













Be smart in a SNAP!

LIVING LAB

Advanced Smart City API, ASCAPI Web and Mobile App development



16 January 2020, Course

https://www.snap4city.org/577

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES

















scalable Smart aNalytic APplication builder for sentient Cities: for Living Lab and co-working with Stakeholders









EXPERT SYSTEM

KNOWLEDGE BASE

STORAGE



















DASHBOARDS AND APPS - CONTROL ROOMS - DECISION SUPPORT SYSTEMS - WHAT-IF ANALYSIS



BIG DATA ANALYTICS ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE MACHINE LEARNING



DATA FLOWS, WORKFLOWS MICROSERVICES MANAGEMENT



METHODOLOGIES COURSES AND COMMUNITY LIVING LABS DEVELOPMENT TOOLS











Snap4City/Industry structure

- The **Snap4xxxx** solution is released in Open Source, VM and Docker with fully support of MultiTenant/multiple-Organizations
 - Each Organization may be configured for a separate environment with a set of Maps, Menus, Users, Data, Dashboards, IOT Apps, MicroApplications, Custom Widgets, Models, resources, open data, etc.
- Https://www.Snap4City.ORG is the main instance of Snap4xxxx solution managed by DISIT Lab. The main documentation is located and updated on Snap4City.org, GitHUB, dockerHub and Node-Red Library. Snap4City.org is where the last tools are tested and news published.
 - Organizations on Snap4City.org have been created with contracts as for Platform as a Service, for testing and for providing SmartCity as a Service as well as Industry 4.0 as a Service





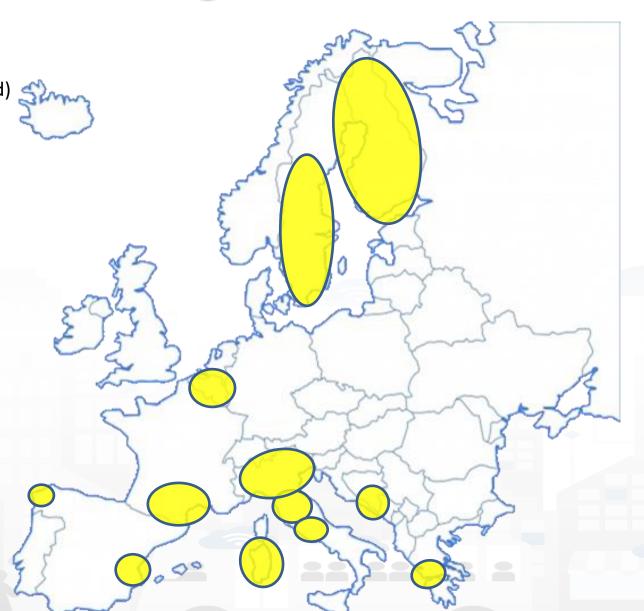


Coverage 2020



Main Organizations/areas

- Antwerp area (Be)
- Capelon (Sweden: Västerås, Eskilstuna, Karlstad)
- DISIT demo (multiple)
- Dubrovnik, Croatia
- Firenze area (I)
- Garda Lake area (I)
- Helsinki area (Fin)
- Livorno area (I)
- Lonato del Garda (I)
- Modena (I)
- Mostar, Bosnia-Herzegovina
- Pisa area (I)
- Pont du Gard, Occitanie (Fr)
- Roma (I)
- Santiago de Compostela (S)
- Sardegna Region (I)
- SmartBed (multiple)
- Toscana Region (I), SM
- Valencia (S)
- Venezia area (I)
- WestGreece area (Gr)









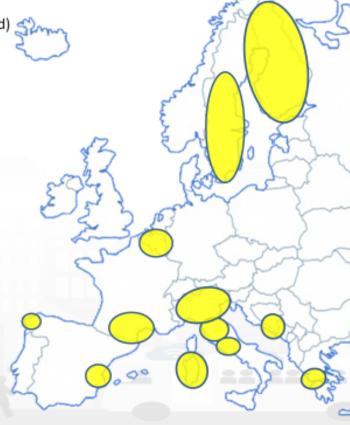


- Most of Organizations on Snap4City.org also correspond to companies or institutions that have an installation of Snap4City tools on their Premise,
 - such as: Pisa, SmartGarda Lake, Snap4, ALTAIR, etc.
- This double way allows them to:
 - test the news,
 - share experiences with other groups,
 - get visibility,
 - work in the collaborative environment, and
 - be better supported by Snap4City.org and DISIT Lab personnel.
- Each instance of Snap4xxxx solution *can decide to join the federation* of SmartCity API to exploit shared data.
 - This allows to exploit regional data for city installations applications (web, mobile, dashboards, etc.) without reloading them for example.

Main Organizations/areas

- Antwerp area (Be)
- Capelon (Sweden: Västerås, Eskilstuna, Karlstad)
- DISIT demo (multiple)
- Dubrovnik, Croatia
- Firenze area (I)
- Garda Lake area (I)
- Helsinki area (Fin)
- · Livorno area (I)
- Lonato del Garda (I)
- Modena (I)
- Mostar, Bosnia-Herzegovina
- Pisa area (I)
- Pont du Gard, Occitanie (Fr)
- Roma (I)
- Santiago de Compostela (S)
- Sardegna Region (I)
- SmartBed (multiple)
- Toscana Region (I), SM
- Valencia (S)
- Venezia area (I)
- WestGreece area (Gr)

Snap4City (C), October 2020





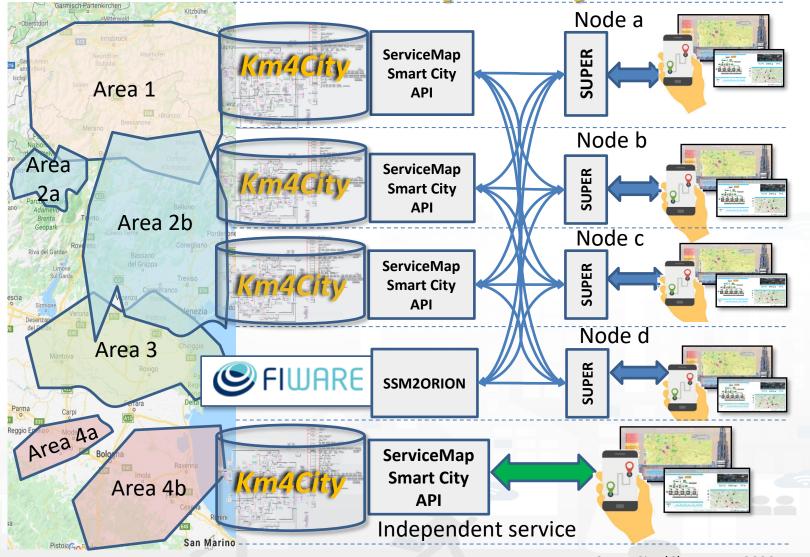








Federation of Snap4City Services



- A Mobile App may refer to one Smart City API Server (for Area 1) via SUPER and receive data from the Federated SUPERS (Area 2) if navigation, queries, etc. are leading to discover out of the addressed KB.
 - SUPER can be used for creating redundant and/or balanced distributed solutions for Federated KB. See Area 2, the two KB in the front.
 - Federated SUPER can have overlapped KB even totally.
 - A Mobile App can be developed to support multiple Smart City API servers, for balancing and
- The usage of Super is not mandatory so that separate services can be produced as well
 - Super and Nodes present the same Smart City APIs.



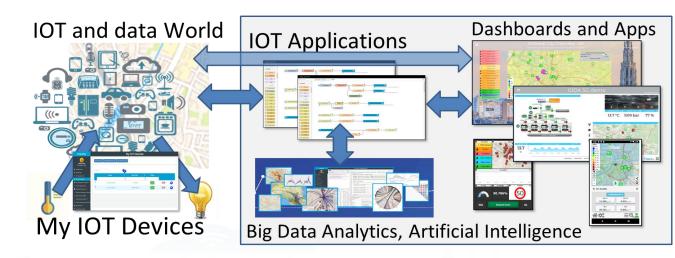








- Register on <u>WWW.snap4city.org</u>
 - Subscribe on **DISIT Organization**
- You can:
 - Access on basic Tools
 - Access to a large volume of Data
 - Create Dashboards
 - Create IOT Applications
 - Connect your IOT Devices
 - Exploit Tutorials and Demonstrations



IF you need to go more in deep you can ask us to pass at the next Role becoming full AreaManager with full Analytics, machine learning, etc.

https://www.snap4city.org/577



On Line Training Material (free of charge)

	1st part (*)	2nd part (*)	3rd part (*)	4th part (*)	5th part (*)	6th part (*)	7th part (*)
what	General	Dashboards	IOT App, IOT Network	Data Analytics	Data Ingestion processes	System and Deploy Install	Smart City API: Web & Mob. App
PDF	CANADAGE CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	CERNAL For Control to a SPAR Control of the SP	CONANGER CONTROL DISARCE CONTR	C'SNAN-CON CONTROL DIAM CONTROL	COMATACT COMMENTS OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPE	CEMANAGE ENGINEERS AND STATE OF THE STATE OF	CIMAL For Civil Comment to a SHAPE Comment to a SHAPE Comment to a SHAPE Comment to a SHAPE Comment Co
Inter active	CAMALAGON BY ARREST TO STAND BY A	CENARION DE PRATE	C SNAPACITY STORY AS DESIGN CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PRO	CAMADACT CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	COMADAGY To receive to a Many Annual for a Many	CENTANACE CONTROL DE LA DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DE LA DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DE LA DESCRIPTION DE LA DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DESCRIPTION DE LA	CAMADAGON EN CONTROL DE CONTROL D
Videol	You						
Video2	You						
Video3	You Tube	You Tube	You	You	You Tube	You	You Tube
Video4	You	You	You	none	You Tube	none	none
duration	2:55	3:16	3:41	2:00	2:48	2:35	1:47





General Overview of the full Course

- 1st part: General Overview
- 2nd part: Dashboards Creation and Management
- 3rd part: IOT Applications development, IOT Devices, IOT Networks
- 4th part: Data Analytics, in R Studio, in Python, how to Exploit and Manage Data Analytics in IOT Applications
- **5th part:** Data Ingestion, Data Warehouse, Data Gate, IOT Device Data ingestion, IOT App for Data Ingestion, etc.
- 6th part: Snap4City Architecture, How To Install Snap4City
- 7th part: Smart city API (internal and external) Web and Mobile App development tool kit

A number of the training sections include exercitations

Updated versions on: https://www.snap4city.org/577

See also courses in ITALIANO: https://www.snap4city.org/485







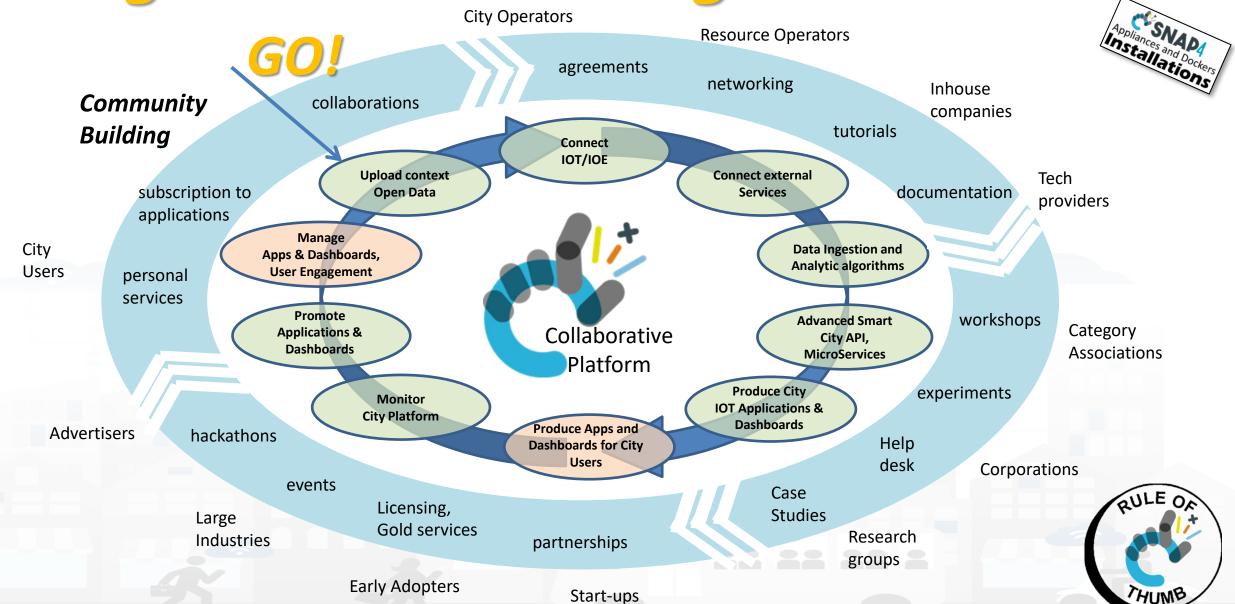


7th Part Agenda

- GO
- **Smart City API: Internal and External**
- GO
- Forging and Managing Flexible Mobile Apps, Web Apps and **MicroApplications**
 - Web and Mobile App with Open Development Kit
 - Understanding how City User are using the City Services
 - Engagement of City Users, towards a participated attitude
 - Connected Drive
 - Integration with Telegram: SnapBot
- Advanced Smart City API, MicroServices, Snap4City API GO
- **Federated Knowledge Base and Smart City API** GO
- Web and Mobile App Development Kit GO
 - Acknowledgement

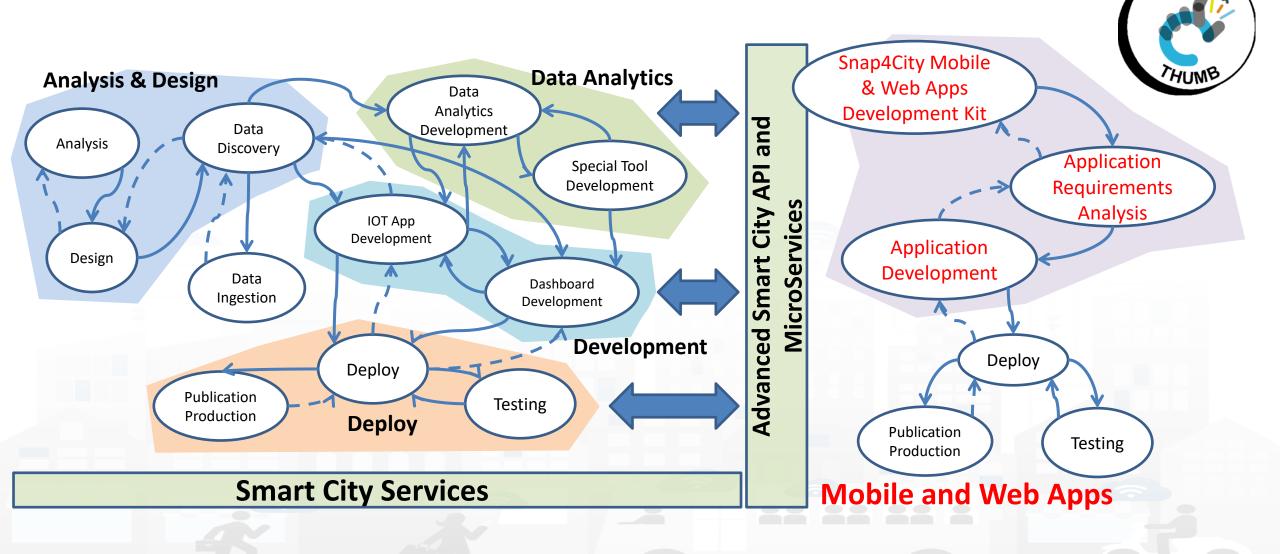
Living Lab Accelerating





Develop Mobile & Web Applications Fundation Count City Count

Exploiting Snap4City Smart City Services



SNAP4city KM4 CITY









Levels of Difficulty

- Easy.
- Moderate.
- Good.
- Golden.
- Professional.
- Excellent.













non programmer level

Some JavaScript rudiment coding

JavaScript programming

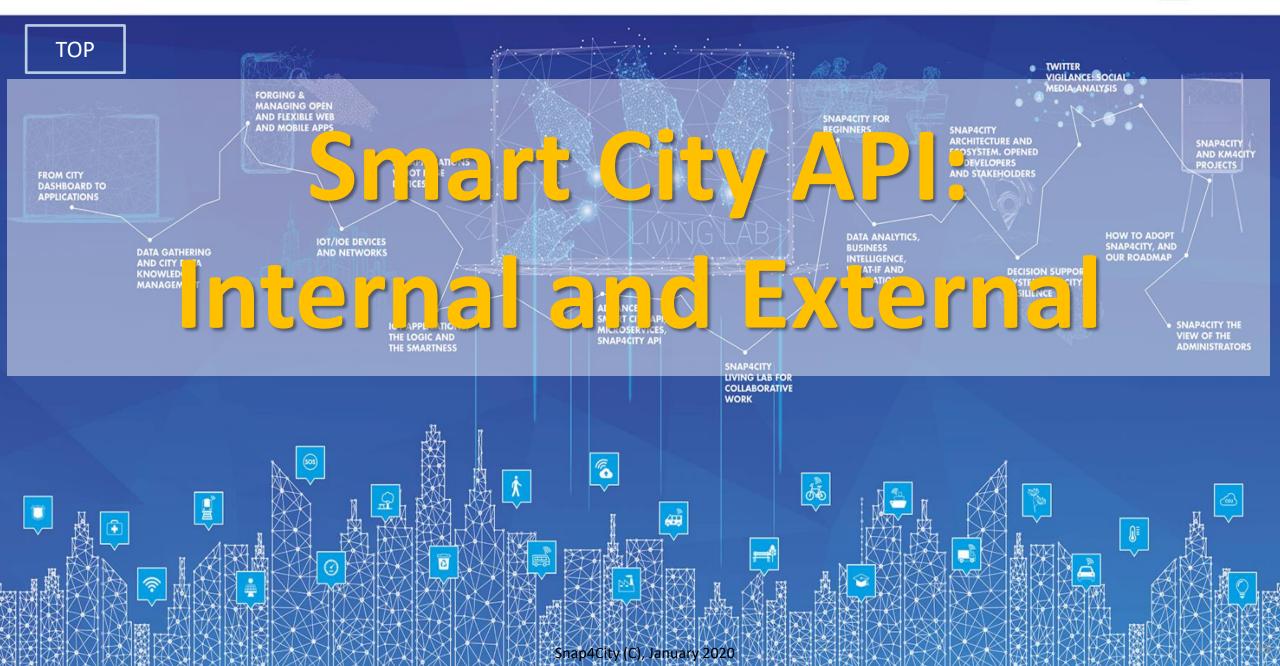
Programming in R Studio

Exploiting Smart City API

Developing Full IOT Applications, Dashboard and Mobile Apps

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES





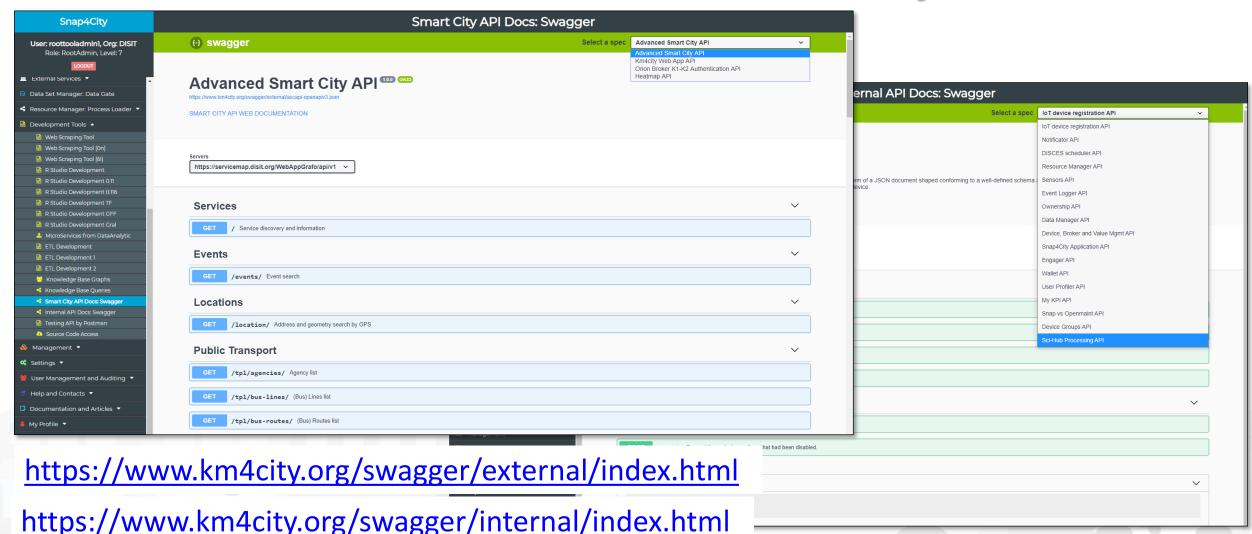








Internal and External Smart City API



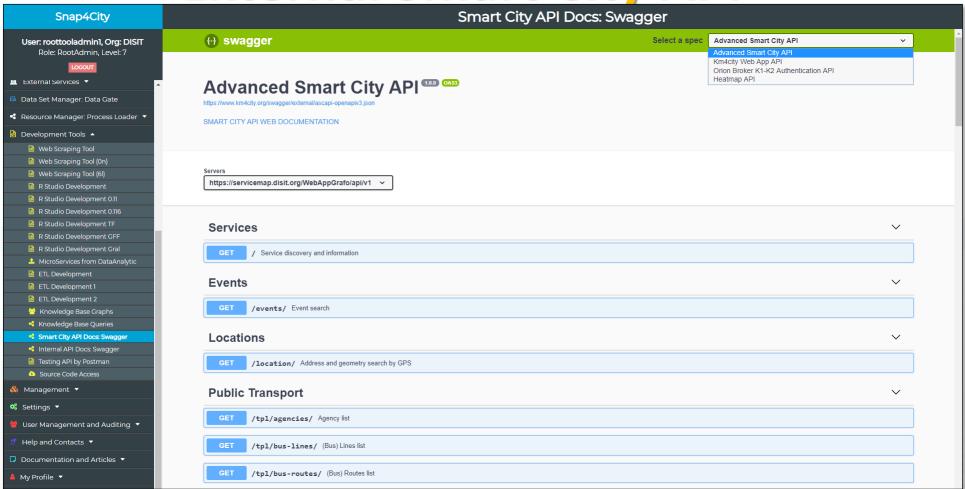








External Smart City API



https://www.km4city.org/swagger/external/index.html





External Smart City API

- Advanced Smart City API
 - To access the Service Map resources and query
- Km4city Web App API
 - To exploit MicroApplications created as tools for Dashboards, totem, web Apps, etc.
- Orion Broker K1-K2 Authentication
 - To communicate with IOT Orion Brokers exploiting the Secure Filter of Snap4City.
- Heatmap
 - To save and access to HeatMaps of the Heatmap server

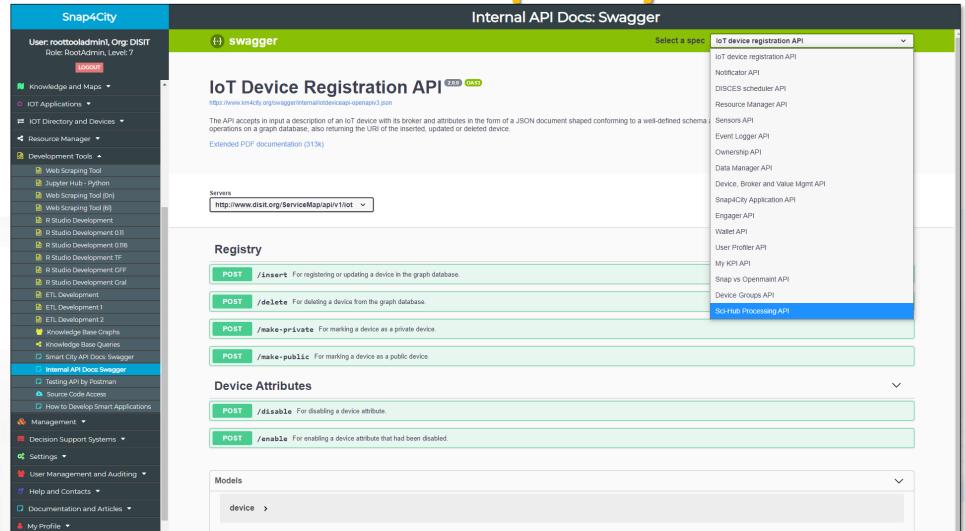








Internal Snap4City API



https://www.km4city.org/swagger/internal/index.html









Internal Smart City API

- **IOT** devices and tools API:
 - IoT device registration API
 - API of the IOT Directory
 - Sensors API
 - API of the IOT Directory
 - Device, Broker and Value Mgmt API
 - API of the IOT Directory
- **Mobile App management**
 - User Profiler API
 - To manage the user profile for the Engager on Mobile Apps
 - Engager API
 - From the Engager to prepare engagements to the Mobile Apps
 - Wallet API
 - From the Engager to Wallet o the users of Mobile Apps and in general
 - Snap4City Application API









Internal Smart City API

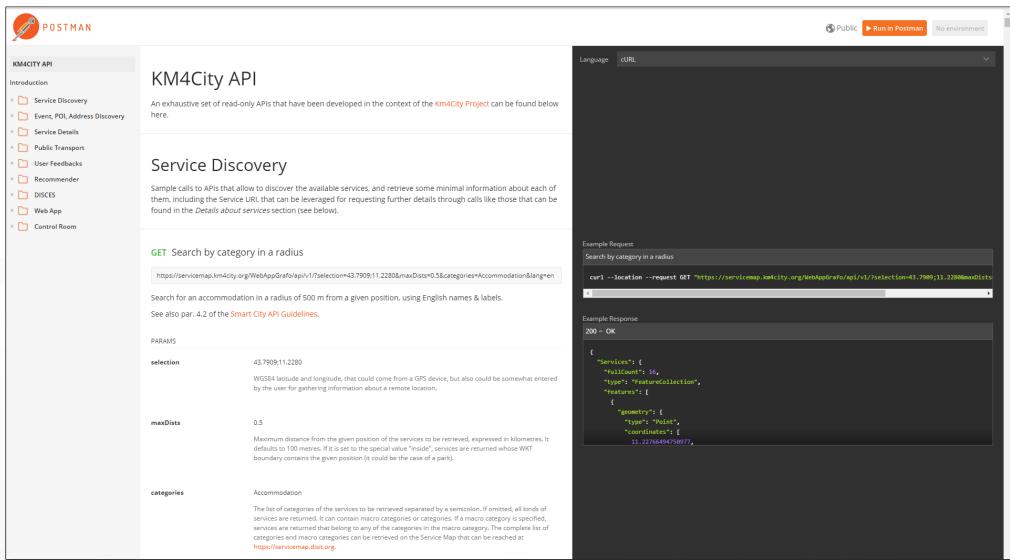
- Resources and entities
 - Snap4City Application API
 - To manage IOT Apps
 - My KPI API
 - To manage MyKPI, MyPOI, POI, etc.
 - Data Manager API
 - Resource Manager API
 - To manage resources on the market place
 - Ownership API
 - To manage ownerships and delegations
 - Device Groups API
 - To manage ownerships and delegations
- Notificator API
- DISCES scheduler API
- Event Logger API
- Snap vs OpenMaint API
 - Integration with the workflow management and ticketing
- SCI-HUB Processing API
 - To activate data download and heatmap production from Copernicus satellite services











https://documenter.getpostman.com/view/4177198/km4city-api/RW83QsX5?version=latest







- Advanced Smart City API which can be confined into a single Smart City installation or Federated as well as for **Super Service Map**
 - https://www.km4city.org/swagger/external/index.html
- **Federated Multiple Snap4City** Knowledge Bases. This allows the creation of mobile applications that may move from multiple cities and area accessing data and making queries transparently. This solution is presently in place among the Knowledge Bases of: Antwerp/Helsinki, Tuscany/Firenze, Sardegna, etc. The resulting Service is called Super Service Map and it is integrated in the Smart City API. For example, via:
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1
- **Federated Open Data Portals** via DataGate/CKAN that presently presents now more than 13800 data sets linked for the cities of Helsinki and Antwerp.
 - https://datagate.snap4city.org/organization
 - Federation, Harvesting interface is: https://datagate.snap4city.org/harvest
- WFS service of Snap4City on top of Federated Smart City API or simple Smart City API of a single ServiceMap (smart City installation). This solution permits to GIS applications and platforms (such as ArcGIS OnLine ESRI, ArcGIS Enterprise ESRI, ArcGIS Map/pro Desktop, QGIS, GeoServer, etc.) to access at Snap4City data. For Example, via:
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1/wfs
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1/wfs?service=WFS&request=GetCapabilities&version=2.0.0
- WMS service of Snap4City for publishing maps and heatmaps, provided by an installed GeoServer third party open source tool. For example, via:
 - https://wmsserver.snap4city.org/geoserver/Snap4City/wms
 - https://www.km4city.org/swagger/external/index.html?urls.primaryName=Heatmap%20API

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES















Web and Mobile App Developers, to generate

Mobile Apps



Web App HTML5



Embed into Web pages



City User



Advanced Smart City API



Mobile Application
Monitoring
Administrator



Km4City Open Source examples dev. tool kit



The state of the s

Developer

DataInspector







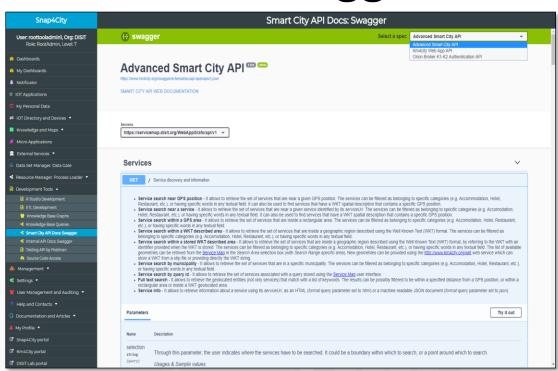




Advanced SmartCity API

- Search data: by text, near, along, etc.
 - Resolving text to GPS and formal city nodes model
- Empowering city users: contributions, suggestions, forum discussions, etc.
- Events: Entertainment, critical and mobility
- Public and Private Mobility & Transport, and predictions
- POIs, Cultural and Touristic info
- Health services and predictions
- Environmental information, heatmaps; values
- **Profiled Suggestions to City Users**
- Traffic flow reconstruction
- Personal Assistant: PAVAL
- User Engagement: goal experiences, and assessment
- Sharing knowledge among cities → see Knowledge base Management

Swagger











TOP

Web and Mobile App with Open Development Kit



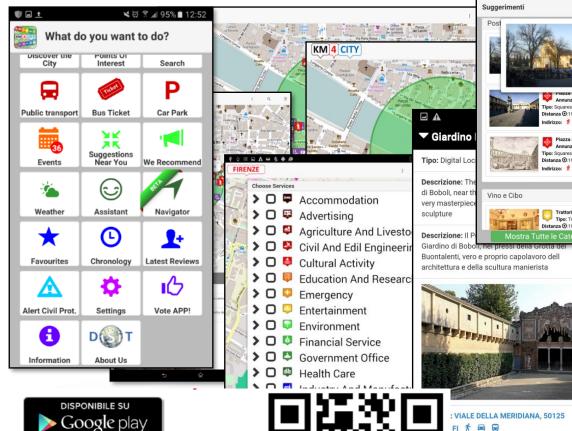


UNIVERSITÀ **DEGLI STUDI** FIRENZE

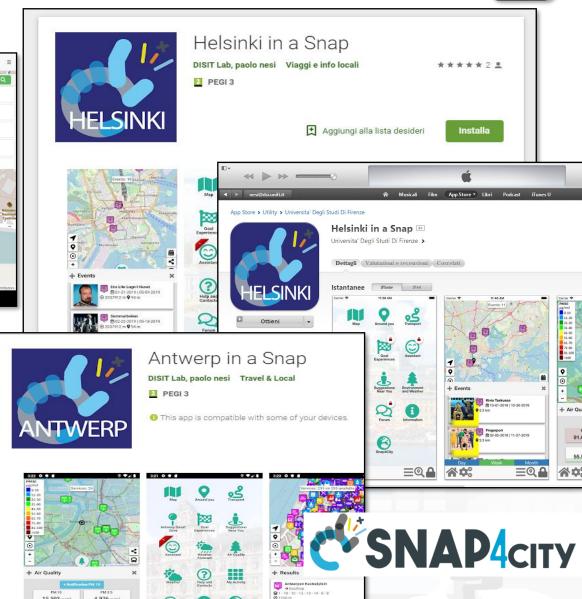
Mobile Apps











A 400

≡@ ♣

A 00



UNIVERSITÀ **DEGLI STUDI** FIRENZE

DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS Km4City Mobile Apt SNAP4city http://www.km4city.org





Km4City APP, features

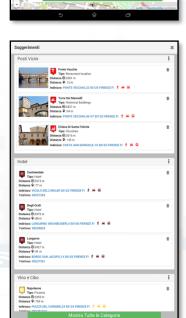


- 5 languages: IT, EN, SP, DE, FR
- **Profiles** city users: citizens, commuter, student, tourist, operator, etc.
- Profiled Menu per POI
 - adaptive
- Main Menu: dynamic, and personalized
- Search Text
- Search per POI
 - Near to you, near to a point, a line, ...
- Other search
 - Close to you, events green areas, public transport, tickets, Cycling, parking, ...
 - Etc.
- POI
 - Preferred, Social icon
 - Ranking, Comments, Images









➤ □ ■ Accommodation

Cultural Activity
 □ Education And Research

➤ □ ■ Agriculture And Livestock

> 🖸 💆 Civil And Edil Engineering

➤ □ ■ Advertising

➤ □ □ Emergency
➤ □ □ Entertainment

➤ □ ■ Environment
➤ □ ■ Financial Service

> O P Health Care

➤ □ □ Government Office

> D 📮 Industry And Manufacturing

➤ □ □ Mining And Quarrying➤ □ □ Shopping And Service









Km4City APP

SNAP4city KM4 City

- Smart Parking, in Tuscany
- Smart First Aid in Tuscany
- Smart Public Transportation in Tuscany
- Smart Fuel pricing in Tuscany
- Bike Sharing in Pisa
- Weather condition in Tuscany
- Environmental data
- Pollution and Pollination in Tuscany
- Traffic Sensors in Tuscany
- Smart Routing in Tuscany
- Smart Transportation in Florence
 - Events, traffic, ...
- Entertainment Events in Florence

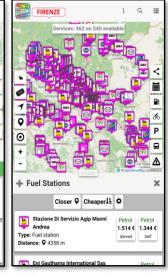


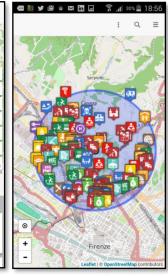










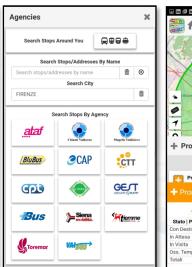














Km4City APP, features 3/3 CSNAP4city





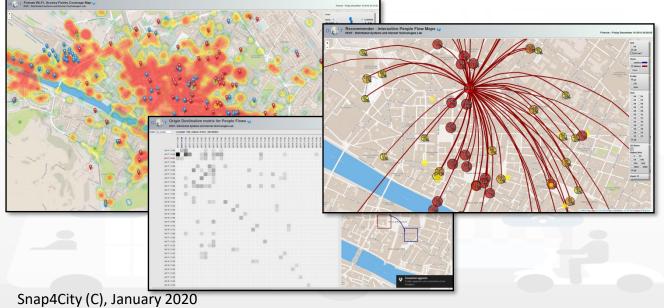
- **Navigation 3D**
- Ticketing for busses
- App used are tool for city assessment
 - Wi-Fi status
 - iBeacon status
 - User behavior analysis
 - GPS movements kinds
 - OD matrix
 - International flows

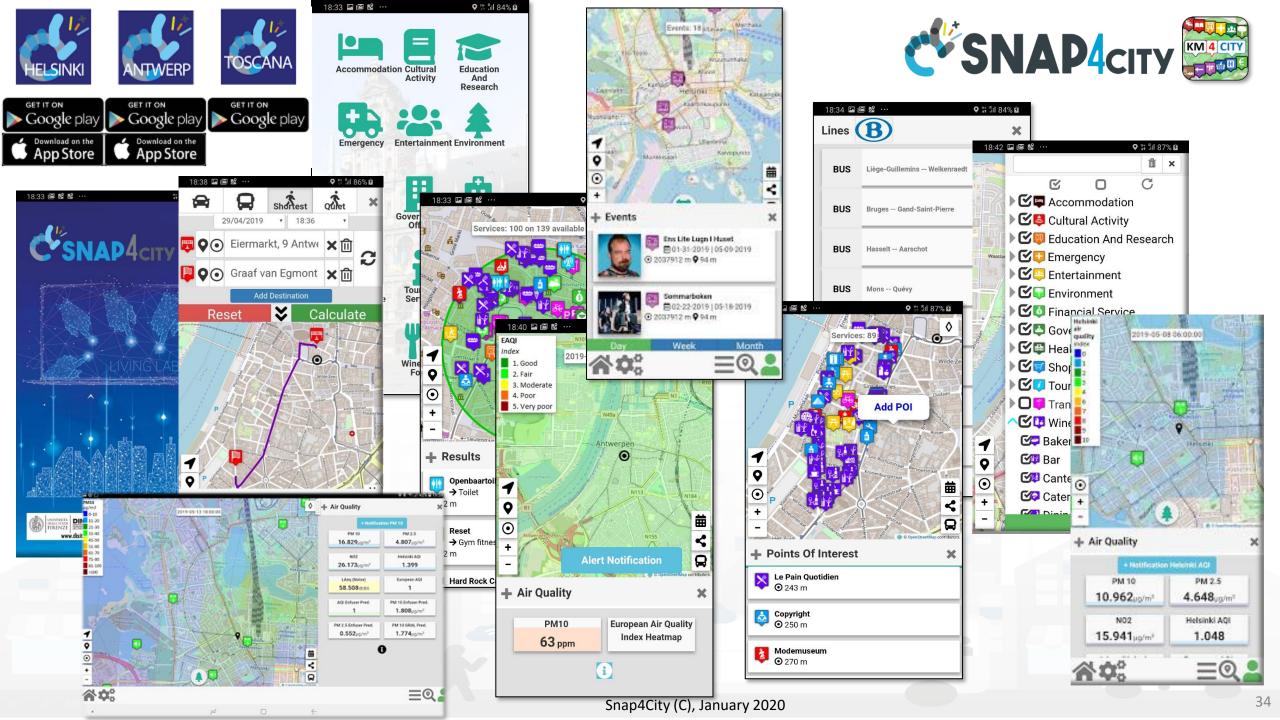




















Mobile App Features



- **Discovery** POI/services
- Search: POI, streets, suggestions
- Mobility and transport: Pub/priv, routing, car position, time table, park, sharing, tickets, etc.
- Environment and Weather: values, sensors, heatmaps, notifications
- Assistant, Forum, Developer Assistant
- Goal Experiences (Engagement)
- Personal data, activities, POI, tracking, IOT App, Dashboards, etc.
- Events: entertainment, critical
- Sharing position and trajectories with friends
- Monitoring city and personal Dashboards
- Personalized for Operators and Developers full control of their applications on cloud







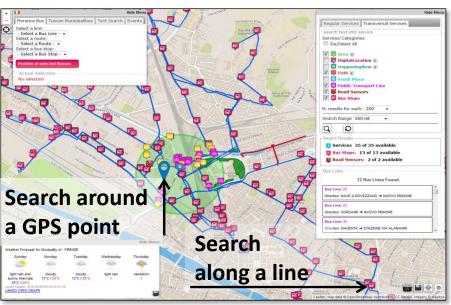


MicroApplications

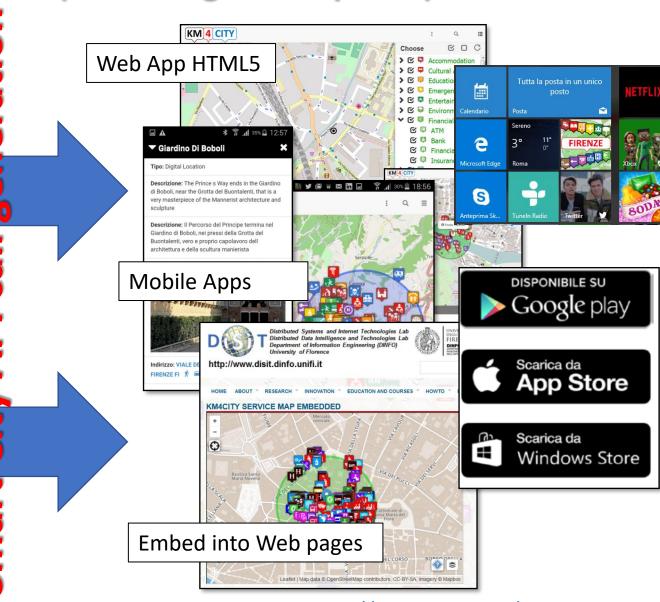


ServiceMap Dev Tool (knowledge & Map tool)









Snap4City (C), January 2020









- Advanced Smart City API
 based on Km4City engine on the back office and much more
 - Documented: https://www.disit.org/6597
- ServiceMap tool is used to visually generate/request:
 - REST Calls to exploit the Smart City APIs in web and mobile applications. The examples of REST calls are sent by email.
 - views which can be embedded in web pages
- Documentation:
 - TC5.15 Snap4City Smart City API Collection and overview, real time
 - ServiceMap and ServiceMap3D, Knowledge Model, Km4City Ontology
 - Knowledge Base Graphs and Queries: browsing and queries into the KB









TOP

Understanding how City Users are using the City Services











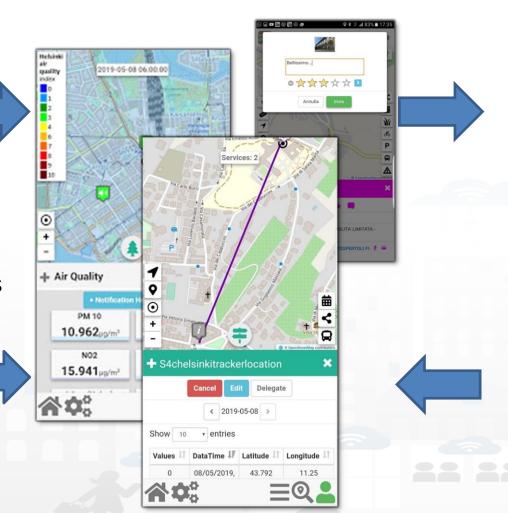
The App is a Bidirectional Device

- GPS Positions
- Selections on menus
- Views of POI
- Access to Dashboards
- searched information
- Routing
- Ranks, votes
- Comments
- Images
- Subscriptions to notifications
-

Produced information

- Accepted ?
- Performed?
- •





Derived information

- Trajectories
- Hot Places by click and by move
- Origin destination matrices
- Most interested topics
- Most interested POI
- Delegation and relationships
- Accesses to Dashboards
- Cumulated Scores from Actions
- Requested information
- Routing performed
-

Produced information

- Suggestions
- Engagements
- Notifications
 - System

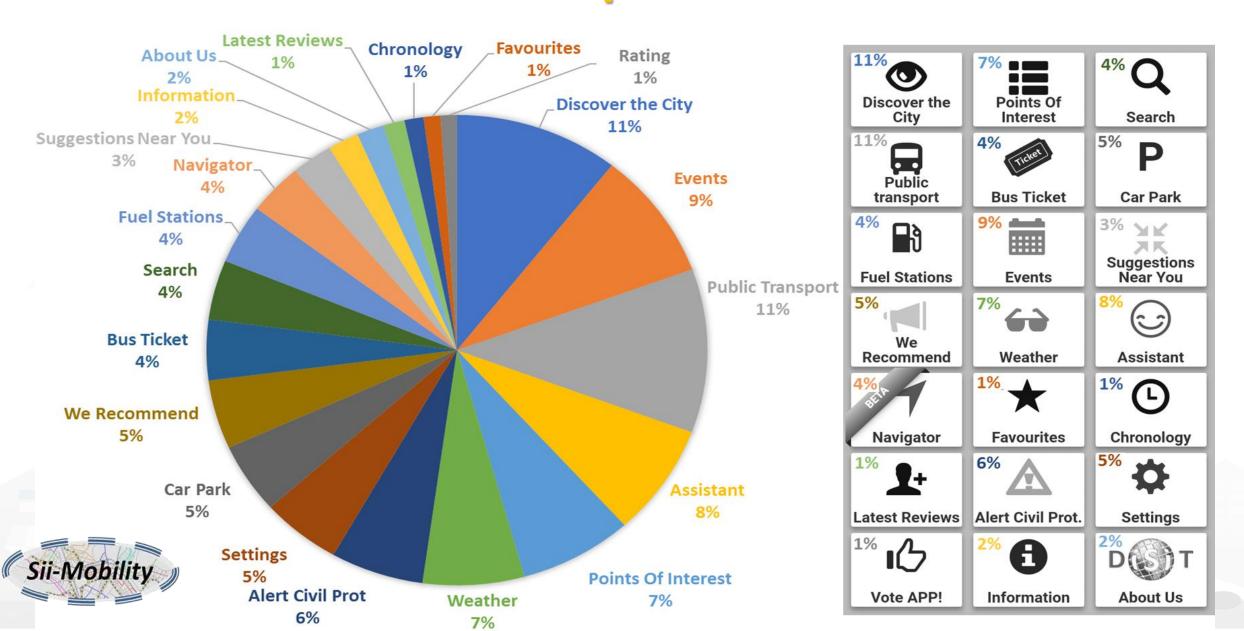




DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS USERS' preferences CSNAP4CITY KM 4 CITY AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB USERS' Preferences







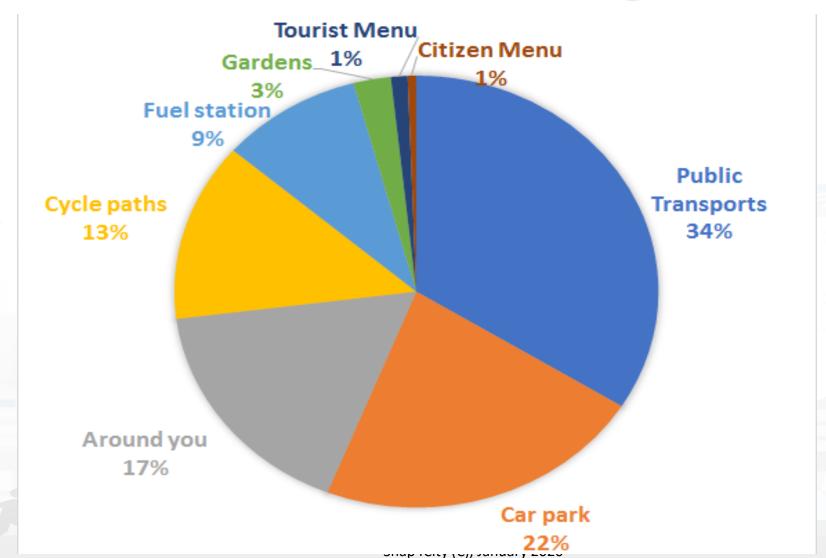








Preferred Users' Cathegories

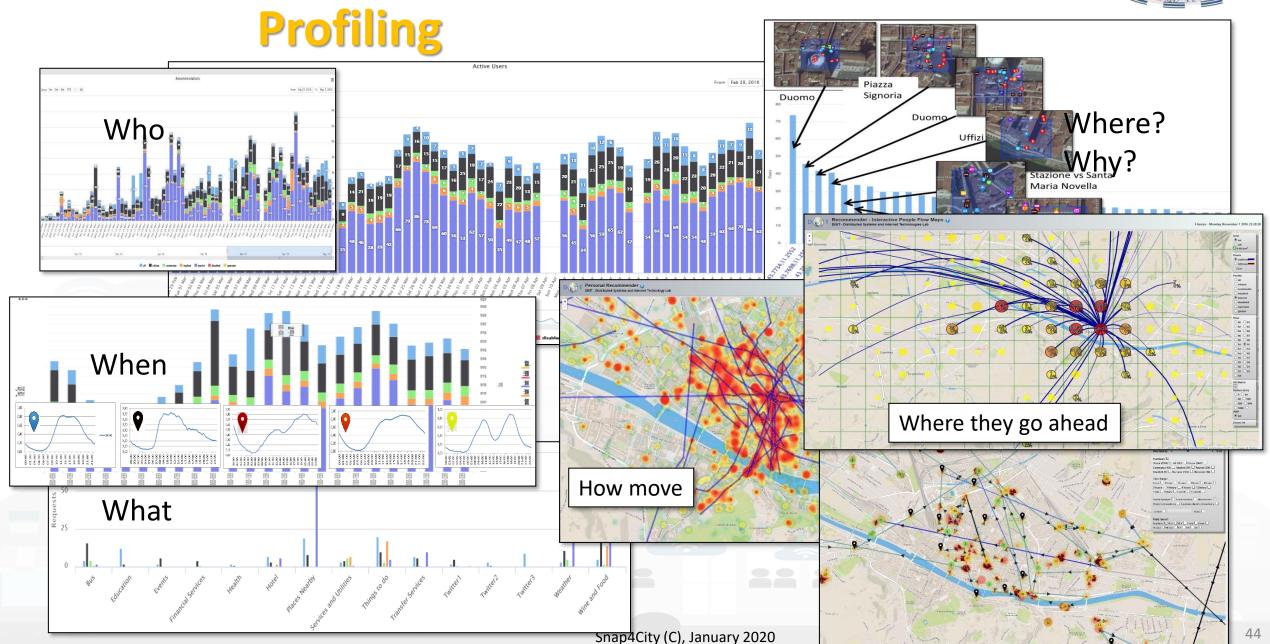






User Behavior Analyser for Collective



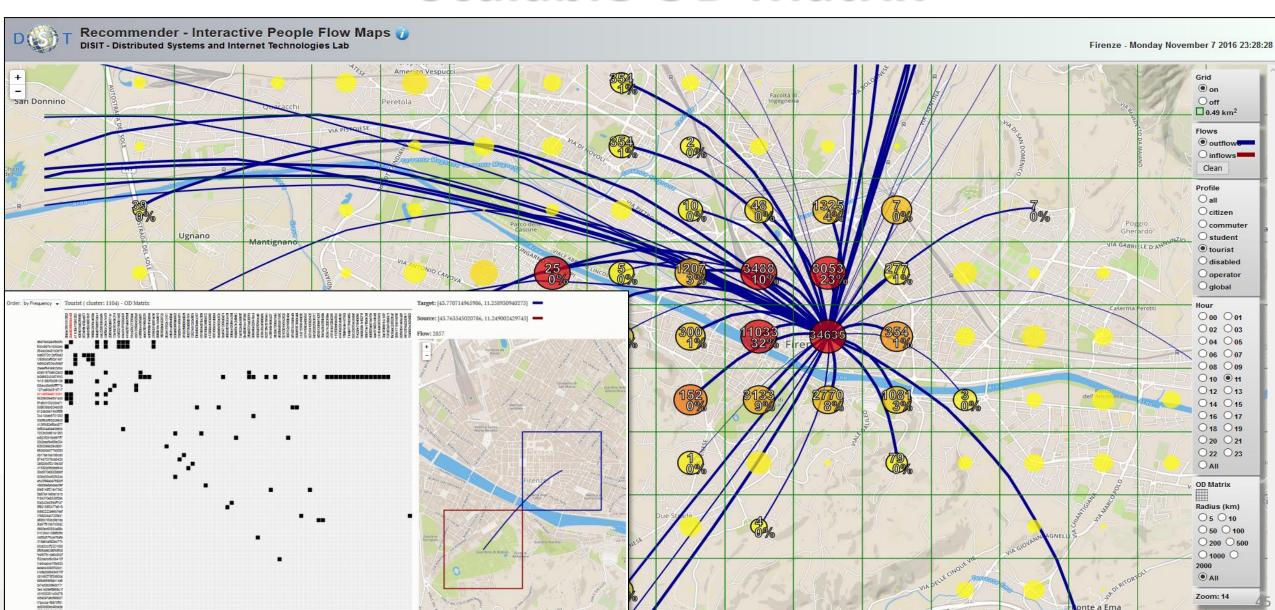








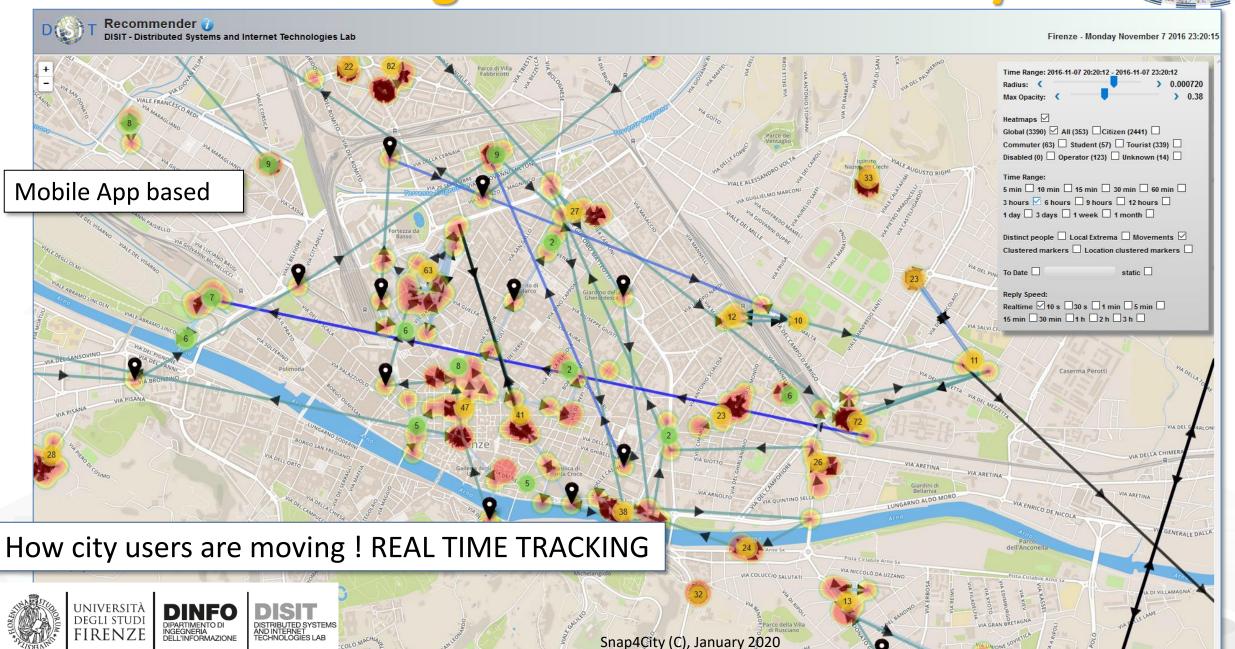






Real Time Traking: User Behaviour Analysis



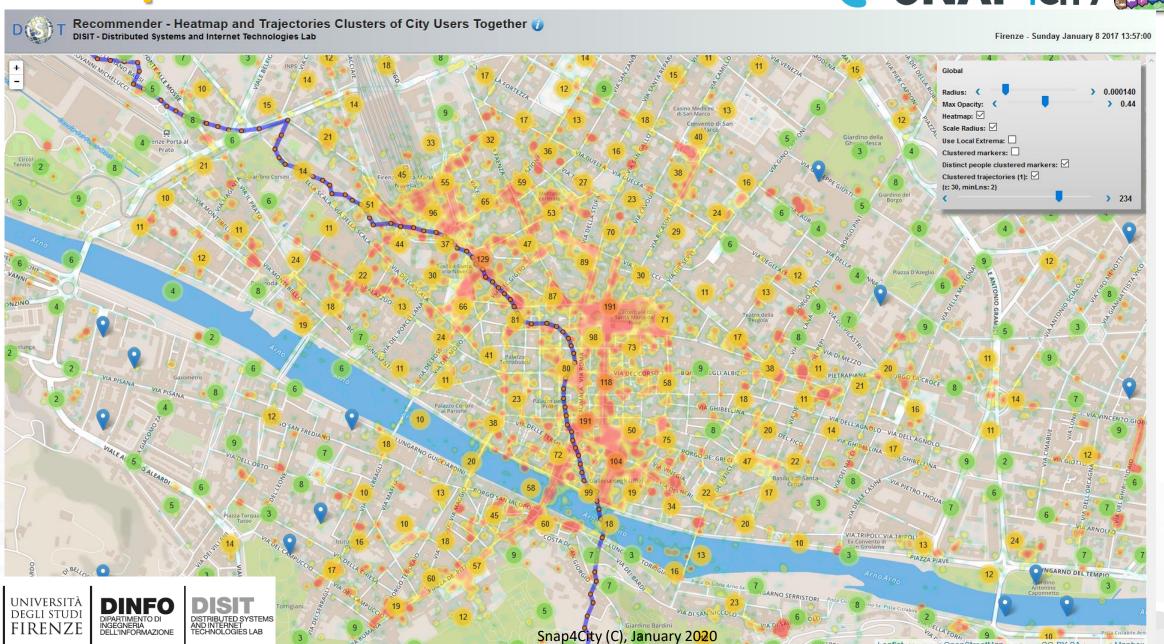


HeatMaps: Users as Sensors



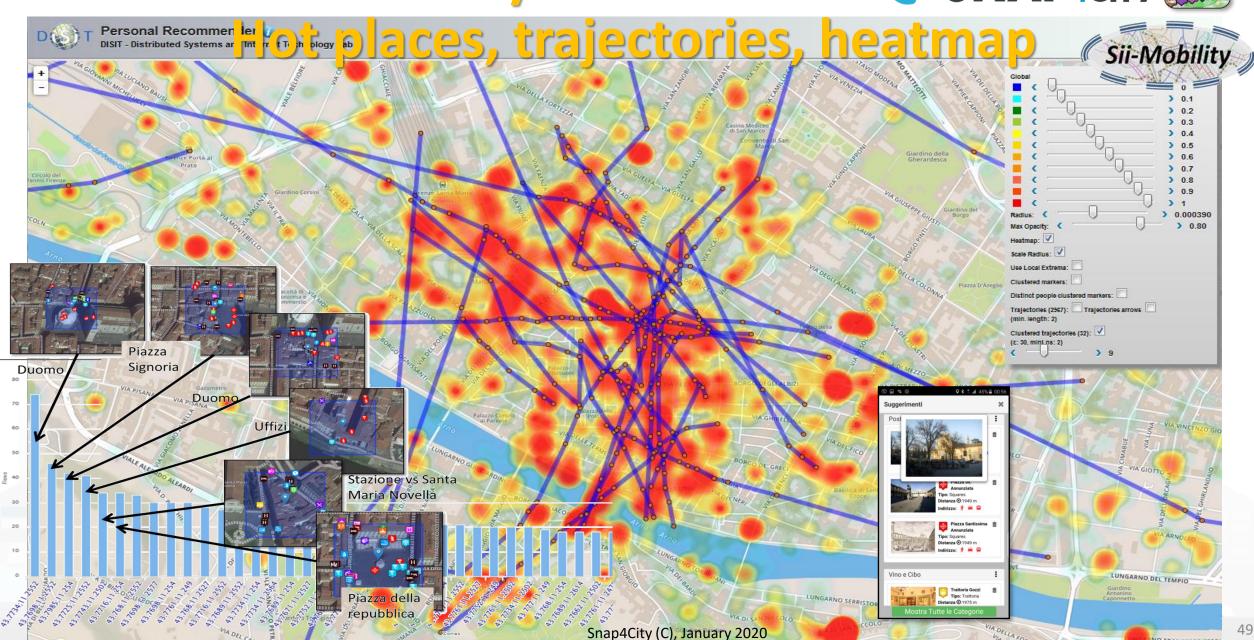


Leaflet | Map data @ OpenStreetMap contributors, CC-BY-SA, Imagery @ Mapbox



User Behaviour Analyser









Understanding City User Behaviour

- Mobile Applications can send data via Advanced Smart City API to collect data about the city usage by the city users via a signed consent
 - See Mobile and Web App: Toscana in a Snap, Helsinki in a Snap, Antwerp in a Snap.
- City User behavior analysis includes production of:
 - suggestions, trajectories, hot places/heatmaps, etc.
 - origin destination matrices
 - data for the city user engagement
 - Etc.











https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/489









TOP

Engaging City Users Towards Virtuous Participated Attitude









Profiled Engagements to City Users

- The users are profiled to learn habits:
 - Personal POI, paths, Mobility habits
- Information and engagements sent to the users are programmed according to the context and user behavior to:
 - Stimulate virtuous habits
 - More sustainable habits
 - More healthy habits, etc.
 - Get feedbacks
 - Provide bonus and prices,
 - Send alerts,















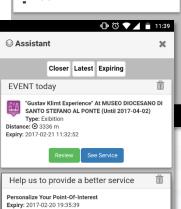
1 Engagement Sent (4 hours)





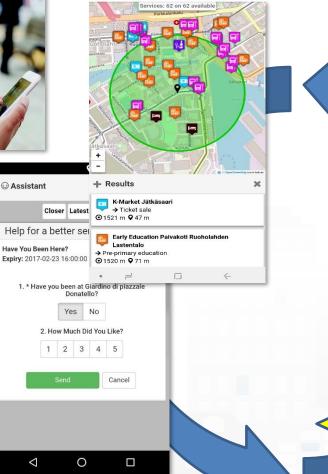






Can confirm that you LIVE around VIA TRIPOLI?

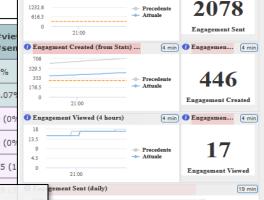
Users' Engagement



User

context

Rule name Type #sent #viewed #se 1 (0%) daily event de **ENGAGEMENT** 0 (0%) 0% 1720 (2.12%) 4.07 **ENGAGEMENT** 70 (7.1%) daily event en 5 (0.29%) 0 (0%) commuter 14 (0.81%) 0 (0%) 0 (09 student 1462 (85%) 25 (35.71%) tourist 25 (1



4 min DEngagemen... 4 min

Inform

Air Quality forecast is not very nice You have parked out of your residential parking zone

The Road cleaning is this night The waste in S.Andreas Road is full

Engage

Provide a comment, a score, etc.

Stimulate / recommend

Events in the city, services you may be interested, etc...

Provide Bonus, rewards if needed

you get a bonus since you parked here We suggest: leave the car out of the city, this bonus can be used to by a bus ticket



Rules

City

context





Engaging City Users

- Mobile Applications can use Advanced Smart City API to collect data about the city usage by the city users via a signed consent
- It can be used for sending engagements to them such as to:
 - Inform
 - You have parked out of your residential parking zone
 - The Road cleaning is this night
 - The waste in S.Andreas Road is full
 - Engage
 - Please Provide a comment, a score, etc.
 - Stimulate / recommend
 - Events in the city, services you may be interested, etc..
 - Provide Bonus
 - Since you have parked here you can get 1 Bonus
 - We suggest you to leave the car out of the city, this bonus can be used to buy a bus ticket





users



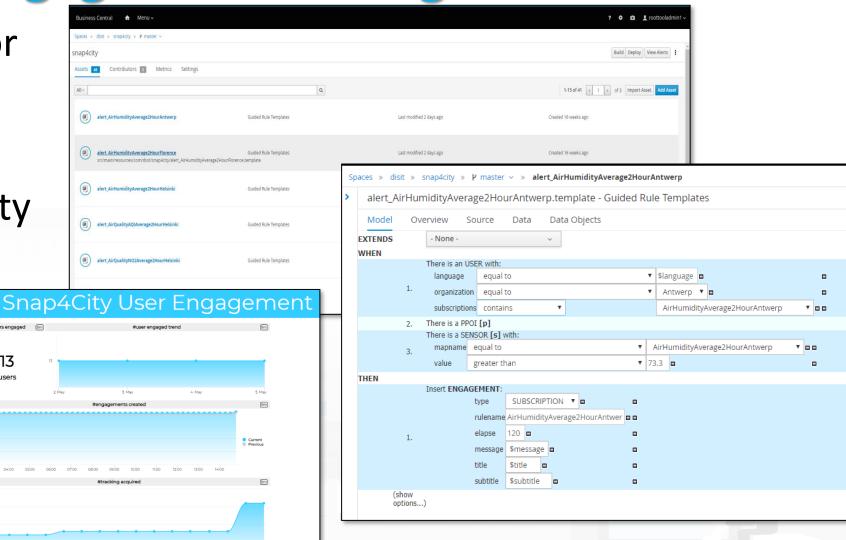


Engagement Manager

- Definition of Rules for campaigns
- Monitoring and follow-up for each City

Segmented for user

kind and interest



Sii smart. Sii-Mobility!

In palio per te

Carnet multicorsa Cap e voucher per:

Scarico

Dal 15 aprile al 1: trasporto pubblico Scarica l'app "Tos guadagna punti vi autobus e vinci tar



Dal 15 aprile al 15 luglio scegliere il trasporto pubblico ti premia! Scarica l'app "Toscana dove, cosa", quadagna punti viaggiando in autobus e vinci tanti fantastici premi! Per maggiori informazioni visita il sito info.sii-mobility@org











Carnet multicorsa Cpt e voucher per:







Campaing on Sustainable Mobility Snap4City (C), Janua













In palio per te





Sii smart. Sil-Mobility! Scarica, viaggia, vinci!



Dal 15 aprile al 15 luglio scegliere il trasporto pubblico ti premia! Scarica l'app "Toscana dove, cosa", guadagna punti viaggiando in autobus e vinci tanti fantastici premi. Per maggiori informazioni visita il sito info.sii-mobility.org











Rules for Rewards

ASSISTANCE

- If public transport is detected after bus line suggestion on trajectory usually made on private transport → 10points
 - Why don't you take the bus line 4 in Piazza Marconi to reach your workplace? You save money, you respect the environment and you will be stress free for not worry about parking!
- Once a day, if public transport is detected after suggestion on an alternative bus line availability \rightarrow 3points
 - Why don't you take the bus line 4 that stop just 50 meters far from you? You save money, you respect the environment and you will be stress free for the traffic jam!
- If public transport is detected for at least 30(?) minutes a day → 1point

ENGAGEMENT

- Survey on commuter and their preferred way of mobility → 1point
 - How many minutes you usually commute to go to work? How do you rate the service?
- Feedback on public transport → 1point
 - Which current public transport are you using? Are the service in line with your expectation?
- Comments/Photo/Rate or survey on POI (public transport) \rightarrow 1 point
- Survey on use of the App after N days or for tourist coming home → 1point
- Feedback on PPOI or mobility → 1point





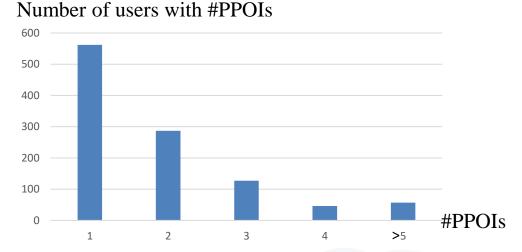
Current Numbers

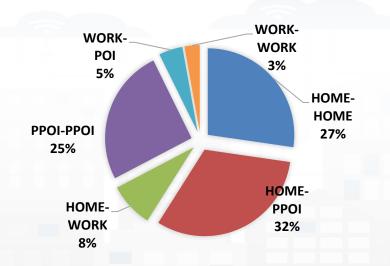
From 1° September 2016

- Detected 2108 PPOIs on 1080 users
 - 437 HOME
 - 285 WORK
 - 34 SCHOOL
 - 1350 EXTRA
- 130 PPOIs are feedbacked
- 460 survey responses

From 1° August 2017

Built 524 Markov Networks about user's trajectories







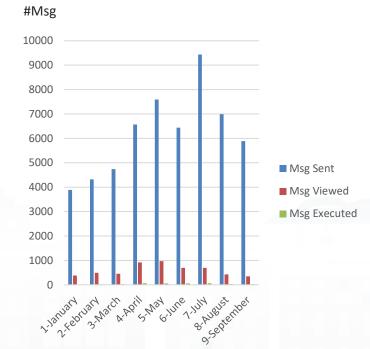


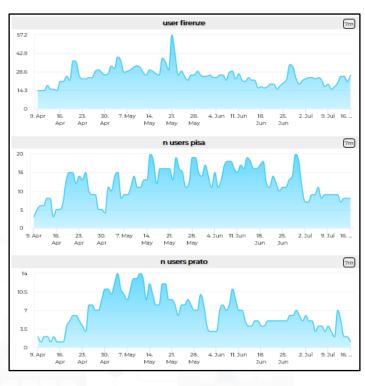


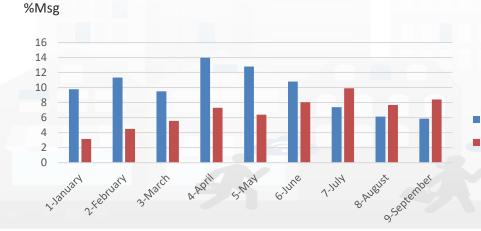


Validation of user Engagement

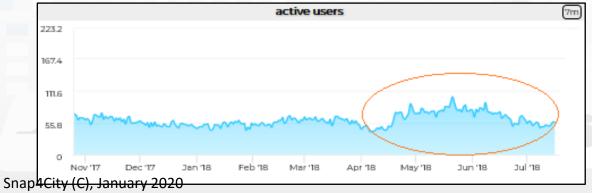
Months	Msg Sent	Msg Viewed	Msg Executed
1-January	3888	380	12
2-February	4319	489	22
3-March	4739	450	25
4-April	6567	918	67
5-May	7594	972	61
6-June	6437	695	55
7-July	9432	697	69
8-August	6988	429	73
9-September	5885	345	49
Total	55849	5375	433











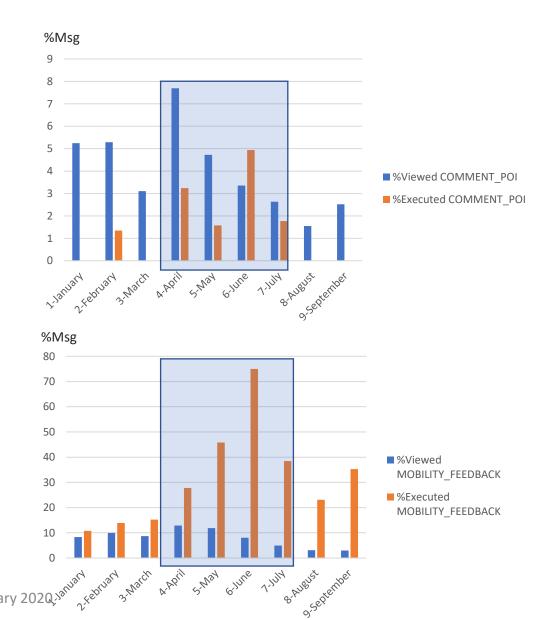
User Behaviour Analysis

VALIDATION

- During the PILOT new rules has been added (30 on a total of 80) and mostly all of them are still online
- COMMENT_POI: requires more user interaction and not very contextualized (POI proximity) → higher rate of sent, lower rate on execution
- MOBILITY_FEEDBACK: requires less user iteration and very contextualized (user in MOBILITY) → normal rate of sent, high rate on execution

	Msg Sent	Msg Viewed	Msg Executed
COMMENT_POI	21632	804	15
MOBILITY_FEEDBACK	5378	371	94



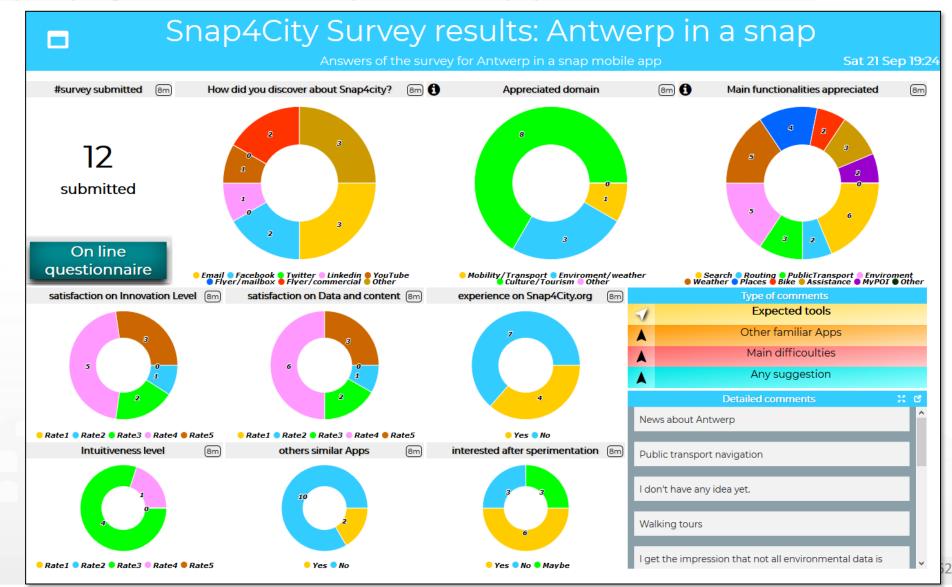






https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTc2OQ==

Dashboard
created to monitor
in real time the
answers to the
survey provided
on the Mobile
App directly by the
Engagement tool







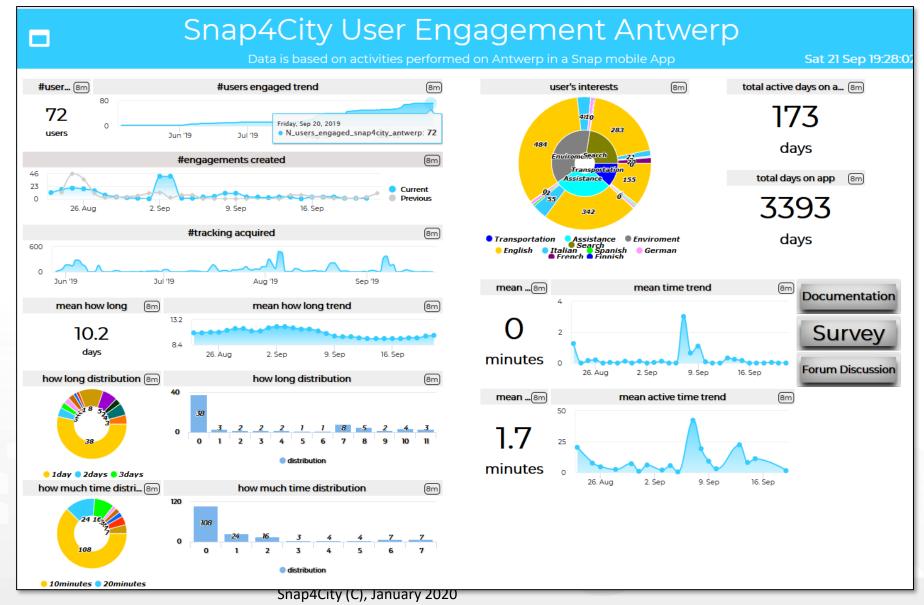




https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTc1OQ==

Dashboard monitoring the Mobile App:

- Collecting the clicks
- Describing the community of users in terms of the profile aspects
- Measuring the time spend, and topics of interest of the users, etc.

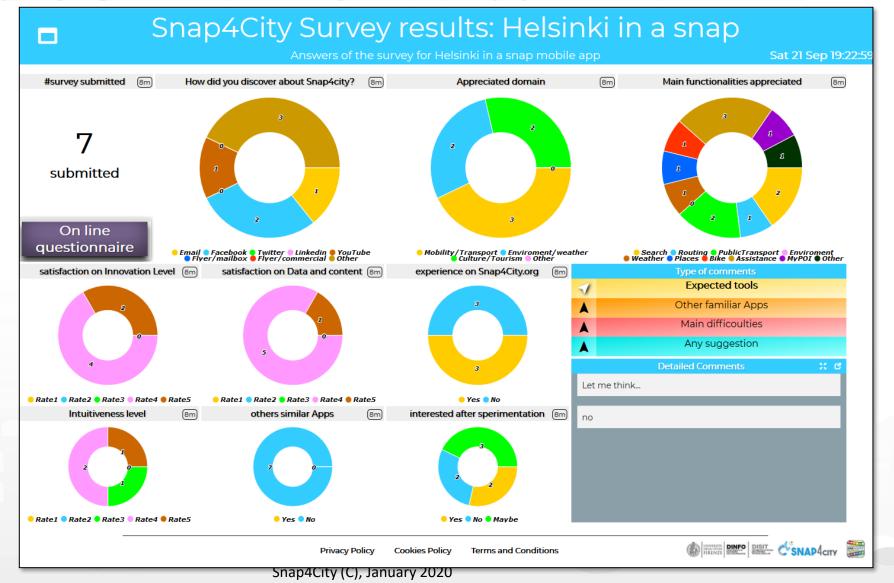






https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTc2OA==

Dashboard
created to monitor
in real time the
answers to the
survey provided
on the Mobile
App directly by the
Engagement tool









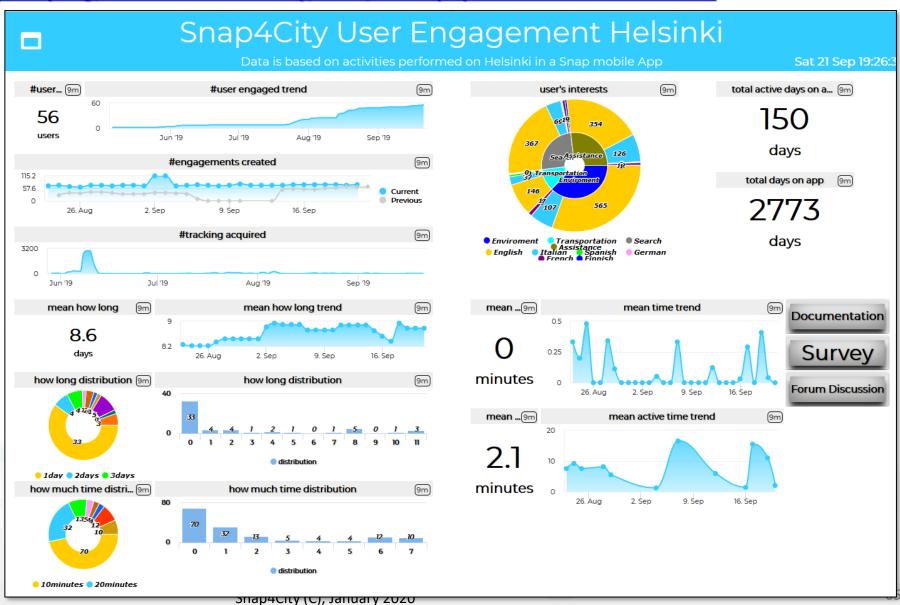




https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartCity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MTc1OA==

Dashboard monitoring the Mobile App:

- Collecting the clicks
- Describing the community of users in terms of the profile aspects
- Measuring the time spend, and topics of interest of the users, etc.











TOP

Connected Drive





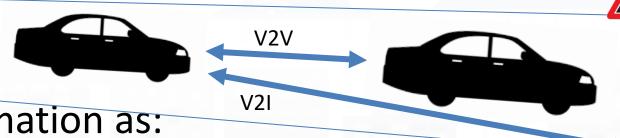


Main Concept of Connected Drive

 Different kinds of communications may arrive on the vehicles on board devices



Mobile Phones can be a possible facilities



- Geolocated Real time Information as:
 - Alerting, dynamic digital signage (may not present physically on the road)
 - Supporting autonomous driving vehicles





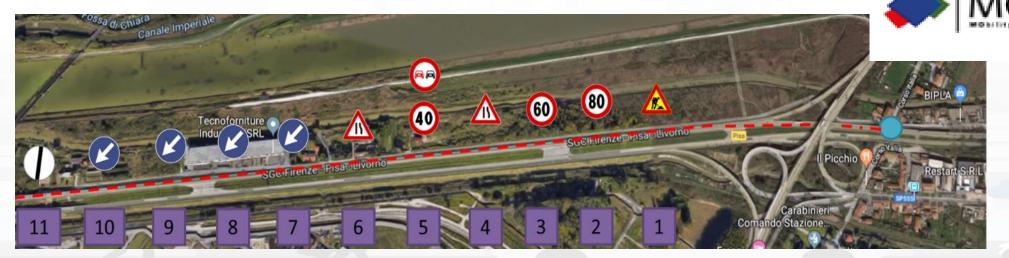






Experimentation on «Toscana Dove Cosa»

- Mobile App supporting connected Drive V2I connections:
 - https://play.google.com/store/apps/details?id=org.disit.toscana&hl=it
 - https://apps.apple.com/it/app/toscana-where-what-km4city/id1064554200
 - For the MOSAIC project and pilot in Tuscany
- The mobile App has a Navigator which includes now the acquisition of connected drive messages



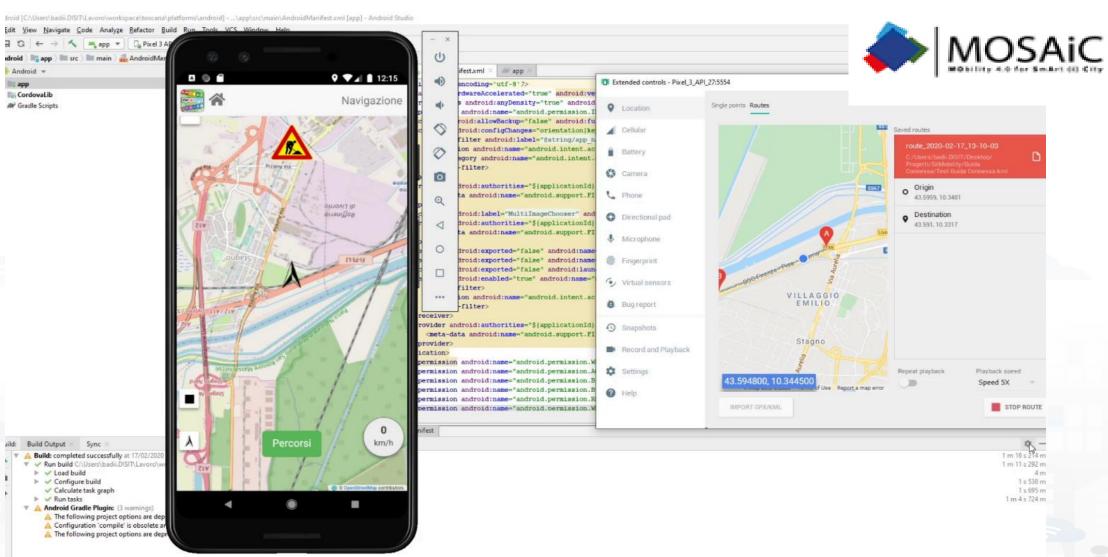




DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB

Scenario











Integration with Telegram: SnapBot solution



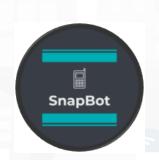


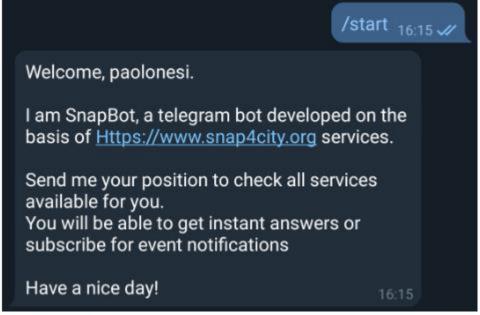


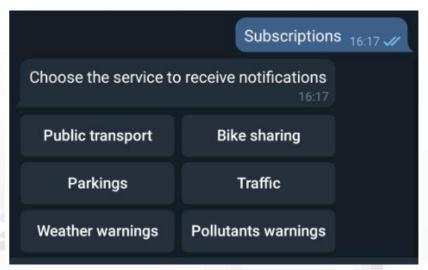
SnapBot



- provides real time smart city services to Telegram users, geolocalized, when you like, what you like
- active on Tuscany in all provinces and cities according to the data accessible on Https://www.snap4city.org
- Services on
 - Public Transport (more than 10 different operators),
 - bike sharing, parking lots,
 - traffic flow, weather warnings,
 - Air quality, pollutant,
 - find your location, etc.









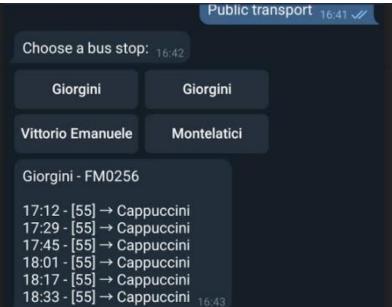




SnapBot







Qualità dell'aria 02:22 🕢 Qualità dell'aria rilevata dal sensore più vicino alla posizione: - Temperatura: 8.10 °C



Trasporti pubblici 14:53 🕢

- Umidità: 97.50%

 $-CO: 0.3 \mu g/m3$

- CO2: 499.0 µg/m3

- NO: NaN μg/m3

- NO2: 56.1 µg/m3

 $-03:20.9 \,\mu g/m3$

- PM10: 13.8 µg/m3

- PM2.5: 12.2 μg/m3

Ho trovato 6 linee vicino a te:

24 - ATAF&LINEA Grassina → Bagno A Ripoli Robinson

49 - ATAF&LINEA Grassina 02 → Bagno A Ripoli Robinson

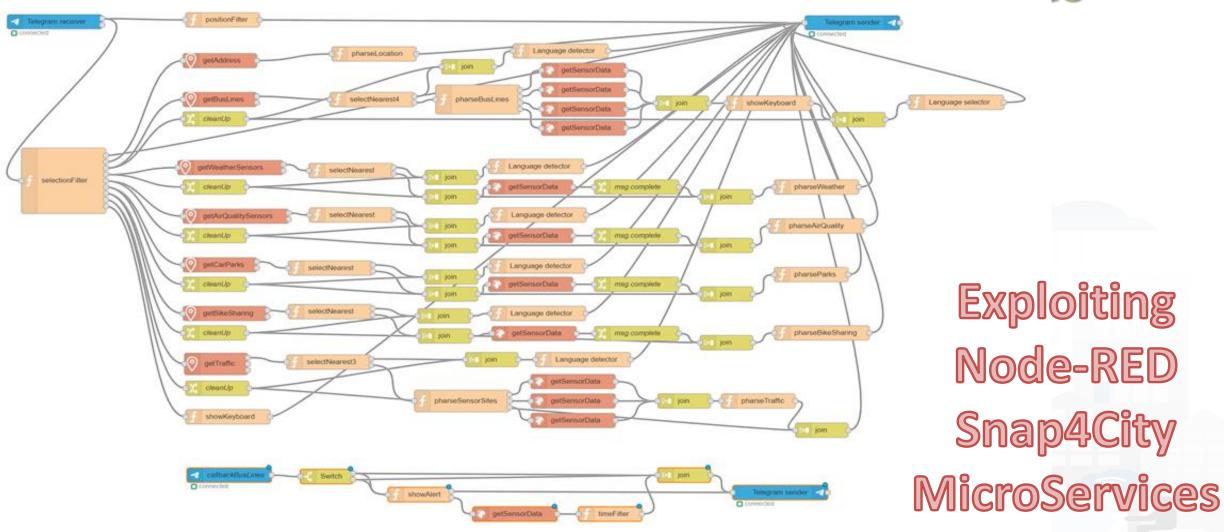
48 - ATAF&LINEA Il Roseto 01 → Bagno A Ripoli Robinson





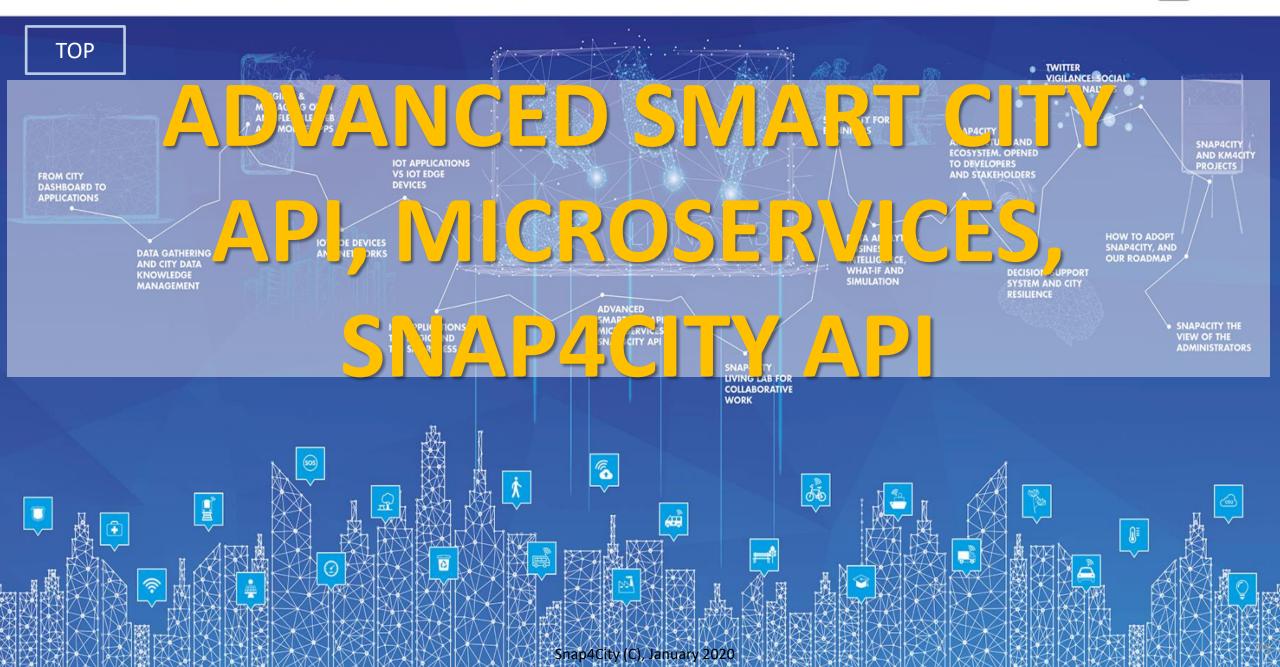


IOT App of SnapBot: OneShot Services



SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES



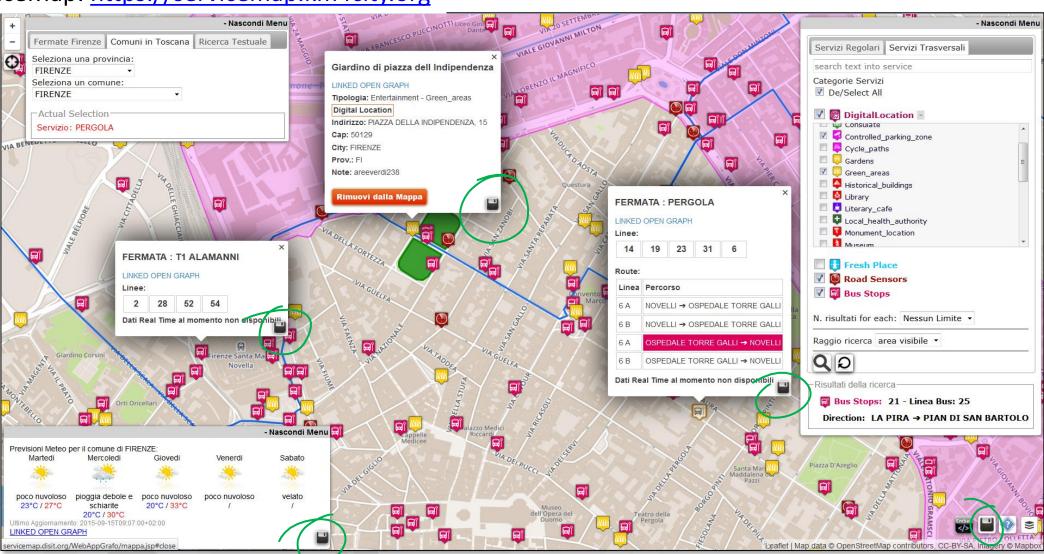




Some structures from Km4City model



ServiceMap: https://servicemap.km4city.org







S

Windows Store

DISIT MACITY Obile App ST SNAP4city MADINTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LA MACITY TECHNOLOGIES LA MACI





di Venerdì 27

maggio 2016

alle ore 12.00 di

ARANCIONE

IDROGEOLOGICO

IDRAULICO

ETICOLO MINORE

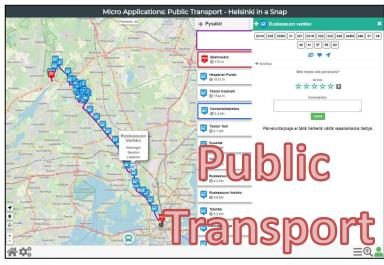


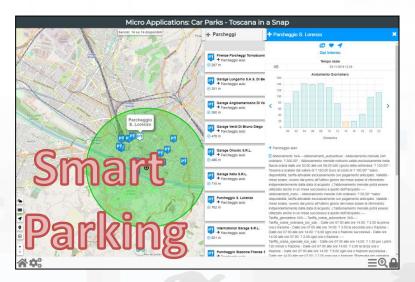
DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS VICTOAPPLICATIONS CSNAP4CITY KM 4 CITY AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB VICTOAPPLICATIONS



















Advanced Devevelopment Kit features

- Exploiting Km4City Advanced Smart City API
 - Open Source: GitHub
 - Multiplatform: exploiting Apache Cordova Framework
 - Active since 2015
 - Adopted by a community of several Projects, Cities and SME
- Respecting user privacy:
 - Anonymous usage vs Authenticated usage (OAuth, email, ...)
- Modular & Dynamic:
 - Loading new modules from the WEB, and/or creating App by modular approach
- Personalization and Profiling:
 - Personalized menu, proposed POI for search
- Reaching City Users:
 - Alerting and notifications by location, by user behaviour





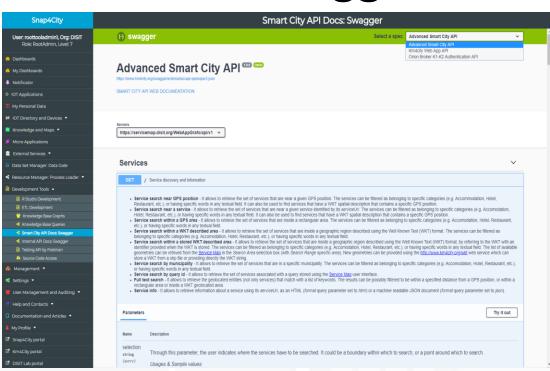




Advanced SmartCity API

- Search data: by text, near, along, etc.
 - Resolving text to GPS and formal city nodes model
- Empowering city users: contributions, suggestions, forum discussions, etc.
- Events: Entertainment, critical and mobility
- Public and Private Mobility & Transport, and predictions
- POIs, Cultural and Touristic info
- Health services and predictions
- Environmental information, heatmaps; values
- **Profiled Suggestions to City Users**
- Traffic flow reconstruction
- Personal Assistant: PAVAL
- User Engagement: goal experiences, and assessment
- Sharing knowledge among cities → see Knowledge base Management

Swagger





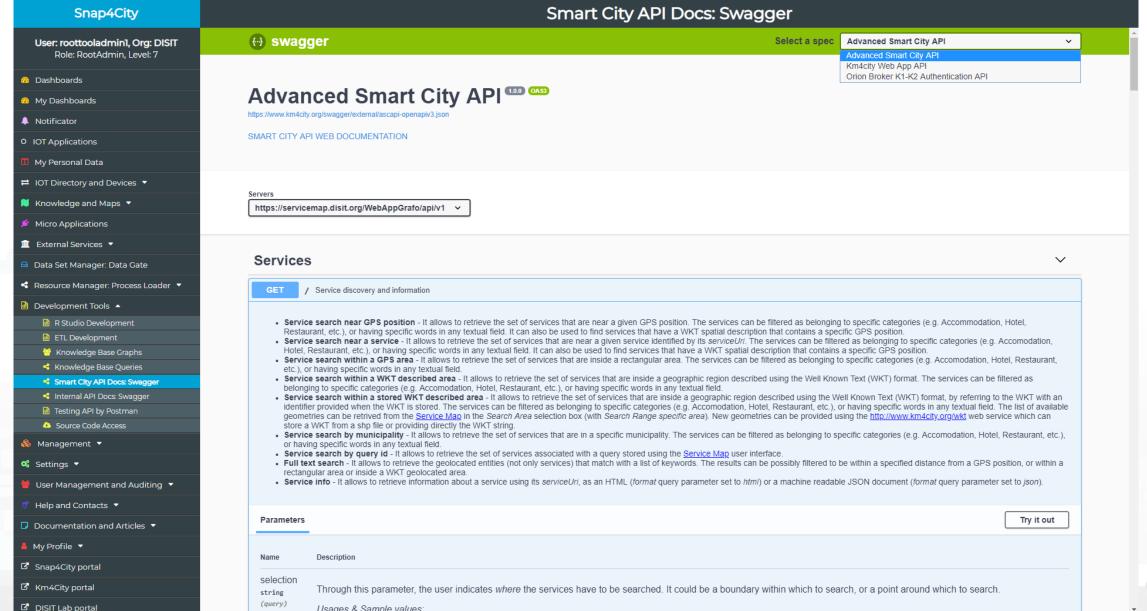




Usages & Sample values:











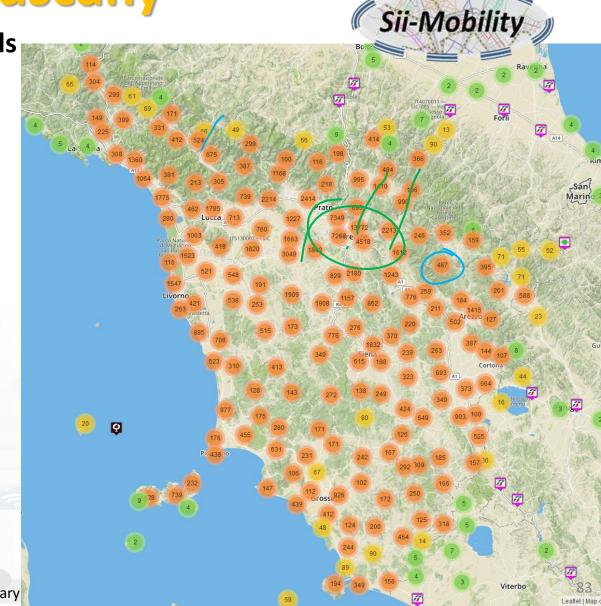




Thematic Data Domain Tuscany

• Street and geoinformation of the territory and details for routing, navigation, ...

- GeoResolution, Environmental data
- Mobility and Transport: public and private, public transport, parking status, fuel stations prices, traffic sensors, etc.
- Culture and Tourism: POI, churches, museum, schools, university, theatres, events in Florence
- **Environmental**: pollution real time, weather forecast, etc.
 - Environmental data geo resolution
- Social Media: twitter data
- Health: hospital, pharmacies, status
 of the first aid triage in major hospitals, ...
- Alarms: civil protection alerts, hot areas, ...











Access to Point of Interest information, POI

- POI: point of interest
- type: macro and subcategories
- Position: GPS, address, telephone, fax, email, URL, ...
- Description: textual, multilingual, with images, ...
- Link to dbPedia, Linked Open Data
- Links to other services
- Real time data if any: sensors data, timeline, events, prices, opening time, rules of access, status of services, status of queue, etc..
- See transversal services on ServiceMap
 - Regular and in test platform













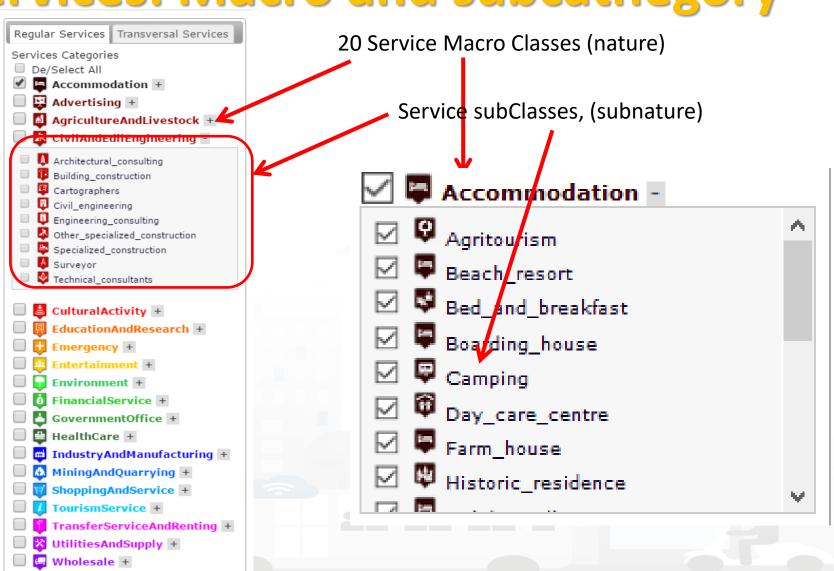


Concepts of Services: Macro and subcathegory

uary 2020

₩ineAndFood +

A SKOS area into the Km4Clty Ontology and Knowledge base for modeling POI and any element on map







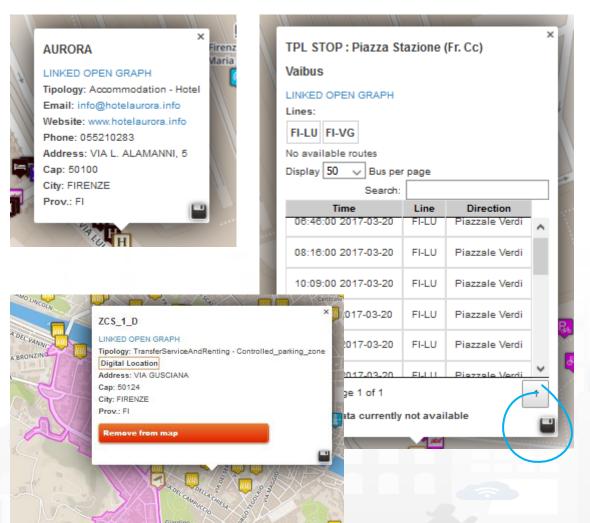


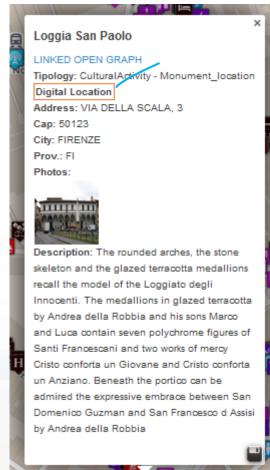


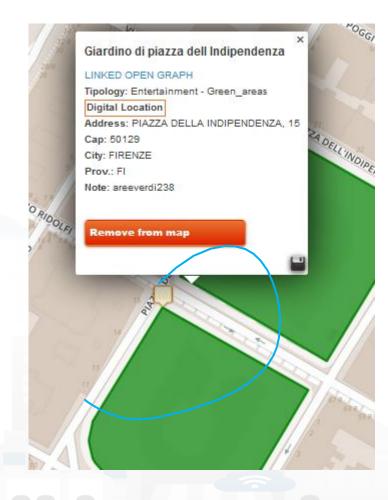




Service Information: different kinds of services















General Text Search Features



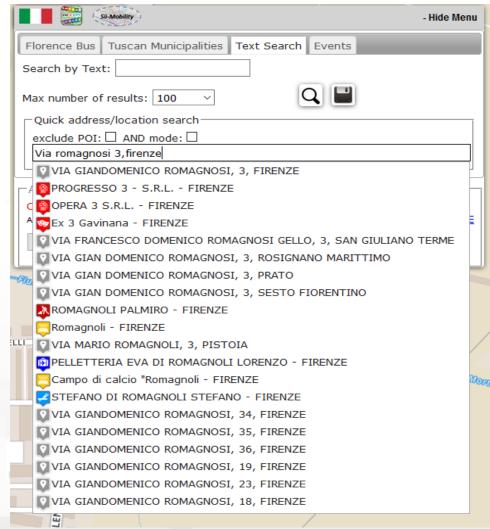
Search by text for POIs via:

- Full text: description, title, macro and category name
- Filtering by macro-cat and subcategory
- Filtering on distance and geometric shape

Search by text with assisted suggestion to get:

Streets and civic numbers, or POI, locations

Geo resolution, from point to street; from civic to GPS, etc.













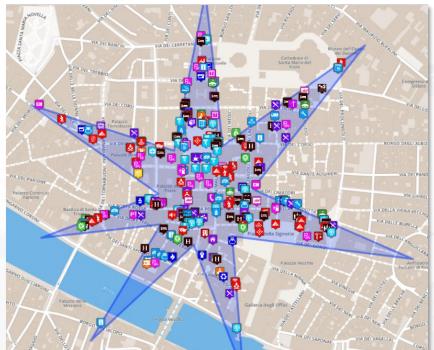
Around a point or POI



Search by Shape and Distance

Each request or search in the Km4City model can be referred to a point and a ray, to an area,

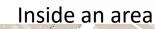
Inside a closed polyline to a polyline

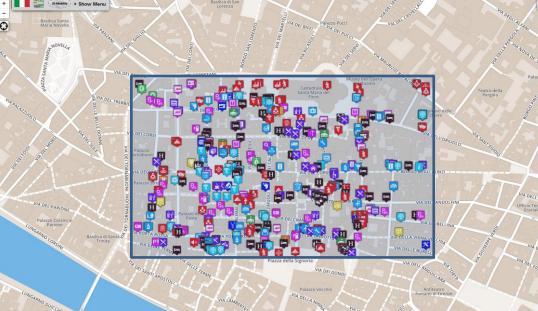


Along a polyline

Sii-Mobility















Empowering City Users



- Allow city users to
 - provide comments, images and scores associated with a certain Service (or place, via GPS), discussions on forums, etc.
 - Get list of last contributions of the same kind provided by other users
 - Save favorites
 - Share trajectories,
 - Save and Manage their own data, IOT data, etc.
- Contributions can be:
 - used as feedbacks
 - moderated by a back-office personnel
 - **–** ...
- Connection with powerful servers based on 311 standard it also possible













- Getting Traffic Events: ESB, etc.
- **Getting Critical Events: CAP standard**
- **Getting Police events**
- Getting Entertainment Events in the city
 - Theater, museum, show, sport, etc.
 - Getting Event details
 - Event kind, and thus ordering
 - in the day, week, and month
 - Location, and thus ordering, or selecting events per area, per residence
 - General information
 - Opening and cost (if any)
 - Etc.















Supporting City Users in using Public Mobility

Public Transportation, PT

- Getting tickets
- Getting bus stops, lines, and time in bus, train and tramline (GTFS, ETL, ...)
- Getting Tunnel and Ferry Status
- Searching Services along a Pub. Transport line or closer to a stop
- Searching the closest bus stops
- searching for BUS stops via name
- real time delays of busses
- Modal/multimodal routing for Pub. Transport
- Tracking fleets, trajectories, etc.
- Get connected drive data

















Supporting City Users using Private Mobility

Private Transport

- Parking status (DATEX II, ...)
- Saving car park
- Getting closer parking
- OBD2 data from your engine or fleet
- Getting parking forecast: short and long term
- Getting closer free space on parking
- Getting fuel stations location and fuel product prices
- Getting bike sharing rack status
- Searching Services along a path or closer to a point or Service as Hotel, Restaurants, square, etc.
- Getting closer cycling paths
- Recharging stations: location and status
- Getting traffic information
- Heatmap where is safer to bike



















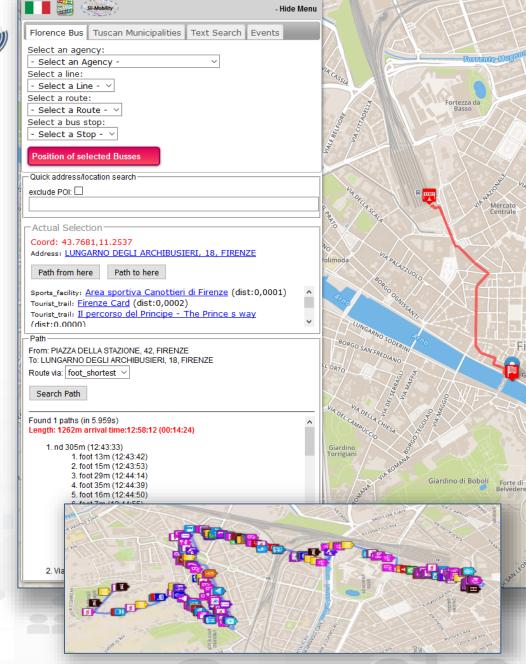
Private Mobility: routing and navigation paths

To get the path from two points/POIs:

- Shortest for pedestrian
- Quietest for pedestrian
- Shortest for private vehicles
- Multimodal with Public Transportation
- Constrained routing

Search for POIs along the identified Path!

http://www.disit.org/ServiceMap







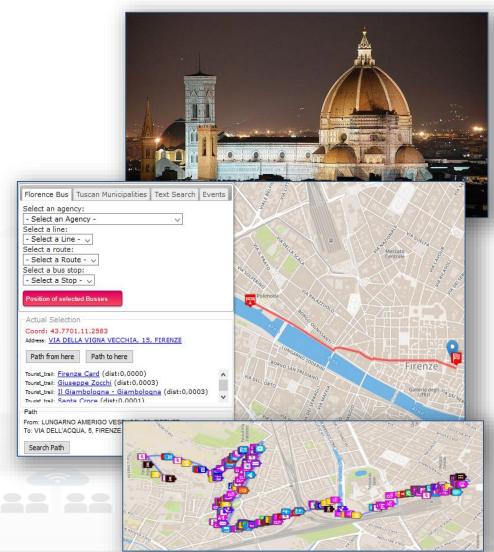






New Experience to access at Cultural and Touristic info

- Getting location and description of Point of Interests, POIs: culture and tourism first
 - Location, images, phone, URL, etc.
 - Get image, video, audio, ...
- Search for POIs in areas and closer
- Get routing to reach location or POI by walking downtown
 - searching Services along the path
- Search for location, full text assisted
- Leave a score, take a picture, etc.







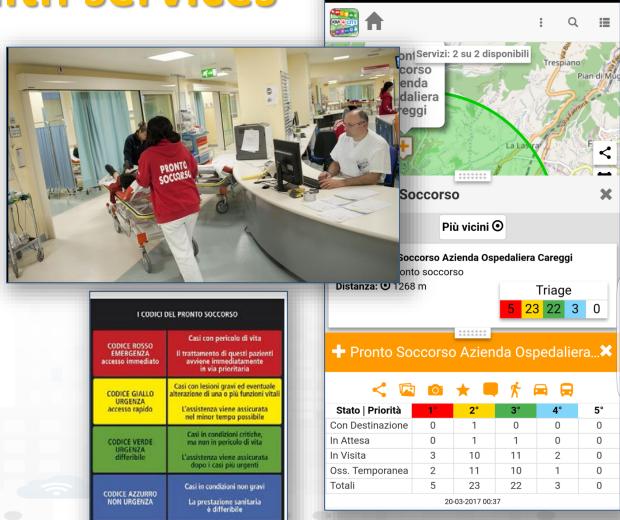






New way to access at health services

- Searching for pharmacies and hospitals
- Getting the closest hospital first aid locations and status
- Getting real time updated information about the first aid status of major hospitals (triage)



Casi con problematiche risolvibili dal edico curante, dalla guardia medica

o da ambulatori specialistici Tempi di attesa molto lungi

CODICE BIANCO







Codice Allerta Meteo



Access at Environmental information

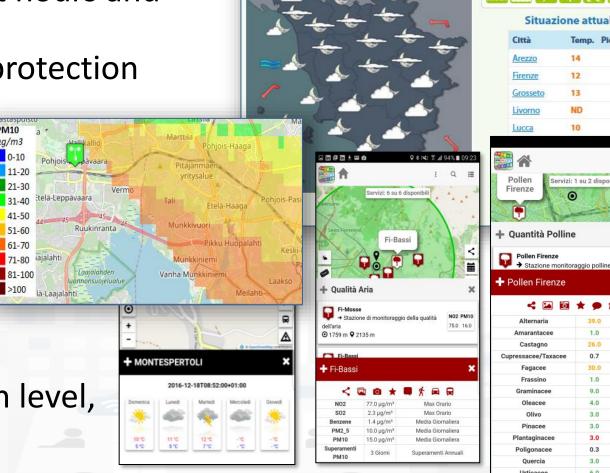
Getting weather forecast for the next hours and days

Getting alert information from Civil protection

Getting air quality status

Getting Air quality via heatmaps, heatmap animation

- Computing Air quality indexes
- Computing Air quality predictions
- Getting pollination status
- getting actual weather status: temperature, humidity, pressure, rain level,
- etc.







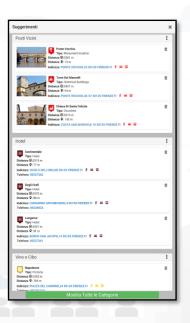




Personalized suggestions

- The server provide suggestions in the user context (location and time) arranged in a number of categories
 - Culture, mobility, food and drink, etc.
 - Alerts: civil protection, city council, twitter data, etc.
- The city user may reject some of them, thus the suggestion engine learns about preferred topics and category













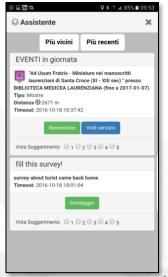


Profiled Engagements to City Users

- The user are profiled to learn habits:
 - Personal POI and paths
 - Mobility habits
- Information and engagements sent to the city users are programmed according to the user evolution to:
 - Stimulate virtuous habits
 - More sustainable habits
 - More healthy habits, etc.
 - Get feedbacks
 - Provide bonus and prices, ...
 - Send alerts, ...

















VAL: Personal Assistant

- Your Personal **Assistant** for navigating in the city
- Ask PAVAL to get help and information about the city services
- ITA, ENG
- Active on Florence and whole Tuscany
- Mobile and PC



https://assistant.disit.org

















Developing Web and Mobile Apps, MicroApps,...

Mobile Apps



Web App HTML5, MicroApplications



Embed into Web pages





Advanced Smart City API



Mobile Application Monitoring Administrator



Knowledge Base,







DataInspector

Developer



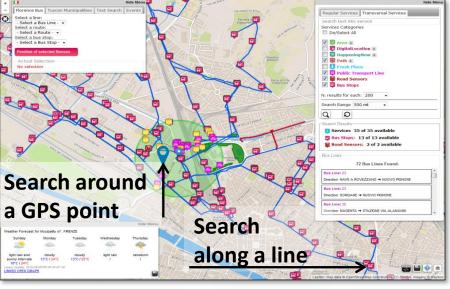








ServiceMap Dev Tool (knowledge & Map tool)











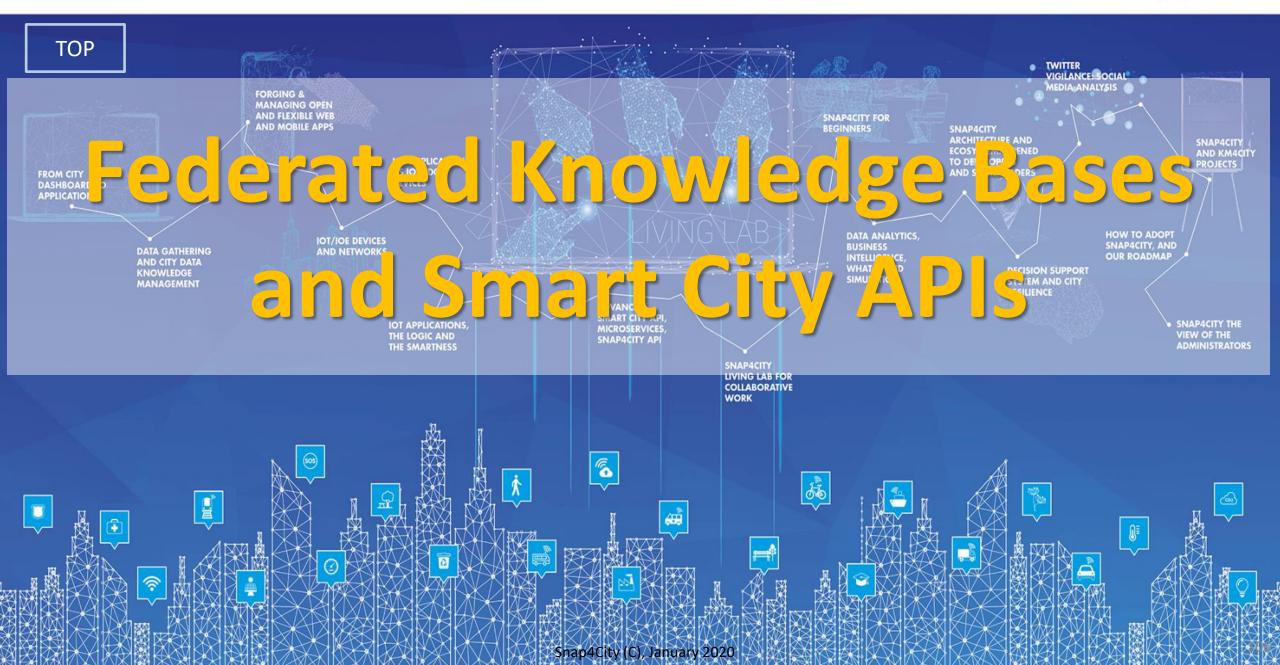
Smart City API



- based on Km4City engine on the back
- documented: https://www.snap4city.org/404
- ServiceMap tool to generate visually calls to exploit the Smart City API in web and mobile applications
- Documentation and examples:
 - TC5.15 Snap4City Smart City API Collection and overview, real time
 - ServiceMap and ServiceMap3D, Knowledge Model, Km4City Ontology
 - Knowledge Base Graphs and Queries: browsing and queries into the KB
- The Alternatives:
 - just Dashboards directly exploiting data on graphics and/or
 - IOT Applications via Node-RED exploiting MicroServices also using the Smart City APIs

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES











Lucca

Viareggio





Km4City Federation

At different levels:

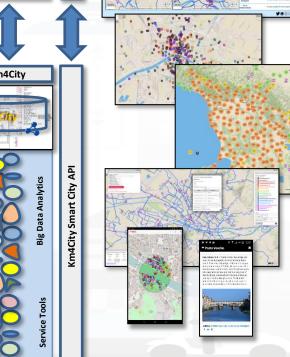
- –Among cities/regions
- Among data providers
- Among Operators

By Means of:

- -Smart City API → Apps
- -Km4City Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics









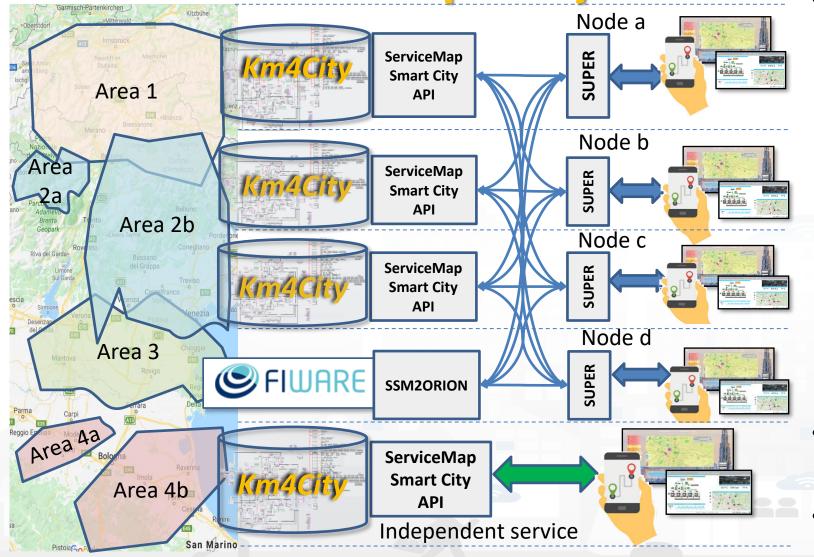








Federation of Snap4City Services



- A Mobile App may refer to one Smart City API Server (for Area 1) via SUPER and receive data from the Federated SUPERS (Area 2) if navigation, queries, etc. are leading to discover out of the addressed KB.
 - SUPER can be used for creating redundant and/or balanced distributed solutions for Federated KB. See Area 2, the two KB in the front.
 - Federated SUPER can have overlapped KB even totally.
 - A Mobile App can be developed to support multiple Smart City API servers, for balancing and
- The usage of Super is not mandatory so that separate services can be produced as well
 - Super and Nodes presents the same Smart City APIs.

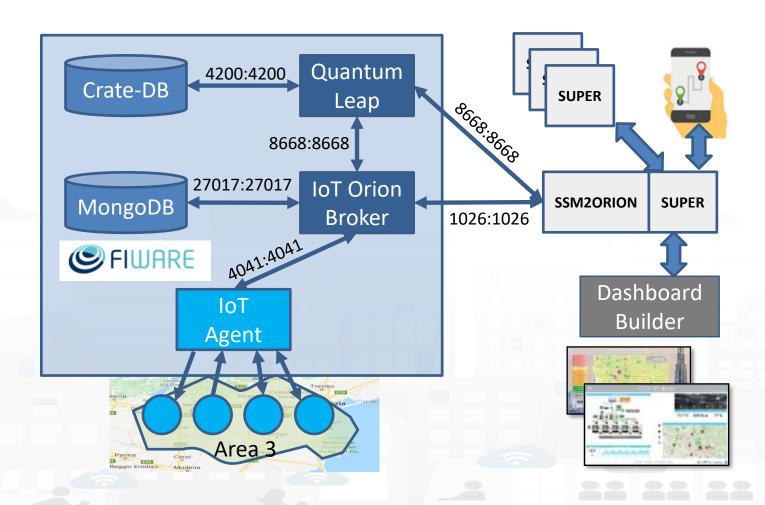








Federation of Snap4City vs IOT ORION Broker











- Super, Nodes and SSM2ORION presents the same Smart City APIs.
- The network of Super can be reconfigured dynamically
 - Multiple networks of Super can be realized as well
 - Distributed Searches via the Federation of Super are performed with o(1) complexity
 - Results from an API rest calls are provided in real time also when the size of the network is large
 - Dashboard widgets and Mobile Apps are enabled to use the Super
 - Clients can pass from one Super to another transparently: moving devices

Nodes

- do not need to permanently share data
- data can be of any size, the data shared is typically public since users of different KB are different and not refer to the same LDAP/KeyCloak authentication/authorization service.
- may have different number of services
- Services can be based on KB as well as on Brokers
- Services managed as HLT of: Sensors, Sensor-Actuators, POI.
 - Data of other HLTs are managed independently from the other SmartCity API such as: MyKPI, External Services, WFS GIS, Heatmaps, special tools, etc. etc.
- The solution support disjoined nodes, federation and independent services







To improve scalability, fault tolerance and federation among cities:

One entry point Smart City API for all zones

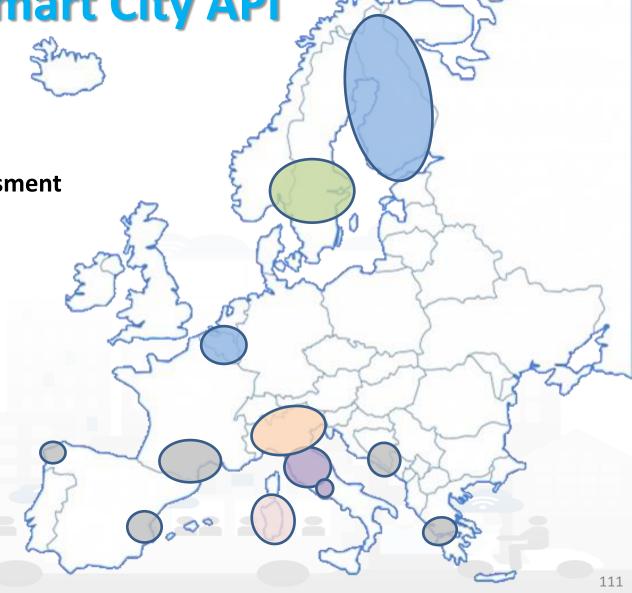
Multiple Knowledge base See performance assessment

At different levels:

- Among cities/regions
- Among data providers, Operators

By Means of:

- Smart City API → Apps
- Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics
- Organization independent
- CKAN via harvesting







DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS EXPOSING SERVICES CSNAP4CITY KM 4 CITY AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB



- Advanced Smart City API which can be confined into a single Smart City installation or Federated as well as for **Super Service Map**
 - https://www.km4city.org/swagger/external/index.html
- **Federated Multiple Snap4City** Knowledge Bases. This allows the creation of mobile applications that may move from multiple cities and area accessing data and making queries transparently. This solution is presently in place among the Knowledge Bases of: Antwerp/Helsinki, Tuscany/Firenze, Sardegna, etc. The resulting Service is called Super Service Map and it is integrated in the Smart City API. For example, via:
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1
- **Federated Open Data Portals** via DataGate/CKAN that presently presents now more than 13800 data sets linked for the cities of Helsinki and Antwerp.
 - https://datagate.snap4city.org/organization
 - Federation, Harvesting interface is: https://datagate.snap4city.org/harvest
- WFS service of Snap4City on top of Federated Smart City API or simple Smart City API of a single ServiceMap (smart City installation). This solution permits to GIS applications and platforms (such as ArcGIS OnLine ESRI, ArcGIS Enterprise ESRI, ArcGIS Map/pro Desktop, QGIS, GeoServer, etc.) to access at Snap4City data. For Example, via:
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1/wfs
 - https://www.disit.org/superservicemap/api/v1/wfs?service=WFS&request=GetCapabilities&version=2.0.0
- WMS service of Snap4City for publishing maps and heatmaps, provided by an installed GeoServer third party open source tool. For example, via:
 - https://wmsserver.snap4city.org/geoserver/Snap4City/wms
 - https://www.km4city.org/swagger/external/index.html?urls.primaryName=Heatmap%20API

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES











- Apache Cordova is a set of JavaScript APIs that enable the devices to the application developer
 to access native features of the device such as the camera or accelerometer, storage, network,
 gps
- Combined with a user interface framework such as Dojo Mobile or jQuery Mobile or Sencha Touch, allows the development of smartphone applications using only HTML, CSS and JavaScript.
- When using the Cordova API, an application can be built without any native code (Java, Objective-C, C# etc.). The **web technologies** used are **hosted in the same application** at the local level (usually not on a remote http server).
- These JavaScript API are consistent and valid for the different platforms of mobile devices, in this way the application built on the Web standard, should be portable with a minimum of changes.





Mustache JS

- The library is **independent** from specific framework but there are plugins for the integration with jQuery, Dojo, and YUI.
- Possibility to work with javascript objects and then exploit the communication of data in JSON format from a REST call via AJAX.
- The **templates** for Mustache may be assigned or loaded as a string to a variable and the placeholder are identified by two braces, for example: {{miopplaceholder}}.
- One of the most interesting of the library feature is support in enumerable values
- Documentation and downloads are available on the official website: http://mustache.github.io









Mustache JS

JSON -

```
var data = {
    risultato: true,
    titolo: Città italiane,
    descrizione: Lista delle città italiane,
    citta: [
        {nome: Milano, sigla: MI},
        {nome: Roma, sigla: RM}
    ]
};
```









Mustache JS

JSON -

```
var data = {
    risultato: true,
    titolo: Città italiane,
    descrizione: Lista delle città italiane,
    citta: [
        {nome: Milano, sigla: MI},
        {nome: Roma, sigla: RM}
    ]
};
```

Template + JSON + Mustache

Città italiane

Lista delle città italiane

- Milano (MI)
- Roma (RM)







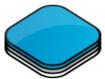
- OpenLayers is an open source JavaScript library for displaying map data in web browsers and can be used with a hybrid application developed with Cordova
- In the **early versions** of the app, the map was managed by **Leaflet.js** library. This was replaced because it didn't support the rotation, which is required to insert navigation functions within the app
- In addition, OpenLayers 3.0 builds the map and objects added to it
 with a canvas renderer, which is very efficient when objects are numerous and small
 as the markers displayed for each search done with the app
- Documentation and downloads are available on the official website: http://openlayers.org



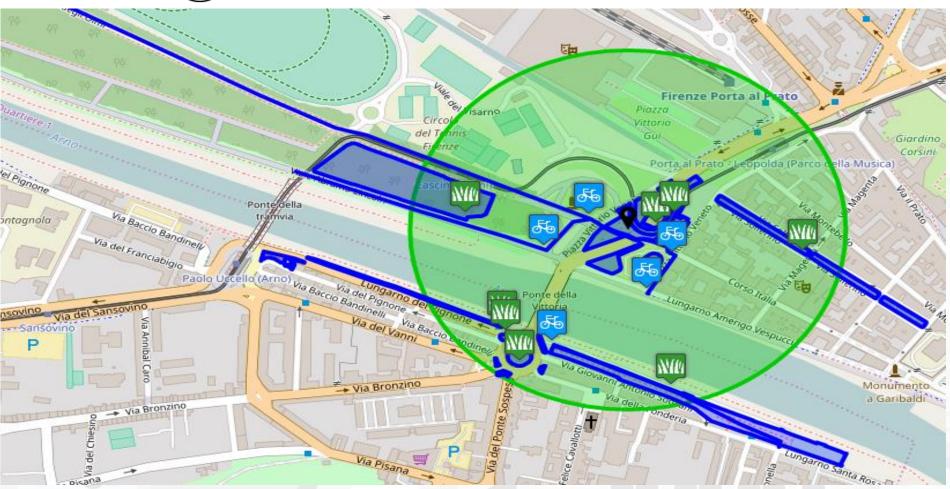








OpenLayers 3.0





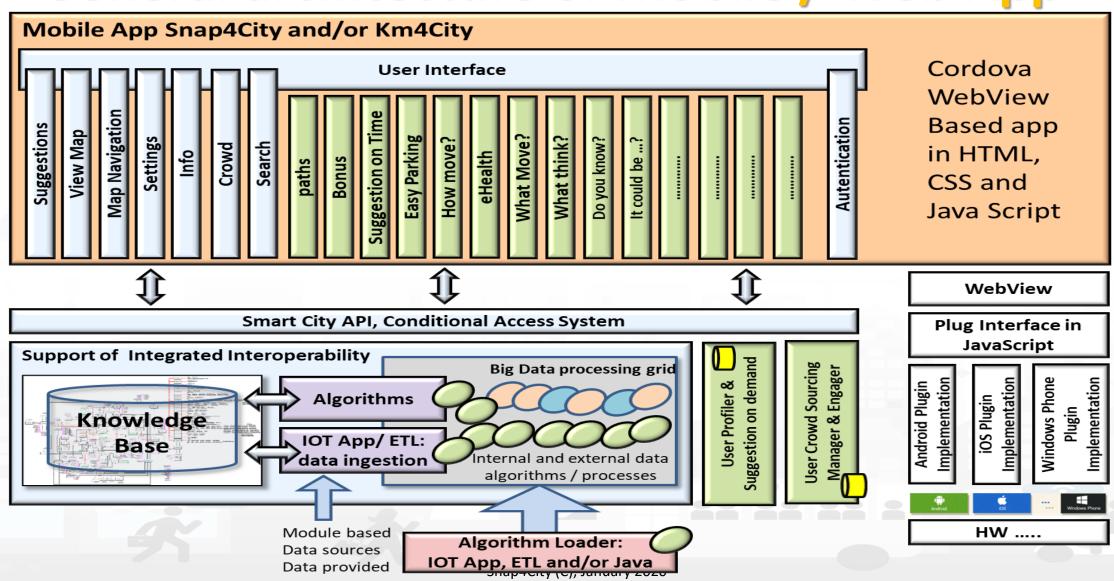








General architecture of Mobile / Web App







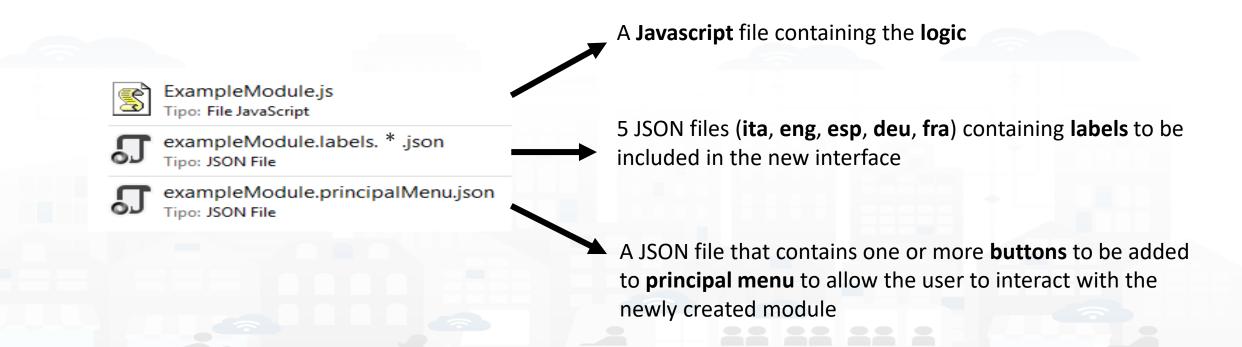
In the slides following there is an **example** of how to **add a module** to the app.

The goal of this example is to create a **new module** that in addition to viewing the list of car parks as is already the case for the button named "Parking" will **show directly** the **number of free parking lots** for each car park found





• Files required for creating a new module are as follows

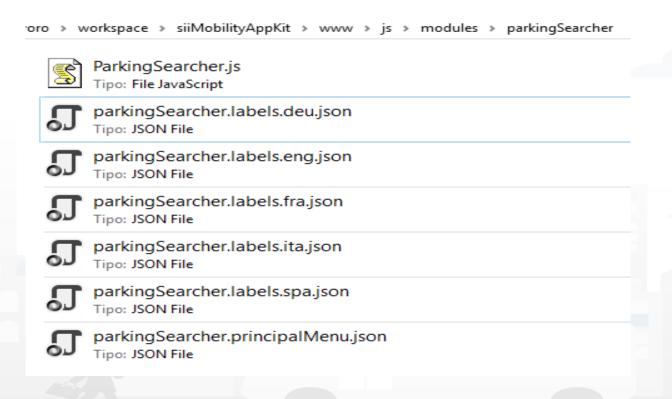








 Copy these files to a new folder that will have the name of the new module (i.e., ParkingSearcher): the names of the files copied have to be changed to get the module name as a prefix







• Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

This field contains the **callback** for the new module.

The present callbacks should be left, because they serves to close the main menu and to center the map on the GPS





• Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus"
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000"
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"textFontSize": "38px",
captionid": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

These blocks of fields are **mutually exclusive**. Allow you to choose the icon that will identify the button that you are creating. This icon can be chosen as an **image**, a **text**, a **glyphicon** (Bootstrap) or **ionicons** (ionicons.com).

N.B. Field **iconId** can be useful if you plan to edit the selected icon **dynamically**





• Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000"
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"textFontSize": "38px",
captionid: "principalMenuParkingSearch
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;bact,round: linear-gra
                                                      ent(#33FF33 0%,
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
                            Trasporto Pubblico
                                                Biglietti Bus
                                                                  Parcheggi
```

These blocks of fields are **mutually exclusive**. Allow you to choose the icon that will identify the button that you are creating. This icon can be chosen as an **image**, a **text**, a **glyphicon** (Bootstrap) or **ionicons** (ionicons.com).

N.B. Field **iconId** can be useful if you plan to edit the selected icon **dynamically**

parkingSearcher.principalMenu.json





Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

captionId serves to indicate the **container tag** of the text that is located at the bottom of each button.

captionTextId indicates the name of the field in labels.*.json whose value is the text to be inserted in the previous container.





Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
'ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

These blocks of fields are used to show the user **badges containing information** related to the button on which are located







Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher"
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
'ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%)
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

These blocks of fields are used to show the user badges containing information related to the button on which are located





• Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336633;background: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

removed field is useful to allow the removal and the insertion of the buttons in the main menu by the user.

index field is useful for rendering the buttons in the order chosen by the user.







• Field descriptions for creating buttons in the main menu

```
What do you want to do?
                                                                                                                               What do you want to do?
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": "icon ion-android-bus",
                                                                                                                                                 Points Of
Interest
"iconFontSize": "41px",
"iconColor": "#CC0000",
                                                                                                                                                D
"imgSrc": "img/ticketmenu.png",
                                                                                                                 D T
"imgHeight": "37px",
"text": "P",
                                                                                               Events
                                                                                                        Settings
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": true,
"stepId": "eventsBadge",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #336622 Jackground: linear-gradient(#33FF33 0%, #336633 100%);
"ribbonText": "Beta",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```





- Loading new buttons modules within the main menu, takes place by comparing the captionId field.
- If the menu already has a button with the **same captionId**, the first is **replaced** with the **new one**.
- To remove a button from the main menu (field removed hides it) add a delete field with value equal to true.





First version of the button

```
What do you want to do?
"callback": "PrincipalMenu.hide(); MapManager.centerMapOnGps();",
"iconId": "",
                                                                                                                                  Punti di
                                                                                                                                             Q
"iconClass": ""
"iconFontSize": "",
                                                                                                                     Scopri la Città
                                                                                                                                             Ricerca
"iconColor": ""
                                                                                                                                              繭
                                                                                                                      Trasporto
Pubblico
"imgSrc": ""
"imgHeight": "",
                                                                                                                                 Parcheggi
                                                                                                                                             Eventi
"text": "LP",
                                                                                                                                              A
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
                                                                                                                                Impostazioni
                                                                                                                                            Informazioni
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
                                                                                                                      D
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
"step": "",
                                                                                                                                            remote poi
"stepId": "",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": ""
"ribbonStyle": "background: #CC0000; background: linear-gradient(#FF6600 0%, #CC0000 100%);".
"ribbonText": "NEW",
                                                                                                                                      Label missing
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

parkingSearcher.principalMenu.json





Labels of ParkingSearcher

• Description of label.*.json files

```
label.ita.json

{
    "principalMenu": {
        "moduleParkingSearcher": "Lista Parcheggi"
    }
}

label.eng.json

{
    "principalMenu": {
        "moduleParkingSearcher": "Car Park List"
    }
}

label.deu.json

{
    "principalMenu": {
        "moduleParkingSearcher": "Parkplatz Liste"
    }
}
```

```
label.fra.json

{
    "principalMenu": {
        "moduleParkingSearcher": "Liste parkings"
    }
}

label.esp.json

{
    "principalMenu": {
        "moduleParkingSearcher": "Lista de Aparcamiento"
    }
}
```

Three important things to check:

- Languages shall be indicated by 3 characters: ita, deu, esp, fra, eng
- The label for the button must be contained within the object "principalMenu"
- The name of the field inside "principalMenu" must be the same of "captionTextId" seen before





Labels of ParkingSearcher

• Description of label.*.json files

```
label.ita.json
                                                                          'principalMenu": {
                                                                           "moduleParkingSearcher" "Lista Parcheggi
  "iconId": "",
                                                                                  label.eng.json
  "iconClass": ""
  "iconFontSize": ""
                                                                          'principalMenu": {
  "iconColor": "",
                                                                           "moduleParkingSearcher": "Car Park List"
  "imgSrc": "",
  "imgHeight": "",
  "text": "LP".
                                                                                  label.deu.json
  "textFontSize": "38px".
  "textColor": "#CC0000",
                                                                          "principalMenu": {
  "captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher"
                                                                           "captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher",
  "step": "",
  "stepId": "",
                                                                                  label.fra.json
  "ribbon": true,
  "ribbonId": "".
                                                                          'principalMenu": {
  "ribbonStyle": "background: #CC0000;background: linear-gradient(#
                                                                            'moduleParkingSearcher': "Liste parkings
  "ribbonText": "NEW",
  "removed": false,
  "index": 0
                                                                                  label.esp.json
                                                                          "principalMenu": {
parkingSearcher.principalMenu.json
                                                                           "moduleParkingSearcher": "Lista de Aparcamiento"
```

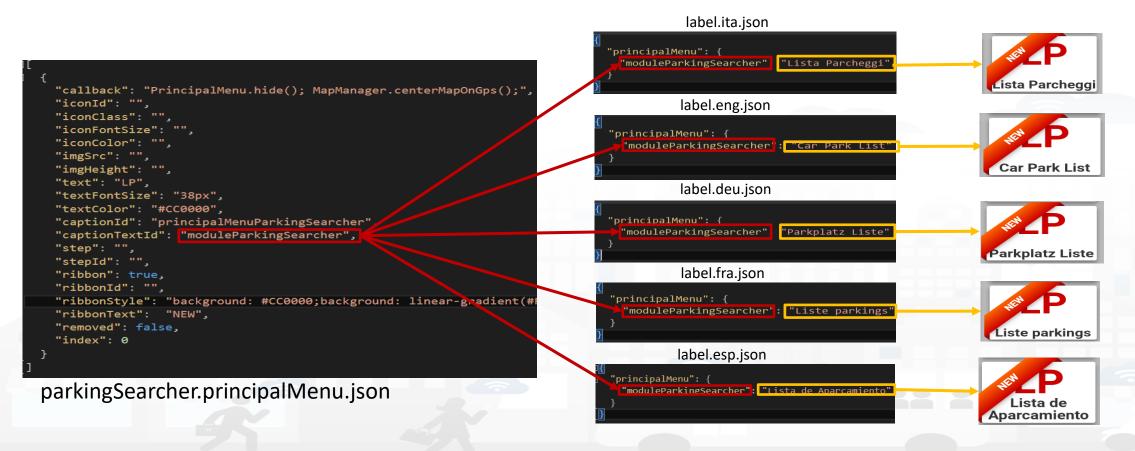
\$(captionId).html(
labels.principalMenu[
captionTextId]);





Labels of ParkingSearcher

• Description of label.*.json files

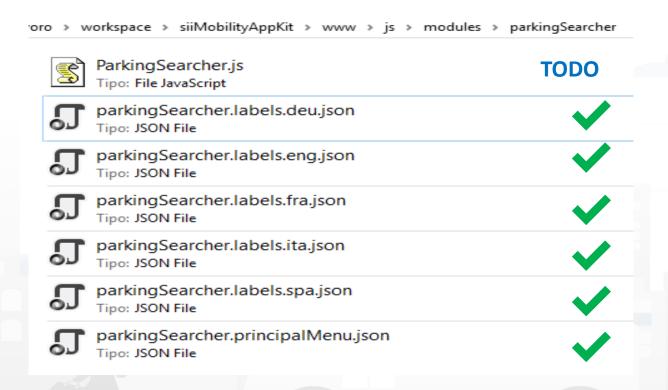








 It is seen as fill most of the files in the folder of new module ParkingSearcher that is developed in this presentation







Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

```
show: function () {
    application.resetInterface();
    MapManager.showMenuReduceMap("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
    $("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu + "Collapse").hide();
    ParkingSearcher.open = true;
    InfoManager.addingMenuToManage(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.addingMenuToCheck(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.setBackButtonListener();
},

hide: function () {
    $("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu).css({ 'z-index': '1001' });
    MapManager.reduceMenuShowMap("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
    InfoManager.removingMenuToManage(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.removingMenuToCheck(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    ParkingSearcher.open = false;
},
```

Closes any previously opened menu, shrinks the map to display the menu, hides the button to reduce the menu, since it will open already reduced.

Recording to other variables to get notifications when:

- users press the back button
- users change the device orientation
- must be closed the menu opened by this module







Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

```
show: function () {
    application.resetInterface();
    MapManager.showMenuReduceMap("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
    $("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu + "Collapse").hide();
    ParkingSearcher.open = true;
    InfoManager.addingMenuToManage(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.addingMenuToCheck(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.setBackButtonListener();
},

hide: function () {
    $("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu).css({ 'z-index': '1001' });
    MapManager.reduceMenuShowMap("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
    InfoManager.removingMenuToManage(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    application.removingMenuToCheck(ParkingSearcher.varName);
    ParkingSearcher.open = false;
},
```

Does the **opposite functions** to those performed by the **function show**, also reset the z-indexof the menu







Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

```
checkForBackButton: function () {
    if (ParkingSearcher.open) {
        ParkingSearcher.hide();
refreshMenuPosition: function () {
    if (ParkingSearcher.open) {
        MapManager.showMenuReduceMap("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
        Utility.checkAxisToDrag("#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu);
        if (ParkingSearcher.expanded) {
            ParkingSearcher.expandBusRoutesMenu();
closeAll: function () {
    if (ParkingSearcher.open) {
        ParkingSearcher.hide();
```

These are the **callbacks** called to **notify** the occurrence of an event among those described previously (see show function) and for which we recorded the module

- users press the back button
- users change the device orientation
- must be closed the menu opened by this module





Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

- Checks if there is the element that will contain the html code created through the use of Mustache library.
- It is generated the html code with **template ParkingMenu.mst.html** and **JSON ParkingSearcher.results** and added to the element container.
- Finally, the feature that allows the users to widen the menu by dragging the handler is added to it





Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

- Checks if there is the element that will contain the html code created through the use of Mustache library.
- It is generated the html code with **template ParkingMenu.mst.html** and **JSON ParkingSearcher.results** and added to the element container.
- Finally, the feature that allows the users to widen the menu by dragging the handler is added to it





• Functions contained in ParkingSearcher.js

```
successQuery: function (response) {
    ParkingSearcher.results = responseObject["Results"];
    ParkingSearcher.refreshMenu();
    ParkingSearcher.show();
    MapManager.addGeoJSONLayer(responseObject);
    ParkingSearcher.resetSearch();
},

errorQuery: function(error) {
    navigator.notification.alert(
        Globalization.alerts.servicesServerError.message,
        function () { },
        Globalization.alerts.servicesServerError.title);
},
```

These are the callbacks that should be called once the **JSON**, containing the **data to be displayed** to the user, is created. The **success callback**:

- will locally save the response
- will create the menu
- will show it.

If the menu will contain **elements** that it is possible to **show on the map** they will be added to the map by last function





ParkingSearcher Module Template

• Before adding the logic of the new module, we create the template to be filled with the correct JSON.

```
div id="parkingMenuHeader" class="panel panel-default" style="position: absolute;right: 0px;left: 0px;border-radius: 0px;"
   <div id="parkingMenuExpandHandler" class="grippyContainer grippyContainer-horizontal" style="text-align: center;">
       <div class="grippy grippy-horizontal"></div>
   <div class="panel-heading" style="padding: 0px 10px;height: 52px; border: none;">
       <a class="pull-right" onclick="ParkingSearcher.hide();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-remove"</pre>
              style="float: right; padding-left: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i></i>
       <a id="parkingMenuExpand" class="pull-left" onclick="ParkingSearcher.expandParkingSearcher();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-plus" style="padding-right: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i>
       <a id="parkingMenuCollapse" class="pull-left" onclick="ParkingSearcher.collapseParkingSearcher();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-minus" style="padding-right: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i></i>
       <b id="parkingMenuHeaderTitle" style="line-height: 52px;color: #333;">
               $("#parkingMenuHeaderTitle").html(
                   Globalization.labels.parkingMenu.title)
           </script>
div id="parkingMenuInner" class="commonHalfMenuInner">
```

This default template will simply show a menu with a header and body empty. Must have the same name as the string entered as the third parameter in the call

```
ViewManager.render (
ParkingSearcher.results,
"#" + ParkingSearcher.idMenu,
"ParkingMenu");
```

ParkingMenu.mst.html





ParkingSearcher Module Template

• Before adding the logic of the new module, we create the template to be filled with the correct JSON.

This template will be saved in the folder called ***templates***.

To add a title to the header we should add this item to all files labels.*. Ison

```
"principalMenu": {
    "moduleParkingSearcher": "Lista Parcheggi"
}.
"parkingMenu": {
    "title": "Parcheggi"
}
```

templates/ParkingMenu.mst.html



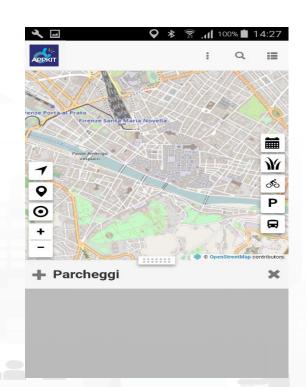




ParkingSearcher Module Template

• Before adding the logic of the new module, we create the template to be filled with the correct JSON.

```
div id="parkingMenuHeader" class="panel panel-default" style="position: absolute;right: 0px;left: 0px;border-radius: 0px;">
   <div id="parkingMenuExpandHandler" class="grippyContainer grippyContainer-horizontal" style="text-align: center;">
       <div class="grippy grippy-horizontal"></div>
   <div class="panel-heading" style="padding: 0px 10px;height: 52px; border: none;">
       <a class="pull-right" onclick="ParkingSearcher.hide();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-remove"</pre>
              style="float: right; padding-left: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i></i>
       <a id="parkingMenuExpand" class="pull-left" onclick="ParkingSearcher.expandParkingSearcher();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-plus" style="padding-right: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i>
       <a id="parkingMenuCollapse" class="pull-left" onclick="ParkingSearcher.collapseParkingSearcher();">
           <i class="glyphicon glyphicon-minus" style="padding-right: 8px; color: #777; line-height: 52px;"></i></i>
       <b id="parkingMenuHeaderTitle" style="line-height: 52px;color: #333;">
               $("#parkingMenuHeaderTitle").html(
                   Globalization.labels.parkingMenu.title)
           </script>
div id="parkingMenuInner" class="commonHalfMenuInner">
```



templates/ParkingMenu.mst.html





Create ParkingSearcher Module

The goal of this example is to create a **new module** that in addition to viewing the list of car parks as is already the case for the button named "Car Park" will **show directly** the **number of free parking lots** for each car park found

In ParkingSearcher.js must be made the logic that **retrieves data** from API describer in previous presentations and creates the **JSON** to fill the **template** and generate the new menu





• The following API returns **the list of parking** that are located at a maximum distance of 300 meters from the location sent. The list is limited to 100 items.

```
http://www.disit.org/ServiceMap/api/v1/?
selection=43.7778;11.2481&
categories=Car_park&
maxResults=100&
maxDists=0.3&
format=json&
lang=it&
geometry=true
```







• The returned data are not sufficient to create the final JSON, because these data are lacking on the realtime information

```
▼ object {1}
   ▼ Services {3}
         fullCount : 5
         type : FeatureCollection
         features [5
             ▼ geometry {2}
                   type : Point
                ▶ coordinates [2]
                type : Feature
                properties
                   name : Garage La Stazione Spa
                   tipo : Parcheggio auto
                   typeLabel: Parcheggio auto
                   serviceType: TransferServiceAndRenting Car park
                   hasGeometry:  false
                   serviceUri: http://www.disit.org/km4citv/resource/RT04801702315P0
                   multimedia : value
```

There are data from all car parks nearby, but there are few properties that are received





• The following API which returns all information relating to a single service

http://www.disit.org/ServiceMap/api/v1/?
serviceUri=http://www.disit.org/km4city/resource/RT04801702315PO&
format=json&
lang=it



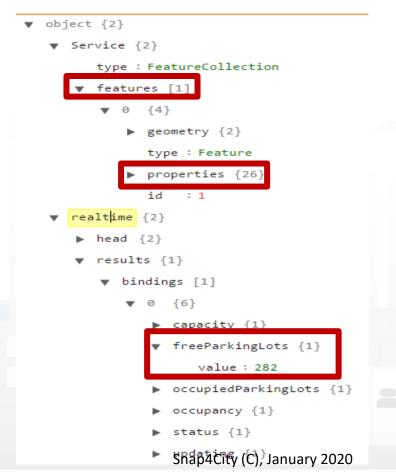








 The returned data are not sufficient to create the final JSON, because these data are relative to only one car park



There are data from **one car parks nearby**, but there are many properties that are received





The idea is to call the first API that returns the complete
list of nearby car park, and for each car park in the list call
the second API that returns detailed information with the
number of free parking lots





• The first API can be call in the app with the following functions

```
search: function(){
   var parkingQuery = QueryManager.createCategoriesQuery(['Car_park'], SearchManager.searchCenter, "user");
   APIClient.executeQuery(parkingQuery,ParkingSearcher.searchInformationForEachFeature,ParkingSearcher.errorQuery);
},
```

http://www.disit.org/ServiceMap/api/v1/?
selection=43.7778;11.2481&
categories=Car_park&
maxResults=100&
maxDists=0.3&
format=json&
lang=it&
geometry=true

The **first function** creates the string that contains the **parameters** from "?" to the end.

The **second function** adds the URL of the API and makes the call. When the data has been received calls the error or success callback.







The second API can be call in the app with the following functions

```
searchInformationForEachFeature(response) {
   for (var category in response) {
       if (response[category].features.length != 0) {
           ParkingSearcher.responseLength = response[category].features.length;
           ParkingSearcher.temporaryResponse = {
               "Results": {
                   "features": [],
                   "fullCount": ParkingSearcher.responseLength,
                    "type": "FeatureCollection",
           Loading.showAutoSearchLoading():
           for (var i = 0; i < response[category].features.length; i++)</pre>
               var serviceQuery = QueryManager.createServiceQuery(response[category].features[i].properties.serviceUri, "app");
               APIClient.executeQueryWithoutAlert(serviceQuery,
                   ParkingSearcher.mergeResults,
                   ParkingSearcher.decrementAndCheckRetrieved);
           SearchManager.startAutoSearch(ParkingSearcher.varName);
```

For each car park listed is called the API that returns details.

If there is **no car park** in the list is called a function which **doubles the radius** of the search area **until at least one car park is in the list** or the radius is greater than 200 km







• The number of free parking lots is copied **from realtime object in the properties** to make writing the template easier. Is also added as a property a string that identifies the **text color** based on the number of free parking lots

```
mergeResults: function (response)
    for (var category in response) {
       if (response[category].features != null) {
           if (response[category].features.length != 0) {
               if (response.realtime != null) {
                   if (response.realtime.results != null) {
                       if (response.realtime.results.bindings[0] != null) {
                           if (response realtime results hindings[Al freeDarkingLots | null) [
                               response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLots = response.realtime.results.bindings[0].freeParkingLots.value;
                               if (response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLots > 20) {
                                   response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLotsColor = "green";
                               } else if (response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLots > 0) {
                                   response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLotsColor = "orange";
                                   response[category].features[0].properties.freeParkingLotsColor = "red";
               ParkingSearcher.temporaryResponse["Results"].features.push(response[category].features[0]);
   ParkingSearcher.decrementAndCheckRetrieved();
decrementAndCheckRetrieved: function(){
                                                                         This function controls how many
   ParkingSearcher.responseLength--;
                                                                         calls have already returned the details
    if (ParkingSearcher.responseLength == 0) {
       ParkingSearcher.successQuery(ParkingSearcher.temporaryResponse)
       Loading.hideAutoSearchLoading();
                                                                         or returned error.
```









```
successQuery: function (response) {
   var responseObject = response;
   if (SearchManager.typeOfSearchCenter == "selectedServiceMarker") {
       MapManager.searchOnSelectedServiceMarker = true;
   for (var i = 0; i < responseObject["Results"].features.length; i++) {</pre>
       responseObject["Results"].features[i].id = i;
       Utility.enrichService(responseObject["Results"].features[i], i);
   if (responseObject["Results"].features[0].properties.distanceFromSearchCenter != null) {
       responseObject["Results"].features.sort(function (a, b) {
            return a.properties.distanceFromSearchCenter - b.properties.distanceFromSearchCenter
       });
   } else {
       responseObject["Results"].features.sort(function (a, b) {
            return a.properties.distanceFromGPS - b.properties.distanceFromGPS
       });
   ParkingSearcher.results = responseObject["Results"];
   ParkingSearcher.refreshMenu();
   ParkingSearcher.show();
   MapManager.addGeoJSONLayer(responseObject);
   ParkingSearcher.resetSearch();
```

This is the **function** that receives the **end**JSON and shows it to the user, by
creating the marker on the map and
populating the list through the
template.

The JSON is enriched with additional information such as distance from GPS or from a manual search and list is sorted according to these values.







ParkingSearcher Module Template

This is the final template that allows you to show the user a list of car parks in its vicinity with an
indication of the number of free parking lots





ParkingSearcher in main menu

• Final version of the button with call to module logic

```
"callback": "PrincipalMenu.hide(); MapManager.centerMapOnGps()
                                                                 SearchManager.search('ParkingSearcher');
"iconId": "",
"iconClass": ""
"iconFontSize": "",
"iconColor": "",
"imgSrc": ""
"imgHeight": ""
"text": "LP".
"textFontSize": "38px",
"textColor": "#CC0000",
"captionId": "principalMenuParkingSearcher",
"captionTextId": "moduleParkingSearcher".
"step": "",
"stepId": "",
"ribbon": true,
"ribbonId": "",
"ribbonStyle": "background: #CC0000; background: linear-gradient(#FF6600 0%, #CC0000 100%);",
"ribbonText": "NEW",
"removed": false,
"index": 0
```

The search function of the variable SearchManager asks the user where want search (GPS, Manual or Last Service) and then call the search function of the variable which is passed as string

parkingSearcher.principalMenu.json







ParkingSearcher Module Finished













For the creation of the app through the modules it is necessary to compile it with grunt before doing it with Cordova



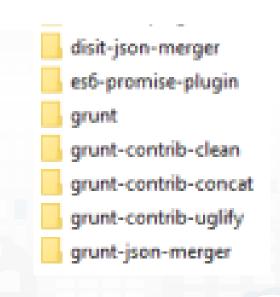
https://gruntjs.com





Gruntfile

Inside the root folder of the Sii Mobility App Kit there is a gruntfile.js which will merge the js and json files as described inside it. Inside the root there is also a node_modules directory within which there must necessarily be these folders containing the plugins useful for merging files.













Gruntfile

To compile the files, the grunt command must be launched on the open terminal in the project root If everything works properly the screen that should appear is as follows. If some package is missing it can be installed with the npm i packagename command. If disit-json-merger is missing download it from https://github.com/disit/siiMobilityAppKit/tree/master/node_modules/disit-

json-merger

```
nning "concat:dist" (concat) task
Running "concat:allTogether" (concat) task
tunning "clean:0" (clean) task
  1 path cleaned.
unning "disit-json-merger:singleTemplate" (disit-json-merger) task
ile "www/js/build/singleTemplate.json" created.
unning "json-merger:ita" (json-merger) task
ile "www/js/build/labels.ita.json" created.
dunning "json-merger:eng" (json-merger) task
ile "www/js/build/labels.eng.json" created.
Running "json-merger:deu" (json-merger) task
ile "www/js/build/labels.deu.json" created.
Running "json-merger:esp" (json-merger) task
File "www/|s/build/labels.esp.|son created.
Running "json-merger:fra" (json-merger) task
ile "www/js/build/labels.fra.json" created.
```





Gruntfile

If the grunt command was successful as in the image of the previous slide then the command Cordova build android can be launched and if all goes well you will have a screen like the following one





Further readings

- TC5.16. Exploiting Smart City API for developing Mobile and Web Apps
- TC5.15. Snap4City Smart City API Collection and overview, real time
- <u>TC5.17. Search on Services via Smart City API: MicroApplication,</u>
 <u>Exploiting Micro Applications in HTML5 based on Advanced Smart City API</u>
- TC5.18. Snap4City API are documented in Swagger, and tested in Postman
- TC5.19. Using ServiceMap as a Tools for Developing web and mobile apps and micro applications





Useful links

- US1. Using City Dashboards
- US2. Using and Creating Snap4City Applications with Dashboards
- US3. Using and Creating Developer Dashboards, AMMA dashboard, and/or Resource Dashboards
- US4. Creating City Dashboards and related Event Monitoring and Actions
- <u>US5.</u> <u>Discovering City Services Exploiting Knowledge Base via ServiceMap</u>
- US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation
- US7. Data Analytics and related integration aspects
- US8. Using the Living Lab Support tools
- US9. Creating Snap4City IOT Applications, different formats, protocols, brokers, communications
- US10. Using and Managing the Scalable Snap4City Infrastructure
- <u>US11. Using tools/services of a secure and privacy respectfully solution</u>



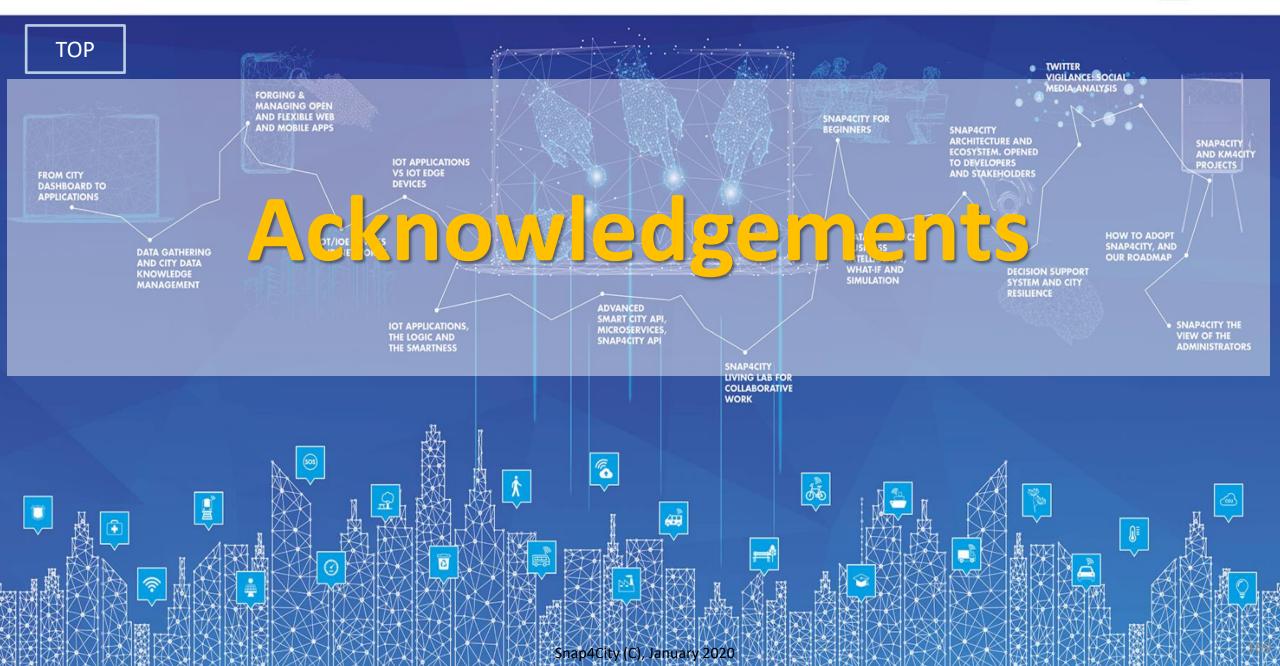


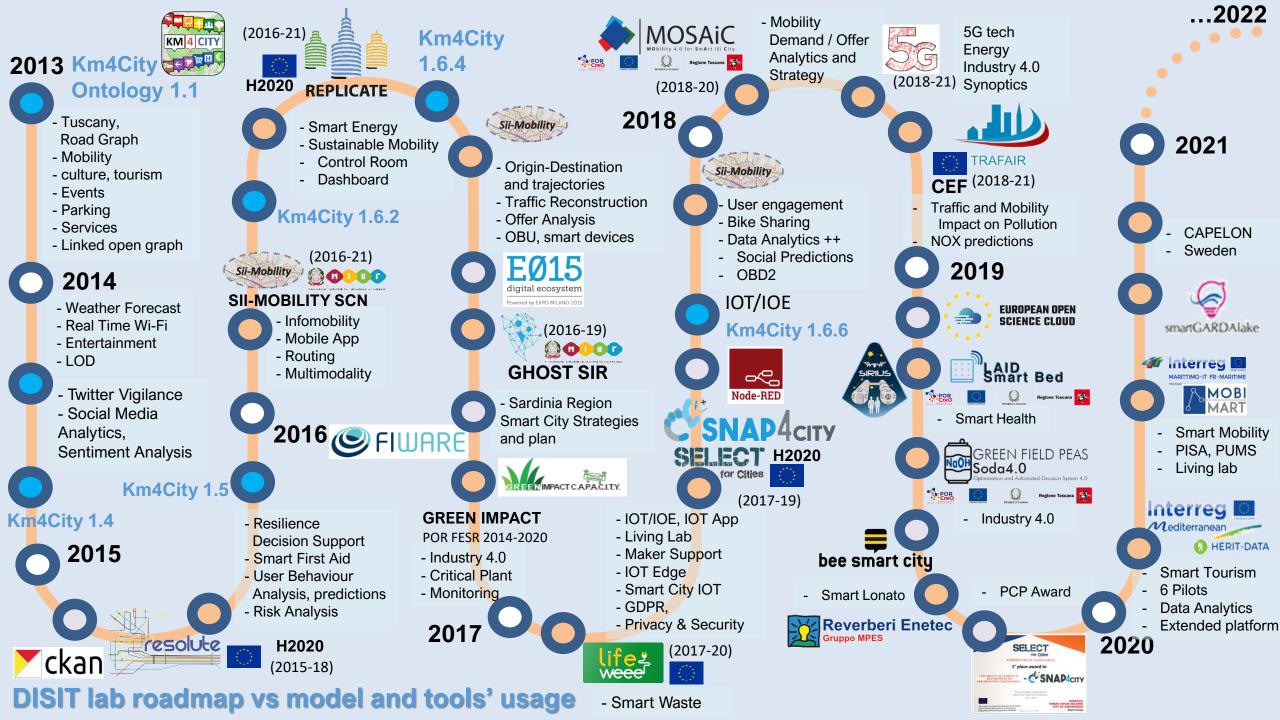
Former Documentation

- Documentation Smart City API
 - http://www.disit.org/6991
- Ontology and Km4City Tools:
 - Http://www.km4city.org
 - http://www.disit.org/6506
 Ontology and documentation
- Snap4city is Open Source on GitHub as DISIT lab:
 - https://github.com/disit
 - https://github.com/disit/snap4city (mobile App kit)

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES













Main running instances



































- Sii-Mobility → mobility and transport, sustainability
- REPLICATE → ICT, smart City Control room, Energy, IOT
- RESOLUTE → Resilience, ICT, Big Data
- GHOST → Strategies, smart city
- TRAFAIR → Environment & transport
- MOSAIC → mobility and transport
- WEEE Life → Smart waste, environment
- Smart Garda Lake → Castelnuovo del Garda
- 5G → Industry 4.0 vs SmartCity
- Green Impact → Industry 4.0, Chemical Plant
- SmartBed (laid → smart health
- Green Field Peas (soda) → Industry 4.0, Chemical plant
- MobiMart and PISA Agreement → data aggregation, Living Lab
- Lonato del Garda → smart parking, environment
- Herit Data → tourism, culture and management
- ISPRA JRC → site management and services
- Capelon (Sweden) → smart light solutions

Acknowledgements

- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of Snap4City https://www.snap4city.org of Select4Cities H2020 are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the Select4Cities project. Select4Cities has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 688196)
- TRAFAIR is a CEF project. All slides reporting logo of TRAFAIR project are representing tools and research founded by the EC on CEF programme http://trafair.eu/
- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of REPLICATE H2020 are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the REPLICATE project. **REPLICATE** has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 691735).
- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of **RESOLUTE H2020** are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the RESOLUTE project. **RESOLUTE** has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 653460).
- Thanks to the MIUR for co-founding and to the University of Florence and companies involved. All slides reporting logo of Sii-**Mobility** are representing tools and research founded by MIUR for the Sii-Mobility SCN MIUR project.
- **Km4City** is an open technology and research line of DISIT Lab exploited by a number of projects. Some of the innovative solutions and research issues developed into projects are also compliant and contributing to the Km4City approach and thus are released as open sources and are interoperable, scalable, modular, standard compliant, etc.











INEA CEF-TELECOM Project funded by European Union





European Union Funding for Research & Innovation























GREEN FIELD PEAS













DISIT thanks to

Herit Data: Tourism and Mng. https://herit-data.interreg-med.eu/

Snap4City: IOT/IOE smart city www.snap4city.org

Trafair: CEF project with several Cities http://trafair.eu/

Mosaic: Mobility and transport model

Km4City: http://www.km4city.org

REPLICATE H2020, SCC1, EC flagship

http://replicate-project.eu/

Sii-Mobility SCN MIUR: http://www.sii-mobility.org

Feedback: retail and GDO Big Data analytics

5G with 3G-Wind, Open Fiber, Estra

Coll@bora Social Innovation, MIUR:

http://www.disit.org/5479

RESOLUTE H2020, EC:

http://www.resolute-eu.org

TRACE-IT, RAISSS, TESYSRAIL, ...

Mobile Emergency:

http://www.disit.org/5404













































- **HOW TO: create a Dashboard in Snap4City**
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- HOW TO: Develop Smart Applications, Snap4City development Life Cycle
- HOW TO: HLT vs Ingestion, and HLT vs Widgets
- **HOW TO: Develop an IOT Application for Data Ingestion**
- HOW TO: Upload data into Knowledge Base, ServiceMap (triple upload)
- HOW TO: Create as set of Devices with BulkProcessing
- **HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Model**
- HOW TO: Create an IOT Device Instance from IOT Directory tool









CONTACT

DISIT Lab, DINFO: Department of Information Engineering Università degli Studi di Firenze - School of Engineering

Via S. Marta, 3 - 50139 Firenze, ITALY https://www.disit.org









Email: snap4city@disit.org

Office: +39-055-2758-515 / 517

Cell: +39-335-566-86-74 Fax.: +39-055-2758570