

SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES





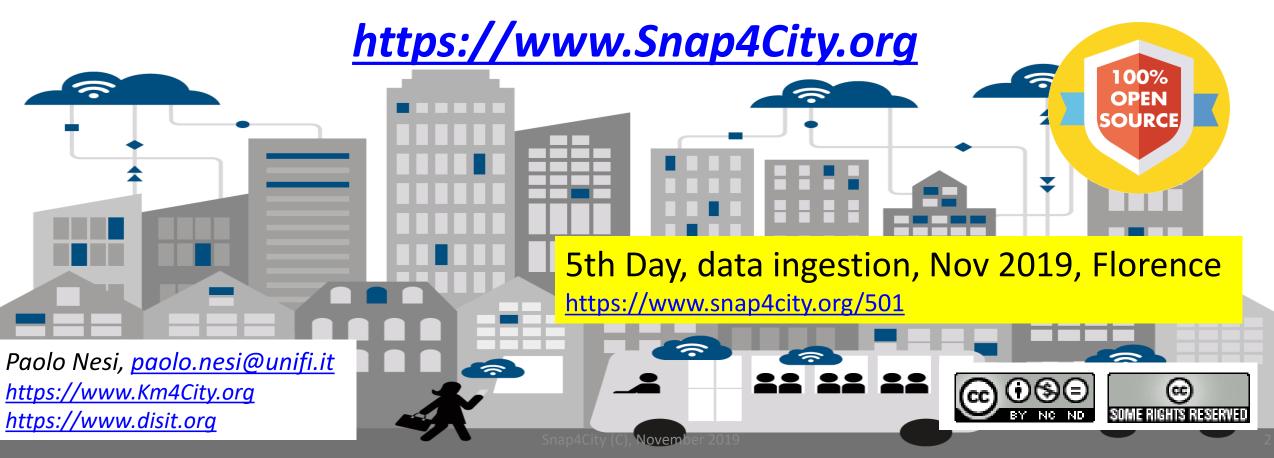








scalable Smart aNalytic APplication builder for sentient Cities: for Living Lab and co-working with Stakeholders







#### **General Overview of the full Course**

- 1st Day: General overview (1 day, 6 hours)
- 2nd Day: Dashboards, how to build and manage them (4 hours)
- 3rd Day: IOT Applications development, IOT Devices, IOT Networks (4 hours)
- 4th Day: Data Analytics, in R Studio, In Python, how to integrate with IOT Applications (4 hours)
- **5th Day:** Data Ingestion, Data Warehouse, ETL Development, Data Gate, IOT Device Data ingestion, etc.. (5 hours)
- 6th Day: Snap4City Architecture, How To Install Snap4City (3 hours)
- 7th Day: Smart city API (internal and external) Web and Mobile App development tool kit (4 hours)

A number of the training sections include exercitations Updated versions on: <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/501">https://www.snap4city.org/501</a>







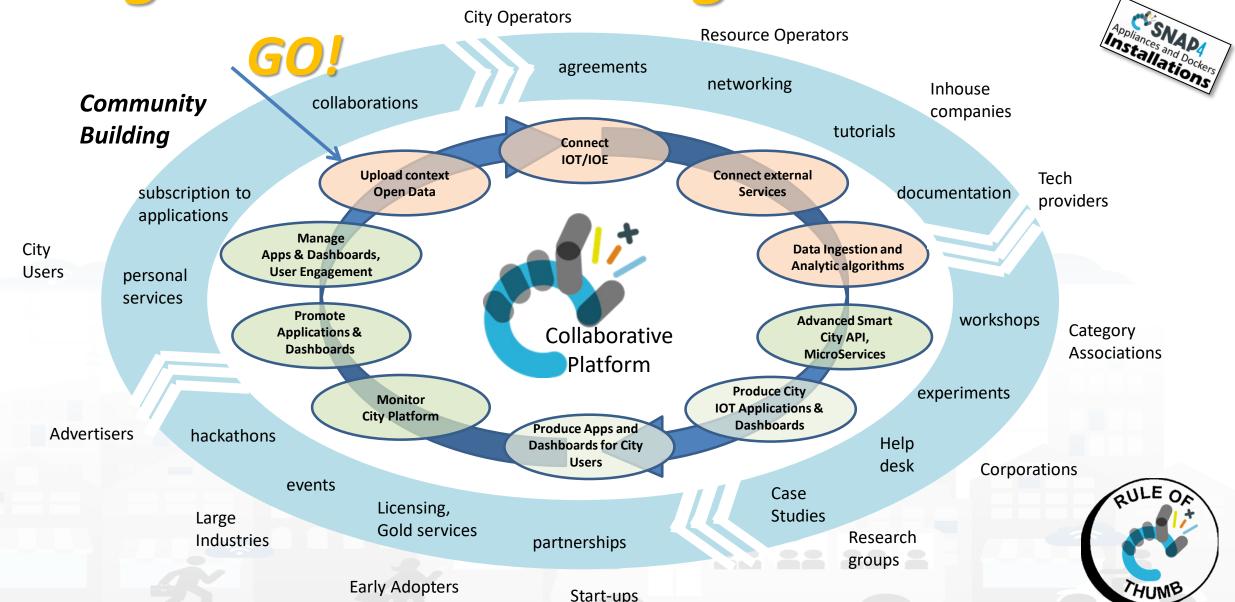




- GO Data Ingestion Capabilities
- GO Data Ingestion Strategy (and process)
- Setting Up the Road Graph on Knowledge Base
- Data Set Load via Data Gate (plus how to load triples into Knowledge base)
- Data Ingestion and Transformation via ETL Processes
- GO Data Ingestion via IOT Brokers
  - IOT Network: recall of basic concepts
  - GO IOT Directory
    - IOT Devices and IOT Brokers Registration
- GO Data Ingestion via IOT Applications
- Data Ingestion from API, External Services, Custom MicroServices
- GO Data Ingestion via Web Scraping
- Data Streams from Smart City API, participatory
- GO Data Streams from Mobile Devices, participatory
- GO Data Streams from Dashboards
- GO GIS Data Import and Export
- GO Social Media data collection and exploitation
- GO Acknowledgements

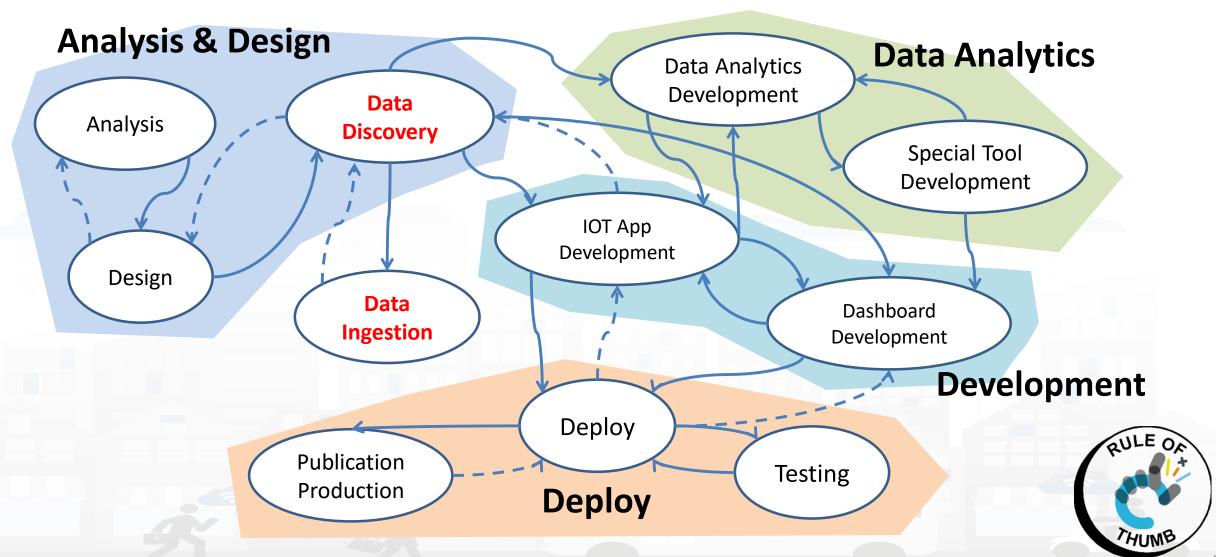
# Living Lab Accelerating





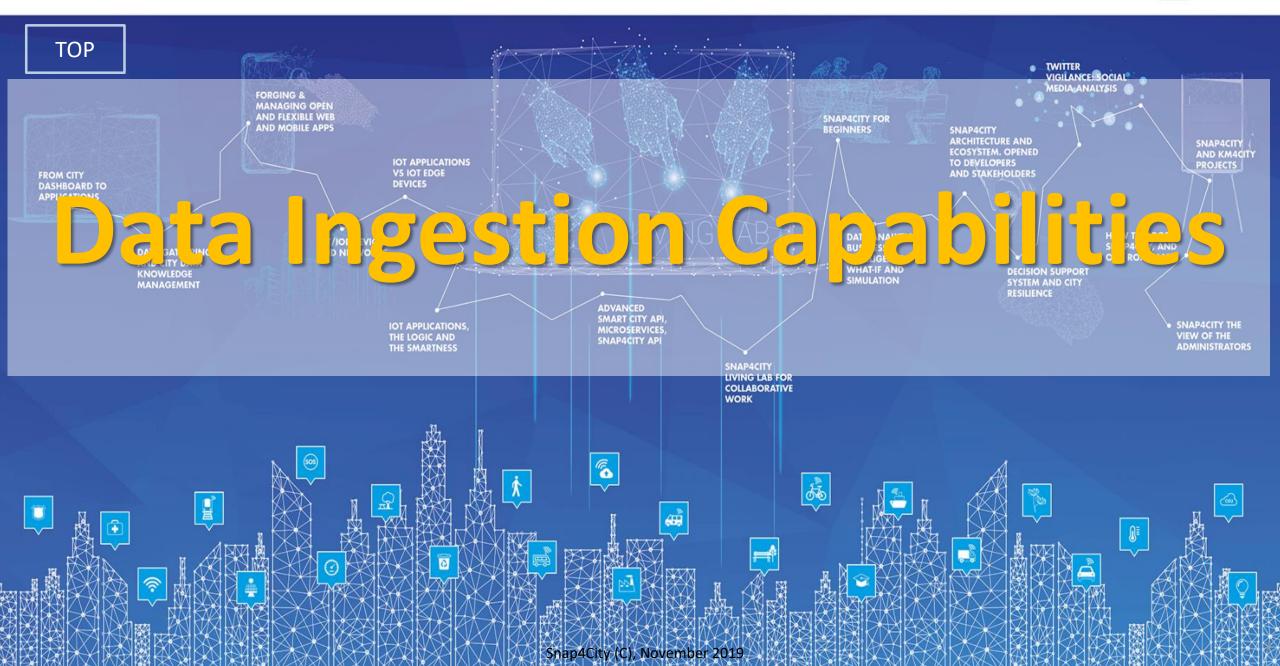
# **Development Life Cycle Smart City Services**





#### SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES















Challenges: Requests and Deductions

Public Admin.

**Pub. Admin**: detection of critical conditions, improving services

Tune the service, reselling data and services, prediction

**API for SME** 

Services & Suggestions

Transport, Mobility, Commercial (retail),

Tourism, Cultural

**Personal Time Assistant** 

dynamic ticketing, whispers to save time and money, geoloc information, offers, etc.

Mobility Operators



**Commercial:** customers prediction and profiles, promotions via ads

Tourism Museums



Tune the service, prediction

User profiling Collective profiles User segmentation



facebook Linked in.

#### Data: Public and Private, Static and Real Time

Private: user movements, social media, crowd sources, commercial (retail)

Public: infomobility, traffic flow, TV cameras, flows, ambient, weather, statistic, accesses

to LTZ, services, museums, point of interests, ...





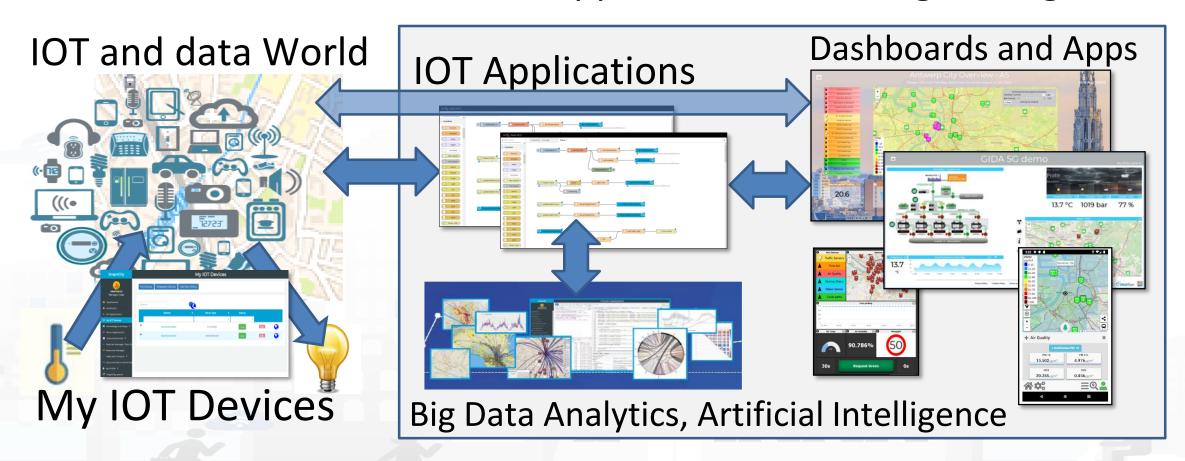






# **Snap4City: Builder of Sentient Cities Solutions**

Dashboards with data driven IOT Applications enforcing intelligence







#### **URBAN PLATFORM: SMART CITY IOT AS A SERVICE AND ON PREMISE**



- LOCAL GOVERN
- STAKEHOLDERS
- CITY USERS
- IN-HOUSE
- ENERGY OPERATORS
- MOBILITY OPERATORS
- COMMERCIAL **OPERATORS**
- SECURITY OPERATORS
- INDUSTRIES
- RESEARCHERS
- START-UPS
- ASSOCIATIONS



- ASSESSMENT
- AUDITING

- OPEN IOT DEVICES
- IOT EDGE
- IOT GATEWAY
- PAX COUNTERS
- IOT BUTTONS
- OPEN SOURCES, COMMUNITY OF CITIES
- TEST CASES, SCENARIOUS, VIDEOS, HACKATHONS TRAINING TUTORIALS, COMMUNITY MANAGEMENT

#### **IOT APPLICATIONS - INSTANT APPS**

#### **DASHBOARDS & APPLICATIONS**



DATA DRIVEN APPLICATIONS • REAL TIME PROCESSING . BATCH PROCESSING . ANY **PROTOCOL & FORMAT** 

CONTROL ROOM • SITUATION ROOM • OPERATOR DASHBORDS • BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE • WHAT-IF ANALYSIS • DECISION SUPPORT • SIMULATIONS • RISK ANALYSIS •

**RESILIENCE ANALYSIS** 

**MOBILE & WEB APPLICATIONS** 



**DEVELOPMENT KIT • SUGGESTIONS • MOBILE APPS**  MONITORING PANELS
 PLATFORM UTILITIES READY TO USE SMART APPLICATIONS

#### **MICROSERVICES & ADVANCED SMART CITY API**

LIVING LAB - DEV TOOLS - COWORKING

**BIG DATA - DATA ANALYTICS** 

DATA ANALYTICS TOOLS - MICRO-APPLICATIONS



IOT DIRECTORY . SERVICE MAP . **RESOURCE MANAGER • DATA GATE •** R STUDIO • ETL



PREDICTIONS • ANOMALY DETECTION • WHAT-IF ANALYSIS • TRAFFIC FLOW RECONSTRUCTION • ORIGIN-DESTINATION MATRICES • SOCIAL MEDIA ANALYSIS • OFFER VS DEMAND ANALYSIS • ENVIRONMENTAL DATA ANALYSIS AND PREDICTIONS • REAL TIME HEATMAPS • ROUTING • ALERTING • EARLY WARNING • PERSONAL AND VIRTUAL ASSISSTANTS • SMART SOLUTIONS • SMART SHARING • PARTECIPATORY

KM4CITY DATA AGGREGAT KNOWLEDGE BASE - EXPERT SYSTEM OF THE CITY - BIG DATA STORE

IOT MNG - DATA MNG - DATA INSPECTOR - PROCESS MNG - USER ENGAGEMENT - GDPR MNG ...

GIS

**CITY UTILITIES** 

**OPEN DATA** 

**LEGACY & EXTERNAL** SERVICES

PERSONAL DATA

IOT / IOE

**BROKERS** 

**INDUSTRY 4.0** 

SOCIAL MEDIA

































# Standards and Interoperability

Compliant with: AMQP, COAP, MQTT, OneM2M, HTTP, HTTPS, TLS, Rest Call, SMTP, TCP, UDP, NGSI, LoRa, LoRaWan, TheThingsNetwork, SigFOX, DATEX II, SOAP, WSDL, Twitter, FaceBook, Telegram, SMS, OLAP, MySQL, Mongo, HBASE, SOLR, SPARQL, EMAIL, FTP, FTPS, WebSocket, WebSocket Secure, ModBUS, OPC, GML, RS485, WFS, WMS, ODBC, JDBC, Elastic Search, Phoenix, XML, JSON, CSV, db, GeoJSON, Enfuser FMI, Android, Raspberry Pi, Local File System, ESP32, Libelium, IBIMET, OBD2, SVG, XLS, XLSX, TXT, HTML, CSS, etc.



























#### **Snap4City vs Formats**

- Snap4City is capable to ingest and work with any format:
  - Data exchange: JSON, GeoJSON, XML, HTML, HTML5, DATEX, GTFS, binary, etc.
  - GIS formats: WMF, WFS, heatmaps, ....
  - Table: CSV, XLSX, XLS, database, ...
  - archive file formats: zip, rar, 7z, tgz, ...
  - image formats: png, gif, tiff, ico, jpg, ...
  - video formats: mp4, avi, mov, ...
- Search the format you need to cope on the search box of Snap4City portal!: <u>Snap4City Supported Protocols</u>, <u>adding new protocols</u>





# Data vs Smart Services enabling on Snap4City

- Public Transportation and mobility activated services in some where with Snap4City
  - Smart parking
  - Smart Fuel pricing
  - Routing
    - multimodal routing
  - Info traffic
  - Dense info traffic
  - Car/Bike/Scooter Sharing
  - Smart Biking
  - E-vehicles
  - Smart river crossing
  - Quality of Public Transport
  - Early Warning vs Resilience

(parking locations and real time parking data) ... predictions

(fuel station locations and real time prices)

(detailed GIS information, text indexing of streets, POI, etc.)

Quite routing, perfect shopping, etc. etc. (more data in needed....)

(detailed GIS information, Public transport time schedule)

(traffic flow sensors, real time Traffic events, their localization, etc.)

(traffic flow sensors and traffic flow reconstruction algorithm)

(position and availability of Cars/Bikes, Scooters) ... predictions

(cycling paths, environmental data) ... predictions

(position, status of recharging stations,...) ... predictions vs booking

(position and status of Underpass, Ferry) ... prediction

(actual time of arrival at the bus stops, wrt planned time schedule)

(combination of several data including mobility, events, Social to perform early warning...)





#### Data vs Smart Services enabling on Snap4City

- Social and Users Behaviour
  - Smart First Aid
  - search for POI and public transport services
  - Social Media Monitoring and acting
  - Information to Tourists
  - Early Warning, prediction of audience
  - Improvement of services for Tourists

- Weather and environment, quality of life
  - Weather forecast/condition
  - Air quality Pollution
  - Pollination
  - Alerting on Air quality for multiple parameters
  - Information Heatmaps for weather and air quality
  - Air quality indexes, and forecast

(Location of First AID, real time status of triage)
(POI geolocalized, spatial queries, along paths)
(Identif. of dysfunction, quality of service perceived)
(Entertainment Events)
(Twitter data, social media)
(people flow, usage of services)
(Origin Destination Matrices, trajectories, heatmaps ) (People Monitoring, via App, Wifi, PAX Counter)
(Twitter Data, social mea,)

(Weather forecast)
(pollution sensors, PM10, PM2.5, NOX, etc.)
(Pollination sensors)
(Prediction of parameters time slots, notification)
(air quality sensors, heatmaps, prediction)
(









#### Open Data:

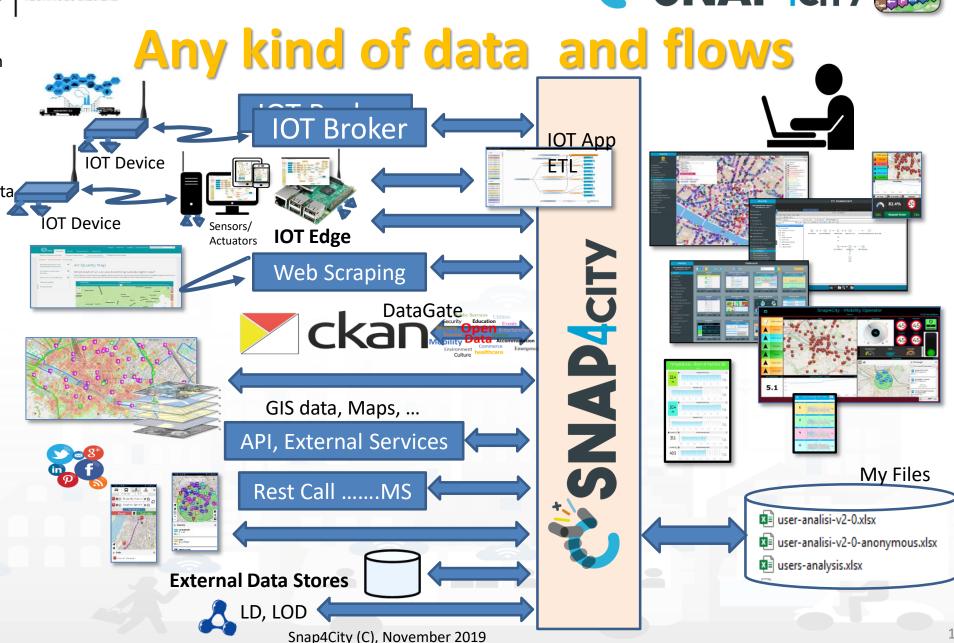
- Data gate, federation of Open
   Data Portals
- ETL processes (PULL)
- IOT Application processes

#### IOT Networks:

- IOT Application processes, data driven or PULL
- IOT Brokers (Push) → IOT
   Shadow

#### Web Pages:

- Web scraping, crawling processes
- Social media: Twitter, Facebook,...
  - Twitter Vigilance, IOT App
- Mobile Apps
  - Smart City API
- Files upload: CSV, Excel, etc.
  - IOT Applications, ETL
- REST API, WS, FTP, LD, LOD, etc.
  - IOT Applications, ETL
- Data base accesses
  - GIS: WFS, WMS
  - ETL, IOT Application









#### **Private and static**

- Fiscal Code, SSN
- Non shared pictures
- Level aspects
- Patient health record

- Personal movements Relationships among GRStraces

Weaheras

people Consumption of energy, gas User Behaviour

social media Contributions banking

Personal traffic

Position of cars

Position of taxi

Position of CarSharing ...

Real time private





statistics: accidents, census, votations

# Accesses to RTZ ZTL Data from Public GOV

Position of commercial activities, POI

- Museums
- City services data, almost

Active services

Info traffico

video camere

Info weather

Info environment

Status of the queue at Museums earthquake data

parking

Stato accessialla 271 Stato dei servizi

Real time public (open data)









### **Further readings**

- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add IOT Device data source from external broker to the platform.
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into your IOT Application
- TC9.16 Web Scraping to get data from web pages
- TC6.3. Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation
- TC9.2. Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards
- TC6.1. Managing DataSets via DataGate: ingest, search, download, upload, annotate, share
- TC6.2. Search on DataGate for Data Sets
- TC2.25. Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications



# Data Gathering and Knowledge Management

SNAP4city KM4Cit

- Data ingestion can be performed by using multiple tools:
  - ETL processes, IOT Applications, Data Gate, WebScraping. We suggest:
    - ETL for static / periodic data in PULL
    - IOT App for real time data and flow, from IOT Brokers/Devices
    - DataGate for Static Data, upload them as files, or collected from other CKAN
    - WebScraper for scraping data from Web Pages, when authorized!
- See how to test cases:
  - HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
  - HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
  - US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation
  - TC6.1 Managing DataSets via DataGate: ingest, search, download, upload, annotate, share
  - TC6.3 Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation
  - TC6.5 Managing Heterogeneous File Ingestion via ETL processes
  - TC6.9 ETL processes for multiprotocol and format data ingestion, see on GITHUB for library
  - TC9.2 Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards

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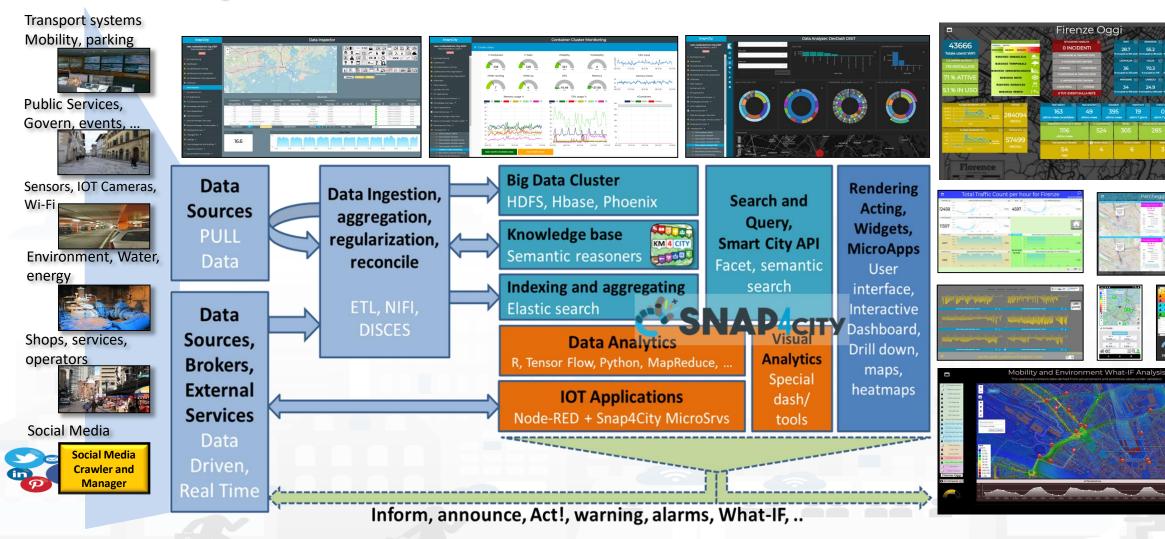








## **Smart City Functional Architecture**



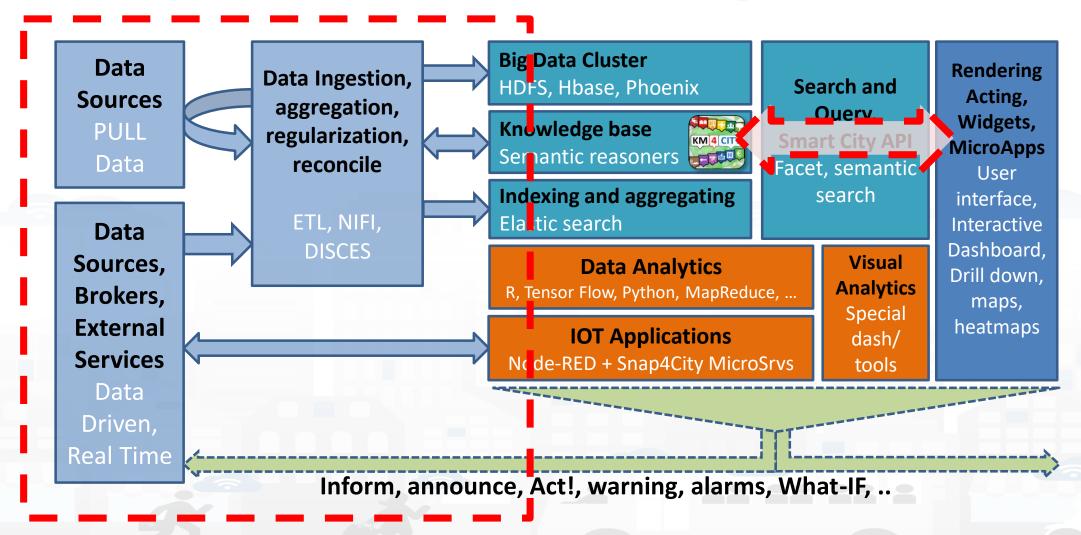








#### **Snap4City Architecture vs Data Ingestion**







# Modalities and Strategies for data ingestion

- Road Graphs: from GIS, and/or OSM (see Snap4City tool for that), ...
- Data of any format via any protocol
- Structured and non-structured data (tables and free text, mixt)
- Static data and metadata descriptions:
  - typically ingested with DataGate for automated ingestion and you find it on the menu on left of Snap4City environment.
    - DataGate is a module of CKAN, it can be installed on any CKAN also.
  - ingested producing a process visually: ETL, Node-RED, NIFI, etc.
- Simple data and complex data as: GIS data, heatmaps, tracks, etc.
- Real Time data can be ingested by using:
  - Node-RED, NIFI, ETL, WebScraping, etc.
- Event Driven → Node-RED, NodeJS





# **Static vs Dynamic Information**

- Most of the valuable data are Real Time/Dynamic data, based on Static info.
  - For example, data coming from Smart Park or a Smart Light solution
  - They are composed of a set of Devices,
    - each Device has **Static** information such as:
      - data structure: device ID, Current consumption, temperature, ......
      - GPS coordinates... (if the devices is not a moving one)
      - Classification: nature, subnature, Healthiness criteria, MTTF, etc.
    - each Collection of Devices has in addition common information such as: licensing, gateway access, gateway credentials, description of provider, time of update, etc.
    - Each Device produces a data package/message according to minimum data Structure as **Dynamic** information, in PUSH towards the Gateway. The Gateway in turn can be:
      - a sort of Broker sending data to other consumer in Push or
      - can provide also data in PULL when requested by some consumer.
  - This means that data fully describing the situation is composed by Static and Dynamic aspects that have to described into the platform and reconnected when one access to the device...









# Unified Data and Services Model/Classification



Semantic

Technical

Snap4City (C), November 2019

RealTime

P





### What happen to data into the platforms

- Static information has to be collected in advance
- Dynamic information has to connected to Static one at the ingestion time
- **PLUS**: when data enter into the platform a wide number of information is added/created such as:
  - Internal technical identification, modalities to access to the information
  - Historical data storage
  - Eventual derived data: date and time of ingestion, average, quality level, etc.
  - Rights to access at the data: who can access and to do what?
  - Visual representation of data, may be an image of the Device how it has been installed and where, by who, telephone number for maintenance, etc.
  - Process ID used to ingest the data, possible IOT Applications that are using the data,

• • •





## Data are not as Simple as one can imagine

- Data to be managed into the Smart City IOT are not so simple as one may imagine, and not limited to take into account only IOT Devices.
- THUS, a large number of data TYPES and sources have also to be addressed:
  - E.g.: external services, heatmaps, trajectories, maps, OD matrices, actuators, personal data, KPI, API descriptors, special widgets, events, predictions, Tweets, posts, GIS, mobile devices, etc.
  - With their complexity of managing data, licensing, etc...
- THEY are called High Level Types: how and which tool / process can cope with them into the Smart City Platform?... See next!
  - Thus a unified model is needed.







#### All of them can be shown on Dashboards, what about manipulate them!!!!

							-		THUMB
HLT, High Level Types++	GPS	Static	Dynamic	MacroCat	Single	Time Series	Trajectory	НТТР	How to ingest/change/manage
Complex Event	Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Dashboard, ETL, Special, IOT App
API (Ext. Srv., any prot.)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	ETL, Special, IOT App
External Service (web pag)								Yes	ETL, Special, IOT App, Web Scraper
KPI			Yes		Yes				Dashboard, IOT App, API
MicroApplication								Yes	Dashboard, IOT App, API
Dashboard-IOT App			Yes		Yes	Yes			Dashboard, IOT App, API
My Personal Data			Yes			Yes			Dashboard, IOT App, UserInterf, API
МуКРІ	Yes		Yes		Yes	Yes	Yes		Dashboard, IOT App, UserInterf, API
MyPOI	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes				Dashboard, IOT App, UserInterf, API
Heatmap	Yes		Yes		Yes	Yes			IOT App, MicroService, UserInterf, API
Sensor	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			IOT Directory, IOT App, UserInterf, API
Sensor Actuator	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes			Dashboard, IOT App, UserInterf, API
POI (Point of Interest)	Yes	Yes		Yes	Yes				DataGate, ETL, IOT App, API
Special Widget								Yes	ETL, special, IOT App, API
Synoptics MyKPI (groups)			(Yes)		(Yes)	(Yes)		Yes	Special, API
Special Tools	(Yes)		(Yes)		(Yes)		(Yes)	Yes	As MyPersonalData
WFS/WMF (GIS)	Yes								From third party tools, ETL, IOT App, API





# Legenda: How to ingest/change/manage

- Dashboard: by creating a Dashboard that can act/change the values with actuators (2nd Day Slides)
- API: you can use the Smart City API to change / provide the values (see 3rd Day Slides)
- IOT App: by developing an IOT Application on Node-RED exploiting Snap4City MicroServices (4<sup>th</sup> Day Slide, and in part in these slides)
- DataGate: you can use the DataGate tool to ingest the Static data (mainly Open), and publish them
- ETL: by developing an ETL process, and put it in execution via DISCES
- **IOT Directory**: you can use the IOT Directory tool to change the parameters, and set up the ingestion process, via IOT Brokers, IOT Devices, IOT Edge.
- **Special**: by using a special tool for developing a process, or for creating SVG Synoptics
- **UserInterf**: there is a number of Tools with Graphic User Interface that you can use to change the values, see in the menu on the left.
- Web Scraper: by creating a Web Scraping process and exploiting the results into an IOT Application
- As MyPersonalData: they are substantialy MyPersonalData
- From third party tools: they can be manipulated by using third party tools





### Data Sets, and Open Data

- Data Sets as files coming from Open Data or private data can be loaded into Snap4City by using:
  - DataGate tool and its automated process of ingestion, and they have to be compliant with a specific tabular format. The automated process is capable to ingest the data and store them into the HBASE Storage
  - An ETL process specifically developed to feed the ingested data into the storage. Which can be: HBASE or Elastic Search
  - An IOT Application specifically developed to feed the ingested data into the storage. Which can be: HBASE or Elastic Search







#### **IOT Applications**

- Created on browser
- A huge number of Protocols https://www.snap4city.org/65
- Scheduled internally and managed as Container
- Less diffused approach
- Large number of Snap4City MicroServices, well documented
- PUSH and PULL models
- Simple mechanism to add new **Features**
- Very diffused in IOT
- Static and Dynamic data models depending on IOT Broker capabilities

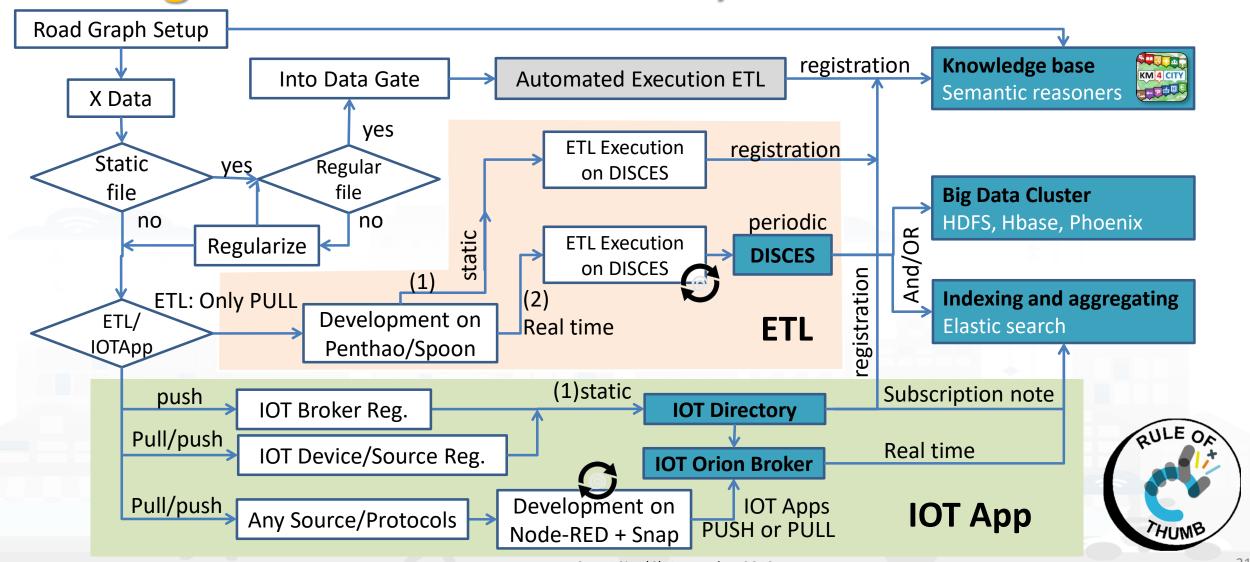
#### ETL processes

- Created with Spoon editor on VM (on premise or via remote access to VM)
- A Large number of protocols https://www.snap4city.org/65
- Scheduled by DISCES in the back office
- Well known data warehouse model
- Well documented for the process
- Only PUSH models
- Complex mechanism to add a new functionality
- Very diffused in Data transformation
- Static and Dynamic data models well linked ..





# Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules













#### **Checking data ingestion results**



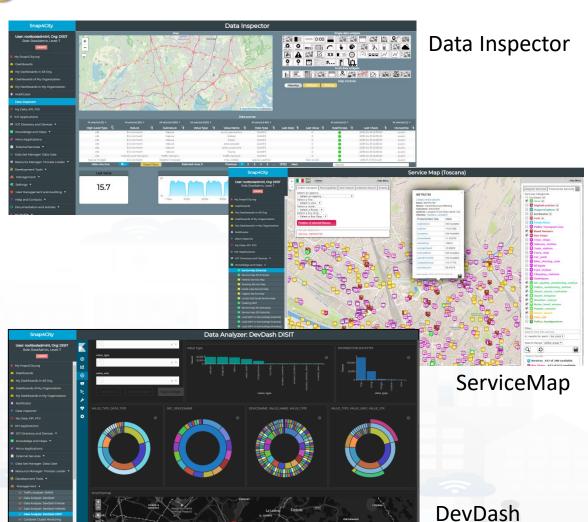
- Data Inspector
- ServiceMap, ASCAPI

**Big Data Cluster** HDFS, Hbase, Phoenix

- **Data Inspector**
- ServiceMap, ASCAPI
- Hbase/Phoenix/Zeppelin

**Indexing and aggregating** Elastic search

- **Data Inspector**
- ServiceMap, ASCAPI
- DevDash (Kibana)
- **Elastic Search**









### A comment on the Flow Diagram

- The above flow diagram does not cover all cases, since it covers mainly
  - Static and dynamic data ingestion and integration
  - File ingestion provided form Open Data
  - Data ingestion from Data Bases, WS, IOT networks, FTP, IOT protocols, API, ...
  - etc.
- GIS Data can be ingested via ETL, IOT App, WFS API, WMS API
- Social media can be ingested via ETL, IOT App, etc.
- Etc.









TOP

# Data Inspector vs Data Processes Details

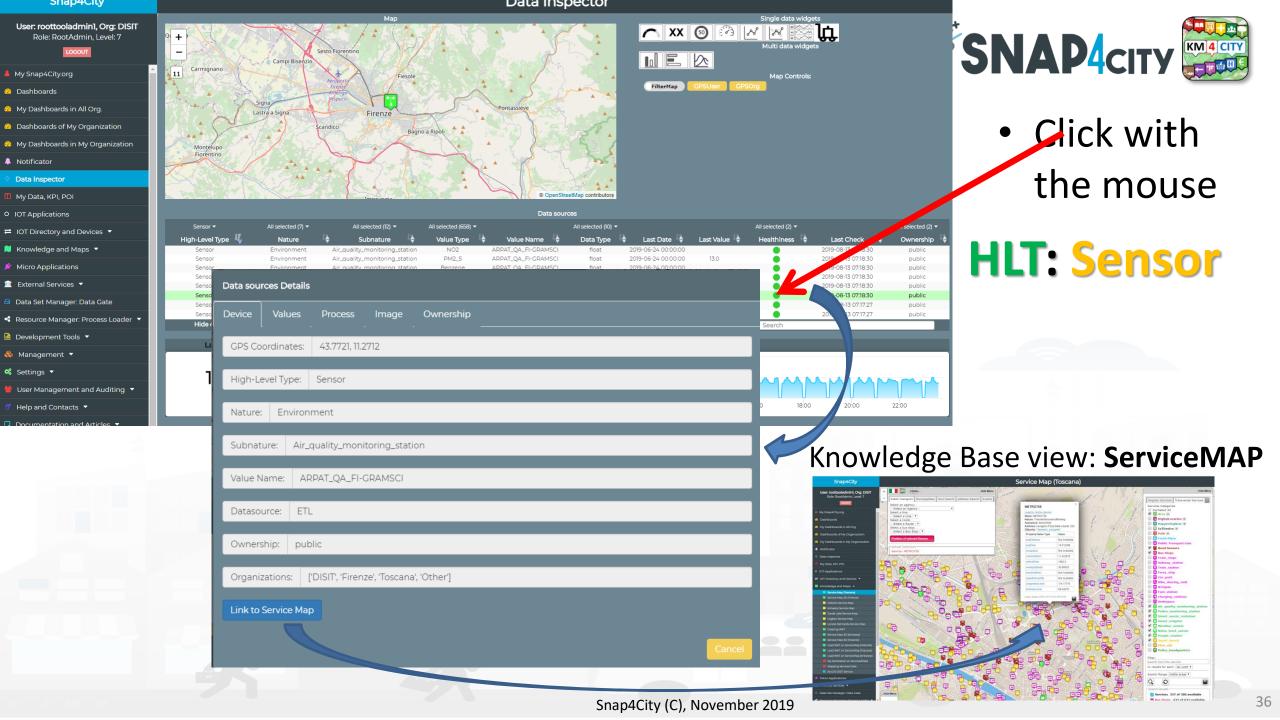






### **Advanced Features of the Data Inspector**

- The data inspector has a number of feature accessible only for RootAdmin, such as:
  - Views on Detailed information on the basis of the High Level Type
  - Values connected to the data (structure of the single data)
  - Details regarding the ingestion process
  - Eventual image representing the City Entity, for example the sensor
  - Ownership (licensing) details regarding the data owner
- So that you can access on the Snap4City version if you install on premise.
- A part of these features can be activate for the Organization Managers: «ToolAdmin» roles.



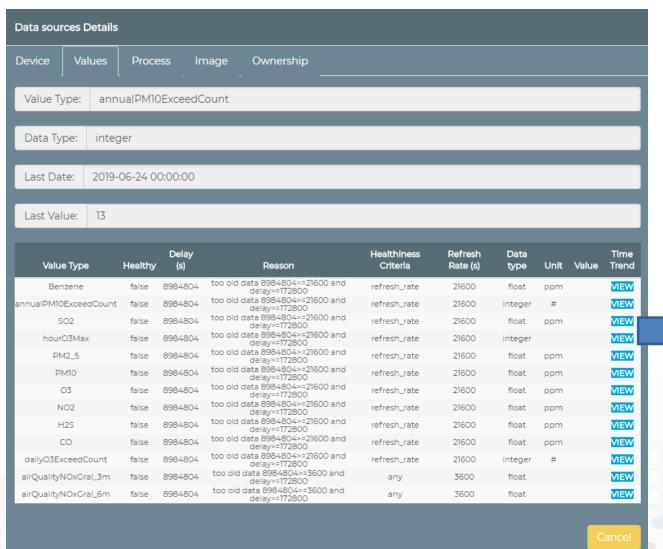




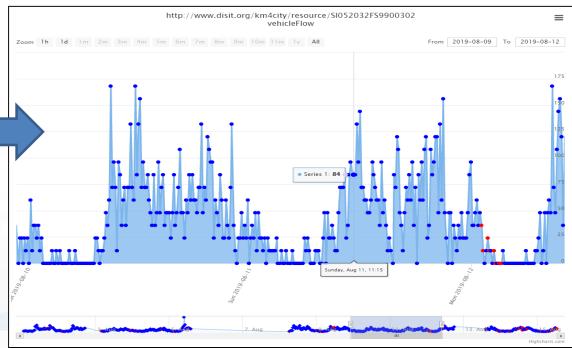








- Specific values of selected
- Infomation of the values of the other sensors on the same device
- Trends and marking of problems







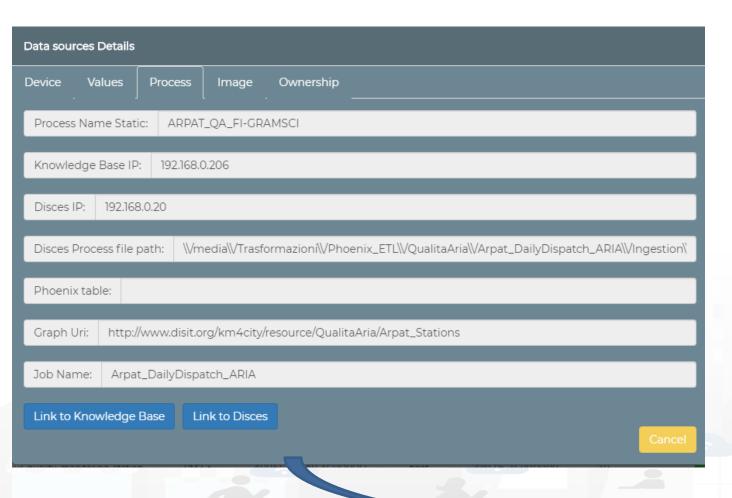








## **Details regarding the Ingestion process**



- For ETL processes
- Scheduling details and status: **DISCES**

#### DISCES Process Scheduler view

Jobs Triggers New .	(lob) New Job (dormant)	New Trigger Start Scheo	duler Standby Scheduler	Shutdown Scheduler	Force Shutdown Scheduler	Pause Triggers Resum	ne Triggers Nodes Status	Nodes Log Clu	ster Back Home R	Push
1 2 3 4 5 6	7 8 9 10 11 12	13 14 15 16 17	18 19 20 21 22	23 24 25 26 2	7 28 29 30 31 3	32 33 34 35 36	37 38 39 40 41	42 43 44 45 46	47 48 49 50 51	next > >>
SCHEDULER NAME	ID ‡	DATE	JOB NAME	JOB GROUP	STATUS	PROGRESS	TRIGGER NAME	TRIGGER GROUP	PREV FIRE TIME	NEXT FIRE TIME
# ∰ ► H ■ ■ W	9448	2019-10-26 23:58:00	TheThingsNetwork_A ntwerp_KPI	TheThingsNet_PaxCo unter	RUNNING		TheThingsNetwork_A ntwerp_KPI_trigger	TheThingsNet_PaxCo unter_trigger	2019-10-26 23:58:00	2019-10-27 00:03:0
% ≅ ► H ■ ■ W / SCE	9447	2019-10-26 23:58:00	Pronto_Soccorso_Pist oia_Phoenix	Pronto_Soccorso_Ph oenix	RUNNING		Pronto_Soccorso_Pist oia_Phoenix_trigger	Pronto_Soccorso_Ph oenix_trigger	2019-10-26 23:58:00	2019-10-27 00:13:0
# ∰ ► H ■ ■ ■ / SCE	9446	2019-10-26 23:58:04	Pronto_Soccorso_Car eggi	Pronto_Soccorso	FAILED		Pronto_Soccorso_Car eggi_trigger	Pronto_Soccorso_trig ger	2019-10-26 23:58:00	2019-10-27 00:13:0
X ⊕ ► H ■ ■ / SCE	9445	2019-10-26 23:58:00	CarPark_FirenzeParc heggi_Phoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	RUNNING		CarPark_FirenzeParc heggi_Phoenix_trigge r	CarPark_Phoenix_trig	2019-10-26 23:58:00	2019-10-27 00:13:0
# ≅ ► H ■ ■ ■ / SCE	9444	2019-10-26 23:58:00	AVM_delay_Firenze_ ATAF	AVM_tuscany	RUNNING		AVM_delay_Firenze_ ATAF_trigger	AVM_tuscany_trigger	2019-10-26 23:58:00	2019-10-27 00:03:0
# ≅ ► H ■ ■ W / SCE	9443	2019-10-26 23:58:00	sensori_FIRENZE_I	sensori_FIRENZE	RUNNING		sensori_FIRENZE_tri g_l	Sensori_trig	2019-10-26 23:57:59	2019-10-27 00:02:5
# ∰ ► H ■ ■ W / SCE	9442	2019-10-26 23:58:03	Previ_meteo_Poppi_x ml_T	Previ_meteo_Poppi_x ml	SUCCESS	100%	MT_bhco9jib9ddj1	DEFAULT	2019-10-26 23:57:29	1970-01-01 01:00:0
# ∰ ► H ■ ■ W / SCE	9441	2019-10-26 23:58:00	Previ_meteo_Badia_T edalda_xml_I	Previ_meteo_Badia_T edalda_xml	RUNNING		Previ_meteo_Badia_T edalda_xml_trig_I	Previsioni_trig	2019-10-26 23:57:05	2019-10-27 04:57:0
# ∰ ► H ■ ■ W / SCE	9440	2019-10-26 23:57:14	CarPark_MIIC_160_P hoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	SUCCESS	100%	CarPark_MIIC_160_P hoenix_trigger	CarPark_Phoenix_trig ger	2019-10-26 23:57:00	2019-10-27 00:17:0
# 8 ➤ II ■ ■ II / SCE	9439	2019-10-26 23:57:05	sensori_PRATO_I	sensori_PRATO	SUCCESS	100%	sensori_PRATO_trig_I	Sensori_trig	2019-10-26 23:56:59	2019-10-27 00:01:5
# ≅ ►    ■ ■    / SCE	9438	2019-10-26 23:57:29	Previ_meteo_Poppi_x ml_l	Previ_meteo_Poppi_x ml	SUCCESS	100%	Previ_meteo_Poppi_x ml_trig_I	Previsioni_trig	2019-10-26 23 56 42	2019-10-27 04:56:4
X ≅ ► H ■ ■ H	9437	2019-10-26 23:57:46	TheThingsNet_PaxCo unter_FI_KPI	TheThingsNet_PaxCo unter	FAILED		TheThingsNet_PaxCo unter_FI_KPI_trigger		2019-10-26 23:56:00	2019-10-27 00:01:0
# ≅ ► H ■ ■ ■ / SCE	9436	2019-10-26 23:56:12	Pronto_Soccorso_US L10 Phoenix	Pronto_Soccorso oenix	CCESS	100%	Pronto_Soccorso_US L10 Phoenix triager	Pronto_Soccorso_Ph oenix trigger	2019-10-26 23:56:00	2019-10-27 00:11:0





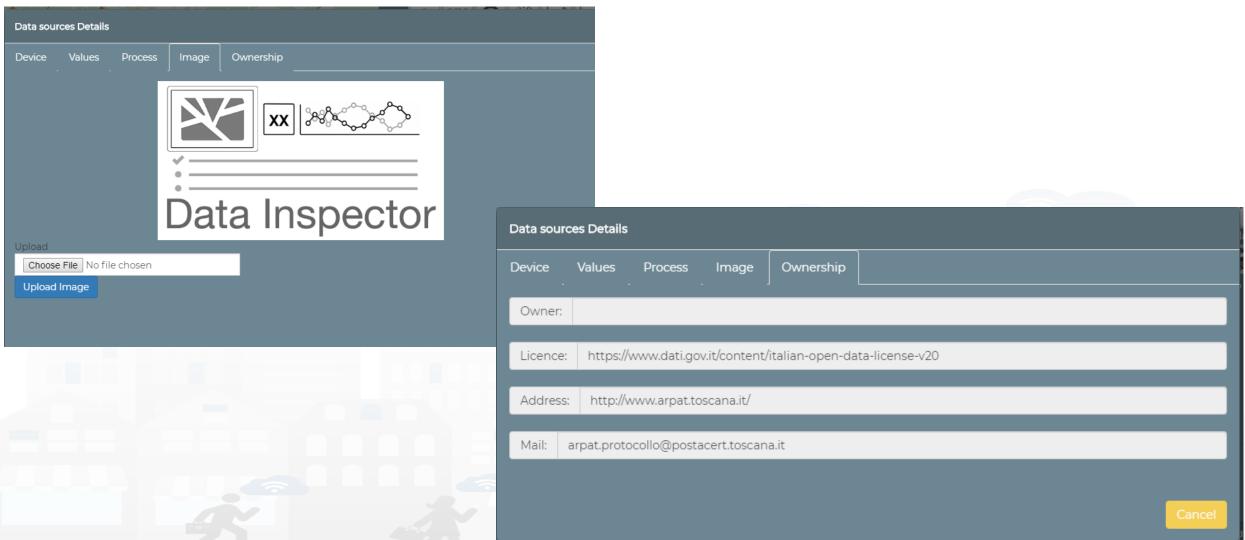








## Image of the Devices and Licensing

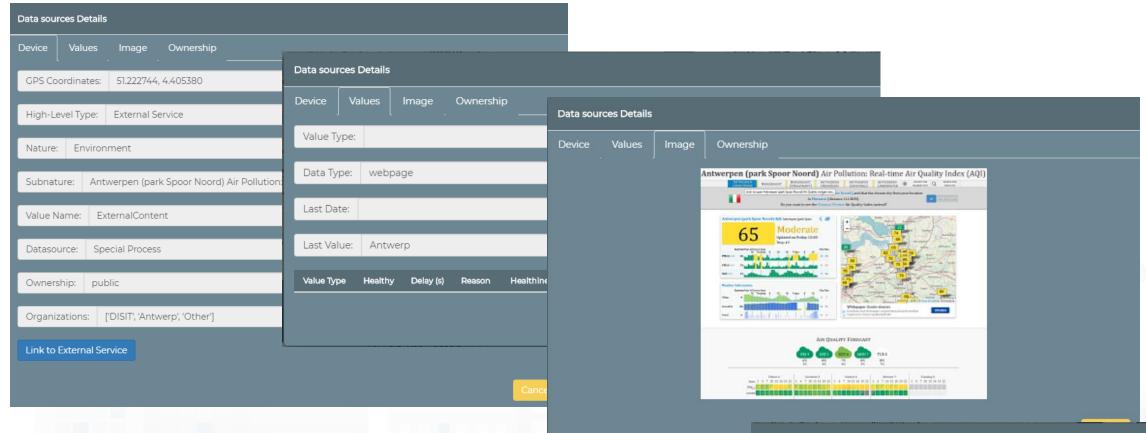












The fields shown may be present or not depending on the HLT and on the information received

Data sources Details									
		Image	Ownership						
Owner:			,						
				Cancel					

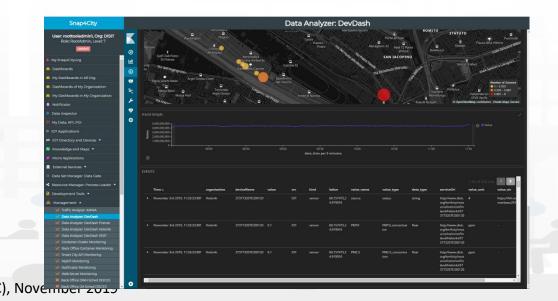


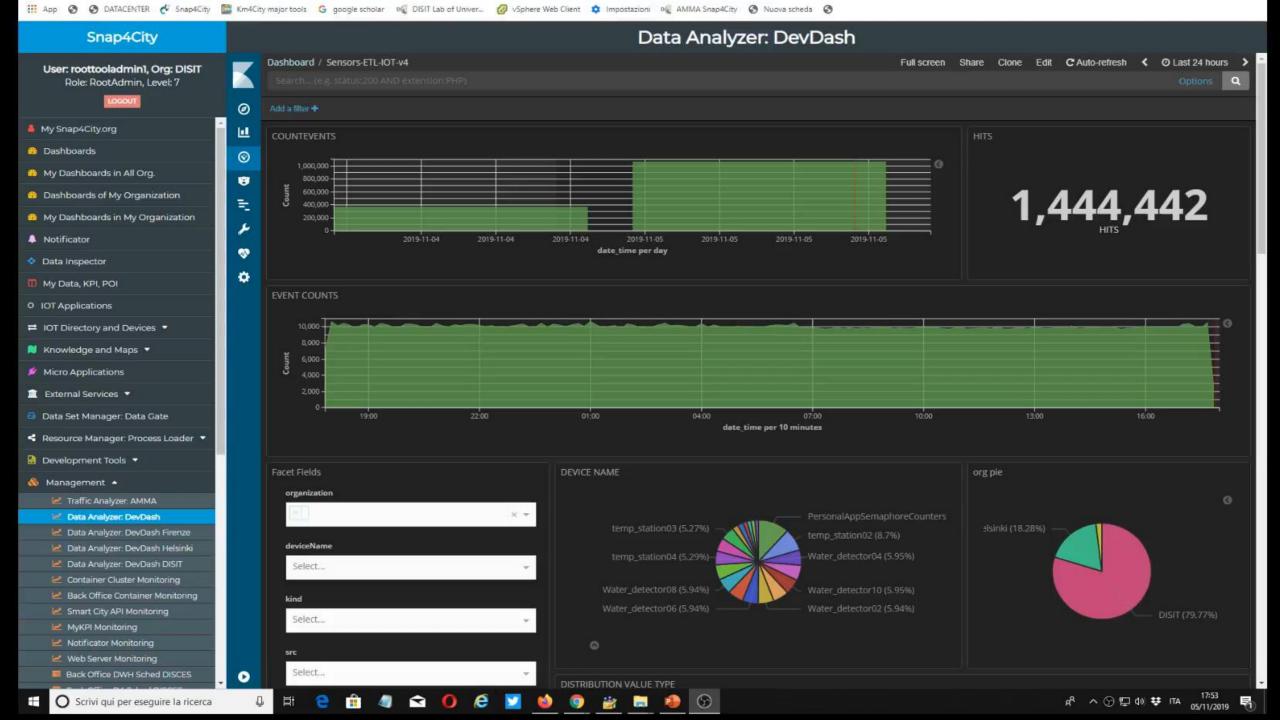




## **Operator Business Analysis** Dashboards: DevDash, AMMA

- Dynamic Filtering, Adaptable, ...
- Full data details, drill down,...
- Synergic with **Data Inspector** which addresses data relationships, processing and information





#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**





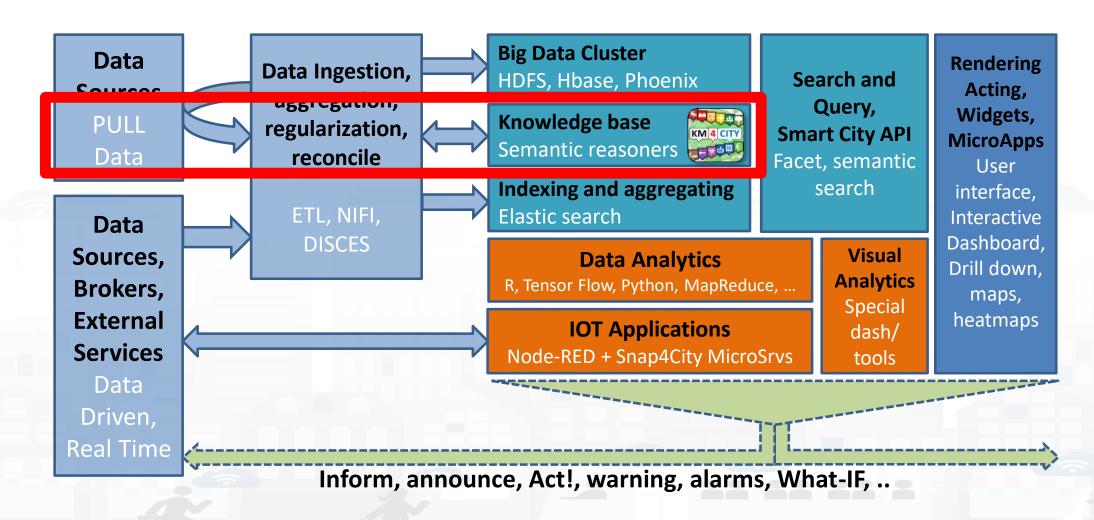








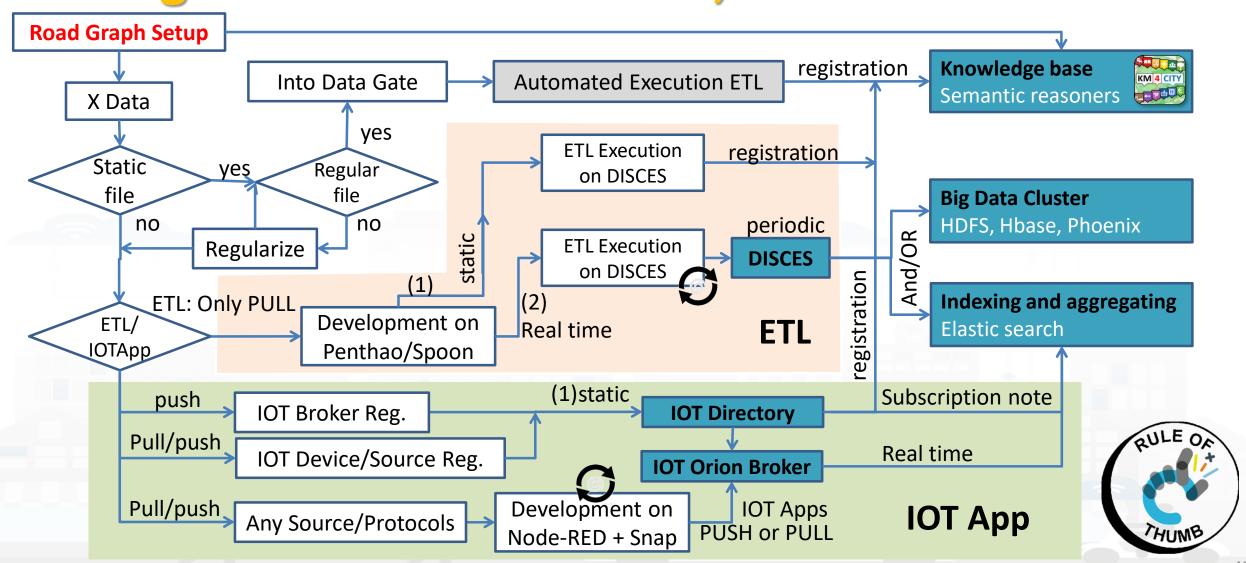
## **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**







## Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules



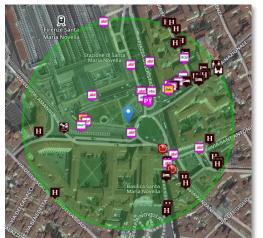




### **Discovery**



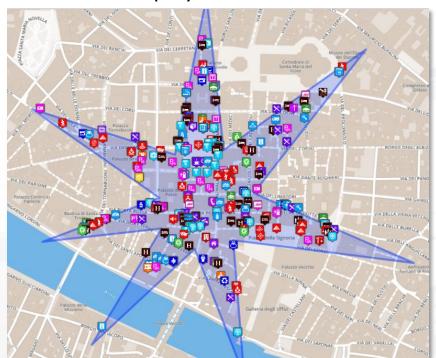
Around a point or POI



## **Search by Shape and Distance**

Each request or search in the Km4City model can be referred to a point and a ray, to an area, to a polyline

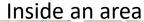
Inside a closed polyline

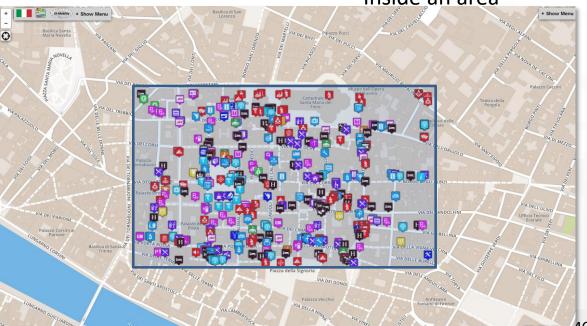




Along a polyline









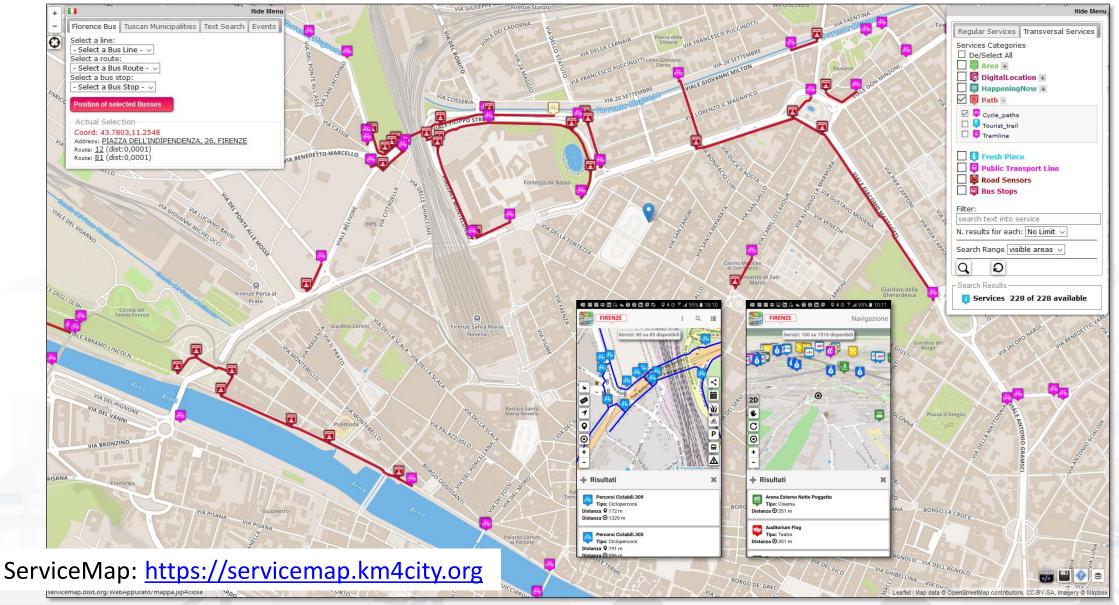
## DINFO DIPARTIMENTO DI INGEGNERIA DELL'INFORMAZIONE



## **Cycling Paths**





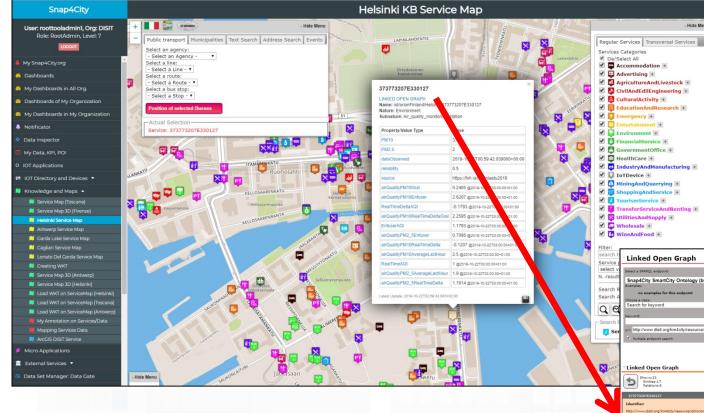






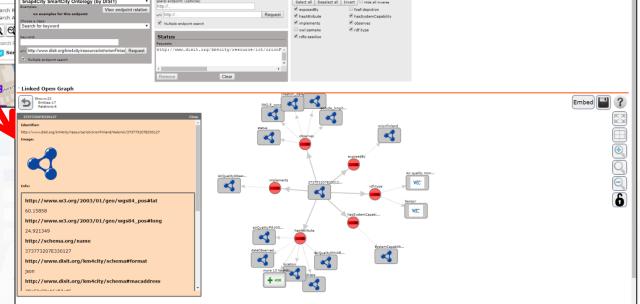






Views of the Knowledge Base

 How pass from ServiceMap to Linked Open Graph, Linket Data view tool



Global Endpoint Map



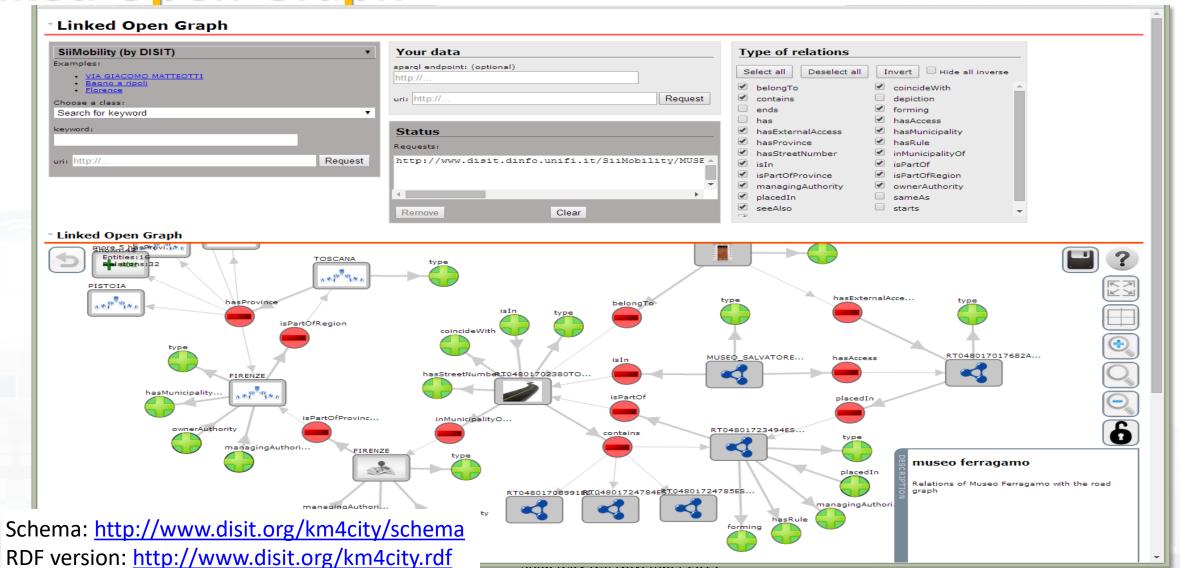




## Linked Open Data



## Linked Open Graph LOG: https://log.disit.org



## **Km4City: Knowledge Base**





**Big Data Tools** 

LOD and

reasoners

#### Multiple DOMAINS

- Geospatial reasoning
- Temporal reasoning
- Metadata
- Statistics
- Risk and Resilience
- Licensing
- Open and Private Data
- Static and Real time
- IOT/IOE

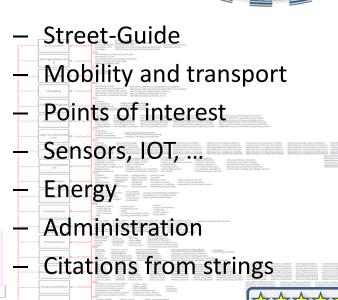
#### **Ontology Documentation:**

http://www.disit.org/6506

http://www.disit.org/6507

http://www.disit.org/5606

http://www.disit.org/6461







RDF version: <a href="http://www.disit.org/km4city.rdf">http://www.disit.org/km4city.rdf</a>







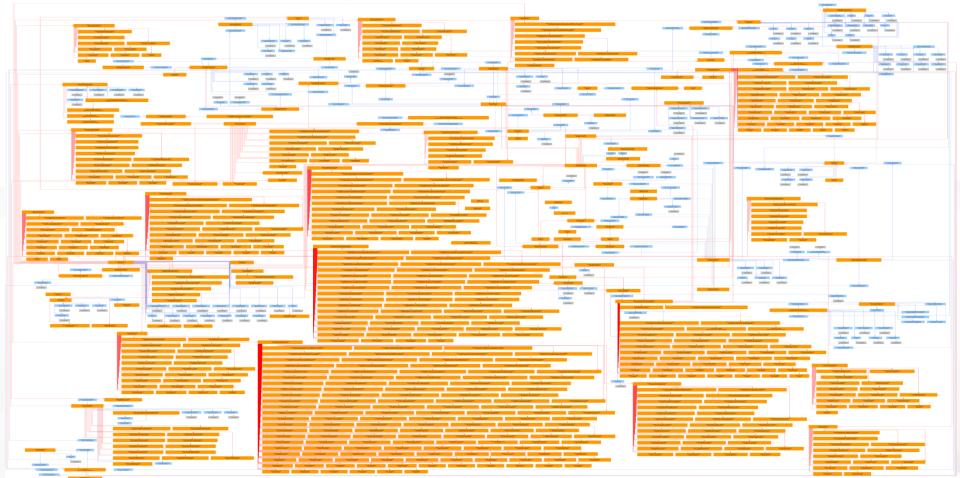








# DINFO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB WINDER TIME TO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB SMART-CITY Ontology km4city



https://www.snap4city.org/19







## Set up of the Knowledge Base, KB

- The KB starts empty, it has to be initialized with the Road Graph(s) of interest.
- Road Graphs can be obtained from:
  - GIS of the municipalities, regional govern, etc.
  - Open Street Map, OSM
  - Etc.
  - See this note on KM vs OSM: <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/397">https://www.snap4city.org/397</a>
- Snap4City provides a tool for feeding the KB with OSM
  - TC5.10- Open Street Map ingestion process
  - OSM2KM4C tool is included into KBSM, VM and Docker https://www.snap4city.org/471
  - Tool: https://github.com/disit/osm2km4c
- The load of city of 1 Million of inhabitants can be done in few hours.





Federated ServiceMap and Smart City API

To improve scalability, fault tolerance and federation among cities:

One entry point Smart City API for all zones

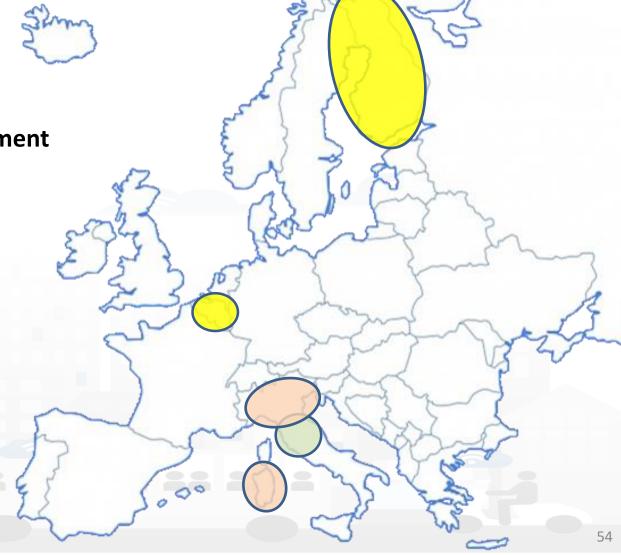
Multiple Knowledge base See performance assessment

#### At different levels:

- Among cities/regions
- Among data providers, Operators

#### By Means of:

- Smart City API → Apps
- Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics
- Organization independent









Viareggio

Empoli





## **Km4City Federation**

### At different levels:

- –Among cities/regions
- Among data providers
- Among Operators

## By Means of:

- -Smart City API → Apps
- -Km4City Smart City Ontology
- Dashboards/data analytics













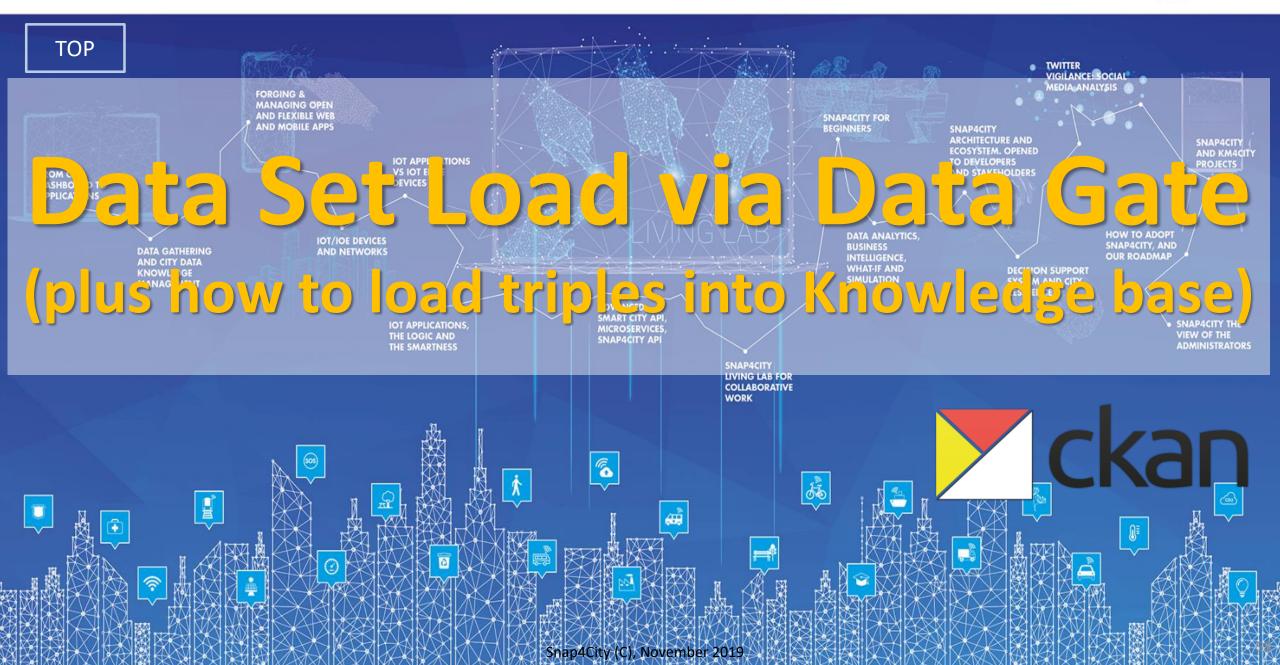
#### • Km4City is the reference ontology for Snap4City, It allows to:

- keep connected city entities each other:
  - Semantic Index, reticular
  - Perform spatial, geo graphic, and temporal reasoning
- Discover city entities and their relationships,
  - IOT devices, IOT sensors, city elements, etc.
- Provide access via Advanced Smart City API
- Federate other Km4City Knowledge Bases, the approach allows to scale geographically and create redundancies, improving performances
- Documentation
  - TC5.15 Snap4City Smart City API Collection and overview, real time
  - ServiceMap and ServiceMap3D, Knowledge Model, Km4City Ontology
  - **Knowledge Base Graphs and Queries: browsing and queries into the KB**



#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**







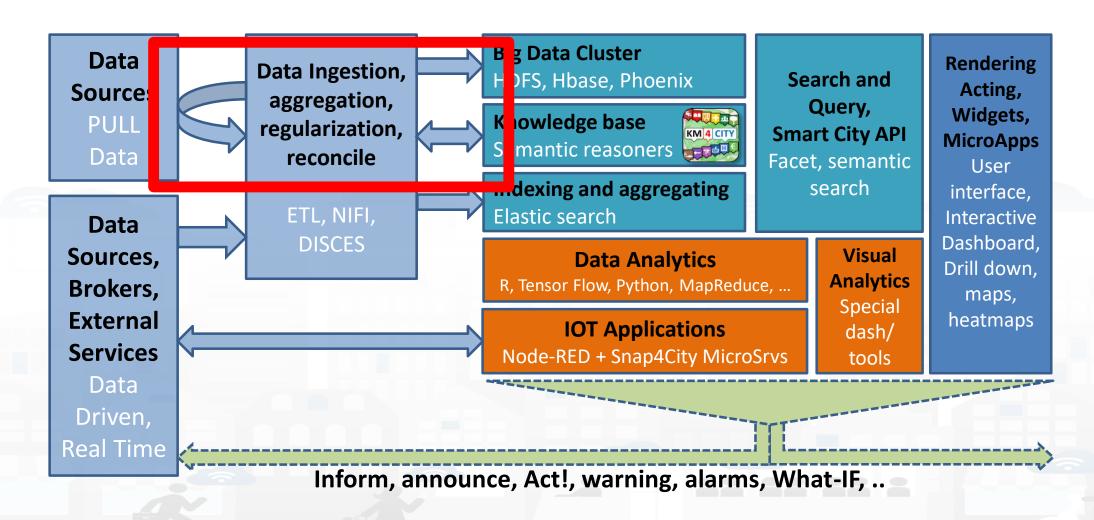








## **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**





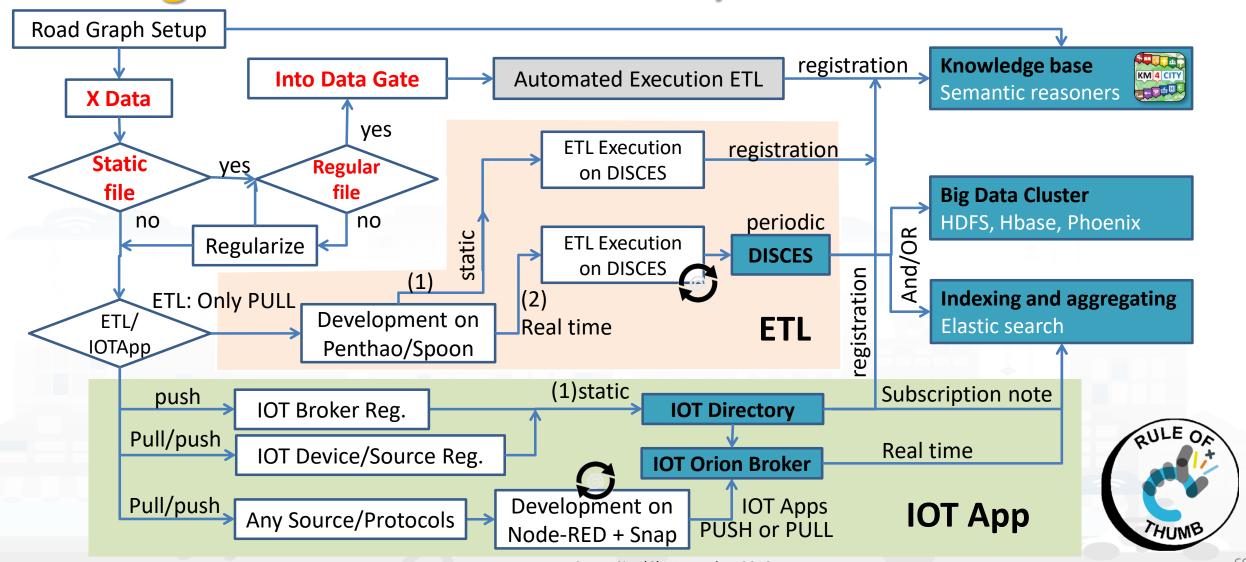








## Degli studi firenze Distributed systems and internet Technologies Lab Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules







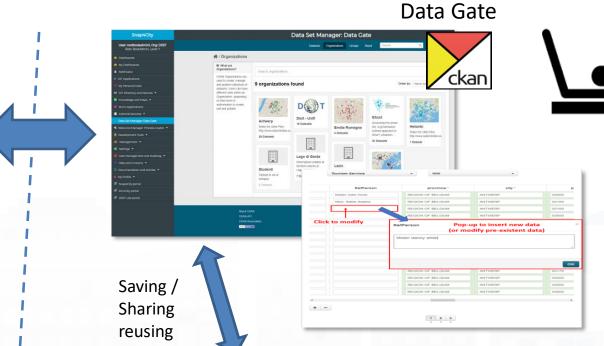




## **Data Ingestion via Data Gate**



Knowledge and Storage Data from the Field and City



Data Set: sharing, Harvesting, Loading/ Downloading

#### Data Set:

- Search
- Loading
- Download
- Share
- Publish
- Also automated

https://datagate.snap4city.org/ssologin handler

**Federated Network** 









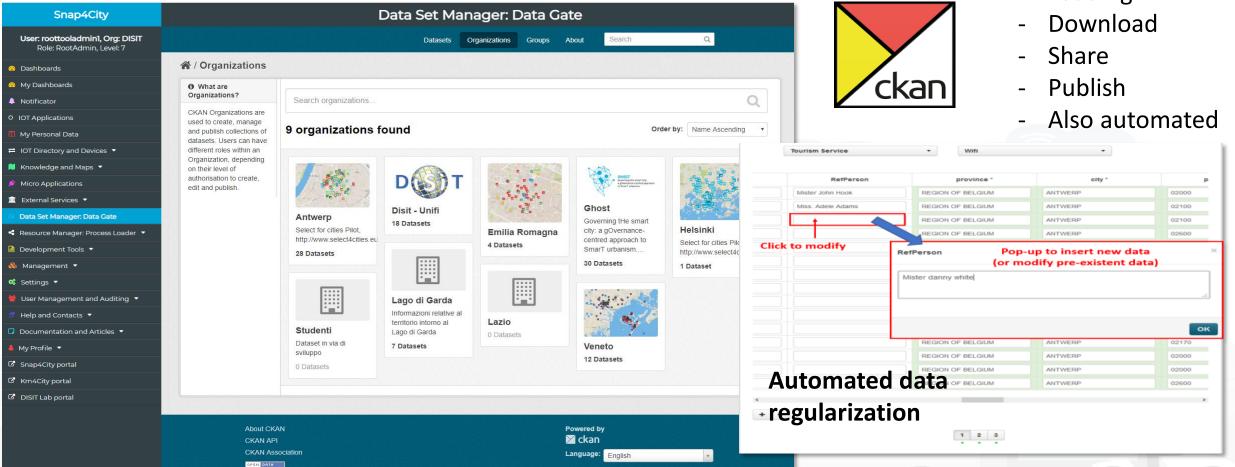


## Integrated DataGate/CKAN Static open data ingestion

**Federated Crawling Federated Distribution** 

#### Data Set:

- Search
- Loading













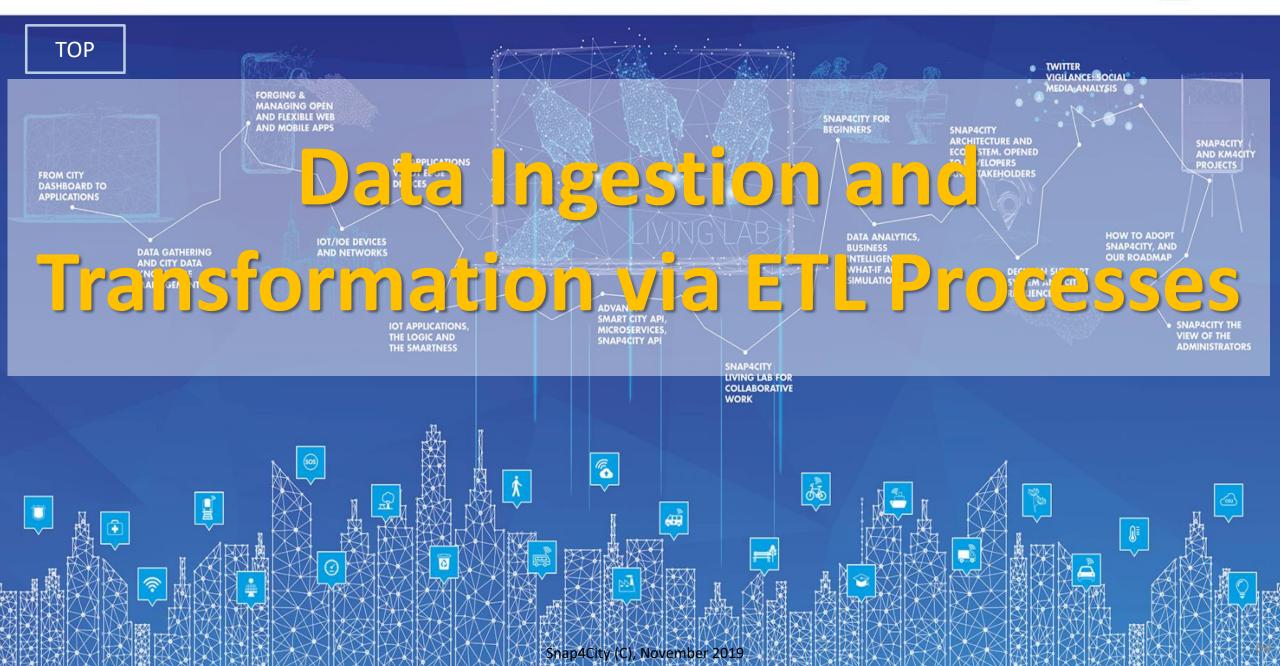
https://datagate.snap4city.org/ssologin handler

## **Further readings on Datagate**

- Data Set Manager: Data Gate / CKAN federated
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- TC6.1- Managing DataSets via DataGate: ingest, search, download, upload, annotate, share
- TC9.3- Managing data sets with IOT Applications, and exploiting DataGate
- TC6.2- Search on DataGate for Data Sets
- US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation

#### SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES







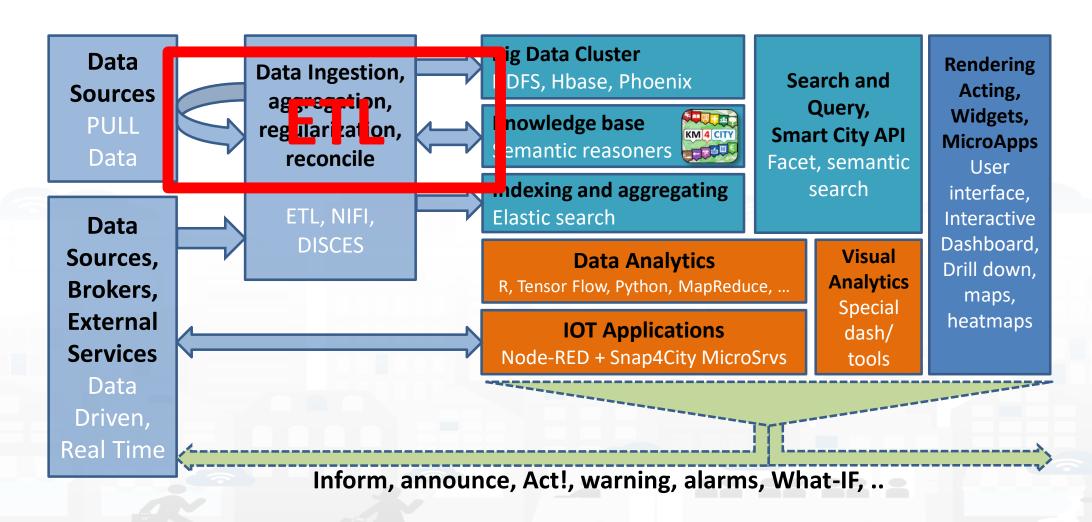








## **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**





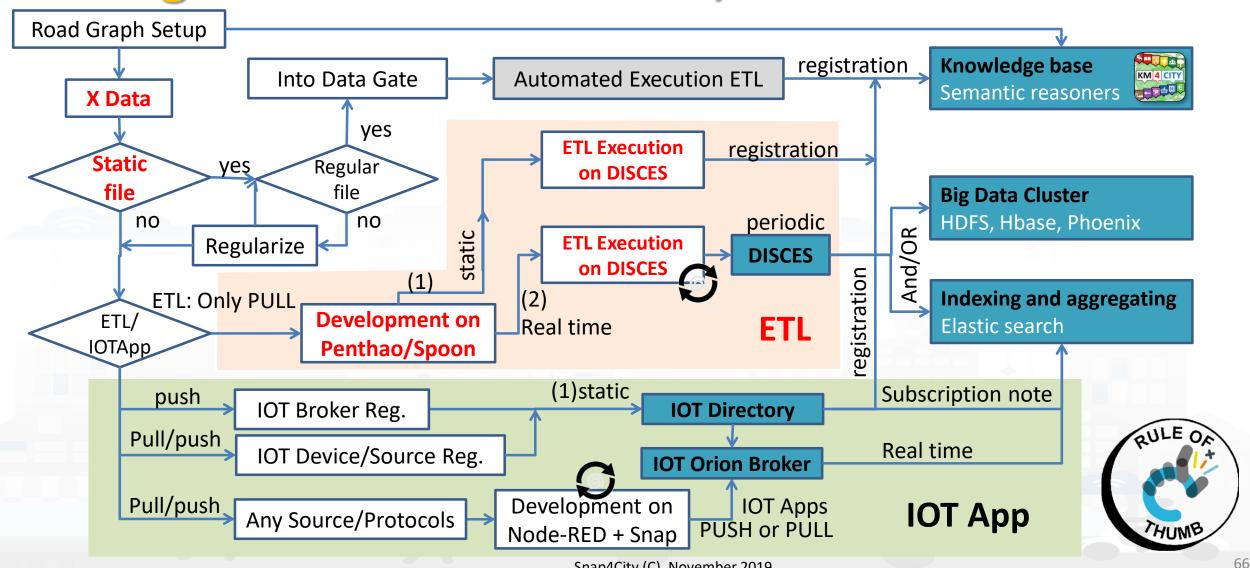








## Degli studi firenze Distributed systems and internet Technologies Lab Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules







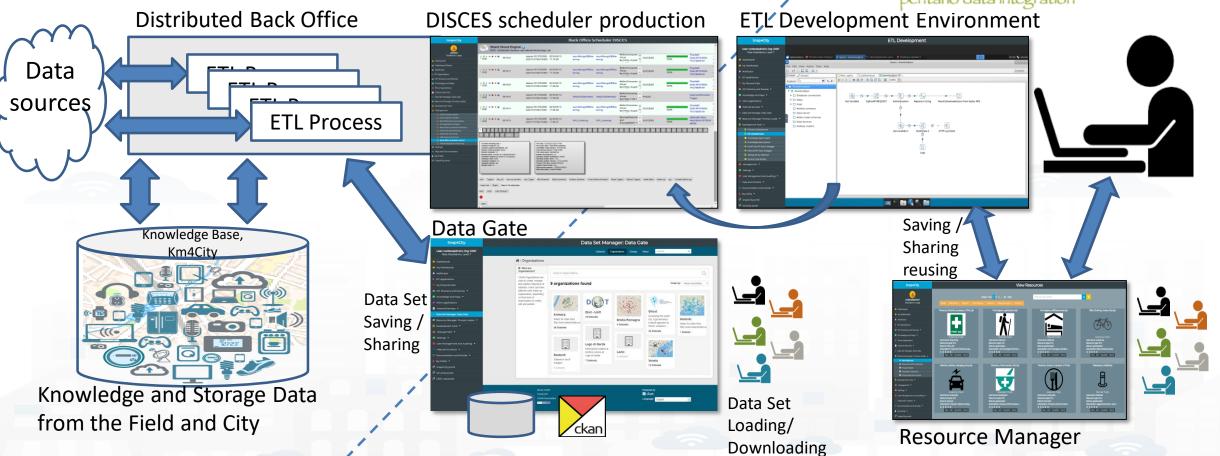






## **Developers of ETL, Data Manager**





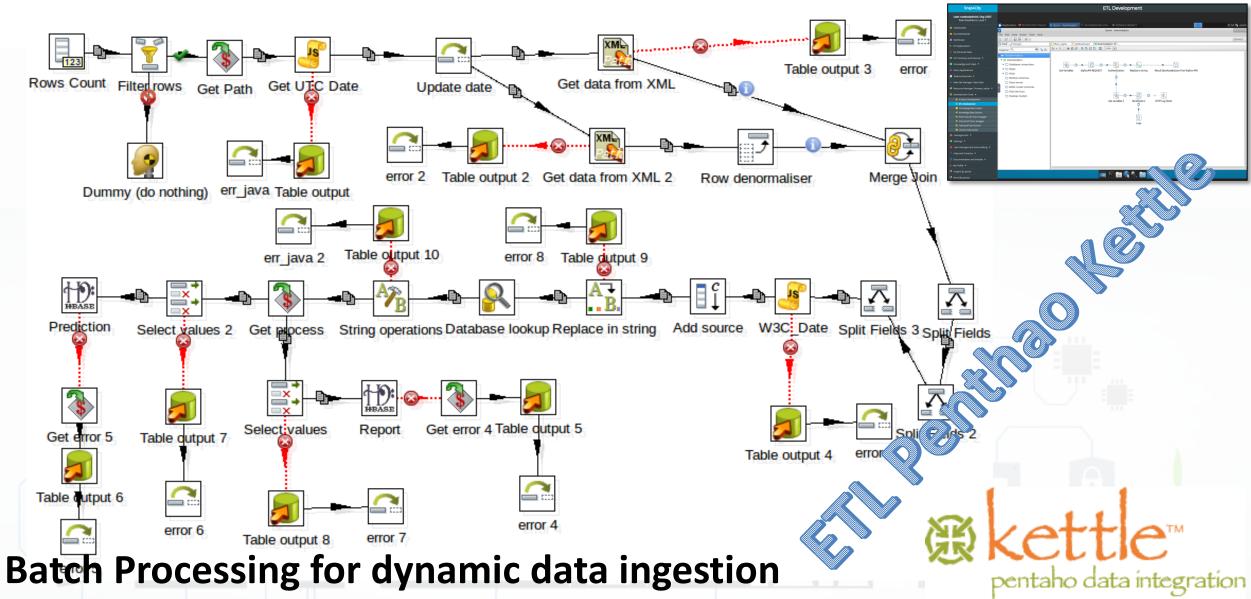
Schedule Execute

Load data or prepare for data ingestion





## Integrated ETL development



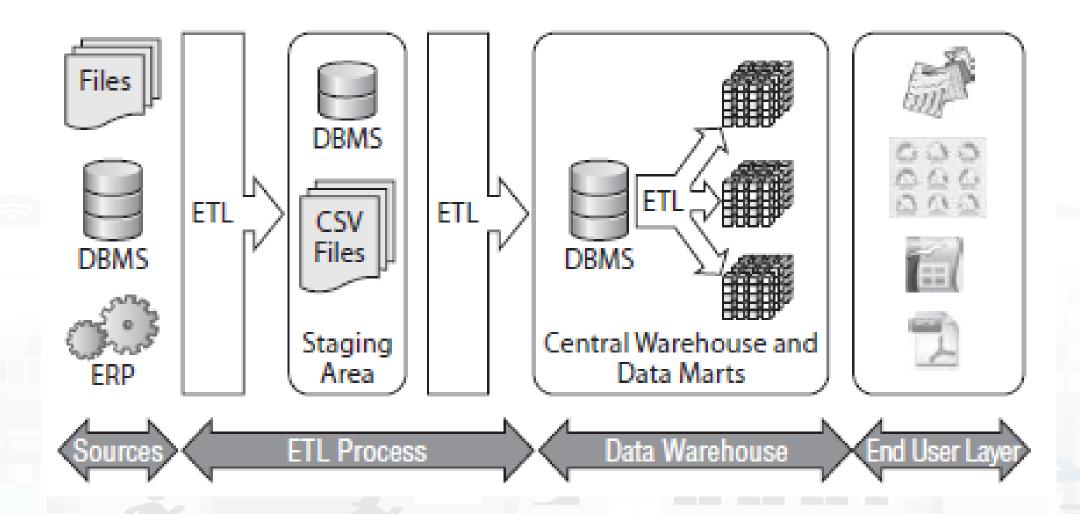














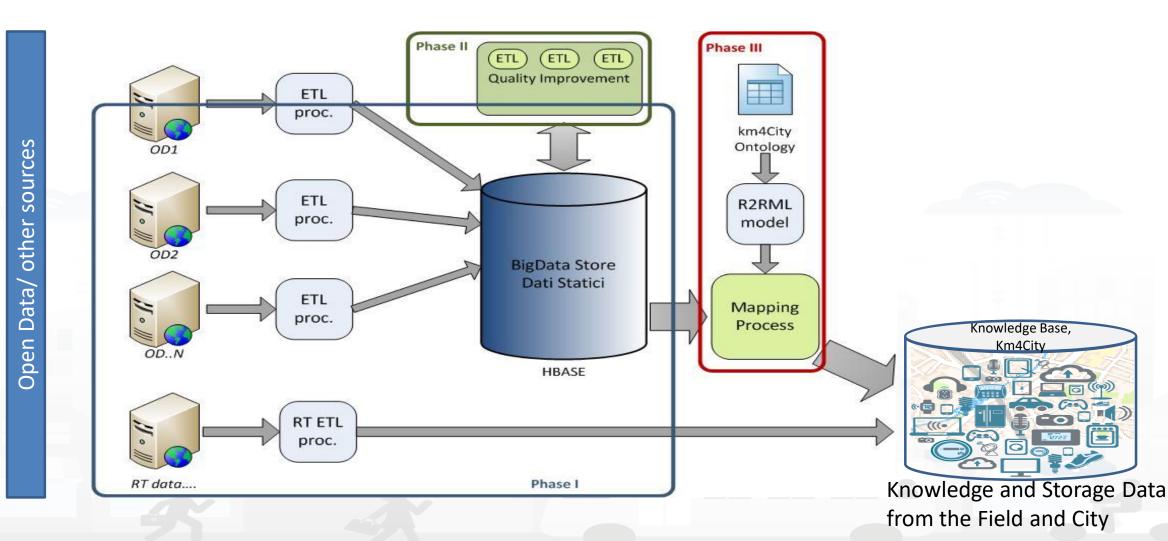








## The traditional Km4City Approach









### **ETL Processes**

#### The three phases are:

- Extracting data from outside sources (Ingestion phase).
- <u>Transforming</u> data to fit operational needs which may include improvements of quality levels (**Data Quality Improvement** phase).
- Loading data into the end target (database, operational data store, data warehouse, data mart, etc.). So the data can be translated in RDF triples using a specific ontology (Static/periodic datasets) or on NoSQL Databases (Dynamic datasets)







## **Phase I: Data Ingestion**

- Purpose is to store data in HBase (Big Data NoSQL database).
- Acquisition of wide range of OD/PD: open and private data, static, quasi static and/or dynamic real time data.
- Static and semi-static data include: points of interests, geo-referenced services, maps, accidents statistics, etc.
  - files in several formats (SHP, KML, CVS, ZIP, XML, JSON, etc.)
- Dynamic data mainly data coming from sensors
  - parking, weather conditions, pollution measures, bus position, ...
  - using Web Services
- Using Pentaho Kettle for data integration (Open Source tool)
  - using specific <u>ETL</u> Kettle transformation processes (one or more for each data source)







## **Phase II: Data Quality Improvement**

- Purpose: add more information as possible and normalize data from ingestion
- Problems kinds:
  - Inconsistencies, incompleteness, typos, lack of standards, multiple standards, ...
- Problems on:
  - Place-name code
  - Street names (e.g., dividing names from numbers, normalize when possible)
  - Dates and Time: normalizing
  - Telephone numbers: normalizing
  - Web links and emails: normalizing







## Phase III: Data mapping

- Purpose is to translate data from QI in RDF triples
- We use triples to do inference on data.
- Using Karma Data Integration tool, a mapping model from SQL to RDF on the basis of the ontology was created.
  - Data to be mapped first temporary passed from HBase to MySQL and then mapped using Karma (in batch mode)
- The mapped data in triples have to be uploaded (and indexed) to the RDF Store (Virtuoso).
- Triples are composed by a subject, a predicate and an object.







## Pentaho Data Integration (Kettle)

### Main strengths:

- Collect data from a variety of sources (extraction);
- Move and modify data (transport and transform) while cleansing, denormalizing, aggregating and enriching it in the process;
- Frequently (daily) store data (loading) in the final target destination, usually a large dimensionally modeled database (or data warehouse).

- Spoon: graphically oriented end-user tool to model the flow of data from input through transformation to output (transformation)
- Pan is a command line tool that executes transformations modeled with Spoon
- Chef: a graphically oriented end-user tool used to model jobs (transformations, FTP downloads etc. placed in a flow of control)
- Kitchen is a command line tool to execute jobs created with Chef.







## **Type of Steps in Spoon**

### Three different kinds of steps:

- Input: process some kind of 'raw' resource (file, database query or system variables) and create an output stream of records from it.
- Output: (the reverse of input steps): accept records, and store them in some external resource (file, database table, etc.).
- Transforming: process input streams and perform particular actions on them (adding new fields/new records); these actions produce one or more output streams.



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### Input

- Access Input
- CSV file input
- Mata Grid
- De-serialize from file
- Email messages input
- X ESRI Shapefile Reader
- Excel Input
- Fixed file input
- Generate random credit
- Generate random value
- **₹** Generate Rows
- Get data from XML
- Get File Names
- Get Files Rows Count
- Get SubFolder names

- Salesforce Input
- SAP Input
- Table input
- Text file input
- XXBase input
- XYaml Input

### Scripting

- Execute row SQL script
- SExecute SQL script
- & Formula
- Modified Java Script Value
- Regex Evaluation
- User Defined Java Expression

## Type of Transformations in Spoon

### Transform

- Add a checksum
- If Add constants
- Add sequence
- Add value fields changing
- Add XML
- Calculator
- Closure Generator
- **Example** plugin
- Number range
- Replace in string
- Row denormaliser
- ☐ Row flattener
- Row Normaliser
- Select values
- Split field to rows
- Split Fields
- String operations
- K Strings cut
- Unique rows
- Unique rows (HashSet)
- A Value Mapper
- XSL Transformation

### Lookup

- Call DB Procedure
- Check if a column exists
- Check if file is locked
- Check if webservice is avail
- 💹 Database join
- R Database lookup
- Bynamic SQL row
- File exists
- Fuzzy match
- HTTP client
- HTTP Post
- Stream lookup
- Table exists
- Web services lookup

### Utility

- Change file encoding
- Clone row
- Delay row
- Execute a process
- If field value is null
- 🖂 Mail
- Metadata structure of stre
- Null if...
- Process files
- Run SSH commands
- Send message to Syslog
- Write to log
- Snap4City (C), November 2019

- Output
  - Access Output
  - Delete
  - Excel Output
  - Insert / Update
  - Json output
  - LDAP Output
  - Palo Cells Output
  - 🔊 Palo Dimension Output
  - Properties Output
  - RSS Output
  - Salesforce Delete
  - Salesforce Insert
  - 🔁 Salesforce Update
  - **3** Salesforce Upsert
  - 📠 Serialize to file
  - SQL File Output
  - Synchronize after merge
  - Table output
  - Text file output
  - C Update
  - XML Output



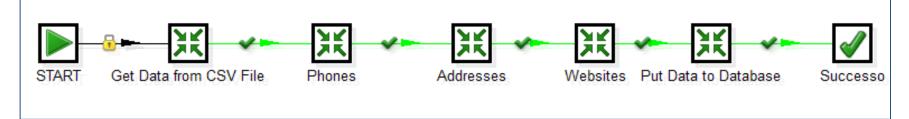


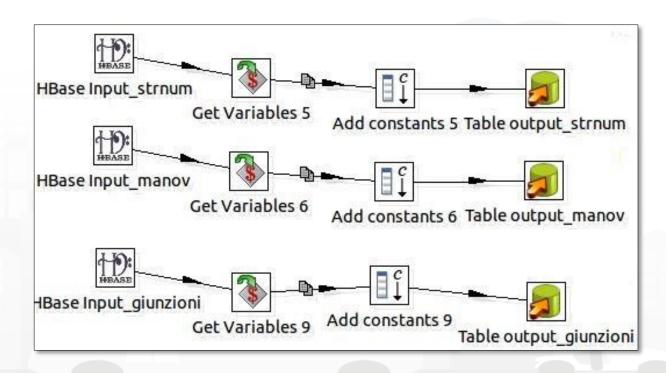






## Sequential vs parallel







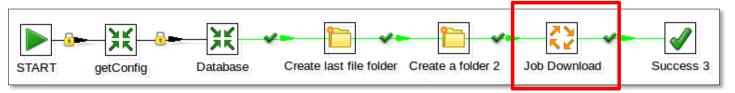


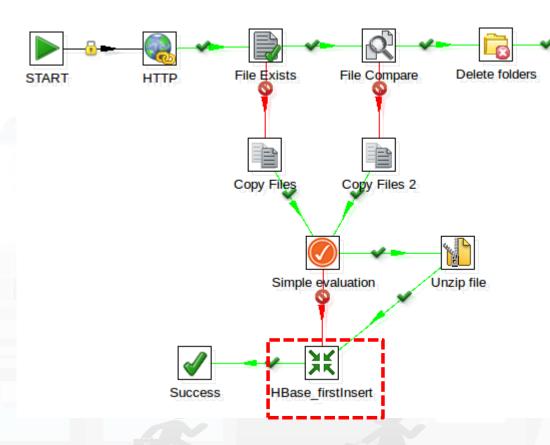




### **Job Download**

Success (2)





- 'HTTP' step downloads the dataset defined in *PARAM* (URL) field.
- If a file with the same name already exists, we compare them.
  - If they are the same, we delete the folders created before.
  - Otherwise we unzip the file and 'HBase\_firstInsert' is called.





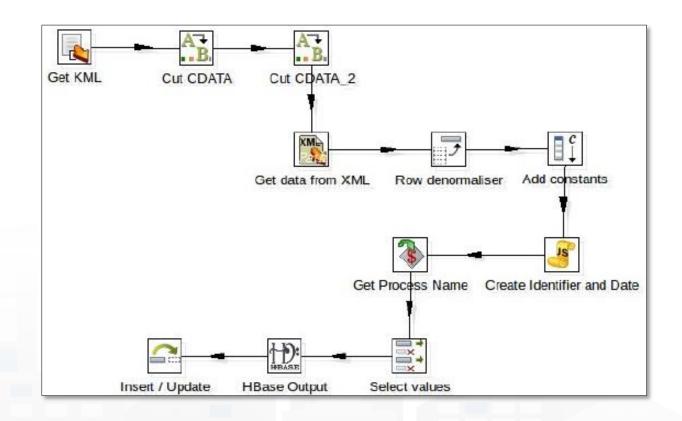






## HBase\_firstInsert

- 'Get KML' loads the file just downloaded.
- 'Get data from XML' and 'Row denormaliser' extract fields from source file.
- In the JS step, we create an identifier (it will be use as key in HBase).
- 'HBase Output' saves the information in a HBase table.
- 'Insert/Update' updates the last ingestion date in MySQL table process\_manager2.





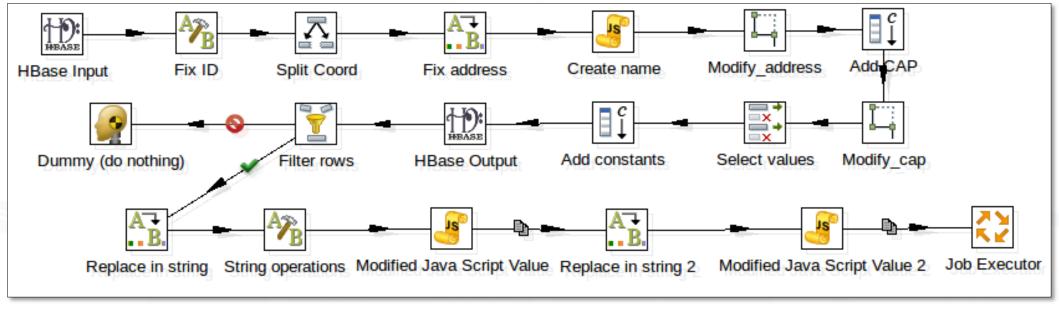








### **Quality Improvement**

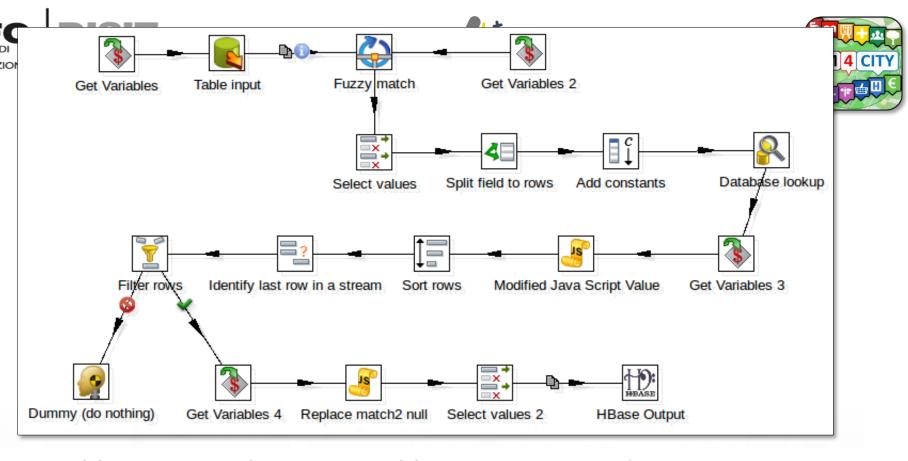


- 'HBase Input' gets back data saved at the ingestion end.
- 'Fix address' is used to correct typing error (e.g. Giovambattista instead of Giovanbattista) or to simplify search of right toponym code.
- 'Modify\_\*' transformations normalize address, CAP, website, e-mail, phone number, ...
- 'Add constants' adds two fields (address\_syn, codice\_toponimo) which we will use in the next job.
- 'HBase Output' saves in a new HBase table the quality improvement result.
- For the rows which have an un-empty *streetAddress*, the steps below extract a word from *streetAddress* which we will use to find the right toponym code.

  Snap4City (C), November 2019







- To get toponym codes we use *tbl\_toponimo\_bis* MySQL table. It contains road names, toponym codes, town codes, .... Each road has his center coordinates (lat, long).
- 'Table input' does the query on that table using the word created before.
- 'Fuzzy match' calculates similarity (from 0.2 up to 1) between the query result and the address acquired during ingestion phase.
- Following steps calculate distance from ingestion coordinates and query ones and select the closest.
- 'HBase Output' fills address\_syn and codice\_toponimo in QI HBase table.



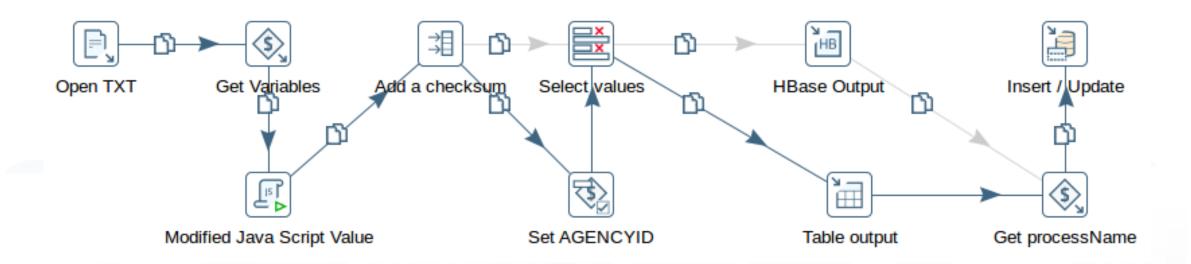








### **QI Problems**



- The method used for toponym code extraction sometimes produces wrong results.
- Given a word, might be impossible to determine right toponym code (e.g., query using 'Brunelleschi' returns 'Via dei Brunelleschi', 'Piazza Brunelleschi').
- Summarize roads with their centers and calculate distances could not return right results (if the point of interest is far from his road center, it could be closer to another road center).

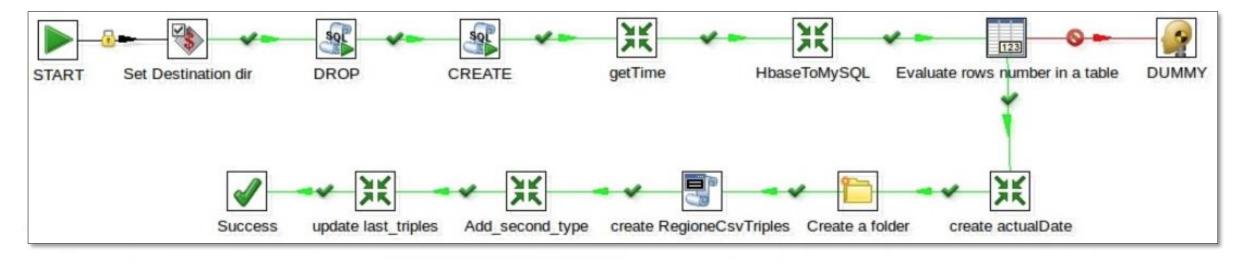












- Since we use Karma to generate models, we have to move data from HBase to MySQL.
- 'DROP' and 'CREATE' respectively deletes MySQL table if already exists and creates a new one.
- 'getTime' returns last triple generation timestamp for a specific process (using MySQL process\_manager2 table).
- 'HBaseToMySQL' moves data from HBase to MySQL only if timestamp just calculated is older than the date of last ingestion (it prevents to generate triples based on the same data).
- 'create RegioneCSVTriples' calls Karma script to generate triples based on the model.
- 'update last\_triples' updates last triple generation timestamp in process\_manager2.







## **Scheduling Real Time Ingestions**

• For **Real Time data** (car parks, road sensors, etc.), the ingestion and triple generation processes should be performed periodically (no for **static data**).

- A scheduler is used to manage the periodic execution of ingestion and triple generation processes;
  - this tool throws the processes with a predefined interval determined in phase of configuration.









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		Cloud Engine () tributed Systems and I											
SCHEDULI	ER NAME	ID ↓	FIRE INSTANCE ID	DATE	JOB NAME	JOB GROUP	JOB DATA	STATUS	PROGRESS	TRIGGER NAME	TRIGGER GROUP	PREV FIRE TIME	NEXT FIRE
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Ø → II / SCE	=	183651	hadoopnodet0415265 553660711526555366 283	2018-05-17 19:50:02	Sensori_MeteoSIR_P hoenix	Sensori_Phoenix	#processParameter s= { [{"processPath":"//	FAILED		Sensori_MeteoSIR_P hoenix_trigger	Sensori_Phoenix	2018-05-17 19:50:00	2018-05-17
፠ ≅ ► Ⅱ ∮ SCE	=	183650	hadoopnodet0715265 676204441526567620 530	2018-05-17 19:50:32	CarPark_MIIC_160_P hoenix	CarPark_Phoenix	#processParameter s= [{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	CarPark_MIIC_160_P hoenix_trigger	CarPark_Phoenix_trig ger	2018-05-17 19:50:00	2018-05-17
SCE ► II	8	183649	hadoopnodet04c1526 555081135152655508 1132	2018-05-17 19:49:19	Bike_Siena_Phoenix	Bike_Phoenix	#processParameter s= { [{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	Bike_Siena_Phoenix_ trigger	Bike_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
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SCE ► II		183647	hadoopnodet0715265 676204441526567620 528	2018-05-17 19:49:36	Bike_Pisa_Phoenix	Bike_Phoenix	#processParameter s= { [{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	Bike_Pisa_Phoenix_tr igger	Bike_Phoenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:49:00	2018-05-17
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SCE ► II	=	183644	hadoopnodet0415265 553660711526555366 280	2018-05-17 19:49:38	charging_stations_FI_ phoenix	charging_stations_ph oenix	#processParameter s= [{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	charging_stations_FI_ phoenix_trigger	charging_stations_ph oenix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:47:00	2018-05-17
SCE ► II		183643	hadoopnodet0715265 676204441526567620 526	2018-05-17 19:48:10	weather_sensor_Sant aMarta_Fl_phoenix	weather_sensor_phoe nix	#processParameter s= { [{"processPath":"/h	SUCCESS	100%	weather_sensor_Sant aMarta_FI_phoenix_tri gger	weather_sensor_phoe nix_trigger	2018-05-17 19:46:00	2018-05-17
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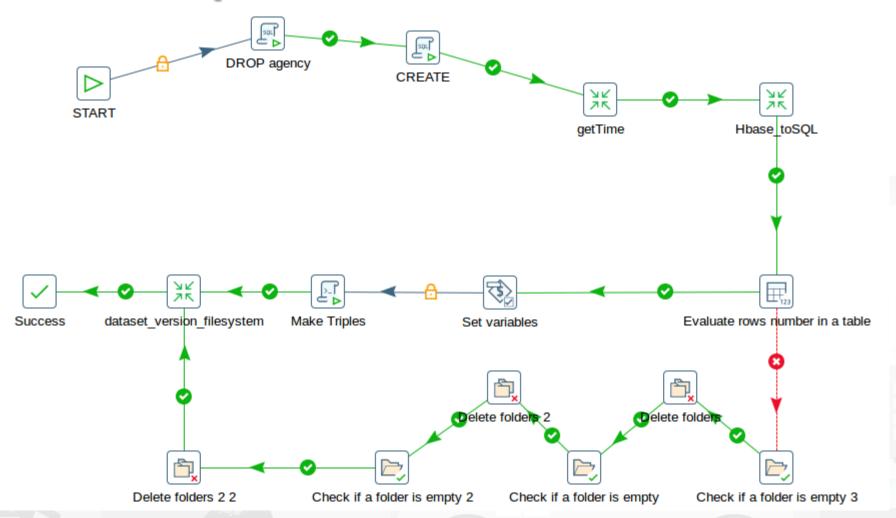








## **Triplification Overview**









## **Triplification Overview**

java -cp target/karma-offline-0.0.1-SNAPSHOT-shaded.jar edu.isi.karma.rdf.OfflineRdfGenerator

- --sourcetype DB
- --modelfilepath "\${MODELPATH}/\${processName}\_agency.ttl"
- --outputfile \${TRIPLESDESTDIRECT}/agency.n3
- --dbtype MySQL
- --hostname \${IPADDRESSMASTER}
- --username \${USERNAMEMYSQL}
- --password \${PSWMYSQL}
- --portnumber \${PORTMYSQL}
- --dbname \${DATABASEMYSQL}
- --tablename \${processName}\_agency



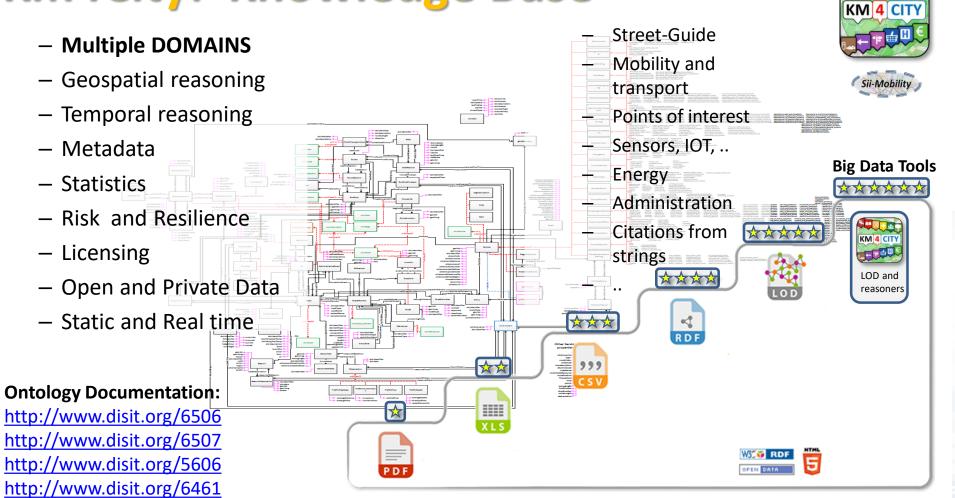








## **Km4City: Knowledge Base**





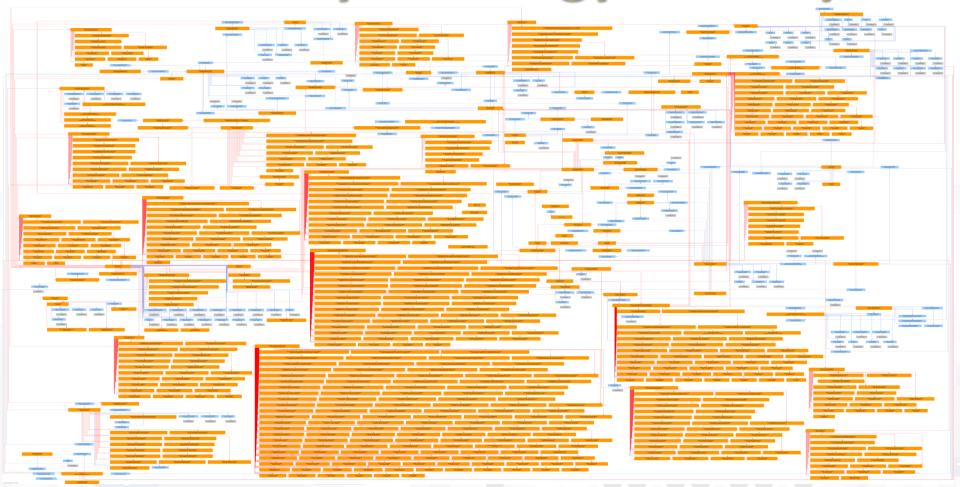








# DINFO DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAB Smart-city Ontology km4city Smart-city Ontology km4city













### Karma

## An introductory guide for generating RDF triples from relational data in minutes

Karma (<a href="http://usc-isi-i2.github.io/karma/">http://usc-isi-i2.github.io/karma/</a>) is a data integration tool developed at the Center of Knowledge Graphs of the Information Science Institute at the University of Southern California. Here at DISIT, we exploit Karma for triplifying relational data.



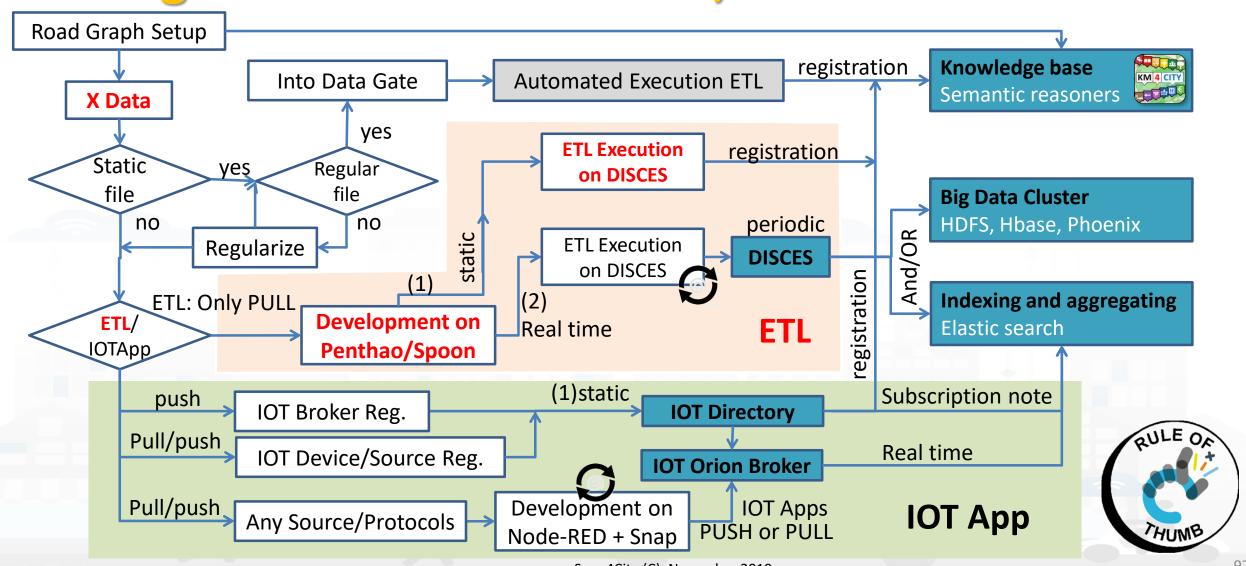








# Degli studi firenze Distributed systems and internet Technologies Lab Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules







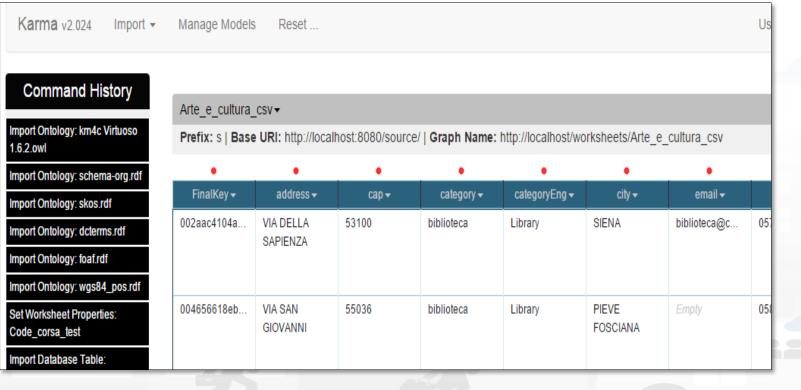








- Karma is a mapping model based on ontology (km4city) from MySQL tables to RDF.
- Triples are uploaded to **Virtuoso**, an RDF Store.
- It can import MySQL tables but no HBase ones.



Here are the steps to have your triples in your pocket in minutes:

- 1. Get one of the ready-to-use **DISIT VMs**
- 2. Launch the Karma server
- 3. Build your own model:
  - 1. Load vocabularies
  - 2. Load relational tables
  - 3. (Optional) Load R2RML models
  - 4. Define mappings
- 4. Export your model
- 5. Launch the command-line tool
- 6. Enjoy!







### Karma





### **Get one of the ready-to-use DISIT VMs**

The DISIT Lab makes available through its Drupal portal a set of ready-to-use virtual machines specifically oriented to data integration. Here is how you can get one of them:

- 1. Connect to <a href="http://www.disit.org/drupal/?q=node/6690">http://www.disit.org/drupal/?q=node/6690</a> and scroll down to the section "MACCHINA VIRTUALE, VMSDETL, GIA' PRONTA"
- 2. Get the "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix" at <a href="http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8.rar">http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8</a> on Phoenix per Virtualbox" at <a href="http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar">http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar</a>, unless you have a good reason for picking a different one
- 3. Wait for the download to complete, and extract the archive
- 4. Launch the VM player of your choice
- 5. Open the VM
- 6. Run it
- 7. <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/ETL">https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/ETL</a> and Console of the Virtual Machine User Manual.pdf
- 8. <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4city-VM-Quick guide.pdf">https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4city-VM-Quick guide.pdf</a>











### Karma

### Launch the Karma server

Do the following to run the Karma server:

- 1. Open a shell
- 2. Move to ~/programs/Web-Karma-master/karma-web
- 3. Run mvn -Djetty.port=9999 jetty:run
- 4. Wait while the Jetty server comes up
- 5. Connect to localhost:9999 where you will find the Web application for building your model











## Karma Build the model

For that Karma could produce the RDF triples for you, it is required that you instruct it about how relational data should be mapped to semantic data. Documents that describe such a mapping are called R2RML models. Models are built operating a dedicated Karma Web application, and they are exported as ttl files.

### Steps:

- 1. Load Vocabularies
- 2. Load Relational Tables
- 3. Load R2RML Models
- 4. Define Mappings







### Karma





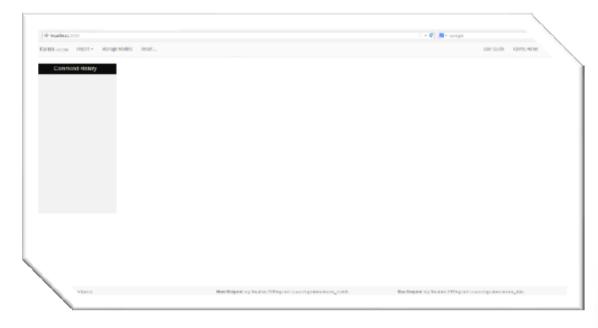
### **Load Vocabularies**

Have you connected to <a href="http://localhost:9999">http://localhost:9999</a>? Are you displaying something similar to this?

Right, you are ready to load your vocabularies.

Identify classes and properties that you wish to appear in RDF triples that will be the result of the whole process. Identify vocabularies where such classes and properties are defined. Load them.

Below here is how you load a vocabulary:



- 1. Hit Import, at the top left corner of the Web page
- 2. Hit From File
- 3. Select the vocabulary file (it can be an OWL, RDF/XML, or TTL file)
- 4. Leave OWL Ontology selected, and hit Next
- 5. Indicate the correct file encoding if the proposed one is not, and hit Import











### **Load Relational Tables**

Identify tables in your RDB where source data can be found. Load them in your model.

### Below here is how you load a table:

- 1. Hit Import, at the top left corner of the Web page
- 2. Hit Database Table. The Import Database Table dialog should open.
- 3. Fill in the form with authentication data and RDB name, and hit OK
- 4. A table listing should appear below the form
- 5. Put the mouse pointer over the table of your interest
- 6. Buttons Import and Preview should appear at the right of the table name. Hit Import.
- 7. Confirmation message "Table imported in the workspace!" should appear. Hit OK.
- 8. Repeat steps 5 8 for each table where source data are found
- 9. Hit Close at the bottom right corner of the Import Database Table dialog to dismiss it









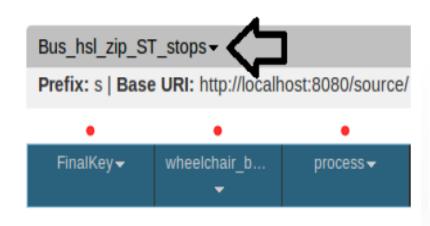


## Karma Load R2RML Models

If you already have built and exported a model in the past, and you now just need to make a modification over it, you can start loading and applying your existing model, instead of rebuilding it from scratch.

Below here is how you apply an existing model:

- 1. Identify the table to which the model has to be applied, and hit the triangle that is displayed next to the table name
- 2. Select Apply R2RML Model, and then From File
- 3. Select the ttl file that contains your model, and hit Open
- 4. Done. Classes and links should appear in the workspace.













### **Define Mappings**

Below here is how you specify that a column of an RDB table maps to a data property of a semantic class, and how to specify that a column contains an identifier that can be used for building the URIs of instances of the semantic class:

- 1. Below RDB table name, identify the blue box that contains the column name written in white
- 2. Hit the white triangle that you can see next to the column name
- 3. Hit Set Semantic Type
- 4. Pick the checkbox at left of property of Class
- 5. Hit the Edit button at right of property of Class
- 6. Select the semantic class from the All Classes list. Use the Class textbox for filtering.
- 7. Select the property from the All Properties list. Use the Property textbox for filtering.
- 8. If the column is a key, pick the Mark as key for the class checkbox
- 9. You can map the column to a typed literal, filling the textbox below the label Literal type
- 10. When you are done, hit Save. Repeat the procedure for each of the columns to be mapped.







### Karma





### **Define Mappings**

Below here is how you specify instead that a foreign key of a table in a relational database corresponds to an object property of a semantic class. Scenario: a relational table stops, that corresponds to a semantic class Stop, has a column agency\_id where the unique identifier of the agency that manages the stop can be found. Each value in agency\_id corresponds to one and only one value in a column, let's say *id*, that can be found in the relational table agencies. Table agencies corresponds to the semantic class Agency. We wish resources of class Stop to be linked each to the appropriate resource of class Agency, through the property gtfs:agency. For such a purpose, we will do the following:

- 1. Load relational table stops to workspace
- Map data properties, linking columns in table stops, to the class Stop, through appropriate properties, as outlined above
- Identify the grey box with rounded angles that has the name of the class Stop written within. It should locate in the workspace. Identify the black triangle that should locate near the right margin of the box. Click it.
- 4. Select Add Outgoing Link. A popup window should open.
- 5. Type gtfs:agency in the box labelled Property, and gtfs:Agency in the box labelled To Class
- 6. Click Save in the bottom right corner of the popup window to dismiss it.
- 7. A new grey box, related to class Agency, will appear in the workspace, linked to the grey box related to class Stop through a link labelled agency for brevity
- 8. Map column agency\_id as a data property of class Agency, also specifying that it is a unique identifier, as described in the above paragraph
- 9. Repeat for all foreign keys to be mapped, then go to next step (Export your model).











# Karma Export Model

Once you have defined all needed mappings, you have to export your model to a ttl file, so that you can provide it as a parameter to the command-line Karma tool that performs the triplification. Here is how you can export your model:

- 1. Identify the RDB table whose model you wish to export
- 2. Hit the black triangle at the right of the table name
- 3. Select Publish, and then Model
- 4. A popup should appear at the top right corner of the window, saying "R2RML Model published"
- 5. Hit Manage Models, in the menu bar at the top of the page
- 6. A listing should appear of all models that you have exported in the current session
- 7. Identify the row corresponding to the last model exported, based on the File Name (the name of the RDB table) and the Publish Time.
- 8. Cut the URL that you can find in the rightmost column of the prospect, and open it in a new tab
- 9. Save As... the page that you have opened at step 8.
- 10. Done. The file that you have saved at step 9 is your ready-to-use R2RML model.













### Launch the command-line tool

Once you have exported your R2RML model as a ttl file, you are ready to perform the triplification:

- 1. Open a shell
- 2. Move to /home/ubuntu/programs/Web-Karma-master/karma-offline
- 3. Launch the following as a single line command, customizing parameter values in bold: mvn exec:java
  - -Dexec.mainClass="edu.isi.karma.rdf.OfflineRdfGenerator"
  - -Dexec.args=" --sourcetype DB --modelfilepath /path/to/model.ttl
  - --outputfile /path/to/output triples file.n3 --dbtype MySQL
  - -hostname mysql\_srv\_hostname\_or\_ip\_address --username mysql\_user
  - --password mysql\_pwd --portnumber 3306 --dbname mysql\_dbname
  - --tablename mysql\_table\_name -Dexec.classpathScope=compile







### **ETL SDK Virtual machine**

- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/ETL and Console of the Virtual Machine - User Manual.pdf
- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4city VM Quick guide.pdf
- videos: <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/139">https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/139</a>
- example on Github: <a href="https://github.com/disit/smart-city-etl">https://github.com/disit/smart-city-etl</a>
- https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/Snap4City-ETL-VM.rar
- "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix" at <a href="http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8.rar">http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8.rar</a>, or the "Versione del 2017/2018 0.8 con Phoenix per Virtualbox" at <a href="http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar">http://www.disit.org/vmsdetl/VMSDETL-2017-v0-8-ovf.rar</a>, unless you have a good reason for picking a different one









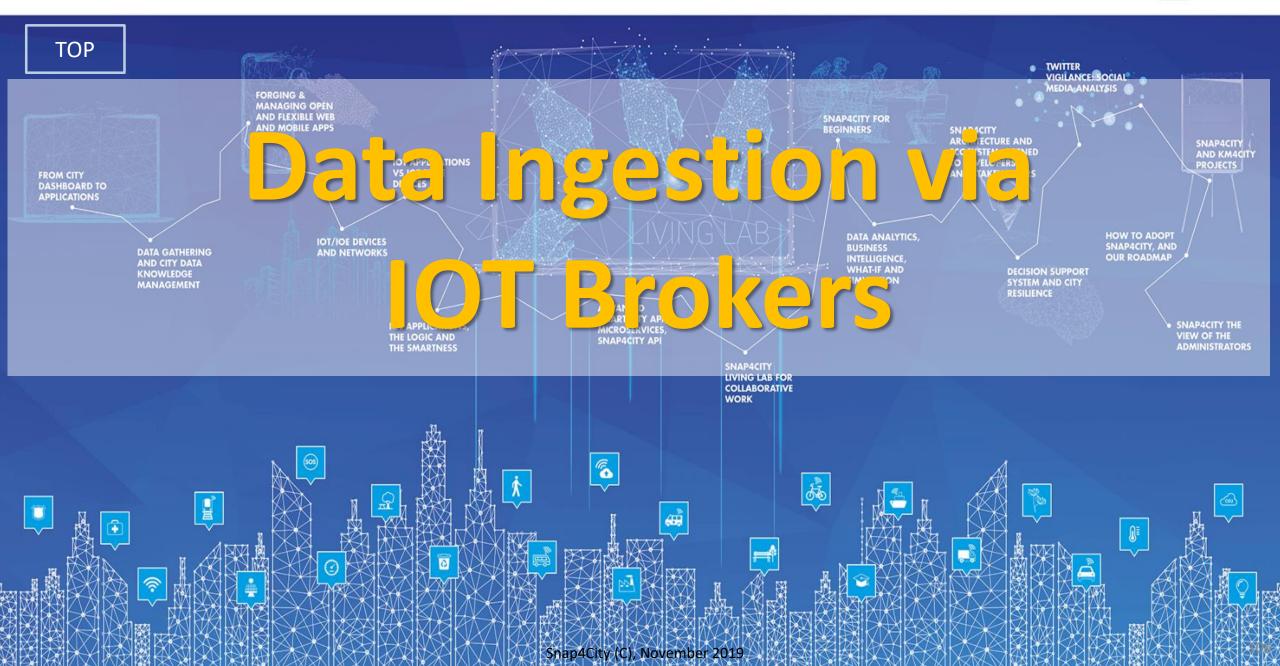


## **Further readings on ETL**

- ETL Development: <a href="https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/24">https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/24</a>
- US6. Developing and using processes for data transformation
- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- TC6.3. Creating ETL processes for automated data ingestion and data transformation
- TC6.4- Managing ETL processes via Resource Manager, upload, execute, monitor
- TC6.5- Managing Heterogeneous File Ingestion via ETL processes
- TC6.6- Producing data-sets in Bundle via ETL
- TC6.8- ETL processes for data transformation, and exploiting MicroServices/API/RestCall
- TC6.9- ETL processes for multiprotocol and format data ingestion, see on GITHUB for library
- <u>TC6.10- ETL Applications using multiple protocols, and formats for files and to calling services using REST and WS</u>
- TC6.11- Add a new ETL coping with a new Protocol
- ETL processes for massive Data Ingestion and Transformation

### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**







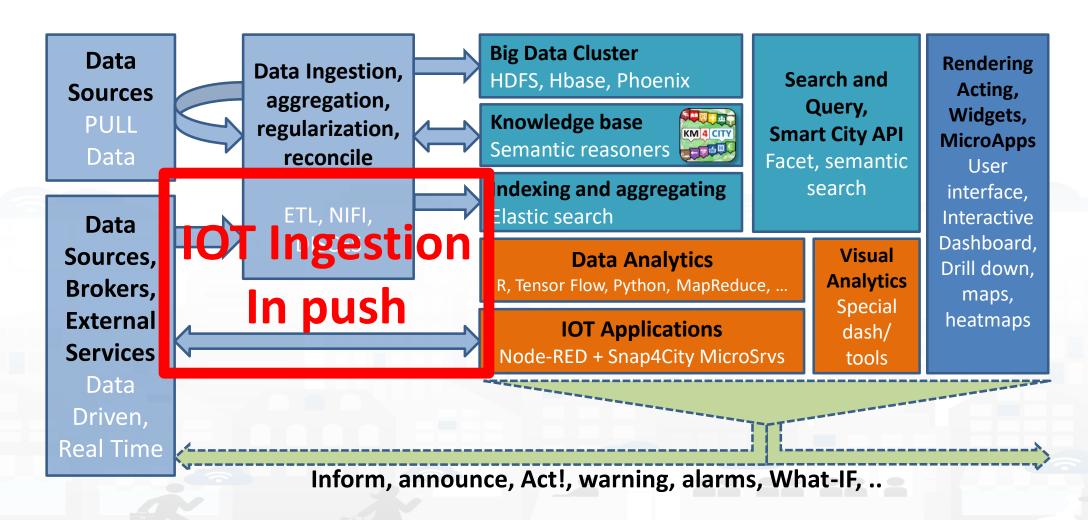








### **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**





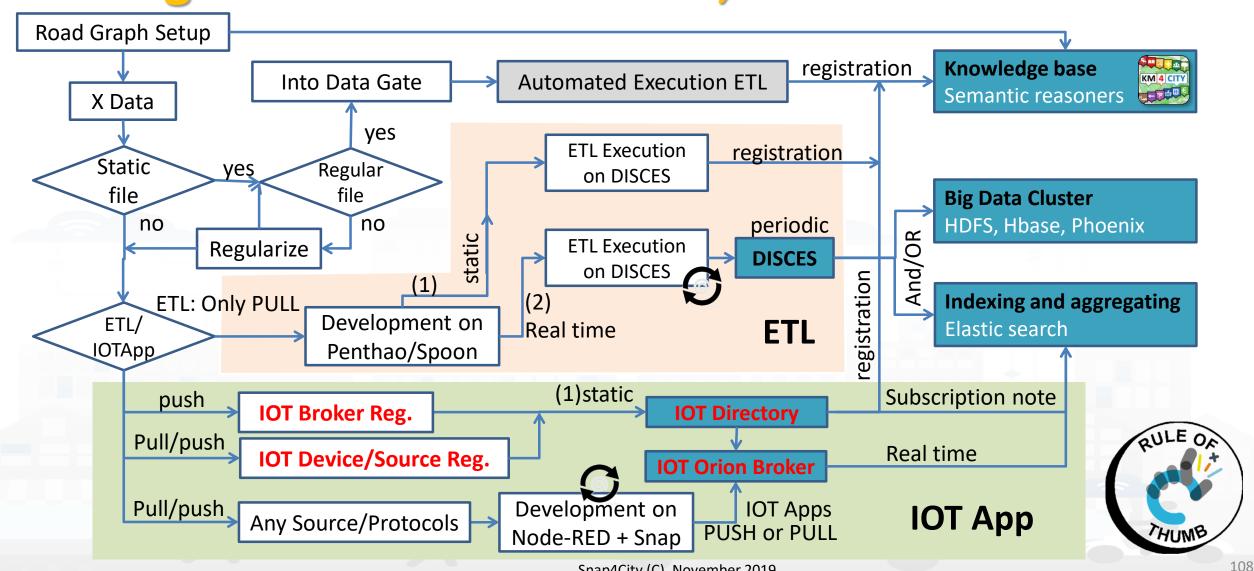








# Degli studi firenze Dipartimento di nigegneria dell'informazione Distribute di rechiologies lab Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules









## **IOT ingestion process**

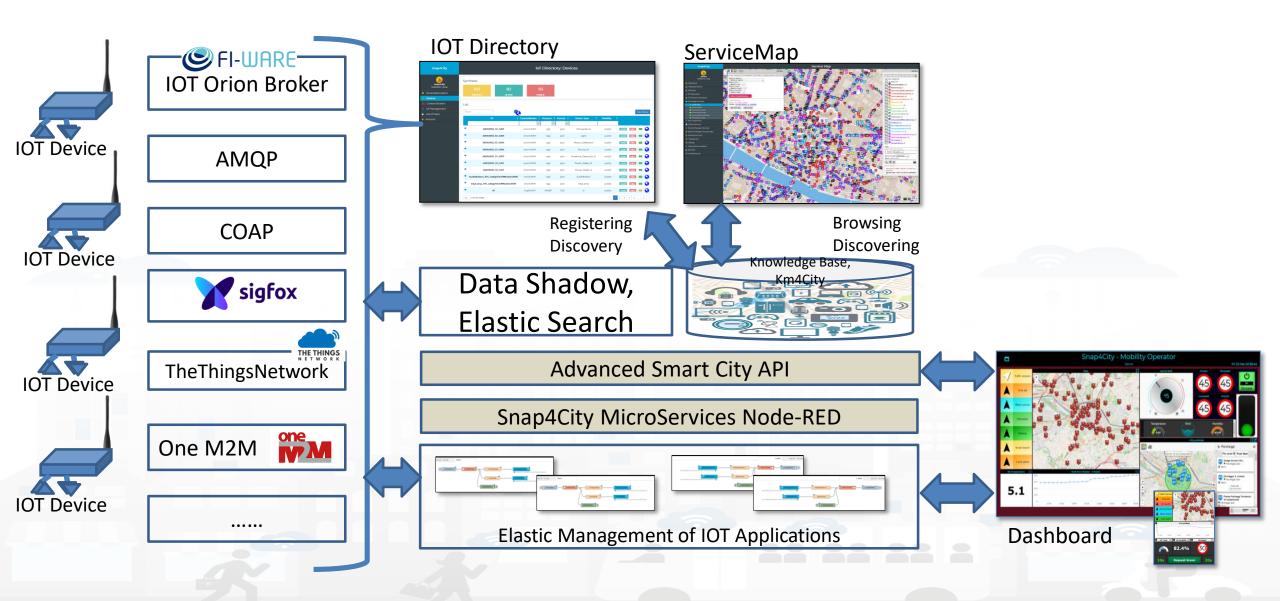
- The condition at which one may target is:
  - Using a registered IOT Broker on IOT Directory
    - one could call also non registered IOT Brokers directly from IOT App, but in this manner the sending of data to DataShadow has to be performed by the User/developer
  - Using IOT Devices, they have to bre registered
    - One could even get data from a non registered device, for example calling it directly or setting a Gateway to send data in push to the IOT Application



















TOP

## IOT Networks: recall of basic concepts

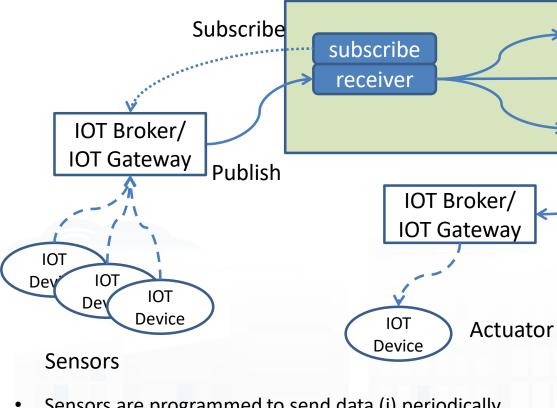






### **IOT Basic**





- Sensors are programmed to send data (i) periodically, or (ii) when a relevant change occurs in the sensor value, or (iii) when events occur (for example a change of status of something), etc.
- Actuator perform some action on the field: change of status, reset, turn on something, change setting value, etc.

- IOT Application are data driven functional programs for data transformation.
- The IOT Application can subscribe to some IOT Brokers to receive data in Push from a specific IOT Device (sensor)
- The IOT App can publish some message toward some IOT Device (Actuator), passing via an IOT Broker.
- Continuous lines are messages via TCP/IP

**IOT Application** 

- Dashed lines are message via some radio channel (Lora, BT, Wi-Fi, ...)
- IOT Brokers and IOT Gateway can be distinct servers
- IOT Brokers can be on cloud

Publish

IOT Gateway performs the SW update, the business management, access in Push and Pull

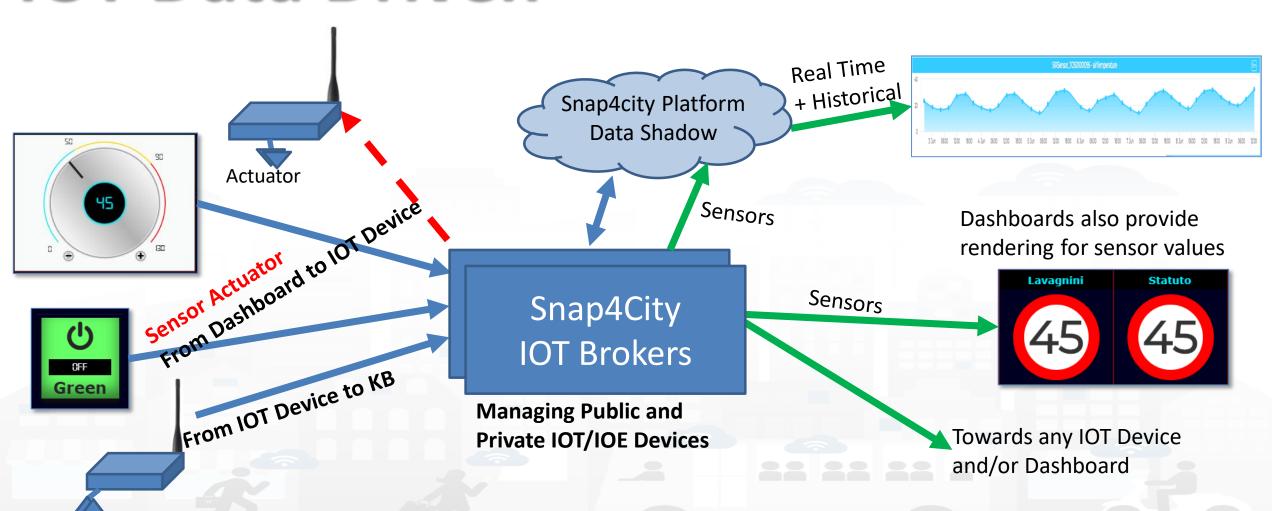


Sensors





## **IOT Data Driven**







**IOT Broker** 

**IOT Broker** 

IOT

Device

**IOT Gateway** 

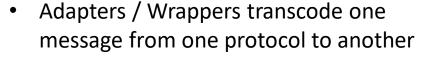
IOT

IOT

## **Definitions**



IOT Brokers can be connected each other



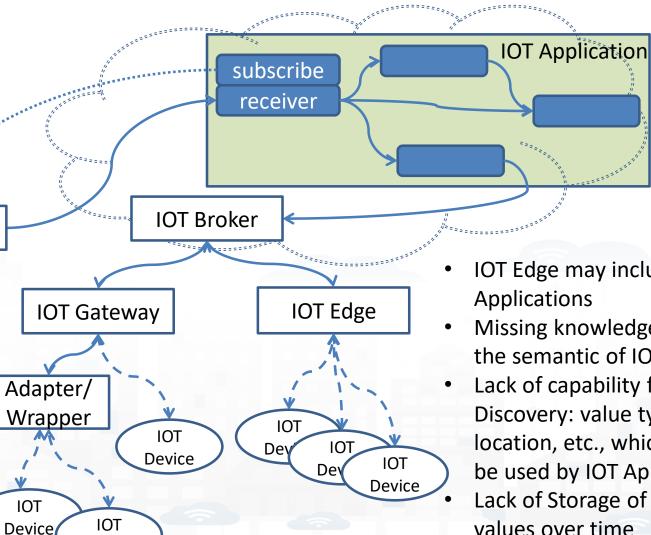
**IOT Gateway** 

IOT

Device

IOT

Dey



- IOT Edge may include IOT **Applications**
- Missing knowledge about the semantic of IOT devices
- Lack of capability for IOT Discovery: value type, location, etc., which could be used by IOT App
- Lack of Storage of data values over time

Device

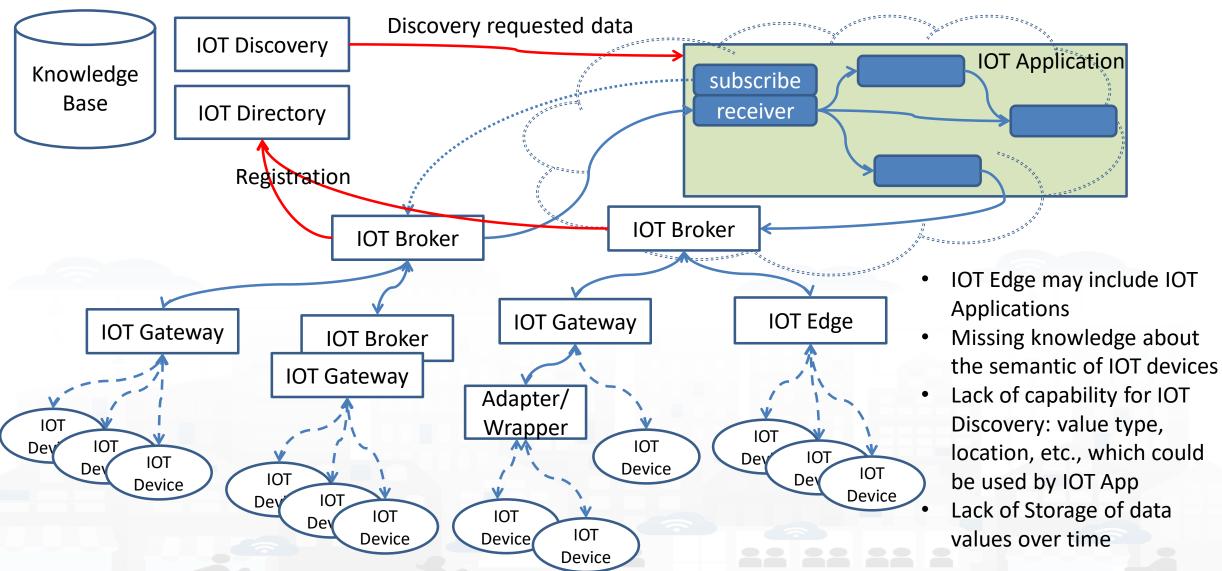






## **Definitions**









## DISIT DISTRIBUTED SYSTEMS OT/IOE Protoco SSNAP4city AND INTERNET TECHNOLOGIES LAFT OT/IOE Protoco SSNAP4city



## Communication Patterns







#### Discovery

Discover, register and "thrust" new devices on the network

Registration







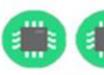
### Telemetry

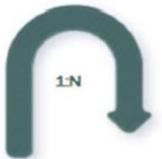
Information Flows From device to another system for conveying status changes in the device

Push



Inquiries
Requests from devices looking to gather required information or asking to initiate activities







#### Commands

Commands from other systems to a device or a group of devices to perform specific activities



**Notifications** 

Information flows

device or a group

status changes in

from other

systems to a

for conveying

the world

- **MQTT**
- HTTP(s)
- **AMQP**
- COAP
- NGSI
- OneM2M
- WebSockets
- Etc.







## **Note on Communication patterns**

- Not all Communication Patterns are supported by all Protocols
- Protocols implement Patters, + formats, + sequences, etc.
- They are referred at level of communications
  - IOT Device  $\leftarrow$  → IOT Gateway  $\leftarrow$  →IOT Broker
- IOT Protocols mostly used at level of IP are:
  - NGSI V1/2, MQTT, COAP, AMQP, OneM2M, WS, ModBUS,
- Radio protocols are: Lora, ZigBee, 3G, Wi-Fi, etc.
- Formats: JSON, Geo-JSON, Linked Data, XML, CSV,









TOP

## 10T Directory

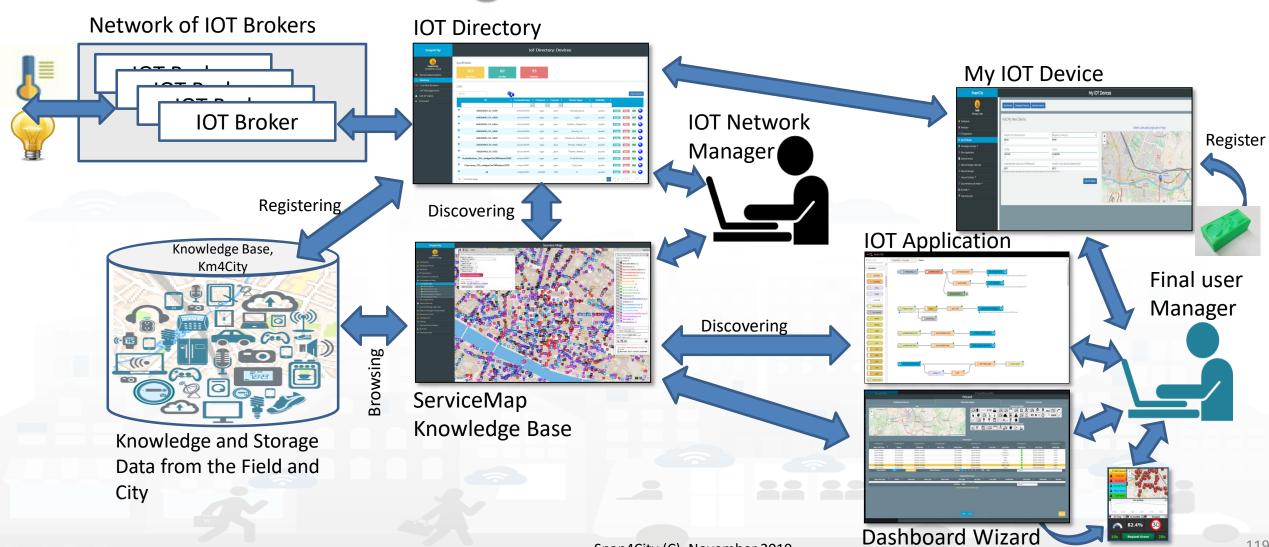






119

## **IOT Network Manager vs Final User**



Snap4City (C), November 2019





## **Main Features of the IOT Directory**

- Registers IOT Brokers
  - Different kind of Brokers, different kinds of authentications and protocols
  - Registered IOT Orion Brokers can be queried for collecting their managed devices, so that those IOT Devices are registered
- Registers IOT Devices: singularly or at groups (in Bulk)
  - Registration can be custom or based on IOT Device Model
  - IOT Edge are registered as special IOT Devices
  - Registered IOT Devices are saved into local Data base and Knowledge Base
- Provides support for security aspects:
  - Generation of Certificates, Keys, etc.
  - Collection of keys when IOT devices are on some IOT Gateway or Second Level IOT Broker.
- Manages Ownership and Delegation for
  - IOT brokers, IOT devices, IOT Device Values











Entities	what	By using	Manager	AreaManager	ToolAdmin/RootAdmin
IOT Sensor/Actuator	Browse, use	Several Tools	X	X	X
	Delegate	IOT Directory	Χ	X	X
	Discovery	KB, API, MicroServices	X	X	X
IOT Devices	Browse, use	Several Tools	Χ	X	X
	Add/change/Delete	IOT Directory, API,	X	X	X
	Add in Bulk	IOT Directory, API,			X
	Delegate	IOT Directory	X	X	X
	Discovery	KB, API, MicroServices (MS)	Χ	X	X
IOT Device Model	use	IOT Directory	X	X	X
	create	IOT Directory		X	X
IOT Broker	Browse, use	IOT Directory	use	Browse, use	X
	Add/change/Delete	IOT Directory			X
	Delegate	IOT Directory			X
	Periodic Update	IOT Directory			X





## **Privacy vs IOT Directory features**

- In IOT Directory of Snap4City:
  - Each Sensor Value, IOT Device, IOT broker can be private or public
  - Private Entities
    - Are accessible only for the Owner in edit/change/delete
    - can be delegated in access to: single user, group, or to organizations









**TOP** 

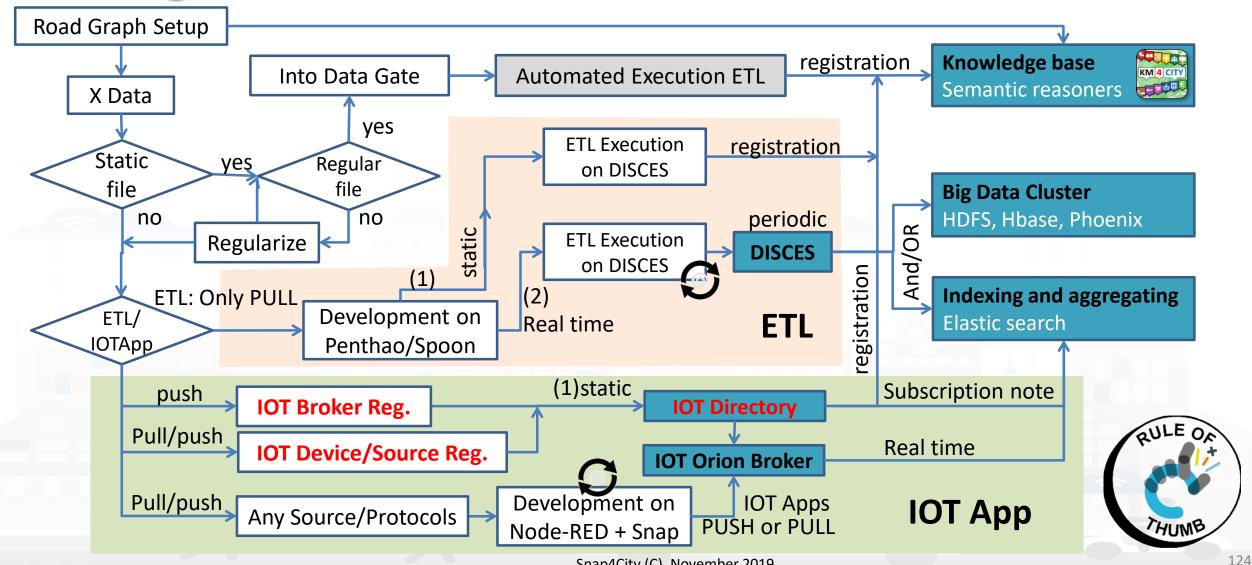
## 10T Device and 10T Brokers Registration















**IOT Device** 

**IOT** Device

**IOT** Device

**IOT Device** 

**IOT** Device on Broker





# Ca which

#### https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/474 **IOT Broker** SNAP4city Case B2 **IOT Broker** SNAP4city Case B1 i) Registered IOT Broker on Snap4City **IOT Broker** SNAP4city Case A1.2 a) Registered **IOT Device on Broker IOT** Broker SNAP4city Case A2 i) Registered IOT Broker on Snap a) Registered

ii) Registered IOT Device on Snap



#### UNIVERSITÀ **DEGLI STUDI** FIRENZE







- Already registered on an IOT Broker of your/city organization. In this case, who provided you the IOT Device may have provided also at least: an IOT Device Identifier, a description of the data produced by the Device, the protocol kind and the IOT Broker in which it is registered, etc. For example: device ID: es286481295, temperature and humidity, NGSI, the "orionFinland" IOT Broker on https://ngsi.fvh.fi or the "Antwerp" IOT Broker on https://ext-api-gw-p.antwerpen.be. In order to exploit the data of your IOT Device in the Platform, you
  - have an IOT Device which is registered on an IOT Broker (for example, you received with the IOT Device the name of the IOT Broker) that is registered to Snap4City. You have two cases:
    - the IOT Device has been \*\*already registered\*\* on Snap4City by the organization/city. This case can be verified by using the steps described in:
      - See in this case: HOW TO: verify if an IOT device is registered and accessible for me.
      - if the IOT device is registered please note that you are in case A3, if not, go at case A1.2
    - the IOT Device is \*\*not yet registered\*\* on Snap4City (for example when a IOT Broker is managed by a third organization for security 2. aspects, for example the FHV or DIGIPOLIS, or IMEC, ...), they given to your the device to test on different platforms.
      - See in this case: HOW TO: Add an IOT Device on Snap4City platform that is already registered on an external IOT Broker
    - need to access IOT Device data without registering the IOT Device in the Snap4City platform and Broker, you need to know some configuration parameter of the IOT Broker and IOT Device, and Snap4City IOT App can get data directly from the IOT broker of your device without the need of having the Broker officially registered on snap4City.
      - See in this case: HOW TO: add IOT Device data source from external broker to the platform.
  - have an IOT Device which is already registered to an internal Snap4City IOT Broker (a IOT Broker managed by Snap4City for security aspects). 2. In this case, the IOT Device and corresponding data are immediately accessible, and you can find them into the list of your data in the Data Inspector view, for Dashboards, etc., go in the Data Inspector to search your data by GPS location, name, nature as you like.
- B. Not registered to an IOT Broker. In this case, you need to know, at least, how the IOT Device works and how it can be internally configured to communicate with an IOT Broker: to authenticate, register, etc. So that you need to know: an IOT Device Identifier, a description of the data produced by the device, the protocol, etc. For example: device ID: 286481295, temperature and humidity, NGSI with basic authentication,
  - In this case, the first step is to register the IOT Device to an IOT Broker. Snap4City offers you a number of Snap4City IOT Brokers compliant with different protocols to which you can connect your device. To this end, please follow this tutorial:
    - See in this case: HOW TO: Add an IOT Device on Snap4City platform by registering it on an Internal Snap4City IOT Broker
  - in alternative you can find some other brokers in your area according to the protocol of your device.
  - Once registered the IOT Device to an IOT Broker please restart from case (A); if you registered with a Snap4City IOT Broker it will be easy an (A2).





## **How to setup and IOT Data Stream**

#### Managers/AreaManagers:

- 1. Register the IOT Broker you want to use.
  - If you do not have one, you can ask one to Snap4City
- 2. Register the IOT Device you want to use.
  - If it is only one Device to reg, you can do it manually,
  - if they are many, we suggest you to create an IOT Device Model, then register the device (only AreaManagers)
- 3. Use IT

#### **Administrators:**

- Register the IOT Broker you want to use, or use one already registered.
  - If the IOT Orion Broker has IOT Devices registered in you can use the procedure for automated registration (from your Broker to the IOT Directory and KB), with rule for transformation, etc.
  - If not see points 2 and/or 3
- 2. Register a single IOT Device manually
- 3. Register a group of IOT Devices
  - create a IOT Device Model
  - Create a CVS file for Registering devices in Bulk
- 4. Use IT

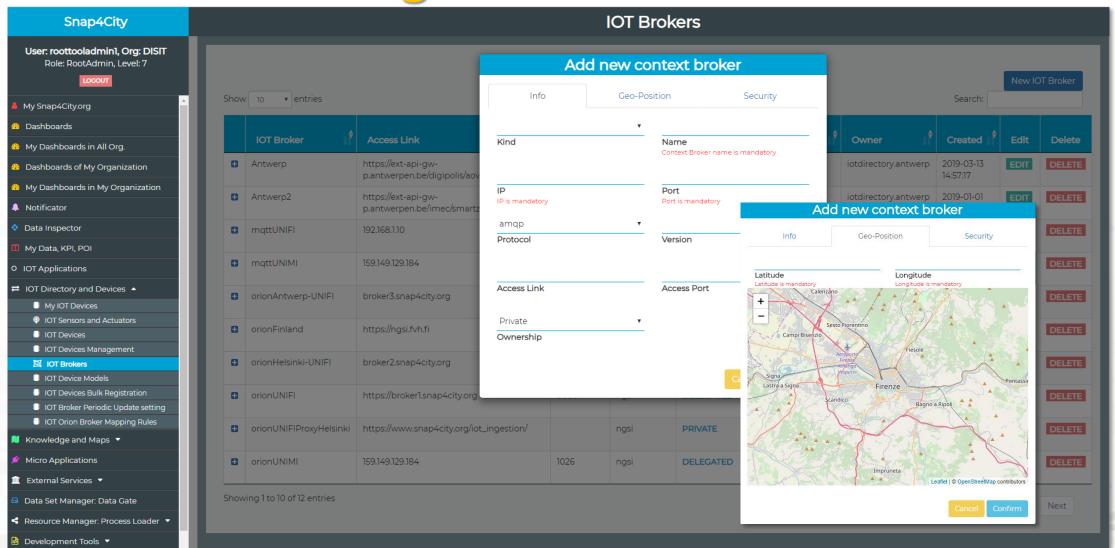








## **Register IOT Broker**









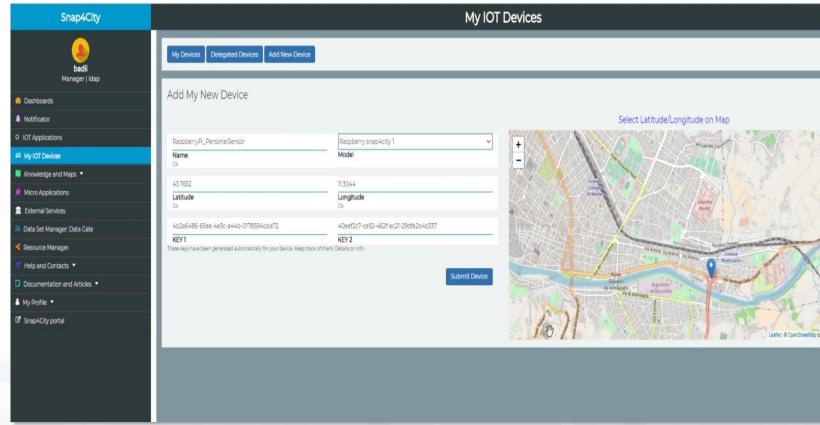
## Add IOT/IOE Devices

Just Buy an IOT Device and register: SigFOX, MQTT, NGSI (FiWare), ...

- Attach them by
  - Models
- A range of protocols, formats, approaches

#### Create your own devices:

- Arduino,
- Raspberry,
- Android,
- LoraWAN + Arduino,
- etc.



Secure Communication: HTTPS, TLS (K1, K2), Certificates





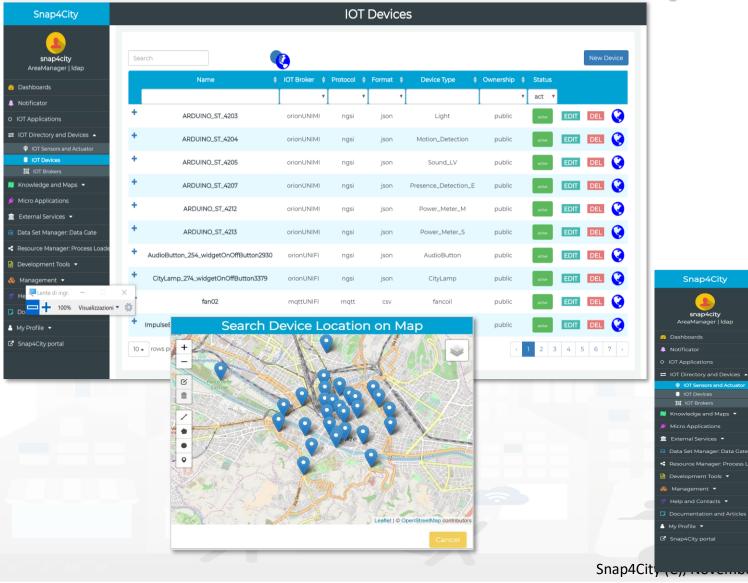




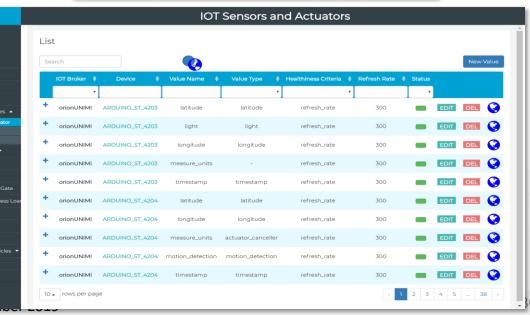


## **IOT Devices/Sensors**

snap4city



	Add r	new device	
Info	IOT Broker	Position	Values
		custom	*
Name		Model	
Туре		Mac Address	
Producer		0 Frequency	
Public		•	
Visibility		_	
KEY1		KEY 2	
			Cancel Confirm



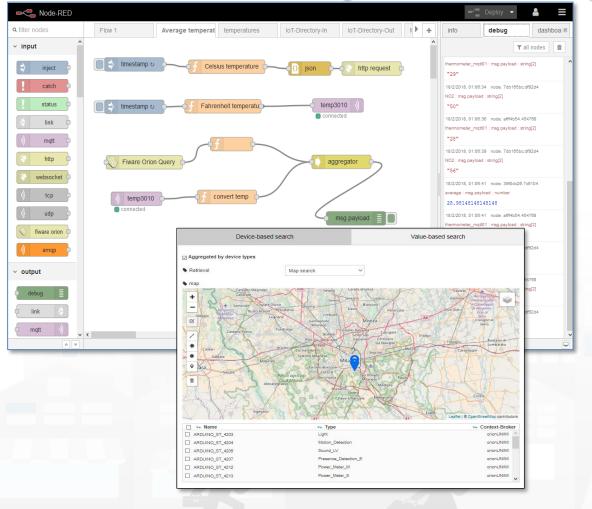


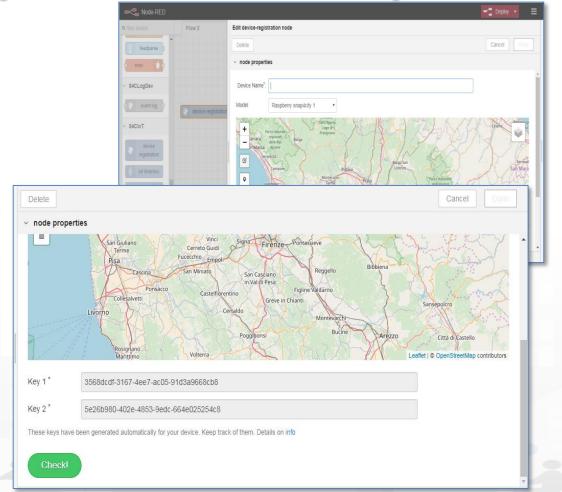






**IOT Discovery on IOT Application Development** 













Sensors/ **Actuators** 

Counter

LoraWAN

WIFI, NGSI,

Snap4All PAX

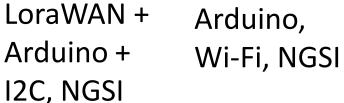


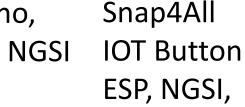






## **IOT Devices**







## Wi-FI, BT

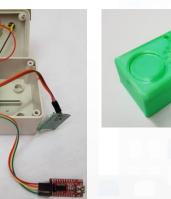


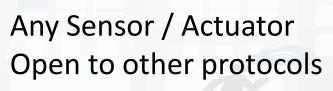
## **IOT Edge Devices**

IOT Edge NodeRED: Raspberry Pi, NGSI, WiFi, RJ45,..

IOT Edge NodeRED: Android, LINUX, Windows, ...

LoraWan Gateway: IOT Edge, NGSI, WIFI, RJ45, GPS















## **Activities for IOT data ingestion**

- Registration of
  - an IOT Device
  - a Set of IOT Devices with the same model: loading in Bulk
- The registration implies the automated production of the model into the Knowledge Base, which implies:
  - Activation of the DataShadow memory for historical data access
  - Activation of Discovery mechanisms
  - Activation of Dashboard Wizard





## **Further readings**

- HOW TO: add a device to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add data sources to the Snap4City Platform
- HOW TO: add IOT Device data source from external broker to the platform.
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into your IOT Application
- TC9.2. Managing heterogeneous File Ingestion, protocols, formats via IOT applications, and open standards
- TC2.25. Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications

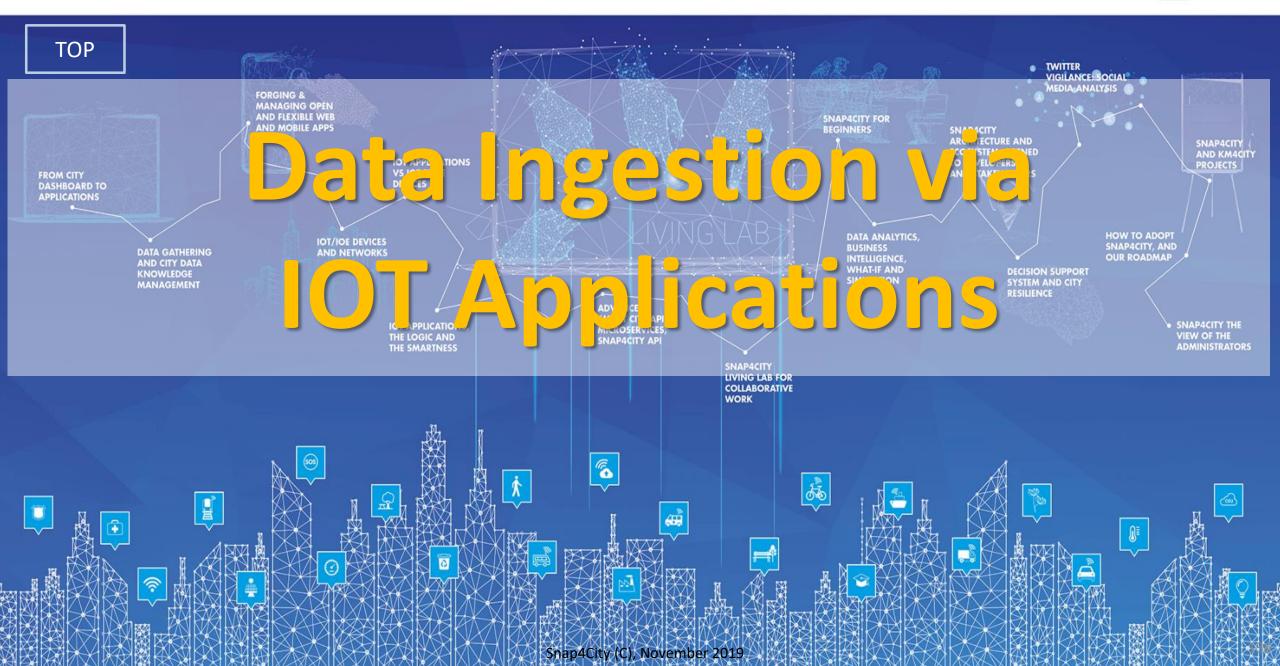




- If you need more on IOT Applications, please see slides of Day 3
  - https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/barc19/iot/
- If you need more on Data Analytics, please see slides of Day 4
  - https://www.snap4city.org/download/video/barc19/da/

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**





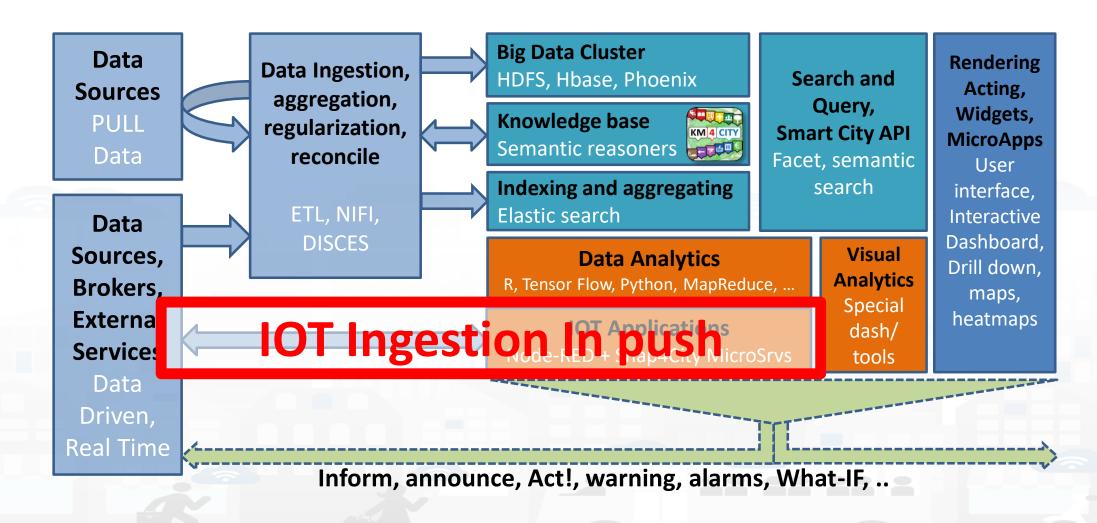








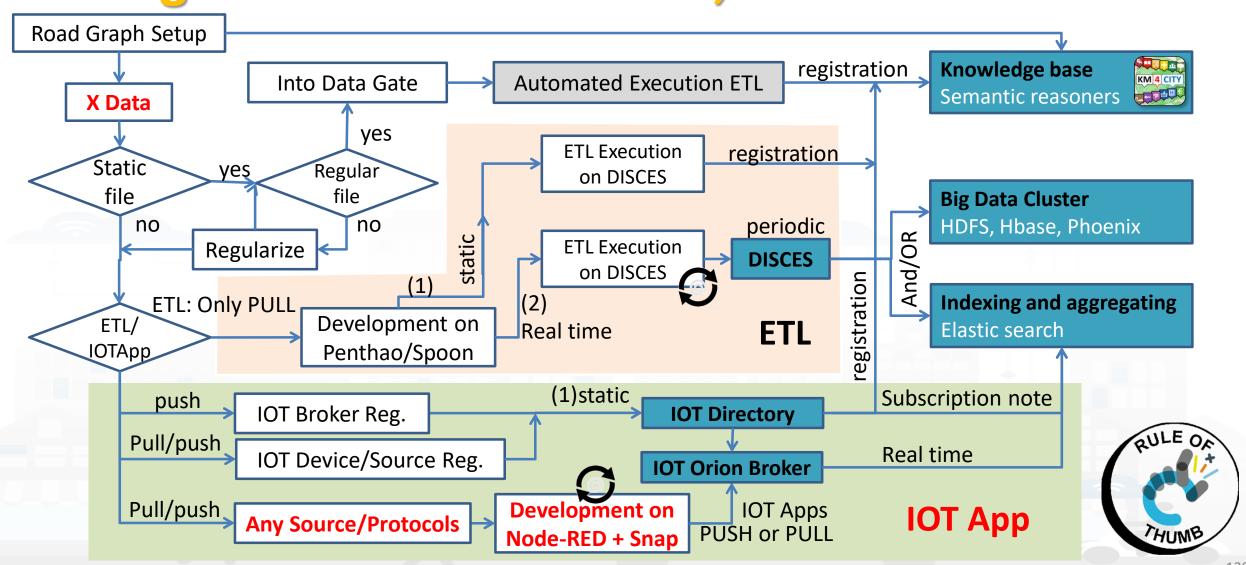
## **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**







## Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules

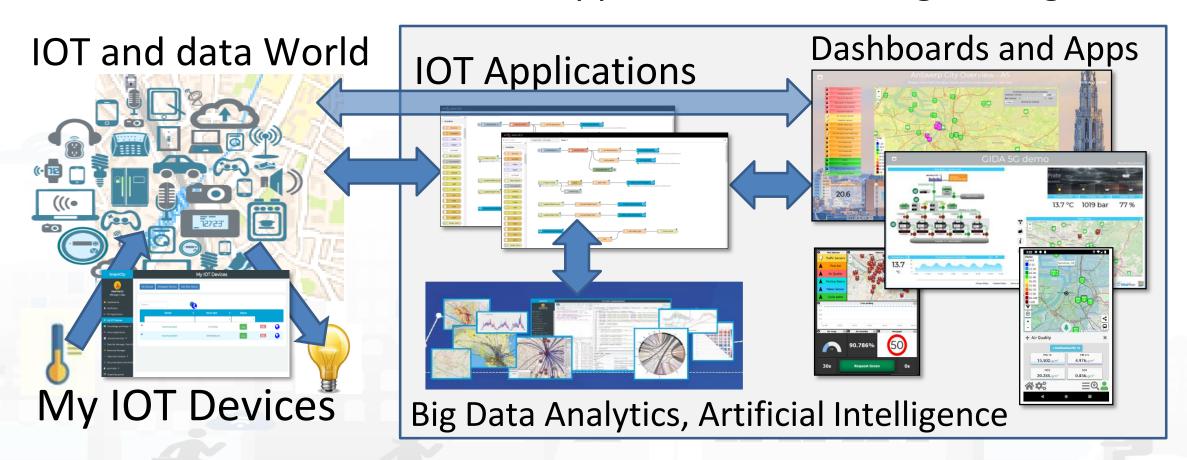






## **Snap4City: Builder of Sentient Cities Solutions**

Dashboards with data driven IOT Applications enforcing intelligence



#### Snap4City

#### **IOT Applications**

#### User: roottooladmin1, Org: DISIT Role: RootAdmin, Level: 7

- Dashboards
- My Dashboards
- Notificator
- IOT Applications
- My Personal Data
- ☐ IOT Directory and Devices ▼
- 📕 Knowledge and Maps 🔻
- Micro Applications
- Data Set Manager: Data Gate
- Resource Manager: Process Loader 🔻
- Management ▼
- User Management and Auditing ▼
- Documentation and Articles ▼
- My Profile ▼
- ☑ Snap4City portal
- ☑ Km4City portal
- ☑ DISIT Lab portal









Prev 1 2 3 ... 9 Next







Filter

Q

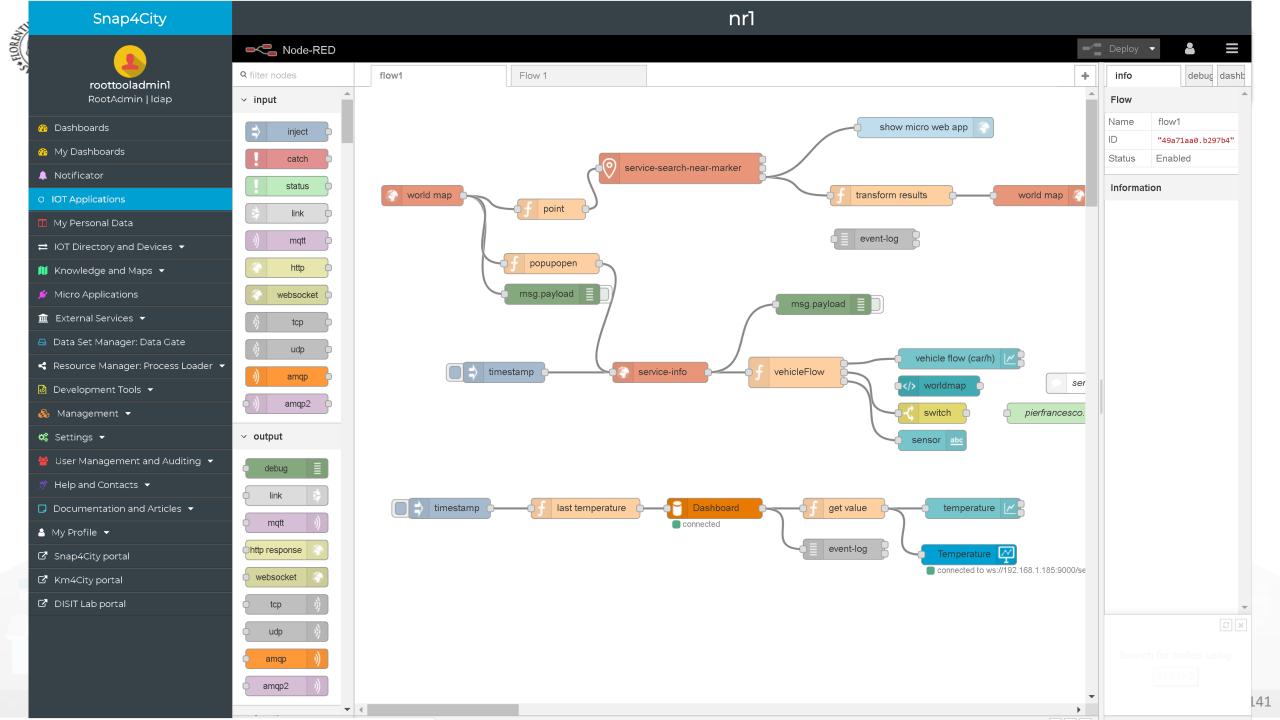








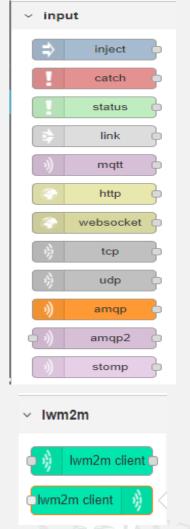




#### Basic Node.js Blocks on NodeRed on our Advanced IOT

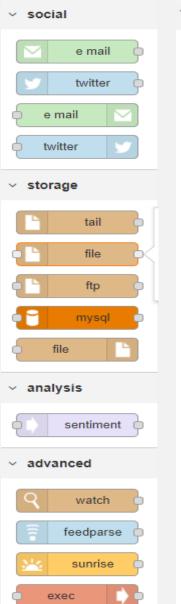
Apps

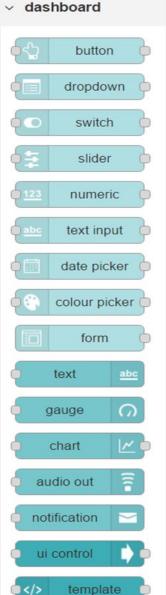




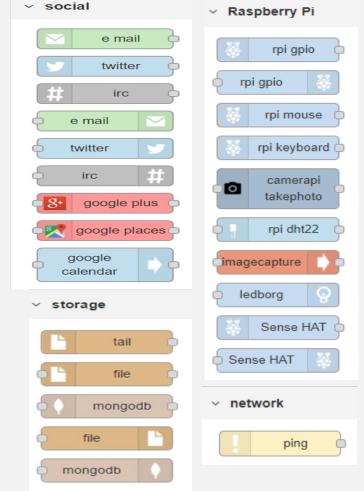


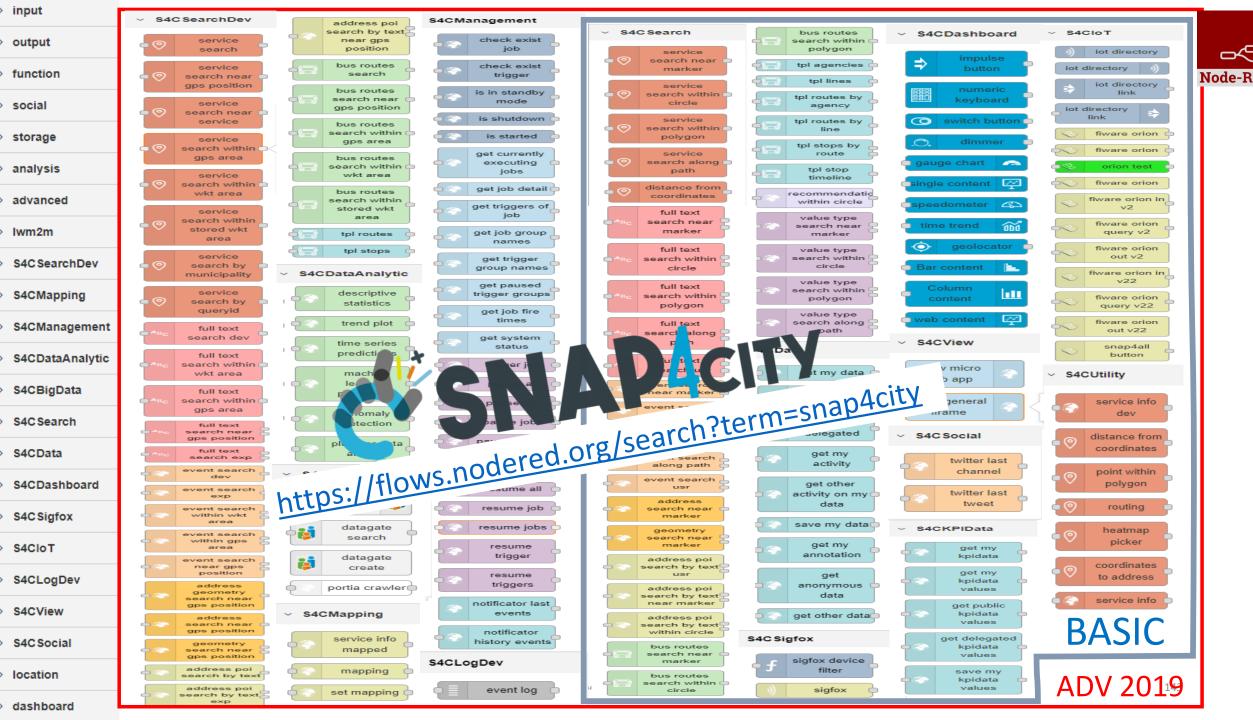






### + on IOT Edge Raspberry





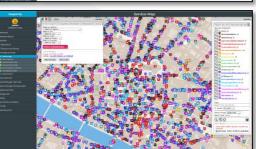
OT Discovering





**IOT Applications Development** 

MicroServices collections



ServiceMap Discovery









Dashboard Collection, **Editor and Wizard** 

IOT App. Editor



Generating IOT App With Dashboard



Sharing/saving reusing IOT App.



Resource Manager







## From Data Ingestion toward DataShadow

- The main workflow for data ingestion via IOT Applications consists of a set of phases into the IOT flow:
  - Data/MSG collection from some external services. This action can be done in PULL or PUSH depending on the protocol and by using several approaches
  - 2. Data Transformation if needed
  - **3. Data Save** on Data Shadow by sending a Message to one of the registered IOT Orion Broker with the data in JSON format. Before sending the data, the corresponding IOT device with the same model has to be registered.
    - 1. Single and registration in BULK are possible.
    - 2. In alternative, the interrogation of an IOT Broker NGSI from the IOT Directory for the automated registration of IOT Devices which are already present in the IOT Broker is also possible.
- Snap4City provides a NIFI cluster that is registered to all the registered IOT Brokers (NGSI, MQTT, etc.) and thus any data/MSG entering in those Brokers is sent to NIFI that performs the reconciliation from dynamic and static data (exploiting the KB), and sent the information to the Elastic Search indexing and thus into the DataShadow.

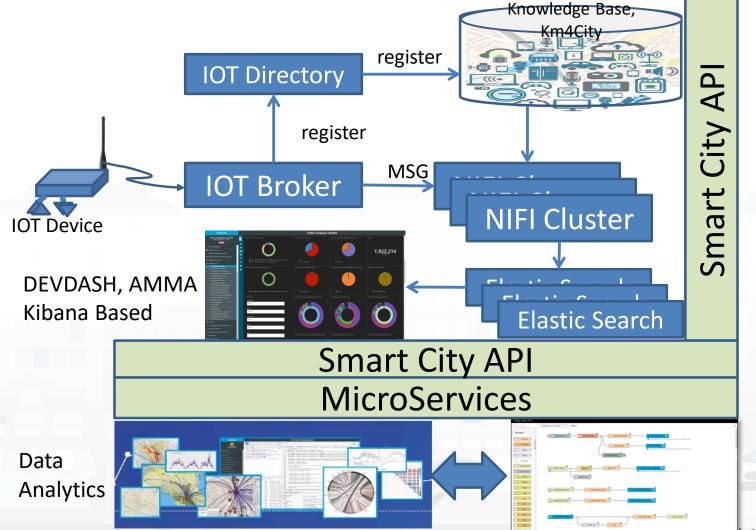








### From Data Ingestion towards DataShadow

















### **Further readings**

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#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**









### General solution, bring data from API to Dashboards

- The simplest manner is to create an IOT Application that exploits the REST API and in the IOT App you can
  decide to:
  - send data directly event driven in Dashboard using the Snap4City Dashboard MicroServices
  - send data on some registered IOT Broker registered on IOT Directory of Snap4City using IOT Orion Broker
    MicroService in the IOT Application, and this will post automatically on KB and Elastic Search (data shadow) etc.
    etc. wizards and dashboards (please note that you need to have registered the device into the IOT Directory
    before)
  - send data on Snap4City MyKPI MicroService, and this will post make them available for wizards and dashboards (you need to have registered the MyKPI before)
- You can save/consolidate your rest API transforming it in a MicroService usable for many colleagues into IOT Applications:
  - TC2.25- Registering external MicroService calling RestCall services, using it on IOT applications https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/129
- IF your REST API is going to use credentials as username and password, we suggest you to save them into MyPersonalData of Snap4City
  - so that the code will not provide clear credentials and you can update from user interface on your personal data profile.
  - The IOT App can retrieve the Username and Password at the moment in which they are used with the security shield of Snap4City







### **Alternative Solutions Using ETL**

- You can use an ETL process to send data on (i) Hbase storage, or on (ii) DataShadow via some IOT Broker.
- The ETL can
  - send/save data on a registered IOT Orion Broker on IOT Directory as MSG. The MSG as IOT Device has to be registered.
    - Then you can send the MSG to the IOT Orion Broker, which will post the MSG automatically on KB and Elastic Search (data shadow) etc. etc. wizards and dashboards
  - use Snap4City API of MyKPI to send their values (once registered the MyKPI)
     and this will provide the values on storage wizards and dashboards
  - save data on Hbase/Phoenix for long term storage, if needed see specific section on these slides.



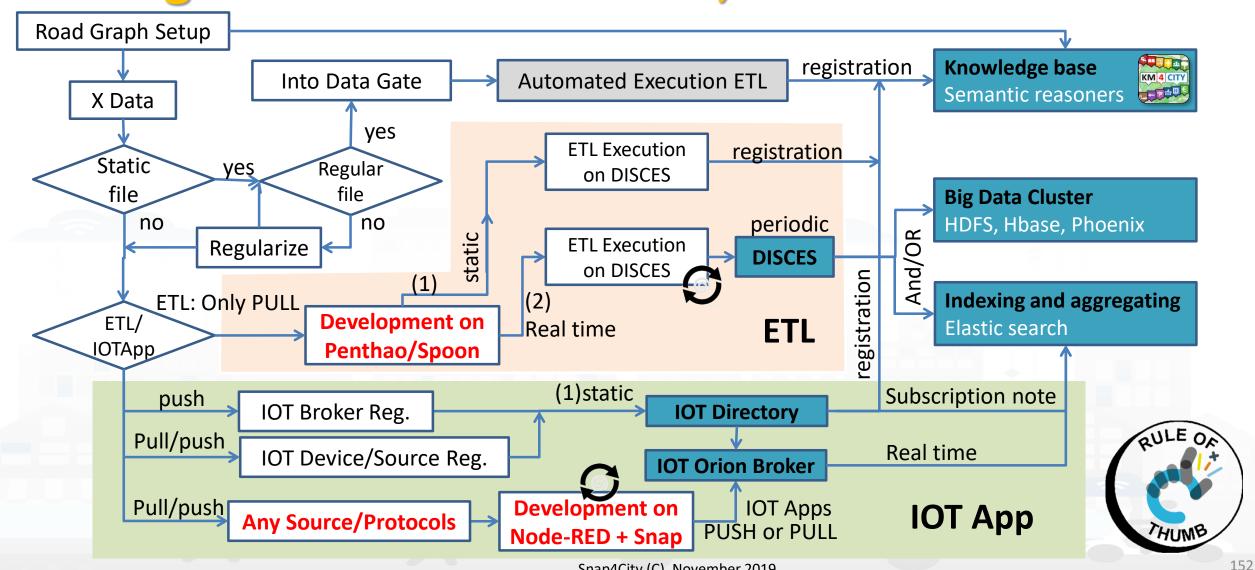






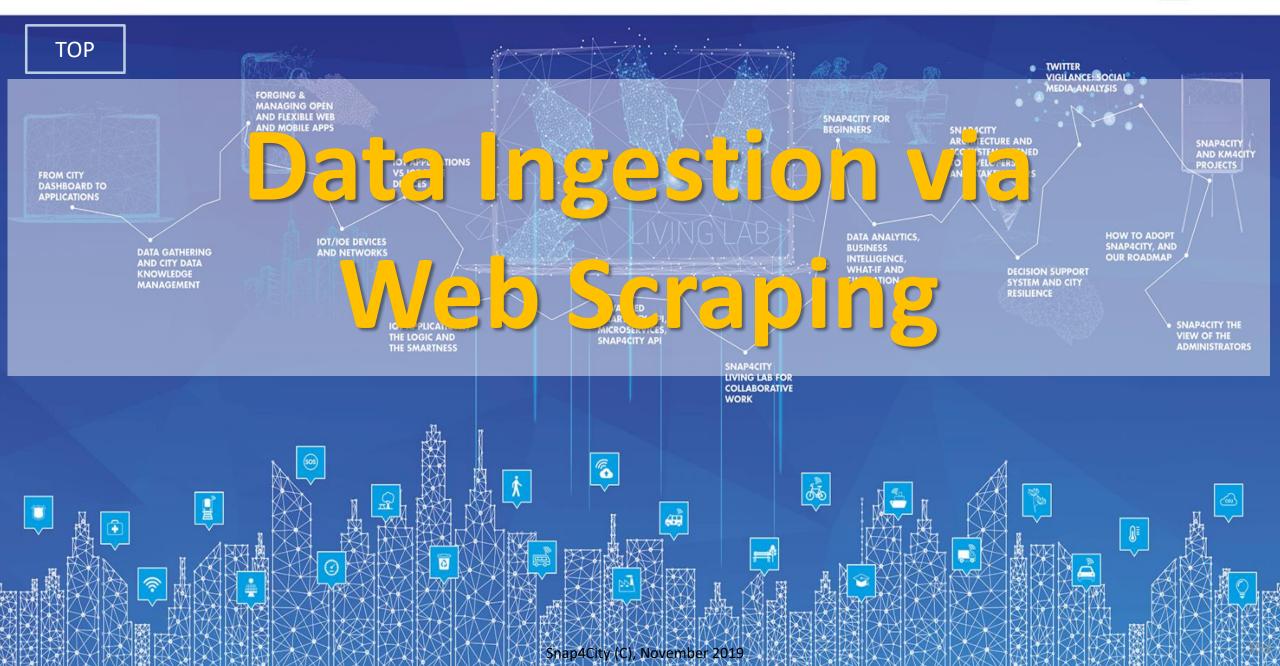


# Degli studi firenze Distribute systems and internet Technologies lab Data Ingestion Flow Guideline, thumb rules



#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**

















### **Web Scraping**



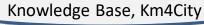


#### Web Scraper PORTIA



Generating **WEB Scraping** 







IOT App. Editor

Sharing/saving reusing Scraping



Resource Manager





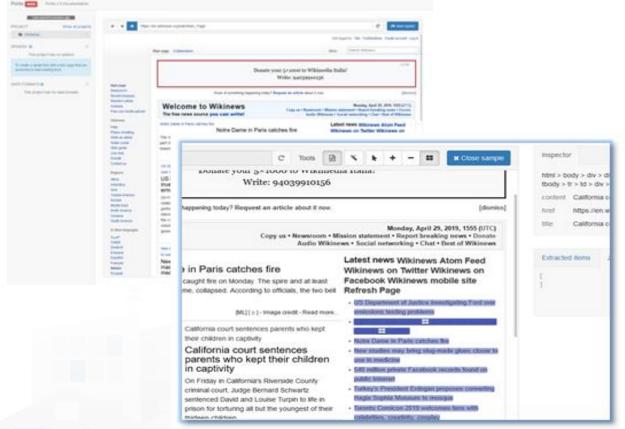








### Web scraping





• TC9.16 – Web Scraping to get data from web pages

/data/last\_data.json

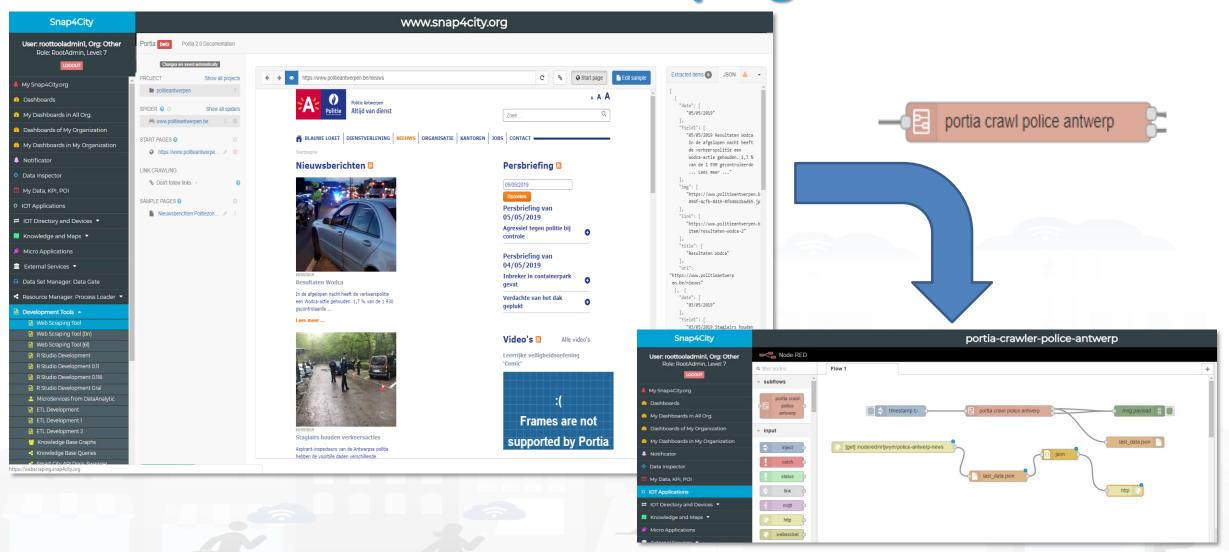






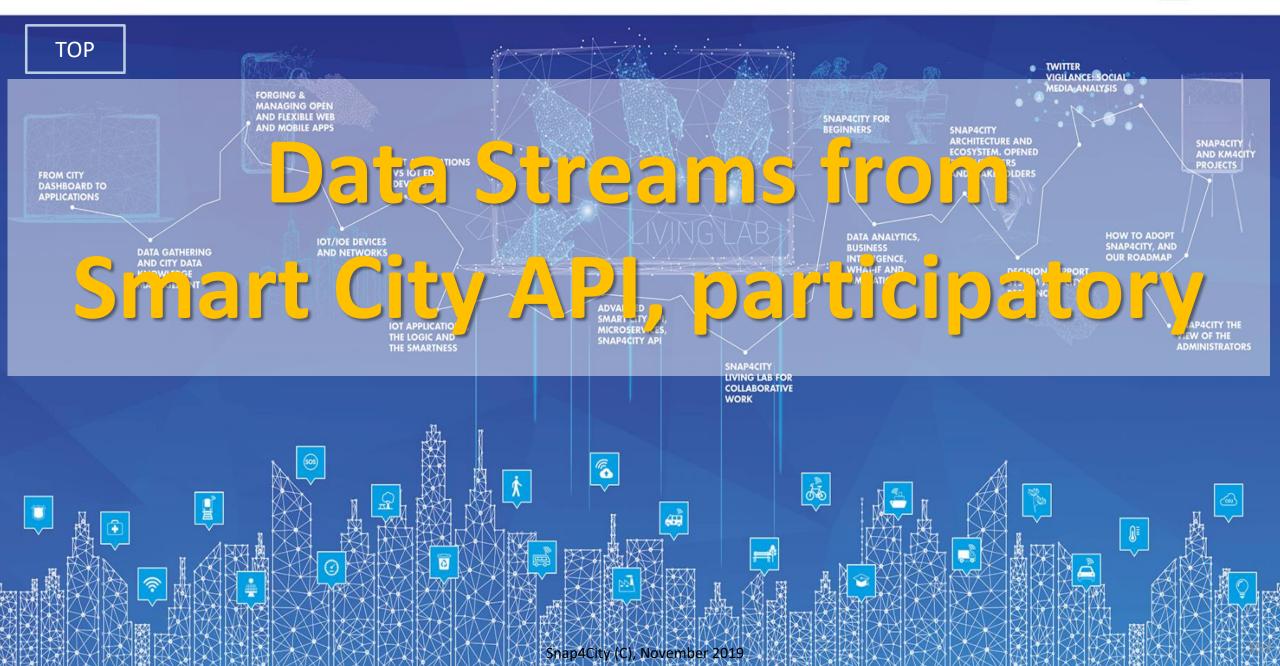






#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**









- We intend in this cases the data that can be posted on the infrastructure by using the Smart City API, such as:
  - MyPersonalData, MyKPI, data from IOT App on mobile, etc.
  - please see slides of Day 7
- Next section discusses those that are automatically collected from Mobile Phone and sent to the infrastructure on cloud via the Smart City API. For example:
  - Clicks on App
  - Post of images on POI
  - Post of comments on POI
  - Post of raking on POI
  - Questionnaires, and reactions
  - Trajectories taken from the mobile phone positions and clicks
  - OBD2 data and positions
  - Etc.

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**







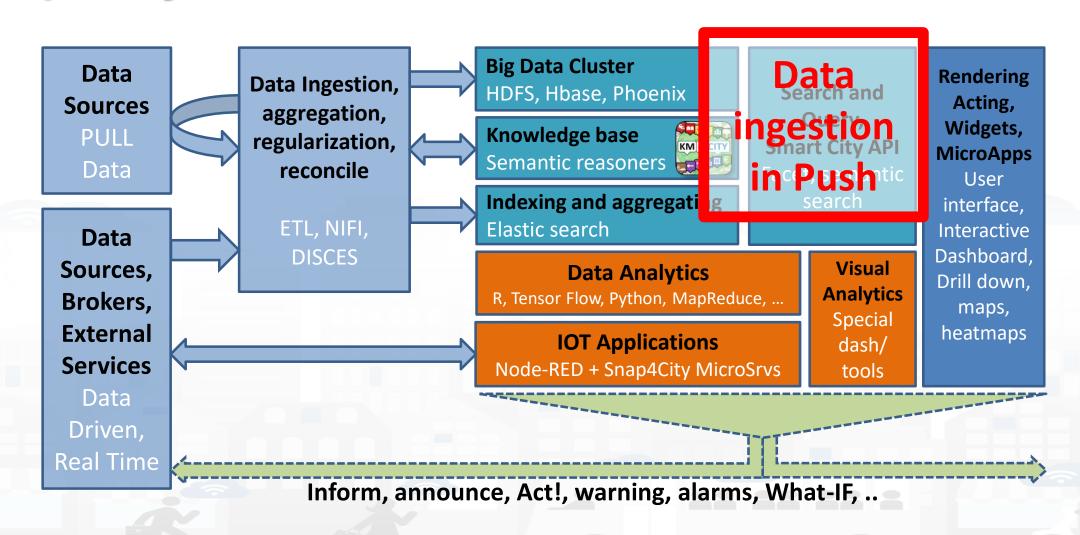








### **Snap4City as a Lambda Architecture**











### The App is a Bidirectional Device

- GPS Positions
- Selections on menus
- Views of POI
- Access to Dashboards
- searched information
- Routing
- Ranks, votes
- Comments
- Images
- Subscriptions to notifications
- ....

#### **Produced information**

- Accepted ?
- Performed ?

•





#### **Derived information**

- Trajectories
- Hot Places by click and by move
- Origin destination matrices
- Most interested topics
- Most interested POI
- Delegation and relationships
- Accesses to Dashboards
- Requested information
- Routing performed
- . . . . . .

#### **Produced information**

- Suggestions
- Engagements
- Notifications

System





### **Profiled Engagements to City Users**

- The users are profiled to learn habits:
  - Personal POI, paths, Mobility habits
- Information and engagements sent to the users are programmed according to the context and user behavior to:
  - Stimulate virtuous habits
  - More sustainable habits
  - More healthy habits, etc.
  - Get feedbacks
  - Provide bonus and prices, .....
  - Send alerts, ....









HELP US

ALERT

EVENT today

Expiry: 2017-02-21 11:32:5

Expiry: 2017-02-20 19:35:39

Expiry: 2017-02-20 11:55:00

You Parked In A Residential Zone

Closer Latest Expiring

"Gustav Klimt Experience At Moseo Dr. SANTO STEFANO AL PONTE (Until 2017-04-02)

Help us to provide a better service

Can confirm that you LIVE around VIA TRIPOLI?

"Gustav Klimt Experience" At MUSEO DIOCESANO DI

Closer Latest Expiring

Can You Contribute With A Review Of "RASPINI RARI NANTES FLORENTIA" ?

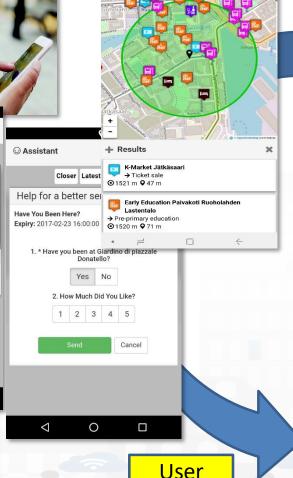




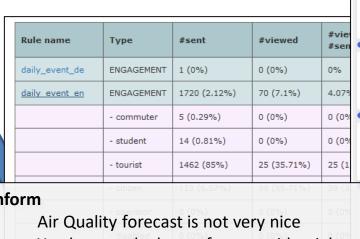


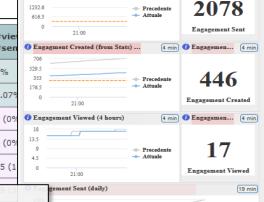






context





4 min DEngagemen... 4 min

#### Inform

You have parked out of your residential parking zone

The Road cleaning is this night The waste in S.Andreas Road is full

#### Engage

Provide a comment, a score, etc.

#### Stimulate / recommend

Events in the city, services you may be interested, etc...

#### Provide Bonus, rewards if needed

you get a bonus since you parked here We suggest: leave the car out of the city, this bonus can be used to by a bus ticket



Rules

City

context







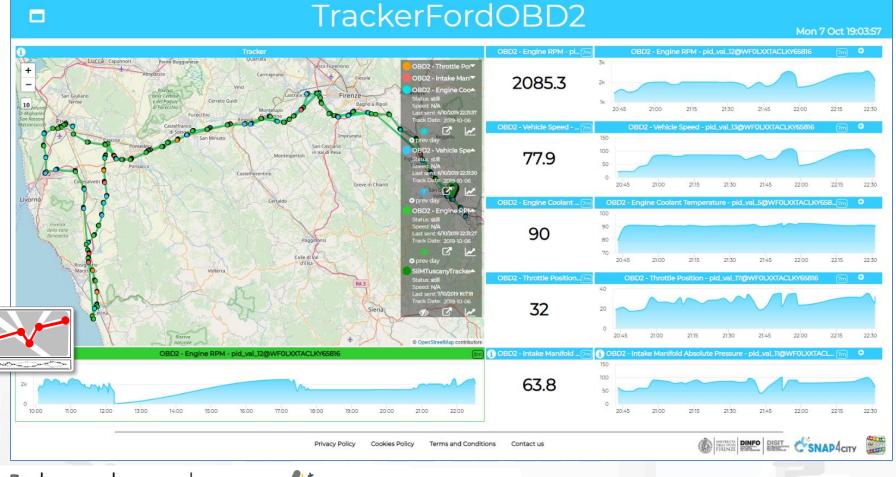




## MyKPI: Tracking of Devices and Mobiles • Real Time Trajectories for

- - Mobile Phone
  - **Moving IOT Devices**
  - OBU, Vehicular Kits
  - Multiple tracks
  - Day by day
- Micro Application

















### Load and change data via Smart City API

- Data regarding Mobile Phones:
  - Clicks on App
  - Post of images on POI
  - Post of comments on POI
  - Post of raking on POI
  - Questionnaires, and reactions
  - Trajectories taken from the mobile phone positions and clicks
  - OBD2 data and positions
  - etc.
- They are automatically collected and can be inspected by the user via special tools as presented in the following.



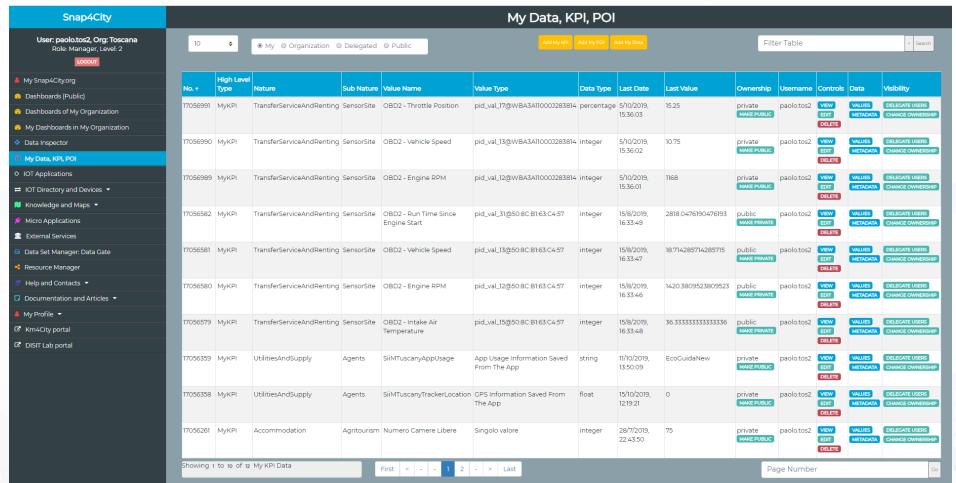








### My KPI data view and manipulation



https://www.snap4city.org/mypersonaldata/









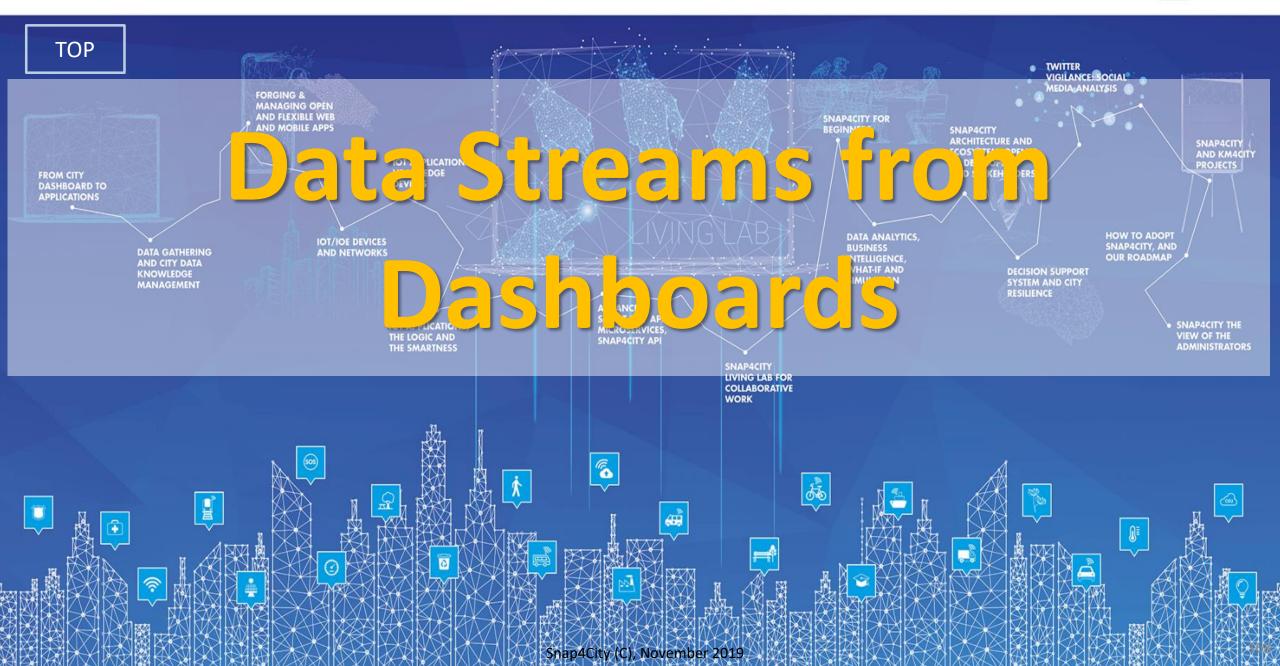


### **Further reading on MyKPI**

- TC1.17. Object tracking, widget tracker, personal tracking/trajectories, moving sensors
- TC 2.35- How manage My KPI with Dashboard
- Solution: using PAX Counters, monitoring museum and events
- HOW TO: define privacy rules for personal data, produced by the end-users own device
- TC9.13: How to upload a local file into the platform (IOT Application and MyKPI)

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**



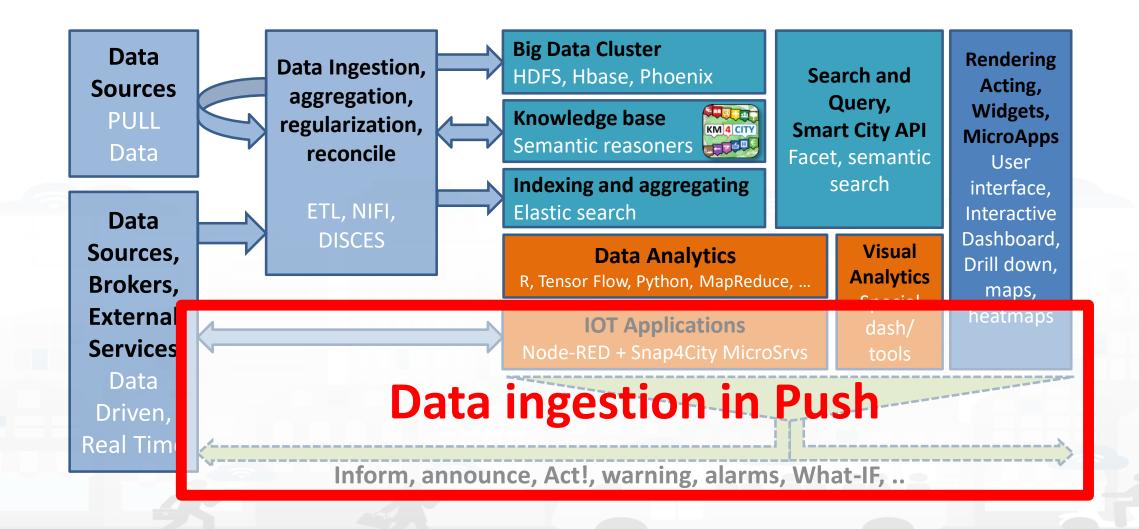
















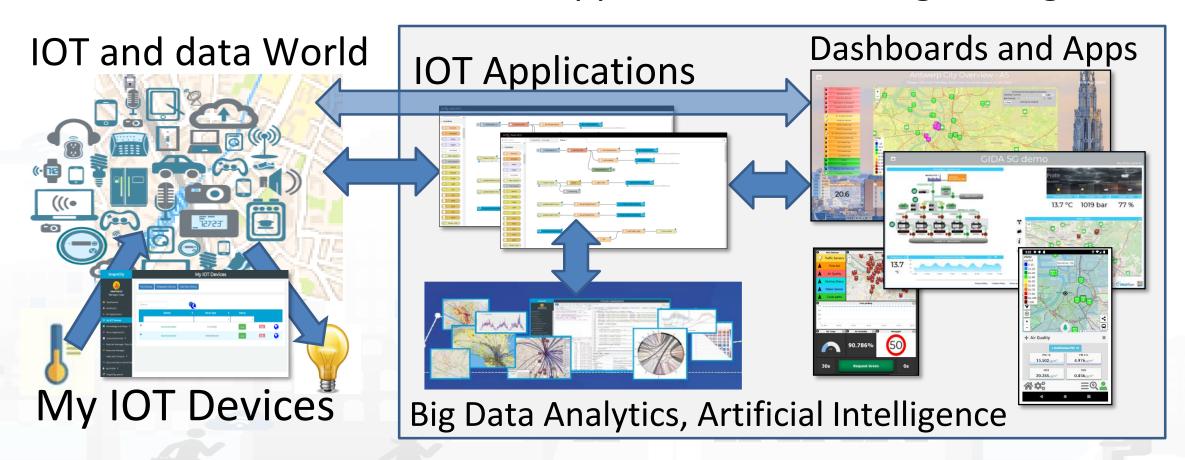






### **Snap4City: Builder of Sentient Cities Solutions**

Dashboards with data driven IOT Applications enforcing intelligence

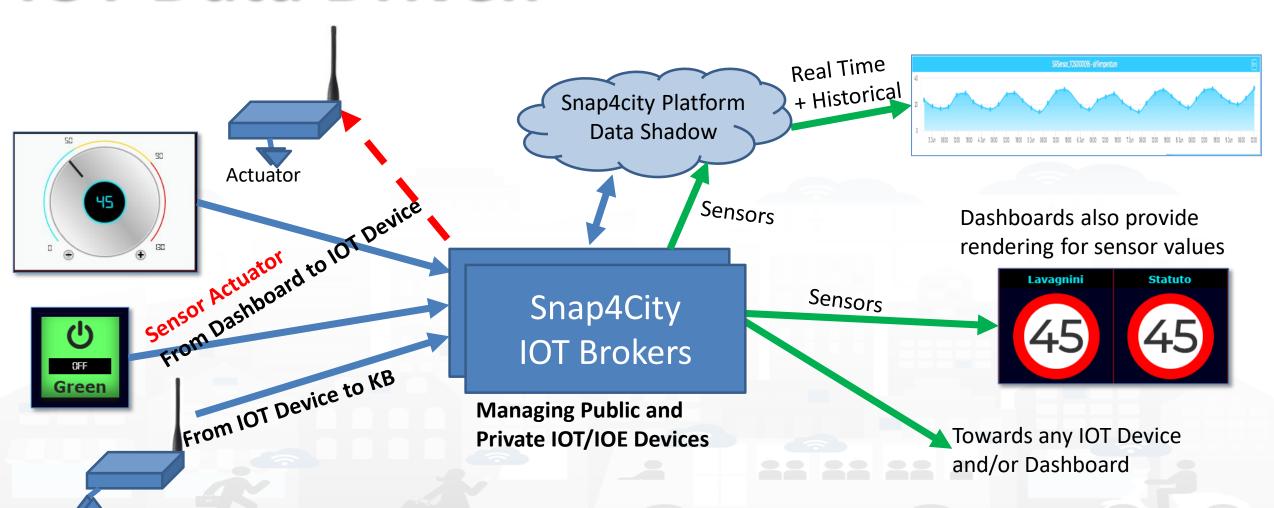




Sensors



### **IOT Data Driven**









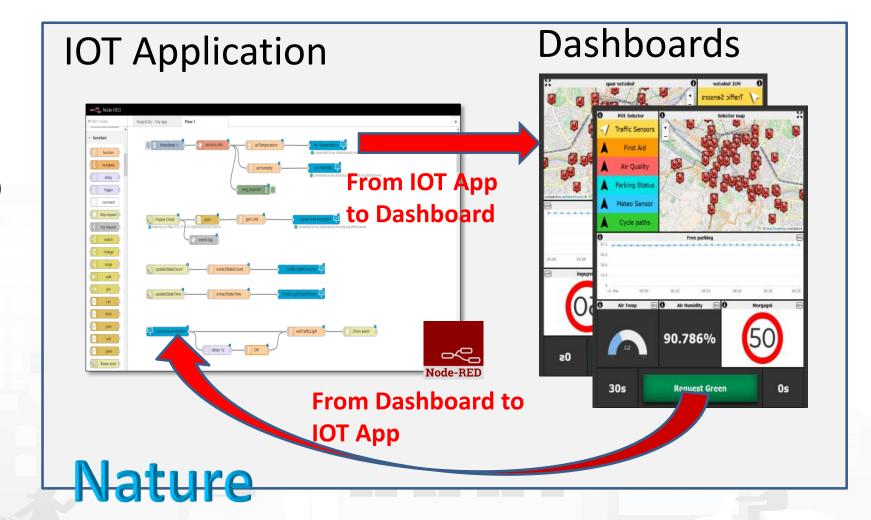


#### **HLT: Sensors-Actuators**

- Complex Event
- Dashboard-IOT App
- External Service
- Heatmap
- **KPI** (Key Performance Indicator)
- MicroApplication
- My Personal Data
- MyKPI

Level

- MyPOI
- POI (Point of Interest)
- Sensor
- Sensor Actuator
- Special Widget
- Wfs (GIS)







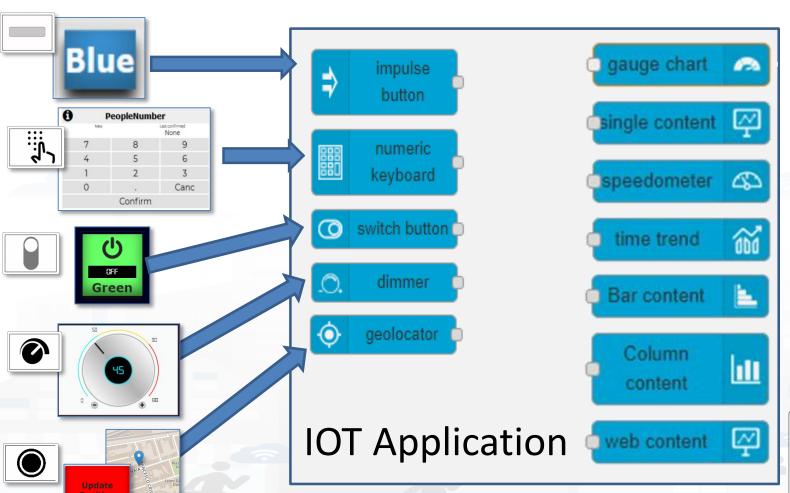




### Dashboard-IOT App

From Dashboard to IOT App







**Nature** 



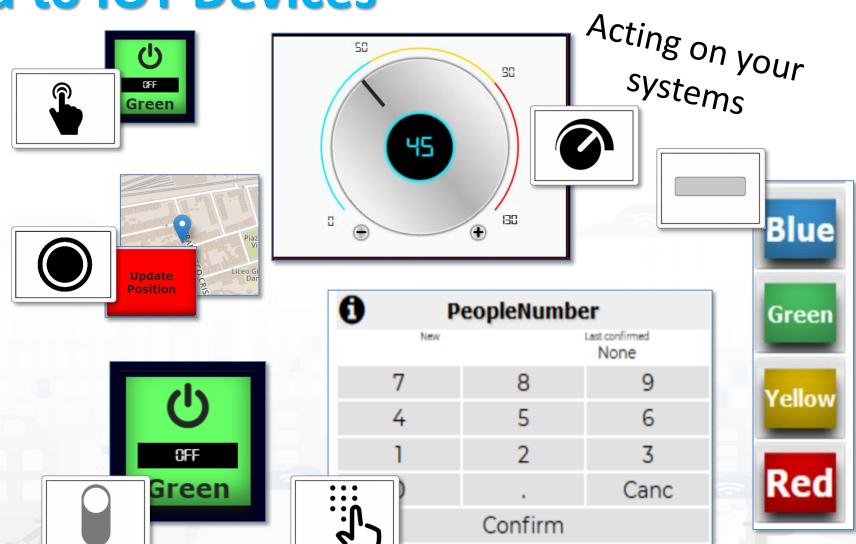






#### From Dashboard to IOT Devices

- Widgets:
  - Impulse Button
  - Button
  - Switch
  - Dimer/Knowb
  - KeyPad
  - geolocator
- Registered on some IOT brokers with NGSI mutual authentication









### From Dashboards to MyKPI

- It is possible to pass from Dashboard to IOT App, IOT Devices, and MyKPI
- The user actions can be exploited for:
  - Changing IOT Application parameters
  - As input event driven for IOT Applications
  - Chainging MyKPI values
  - Creating Events: see for example Dashboard for Operators







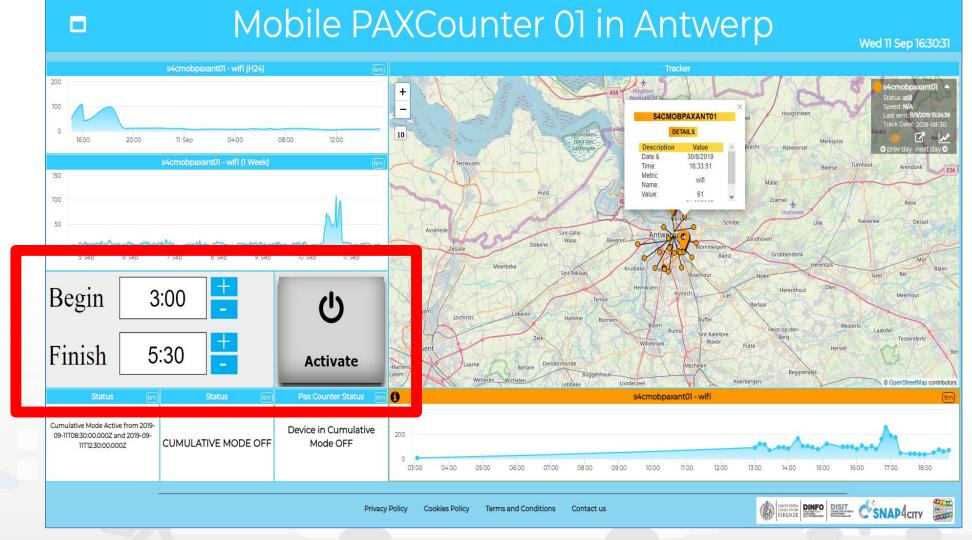




### **Controlling Personal Mobile PAX Counter**

In this example, the interaction with IOT **Devices** counting people by using Wi-Fi and Bluetooth sniffing in its vicinity (according to GDPR)

Changing parameters via **Custom Widget** created in SVG and acting on IOT App



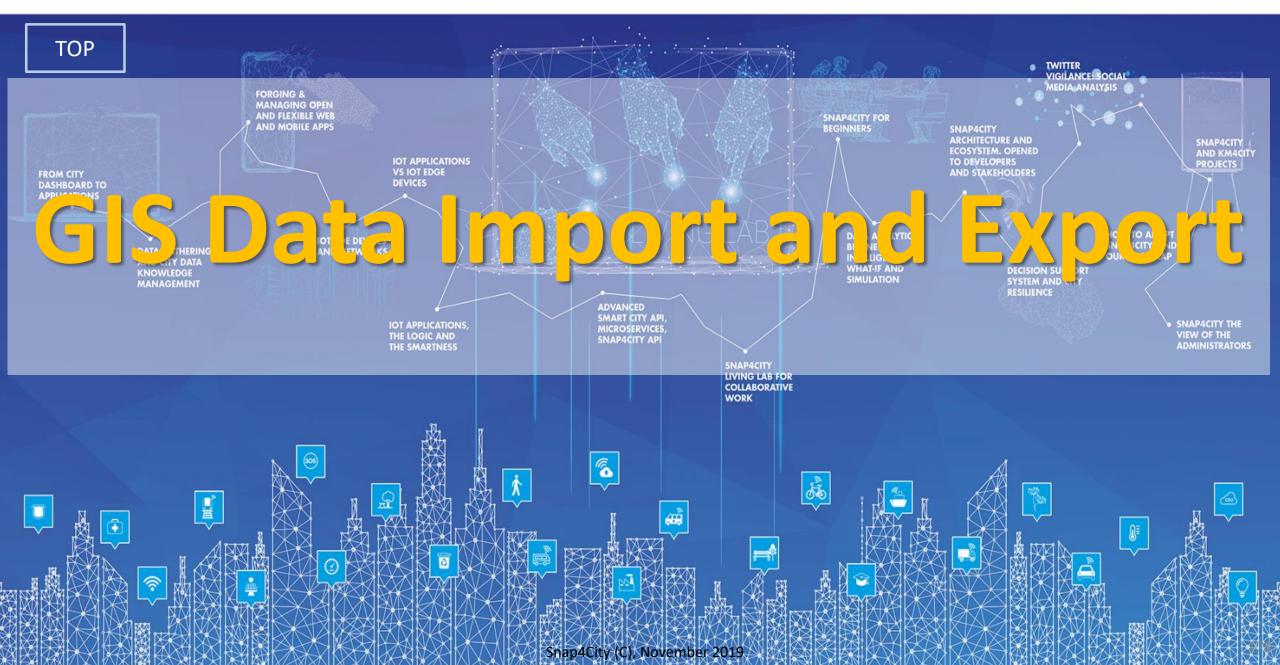




- If you need more, please see slides of Day 2
- https://www.snap4city.org/download/vide o/barc19/dash/

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**









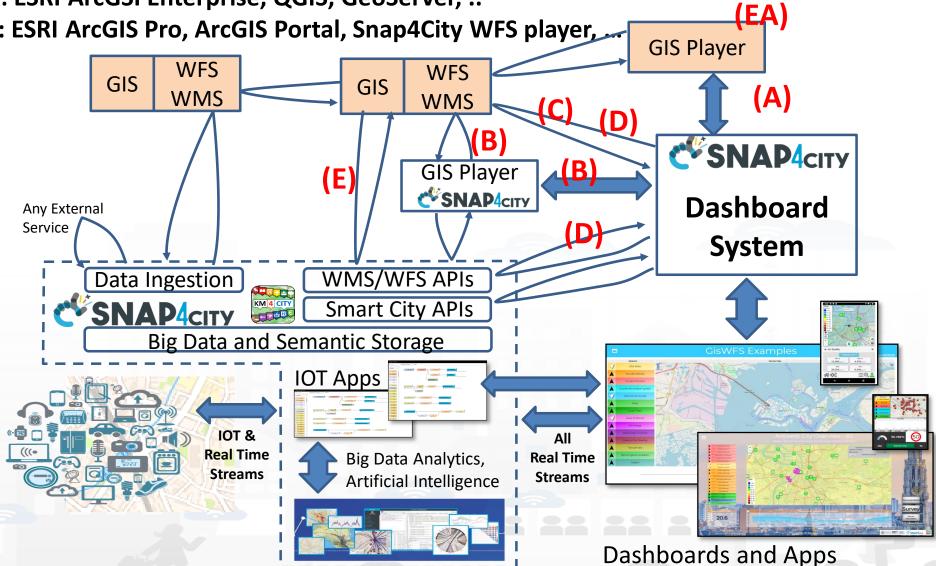
### **GIS vs Sna4City**







GIS Player can be: ESRI ArcGIS Pro, ArcGIS Portal, Snap4City WFS player,



#### • GIS:

 Geographic Information System

#### • WMS:

Web Map Service

#### WFS:

 Web Feature Services





### nteroperability ESRI CSNAP4city



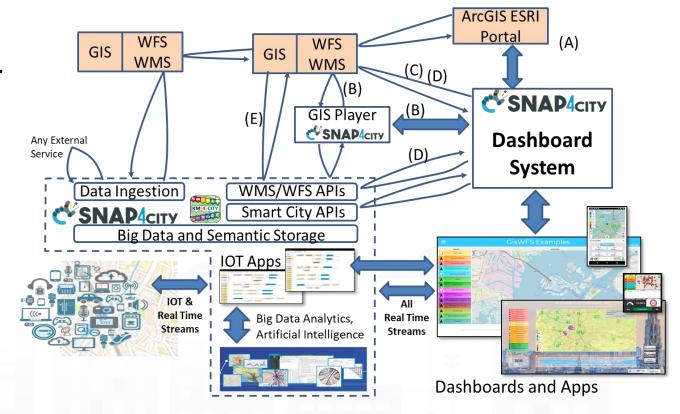


#### **Snap4City is interoperable with**

- ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise, Portal, Pro/MAP, ...
- other GIS tools supporting WFS, WMS, GeoJSON, GML

#### **Snap4City is interoperable since:**

- Provides info/data in WFS, WMS
- Exploits data/info from WFS, WMS
- Import data/info from WFS/WMS
- The Snap4City platform can be installed on premise using **Snap4City Appliance** https://www.snap4city.org/drupal/node/471
  - StartSNAP4CITYVM includes the Dashboard Builder that is capable to work with WFS WMS protocols for the integration with GIS platforms as ESRI ArcGIS, QGIS, directly or using Snap4City GIS player.
  - KBSSMVM includes the Smart City API and WFS API which can be used to data harvest from any GIS servers and GIS desktop tool











### (A) ArcGIS ESRI as External Service

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- ArcGIS Portal accesses to ArcGIS Enterprise server
  - https://arcgis.km4city.org/arcg isportal/apps/Embed/index.ht ml?webmap=5774fa9d0f7f4a2 fb2d7cd52dffcd8c9&extent=1 2.3144,45.4276,12.3461,45.44 19&home=true&zoom=true& previewImage=false&scale=true&search=true&searchextent=true&details=true&legendlay ers=true&active\_panel=details &basemap\_gallery=true&disa ble\_scroll=true&theme=light
- Snap4City Dashboard uses as External Service: ArcGIS ESRI Portal
- https://main.snap4city.org/vi ew/index.php?iddasboard=O Tkw





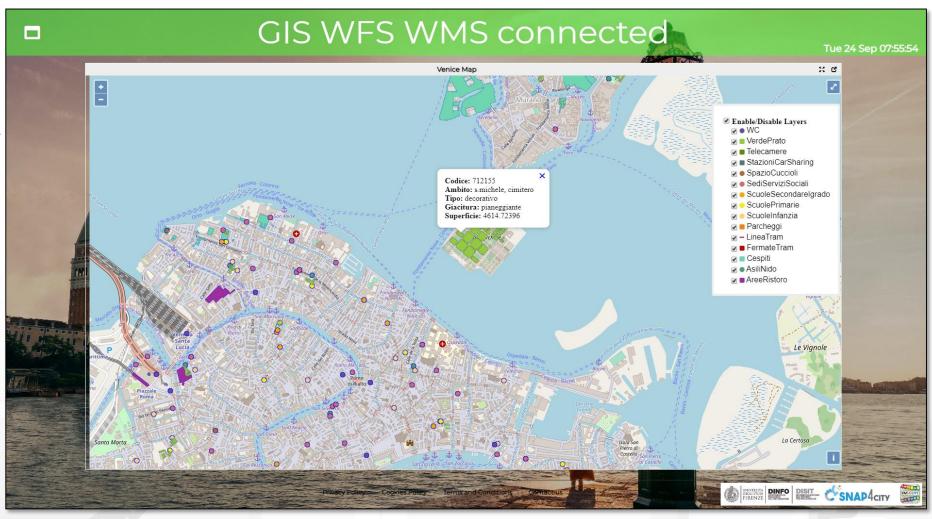






### (B) GIS data on Dashboard via Snap4City GIS Player

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- Snap4City has its WFS Player https://main.snap4city.org/widg ets/venezia/index.php
- Snap4City Dashboard uses as External Service: Snap4City GIS viewer via WFS/WMS: https://main.snap4city.org/view /index.php?iddasboard=MTIxNg





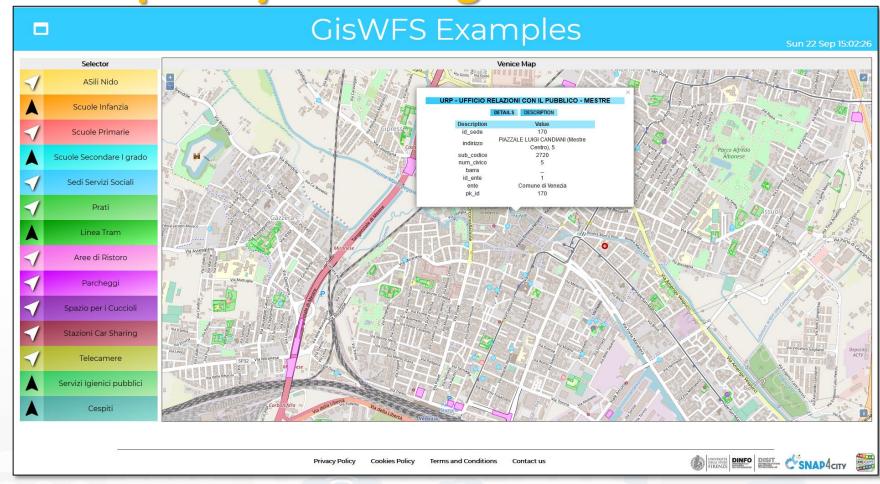






### (C) Dash with Snap4City GIS widget and Selector

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed
- Snap4City has its WFS / WMS widget / Player
- Snap4City Dashboard shows WFS/WMS data via Special GIS Widget Map:
  - https://www.snap4city.org/dash boardSmartCity/view/index.php
     ?iddasboard=MTQwMw==
- Snap4City can use Selector to select WFS / WMS sources to be shown from ESRI ArcGIS (as well as from any other WFS service) on Widget map







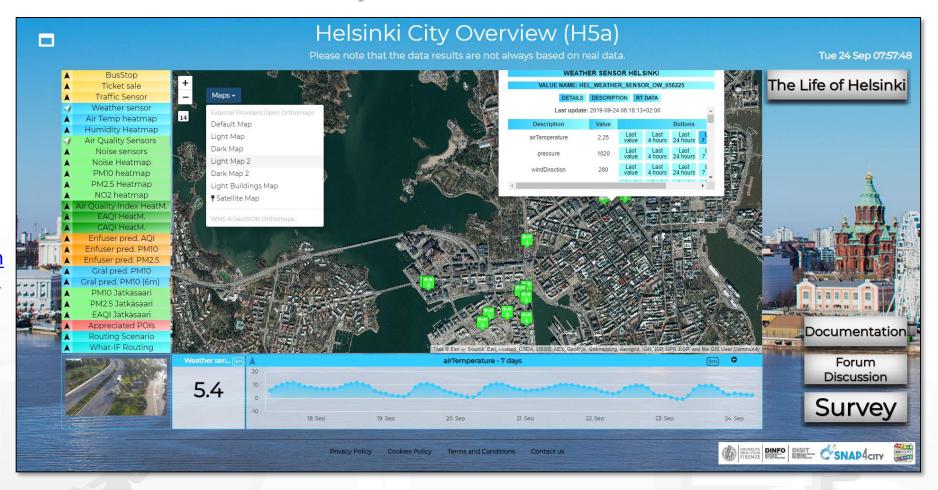




# (D) Dashboard with Orthomaps and shapes layers

- DISIT Lab has ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise 10.6 installed, and GeoServer
- Snap4City main MultidataMap Widget can load WMS background images and shapes, the Orthomaps
- Also Heatmaps calibrated are provided from GeoServer using WMS protocol
- Maps in this case are directly taken from ESRI Server, free of charge
- https://www.snap4city.org/dash boardSmartCity/view/index.php ?iddasboard=MTQwNg==#

### based on WMS, GeoJSON





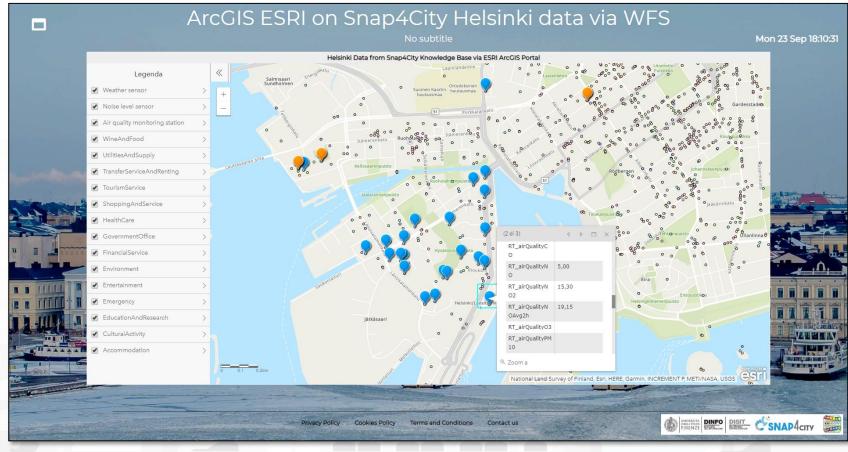




# (E) Snap4City via WFS on top of Smart City API provide data to ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise or

#### ArcGIS Pro, and thus the data become accessible on ArcGIS ESRI Portal

- Snap4City provides a WFS service on top of SmartCity API. Thus providing data to any GIS/WFS client, including ESRI ArcGIS Enterprise, ArcGIS Pro, QGIS, etc.
- In the example, our ingested Helsinki Data have been harvested from ESRI ArcGIS via WFS.
- Once ingested on ESRI ArcGIS can be visualized, by using ArcGIS Portal
  - https://arcgis.km4city.org/arcgisportal/apps/ Embed/index.html?webmap=fbcec7055a344 6e29fc1e9c55cb53d79&extent=24.8335,60.1 465,25.013,60.1965&zoom=true&previewIm age=false&scale=true&legendlayers=true&dis able scroll=false&theme=light
- Snap4City Dashboard can show ESRI ArcGIS Portal (A) as External Services in a dashboard.
  - https://www.snap4city.org/dashboardSmartC ity/view/index.php?iddasboard=MjlwNg==









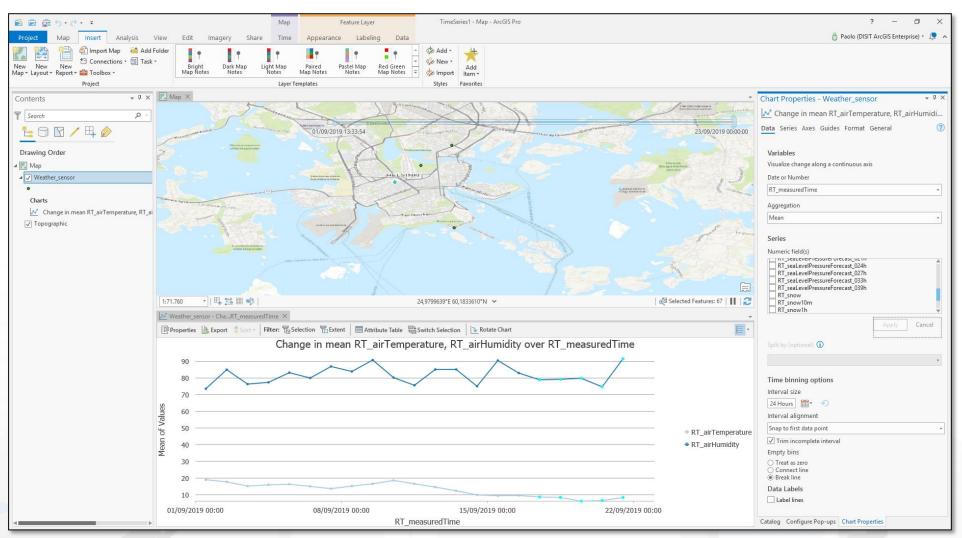




# ArcGIS ESRI Pro as GIS / WFS play

To test you need to have installed ArcGIS pro on your pc and connect with Snap4City WFS/WMF server or with ArcGIS server which has done the same connection with our server WFS/WMS On PC:

- Get data via WFS connected to ESRI **ArcGIS Enterprise or** other sources
- (ii) Download data via WFS ... from...







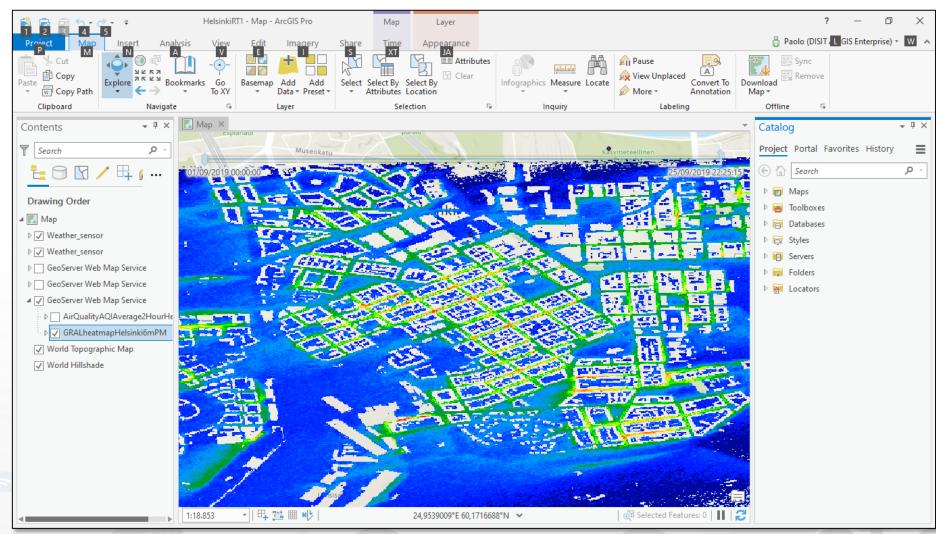




## (EA) ArcGIS ESRI Pro as GIS / WMS play

To test it you need to have installed ArcGIS pro on your pc and connect with our WFS/WMF server or with ArcGIS server which has done the same connection with our server WFS/WMS

Heatmap taken from Snap4City GeoServer via WMS protocol









## **Snap4City vs GIS, WFS/WMS**

- GIS data:
  - Ingested via WFS/WMS protocols, and then managed as the other data. Data ingestion from GIS server can be performed via ETL processes, or directly from Dashboards
  - Shown on Dashboards via third party GIS tools as External Services
  - Shown on Dashboards using Special GIS Widget Map which directly access to GIS data via WFS/WMS
  - Heatmaps and Maps are distributed via a GeoServer
- Snap4City can interact with ArcGIS Real Time Events via MQTT protocol as well
- Snap4City vs GIS solutions and connections

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**















### **Social Media Data**

- Data from Social Media can be ingested in different manners:
- Twitter Data can be:
  - Collected via Twitter Vigilance programming keywords.
  - Colelcted in real time via IOT Applications
  - Once collected the Metrics (number of Tweets, reTweets, NLP, Sentiment Analysis, etc. can be:
    - Shown, exploited in IOT Applications
    - Exploited for early warning
- FaceBook data:
  - Can be generated by using IOT App
- Telegram data:
  - Can be generated by using IOT App

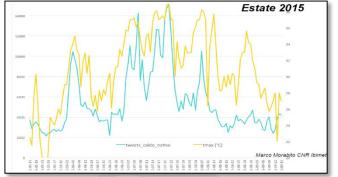


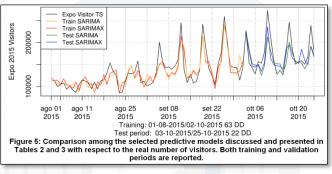


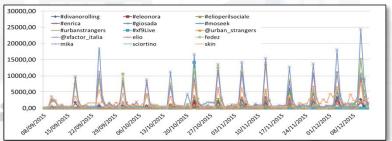


## Prediction/Assessment

- Football game results as related to the volume of Tweets
- Number of votes on political elections, via sentiment analysis, SA
- Size and inception of contagious diseases
- marketability of consumer goods
- public health seasonal flu
- box-office revenues for movies
- places to be visited, most visited
- number of people in locations like airports
- audience of TV programmes, political TV shows
- weather forecast information
- Appreciation of services



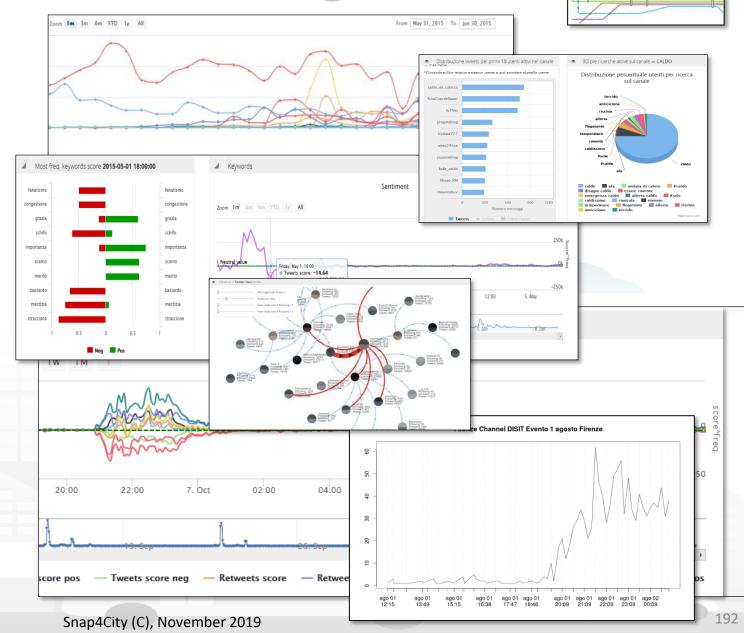






- http://www.disit.org/tv
- http://www.disit.org/rttv
- Citizens as sensors to
  - Assess sentiment on services, events, ...
  - Response of consumers wrt, ...
  - Early detection of critical conditions
  - Information channel
  - Opinion leaders
  - Communities
  - Formation
  - Predicting volume of visitors for tuning the services

# **Twitter Vigilance**

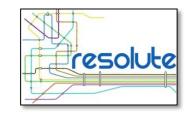


resolute

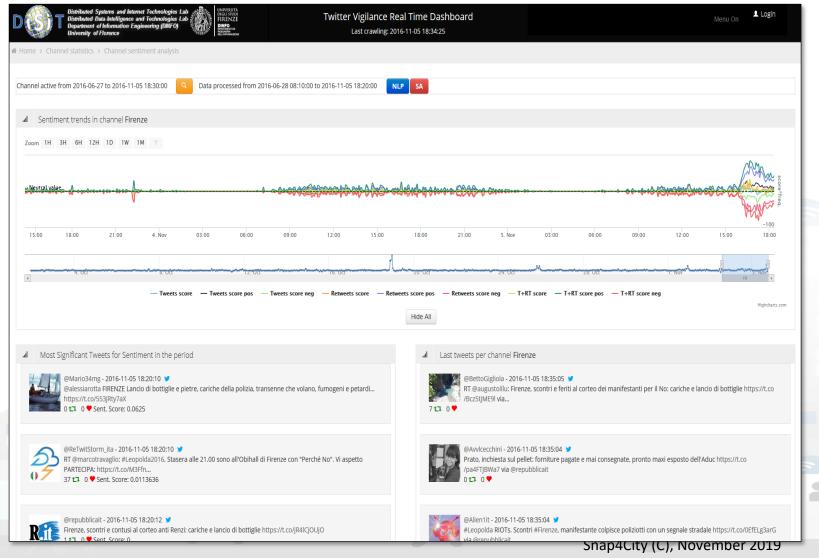




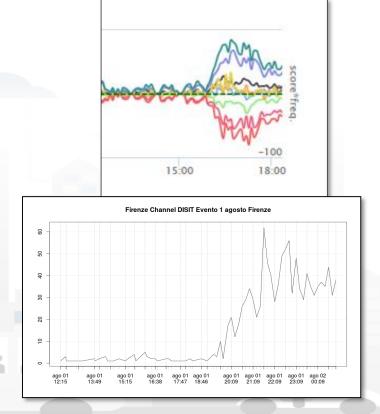




# **Twitter Vigilance RT: sentiment analysis**



### Real time Early Warning



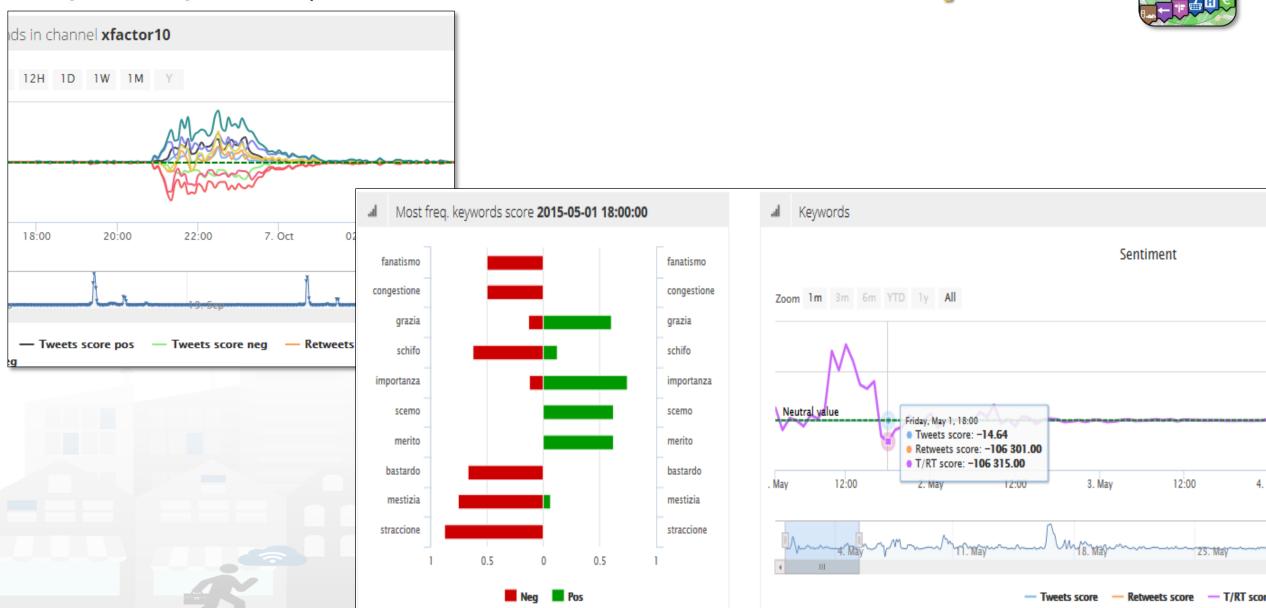






# **Sentiment Analysis**

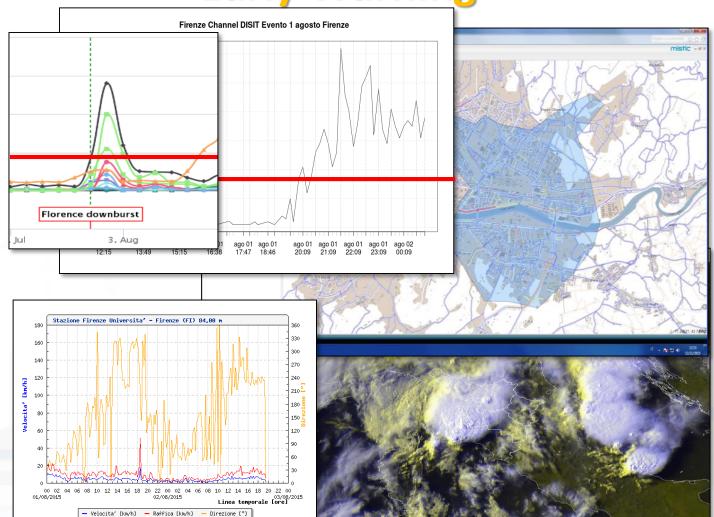




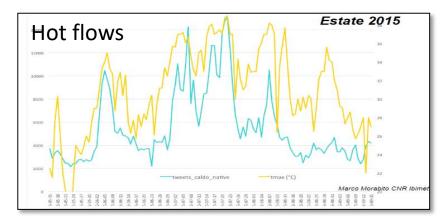


# Twitter Vigilance

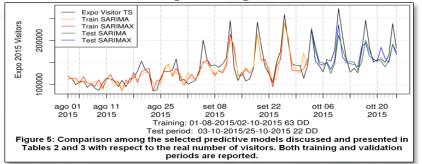
### **Early Warning**



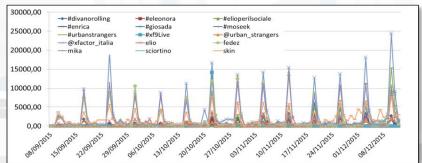
#### **Predictive models**



#### Attendance at long lasting events: EXPO2015



#### Attendance at recurrent events: TV, footbal





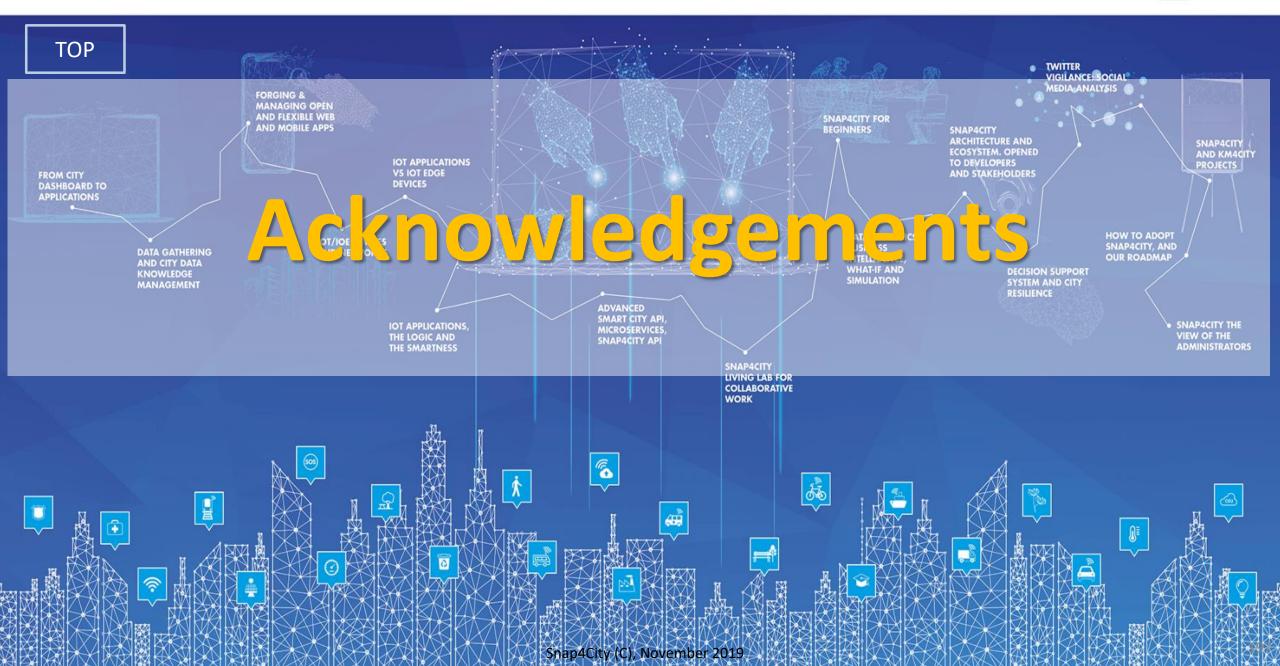
# Twitter Vigilance

## **Further reading on Social Media**

- TC2.22- Exploiting Twitter Vigilance as External Service, in Dashboard, and as RestCall as MicroService in IOT applications
- TC2.21- IOT Applications with Social Media Actions, and cultural scenarious
- External Services
- TC2.21- IOT Applications with Social Media Actions, and cultural scenarious

#### **SCALABLE SMART ANALYTIC APPLICATION BUILDER FOR SENTIENT CITIES**





# Acknowledgements

- Thanks to the European Commission for founding. All slides reporting logo of Snap4City https://www.snap4city.org of Select4Cities H2020 are representing tools and research founded by European Commission for the Select4Cities project. Select4Cities has received funding from the European Research Council (ERC) under the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation Programme (grant agreement n° 688196)
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- Thanks to the MIUR for co-founding and to the University of Florence and companies involved. All slides reporting logo of Sii-**Mobility** are representing tools and research founded by MIUR for the Sii-Mobility SCN MIUR project.
- **Km4City** is an open technology and research line of DISIT Lab exploited by a number of projects. Some of the innovative solutions and research issues developed into projects are also compliant and contributing to the Km4City approach and thus are released as open sources and are interoperable, scalable, modular, standard compliant, etc.











**INEA CEF-TELECOM Project** funded by European Union





**European Union Funding** 



























TOP









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