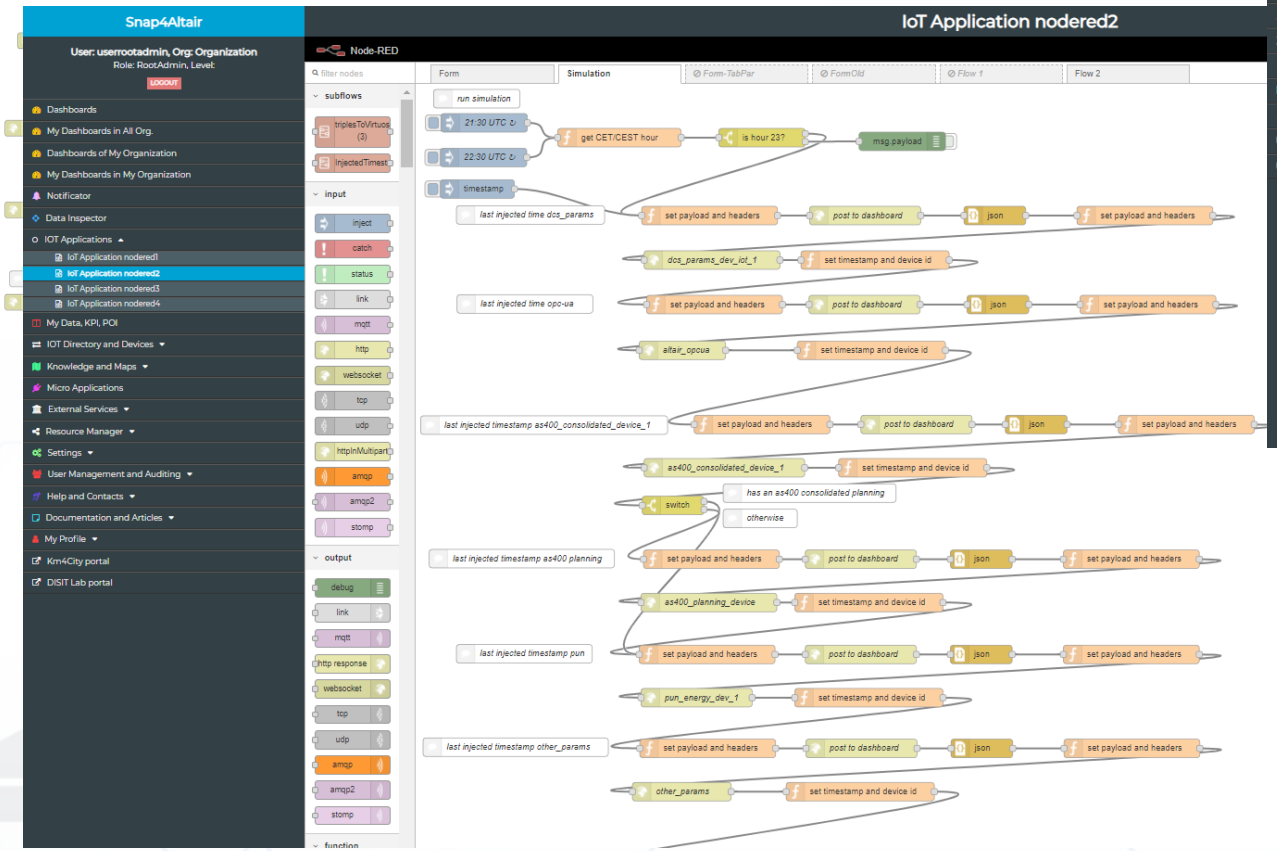
Business Logic



Some Flows


Snap4Altair
IoT Application nodered2
Node-RED


Snap4Altair
IoT Application nodered
Node-RED
timestamp
planning
msg.payload
measured
storage


Snap4Altair
IoT Application nodered2
Node-RED
Simulation

Data Ingestion via API: External services, using HTTP MicroService on IOT App



General solution, bring data from API to Dashboards

- You can use the MicroServices HTTP in get and post to act on REST Call

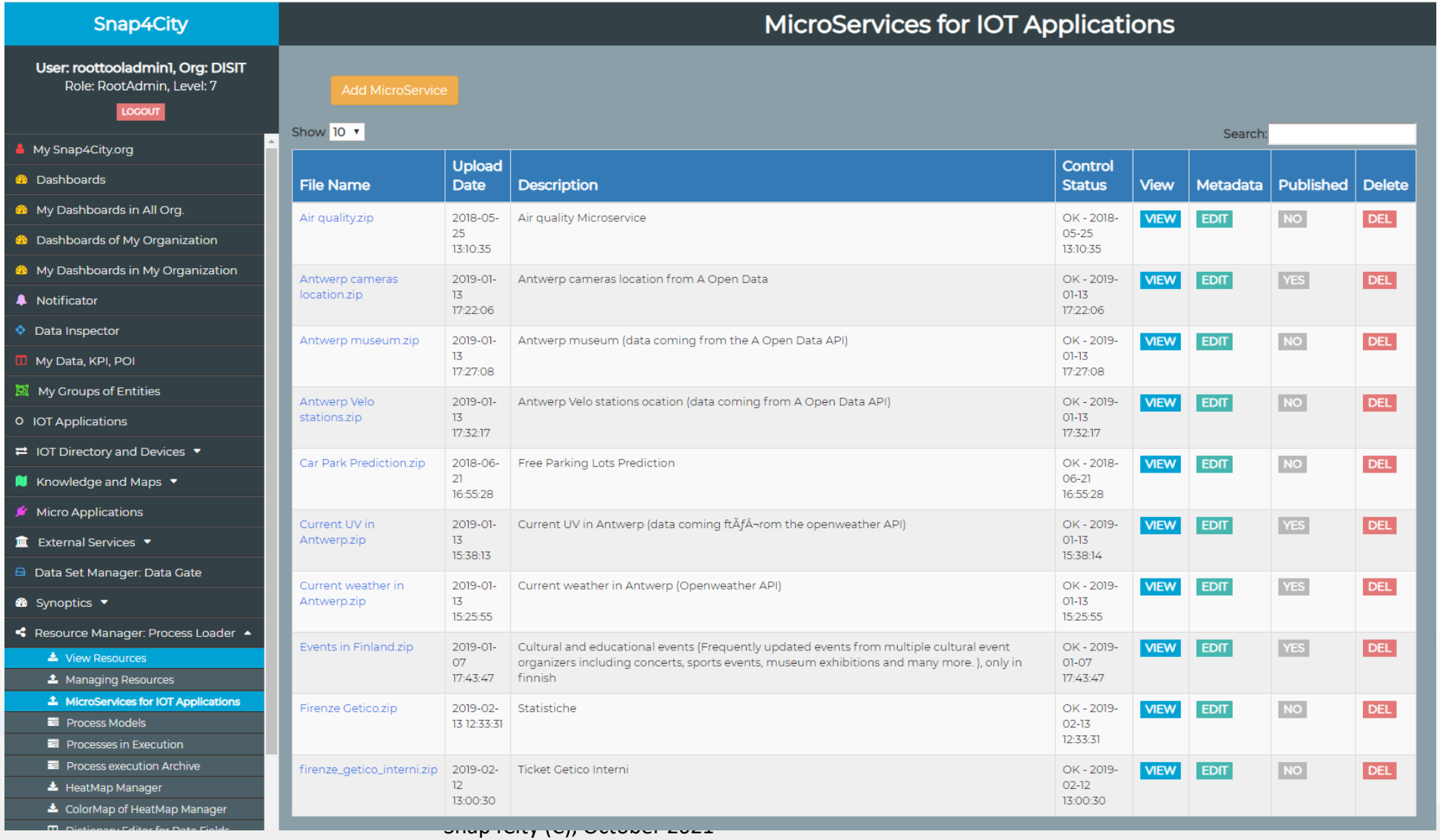
- OR

- You can **save/consolidate your rest API** transforming it in a MicroService usable for many colleagues into IOT Applications:
  - TC2.25- Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications https://www.snap4city.org/129

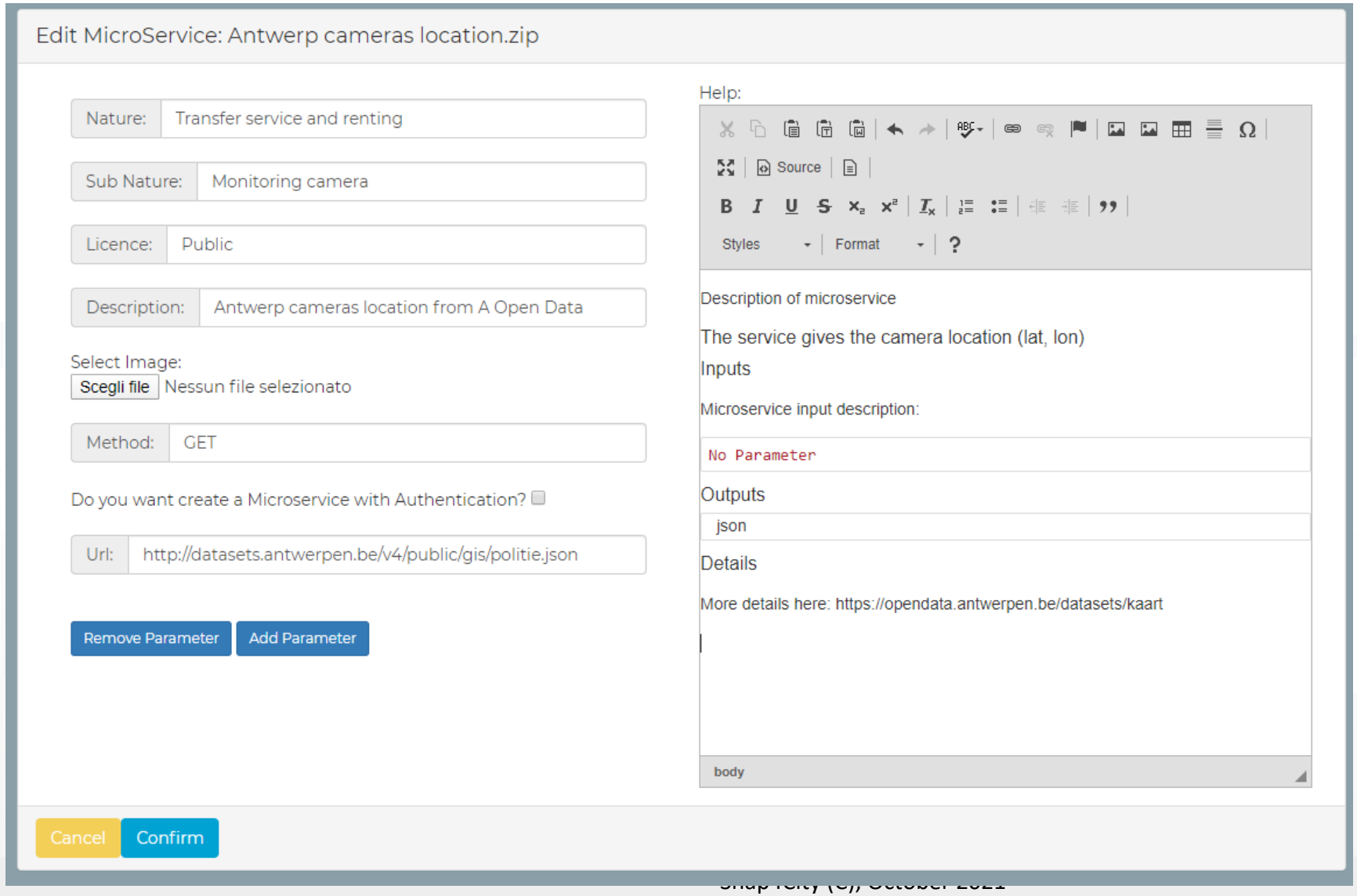
IF your REST API is going to use credentials as username and password, we suggest you to save them into MyPersonalData of Snap4City
  - so that the code will not provide clear credentials and you can update from user interface on your personal data profile.
  - The IOT App can retrieve the Username and Password at the moment in which they are used with the security shield of Snap4City

External REST Call API vs MicroServices

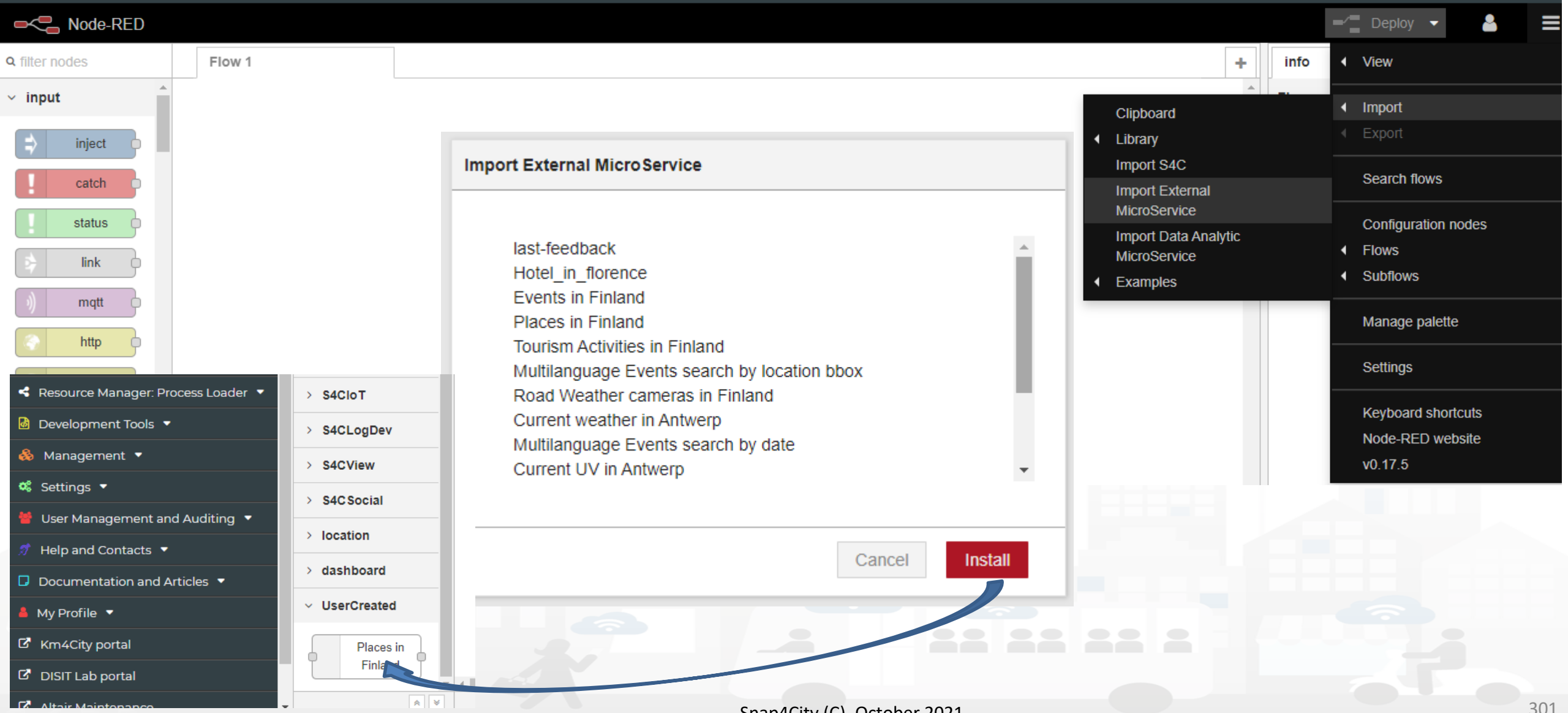
- Each Rest Call API can be automaticaly transformed into e MicroService for the IOT Applications



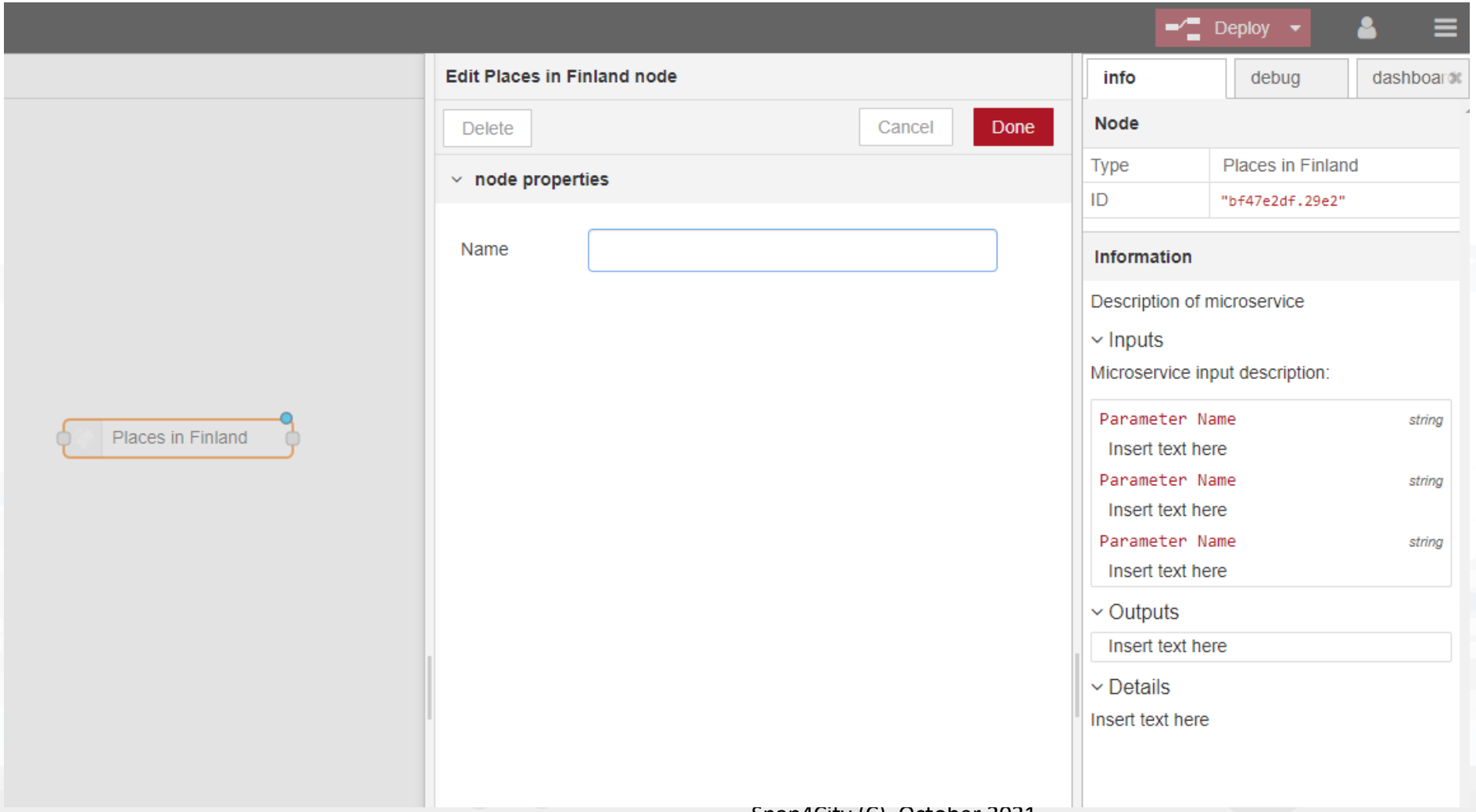
Edit MicroService Call: call and help editing



a


Node-RED
Deploy
filter nodes
Flow 1
info
input
inject
catch
status
link
mqtt
http
View
Import
Export
Search flows
Configuration nodes
Flows
Subflows
Manage palette
Settings
Keyboard shortcuts
Node-RED website
v0.17.5
Clipboard
Library
Import S4C
Import External MicroService
Import Data Analytic MicroService
Examples
Import External MicroService
last-feedback
Hotel_in_florence
Events in Finland
Places in Finland
Tourism Activities in Finland
Multilanguage Events search by location bbox
Road Weather cameras in Finland
Current weather in Antwerp
Multilanguage Events search by date
Current UV in Antwerp
Cancel
Install
Resource Manager: Process Loader
Development Tools
Management
Settings
User Management and Auditing
Help and Contacts
Documentation and Articles
My Profile
Km4City portal
DISIT Lab portal
S4CIoT
S4CLogDev
S4CView
S4CSocial
location
dashboard
UserCreated
Places in Finland

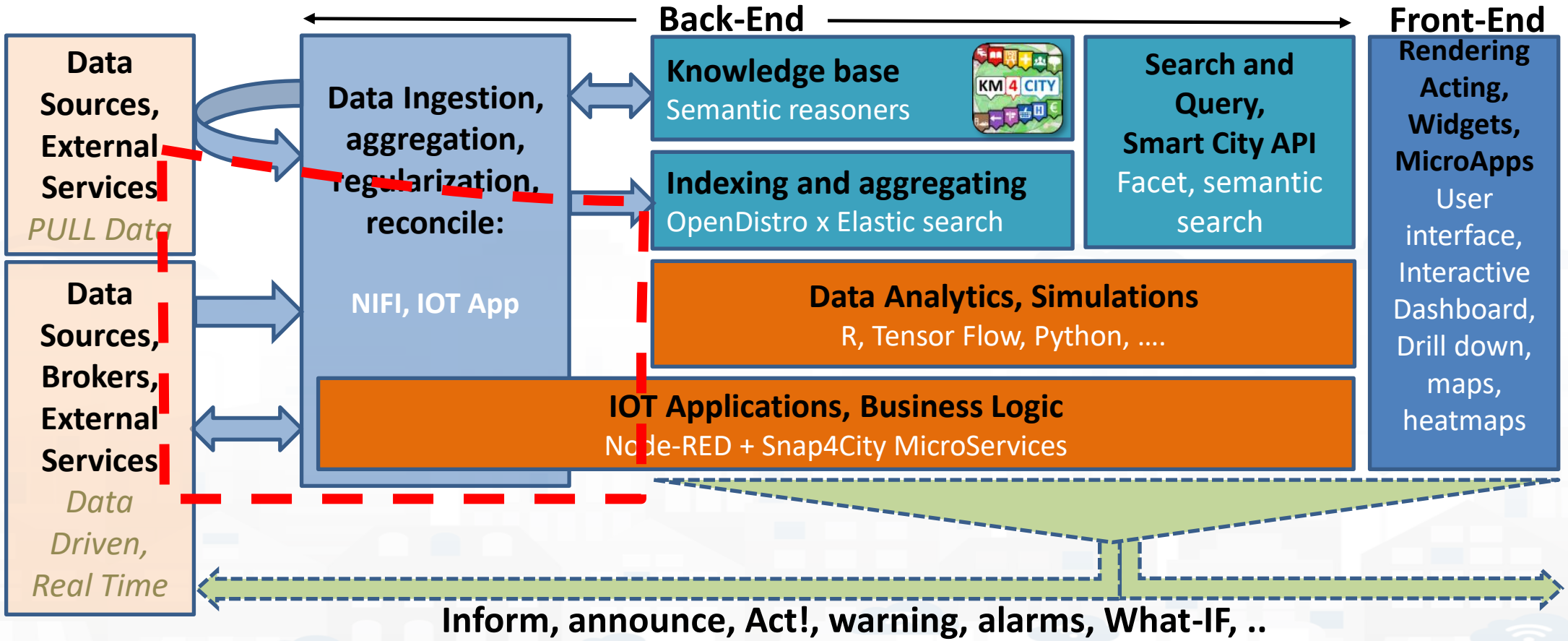
Usage of the MicroService from IOT App



Data Ingestion via IOT App towards MyKPI

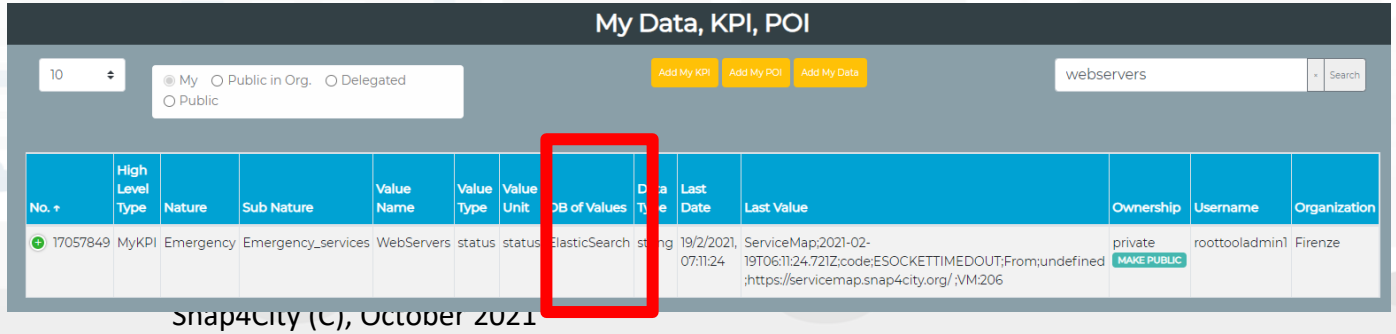


Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



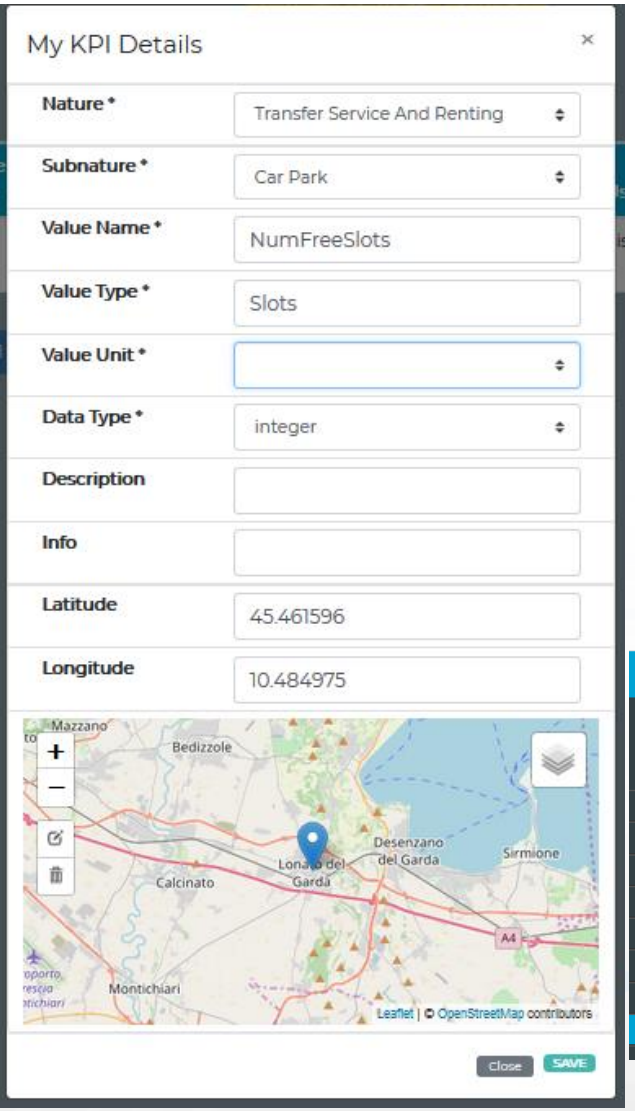
MyKPI can

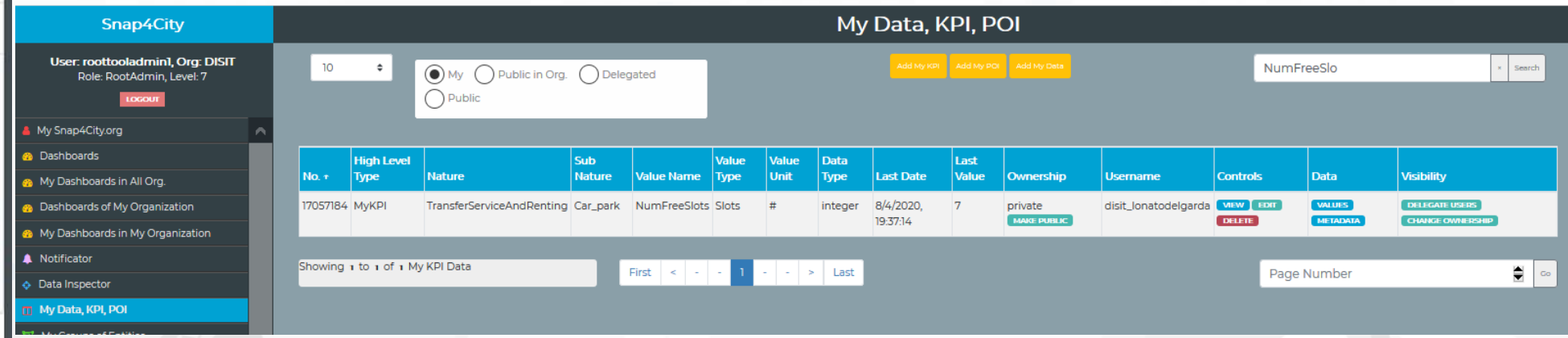
- be time series + metadata
- be POI with full metadata decryption, MyPOI
- be passed in ownership to other users,
- be delegated in access to other users
- model daily trajectories from: Mobile Phone Apps, CANBUS data and GPS location from mobiles, PAX Counter Mobile, mobile IOT Devices, etc.
- be saved and retrieved from IOT Apps
- create events at their changes towards IOT Apps
- be saved into: MySQL and/or OpenDistro x ElasticSearch (default saving modality can be different for solutions on cloud and on premise)
  - The access from smart city API is in any way transparent, while only when they are saved into the OpenDistro x Elastic Search they are accessible from the so called
    - "My Data Dashboard Kibana"



Create your MyKPIs

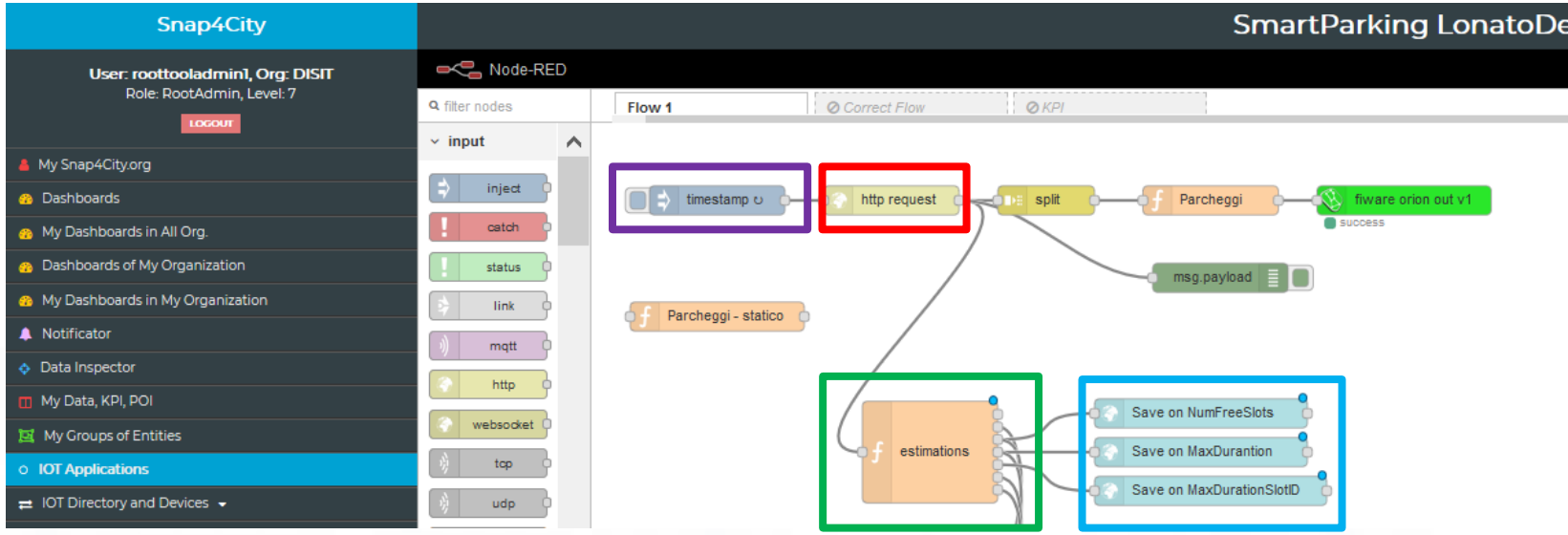
- My Data, KPI, POI > ‘Add My KPI’ button
- Verify the KPI existence in My Data, KPI, POI
- Create your IoT App sending data to your KPIs
- Example: Lonato Car Park:
  - NumFreeSlots
  - MaxDuration
  - MaxDurationSlotId

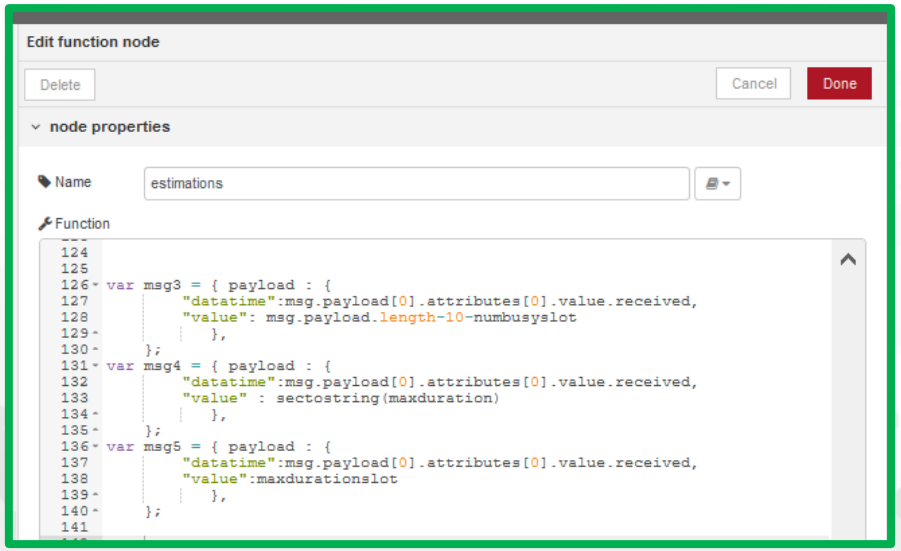


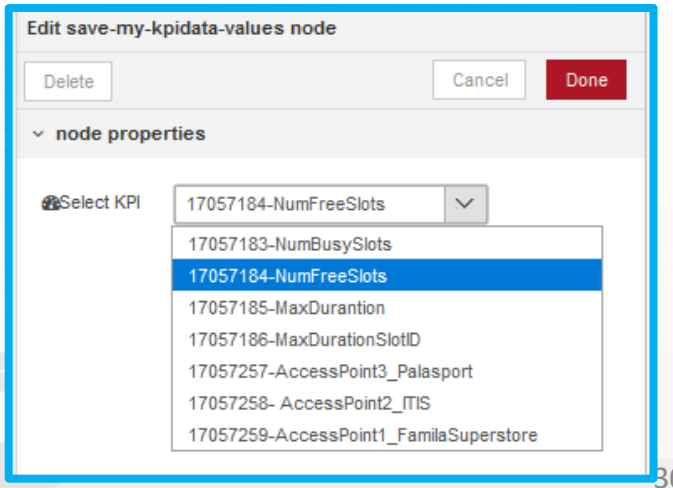


IoT App sending data to your KPIs

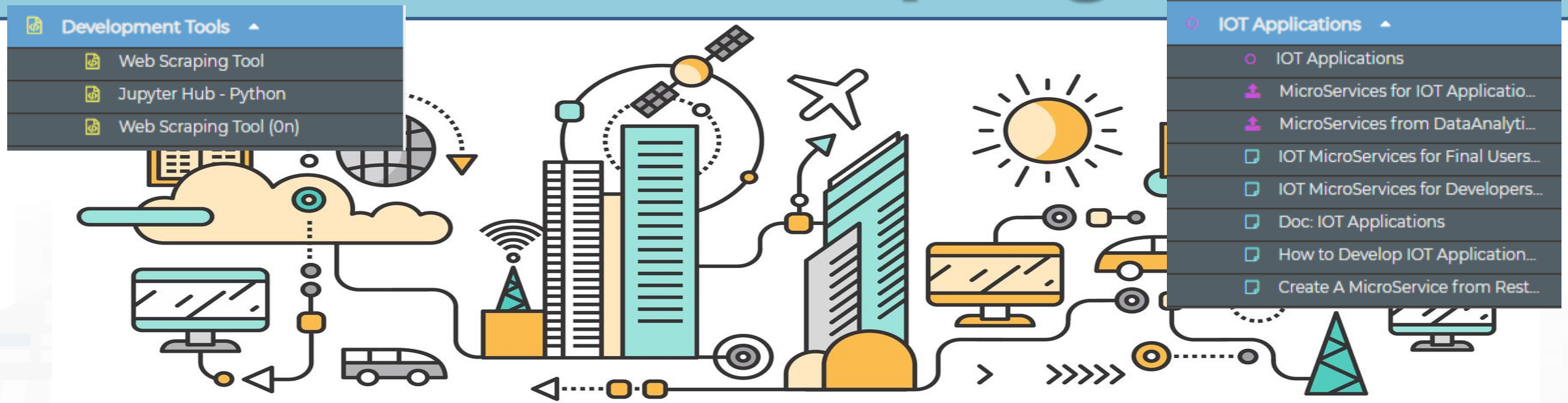
- Create your IoT App (ex: ‘SmartParking LonatoDelGarda’)
  1. Use an **inject** block to choose the frequency of update
  2. Use **http** block to download data (e.g.)
  3. Use a **function** of blocks to convert data in a specific json sending data to each KPI
  4. Use a **save-my-kpidata-values** block



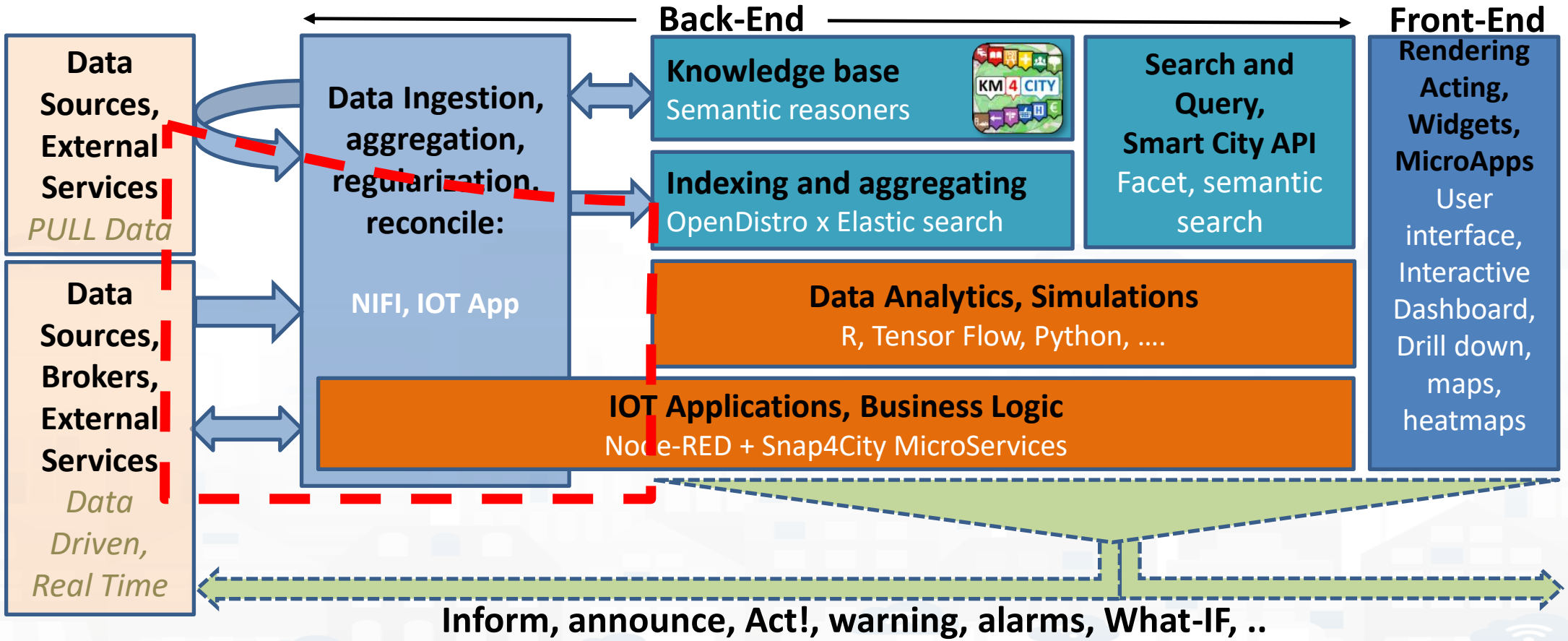




Data Ingestion via IOT App web Scraping

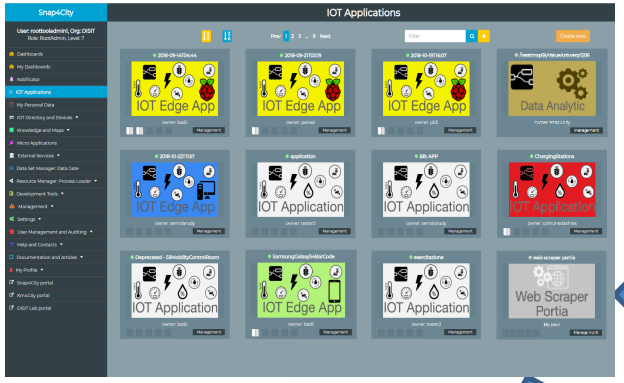


Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion

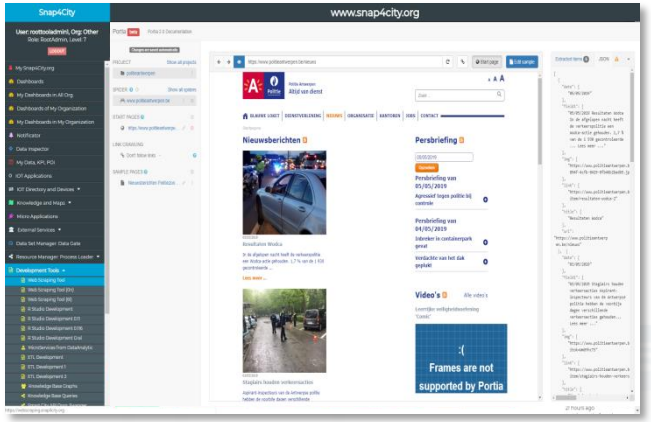


Web Scraping from Portia

My Scraping process



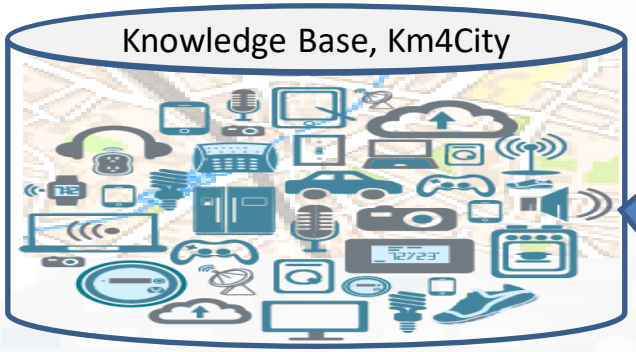
Web Scraper PORTIA

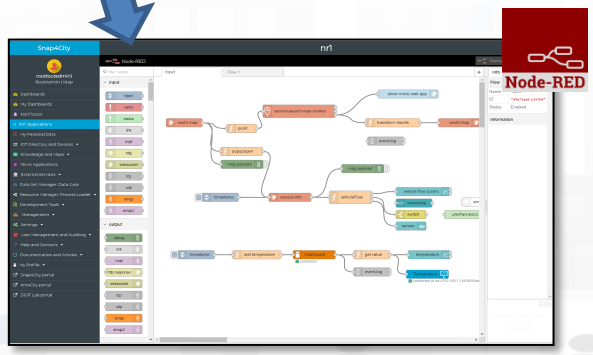


Generating WEB Scraping



Knowledge Base, Km4City





IOT App. Editor

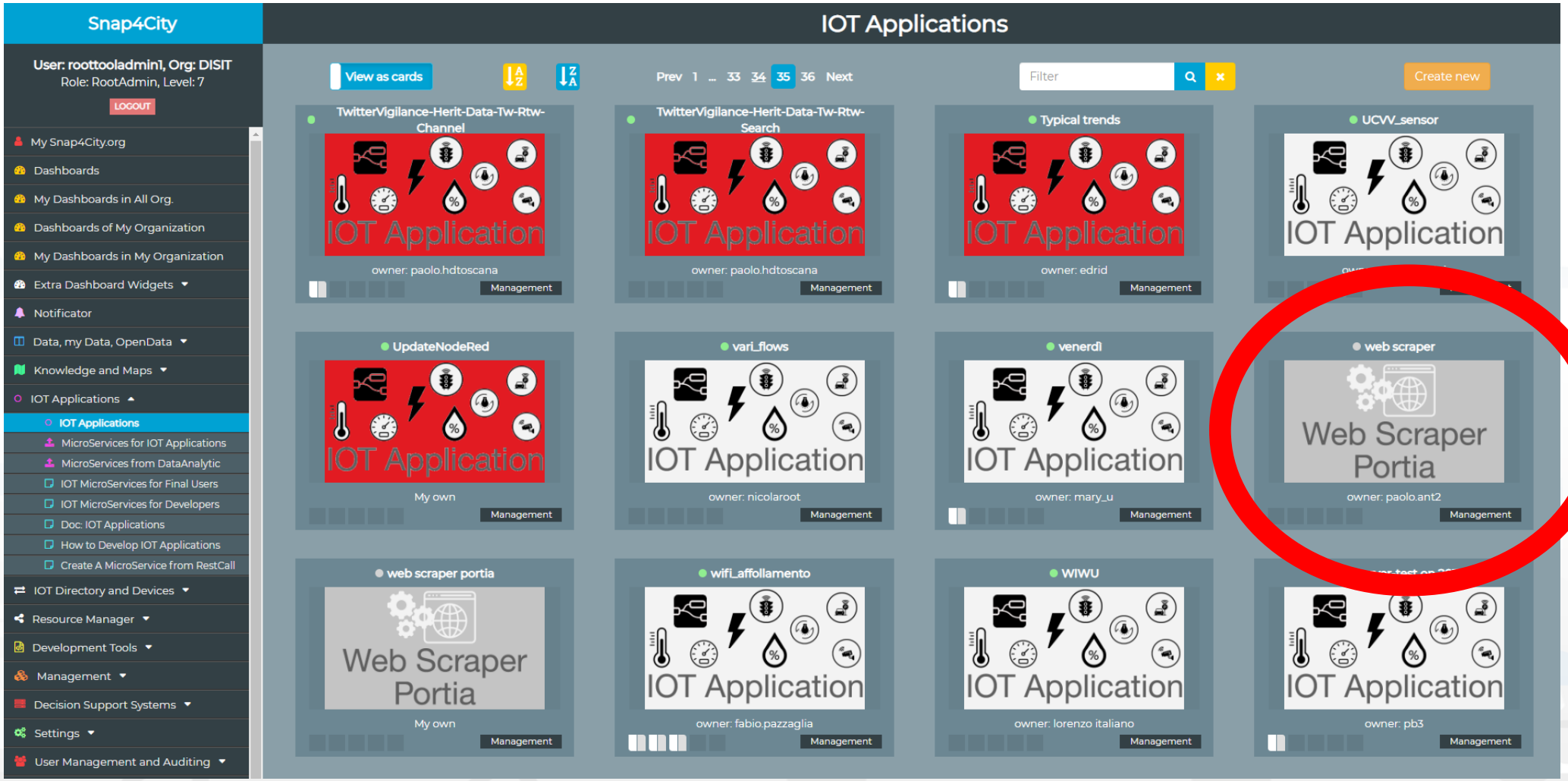
Sharing/saving reusing Scraping



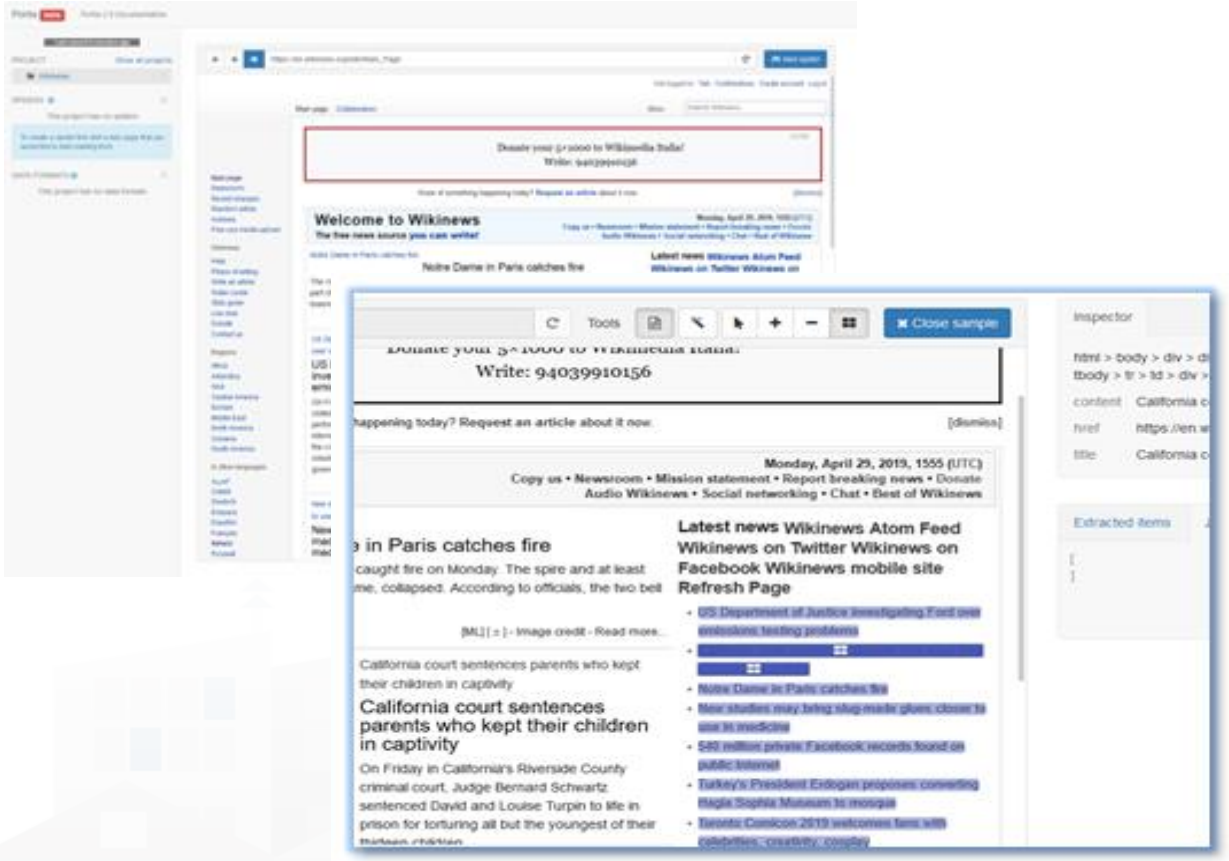
Resource Manager



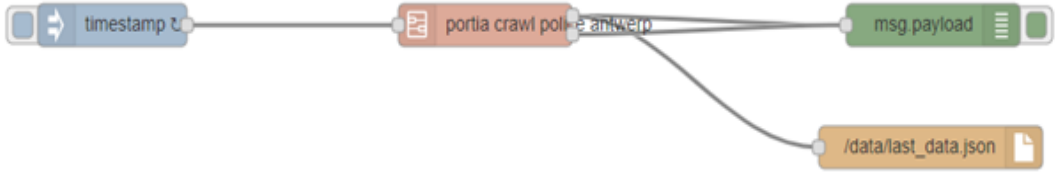
See them in the list of IOT Apps



Web scraping

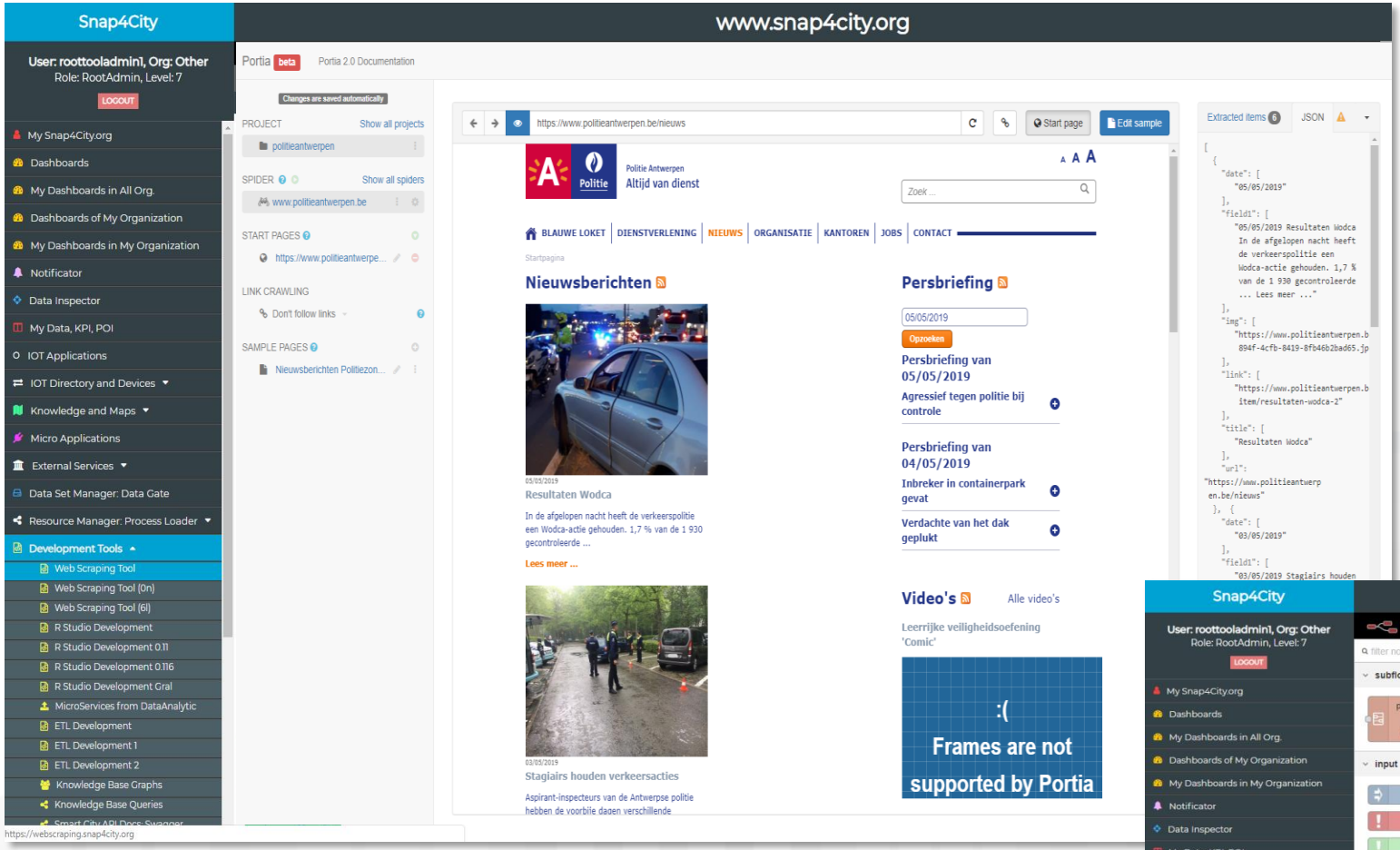


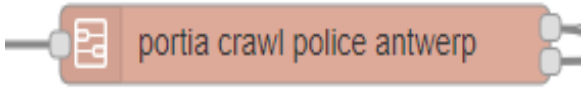


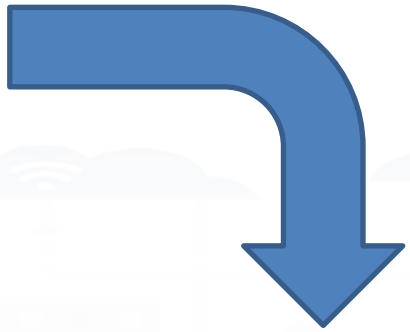


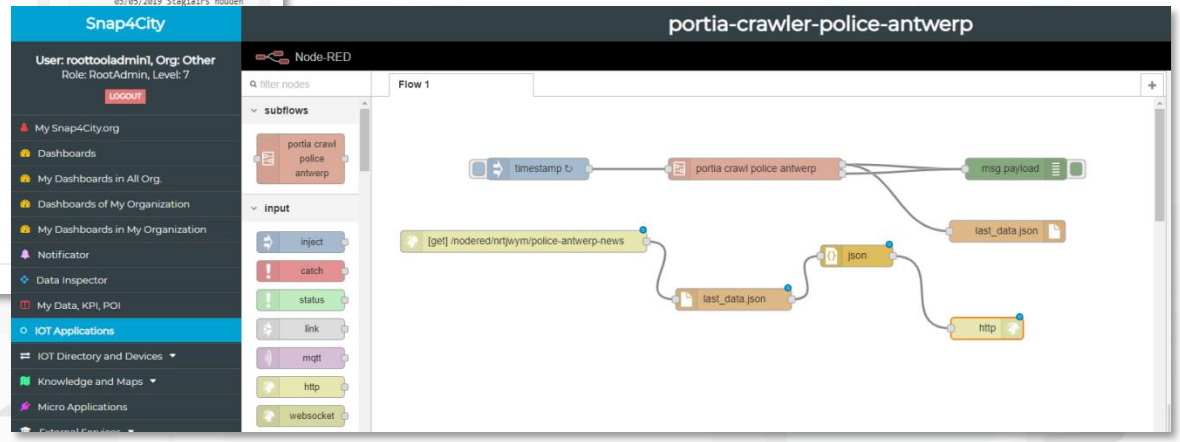
- [TC9.16 – Web Scraping to get data from web pages]

Web Scraping

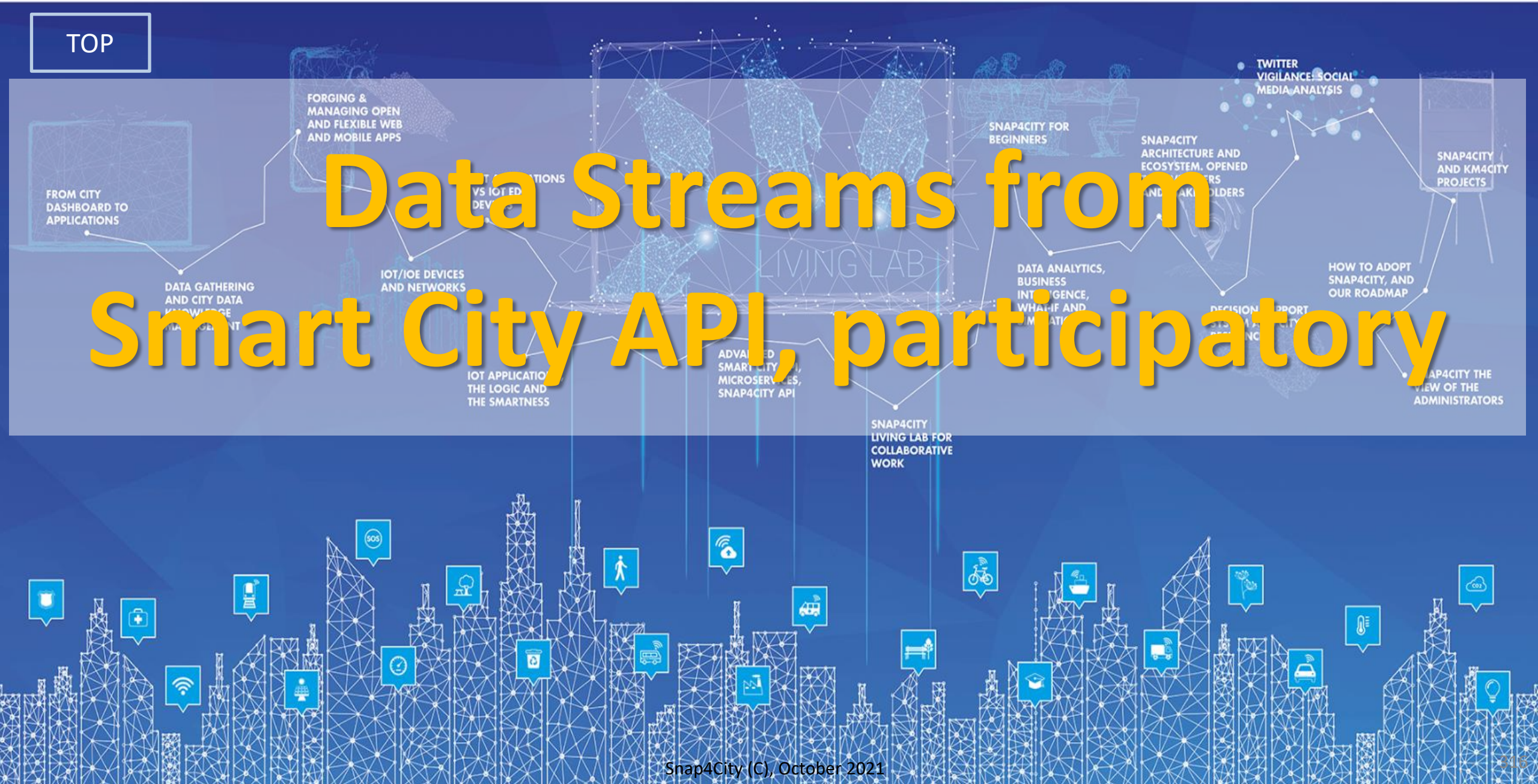








TOP



Data Streams from Smart City API, participatory

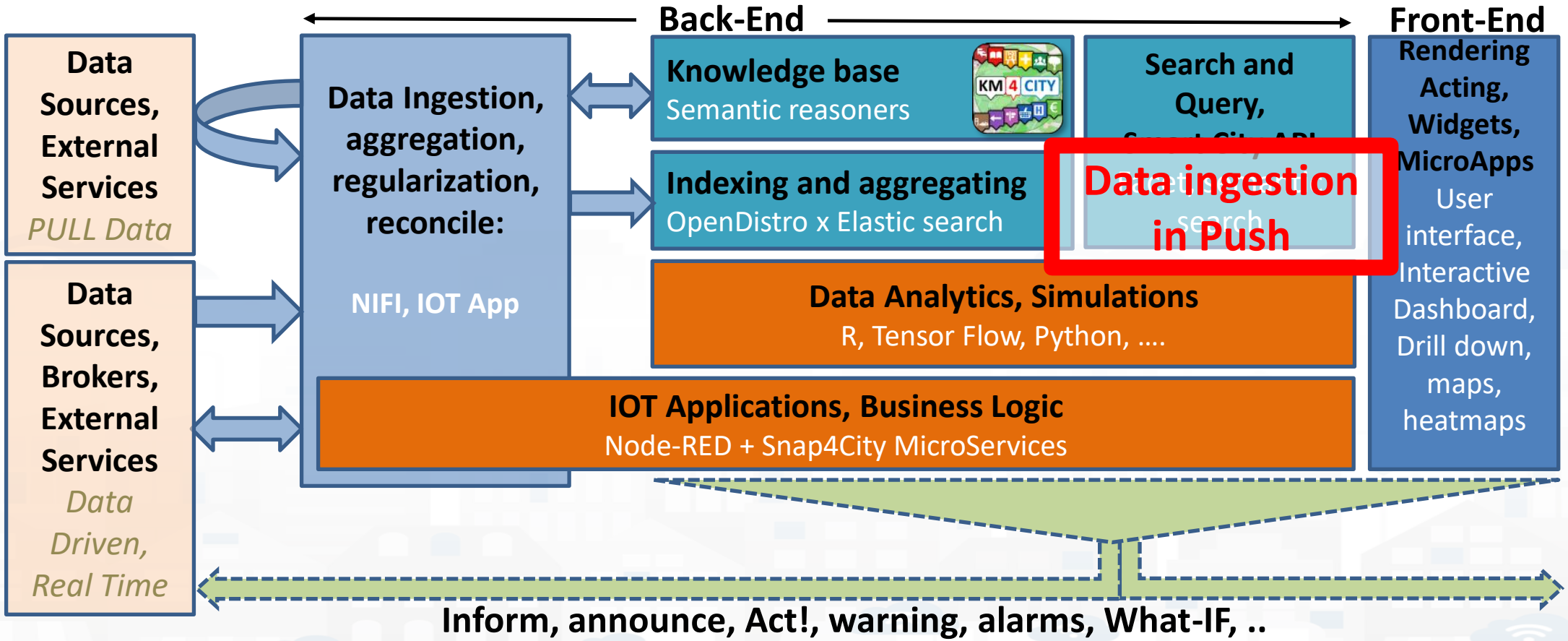
- We intend in this cases the data that can be posted on the infrastructure **by using the Smart City API**, such as:
  - MyPersonalData, MyKPI, data from IOT App on mobile, etc.
  - please see slides of Day 7
- Next section discusses those that are **automatically collected from Mobile Phone** and sent to the infrastructure on cloud via the Smart City API. For example:
  - Clicks on App
  - Post of images on POI
  - Post of comments on POI
  - Post of raking on POI
  - Questionnaires, and reactions
  - Eventual scores collected on the basis of the actions performed by the users.
  - Trajectories taken from the mobile phone positions and clicks
  - OBD2 data and positions
  - Etc.

TOP

Data Streams from Mobile Devices



Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion

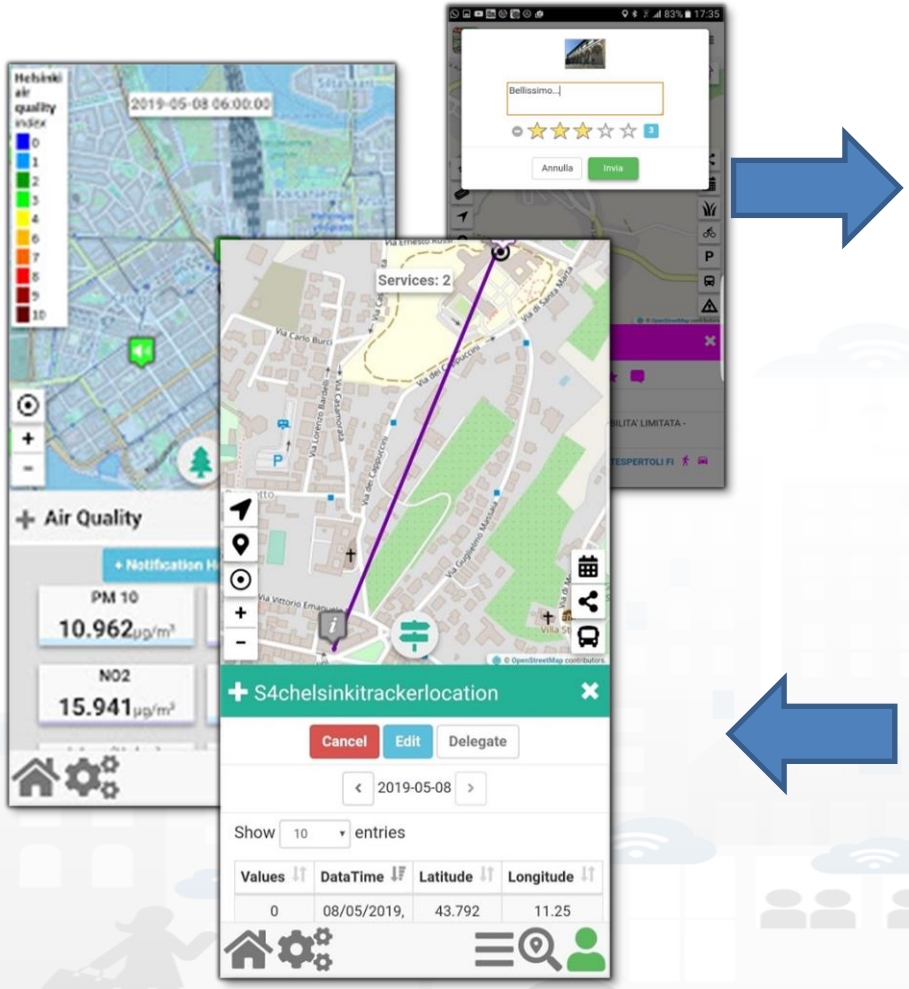


The App is a Bidirectional Device

- GPS Positions
- Selections on menus
- Views of POI
- Access to Dashboards
- searched information
- Routing
- Ranks, votes
- Comments
- Images
- Subscriptions to notifications
- ….

Produced information

- Accepted ?
- Performed ?
- …



Derived information

- Trajectories
- Hot Places by click and by move
- Origin destination matrices
- Most interested topics
- Most interested POI
- Delegation and relationships
- Accesses to Dashboards
- **Cumulated Scores from Actions**
- Requested information
- Routing performed
- …..

Produced information

- Suggestions
- Engagements
- Notifications
- …

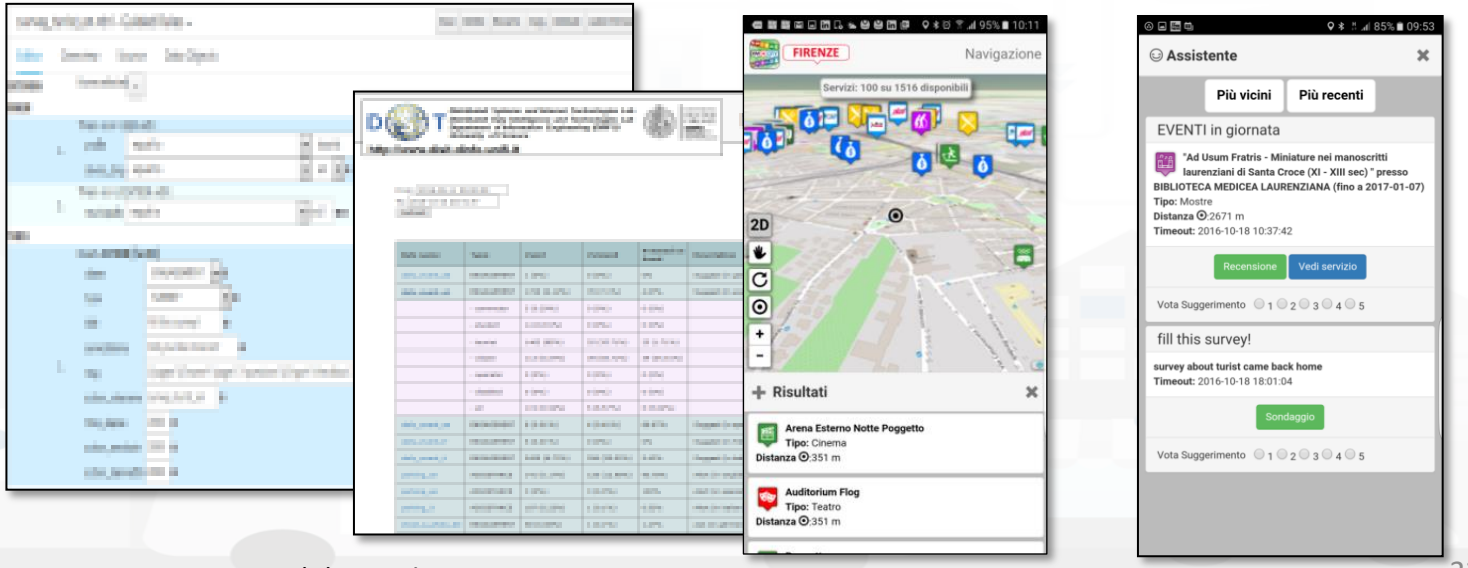
Users

System

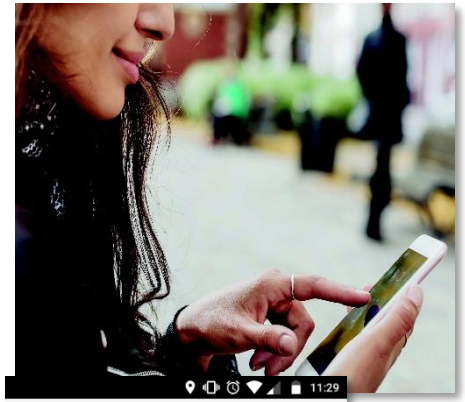
Profiled Engagements to City Users

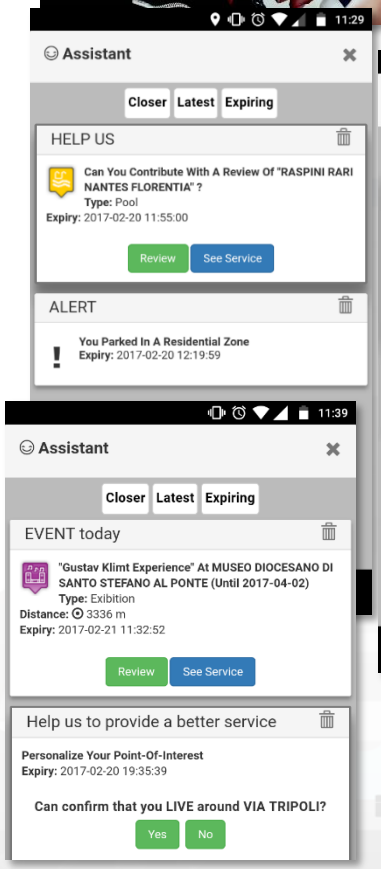
- The users are profiled to learn habits:
  - Personal POI, paths, Mobility habits
- Information and engagements sent to the users are programmed according to the context and user behavior to:
  - Stimulate virtuous habits
  - More sustainable habits
  - More healthy habits, etc.
  - Get feedbacks
  - Provide bonus and prices, …..
  - Send alerts, ….

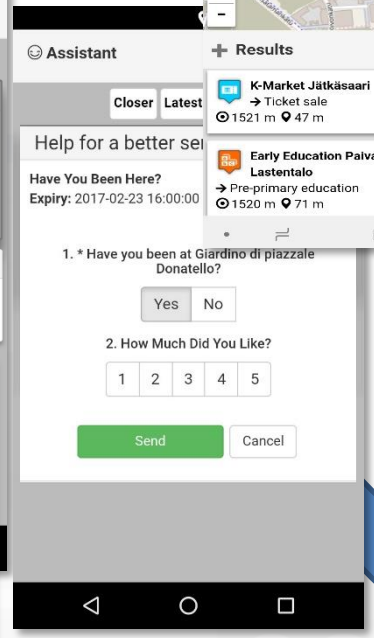


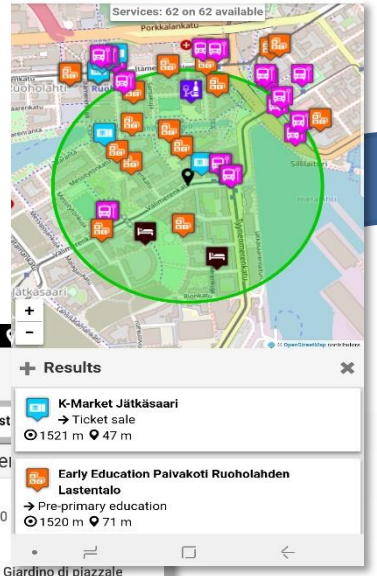


Users' Engagement

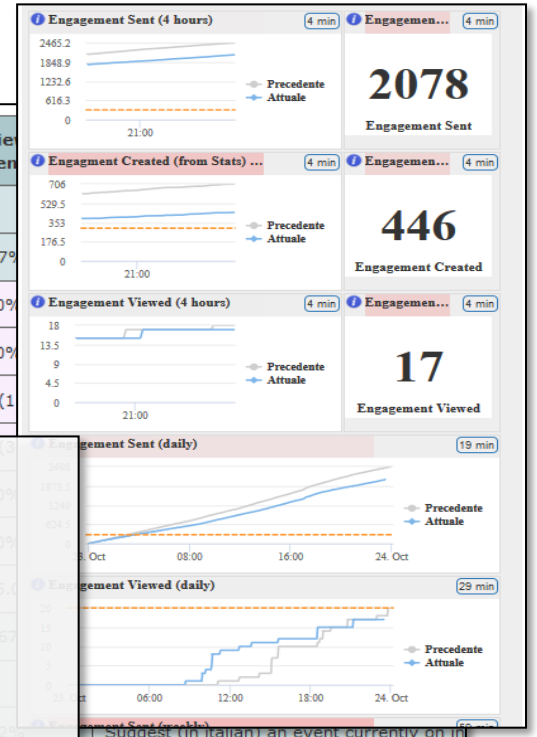








Rule name	Type	#sent	#viewed	#vie #sen
daily_event_de	ENGAGEMENT	1 (0%)	0 (0%)	0%
daily_event_en	ENGAGEMENT	1720 (2.12%)	70 (7.1%)	4.07%
	- commuter	5 (0.29%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%
	- student	14 (0.81%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%
	- tourist	1462 (85%)	25 (35.71%)	25 (1



Alert (in english) if the user parked in a res
Alert (in spanish) if the user parked in a res
Alert (in italian) if the user parked in a resid
Ask (in german) a contribution for a nearby

Inform

Air Quality forecast is not very nice
You have parked out of your residential parking zone
The Road cleaning is this night
The waste in S.Andreas Road is full

Engage

Provide a comment, a score, etc.

Stimulate / recommend

Events in the city, services you may be interested, etc..

Provide Bonus, rewards if needed

you get a bonus since you parked here
We suggest: leave the car out of the city, this bonus can be used to by a bus ticket

Rules

User context

City context

MyKPI: Tracking of Devices and Mobiles

- Real Time Trajectories for
  - Mobile Phone
  - Moving IOT Devices
  - OBU, Vehicular Kits
  - Multiple tracks
  - Day by day
- Micro Application



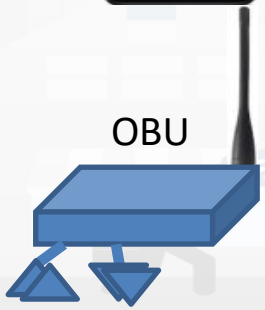
Mobile
PAX Counter



Apps

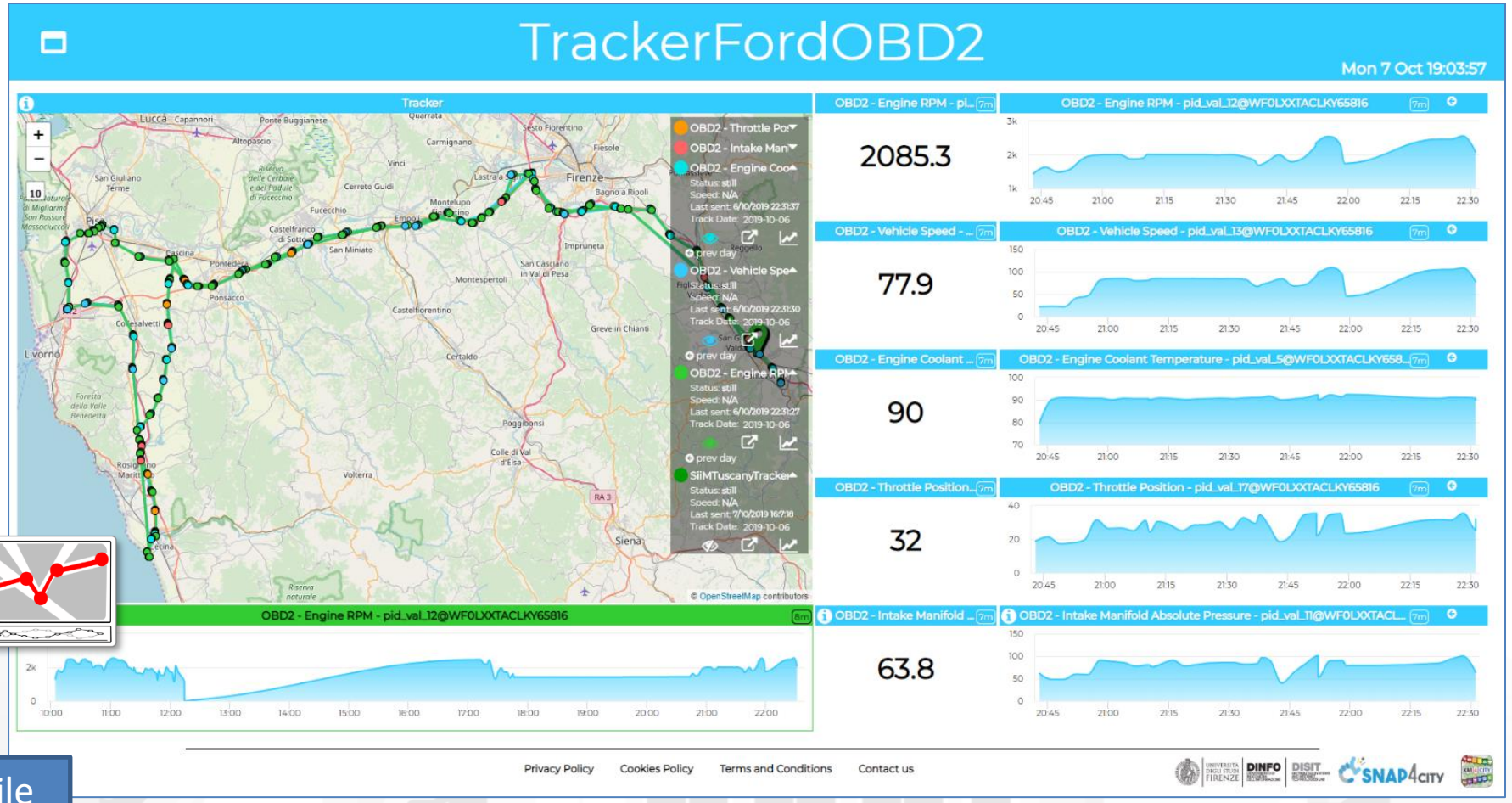


OBD2



OBU

Mobile sensors



Load and change data via Smart City API

- **Data regarding Mobile Phones:**
  - Clicks on App
  - Post of images on POI
  - Post of comments on POI
  - Post of raking on POI
  - Questionnaires, and reactions
  - Trajectories taken from the mobile phone positions and clicks
  - OBD2 data and positions
  - etc.
- They are **automatically collected** and can be inspected by the user via special tools as presented in the following.

My KPI data view and manipulation



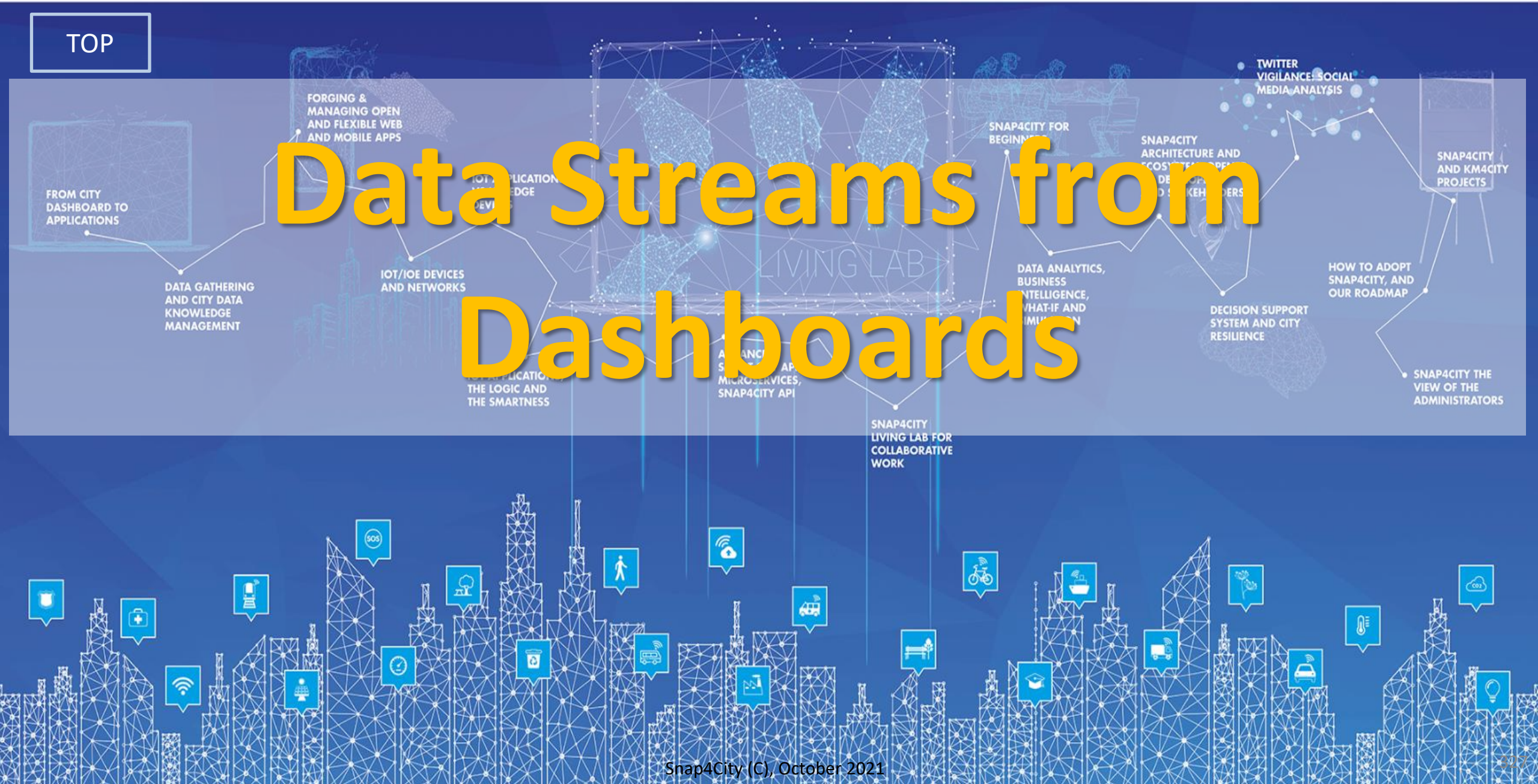
https://www.snap4city.org/mypersonaldata/

Further reading on MyKPI

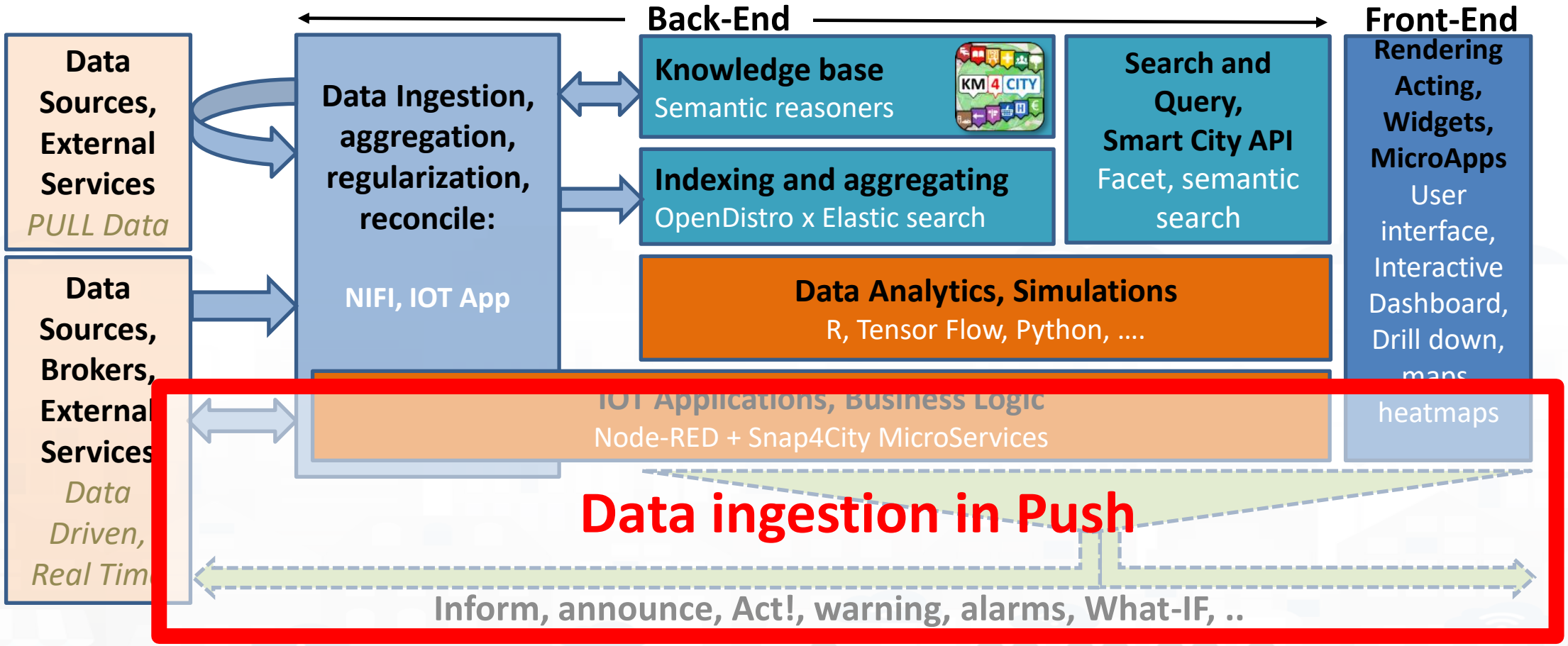
- TC1.17. Object tracking, widget tracker, personal tracking/trajectories, moving sensors
- TC 2.35- How manage My KPI with Dashboard
- Solution: using PAX Counters, monitoring museum and events
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into the platform (IOT Application and MyKPI)

TOP

Data Streams from Dashboards



Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



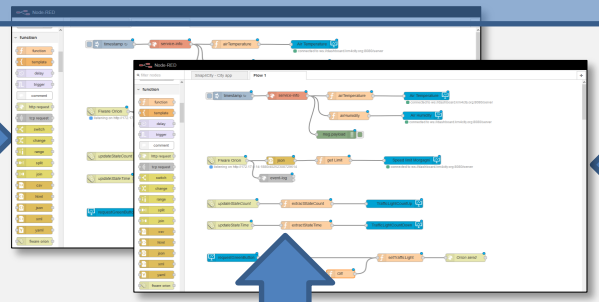
Snap4City: Builder of Sentient Cities Solutions

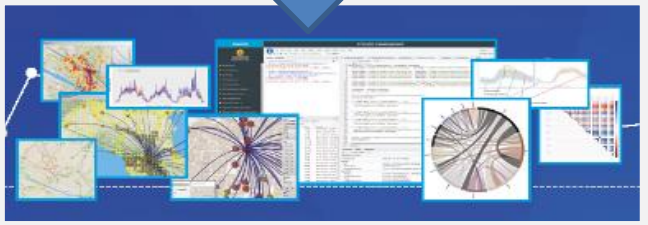
Dashboards with data driven IOT Applications enforcing intelligence

IOT and data World

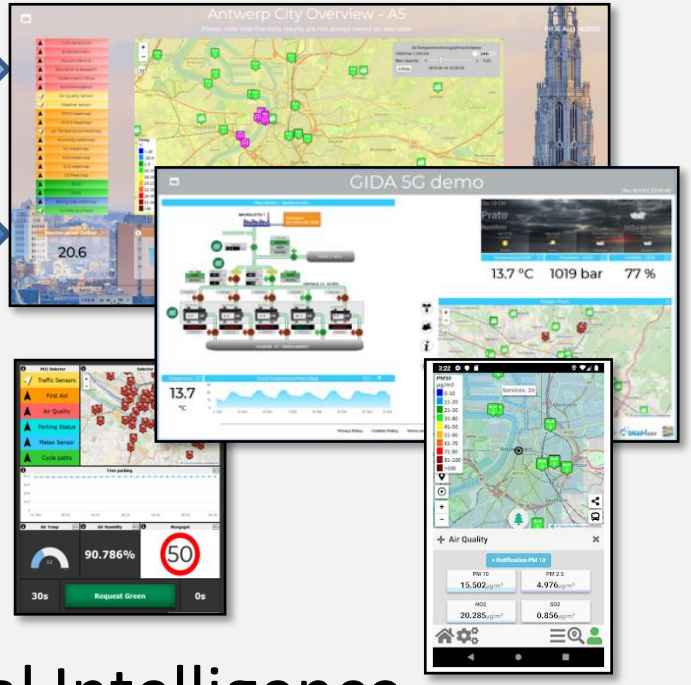


IOT Applications



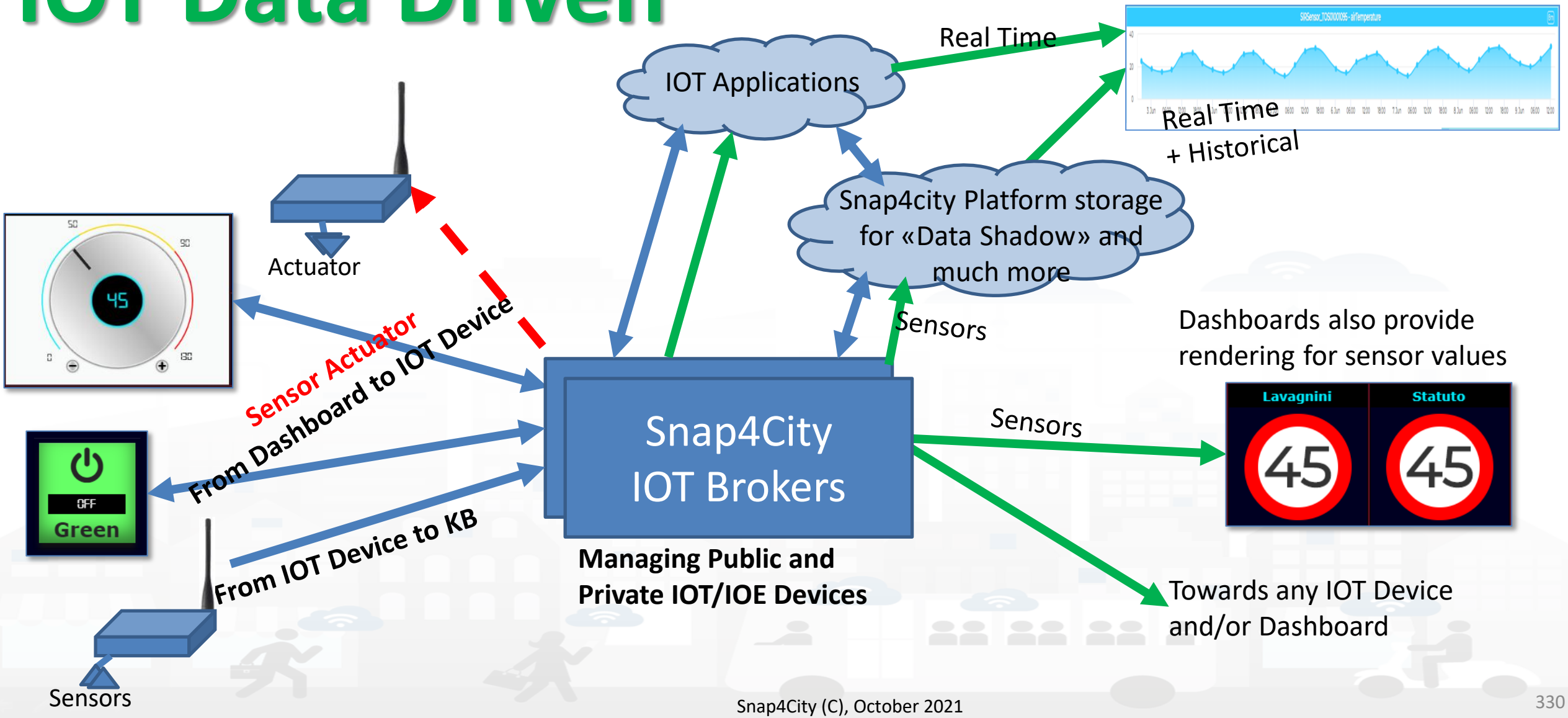


Dashboards and Apps



Big Data Analytics, Artificial Intelligence

IOT Data Driven



What the Dashboards can directly exploit

IOT Broker

IOT Broker

IOT Device

IOT Device

Sensors/
Actuators

IOT Edge

GIS data, Maps, ...

Snap4City BigData
Storage and KB

External Data Stores

LD, LOD

API, External Services

DataGate

Web Scraping

IOT Application

Dashboards

From IOT App
to Dashboard

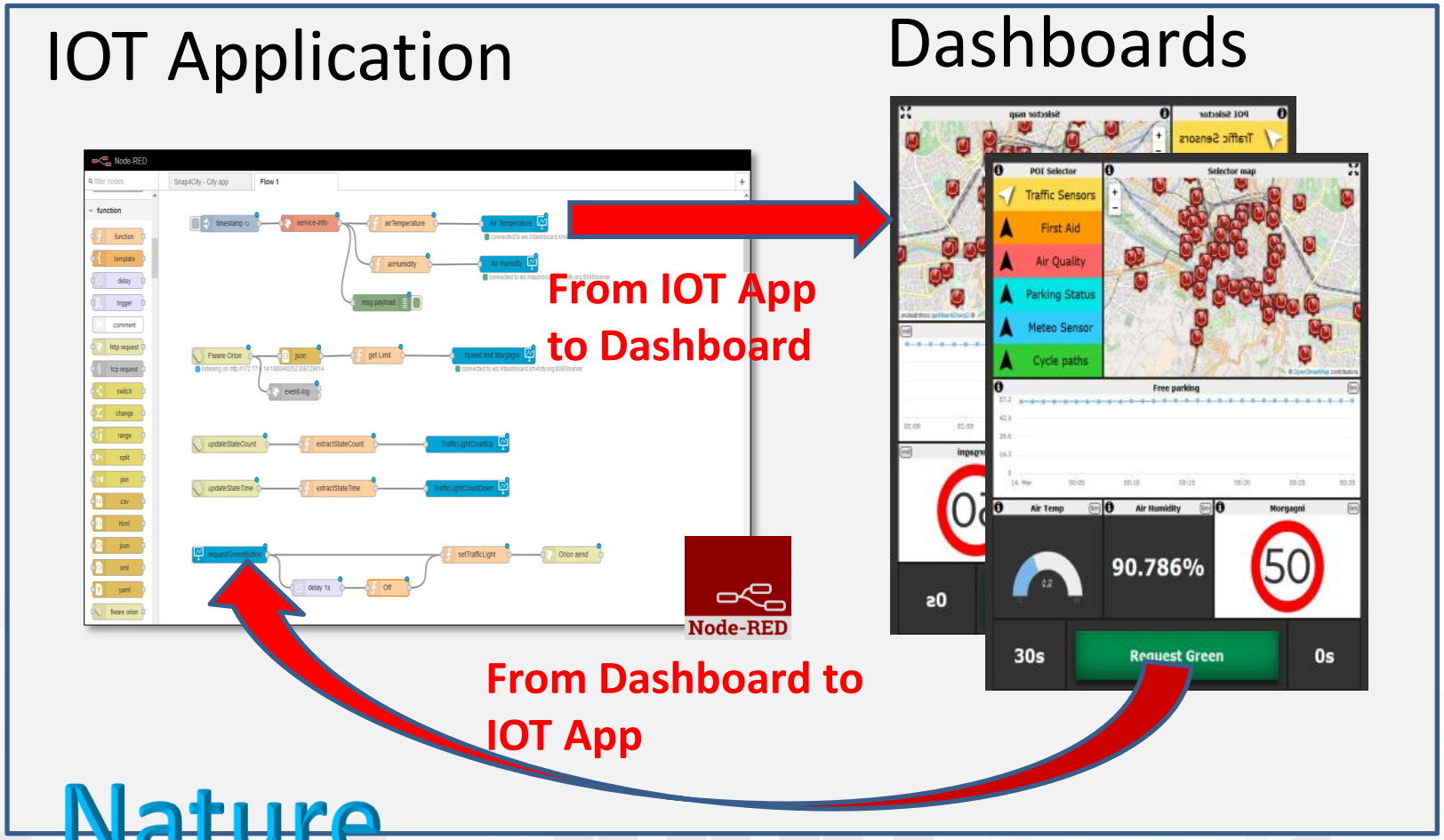
From Dashboard to IOT App

Big Data Analytics,
Artificial Intelligence
Access to all data

HLT: Sensors-Actuators

High Level Types

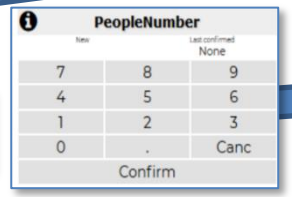
- **Complex Event**
- **Dashboard-IOT App**
- **External Service**
- **Heatmap**
- **KPI (Key Performance Indicator)**
- **MicroApplication**
- My Personal Data
- MyKPI
- MyPOI
- **POI (Point of Interest)**
- **Sensor**
- **Sensor Actuator**
- **Special Widget**
- Wfs (GIS)



Dashboard-IOT App

























MapClick

MyKPI variable onchange

Synoptics



impulse button

numeric keyboard

switch button

dimmer

geolocator

dropdown

form

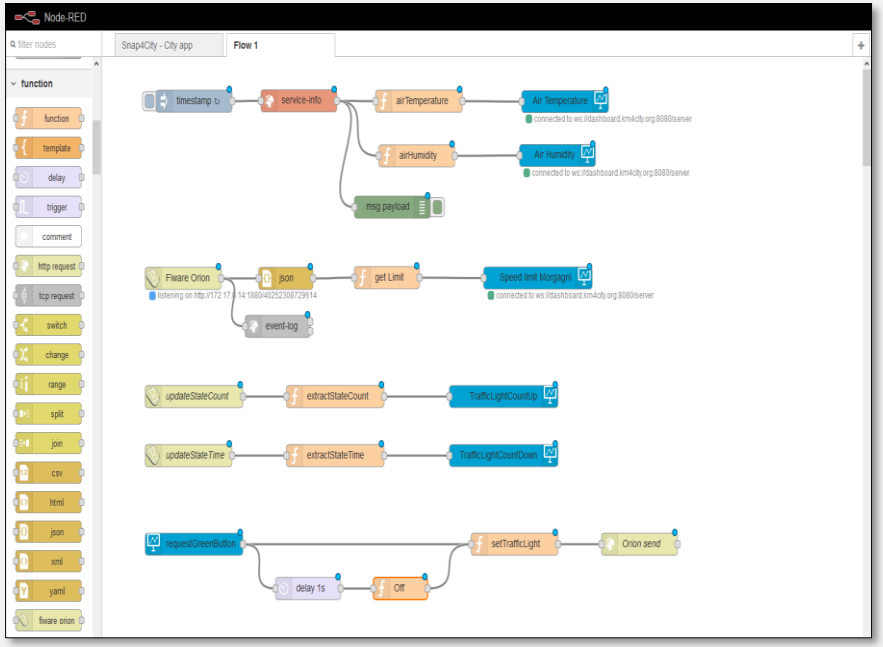
coordinates from map

event driven my kpi

synoptic read

synoptic subscribe

From Dashboard to IOT App

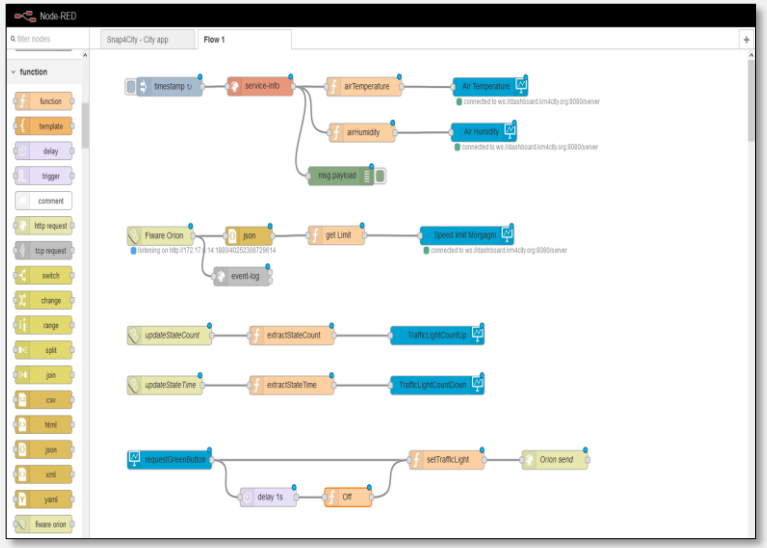


IOT Application

Nature

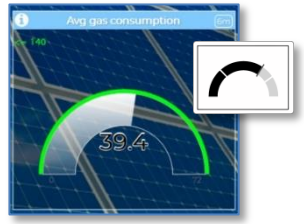
Dashboard-IOT App

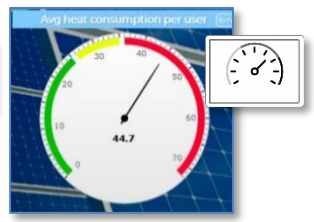
From IOT App to Dashboard

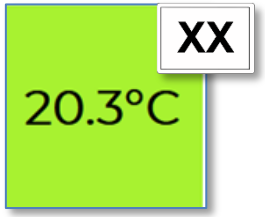


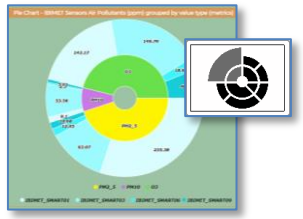
IOT Application

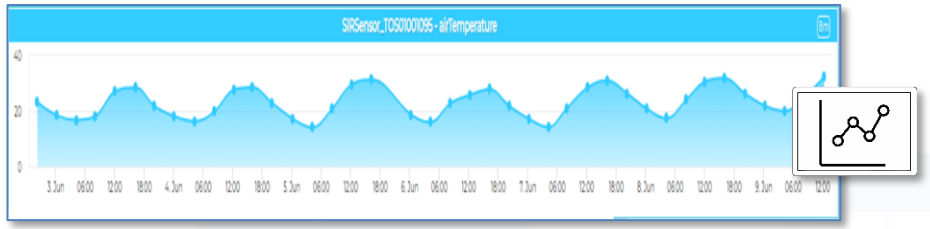
- gauge chart
- single content
- speedometer
- horizontal single bar
- vertical single bar
- web content
- time trend
- bar series
- radar series
- pie chart
- curved line series
- table content
- synoptic write
- calendar

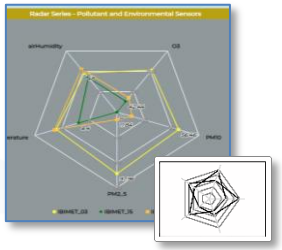


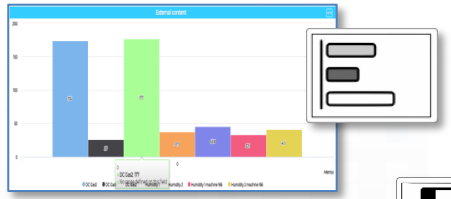


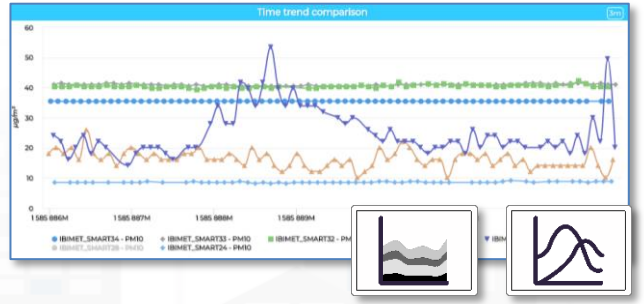


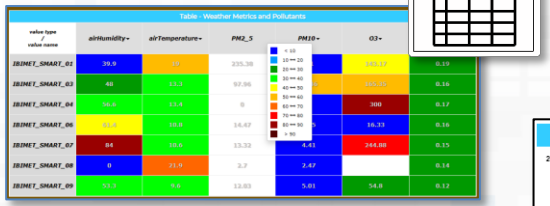


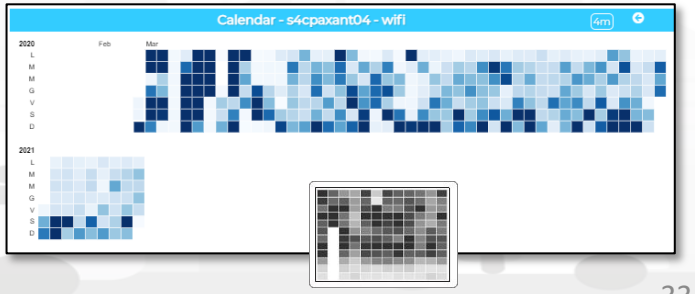






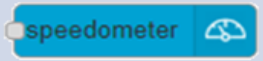
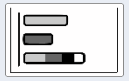
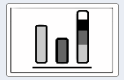
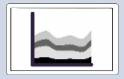
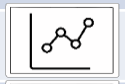
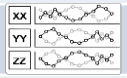
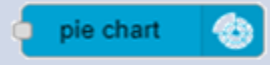
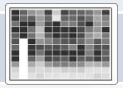
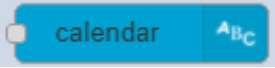






Dynamic (7/21)

DD: Data Driven

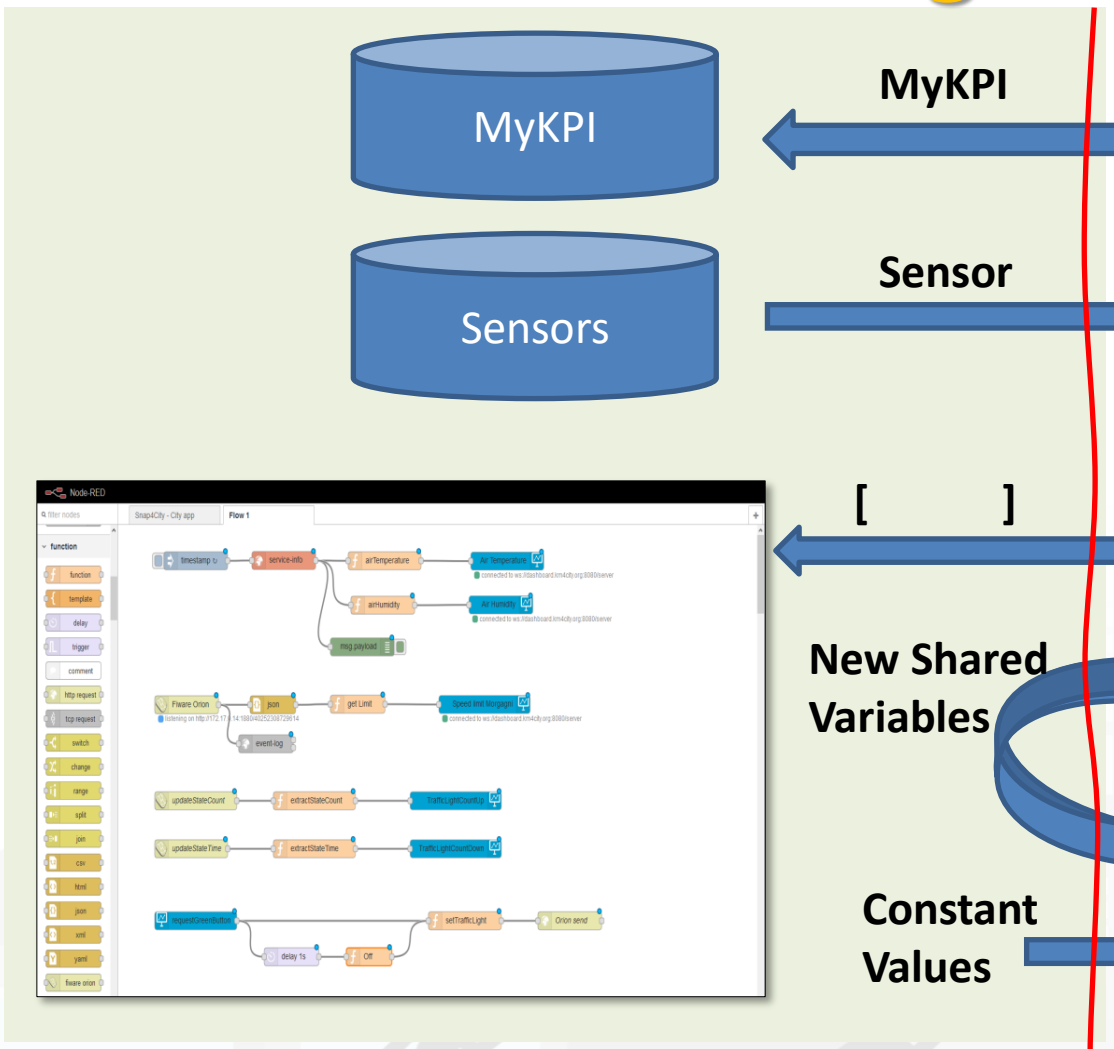
Widgets ICONS	Widget Name, Description	IOT App	Dashboard-IOT App	KPI (metric)	MyPersonalData	MyData	My KPI	Sensor
	Single Content 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Speed Limit (see custom for more)			X				X
	Speedometer 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Gauge 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
 	Single Bar, V/H  	X	X (DD)	X				
 	Single and Multiple Bars, stacked or not, ordered 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
 	MultiSeries, shaded, staked and non staked, TTT 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Time Trend (single) 	X	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
 	Time Trend Compare			X			X	X
	SpiderNet, radar, Kiviat 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Pie, Donut, 2 layers Donut 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Table 	X (cs)	X (DD)	X	X	X	X	X
	Calendar 	X (cs)	X (DD)				X	X

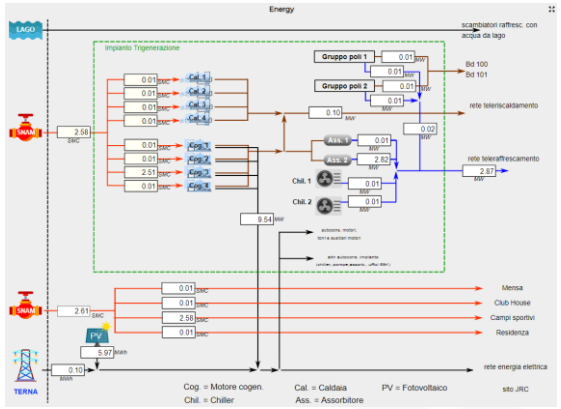
Legenda

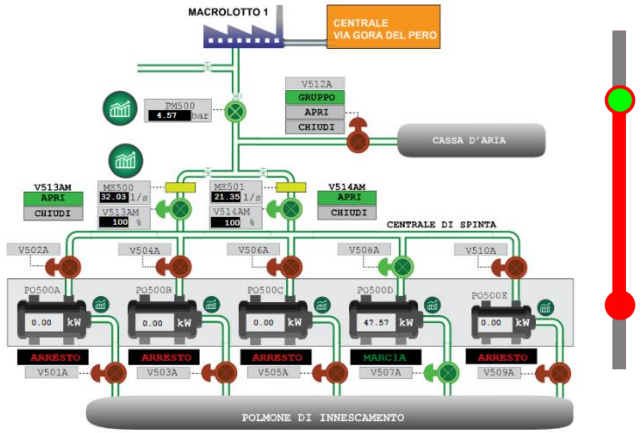
- **IOT APP column in previous table:**
  - **X**: means that from the IOT App you can send a new value or array to the widget directly, without the need to have is stored into Sensor or MYKPI variable, etc.
  - **CS, widget supports Change Source**, in the sense that: from the IOT App is possible to send a command to the Widget to change the data source. E.g., selecting sources among: Sensors (service URI), MyKPI (ID), any value produced on the IOT App directly. (cs) recent additions
- **Dashboard IOT App column in previous table**:
  - **X:** there is a MicroService / node on IOT App to act on those widgets on dashboard. The data are visualized.
  - **DD, widget is Data Driven**, in the sense that new data in push can be sent and the widget is updated in real time on web page without web page realoading

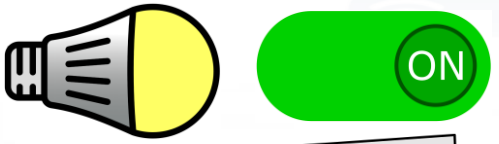
TC4.9: New Support Widgets for Bars, Barseries, Trend, and Series, on Dashboards and IOT Applications (partially obsolete)

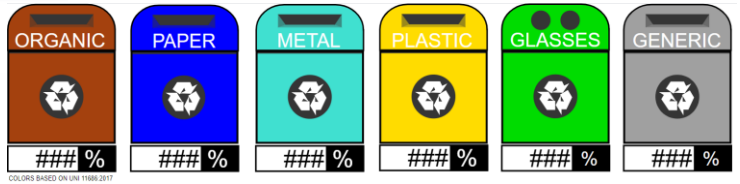
From-To Custom Widgets / Synoptics to Storage in WS

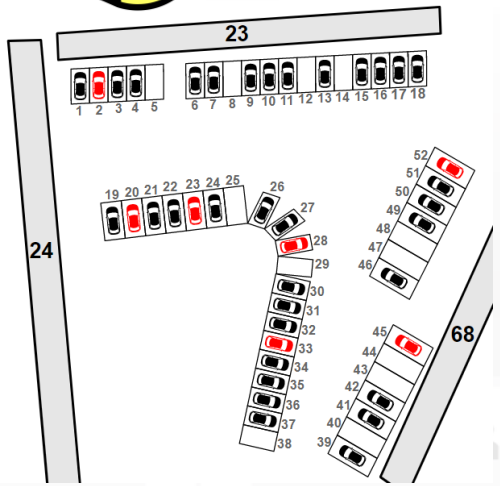






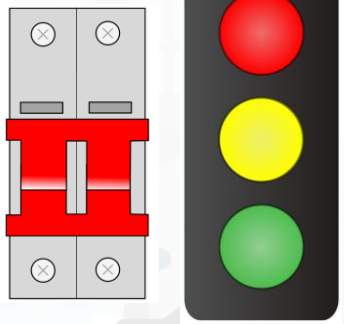












TOP

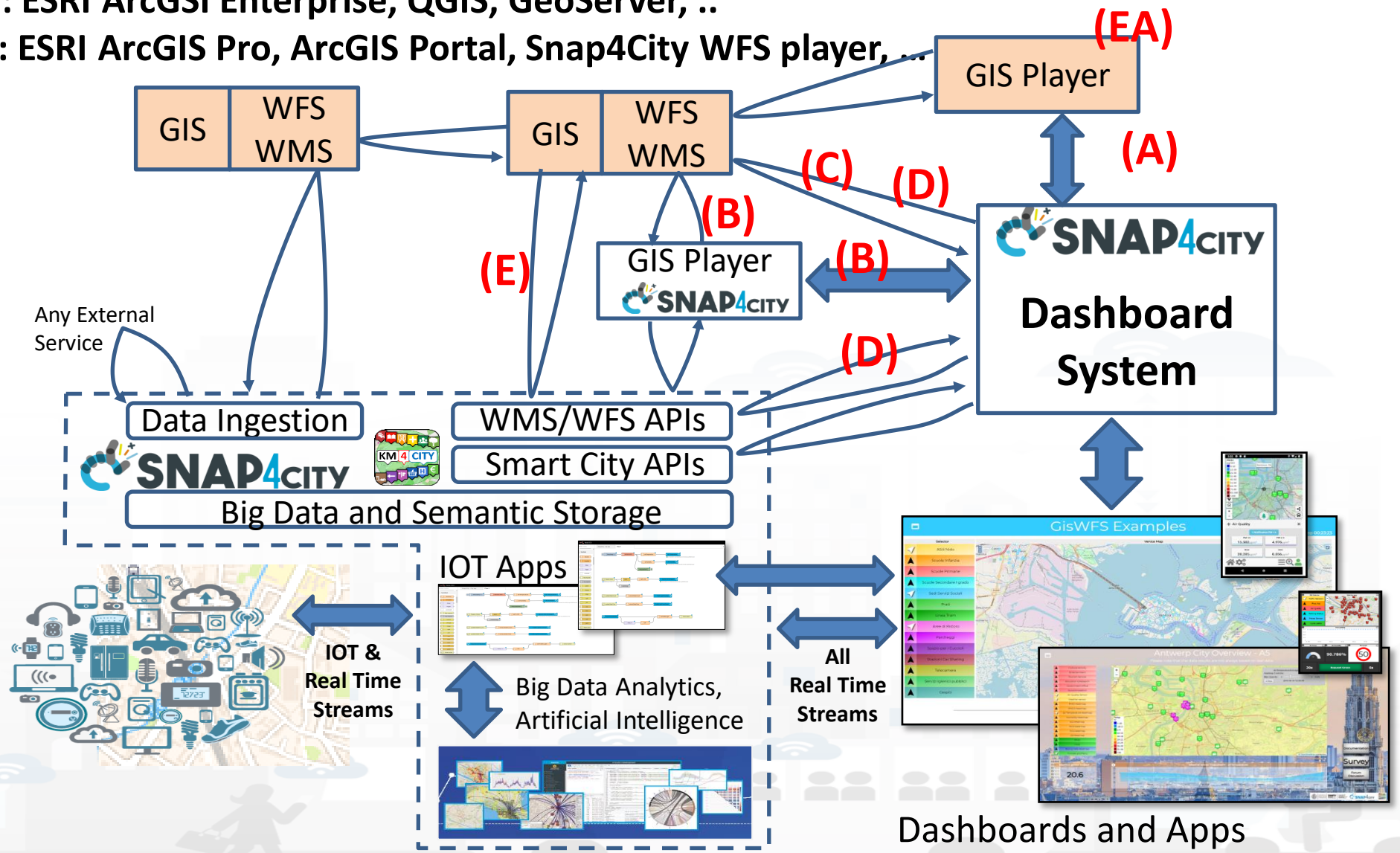
GIS Data Import and Export: WFS and WMS

https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/368

GIS vs Sna4City

GIS Server can be: ESRI ArcGSI Enterprise, QGIS, GeoServer, ..

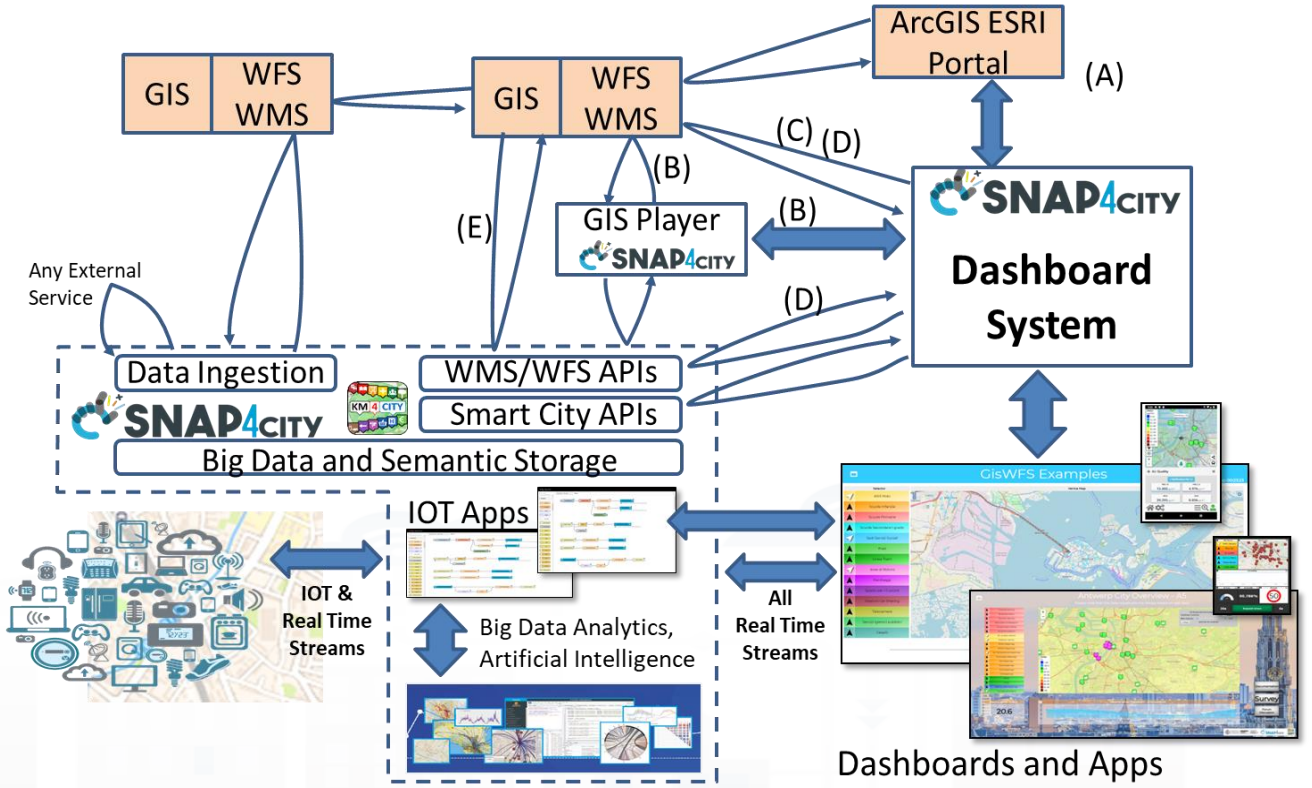
GIS Player can be: ESRI ArcGIS Pro, ArcGIS Portal, Snap4City WFS player, ...



- **GIS:**
  - Geographic Information System
- **WMS:**
  - Web Map Service
- **WFS:**
  - Web Feature Services

Interoperability ESRI

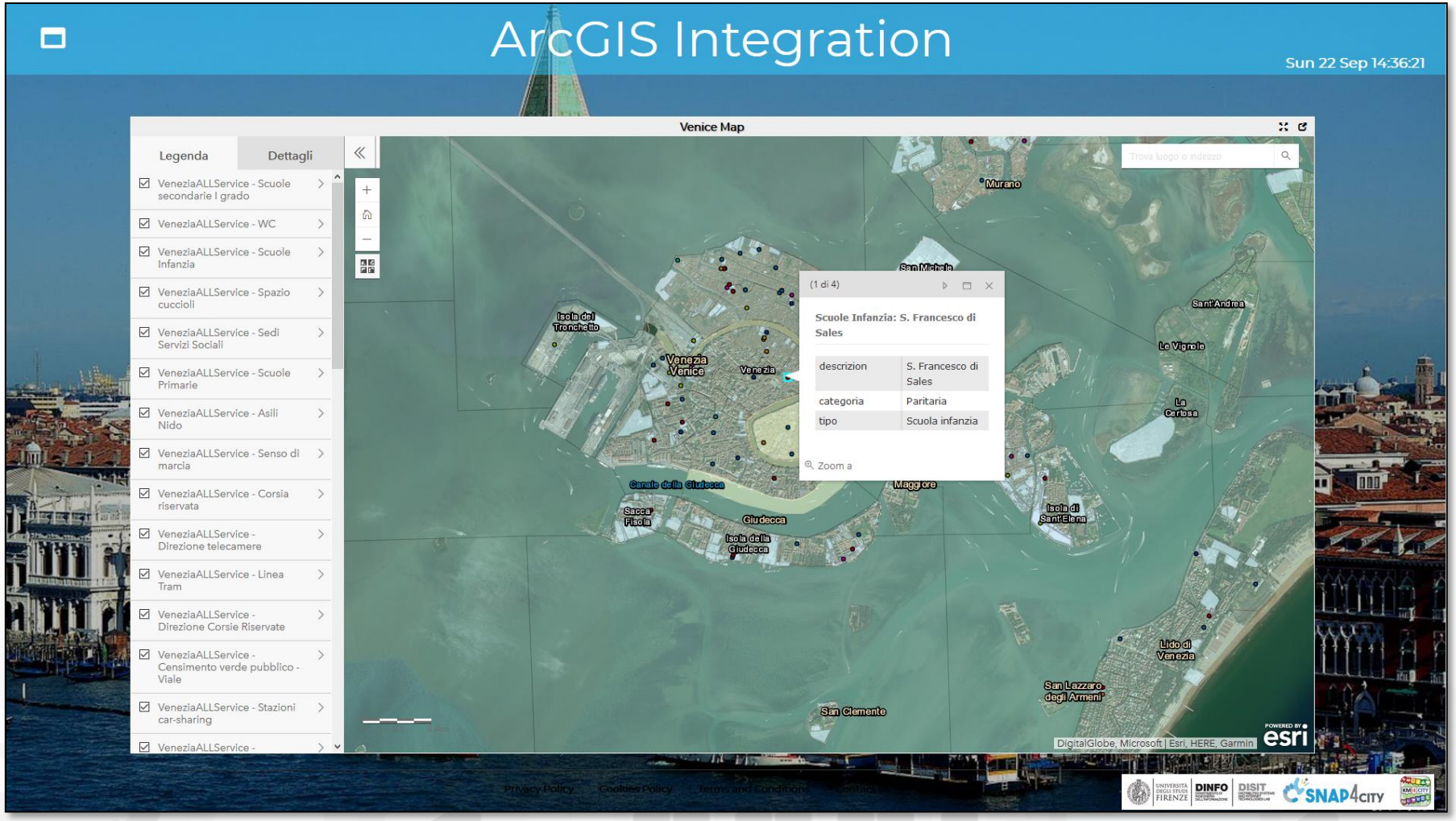
- **Snap4City is interoperable with**
  - ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise, Portal, Pro/MAP, ...
  - other GIS tools supporting WFS, WMS, GeoJSON, GML
- **Snap4City is interoperable since:**
  - **Provides** info/data in WFS, WMS
  - **Exploits** data/info from WFS, WMS
  - **Import** data/info from WFS/WMS



- The Snap4City platform can be installed on premise using **Snap4City Appliance** https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/471
  - **StartSNAP4CITYVM** includes the Dashboard Builder that is capable to work with WFS WMS protocols for the integration with GIS platforms as ESRI ArcGIS, QGIS, directly or using **Snap4City GIS player**.
  - **KBSSMVM** includes the Smart City API and WFS API which can be used to data harvest from any GIS servers and GIS desktop tool

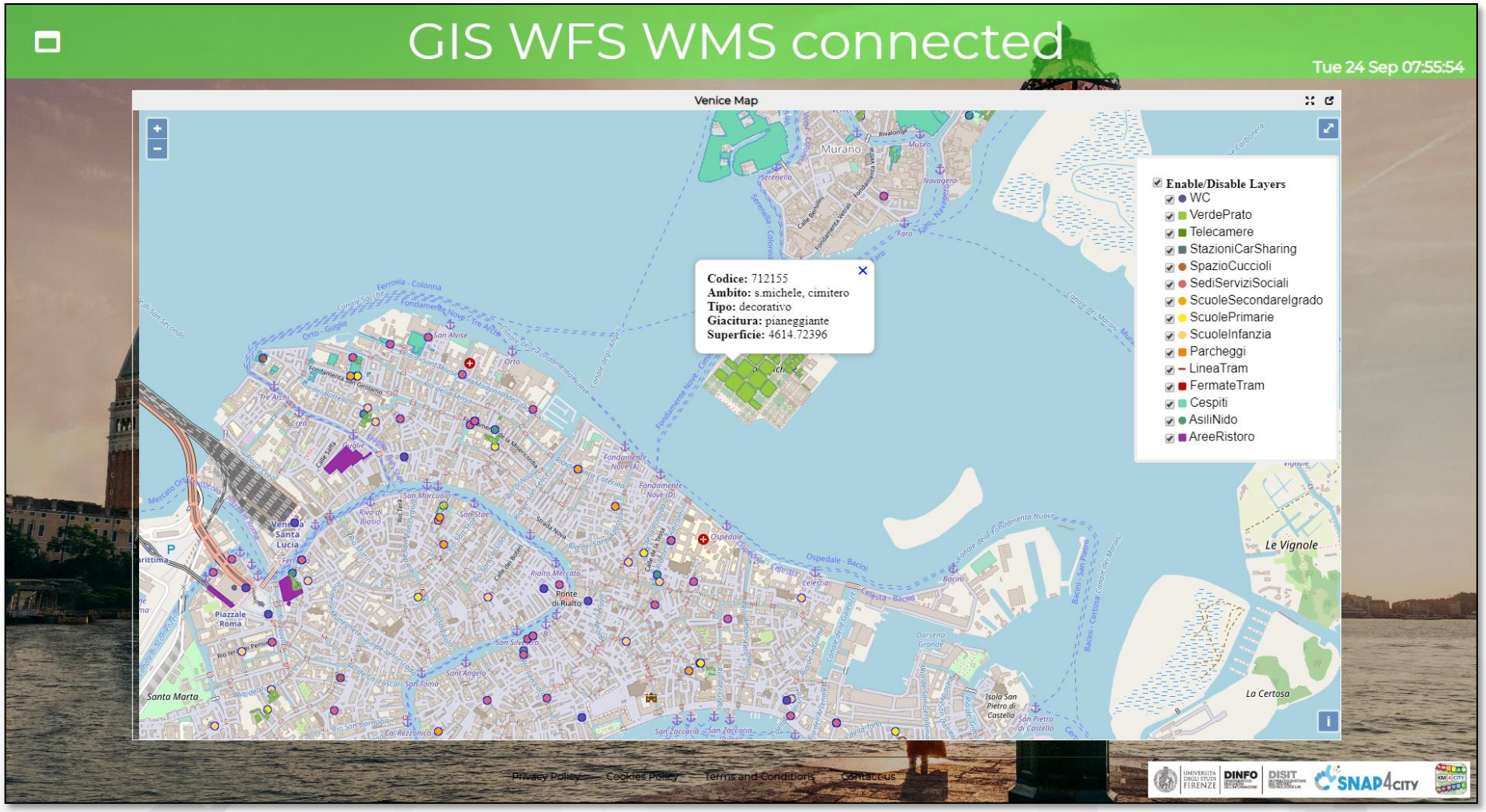
(A) ArcGIS ESRI as External Service

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- ArcGIS Portal accesses to ArcGIS Enterprise server
  - https://arcgis.km4city.org/arcgisportal/apps/Embed/index.html?webmap=5774fa9d0f7f4a2fb2d7cd52dffcd8c9&extent=12.3144,45.4276,12.3461,45.4419&home=true&zoom=true&previewImage=false&scale=true&search=true&searchextent=true&details=true&legendlayers=true&active_panel=details&basemap_gallery=true&disable_scroll=true&theme=light
- Snap4City Dashboard uses as External Service: ArcGIS ESRI Portal
- https://main.snap4city.org/view/index.php?iddasboard=OTkw



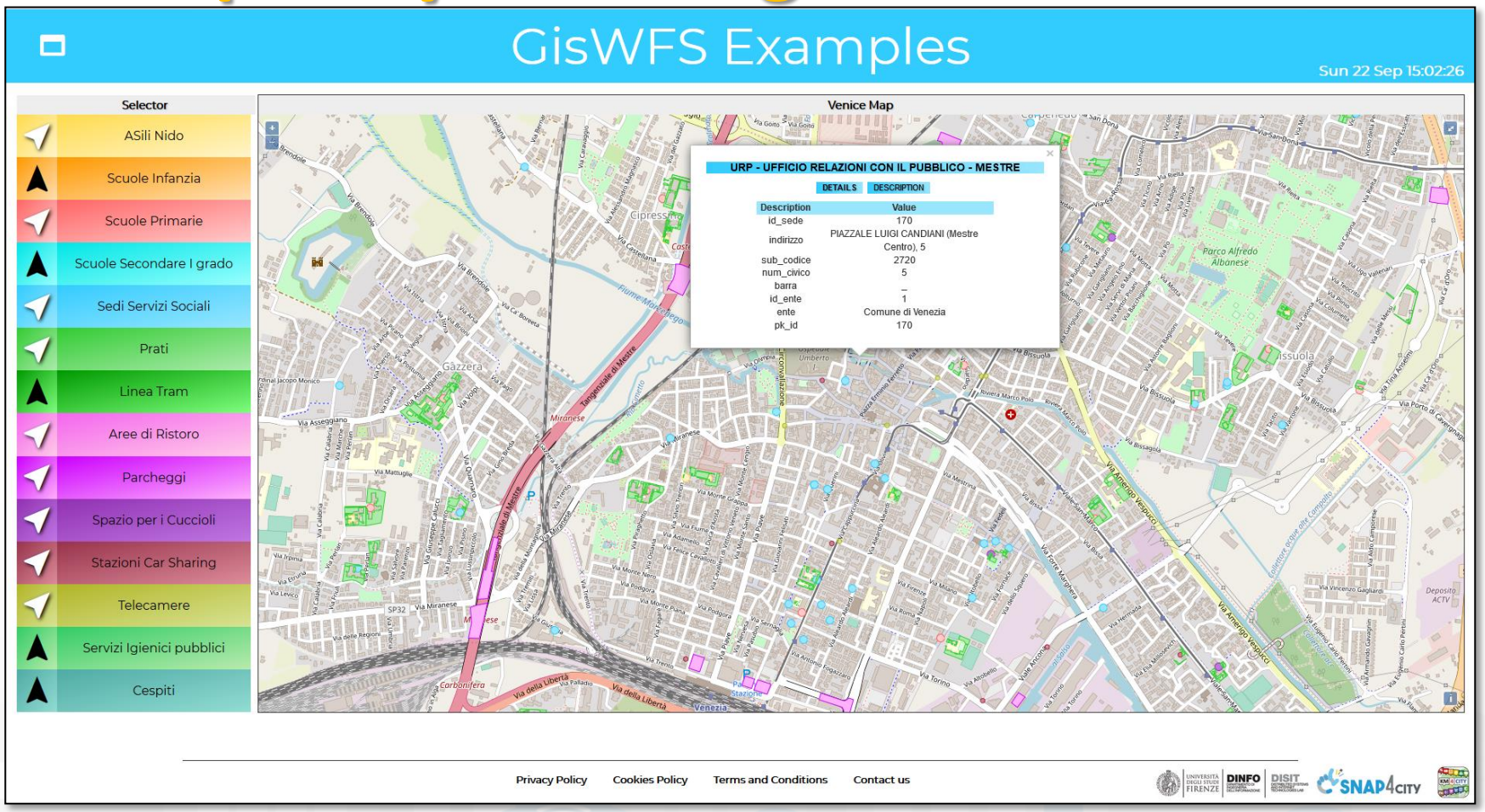
(B) GIS data on Dashboard via Snap4City GIS Player

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- Snap4City has its WFS Player https://main.snap4city.org/widgets/venezia/index.php
- Snap4City Dashboard uses as External Service: Snap4City GIS viewer via WFS/WMS: https://main.snap4city.org/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTIxNg==



(C) Dash with Snap4City GIS widget and Selector

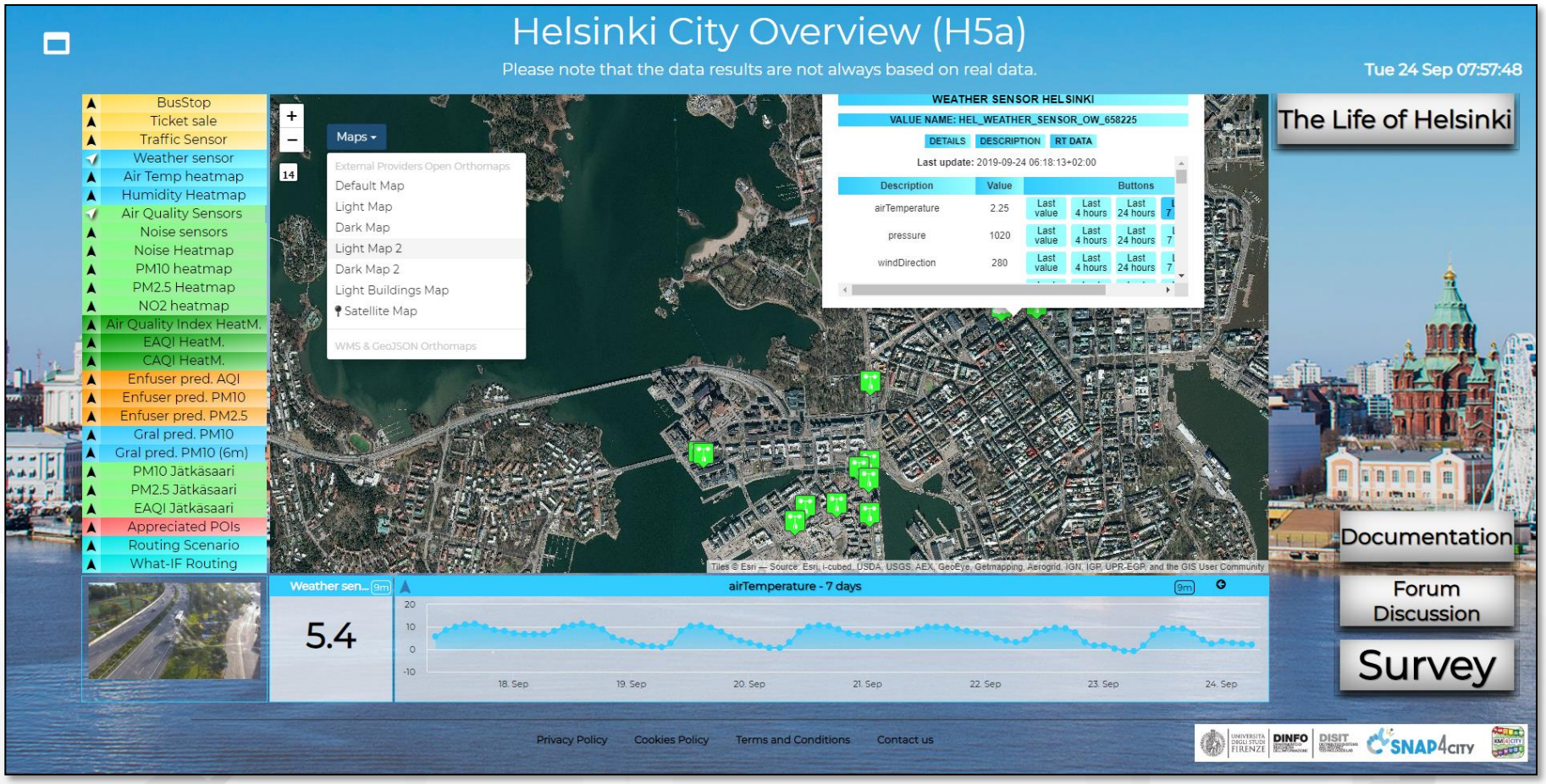
- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- Snap4City has its WFS / WMS widget / Player
- Snap4City Dashboard shows WFS/WMS data via Special GIS Widget Map:
  - https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTQwMw==
- Snap4City can use **Selector** to select WFS / WMS sources to be shown from ESRI ArcGIS (as well as from any other WFS service) on Widget map



The Snap4City Widget Map allows to **mixt WFS GIS sources with Smart City API**
https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTM5NA==

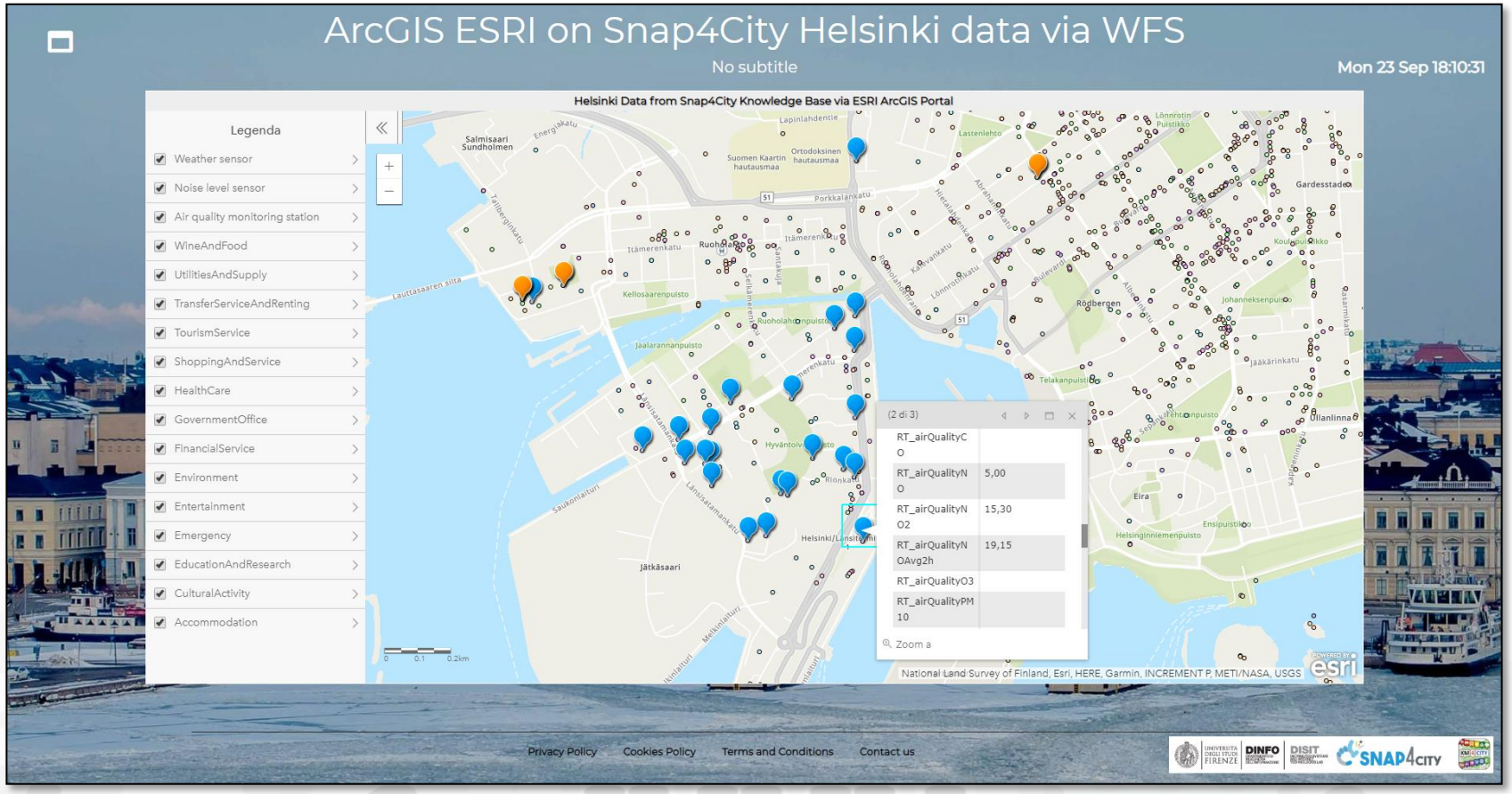
(D) Dashboard with Orthomaps and shapes layers based on WMS, GeoJSON

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed, and GeoServer
- Snap4City main MultidataMap Widget can load WMS background images and shapes, the Orthomaps
- Also Heatmaps calibrated are provided from GeoServer using WMS protocol
- Maps in this case are directly **taken from ESRI Server, free of charge**
- https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTQwNg==#



(E) Snap4City via WFS on top of Smart City API provide data to ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise or ArcGIS Pro, and thus the data become accessible on ArcGIS ESRI Portal

- Snap4City provides a WFS service on top of SmartCity API. Thus providing data to any GIS/WFS client, including ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise, ArcGIS Pro, QGIS, etc.
- In the example, our ingested Helsinki Data have been harvested from ESRI ArcGIS via WFS.
- Once ingested on ESRI ArcGIS can be visualized, by using ArcGIS Portal
  - https://arcgis.km4city.org/arcgisportal/apps/Embed/index.html?webmap=fbcec7055a3446e29fc1e9c55cb53d79&extent=24.8335,60.1465,25.013,60.1965&zoom=true&previewImage=false&scale=true&legendlayers=true&disable_scroll=false&theme=light
- Snap4City Dashboard can show ESRI ArcGIS Portal **(A)** as External Services in a dashboard.
  - https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjIwNg==



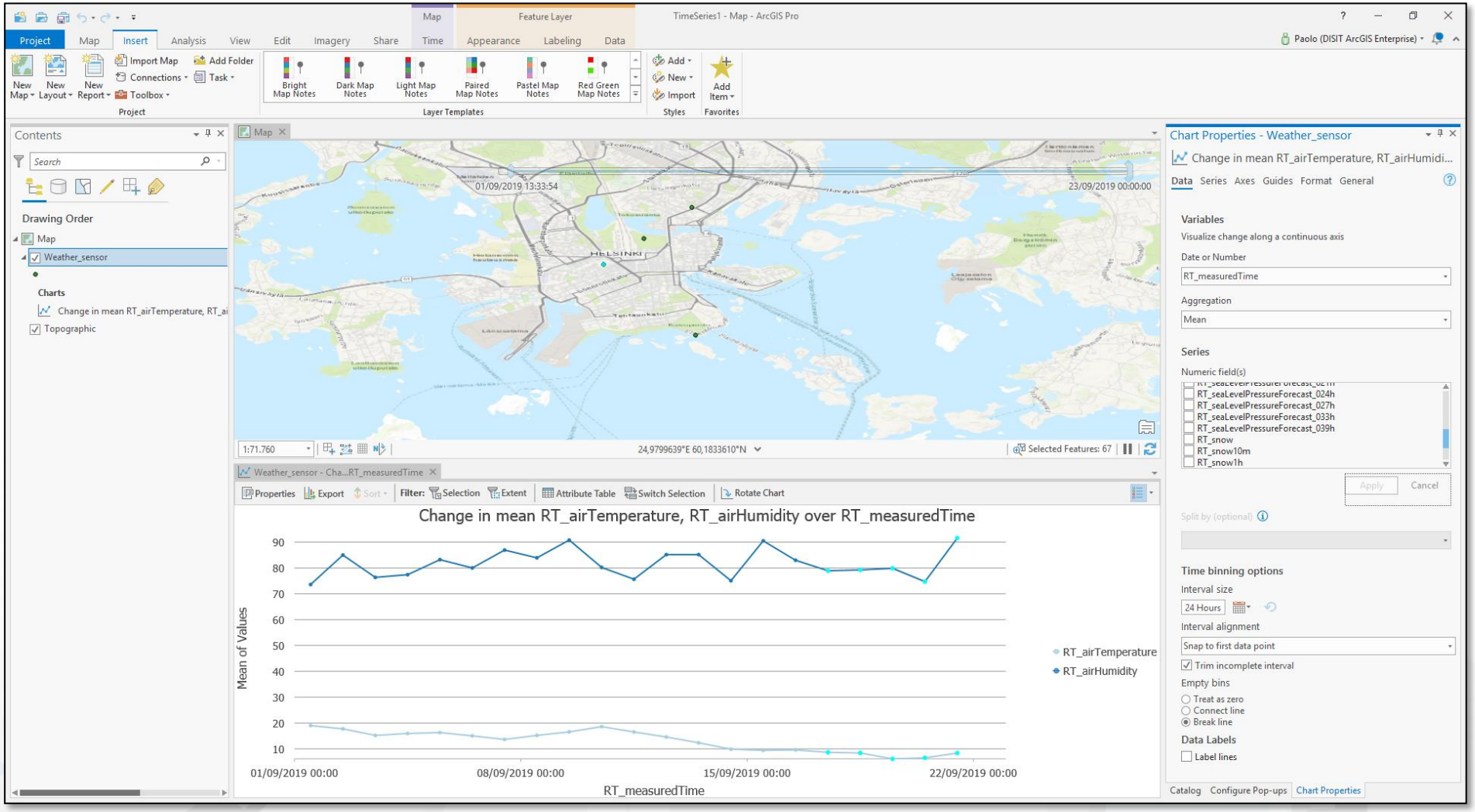
(EA) ArcGIS ESRI Pro as GIS / WFS play

To test you need to have installed ArcGIS pro on your pc and connect with Snap4City WFS/WMF server or with ArcGIS server which has done the same connection with our server WFS/WMS

On PC:

(i) Get data via WFS connected to ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise or other sources

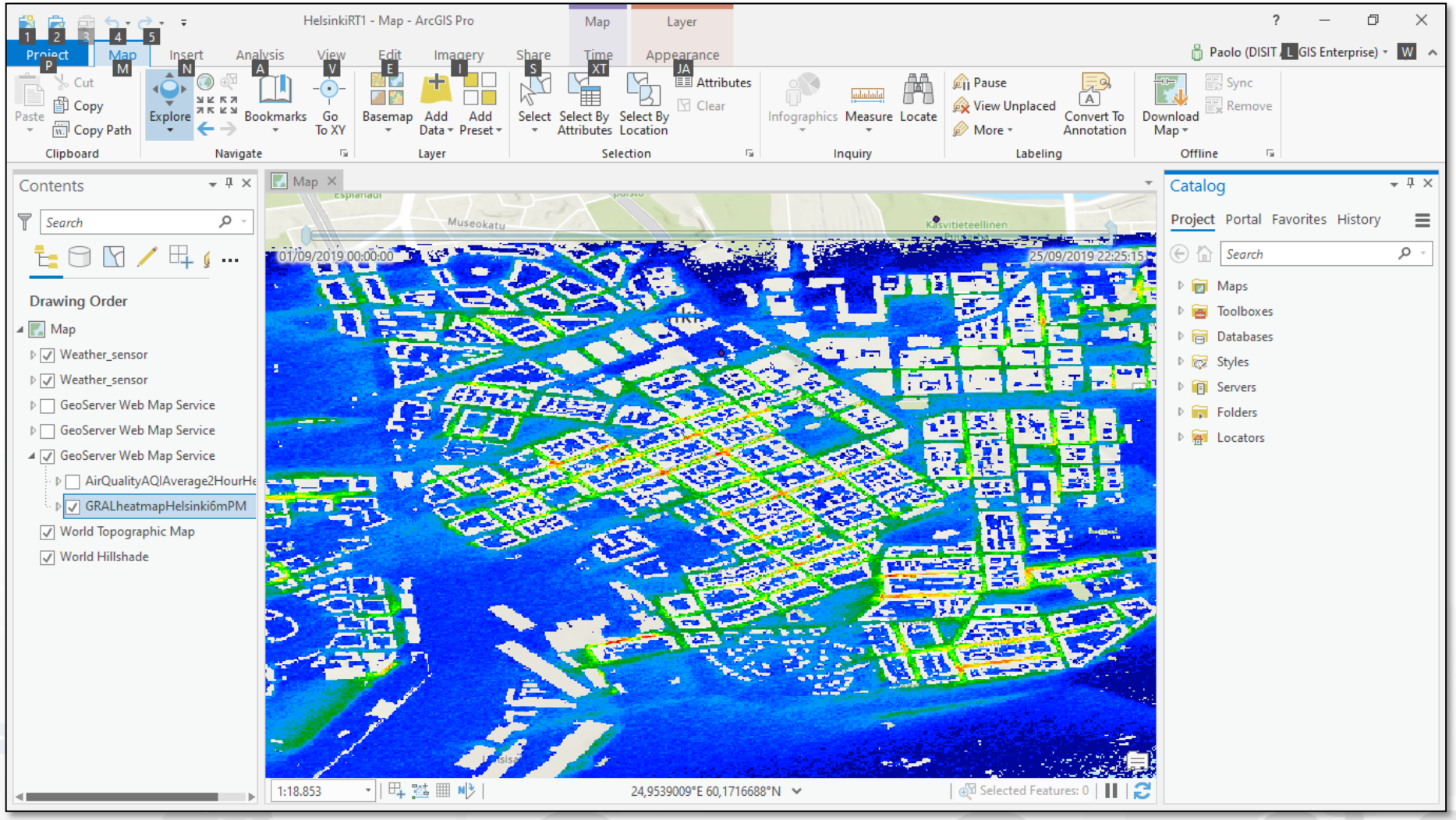
(ii) Download data via WFS … from…



(EA) ArcGIS ESRI Pro as GIS / WMS play

To test it you need to have installed ArcGIS pro on your pc and connect with our WFS/WMF server or with ArcGIS server which has done the same connection with our server WFS/WMS

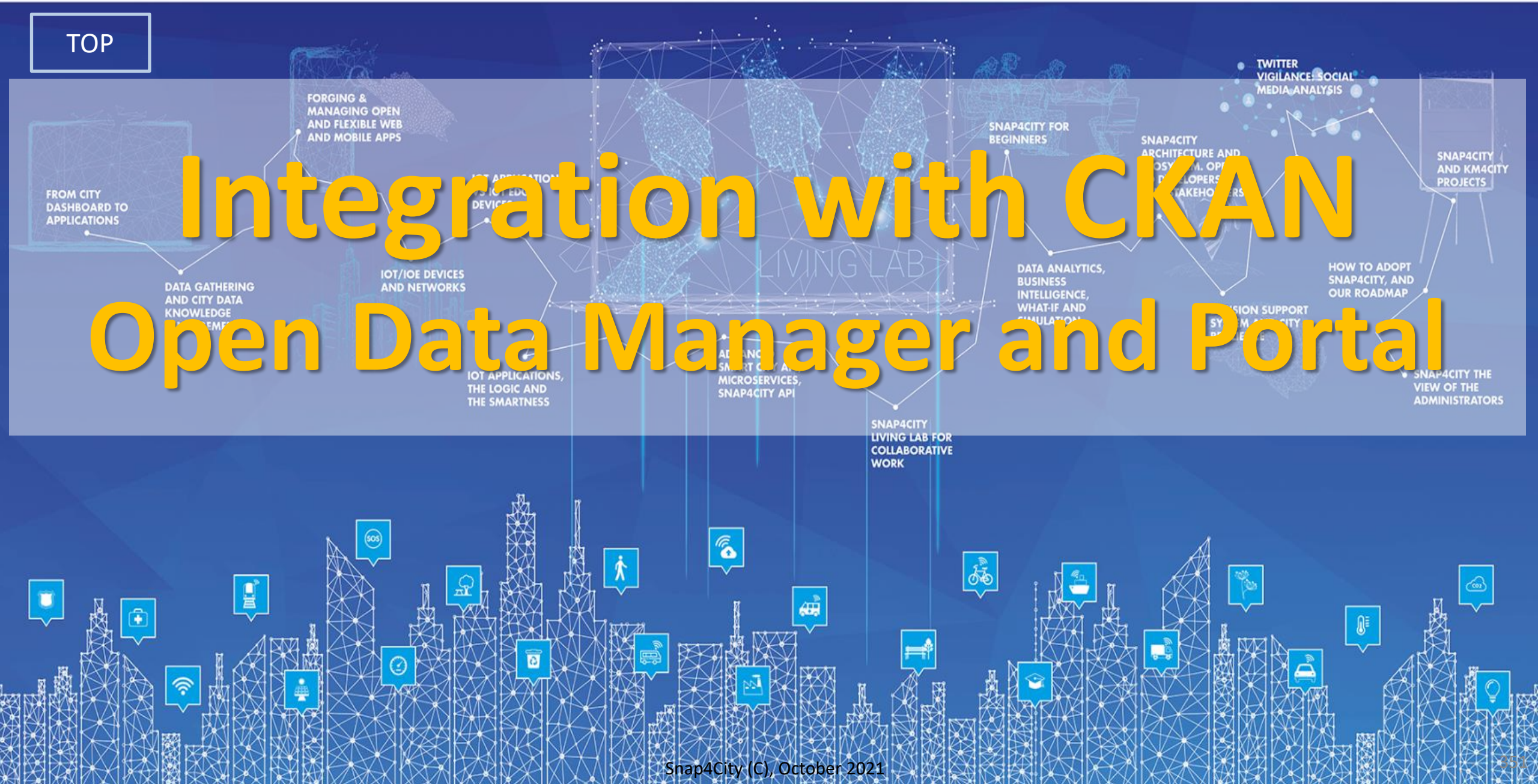
Heatmap taken from Snap4City GeoServer via WMS protocol



Snap4City vs GIS, WFS/WMS

- GIS data:
  - Ingested via WFS/WMS protocols, and then managed as the other data. Data ingestion from GIS server can be performed via ETL processes, or directly from Dashboards
  - Shown on Dashboards via third party GIS tools as External Services
  - Shown on Dashboards using Special GIS Widget Map which directly access to GIS data via WFS/WMS
  - Heatmaps and Maps are distributed via a GeoServer
- Snap4City can interact with ArcGIS Real Time Events via MQTT protocol as well
- **Snap4City vs GIS solutions and connections**

TOP

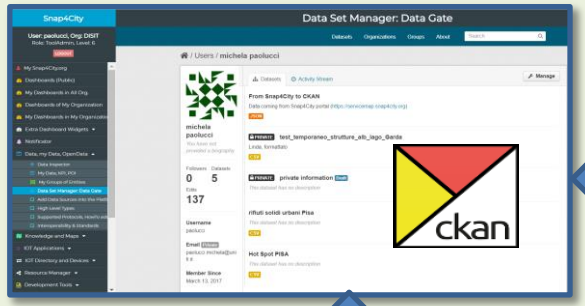


Integration with CKAN Open Data Manager and Portal

Snap4City vs CKAN

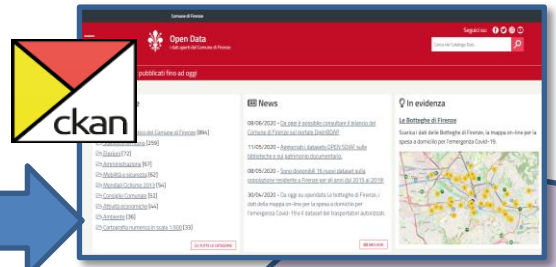
Snap4City Portal and Integrated tools

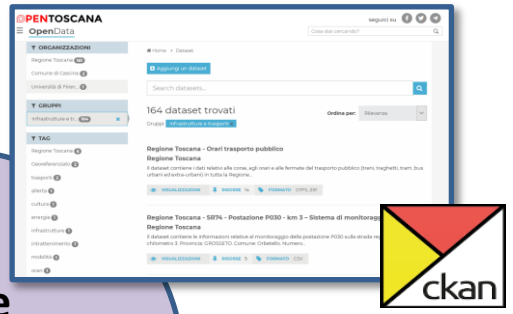
Datagate



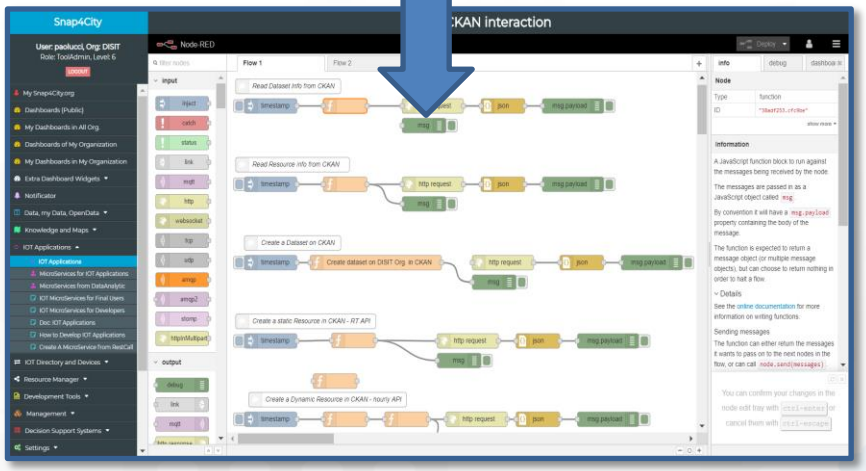
Advanced Snap4City APIs and Micro Services

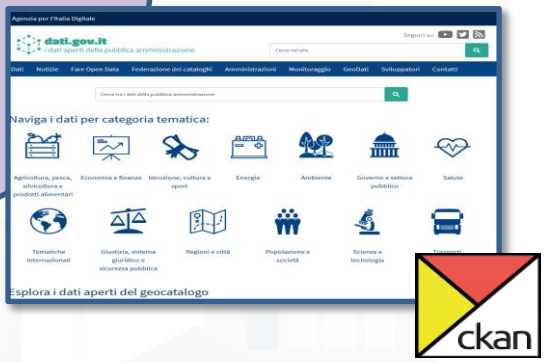
Harvesting and Publishing





Open or Private External CKAN Data Portals

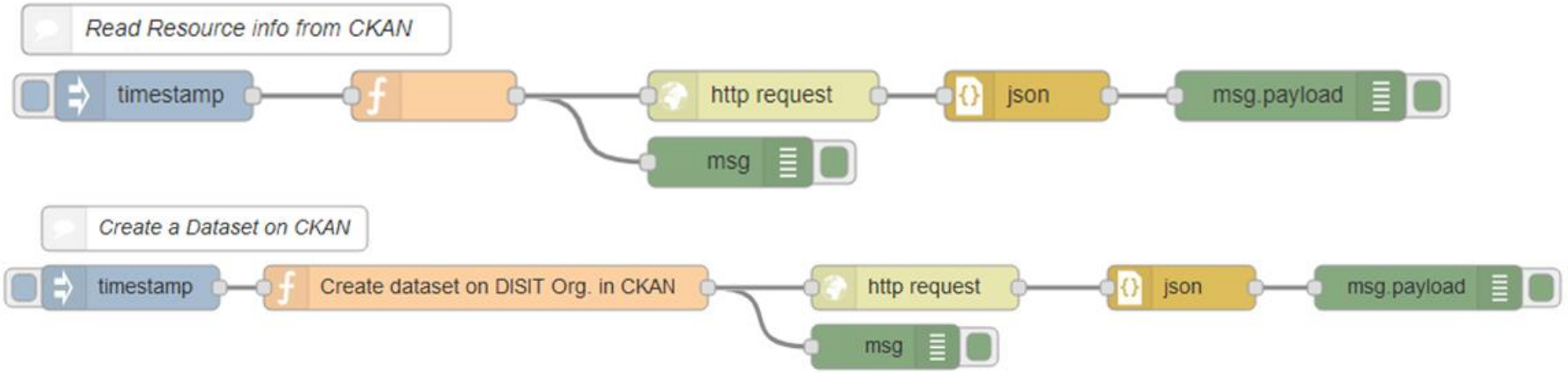




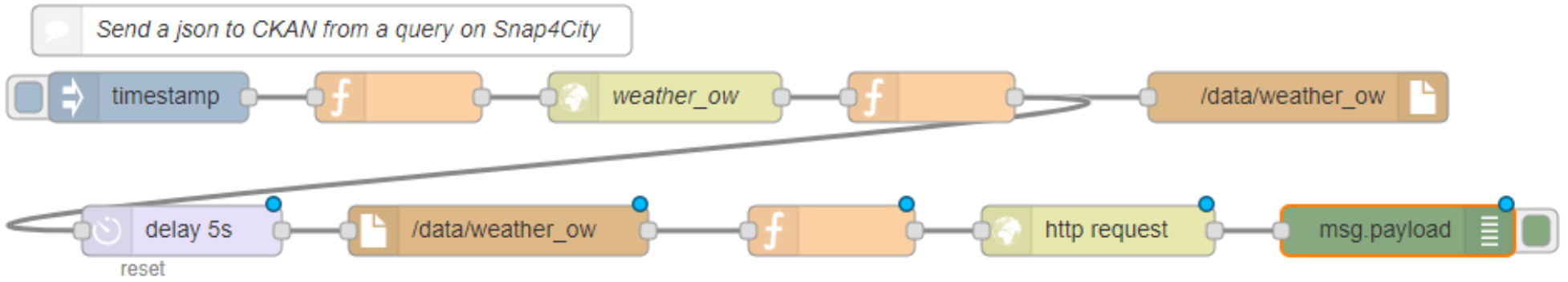
Automatize:

- Import data from CKAN to Snap4City
- Upload Public Data from Snap4City to CKAN
- Data Harvesting
- Dashboards and Mobile/Web Apps creation

Some IOT App segements



Almost all the calls to CKAN are quite similar

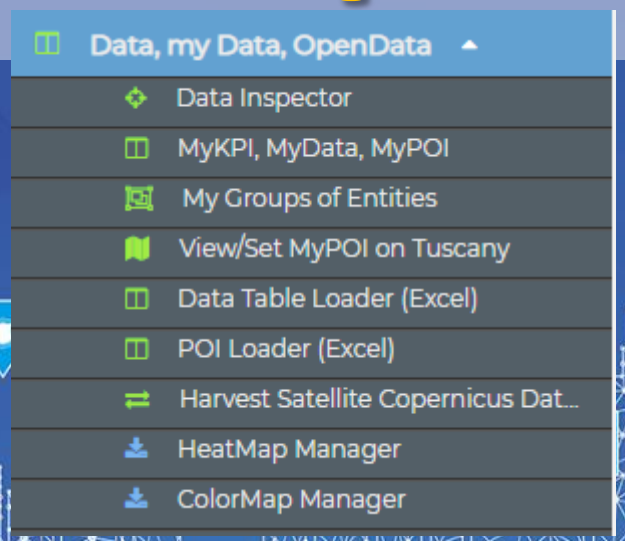


Read more on

- **TC9.17 – CKAN vs Snap4City Integration and Interaction**
  - automating the *Read of a Dataset Info from CKAN*
  - automating the *Read of a Resource info from CKAN*
  - automating the *Creation of a Dataset on CKAN*
  - automating the *Creation of a static Resource in CKAN*
  - automating the *Creation of a dynamic Resource in CKAN*
  - automating the *Sending of a json to CKAN from a query to Snap4City to perform any other action on the Smart City*
- **Data Set Manager: Data Gate / CKAN federated**

TOP

Integration with Copernicus Satellite Data



Needs

- In the Smart City context there is the needs of
  - **Accessible and affordable** data: spatially and temporally dense
  - **Reducing costs** for data gathering.
    - Sensors are good, but are scattered and very expensive
  - Reduce **costs for maintenance** of data gathering solutions
    - Sensors have high costs of maintenance: repairing, battery changes, calibrations, attacks, etc.
  - **Validation** of data.
- Satellite data may be a solution to some of those problems, while other have to be managed.

Smart City: Satellite Data vs Sensors Data

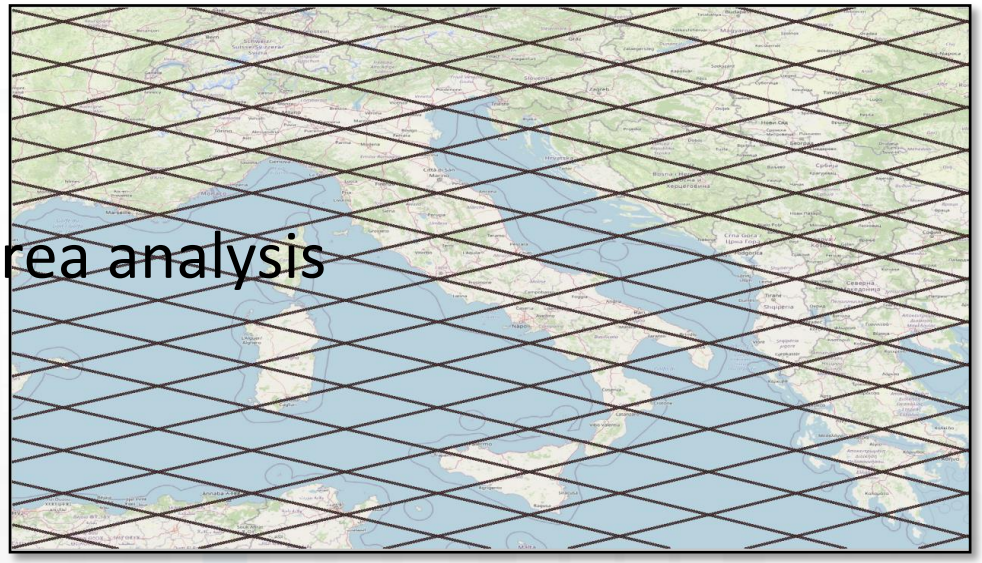
- **From Satellites, many sources, different resolutions, open/closed:**
  - Ozone, NO2, SO2, Aerosol, CO, etc.
  - Temperature, vegetation, land usage
    - Evolution of soil usage: with high seasonality, and weather impact
  - Air traffic derived data
  - Water traffic usage data
  - Many other technical measures….
  - Spatial and temporal resolution ???
- **From Sensors and other sources:**
  - Pollutant: PM10, PM2.5, NO2, NO, SO2, CO2, …
  - Weather: temperatures, humidity, wind, DEW, etc.
  - Other: Traffic flow sensors, people flow, parking, etc.
  - Air/lidar measures from flights: vegetation, land usage
  - Scattered data, specifically positioned, no dense data

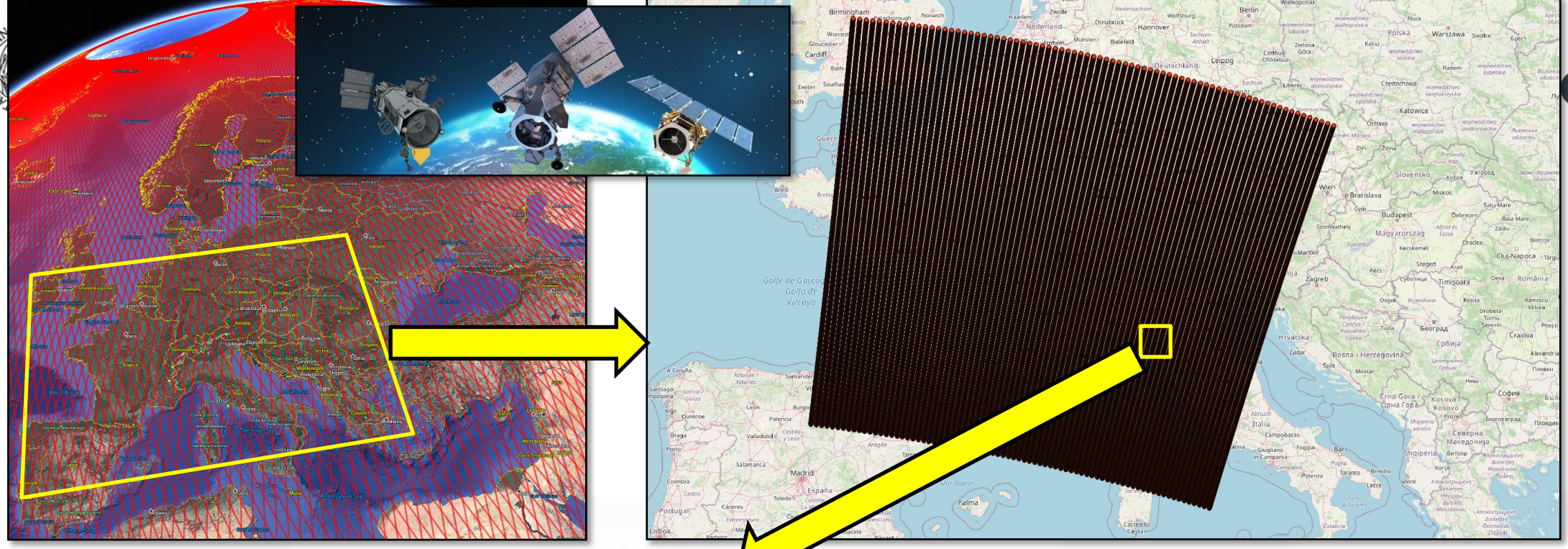


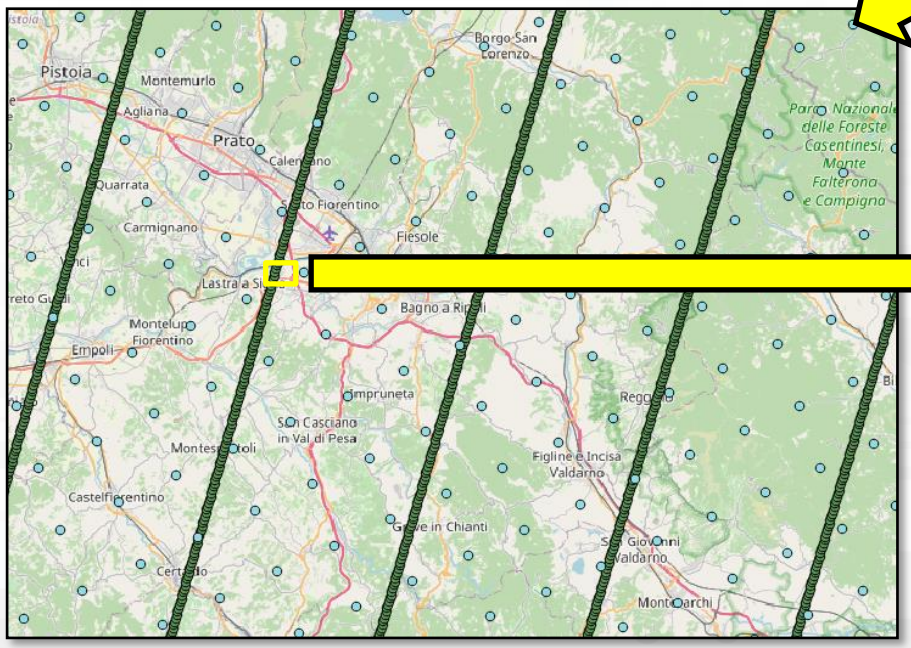
https://www.copernicus.eu/en/copernicus-satellite-data-access

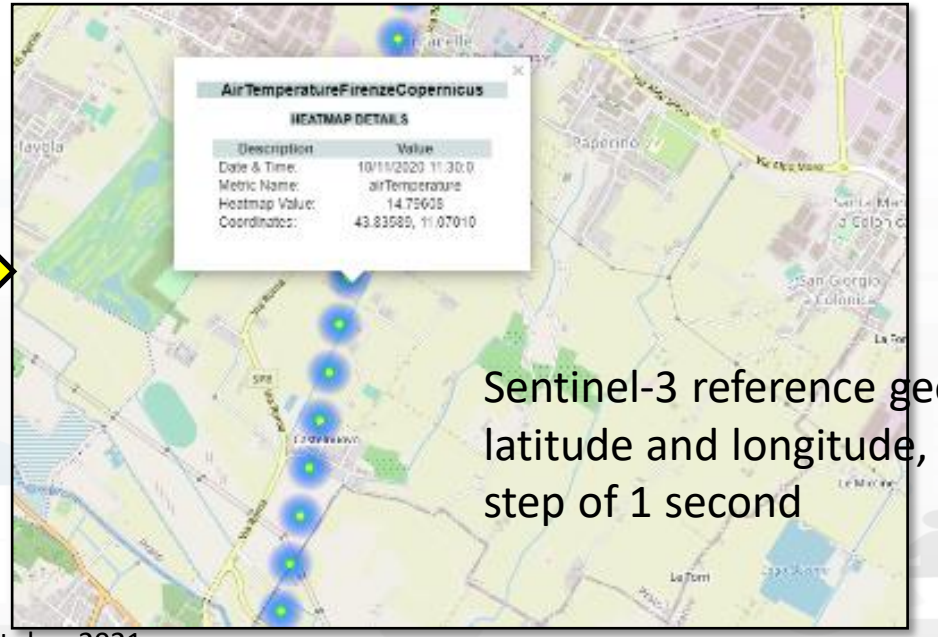
Satellite data

- **A large number of measures, not accessible from ground level sensors**
- **Complex data stream acquisition**
  - Data Transformation by knowing the satellite model is needed
  - Complex for small area since satellite products are typically large area
- **Temporal and spatial resolutions** (lat, lon)
  - They are not matrices actually
  - They are not always taken on the same places
  - Resolution may be not enough for specific city area analysis
  - No event driven data
- **View from the space**:
  - Affected by cloud and weather
  - Measures of the column of air and not at the ground level



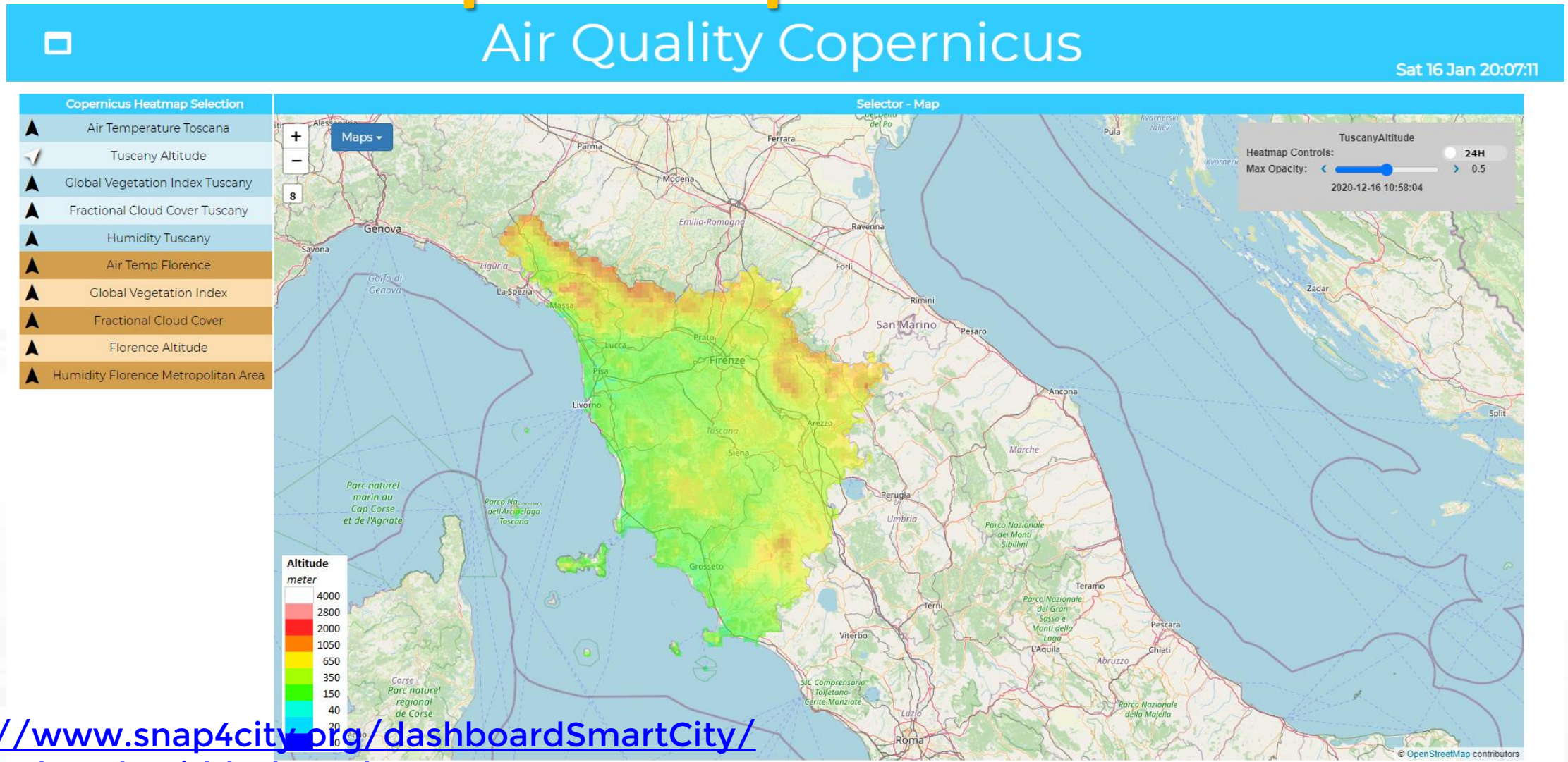






Sentinel-3 reference geocentric latitude and longitude, time step of 1 second

Example of Copernicus Data

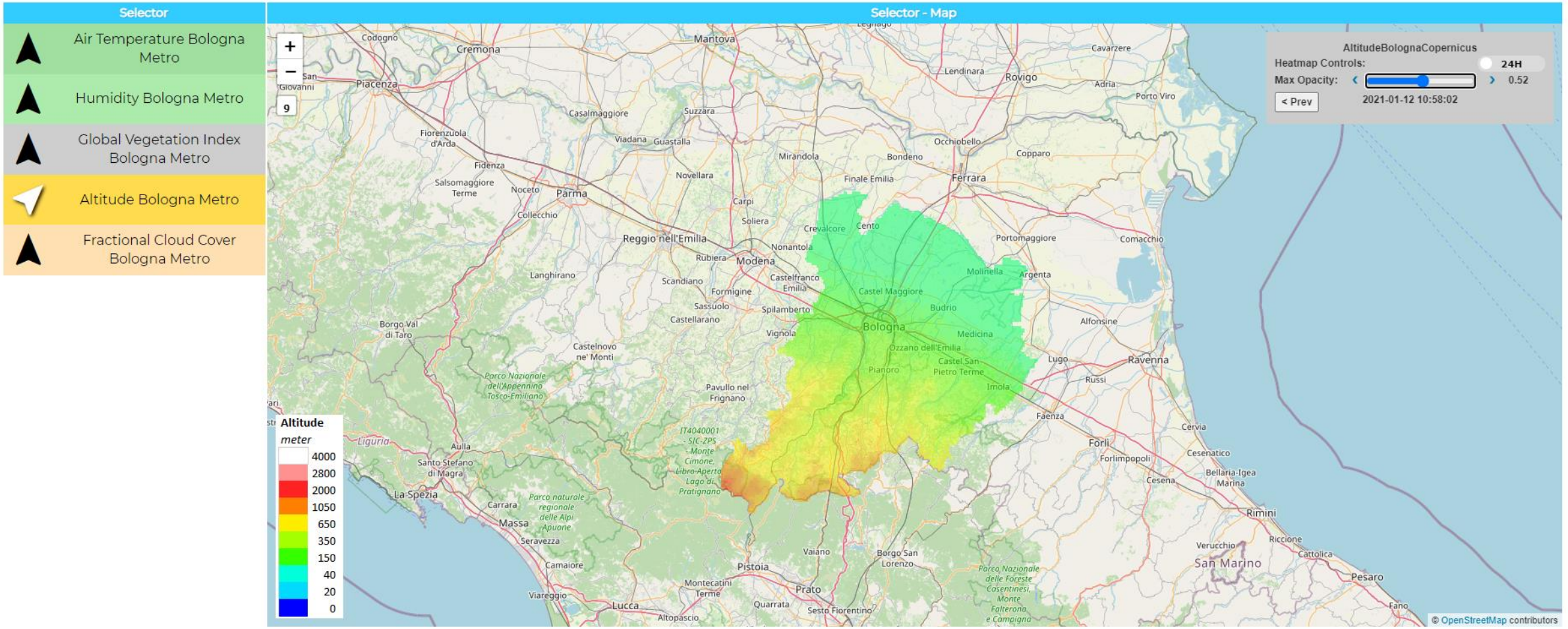


https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MzAwNQ==

Bologna Metro

Bologna Metropolian Area Copernicus Data

Sat 16 Jan 20:08:03



https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MzAzNg==

Satellite Data Harvesing and Preparation



Satellite Data Services

Copernicus API

5

Download data

1

GET

token

3

Order Interface

2

Insert metadata (unprocessed data)

4

Get metadata

Satellite Data Harvester

6

processed data

7

Satellite data Info

Get metadata

Heatmap production

9

8

Get heatmap metadata

HeatMap Data Server

Heatmap GeoTIF Generation

interpolated data

GeoTIFF

10

Geo Shape of the region

GeoServer (PostgreSQL)

GeoServer



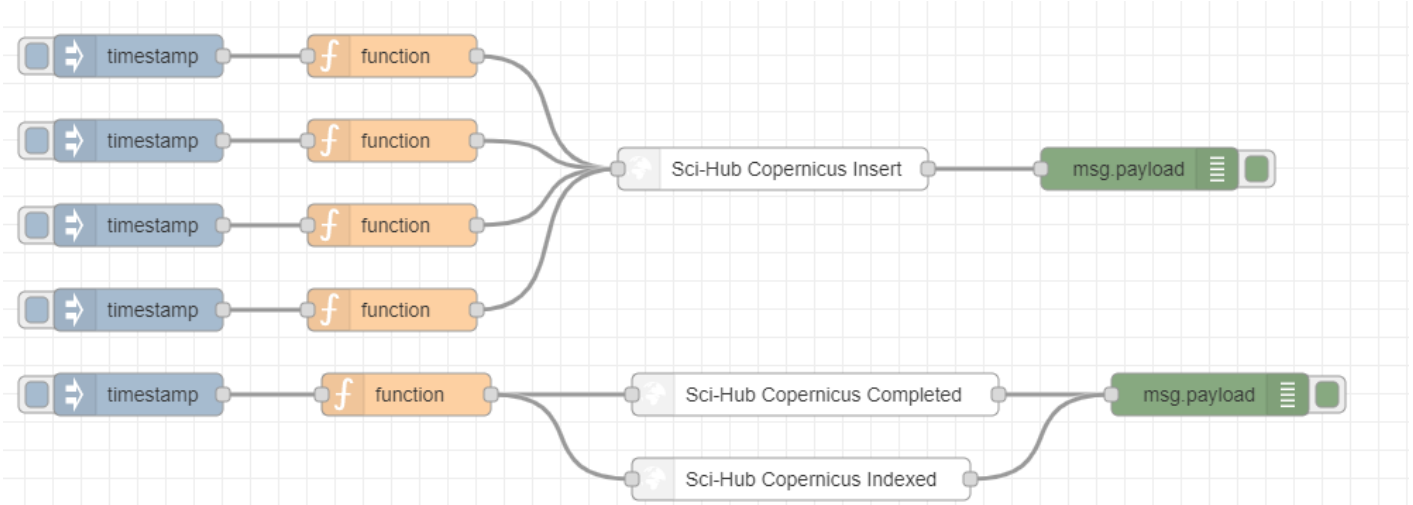
Compernicus Data Request: Sci-Hub

https://www.snap4city.org/671



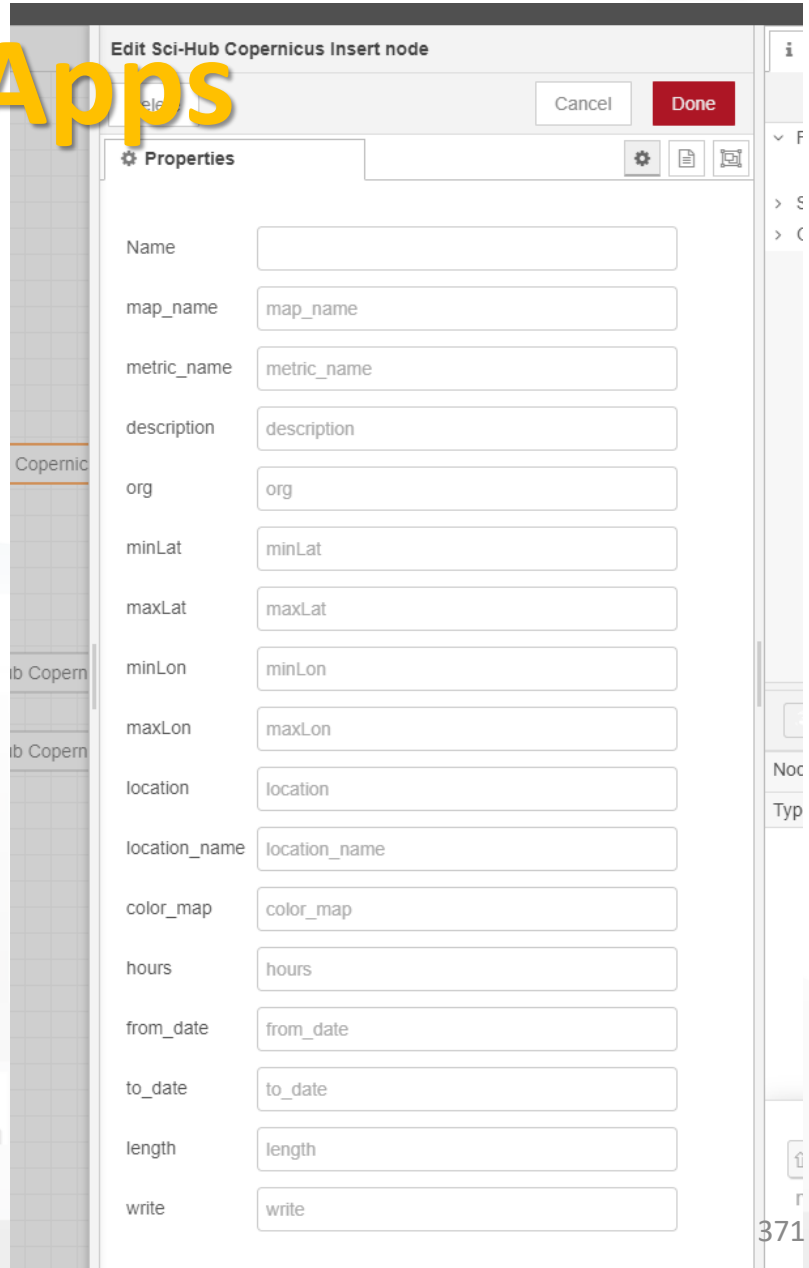
- **Map name**: ……..
- **Metric name**: AirTemperature, Humidity, Altitude, OLCI Global Vegetation Index, Cloud Fraction, etc.
- **Description**: a generic description;
- **Location**: select the level the data have to be taken and heatmap created. It is possible to specify one of the following: City, Country, State or Postal Code;
- **Location Name**: specify here the location: the name of a City or "Città Metropolitana di Firenze", or "Toscana" as State or "Italy" as Country, etc.;
- **Color Map**: color map visualization for example: airHumidity, ogvi, altitudeHQ, airTemperatureHQ, FractionalCloudCoverLQ, …. From those of Snap4City
- **Org**: specify the organization in Snap4City from the available list;
- **From Date - To Date**: use these to forms to specify the time period of the data to be downloaded. Please note that at least you have to specify at least 1 day period since satellite data are typically updated 1 times per day. If a longer period is specified, all data included in the period will be taken and, according to the available data, more date sets and heatmaps will be generated covering the time period;
- **Length**: specify here the dimension in meters of squared area, for example 700 for obtaining points values in a grid of 700x700 meters;
- **Write**: (1) to have data on piking and database, or (0) to do not have data thus obtaining only the heatmap
- You need to have a TOKEN to use the service ☺

Copernicus data request via IoT Apps



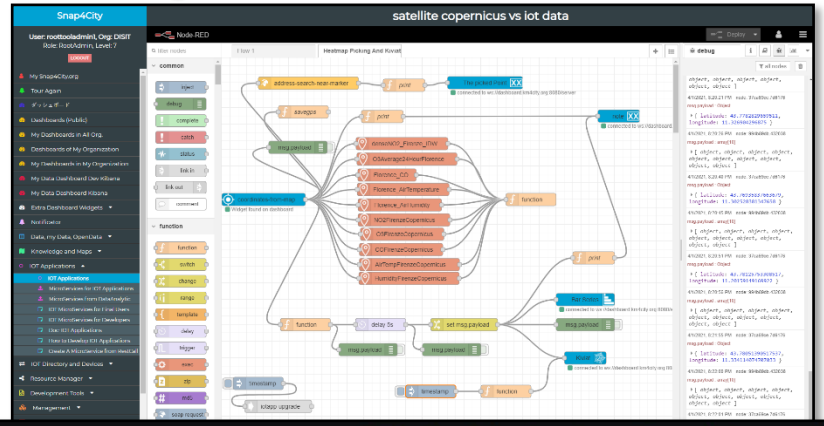
Setup | **Function** | Close

```
msg.payload = {
    "map_name": "AirTemperatureBolognaCopernicus",
    "description": "Air Temperature Bologna",
    "location": "city",
    "location_name": "Città metropolitana di Bologna",
    "color_map": "airTemperatureHQ",
    "org": "DISIT",
    "from_date": "2021-01-01T00:00:00",
    "to_date": "2021-01-01T23:59:00",
    "length": "700",
    "write": "1",
}
return msg;
```

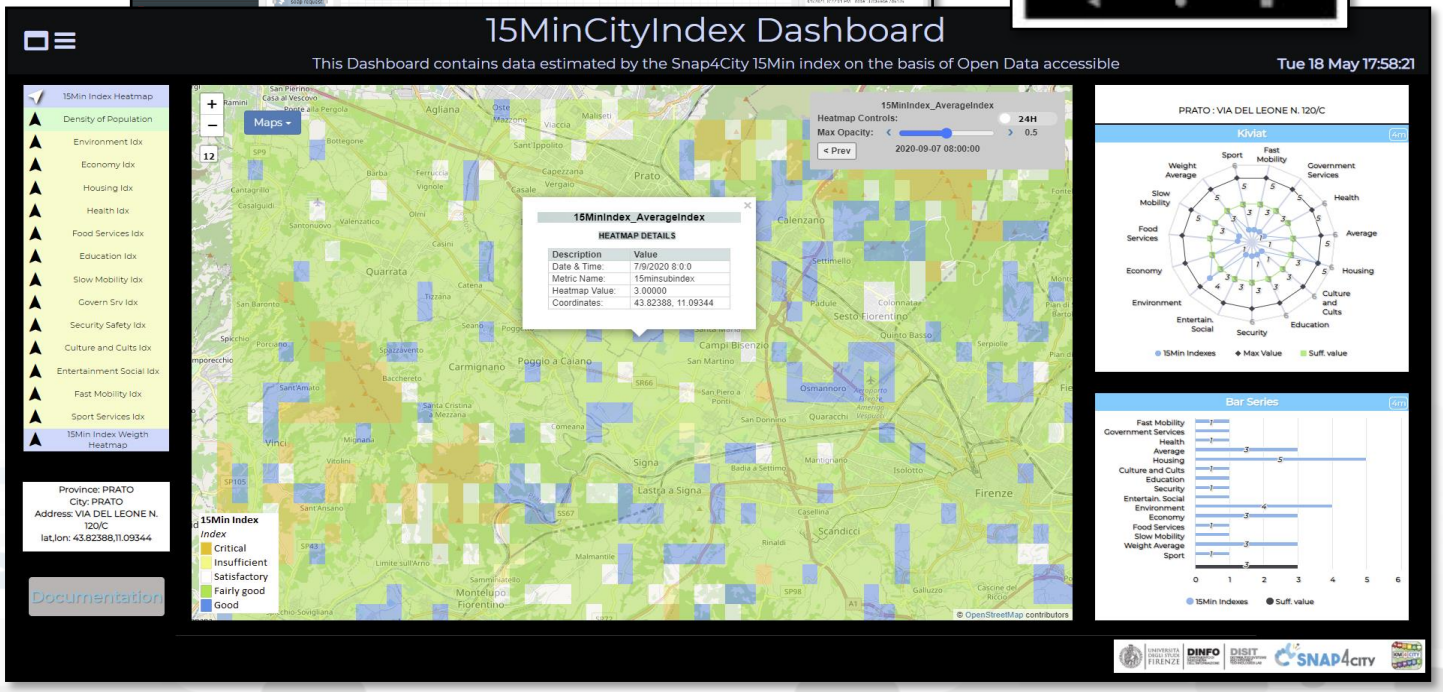


Once Generated can be exploited

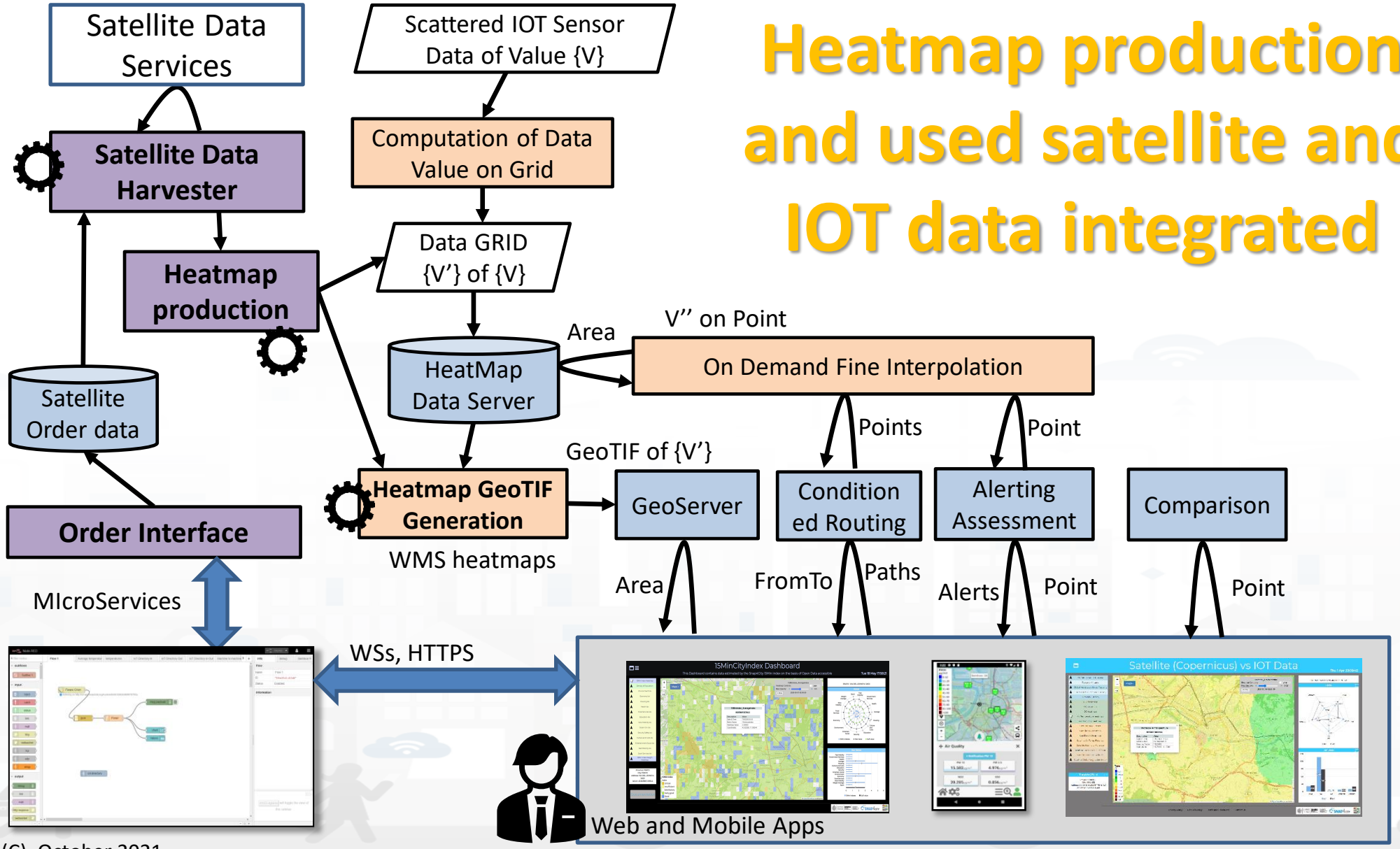
- **Picking data on dense map and exploiting them on**
  - Assessing routing:
    - path of GPS points
  - Alerting specific users wrt specific locations.
    - One GPS position: park, garden, house, etc.
    - Alerting them
      - Via telegram
      - Email
- **Estimating city Indexes**
- **Comparison with sensors**



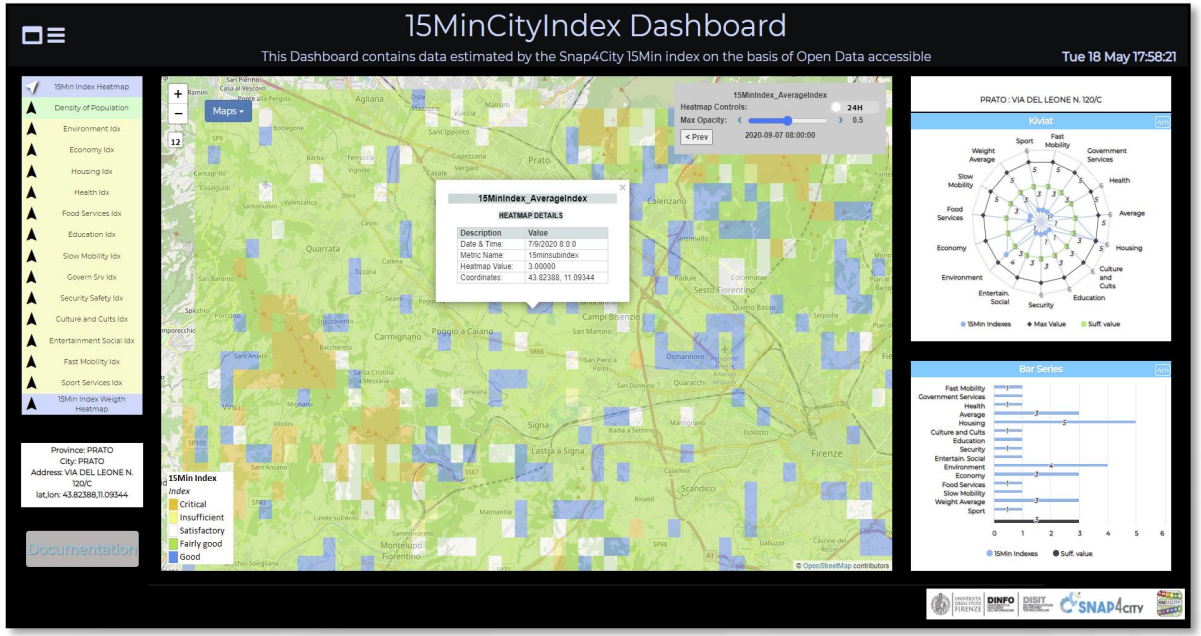


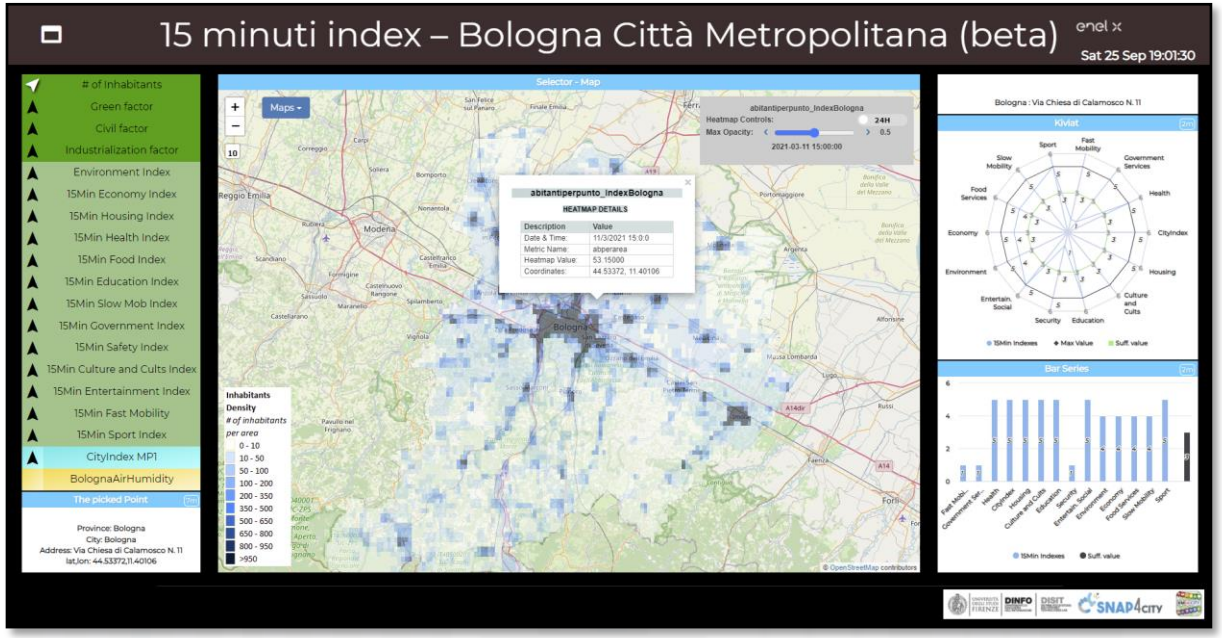


Heatmap production and used satellite and IOT data integrated



15MinCityIndex





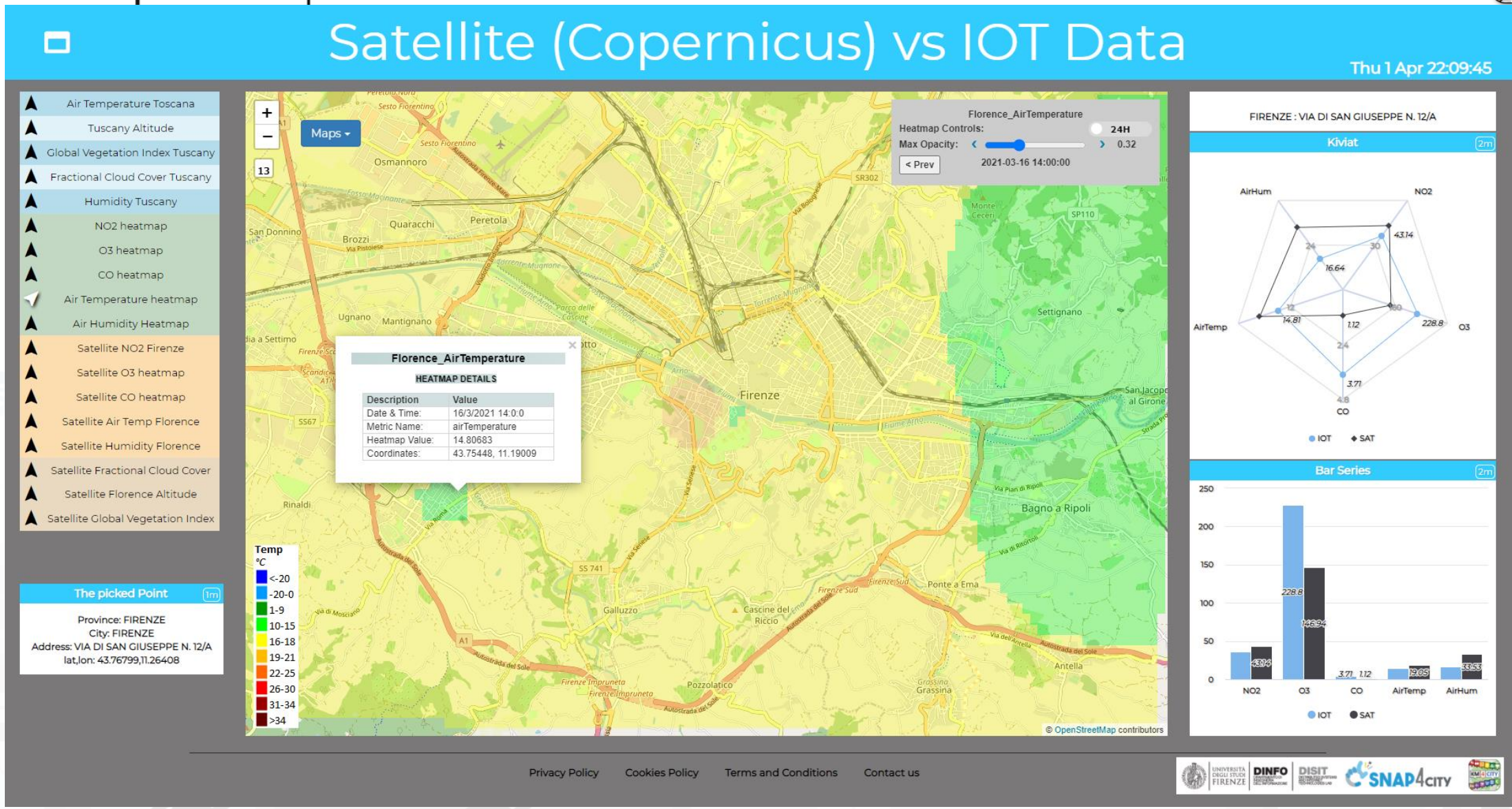
[FLORENCE metro city](https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjkzOA=)

https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjkzOA=

[Bologna metro city](https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MzA1OQ==)

https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MzA1OQ==

Satellite (Copernicus) vs IOT Data



https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MzAwNQ==

comments

- IoT data have relevant costs for installation and maintenance.

- **The exploitation of satellite data in the context of Smart City**.
  - PROS: satellite data of the European Union's Earth observation program Copernicus can be used to
    - calibrate the values of large sensors network data and for new applications in which similar data cannot be recovered from the field.
    - develop new applications in which similar data cannot be recovered from the field.
  - CONS, satellite data are not easy to be managed
    - volume of the data obtained when requesting small regions;
    - complexity of the formats that need to be processed and converted;
    - computational time needed and difficulty in providing data in real time;
    - lack of spatial resolution in providing the data.
- **Tools and Dashboards have been provided and integrated into Snap4City suite to:**
  - perform a comparison of data coming from satellite with respect to those obtained from IoT devices.
  - Demonstrate that it is possible to create a real time solution by exploiting satellite data

TOP



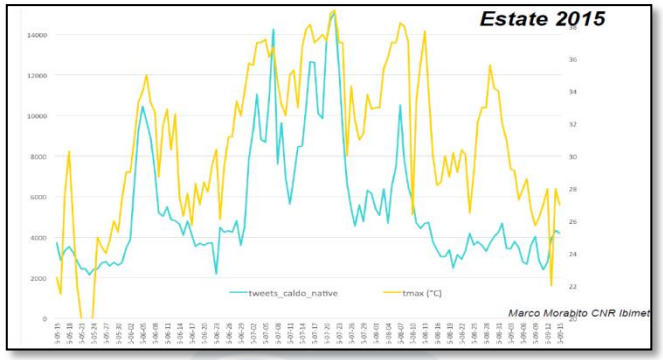
Social Media data collection and exploitation

Social Media Data

- Data from Social Media can be ingested in different manners:
- Twitter Data can be:
  - Collected via Twitter Vigilance programming keywords.
  - Colelcted in real time via IOT Applications
  - Once collected the Metrics (number of Tweets, reTweets, NLP, Sentiment Analysis, etc. can be:
    - Shown, exploited in IOT Applications
    - Exploited for early warning
- FaceBook data:
  - Can be generated by using IOT App
- Telegram data:
  - Can be generated by using IOT App

Prediction/Assessment

- Football game results as related to the volume of Tweets
- Number of votes on political elections, via sentiment analysis, SA
- Size and inception of contagious diseases
- marketability of consumer goods
- public health seasonal flu
- box-office revenues for movies
- places to be visited, most visited
- number of people in locations like airports
- audience of TV programmes, political TV shows
- weather forecast information
- Appreciation of services



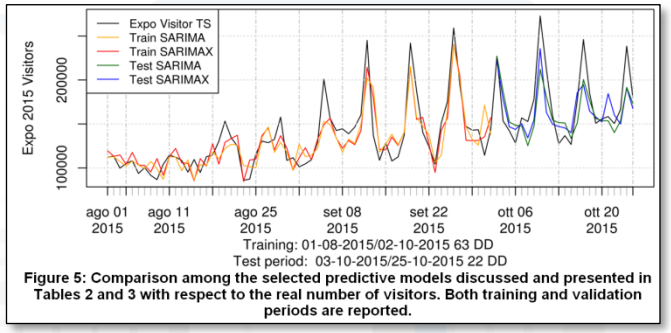
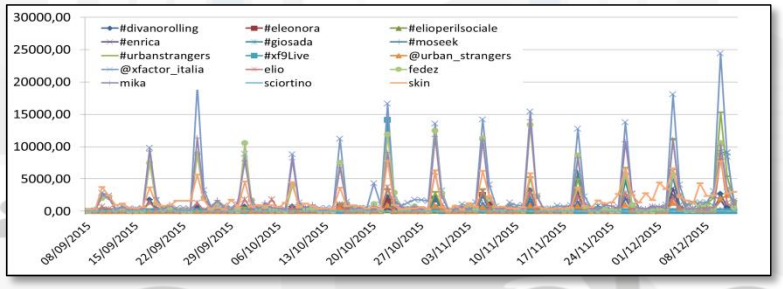
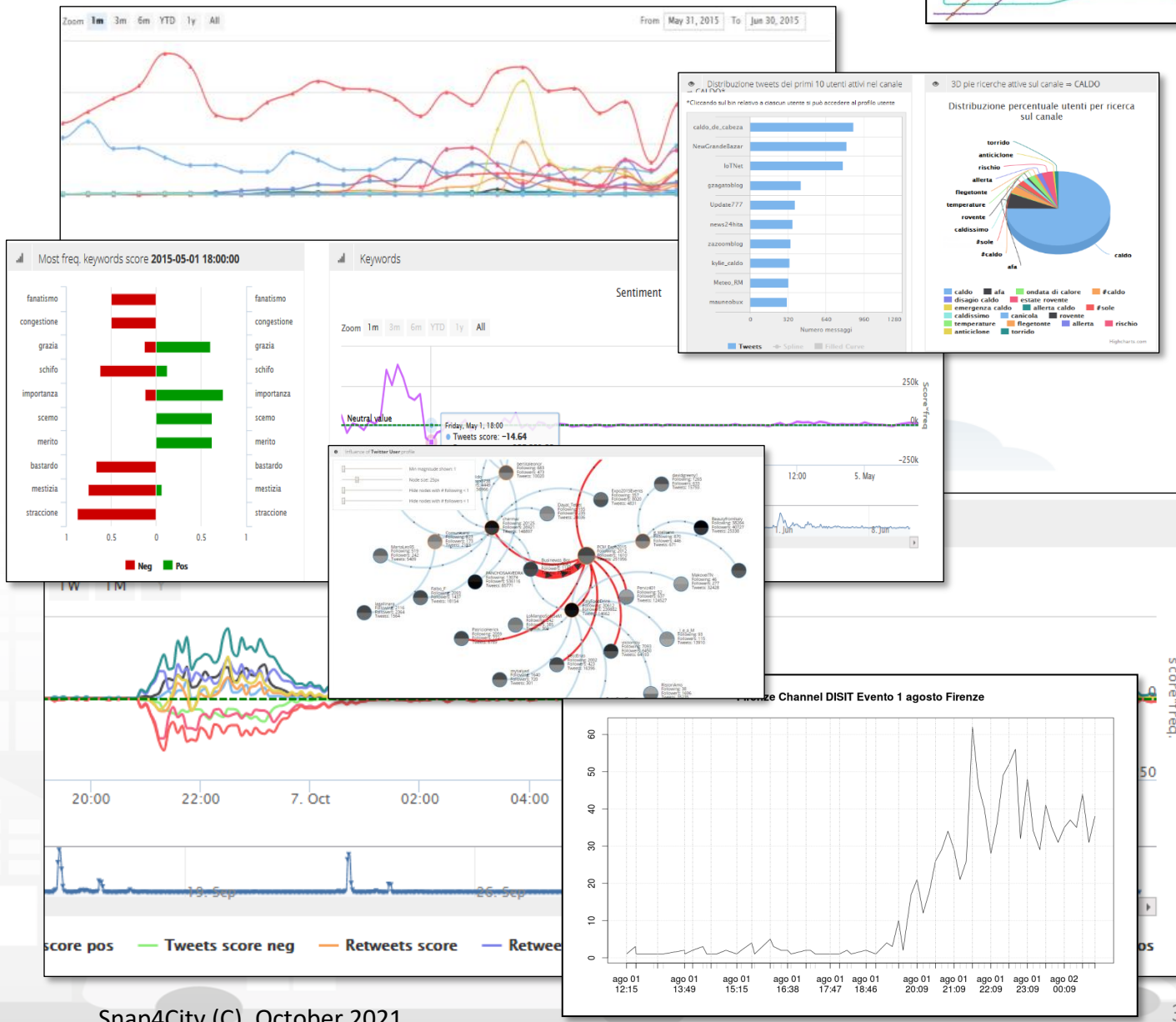


Figure 5: Comparison among the selected predictive models discussed and presented in Tables 2 and 3 with respect to the real number of visitors. Both training and validation periods are reported.



Twitter Vigilance

- http://www.disit.org/tv
- http://www.disit.org/rttv
- Citizens as sensors to
  - Assess sentiment on services, events, …
  - Response of consumers wrt, …
  - Early detection of critical conditions
  - Information channel
  - Opinion leaders
  - Communities
  - Formation
  - Predicting volume of visitors for tuning the services



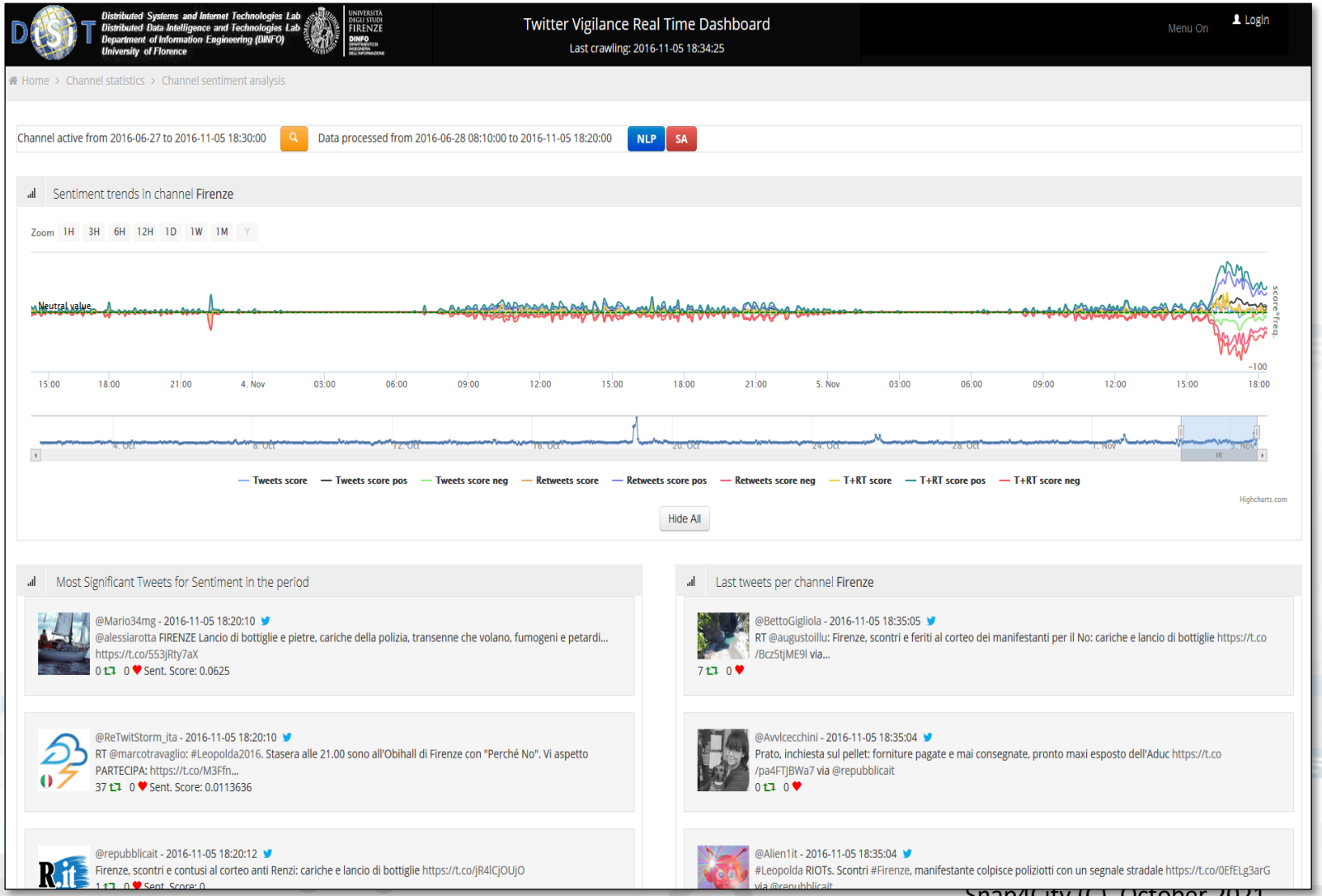
Twitter Vigilance

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

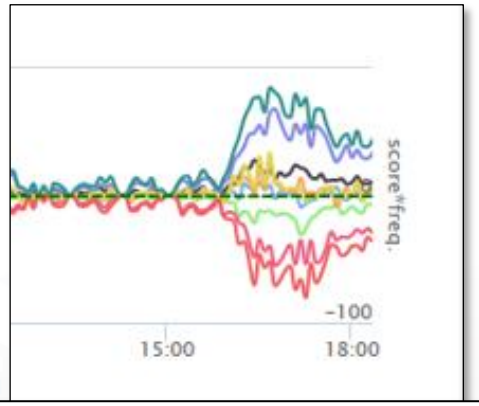
Twitter Vigilance

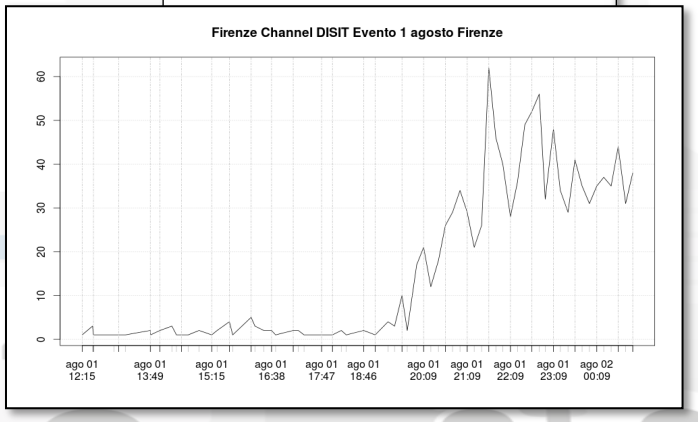
resolute

Twitter Vigilance RT: sentiment analysis

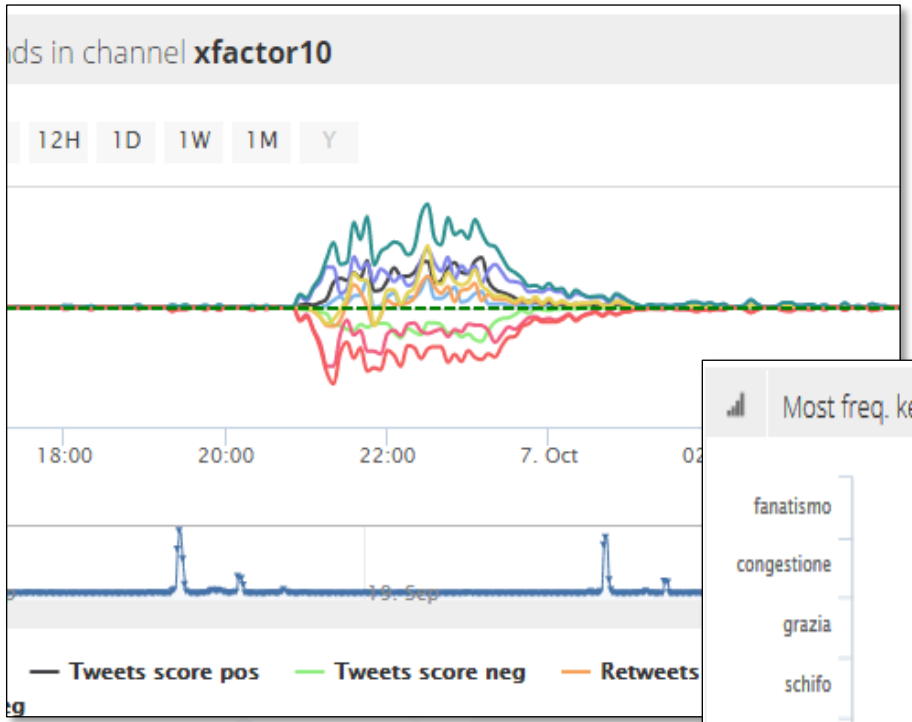


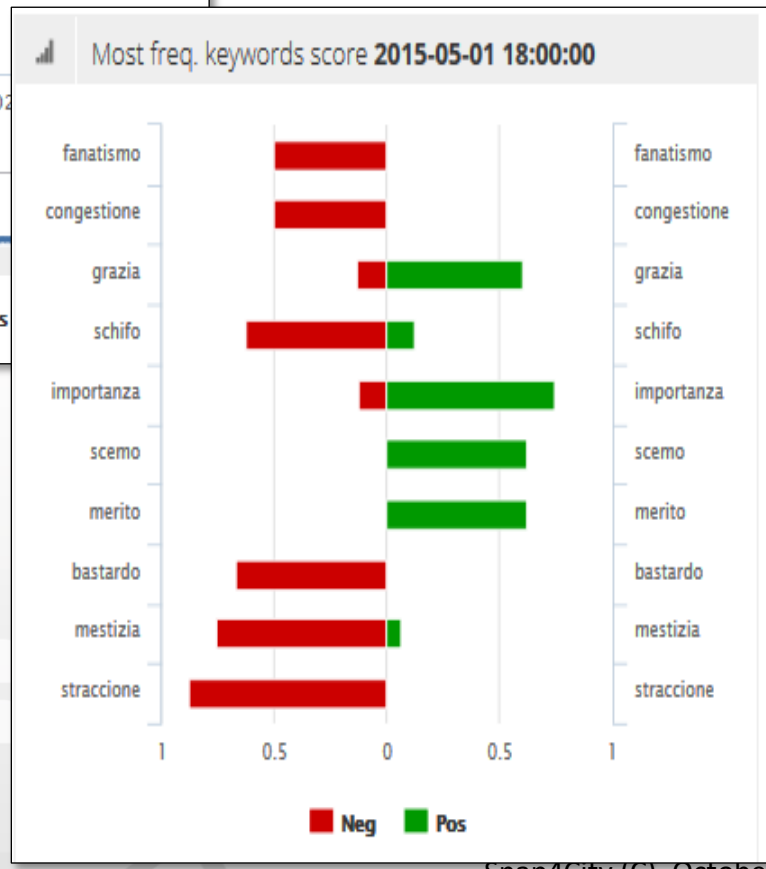
Real time
Early Warning

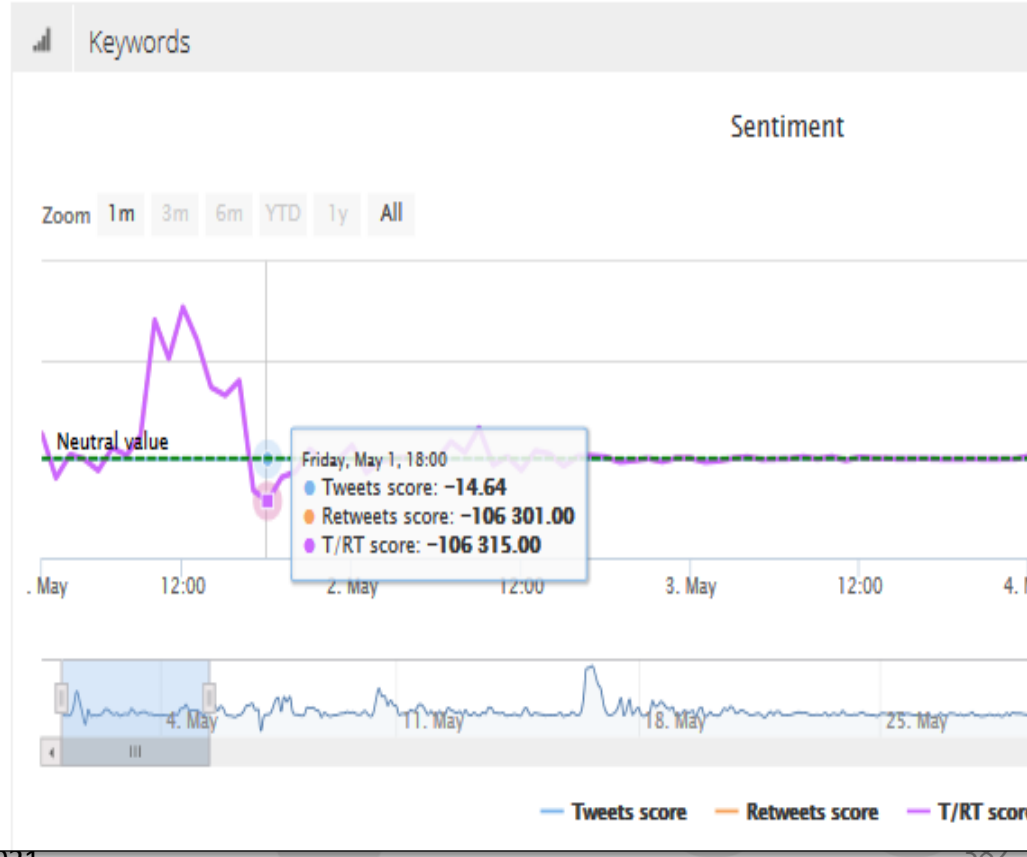




Sentiment Analysis

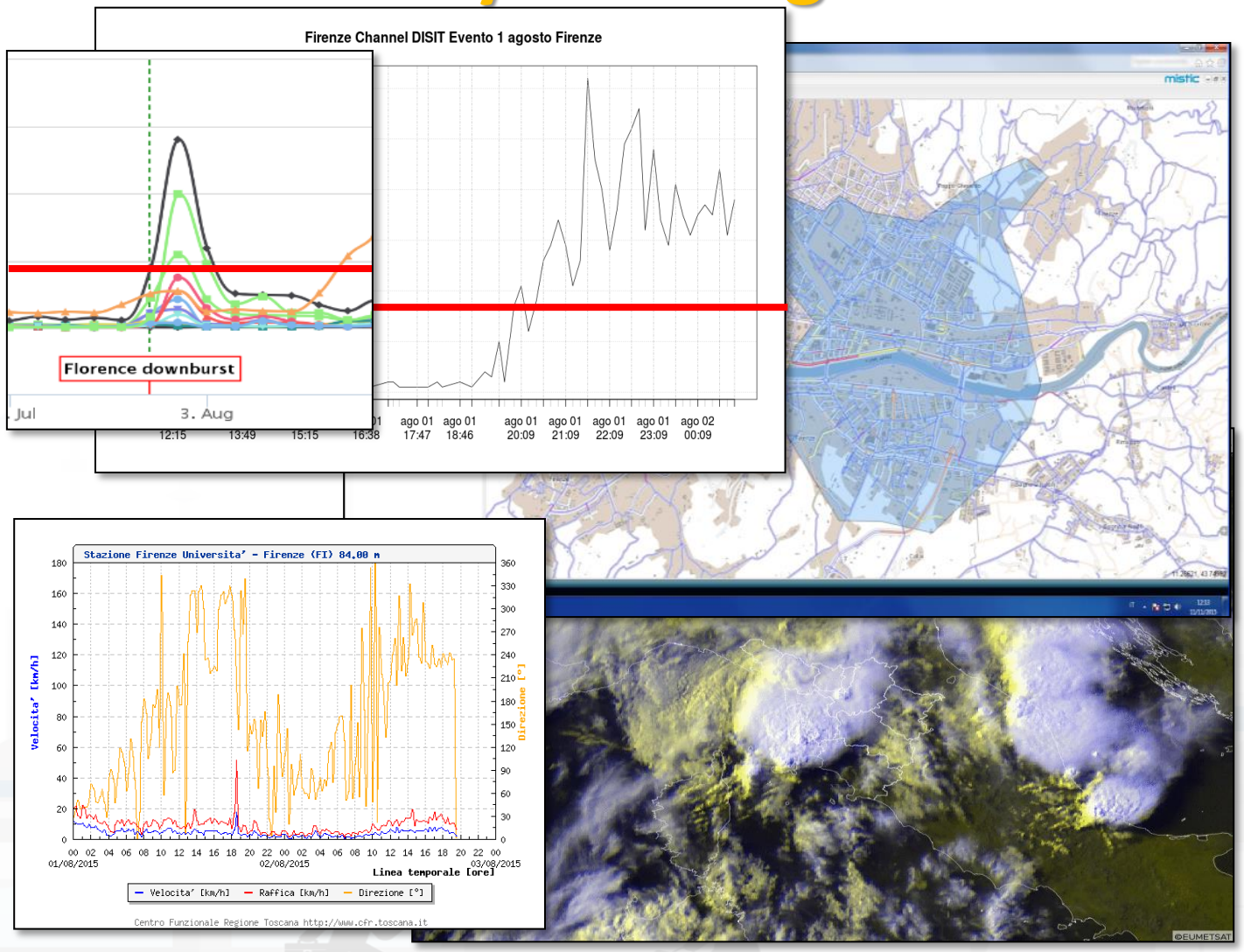




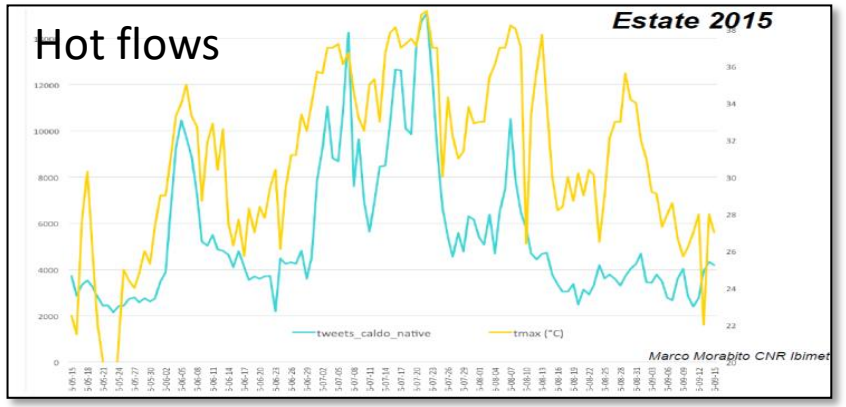


Twitter Vigilance

Early Warning



Predictive models



Attendance at long lasting events: EXPO2015

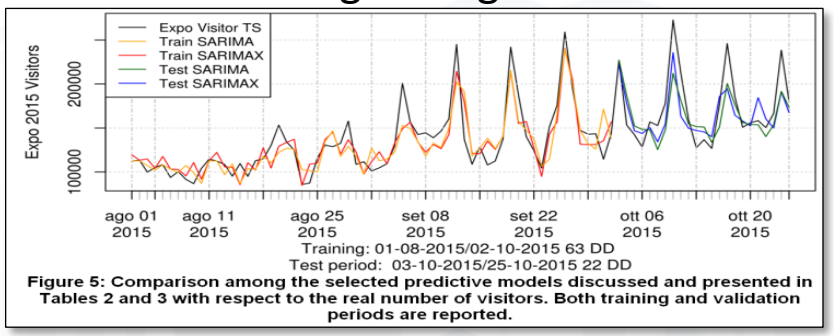
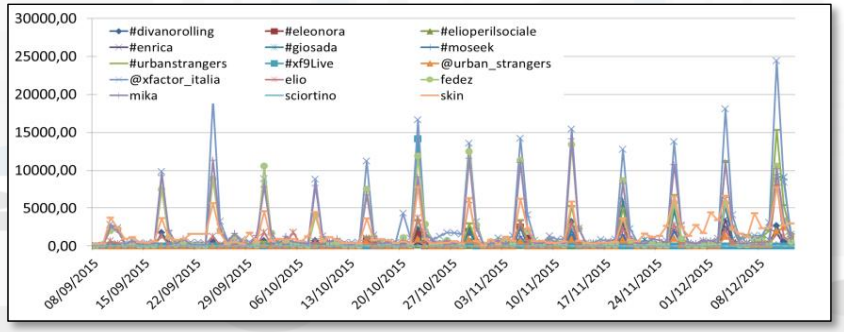


Figure 5: Comparison among the selected predictive models discussed and presented in Tables 2 and 3 with respect to the real number of visitors. Both training and validation periods are reported.

Attendance at recurrent events: TV, footbal

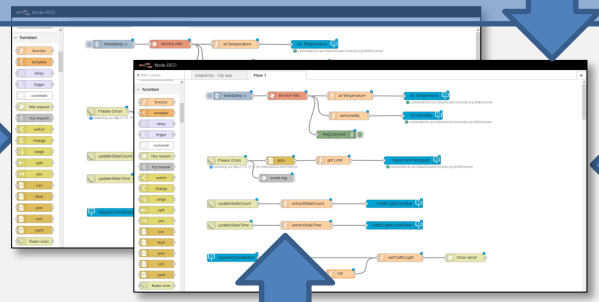


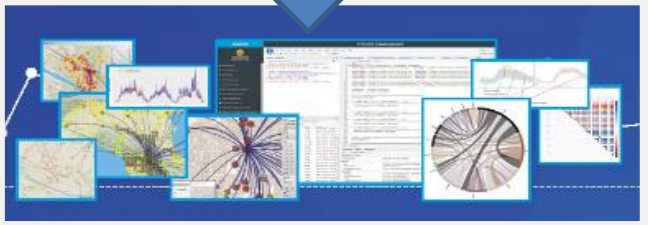
Twitter Vigilance

IOT and data World

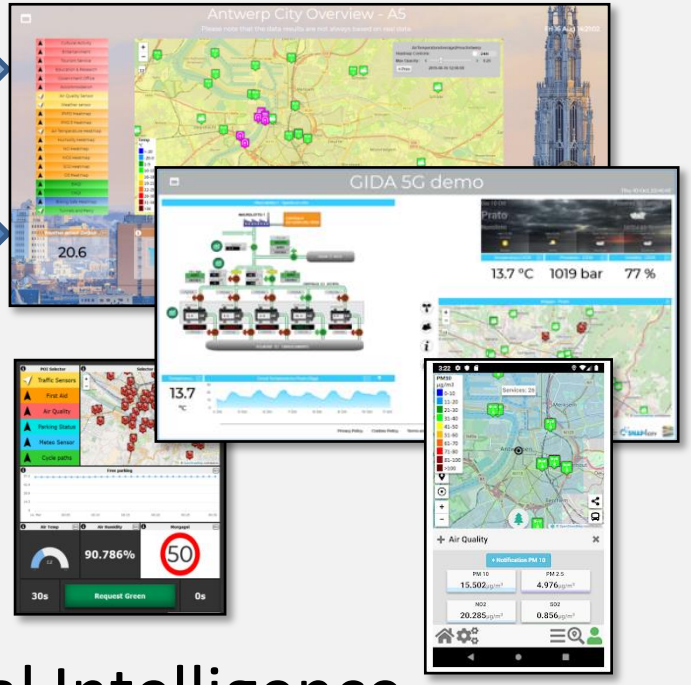


IOT Applications





Dashboards and Apps



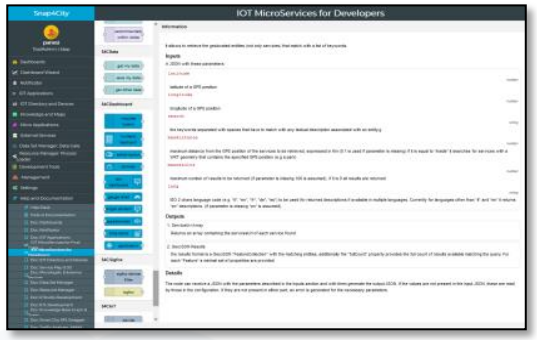
Big Data Analytics, Artificial Intelligence

Paolo

IOT Applications Development

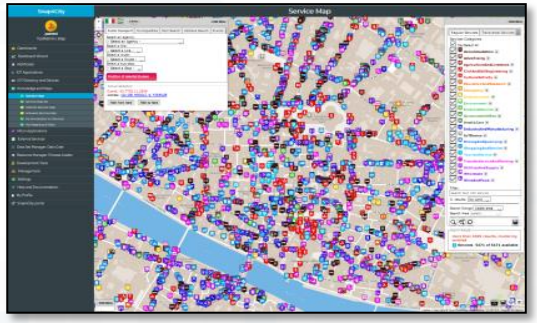
IOT Discovering

MicroServices collections

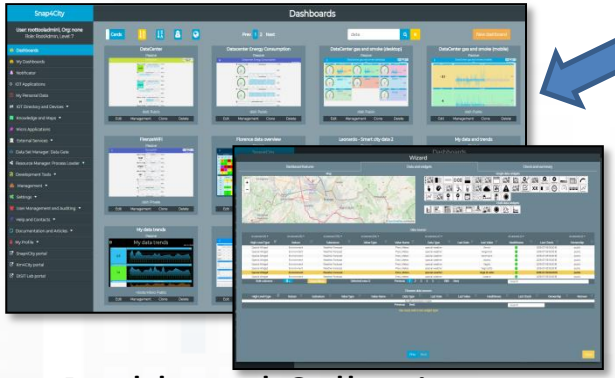


My IOT Applications



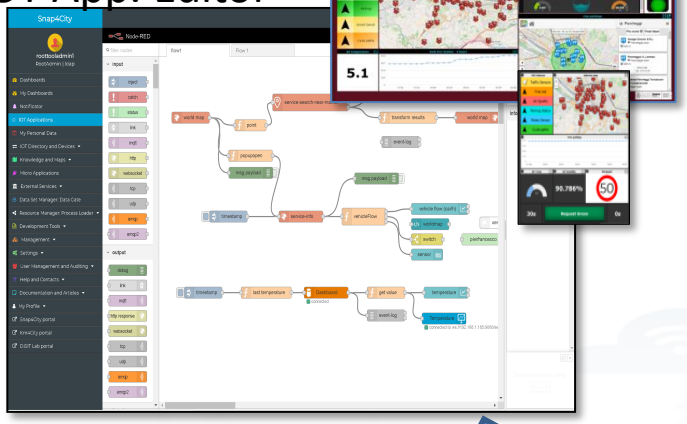


ServiceMap Discovery



Dashboard Collection, Editor and Wizard

IOT App. Editor



Generating IOT App With Dashboard

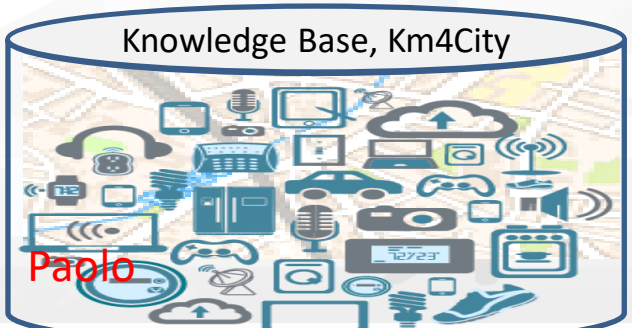


Sharing/saving reusing IOT App

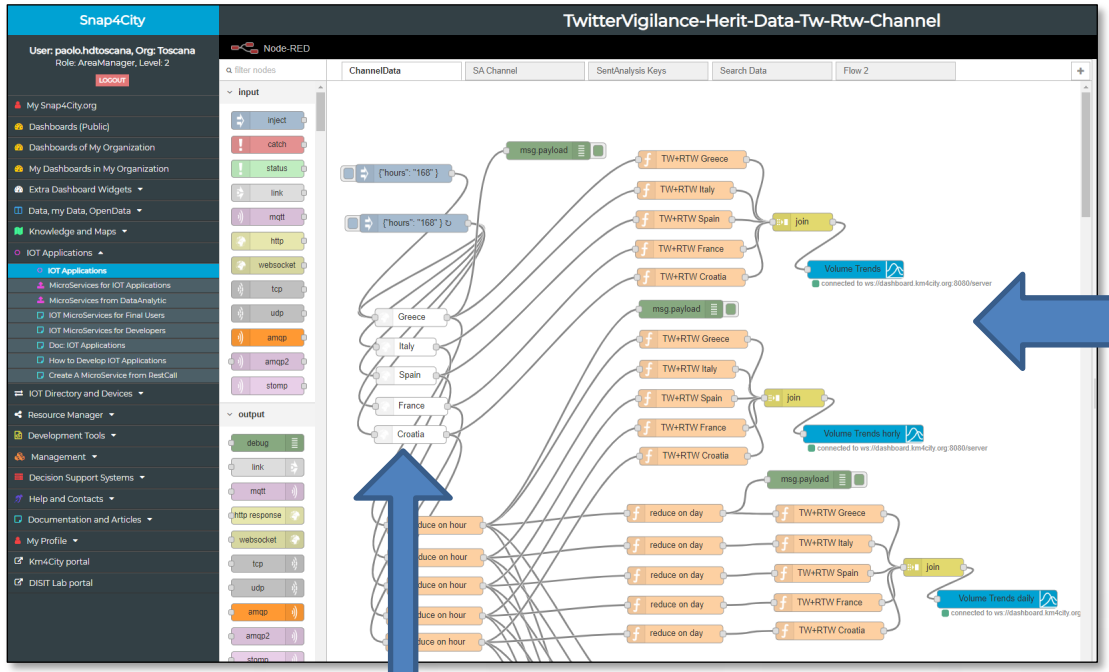


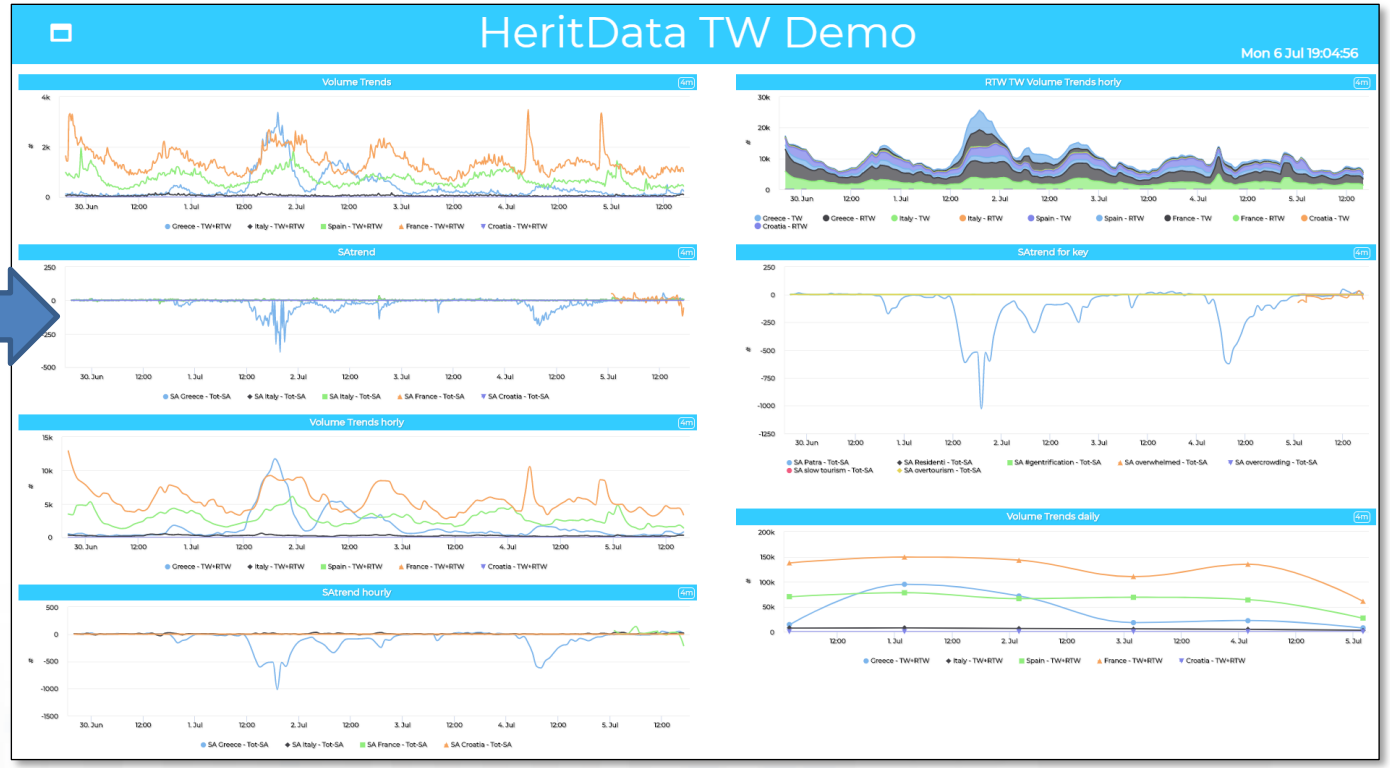
Resource Manager

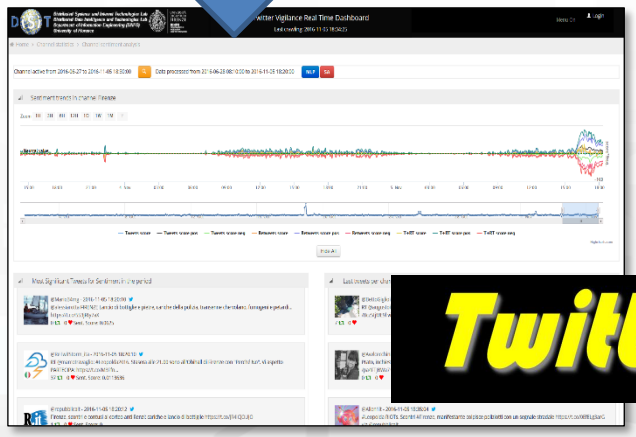




Overview (paolo)







Twitter Vigilance

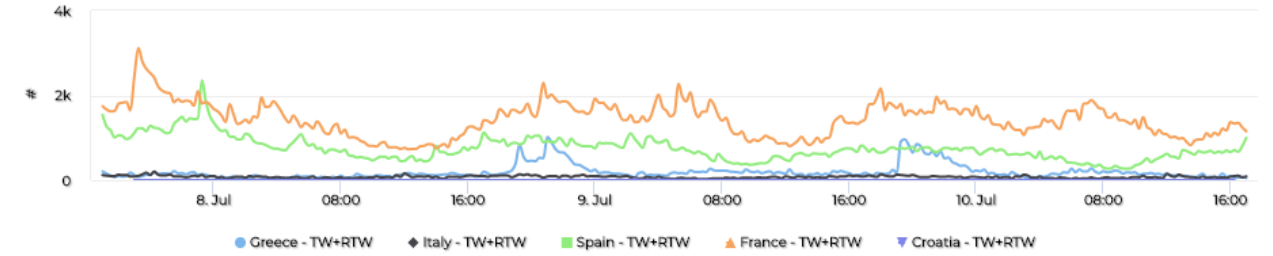
https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=Mjc3NQ==

Paolo

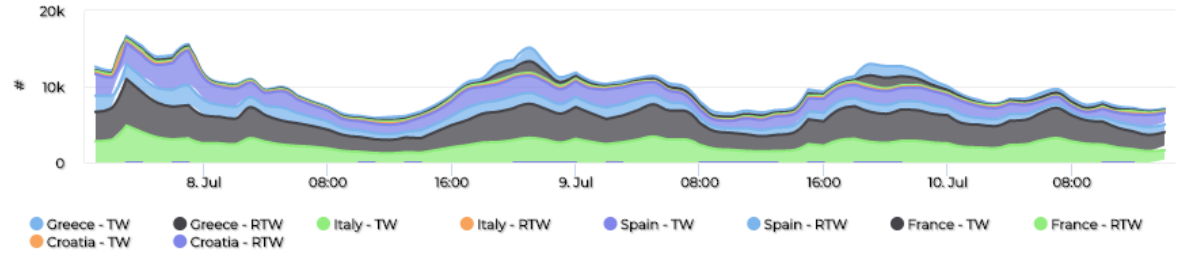
HeritData TW Demo

Tue 14 Jul 16:54:43

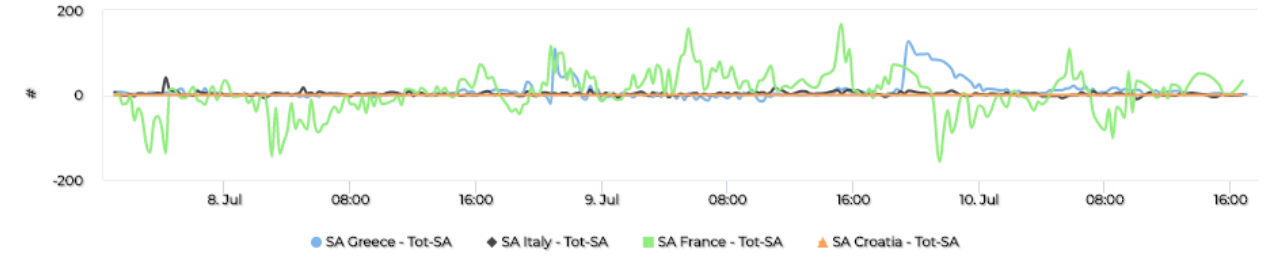
Volume Trends



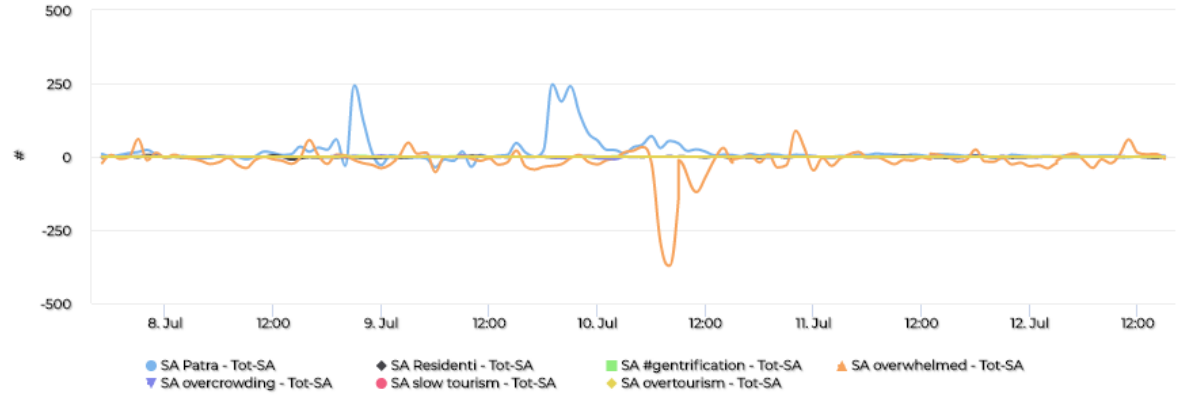
RTW TW Volume Trends horly



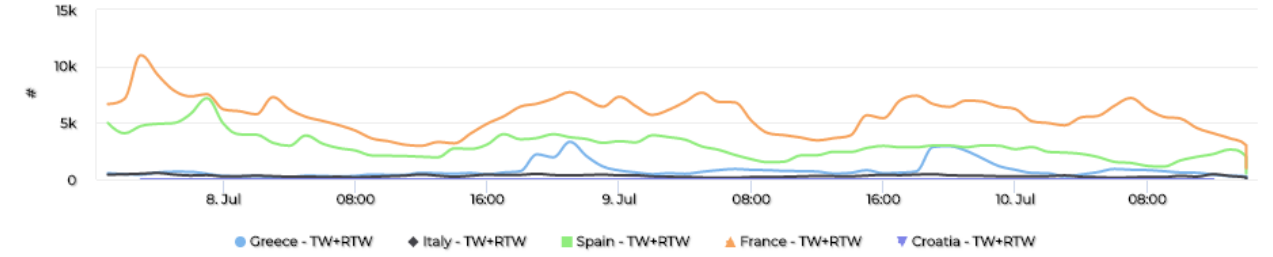
SAtrend



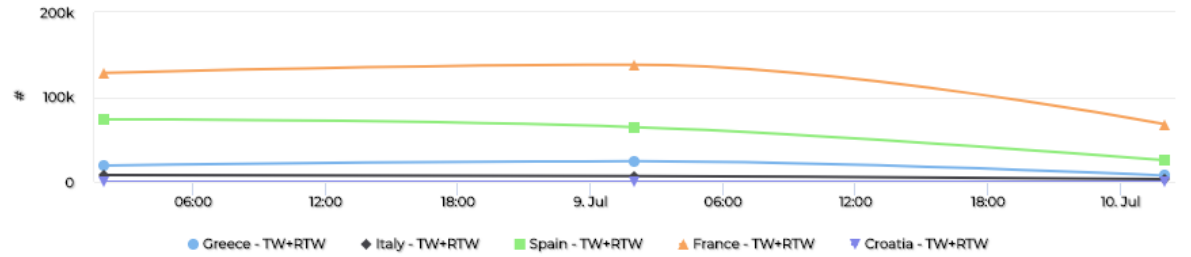
SAtrend for key



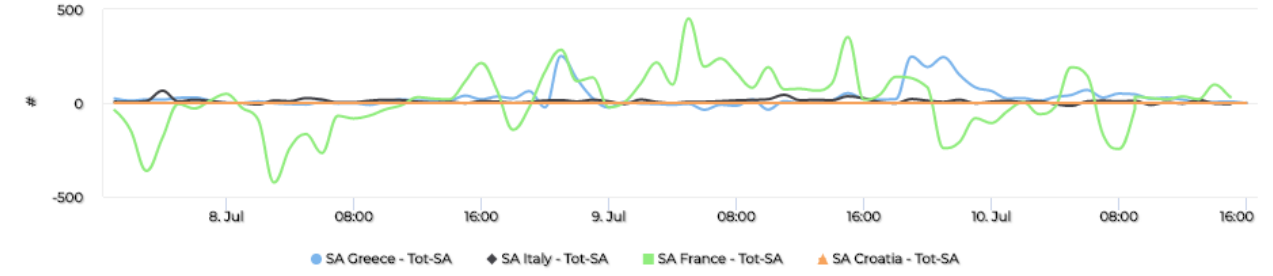
Volume Trends horly

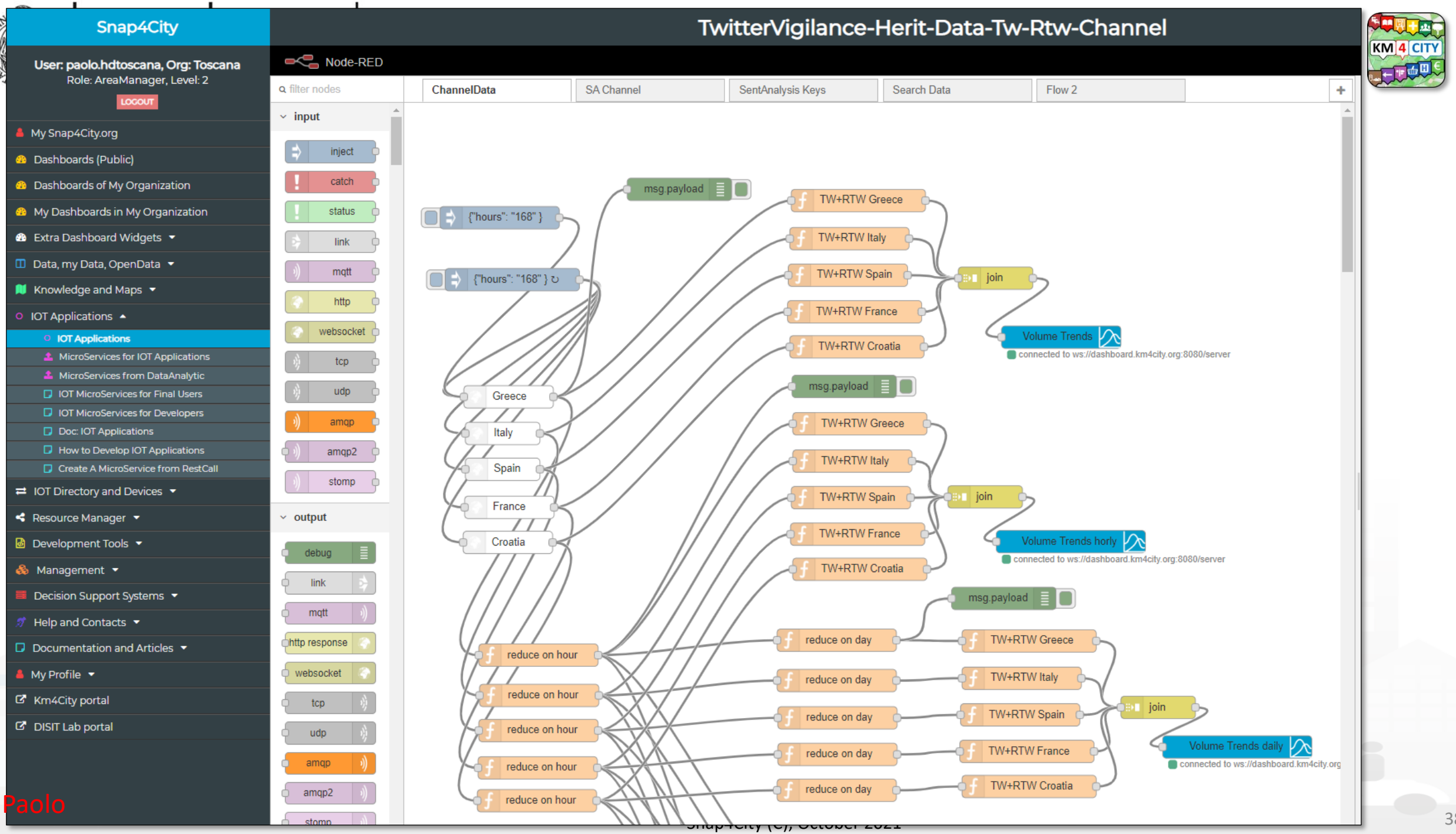


Volume Trends daily



SAtrend hourly

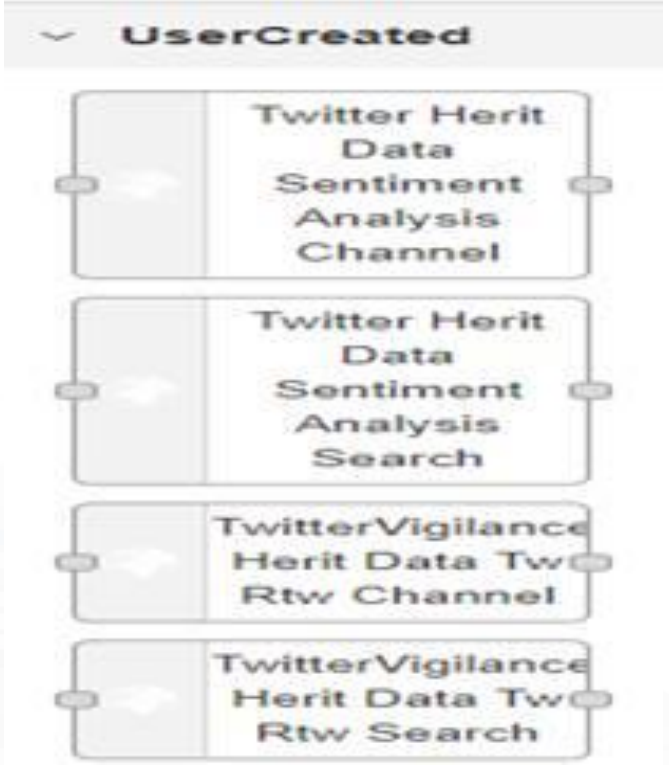



Snap4City
User: paolo.hdtoscana, Org: Toscana
Role: AreaManager, Level: 2
LOGOUT
My Snap4City.org
Dashboards (Public)
Dashboards of My Organization
My Dashboards in My Organization
Extra Dashboard Widgets
Data, my Data, OpenData
Knowledge and Maps
IOT Applications
IOT Applications
MicroServices for IOT Applications
MicroServices from DataAnalytic
IOT MicroServices for Final Users
IOT MicroServices for Developers
Doc: IOT Applications
How to Develop IOT Applications
Create A MicroService from RestCall
IOT Directory and Devices
Resource Manager
Development Tools
Management
Decision Support Systems
Help and Contacts
Documentation and Articles
My Profile
Km4City portal
DISIT Lab portal
TwitterVigilance-Herit-Data-Tw-Rtw-Channel
Node-RED
filter nodes
input
inject
catch
status
link
mqtt
http
websocket
tcp
udp
amqp
amqp2
stomp
output
debug
link
mqtt
http response
websocket
tcp
udp
amqp
amqp2
stomp
ChannelData
SA Channel
SentAnalysis Keys
Search Data
Flow 2
{"hours": "168" }
{"hours": "168" }
msg.payload
Greece
Italy
Spain
France
Croatia
TW+RTW Greece
TW+RTW Italy
TW+RTW Spain
TW+RTW France
TW+RTW Croatia
join
Volume Trends
connected to ws://dashboard.km4city.org:8080/server
msg.payload
TW+RTW Greece
TW+RTW Italy
TW+RTW Spain
TW+RTW France
TW+RTW Croatia
join
Volume Trends horly
connected to ws://dashboard.km4city.org:8080/server
reduce on hour
reduce on hour
reduce on hour
reduce on hour
reduce on hour
msg.payload
reduce on day
reduce on day
reduce on day
reduce on day
reduce on day
TW+RTW Greece
TW+RTW Italy
TW+RTW Spain
TW+RTW France
TW+RTW Croatia
join
Volume Trends daily
connected to ws://dashboard.km4city.org
KM 4 CITY

Paolo

Further reading on Social Media

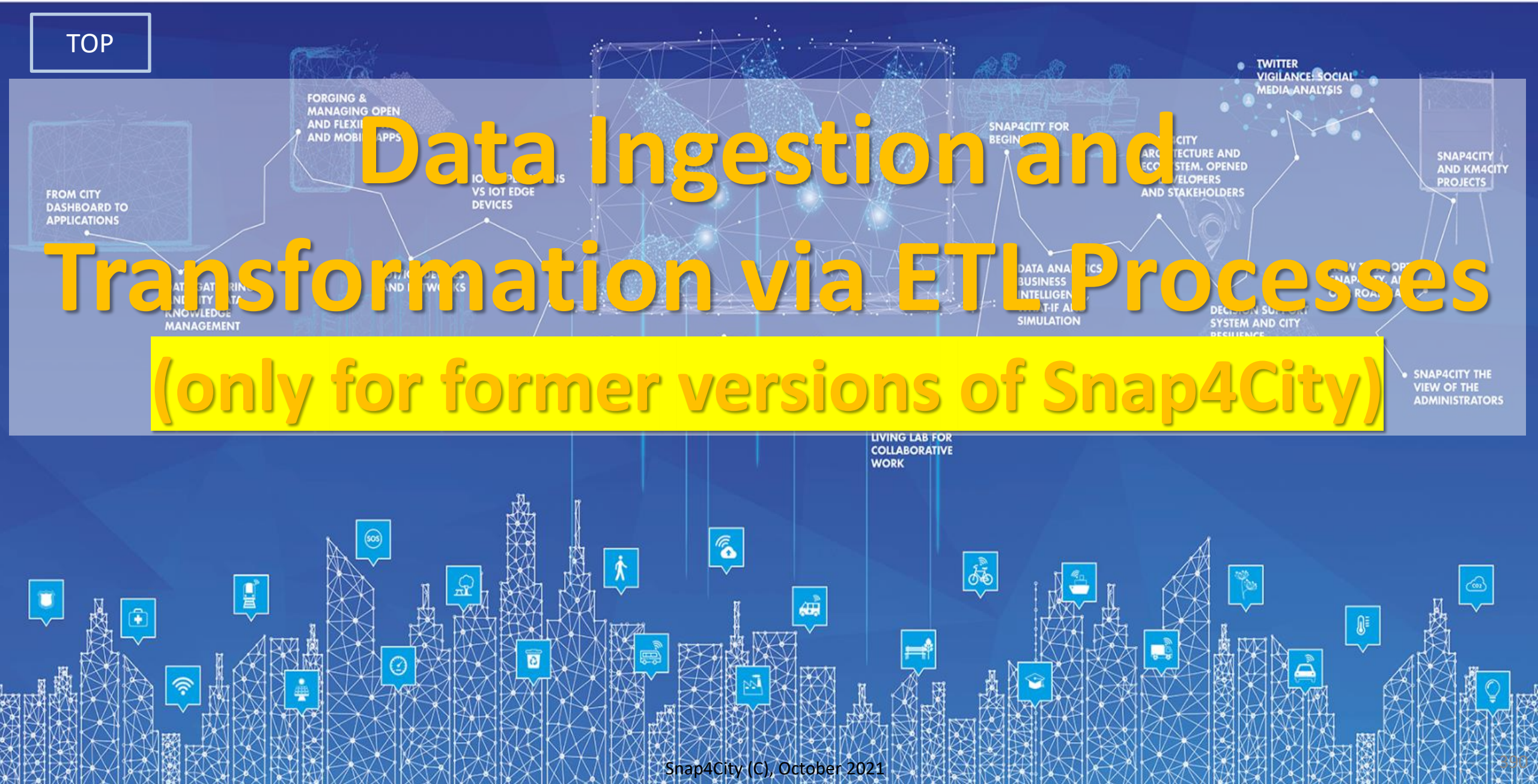
- TC2.22- Exploiting Twitter Vigilance as External Service, in Dashboard, and as RestCall as MicroService in IOT applications
- TC2.21- IOT Applications with Social Media Actions, and cultural scenarious
- External Services
- TC2.21- IOT Applications with Social Media Actions, and cultural scenarious



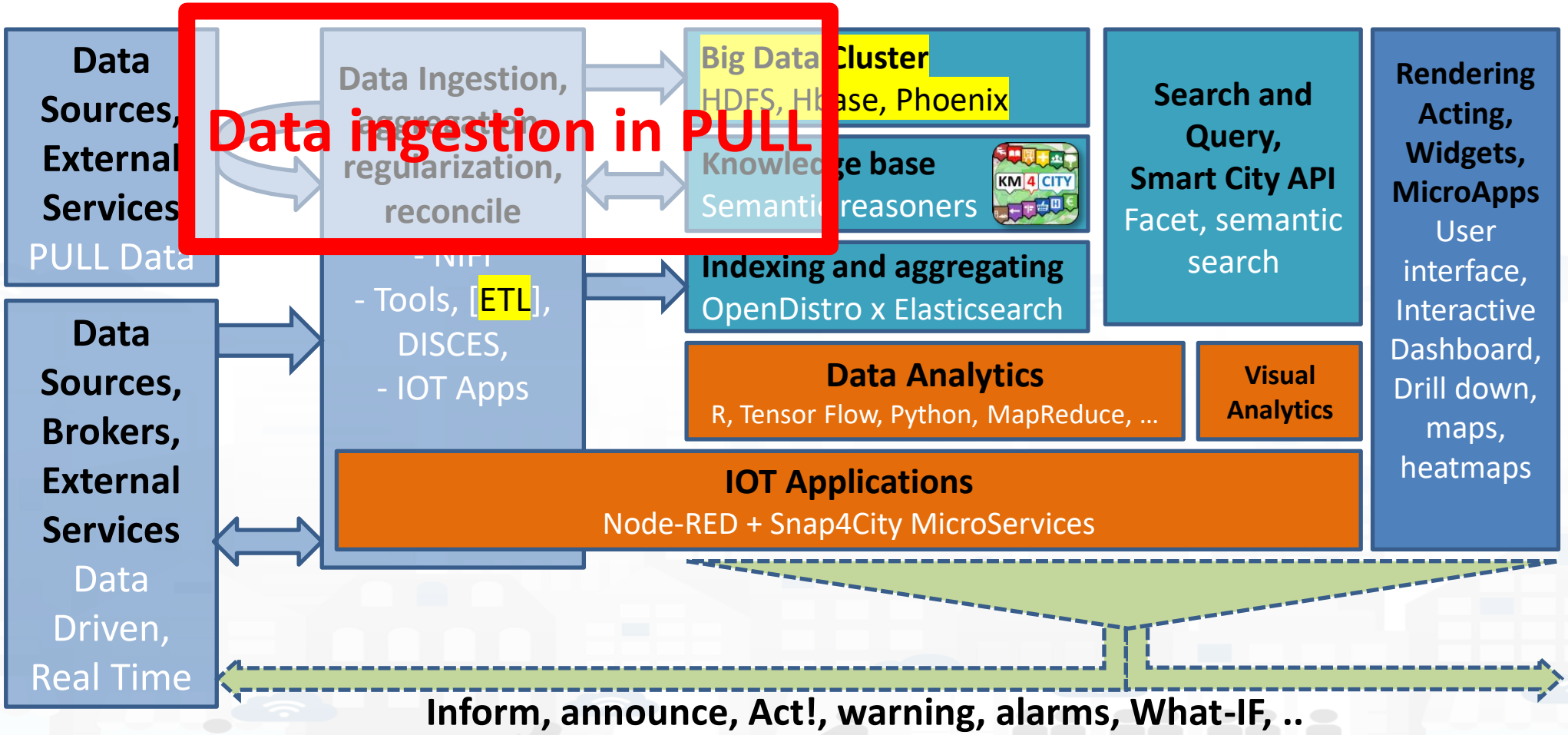
TOP

Data Ingestion and Transformation via ETL Processes

(only for former versions of Snap4City)

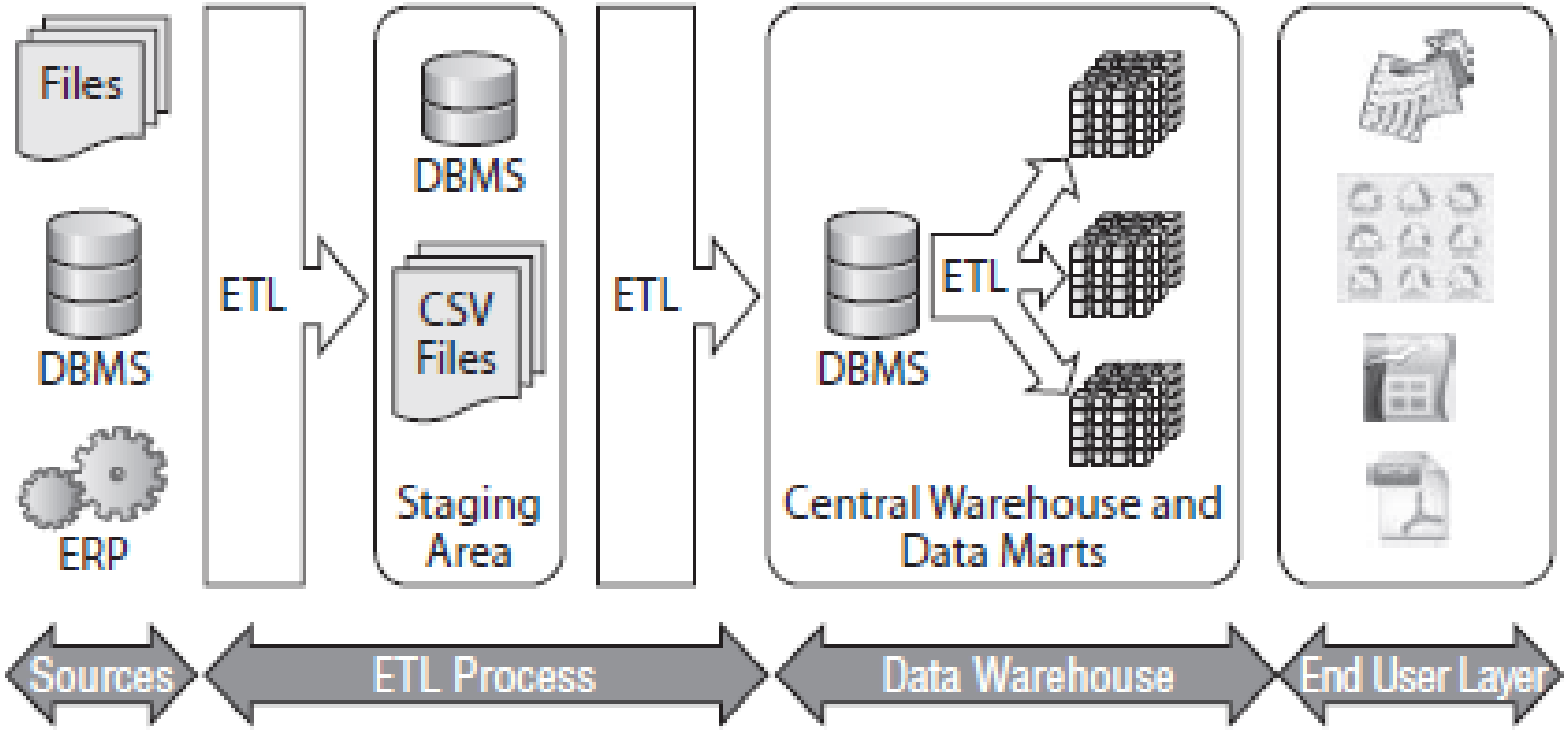


Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion



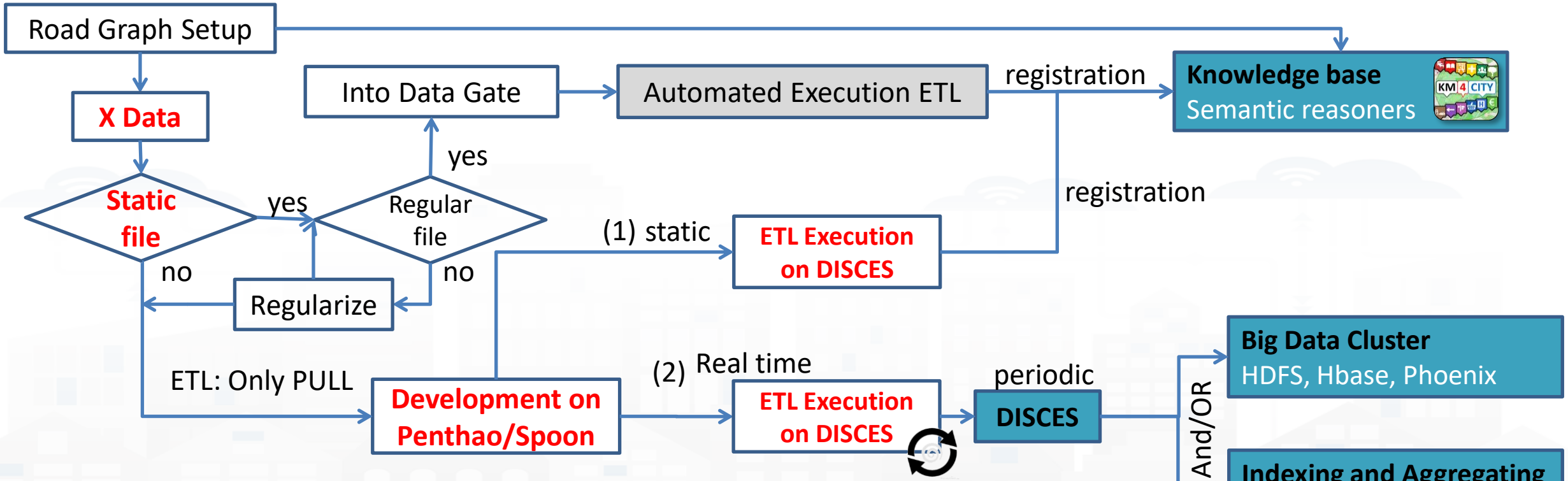
In Yellow alternative & legacy solutions

Classic Data warehouse Architecture



Alternative & legacy Snap4City V1

Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules



Alternative & legacy Snap4City V1

Developers of ETL, Data Manager

kettle™ pentaho data integration

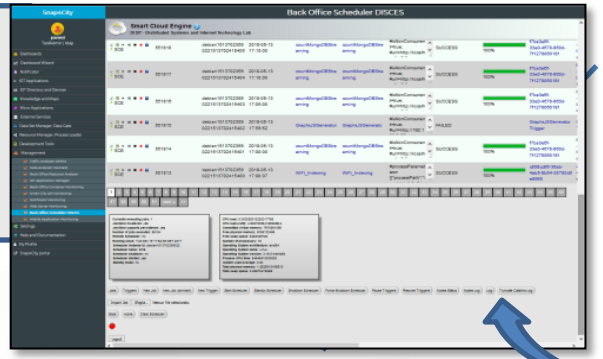
Distributed Back Office

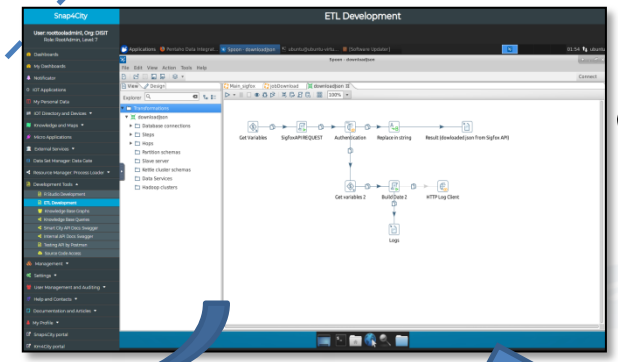
DISCES scheduler production

ETL Development Environment

Data sources

ETL Process



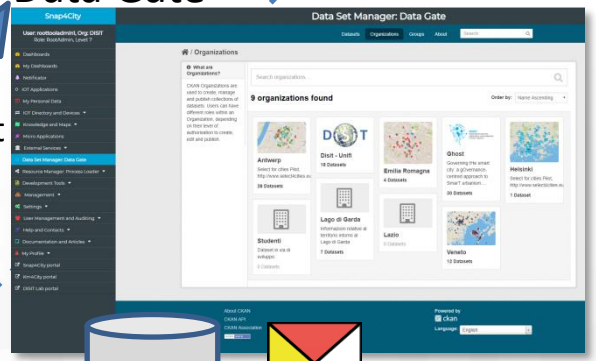




Knowledge Base, Km4City



Data Gate



Data Set Saving / Sharing

Data Set Loading/ Downloading

Saving / Sharing reusing



Resource Manager

Knowledge and Storage Data from the Field and City

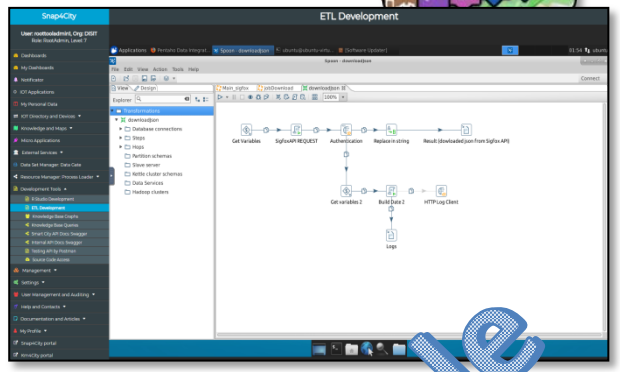
Schedule Execute

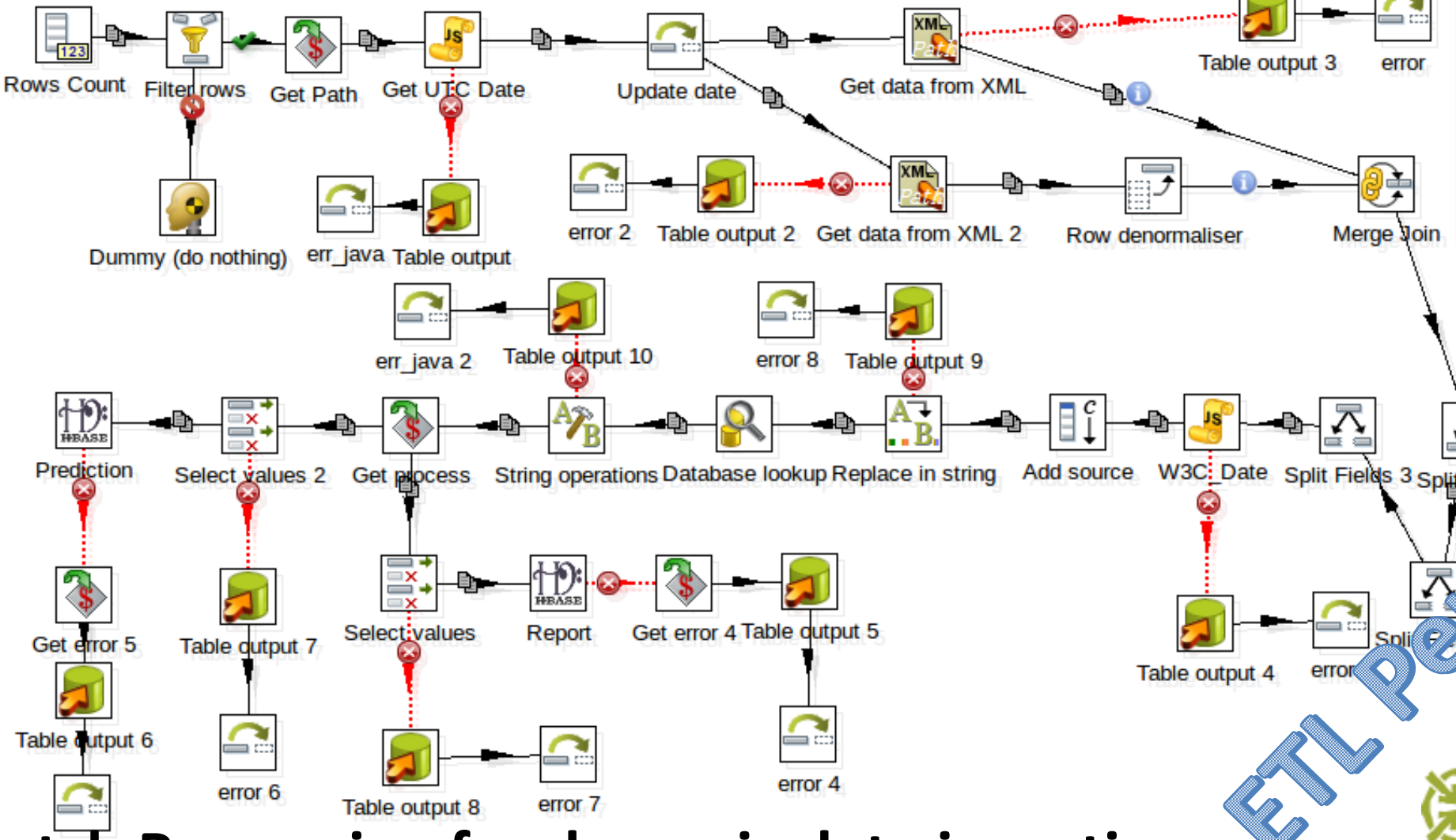
Load data or prepare for data ingestion

Alternative & legacy Snap4City V1

Integrated ETL development

SNAP4city





ETL Pentaho Kettle

kettle™ pentaho data integration

Batch Processing for dynamic data ingestion

Alternative & legacy Snap4City V1

ETL Processes

The three phases are:

- **Extracting** data from outside sources (**Ingestion** phase).
- **Transforming** data to fit operational needs which may include improvements of quality levels (**Data Quality Improvement** phase).
- **Loading** data into the end target (database, operational data store, data warehouse, data mart, etc.). So the data can be translated in **RDF triples using a specific ontology (Static/periodic datasets) or on NoSQL Databases (Dynamic datasets)**

Phase I: Data Ingestion

- **Purpose is to store data in HBase**

(Big Data NoSQL database).

- **Acquisition of wide range of OD/PD**: open and private data, static, quasi static and/or dynamic real time data.
- **Static and semi-static data** include: points of interests, geo-referenced services, maps, accidents statistics, etc.
  - files in several formats (SHP, KML, CVS, ZIP, XML, JSON, etc.)
- **Dynamic data** mainly data coming from sensors
  - parking, weather conditions, pollution measures, bus position, …
  - using Web Services
- Using **Pentaho - Kettle** for data integration (Open Source tool)
  - using specific **ETL** Kettle transformation processes (one or more for each data source)

Phase II: Data Quality Improvement

- **Purpose: add more information as possible and normalize data from ingestion**
- **Problems kinds:**
  - Inconsistencies, incompleteness, typos, lack of standards, multiple standards, …
- **Problems on:**
  - Place-name code
  - Street names (e.g., dividing names from numbers, normalize when possible)
  - Dates and Time: normalizing
  - Telephone numbers: normalizing
  - Web links and emails: normalizing

Phase III: Data mapping

- **Purpose is to translate data from QI in RDF triples**
- **We use triples to do inference on data.**

- Using **Karma Data Integration tool, a mapping model** from SQL to RDF on the basis of the ontology was created.
  - Data to be mapped first temporary passed from HBase to MySQL and then mapped using Karma (in batch mode)

- The mapped data in triples have to be uploaded (and indexed) to the **RDF Store** (Virtuoso).
- Triples are composed by a subject, a predicate and an object.

Pentaho Data Integration (Kettle)

Main strengths:

- Collect data from a **variety of sources** (extraction);
- Move and modify data (transport and transform) while cleansing, denormalizing, aggregating and enriching it in the process;
- Frequently (daily) store data (loading) in the final target destination, usually a **large** dimensionally modeled **database** (or **data warehouse**).

- **Spoon:** graphically oriented end-user tool to model the **flow of data** from input through transformation to output (**transformation**)
- **Pan** is a **command line tool** that executes transformations modeled with Spoon
- **Chef**: a graphically oriented **end-user tool** used to model **jobs** (transformations, FTP downloads etc. placed in a flow of control)
- **Kitchen** is a **command line tool** to execute jobs created with Chef.

Type of Steps in Spoon

Three different kinds of steps:

- **Input:** process some kind of 'raw' resource (file, database query or system variables) and create an output stream of records from it.
- **Output:** (the reverse of input steps): accept records, and store them in some external resource (file, database table, etc.).
- **Transforming:** process input streams and perform particular actions on them (adding new fields/new records); these actions produce one or more output streams.

Type of Transformations in Spoon

Input
- Access Input
- CSV file input
- Data Grid
- De-serialize from file
- Email messages input
- ESRI Shapefile Reader
- Excel Input
- Fixed file input
- Generate random credit
- Generate random value
- Generate Rows
- Get data from XML
- Get File Names
- Get Files Rows Count
- Get SubFolder names
- ...
- Salesforce Input
- SAP Input
- Table input
- Text file input
- XBase input
- Yaml Input

Scripting
- Execute row SQL script
- Execute SQL script
- Formula
- Modified Java Script Value
- Regex Evaluation
- User Defined Java Class
- User Defined Java Expression

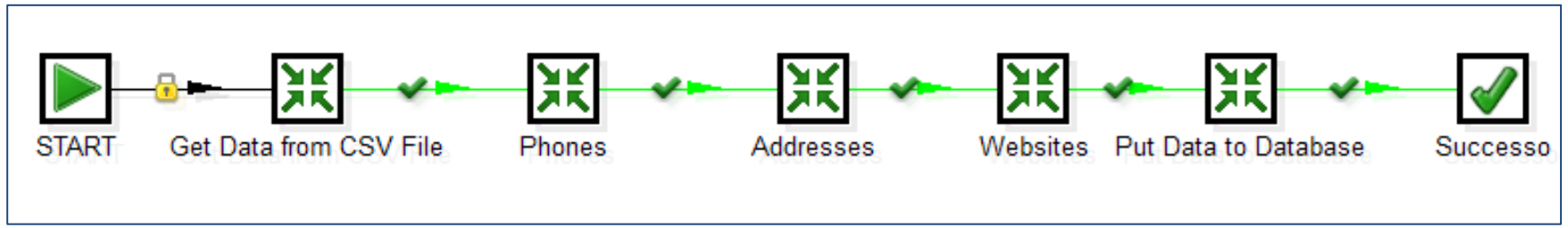
Transform
- Add a checksum
- Add constants
- Add sequence
- Add value fields changing
- Add XML
- Calculator
- Closure Generator
- Example plugin
- Number range
- Replace in string
- Row denormaliser
- Row flattener
- Row Normaliser
- Select values
- Sort rows
- Split field to rows
- Split Fields
- String operations
- Strings cut
- Unique rows
- Unique rows (HashSet)
- Value Mapper
- XSL Transformation

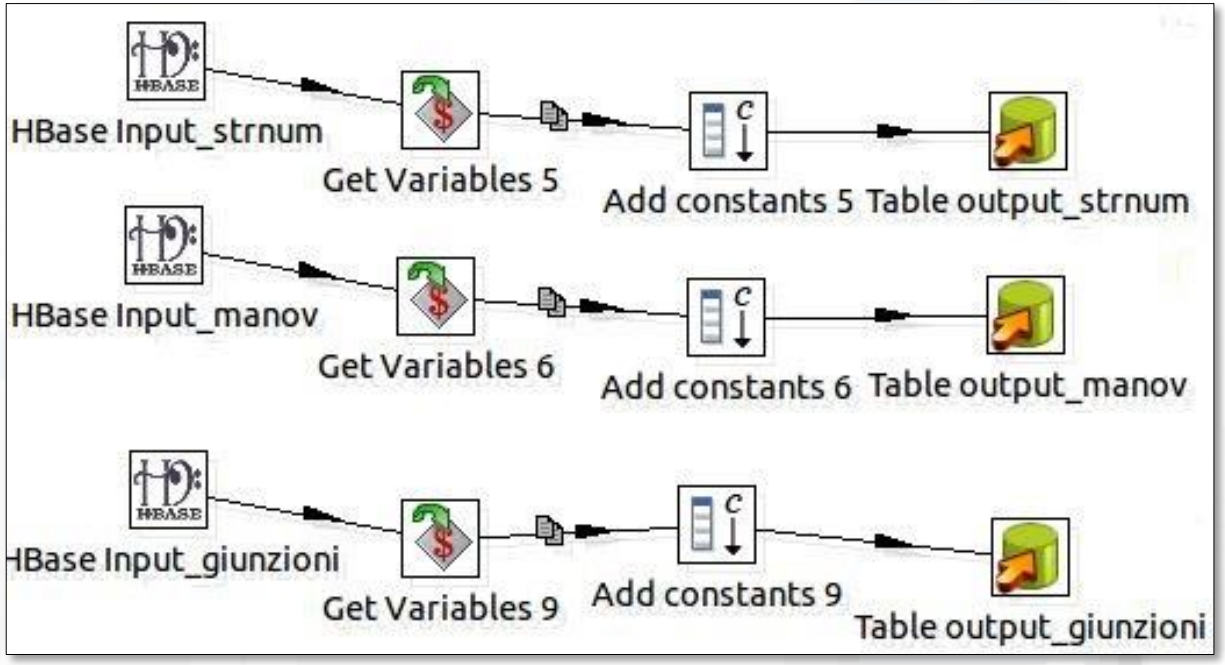
Lookup
- Call DB Procedure
- Check if a column exists
- Check if file is locked
- Check if webservice is avail
- Database join
- Database lookup
- Dynamic SQL row
- File exists
- Fuzzy match
- HTTP client
- HTTP Post
- Stream lookup
- Table exists
- Web services lookup

Utility
- Change file encoding
- Clone row
- Delay row
- Execute a process
- If field value is null
- Mail
- Metadata structure of str
- Null if...
- Process files
- Run SSH commands
- Send message to Syslog
- Write to log

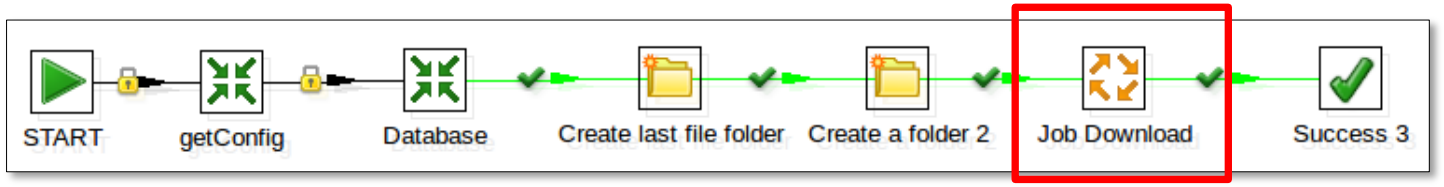
Output
- Access Output
- Delete
- Excel Output
- Insert / Update
- Json output
- LDAP Output
- Palo Cells Output
- Palo Dimension Output
- Properties Output
- RSS Output
- Salesforce Delete
- Salesforce Insert
- Salesforce Update
- Salesforce Upsert
- Serialize to file
- SQL File Output
- Synchronize after merge
- Table output
- Text file output
- Update
- XML Output

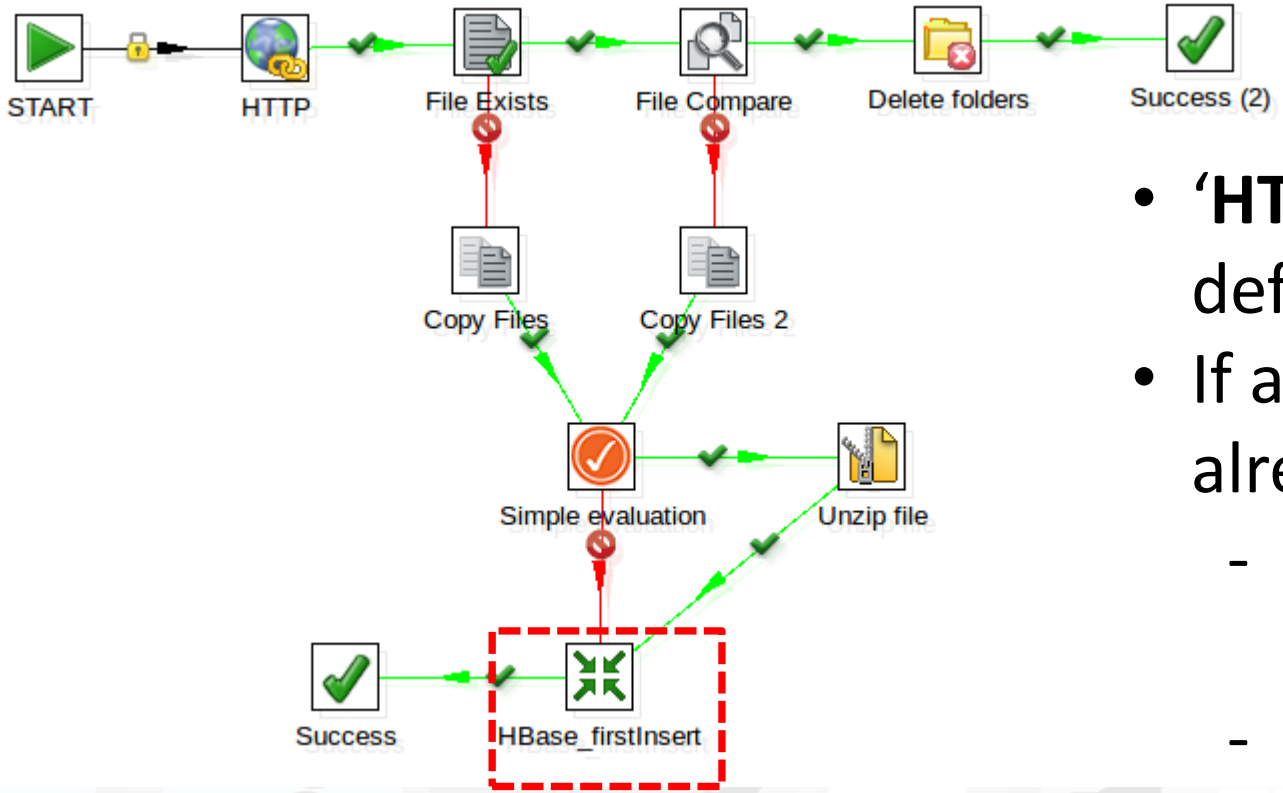
Sequential vs parallel





Job Download

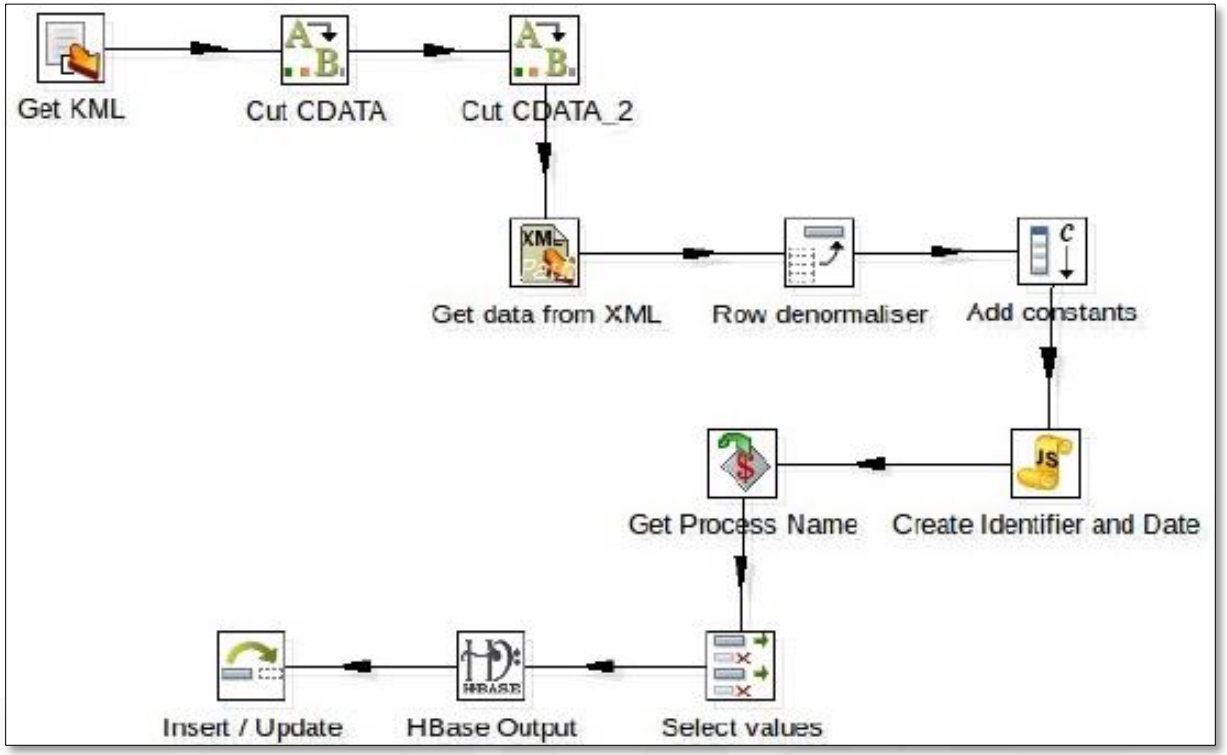




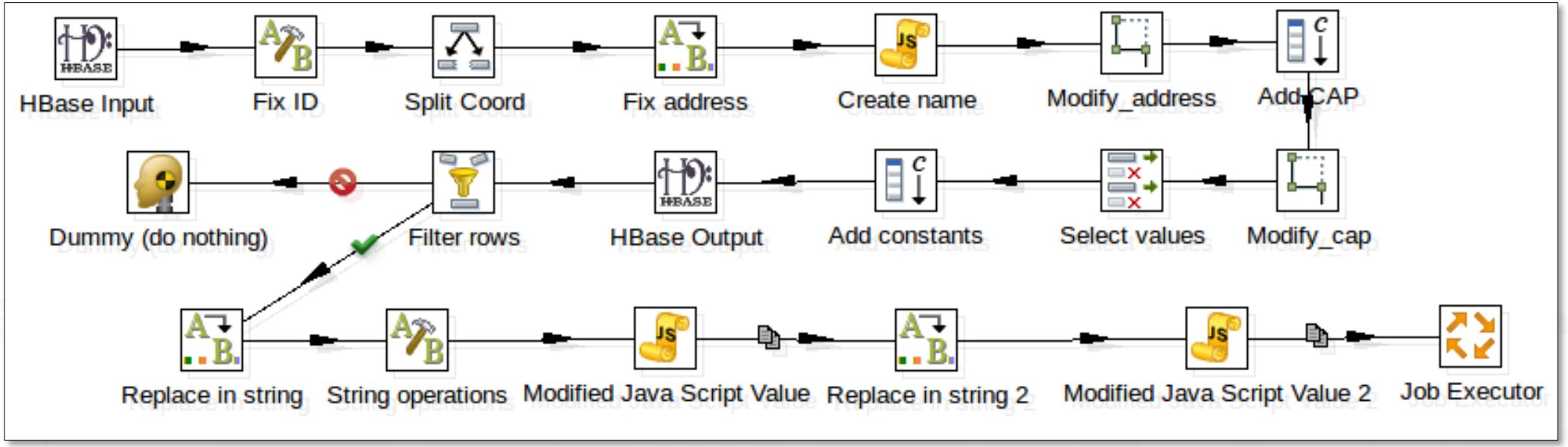
- '**HTTP**' step downloads the dataset defined in *PARAM* (URL) field.
- If a file with the same name already exists, we compare them.
  - If they are the same, we delete the folders created before.
  - Otherwise we unzip the file and '**HBase_firstInsert**' is called.

HBase_firstInsert

- '**Get KML**' loads the file just downloaded.
- '**Get data from XML**' and '**Row denormaliser**' extract fields from source file.
- In the JS step, we create an identifier (it will be use as key in HBase).
- '**HBase Output**' saves the information in a HBase table.
- '**Insert/Update**' updates the last ingestion date in MySQL table *process_manager2.*

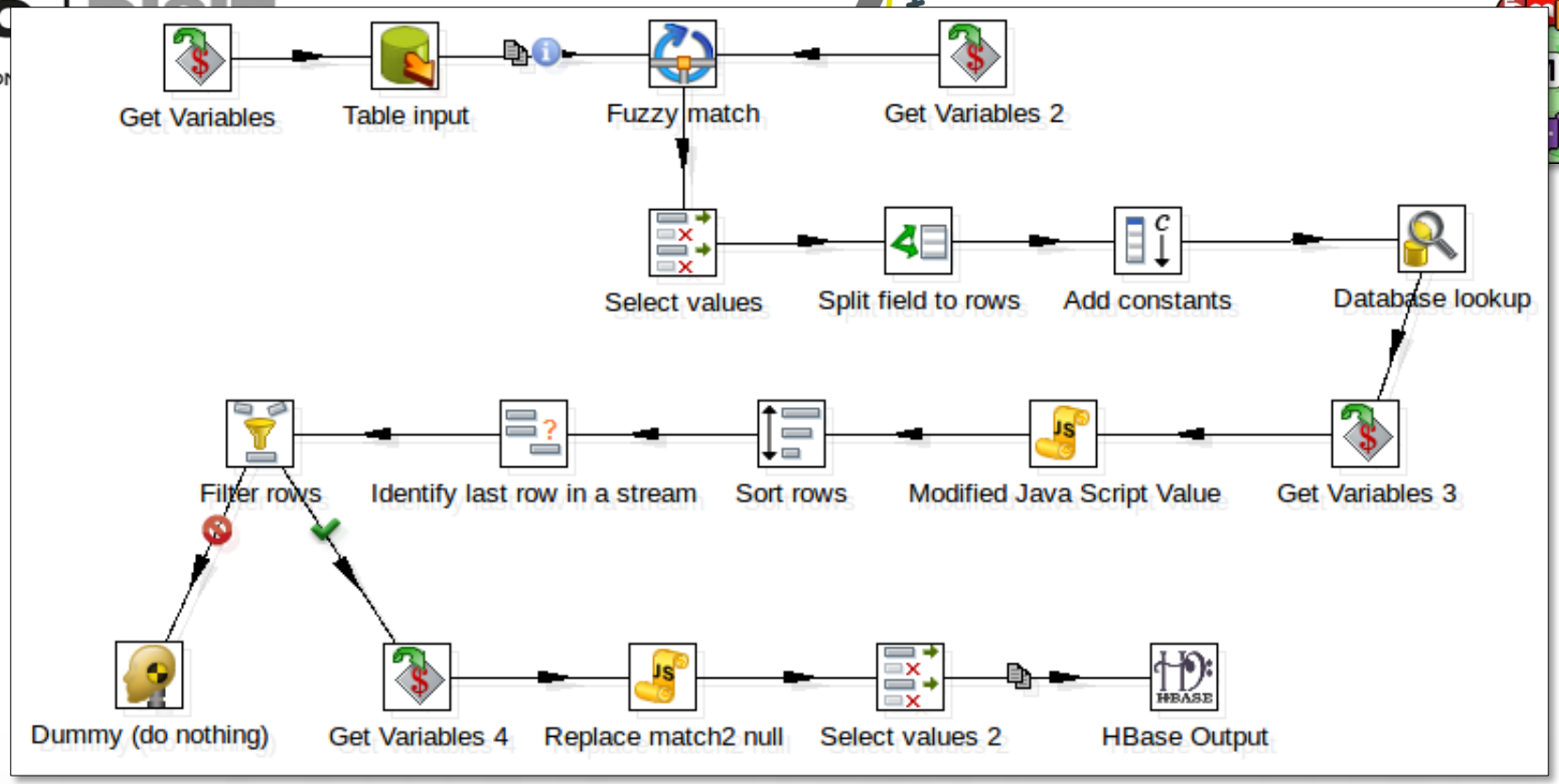


Quality Improvement



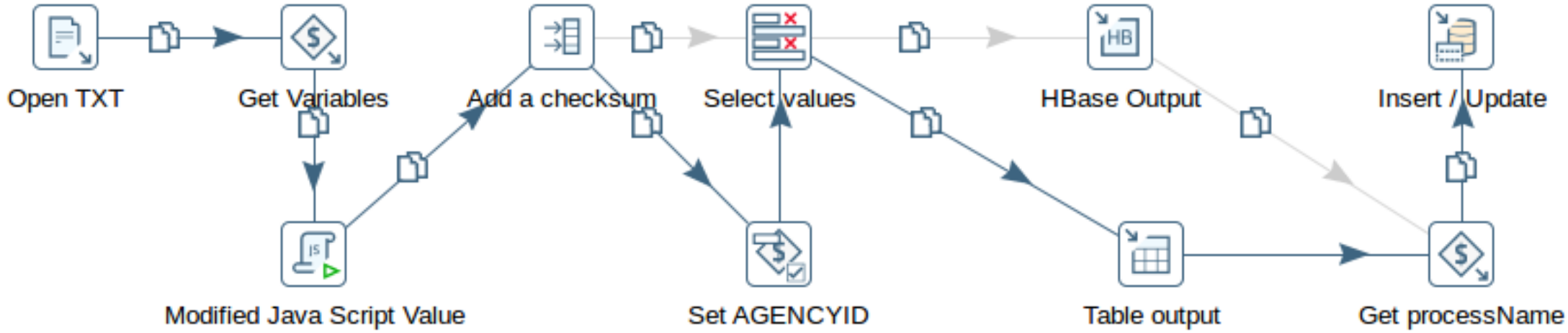
- '**HBase Input**' gets back data saved at the ingestion end.
- '**Fix address**' is used to correct typing error (e.g. Giovambattista instead of Giovanbattista) or to simplify search of right toponym code.
- '**Modify_***' transformations normalize address, CAP, website, e-mail, phone number, …
- '**Add constants**' adds two fields (address_syn, codice_toponimo) which we will use in the next job.
- '**HBase Output**' saves in a new HBase table the quality improvement result.
- For the rows which have an un-empty *streetAddress*, the steps below extract a word from *streetAddress* which we will use to find the right toponym code.

Job Executor



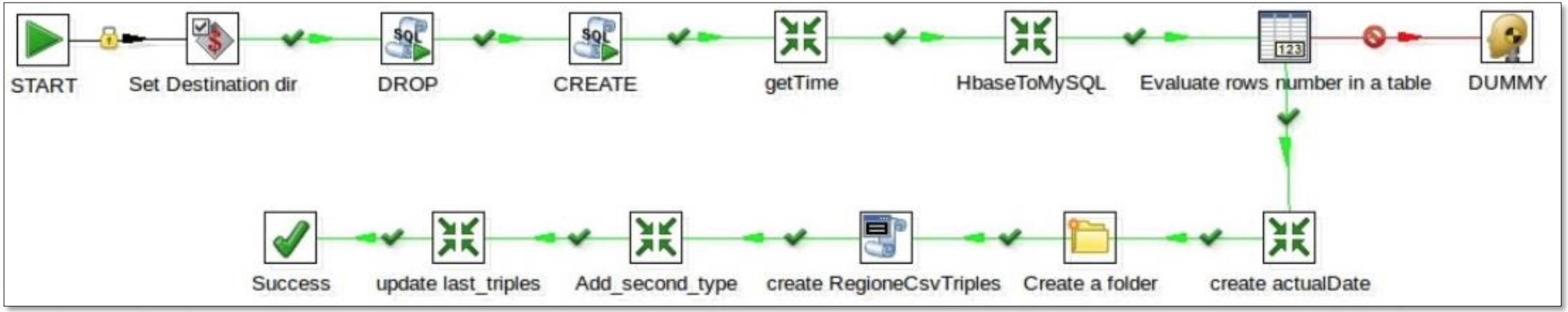
- To get toponym codes we use *tbl_toponimo_bis* MySQL table. It contains road names, toponym codes, town codes, …. Each road has his center coordinates (lat, long).
- '**Table input**' does the query on that table using the word created before.
- '**Fuzzy match**' calculates similarity (from 0.2 up to 1) between the query result and the address acquired during ingestion phase.
- Following steps calculate distance from ingestion coordinates and query ones and select the closest.
- '**HBase Output**' fills *address_syn* and *codice_toponimo* in QI HBase table.

QI Problems



- The method used for toponym code extraction sometimes produces wrong results.
- Given a word, might be impossible to determine right toponym code (e.g., query using '*Brunelleschi*' returns '*Via dei Brunelleschi*', '*Piazza Brunelleschi*').
- Summarize roads with their centers and calculate distances could not return right results (if the point of interest is far from his road center, it could be closer to another road center).

Triplification



- Since we use Karma to generate models, we have to move data from HBase to MySQL.
- '**DROP**' and '**CREATE**' respectively deletes MySQL table if already exists and creates a new one.
- '**getTime**' returns last triple generation timestamp for a specific process (using MySQL *process_manager2* table).
- '**HBaseToMySQL**' moves data from HBase to MySQL only if timestamp just calculated is older than the date of last ingestion (it prevents to generate triples based on the same data).
- '**create RegioneCSVTriples**' calls Karma script to generate triples based on the model.
- '**update last_triples**' updates last triple generation timestamp in *process_manager2*.

Scheduling Real Time Ingestions

- For **Real Time data** (car parks, road sensors, etc.), the ingestion and triple generation processes should be performed periodically (no for **static data**).

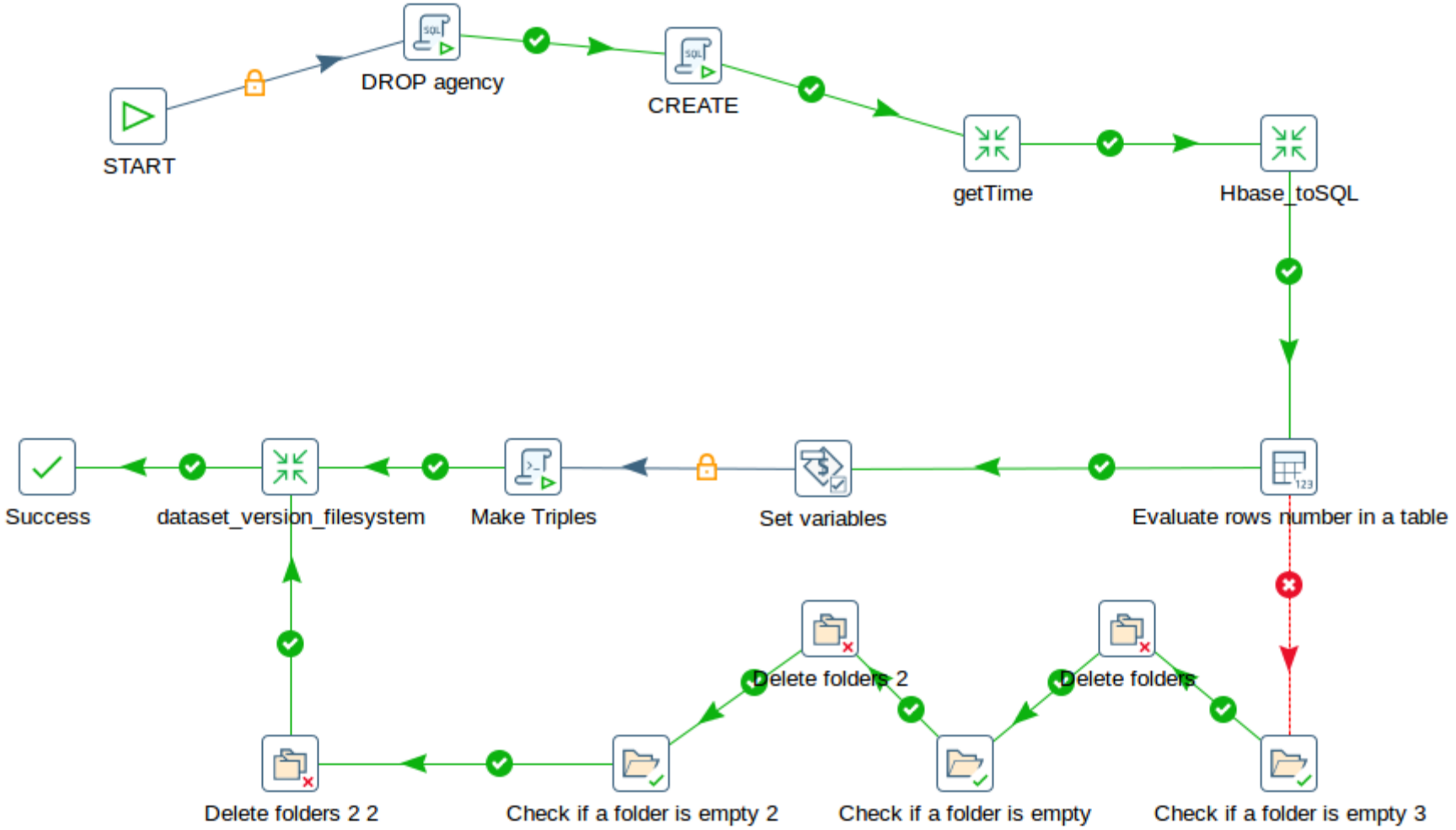
- A scheduler is used to manage the periodic execution of ingestion and triple generation processes;
  - this tool throws the processes with a predefined interval determined in phase of configuration.

Scheduler: DISCES

Smart Cloud Engine
DISIT - Distributed Systems and Internet Technology Lab

SCHEDULER NAME	ID	FIRE INSTANCE ID	DATE	JOB NAME	JOB GROUP	JOB DATA	STATUS	PROGRESS	TRIGGER NAME	TRIGGER GROUP	PREV FIRE TIME	NEXT FIRE
SCE	183652	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620531	2018-05-17 19:52:04	sensore_Demidoff_periferia	sensori_traffico_veicolare	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/u	SUCCESS	100%	sensore_Demidoff_periferia_trigger	sensori_traffico_veicolare_trigger	2018-05-17 19:52:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183651	hadoopnodet0415265553660711526555366283	2018-05-17 19:50:02	Sensori_MeteoSIR_Phoenix	Sensori_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"//	FAILED		Sensori_MeteoSIR_Phoenix_trigger	Sensori_Phoenix	2018-05-17 19:50:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183650	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620530	2018-05-17 19:50:32	CarPark_MIIC_160_Phoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	CarPark_MIIC_160_Phoenix_trigger	CarPark_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:50:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183649	hadoopnodet04c1526555081135152655550811132	2018-05-17 19:49:19	Bike_Siena_Phoenix	Bike_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	Bike_Siena_Phoenix_trigger	Bike_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183648	hadoopnodet0415265553660711526555366281	2018-05-17 19:49:38	smart_waste_FI_phoenix	smart_waste_phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	8b095cf2-d5b3-4c93-890a-b6544d950542	137efde2-25b6-4b7c-95ef-1aaff2f8ea51	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183647	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620528	2018-05-17 19:49:36	Bike_Pisa_Phoenix	Bike_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	Bike_Pisa_Phoenix_trigger	Bike_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183646	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620527	2018-05-17 19:49:05	Sensore_Senese_periferia	sensori_traffico_veicolare	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/u	SUCCESS	100%	Sensore_Senese_periferia_trigger	sensori_traffico_veicolare_trigger	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183645	hadoopnodet04c1526555081135152655550811131	2018-05-17 19:48:06	Sensore_Senese_Centro	sensori_traffico_veicolare	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/u	SUCCESS	100%	Sensore_Senese_Centro_trigger	sensori_traffico_veicolare_trigger	2018-05-17 19:48:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183644	hadoopnodet0415265553660711526555366280	2018-05-17 19:49:38	charging_stations_FI_phoenix	charging_stations_phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	charging_stations_FI_phoenix_trigger	charging_stations_phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:47:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183643	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620526	2018-05-17 19:48:10	weather_sensor_SantaMarta_FI_phoenix	weather_sensor_phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	weather_sensor_SantaMarta_FI_phoenix_trigger	weather_sensor_phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:46:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183642	hadoopnodet0415265553660711526555366278	2018-05-17 19:46:58	CarPark_SienaParcheggi_Phoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	CarPark_SienaParcheggi_Phoenix_trigger	CarPark_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:45:00	2018-05-17
SCE	183641	hadoopnodet0715265676204441526567620520	2018-05-17 19:47:58	CarPark_MIIC_164_Phoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	#processParameters=[{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	CarPark_MIIC_164_Phoenix_trigger	CarPark_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:45:00	2018-05-17

Triplification Overview



Triplification Overview

java -cp target/karma-offline-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT-shaded.jar **edu.isi.karma.rdf.OfflineRdfGenerator**
--sourcetype DB
--modelfilepath "${MODELPATH}/${processName}_**agency.ttl**"
--outputfile ${TRIPLESDESTDIRECT}/**agency.n3**
--dbtype **MySQL**
--hostname ${IPADDRESSMASTER}
--username ${USERNAMEMYSQL}
--password ${PSWMYSQL}
--portnumber ${PORTMYSQL}
--dbname ${DATABASEMYSQL}
--tablename ${processName}_agency

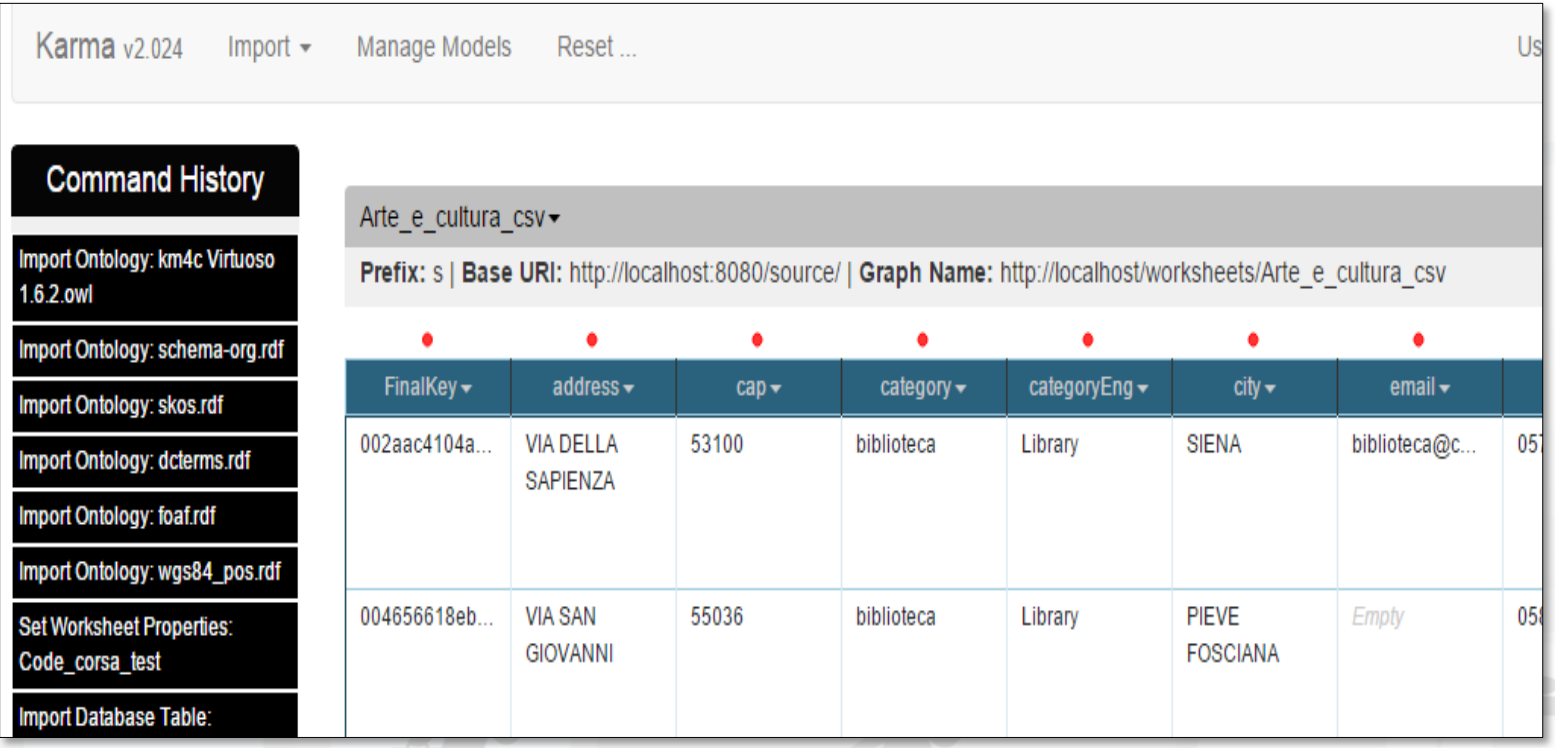
Karma

An introductory guide for generating RDF triples from relational data in minutes

Karma (http://usc-isi-i2.github.io/karma/) is a data integration tool developed at the Center of Knowledge Graphs of the Information Science Institute at the University of Southern California. Here at DISIT, we exploit Karma for triplifying relational data.

Karma

- Karma is a mapping model based on ontology (**km4city**) from MySQL tables to RDF.
- Triples are uploaded to **Virtuoso**, an RDF Store.
- It can import MySQL tables but no HBase ones.



Here are the steps to have your triples in your pocket in minutes:

1. Get one of the ready-to-use DISIT VMs
2. Launch the Karma server
3. Build your own model:
    1. Load vocabularies
    2. Load relational tables
    3. (Optional) Load R2RML models
    4. Define mappings
4. Export your model
5. Launch the command-line tool
6. Enjoy!

Get one of the ready-to-use DISIT VMs

The DISIT Lab makes available through its Drupal portal a set of ready-to-use virtual machines specifically oriented to data integration. Here is how you can get one of them:

1. Connect to http://www.disit.org/drupal/?q=node/6690 and scroll down to the section "MACCHINA VIRTUALE, VMSDETL, GIA' PRONTA"
2. Get the "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix" at http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8.rar, or the "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix per Virtualbox" at http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar, unless you have a good reason for picking a different one
3. Wait for the download to complete, and extract the archive
4. Launch the VM player of your choice
5. Open the VM
6. Run it
7. https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/ETL_and_Console_of_the_Virtual_Machine_-_User_Manual.pdf
8. https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4city_VM_Quick_guide.pdf

Karma

Launch the Karma server

Do the following to run the Karma server:

1. Open a shell
2. Move to ~/programs/Web-Karma-master/karma-web
3. Run mvn -Djetty.port=9999 jetty:run
4. Wait while the Jetty server comes up
5. Connect to localhost:9999 where you will find the Web application for building your model

Karma

Build the model

For that Karma could produce the RDF triples for you, it is required that you instruct it about how relational data should be mapped to semantic data. Documents that describe such a mapping are called R2RML models. Models are built operating a dedicated Karma Web application, and they are exported as ttl files.

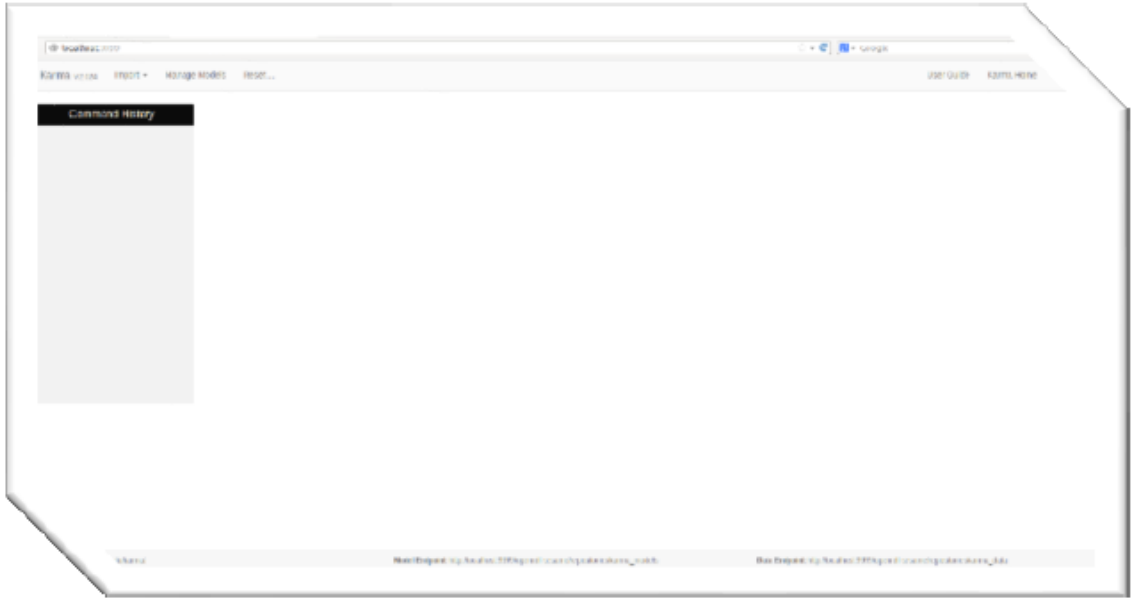
Steps:

1. Load Vocabularies
2. Load Relational Tables
3. Load R2RML Models
4. Define Mappings

Karma

Load Vocabularies

Have you connected to http://localhost:9999? Are you displaying something similar to this? Right, you are ready to load your vocabularies.



Identify classes and properties that you wish to appear in RDF triples that will be the result of the whole process. Identify vocabularies where such classes and properties are defined. Load them.

Below here is how you load a vocabulary:

1. Hit `Import`, at the top left corner of the Web page
2. Hit `From File`
3. Select the vocabulary file (it can be an OWL, RDF/XML, or TTL file)
4. Leave `OWL Ontology` selected, and hit `Next`
5. Indicate the correct file encoding if the proposed one is not, and hit `Import`

You should now see your newly imported vocabulary displayed in the Command History (left column).

Load Relational Tables

Identify tables in your RDB where source data can be found. Load them in your model.

Below here is how you load a table:

1. Hit `Import`, at the top left corner of the Web page
2. Hit `Database Table`. The `Import Database Table` dialog should open.
3. Fill in the form with authentication data and RDB name, and hit `OK`
4. A table listing should appear below the form
5. Put the mouse pointer over the table of your interest
6. Buttons `Import` and `Preview` should appear at the right of the table name. Hit `Import`.
7. Confirmation message "Table imported in the workspace!" should appear. Hit `OK`.
8. Repeat steps 5 – 8 for each table where source data are found
9. Hit `Close` at the bottom right corner of the `Import Database Table` dialog to dismiss it

Karma

Load R2RML Models

If you already have built and exported a model in the past, and you now just need to make a modification over it, you can start loading and applying your existing model, instead of rebuilding it from scratch.

Below here is how you apply an existing model:

1. Identify the table to which the model has to be applied, and hit the triangle that is displayed next to the table name
2. Select `Apply R2RML Model`, and then `From File`
3. Select the ttl file that contains your model, and hit `Open`
4. Done. Classes and links should appear in the workspace.



Karma

Define Mappings

Below here is how you specify that a column of an RDB table maps to a data property of a semantic class, and how to specify that a column contains an identifier that can be used for building the URIs of instances of the semantic class:

1. Below RDB table name, identify the blue box that contains the column name written in white
2. Hit the white triangle that you can see next to the column name
3. Hit `Set Semantic Type`
4. Pick the checkbox at left of *`property of Class`*
5. Hit the `Edit` button at right of *`property of Class`*
6. Select the semantic class from the `All Classes` list. Use the `Class` textbox for filtering.
7. Select the property from the `All Properties` list. Use the `Property` textbox for filtering.
8. If the column is a key, pick the `Mark as key for the class` checkbox
9. You can map the column to a *typed* literal, filling the textbox below the label `Literal type`
10. When you are done, hit `Save`. Repeat the procedure for each of the columns to be mapped.

Karma

Define Mappings

Below here is how you specify instead that a foreign key of a table in a relational database corresponds to an object property of a semantic class. Scenario: a relational table stops, that corresponds to a semantic class Stop, has a column agency_id where the unique identifier of the agency that manages the stop can be found. Each value in agency_id corresponds to one and only one value in a column, let's say *id*, that can be found in the relational table agencies. Table agencies corresponds to the semantic class Agency. We wish resources of class Stop to be linked each to the appropriate resource of class Agency, through the property gtfs:agency. For such a purpose, we will do the following:

1. Load relational table stops to workspace
2. Map data properties, linking columns in table stops, to the class Stop, through appropriate properties, as outlined above
3. Identify the grey box with rounded angles that has the name of the class Stop written within. It should locate in the workspace. Identify the black triangle that should locate near the right margin of the box. Click it.
4. Select `Add Outgoing Link`. A popup window should open.
5. Type `gtfs:agency` in the box labelled `Property`, and `gtfs:Agency` in the box labelled `To Class`
6. Click `Save` in the bottom right corner of the popup window to dismiss it.
7. A new grey box, related to class Agency, will appear in the workspace, linked to the grey box related to class Stop through a link labelled agency for brevity
8. Map column agency_id as a data property of class Agency, also specifying that it is a unique identifier, as described in the above paragraph
9. Repeat for all foreign keys to be mapped, then go to next step (*Export your model*).

Karma
Export Model

Once you have defined all needed mappings, you have to export your model to a ttl file, so that you can provide it as a parameter to the command-line Karma tool that performs the triplification. Here is how you can export your model:

1. Identify the RDB table whose model you wish to export
2. Hit the black triangle at the right of the table name
3. Select Publish, and then Model
4. A popup should appear at the top right corner of the window, saying “R2RML Model published”
5. Hit Manage Models, in the menu bar at the top of the page
6. A listing should appear of all models that you have exported in the current session
7. Identify the row corresponding to the last model exported, based on the File Name (the name of the RDB table) and the Publish Time.
8. Cut the URL that you can find in the rightmost column of the prospect, and open it in a new tab
9. Save As… the page that you have opened at step 8.
10. Done. The file that you have saved at step 9 is your ready-to-use R2RML model.

Karma

Launch the command-line tool

Once you have exported your R2RML model as a ttl file, you are ready to perform the triplification:

1. Open a shell
2. Move to `/home/ubuntu/programs/Web-Karma-master/karma-offline`
3. Launch the following as a single line command, customizing parameter values in bold:

```
mvn exec:java
-Dexec.mainClass="edu.isi.karma.rdf.OfflineRdfGenerator"
-Dexec.args=" --sourcetype DB --modelfilepath /path/to/model.ttl
--outputfile /path/to/output_triples_file.n3 --dbtype MySQL
-hostname mysql_srv_hostname_or_ip_address --username mysql_user
--password mysql_pwd --portnumber 3306 --dbname mysql_dbname
--tablename mysql_table_name -Dexec.classpathScope=compile
```

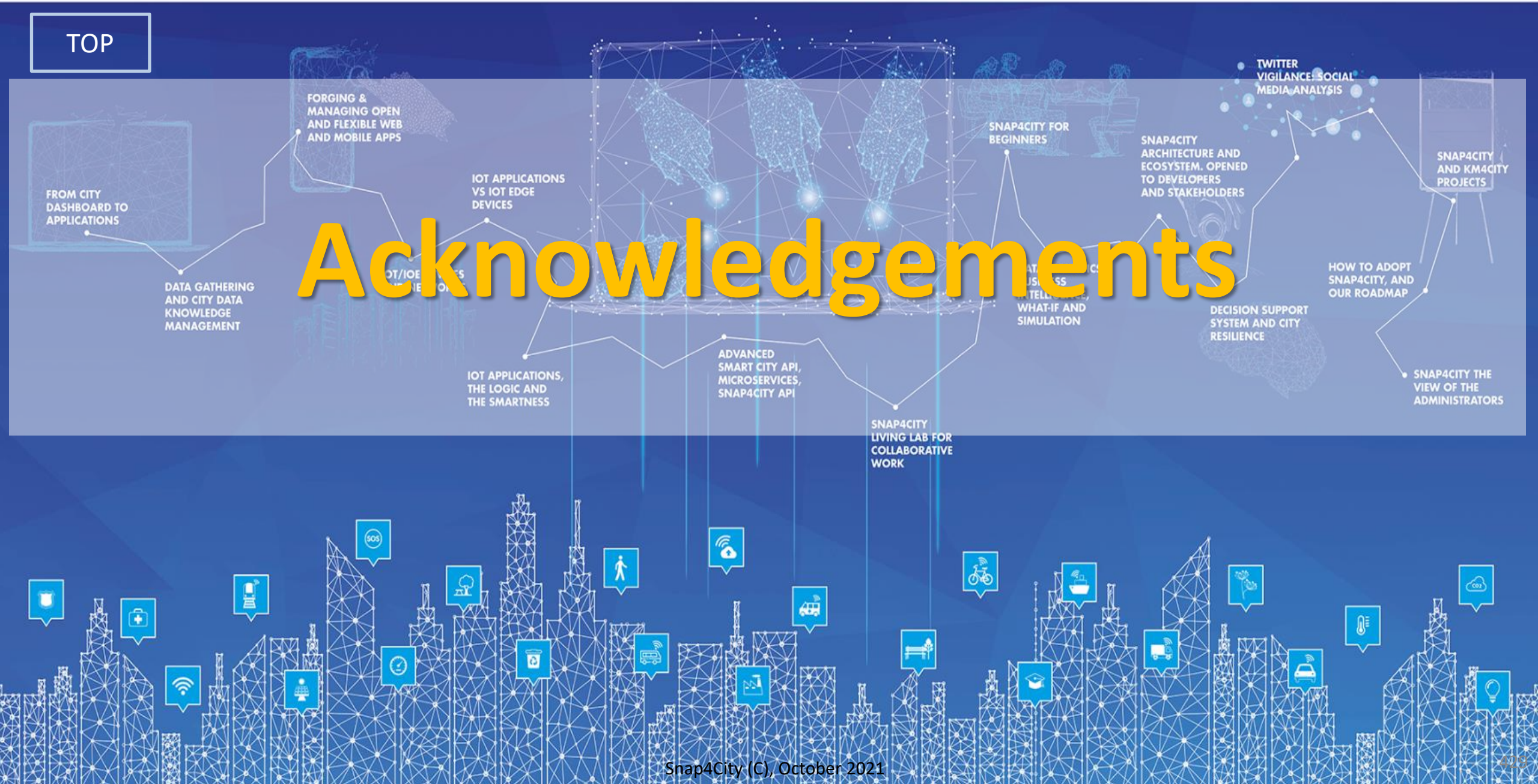
ETL SDK Virtual machine

- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/ETL_and_Console_of_the_Virtual_Machine_-_User_Manual.pdf
- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4city_VM_Quick_guide.pdf
- videos: https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/139
- example on Github: https://github.com/disit/smart-city-etl
- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4City-ETL-VM.rar
- "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix" at http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8.rar, or the "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix per Virtualbox" at http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar, unless you have a good reason for picking a different one

Further readings on ETL

- ETL Development: https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/24
- US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- TC6.3. Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation
- TC6.4- Managing ETL processes via Resource Manager, upload, execute, monitor
- TC6.5- Managing Heterogeneous File Ingestion via ETL processes
- TC6.6- Producing data-sets in Bundle via ETL
- TC6.8- ETL processes for data transformation, and exploiting MicroServices/API/RestCall
- TC6.9- ETL processes for multiprotocol and format data ingestion, see on GITHUB for library
- TC6.10- ETL Applications using multiple protocols, and formats for files and to calling services using REST and WS
- TC6.11- Add a new ETL coping with a new Protocol
- ETL processes for massive Data Ingestion and Transformation

TOP



Acknowledgements

DISIT lab roadmap vs model and tools' usage

2013
Km4City Ontology 1.1

- Tuscany, Road Graph
- Mobility
- culture, tourism
- Events
- Parking
- Services
- Linked open graph

2014
- Weather Forecast
- Real Time Wi-Fi
- Entertainment
- LOD

- Twitter Vigilance
- Social Media Analytics, Sentiment Analysis

Km4City 1.4

2015
Km4City 1.5

- Resilience Decision Support
- Smart First Aid
- User Behaviour Analysis, predictions
- Risk Analysis

ckan, resolute

H2020 (2015-18)

2016
(2016-21) H2020 REPLICATE

Km4City 1.6.4

- Smart Energy
- Sustainable Mobility
- Control Room
- Dashboard

Km4City 1.6.2

Sii-Mobility (2016-21)

SII-MOBILITY SCN

- Infomobility
- Mobile App
- Routing
- Multimodality

FIWARE

- Sardinia Region Smart City Strategies and plan

GREEN IMPACT C.A.P.A.C.I.T.Y.

GREEN IMPACT
POR FESR 2014-2020

- Industry 4.0
- Critical Plant
- Monitoring

2017
Sii-Mobility

- Origin-Destination and trajectories
- Traffic Reconstruction
- Offer Analysis
- OBU, smart devices

E015 digital ecosystem

(2016-19) GHOST SIR

IOT/IOE

- IOT/IOE, IOT App
- Living Lab
- Maker Support
- IOT Edge
- Smart City IOT
- GDPR,
- Privacy & Security

life weee (2017-20)

- Smart Waste

MOSAiC (2018-20)

- Mobility Demand / Offer Analytics and Strategy

2018
Sii-Mobility

- User engagement
- Bike Sharing
- Data Analytics ++
- Social Predictions
- OBD2

Km4City 1.6.6

Node-RED

SNAP4CITY SELECT for Cities H2020 (2017-19)

SIRIUS

5G (2018-21)

- 5G tech
- Energy
- Industry 4.0
- Synoptics

TRAFAIR CEF (2018-21)

- Traffic and Mobility Impact on Pollution
- NOX predictions

2019
EUROPEAN OPEN SCIENCE CLOUD

LAID Smart Bed

- Smart Health

GREEN FIELD PEAS Soda4.0

- Industry 4.0

bee smart city

- Smart Lonato

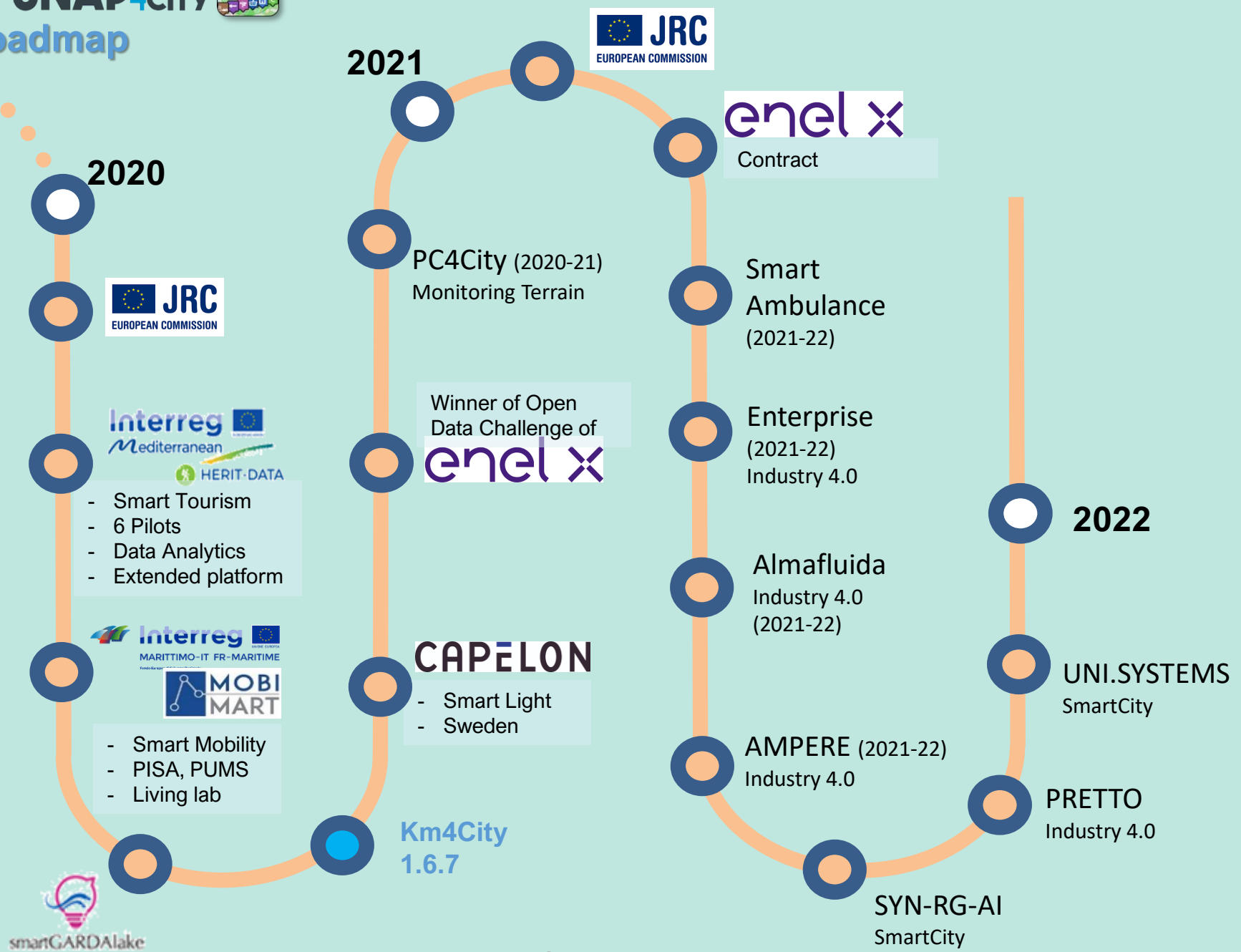
Reverberi Enetec Gruppo MPES

Winner of Select4Cities PCP

SELECT for Cities 1° place award to SNAP4CITY

SNAP4CITY

roadmap


2020
JRC EUROPEAN COMMISSION
Interreg Mediterranean HERIT-DATA
- Smart Tourism
- 6 Pilots
- Data Analytics
- Extended platform
Interreg MARITTIMO-IT FR-MARITIME MOBI MART
- Smart Mobility
- PISA, PUMS
- Living lab
smartGARDAlake
Km4City 1.6.7
2021
JRC EUROPEAN COMMISSION
enel X
Contract
PC4City (2020-21)
Monitoring Terrain
Smart Ambulance (2021-22)
Winner of Open Data Challenge of enel X
Enterprise (2021-22) Industry 4.0
CAPELON
- Smart Light
- Sweden
Almafluida Industry 4.0 (2021-22)
AMPERE (2021-22) Industry 4.0
SYN-RG-AI SmartCity
2022
UNI.SYSTEMS SmartCity
PRETTO Industry 4.0

Main running instances

- Sii-Mobility → mobility and transport, sustainability
- REPLICATE → ICT, smart City Control room, Energy, IOT
- RESOLUTE → Resilience, ICT, Big Data
- GHOST → Strategies, smart city
- TRAFAIR → Environment & transport
- MOSAIC → mobility and transport
- WEEE Life → Smart waste, environment
- Smart Garda Lake → Castelnuovo del Garda, SMARTEA
- 5G → Industry 4.0 vs SmartCity
- Green Impact → Industry 4.0, Chemical Plant
- SmartBed (Laid) → smart health
- Green Field Peas (Soda) → Industry 4.0, Chemical plant
- MobiMart and PISA Agreement → data aggregation, mobility and transport, Living Lab
- Lonato del Garda → smart parking, environment
- Herit Data → tourism, culture and management
- ISPRA JRC → site management and services
- Capelon (Sweden) → smart light solutions

Acknowledgements

- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of **Snap4City** https://www.snap4city.org **of Select4Cities H2020** are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the **Select4Cities** project. **Select4Cities** has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 688196)
- **TRAFAIR is a CEF** project. All slides reporting logo of TRAFAIR project are representing tools and research founded by the EC on CEF programme http://trafair.eu/
- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of **REPLICATE H2020** are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the REPLICATE project. **REPLICATE** has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 691735).
- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of **RESOLUTE H2020** are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the RESOLUTE project. **RESOLUTE** has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 653460).
- Thanks to the MIUR for co-founding and to the University of Florence and companies involved. All slides reporting logo of **Sii-Mobility** are representing tools and research founded by MIUR for the Sii-Mobility SCN MIUR project.
- **Km4City** *is an open technology and research line of DISIT Lab exploited by a number of projects. Some of the innovative solutions and research issues developed into projects are also compliant and contributing to the Km4City approach and thus are released as open sources and are interoperable, scalable, modular, standard compliant, etc.*

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

DISIT thanks to

Herit Data: Tourism and Mng. https://herit-data.interreg-med.eu/
Snap4City: IOT/IOE smart city www.snap4city.org
Trafair: CEF project with several Cities http://trafair.eu/
Mosaic: Mobility and transport model
Km4City: http://www.km4city.org
REPLICATE H2020, SCC1, EC flagship
http://replicate-project.eu/
Sii-Mobility SCN MIUR: http://www.sii-mobility.org
Feedback: retail and GDO Big Data analytics
5G with 3G-Wind, Open Fiber, Estra
Coll@bora Social Innovation, MIUR:
http://www.disit.org/5479
RESOLUTE H2020, EC:
http://www.resolute-eu.org
TRACE-IT, RAISSS, TESYSRAIL, …
Mobile Emergency:
http://www.disit.org/5404



SNAP4CITY

REPLICATE

resolute

Sii-Mobility

TRAFAIR

GREEN IMPACT C.A.P.A.C.I.T.Y.

LAID Smart Bed

GREEN FIELD PEAS Soda4.0

5G

MOSAiC

Coll@bora

TESYS RAIL



feedback

Trace-IT

RAISSS

Smart COMMUNITIES Tech Italian Technology Cluster for Smart Communities

Regione Toscana

MIUR

Horizon 2020 European Union Funding for Research & Innovation

Further readings

https://www.snap4city.org/108

- HOW TO: create a Dashboard in Snap4City
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- HOW TO: Develop Smart Applications, Snap4City development Life Cycle
- HOW TO: HLT vs Ingestion, and HLT vs Widgets
- HOW TO: Develop an IOT Application for Data Ingestion
- HOW TO: Upload data into Knowledge Base, ServiceMap (triple upload)
- HOW TO: Create as set of Devices with BulkProcessing
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Model
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Instance from IOT Directory tool

TOP

SNAP4CITY

KM 4 CITY

Be smart in a SNAP!



SNAP4
Appliances and Dockers
Installations

CONTACT

DISIT Lab, DINFO: Department of Information Engineering
Università degli Studi di Firenze - School of Engineering

Via S. Marta, 3 - 50139 Firenze, ITALY
https://www.disit.org

www.snap4city.org

Email: snap4city@disit.org

Office: +39-055-2758-515 / 517
Cell: +39-335-566-86-74
Fax.: +39-055-2758570

UNIVERSITÀ DEGLI STUDI FIRENZE | DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE | DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB